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PGandE GEYSERS RETROFIT PROJECT

MILESTONE REPORT NO. 1

RECO Job No. S-79007

June 4, 1979

Donated By:
Herbert Rogers Jr.
Rogers Engineering Co.

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Engineering • San Francisco

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PGandE GEYSERS RETROFIT PROJECT

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PGandE GEYSERS RETROFIT PROJECT UNITS 1 - 12

MILESTONE REPORT NO. 1

JUNE 4, 1979

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1.0

INTRODUCTION

Rogers Engineering was contracted to determine the technical feasibility and cost/benefit ratios for Pacific Gas and Electric Company to replace the iron-catalyst/peroxide/caustic systems with surface condensers and Stretford H₂S abatement systems for Units 1 through 12 at the Geysers.

This Milestone #1 Report is a 6 week progress report and will not have the cost benefit analyses which is planned for in the Final Report. This report will focus only on Units 1 and 3, which are thought of as typical to Units 2 and 4 in our contract.

The work performed analyzes the cooling water cycle for both units and determines the turbine operating back pressure as a function of cold water from the existing cooling towers to the new surface condensers. Any power penalty is noted and assessed to the respective turbine-generator with necessary definition for the reason in heat rate deterioration.

The direction of Rogers Engineering Co.'s efforts was the conceptual system analysis for Units 1 and 3. But cooling tower performance differences between Units 1 and 2 influenced the similarity of the cycle thermodynamics and power output at the generator for these two units. We therefore are reporting on Units One and Two. Units Three and Four are identical with some minor location and piping differences.



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2.0 SUMMARY

This Milestone Report No. 1 summary presents technical and cost values for the surface condenser retrofit of Units 1 through 4. The Stretford Process treatment of vent gases and the economic comparison with the present system is to be part of later reports.

2.1 Units 1 and 2

The differences in operating performance between Units 1 and 2 direct contact condenser will extend to the new surface condensers. Differences occurred primarily because of differences in cooling tower operating performance, such as 81°F cold water inlet temperature to Unit 1 condenser and 86°F to Unit 2 condenser for a wet bulb of 65°F at full load. This resulted in differences in the condenser heat balance for each of the two units which impacted on the turbine back pressure and developed a 5.3% power penalty on the gross power output at the generator.

The differences extended into the equipment and installation details because of site configuration.

It appears that there will be space for the additional equipment on the existing property. See Drawings SK-007, SK-008 and SK-009.

The project costs at the time of this Milestone One Report indicate: (See Section 3.4):

GM Estimate Cost Total for Retrofit of Unit #1 = \$1,600,000 -
Resulting in an additional Energy Charge of 2.89 mills per kWh.

Unit #2 costs for purposes of this report are approximately the same as Unit #1.

2.2 Units 3 and 4

These units are identical with respect to their process flow sheets.

The space location of the main condensers are slightly different. See Drawings SK-002 and SK-010. There is space to install the additional equipment.

The project costs at the time of this Milestone One Report indicate: (See Section 4.4):

GM Estimate Cost Total for Retrofit of Unit #3 = \$2,500,000 -
Resulting in an additional Energy Charge of 2.41 mills per kWh.



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X 3.0

UNIT 1 RETROFIT FOR ABATEMENT OF H₂S

Currently the H₂S in the plant geothermal steam supply dissolves in the direct contact heat exchange water system and about 60% of the H₂S enters the cooling tower. The Retrofit program will replace the direct contact heat exchangers with indirect surface type equipment. It is estimated that less than one-twentieth of H₂S will report to the cooling tower via the steam condensate return flow. The remainder will be routed as condenser off-gas through a compressor and pipe gathering network to a Stretford Process Unit which consolidates the off-gas from Units 1 - 6. The H₂S from retrofit Units 1 - 6 will be converted in the Stretford Process to elemental sulfur. This program will enable H₂S abatement of over 90%.

X 3.1

Equipment Sizing Criteria

3.1.1

Noncondensable Gas Values

Original base reference design point was 0.75% wt. noncondensable gas in the steam. Based on updated field data which was reported on in PCN #23 and agreed upon by PGandE, the design value was set at 0.5% wt. for Units 1 and 2. The gas composition is shown in detail in Appendix A. The average mol wt. is 30.3.

3.1.2

Field Test Data for Cooling Water Tower

The cooling water tower for Unit 1 was tested when clean on 5 April 1977. At a test condition of 45°F wet bulb, with a circulating water flow of 13,530 gpm and a range of 36.4°F, the approach to wet bulb was 32.6°F. The results of this test indicates that the tower is 4 - 5°F below design rating.

3.1.3

Base Reference Design Point

The Unit 1 Data Book Heat Balance Diagram for 100% Maximum Guaranteed Load is the Base Reference Design Point. The calculated gross power output will be based on essentially the same turbine throttle flow at the retrofit conditions. Net power output will be determined on the basis of the new station auxiliary power requirements. The Unit 1 Process Flow Diagram PD-001 for conversion of the present system shows the expected Unit performance after Retrofit.



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3.2 Specification of Equipment for Conversion from Direct Contact to Surface Type Exchanger - Unit 1

3.2.1 Main Condenser Cooling Water System Limitations

The cooling water tower for Unit 1 by field test is 4 - 5°F below rating. For a set approach in a cooling tower, more water can be circulated as the range is lowered (tower, hot water on temperature is reduced). Increase in turbine output can also be improved. Because a lower exhaust pressure can be specified to maintain a constant terminal temperature difference between the hot water and the incoming steam. However, as the range is lowered the water circulation system piping may need to be larger and/or the pumping power increased, which will reduce the unit net power output. At the base reference design point of 65°F wet bulb the approach must be relaxed from a design of 15.6°F to 20°F and the range dropped from about 40°F to 38°F. A lower range would be desirable to reduce exhaust pressure because the increases in circulating water power requirements and pipe size are near the economic balance point for the Retrofit of Unit 1. This will allow a reduction in turbine exhaust pressure to 5.0 inches Hg Abs.

3.2.1.1 Condensing and Gas Cooling Limitations

The existing direct contact exchange system can achieve temperature approaches of 4°F on the mixed steam-water condensate outlet and about 6°F on the noncondensable gas outlet. For surface type heat exchange the terminal temperature difference might be specified down to 5°F since the increased power produced can recover the increase in exchanger cost in less than a year as shown in Table 3.1. Off-setting this simple economic evaluation is the increase in exchanger size. Therefore for Unit 1 a terminal temperature difference of 7.8°F was used.

It would be desirable on the gas cooling end to achieve low outlet temperatures so as to minimize the motive steam requirements for the 1st stage steam jet ejector. The economic trade-offs are shown in Table 3.2. The main condenser outlet temperature approach has been relaxed to 33°F for Unit 1. The relaxation of this approach was mostly a consideration of consistency with what surface condenser manufacturers will guarantee using their standard design procedures. The interaction between the cooling water tower approach and range are the major factors in determining turbine exhaust pressure at the base design reference point. This methodology maximizes the power expected after Retrofit.



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3.2.2 Intercondenser

The gas steam mixture is condensed and cooled at a pressure near 5 psia. At this pressure the condensation and cooling design temperatures are not as sensitive to main condenser approach conditions basically because of high steam gas inlet saturation temperatures. With the specified cooling water range and approach the temperature differences specified are 37°F and 25°F respectively at steam gas inlet and outlet.

3.2.3 Aftercondenser

The steam gas mixture is condensed and cooled at 14.1 psia. Similar design conditions as applied to the inter condenser prevail. The temperature differences specified are 77°F and 25°F respectively at the steam gas inlet and outlet. Since it is desirable to hold the after condenser outlet gas steam mixture at a low temperature so as to minimize the steam carry into the Stretford Process no attempt was made to use series flow cooling water, (first into the inter-cooler and then into the aftercooler).

3.2.4 Steam Jet Ejectors

These units are specified to handle the noncondensable gas and steam vapor carry-over from the main and inter condenser at the pressure and temperature specified for subject equipment.

3.2.5 Cooling Water Pumps

The existing cooling water system is of the "open type" utilizing a cold well and a hot well. Because the condenser supply pump was purchased with just enough differential head to supply the main barometric condenser when it is at design vacuum and 110% of full load, this pump cannot be reused in a "closed" design.

The cooling tower return pump was purchased with just enough differential head to feed the cooling water tower and this pump cannot be used in a "closed" design. It is very desirable to use a "closed" design because all the condenser outlet pressure static head would be lost in an "open" design. For Unit 1 once the cooling water heat balance is specified the system curve can be estimated for the retrofitted "closed" system. The two half-sized pumps required can be arranged in the existing wells by equalizing the hot and cold well compartments as shown on Drawing No. B-02-001. At this time with the direct contact system two sources of warm water enter the hot well. It is proposed to consider this as a "hot bypass". In



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the conversion process flow diagram this requirement is met by showing the calculated colder tower off temperature that is required to absorb this heat.

3.2.6 Condensate Pumps

The new main condenser hotwell will collect the condensate from the turbine exhaust and the inter- and aftercondensers. Since the total condensate flow is not large (600 gpm) it is practical to consider a pump that can operate under reduced pressure (full vacuum suction) with a minimum NPSH requirement. Several manufacturers supply pumps which can operate at an NPSH of 6-10 feet without resorting to the "canned" type configuration required for large flows. The total differential head noted in the Data Sheet is based on pumping from the expected condenser operating vacuum into the cooling water tower return header at system design head.

3.2.7 Process Flow Diagram

The Cooling Cycle Conversion Process Flow Diagram PD-001 shows the material balance at the suggested Retrofit conditions. Table 3.3 shows a comparison summary of the original Reference Design Base Point and the Conversion Retrofit.

3.2.8 Equipment Data Sheets

The Equipment Data Sheets associated with the conversion equipment for Unit 1 are included at the end of this section. The Flow/Thermodynamic Information Sheet is prepared for Unit 1. Exchanger Specification Sheets have been prepared for Unit 1 Main Condenser, Intercondenser, Aftercondenser, as well as the Data Sheets for the Condensate and Main Circulating Water Pumps and Drivers.

3.2.9 Equipment Quotation Requests

Suppliers of the equipment herein were contacted by telephone followed up by transmittal of pertinent equipment data sheets. In the majority of cases, vendors were contacted who have had some experience in the special problems associated with geothermal plants as follows:

3.2.9.1 Surface Condensers and Ejectors

The following vendors have either quoted to PGandE on surface condensers or have been awarded the contract for supply:



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Ecolaire Condenser, Inc., are furnishing surface condensers and ejectors for Units 14 and 15.

DeLaval Turbine, Inc., are furnishing surface condensers and ejectors for Units 16 and 17.

Southwestern Engineering Co., were requested to quote on Units 16 and 17 and declined to bid; however, this supplier did provide a satisfactory quotation for surface condensers for the Union Oil 10 MW Geothermal Plant.

In addition, we included Graham Manufacturing Co., Inc., in our list of potential sources of supply because they have bid to Rogers and were awarded the contract for supplying surface condensers and ejectors for Union Oil's 10 MW plant in Brawley, California.

You will note that, because of space limitations in the Retrofit, we specified 30 ft. limit on lengths of tubing in main condenser, 20 ft. in the inter- and aftercondensers.

On a first pass basis rather than specifying cleanliness factor according to Heat Exchange Institute practice, we specified TEMA fouling factors which are not overly conservative, 0.0001 on shell side and 0.001 on tube side. As a result of PGandE's direction on May 22, cleanliness factors of 70% will be used in the final system concept.

3.2.9.2 Condensate and Cooling Water Circulation Pumps

Similar to the condensers, pump vendors were contacted by phone and supplemental pump data sheets were sent to them. Vendors contacted were:

Byron Jackson
Worthington Pump Corporation
Peerless Pump
Ingersoll Rand

At least two vendors--Byron Jackson and Peerless Pumps--have supplied pumps to the Geysers.

The conditions specified on the pump data sheets as to flow and temperature data were derived from conditions as specified in condenser data sheets. For Pump Summaries See Table 5.



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3.2.9.3 Equipment Costs

Unfortunately, the response from the condenser manufacturers was less than desirable. For example, Southwestern Engineering stated that their work load was so heavy they would have to decline to bid. Graham indicated that they too were extremely overloaded in estimating and engineering and could not give us estimated prices until May 29, which have now been received. The responses from Ecolaire and DeLaval are incomplete in some requested details and are accurate with $\pm 15 - 20\%$ for pricing. All pricing obtained includes tubes in factory inter- and aftercondensers and ejectors with no data on surface areas of inter- and aftercondensers nor steam rates for ejectors. Neither Ecolaire nor DeLaval included tubes in main condenser, nor costs for installation of same. Graham's pricing includes tubes installed in main condenser.

Ecolaire did obtain some pricing from the factory, the DeLaval information was derived from the local office. DeLaval Engineering would not get involved because of work load.

3.2.9.4 Vendors' Comments

Ecolaire

Ecolaire objected to furnishing main condenser to ASME code as specified. Code only requires ASME stamping if operating pressure is over 15 lbs. If this requirement is insisted upon, and incidentally not usually required by power plant users, the costs are increased for the main condenser accordingly.

Ecolaire further objected to our fouling factors specified which translates from TEMA TO HE1 of approximately 60% cleanliness factor. From their previous offerings to PGandE 70% was all that was required. For space requirements Units 1 and 2 Rogers fouling factor would require overall length of 54 feet. If fouling factor is relaxed to 70% overall length would decrease to 46 feet.

Ecolaire also commented on our requirement to cool the noncondensable gas to 95°F. Their standard design would cool the gas to 115°F. We agreed that the allowable drop of 0.3# psi on the shell side would probably be required to get down to the 95°F specified. Ecolaire stated that their shell side drop is 0.1 to 0.15 psi, which allows a lower turbine back pressure than in our design, but a greater motive steam requirement for the 1st stage ejector because of the higher gas exit temperature and its resultant equilibrium carry-over of more steam in the gas seen by the ejector.



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They quoted a price of approximately \$400,000 for a condenser to meet our design, \$330,000 if we permit them to furnish their design (70% cleanliness factor, 115°F outlet gas temperature). In both cases to this price must be added cost of tubes and their field installation costs.

Because our cooling water load is fixed, for ~ \$400,000 they would furnish their design outlet temperature (115°F and our cleanliness factor) with the benefit of a lower turbine back pressure. No data was received on ejector performance at this time.

DeLaval Turbine Inc.

To our specifications DeLaval quoted a price of \$370,000 less tubes for the main condenser. They estimate bare cost of tubes is approximately \$50,000, which seems low based on some prices obtained locally. Installation cost of tubes will be covered elsewhere in the installation costs.

For summary of vendors' quotations and specifications see Table 6.

Because most vendors have pump designs to fit most any case, and selection of materials is readily available for pricing, obtaining quotations on pumps was considerably less difficult than on condensers.

The condensate pump data sheet specifies an all stainless vertical in line full capacity pump in lieu of a vertical can pump as being more economical from previous experience on other projects.

The cooling water circulation pump was specified to be a 60% capacity pump with two alternatives: a) All stainless steel construction; b) Cast iron case with carbon steel internals.

Equipment summary sheets are as shown in the following Tables.

3.2.9.5 Evaluated Equipment Cost - Unit 1 and 2

The condenser and gas ejection system was bid to specification by Graham, the low bidder. To this offer in the cost estimate 15% has been added for contingency.

Changes in the specification would have the following estimated cost changes at the factory:



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From TEMA (Tube .001; Shell .0001) to HEI 70% CF---Reduce by 15%
N. C. gas cooling from 95°F to 110°F---Reduce by 15%

NOTE: The steam jet ejection flows have not been given by the Suppliers.

The main C. W. pumps as bid to specification varied from a low of \$52,775 (Byron Jackson) to a high of \$126,000 (Worthington). A figure of \$85,000 was used in the cost estimate to cover the increase in pumping from 7,063 to 7,565 gpm and a contingency. These pumps are rated at 60% system capacity.

The condensate pumps as bid to specification varied from \$8,200 (Worthington) to \$12,610 (Byron Jackson). The cost estimate is based on a figure of \$12,000.



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TABLE 3.1

ECONOMIC ANALYSIS

MAIN CONDENSER - UNIT 1

STEAM END APPROACH (TTD)

<u>Study Case Item</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>
TTD °F	7.8	5
Difference in Heat Exch. Cost (1)		\$376,800
Calc. Power Output Difference	0	190 kWh
Steam Input Difference	0	0
<u>ECONOMIC EVALUATION</u>		
Difference in Capital (2)	0	\$ 54,700
Difference in Energy (3)	0	\$ 86,500

- (1) Capital Installed
- (2) Annualized Capital Installed per Year Value
- (3) System Level Annualized Power per Year Value



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TABLE 3.2

ECONOMIC ANALYSIS

MAIN CONDENSER - UNIT 1

NONCONDENSABLE GAS END APPROACH

<u>Study Case Item</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>D</u>
Noncondensable Gas Outlet °F	95	105	115	119
Difference in Heat Exch. Cost (1)	\$ 17,700	9,300	2,700	0
Power Penalty (2)	\$115,300	83,400	19,100	0
Steam to Jet Difference (3)	0	\$ 14,400	47,200	67,500
TOTAL DIFFERENCES (4)	\$133,000	107,100	69,000	67,500

- (1) Annualize Capital Installed
- (2) System Level Annualized Power Value
- (3) Steam Fuel Level Annualized Value
- (4) Annualized Basis



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TABLE 3.3
COMPARATIVE SUMMARY

UNIT 1

	<u>Base Reference Design Point</u>	<u>Conversion Retrofit</u>
Throttle Flow lb./hr.	240,550	240,550
Noncondensable Gas % Wt.	0.75	0.5
General Electric Output kW	12,500	*11,845
Auxiliary Power (Electric) kW		
Cooling Tower Fans	96.2	96.2
Exciter	69.0	69.0
Miscellaneous	7.8	7.8
Circ. Water & Cond. Pumps	229.0	328.0
Noncondensable Gas Blower		(Later)
Net Unit Output kW	12,098	11,344 (1)
Heat Input Btu/Hr. (Ref. to 60°F)	293 x 10 ⁶	297.3 x 10 ⁶
Net Heat Rate Btu/kWh	24,215	26,200
Turbine Exh. Inch Hg Abs	4	5
Wet Bulb	65.0	65.0
C. W. T. Range/Approach °F	40/15	38/19.9

(1) Without Noncondensable Gas Blower Debit

*Derated by note on Process Flow Diagram, PD-001



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TABLE 5

PUMP SUMMARY

UNITS 1 AND 2

<u>Specifications</u>	<u>Vendors'</u> <u>I. R.</u> <u>Models</u>	<u>Peerless</u>	<u>Byron</u> <u>Jackson</u>	<u>Worthington</u>
	Alt. 6x15W** 6x4x10 VOC			
<u>Condensate Pump</u>				
Materials: All 316SS	Yes	Yes	N. Q.	Yes
Vertical In Line	Yes	Yes	N. Q.	Horizontal
NPSH Min. Required: 6 ft.	7'6"	8'	N. Q.	No
Flow Inducer: Required			N. Q.	No
Efficiency %:			N. Q.	79
Motor HP	20-TEFC	20-TEFC	N. Q.	
Price \$:	\$19,700.	\$4,250.	N. Q.	12,610
	Engineered 1200 rpm	Standard 1800 rpm		8,200
<u>C. W. Circulation Pump</u>				
Material: All S. S.	N. Q.	Yes	Yes	Yes
Alt. C. I. w/C. S. Trim	N. Q.	*	Yes	Yes
Type Vertical	N. Q.	Yes	Yes	Yes
Pit Pump	N. Q.			
Efficiency	N. Q.	Not Stated	Not Stated	Not Stated
Motor HP	N. Q.	250	250	
Price \$: 316 SS	N. Q.	73,700	52,775	126,000
Alt. C. I. w/C. S. Trim	N. Q.	*34,200	20,155	55,000

*C. I. Bronze Construction

**Not Good Selection From Pump Curve

TABLE 6

Units 1 and 2 Equipment Summary Sheets

SURFACE CONDENSER SUMMARY
UNITS 1 AND 2

Specification Main Condenser	Ecolaire (Note 2-	VENDOR		
		DeLaval (Note 2)	Graham	Southwestern
Fouling Factor Tube 0.001 Shell 0.0001	~ 60% C. F.* - 70% C. F. (alt.)	To Specs	To Specs	No Quote
Shell Side Δp allow. 0.3 psi	Yes	Yes	Yes	No Quote
Shell Side (alt. 2) Δ psi:	0.1 to 0.15	Not Stated	Not Stated	No Quote
Cooling H ₂ O Flow gpm: 11,040	11,040	11,040	11,040	No Quote
Tube Length Max. Ft.: 30 ft.	48' approx.	Not Stated	34'	No Quote
Number of Passes: As Required	2	Not Stated	4	No Quote
Tube Length (alt. 2)	40' (70% C. F.)	Not Stated	Not Stated	No Quote
Surface Area: As Required To Spec Sq. Ft.	26,000	23,000	28,000	No Quote
Alt. 1 Spec Fouling 115°F Gas Outlet	26,000	-	-	No Quote
Alt. 2 70° C. F. 115°F Gas Outlet	21,550	-	-	No Quote
Cost of Tubes @ \$1.19 per ft. (Local Quotation) For 304L Welded, 3/4" 22 ga., 40' Long Spec, Alt. 1	154,700 (Approx.)	\$50,000 (Note 1)	Included	No Quote
Alt. 2	128,000			
Temperature Outlet Gas °F 95	To Specs 115° (alt.)	To Specs -	To Specs	No Quote
Condensate Outlet °F 131	To Specs (Alt. 1 & 2) Not Stated	To Specs -	To Specs	No Quote
Dimensions: As Required (Overall)	8' Dia. x 54' L Spec 8' Dia. x 46' L (70% C. F.) Alt. 2	Not Stated Not Stated	9'-2" W x 40' L x 14'-6"H	No Quote
Inter- and Aftercondenser: & Ejectors	Required	Included	Included	No Quote
Purchase Price \$: Spec	\$554,700	\$420,000	\$380,000	No Quote
Alt. 1	\$554,700		-	No Quote
Alt. 2	\$458,222			
Delivery	42 Weeks	Not Stated	32-36 Weeks	No Quote

*C. F. Cleanliness Factor as defined by
H. E. I.

Note 1 - Estimated by Vendor

Note 2 - Neither Ecolaire nor DeLaval include cost of tube installation in field
in their quotation

EXCHANGER SPECIFICATION SHEET

3.2.8.1

PROJECT GEYSERS RETROFIT	EXCHANGER NFR.						
PLANT UNIT 1	REQ. NO.						
EXCHANGER NO.	ITEM NO.						
SERVICE OF UNIT MAIN STEAM CONDENSER							
SIZE	TYPE	CONNECTED IN	SERIES	PARALLEL			
SURFACE PER UNIT	EFF. GR.	SHELLS PER UNIT	SURFACE PER SHELL	EFF. GR.			
PERFORMANCE OF ONE UNIT							
		SHELL SIDE	TUBE SIDE				
FLUID CIRCULATED	STEAM + NONCONDENSABLES		COOLING WATER				
TOTAL FLUID ENTERING LBS/HR	241,270		5,789,000				
VAPOR							
LIQUID			(11,578 gpm)				
STEAM							
NON-CONDENSIBLES	AIR 70 + N.C. GAS 1200 (MOL WT 30.3)						
FLUID VAPORIZED OR CONDENSED							
STEAM CONDENSED	237,610						
GRAVITY-LIQUID			1.0				
VISCOSITY-LIQUID							
MOLECULAR WEIGHT-VAPORS							
SPECIFIC HEAT-LIQUIDS	1.0 B.T.U./#		1.0 B.T.U./#				
LATENT HEAT-VAPORS	924.7 B.T.U./#		B.T.U./#				
TEMPERATURE IN	°F		85 °F				
TEMPERATURE OUT	NOTE 1 & 2 °F		123 °F				
OPERATING PRESSURE	@ INLET 2.29 PSIA						
NUMBER OF PASSES <i>per Shell</i>	ONE						
VELOCITY			7 FT/SEC				
PRESSURE DROP ALLOW/CALC.	0.25/		15/ #/SQ.IN				
FOULING RESISTANCE	HEI CLEANLINESS 70%						
HEAT EXCHANGED - B.T.U./HR.	220 X 10⁶		M.T.D. (CORRECTED)				
TRANSFER RATE - SERVICE	CLEAN		ACTUAL FOULING FACTOR				
CONSTRUCTION							
DESIGN PRESSURE	FULL VAC @ 14.6 #/SQ.IN.		75 #/SQ.IN.				
TEST PRESSURE			113 #/SQ.IN.				
DESIGN TEMPERATURE	150 °F		150 °F				
TUBES 304LSS	NO.	O.D.	BWG.	AVG. WIR.	LENGTH	PITCH	Δ ◁ □ ◇
SHELL 304LSS	I.D. O.D.		THICKNESS		FLOATING HEAD COVER		
SHELL COVER	CHANNEL COVER C.S. (COAL TBR EPOXY LINED)						
CHANNEL	CHANNEL COVER C.S. (COAL TBR EPOXY LINED)						
TUBE SHEETS - STATIONARY 304LSS	FLOATING						
BAFFLES - CROSS	TYPE		THICKNESS				
BAFFLE - LONG 304LSS	TYPE		THICKNESS				
TUBE SUPPORTS 304LSS			THICKNESS				
GASKETS							
CONNECTIONS - SHELL - IN	OUT		RATING				
-CHANNEL-IN	OUT		RATING				
CORROSION ALLOWANCE - SHELL SIDE NONE			TUBE SIDE NONE				
CODE REQUIREMENTS ASME TUBE SIDE ONLY, HEI TEMA CLASS "C"			SPEC.				
WEIGHTS - EACH SHELL	BUNDLE		FULL OF WATER				
NOTE INDICATE AFTER EACH PART WHETHER STRESS RELIEVED (S.R.) AND WHETHER RADIOGRAPHED (X-R)							
REMARKS: -							
NOTE 1, N.C. GAS + STEAM VAPOR SHALL BE COOLED TO 118°F							
2, CONDENSATE SHALL BE COOLED TO 128°F							
3, CONDENSATE HOT WELL SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM HOLD UP OF 133 CU. FT.							
REV.	DATE				JOB NO.	DRWG. NO.	REV.
	6/1/74	ISSUED FOR REPORT NO. 1		OF 109	5-79007-10	DS-12-010	0

EXCHANGER SPECIFICATION SHEET

3.2.8.2

1	PROJECT GEYSERS RETROFIT	EXCHANGER MFR.				
2	PLANT UNIT 1	REQ. NO.				
3	EXCHANGER NO.	ITEM NO.				
4	SERVICE OF UNIT INTER CONDENSER					
5	SIZE	TYPE	CONNECTED IN	SERIES	PARALLEL	
6	SURFACE PER UNIT	EFF. GR.	SHELLS PER UNIT	SURFACE PER SHELL	EFF. GR.	
PERFORMANCE OF ONE UNIT						
		SHELL SIDE		TUBE SIDE		
7	FLUID CIRCULATED					
8	TOTAL FLUID ENTERING LBS/HR	13,710		305,000		
9	VAPOR					
10	LIQUID			(610 gpm)		
11	STEAM					
12	NON-CONDENSIBLES	AIR 70 + N.C. GAS 1250 (MOLE WT 30.3)				
13	FLUID VAPORIZED OR CONDENSED					
14	STEAM CONDENSED	12,150				
15	GRAVITY-LIQUID			1.0		
16	VISCOSITY-LIQUID					
17	MOLECULAR WEIGHT-VAPORS					
18	SPECIFIC HEAT-LIQUIDS			1.0 B.T.U./#	1.0 B.T.U./#	
19	LATENT HEAT-VAPORS	~1033	B.T.U./#	B.T.U./#	B.T.U./#	
20	TEMPERATURE IN	~162	°F	85	°F	
21	TEMPERATURE OUT	NOTE 1 & 2		126.1	°F	
22	OPERATING PRESSURE	@ INLET 5.5 PSIA				
23	NUMBER OF PASSES	per Shell ONE				
24	VELOCITY			7	FT./SEC	
25	PRESSURE DROP ALLOW/CALC.	0.1/	FT./SEC.	15/	#/SQ IN.	
26	FOULING RESISTANCE MIN.	0.0001	#/SQ IN.	0.001		
27						
28	HEAT EXCHANGED - BTU./HR.	12.6 x 10 ⁶ BTU/HR		M.T.D. (CORRECTED)		
29	TRANSFER RATE - SERVICE	CLEAN		ACTUAL FOULING FACTOR		
CONSTRUCTION						
30	DESIGN PRESSURE	FULL VAC + 60		75	#/SQ IN.	
31	TEST PRESSURE	90		113	#/SQ IN.	
32	DESIGN TEMPERATURE	210		150	°F	
33	TUBES 304LSS	NO.	O.D. 3/4" DWG. 22	AVG. MIN. LENGTH	PITCH	
34	SHELL 304LSS	I.D. O.D.		THICKNESS		
35	SHELL COVER	FLOATING HEAD COVER				
36	CHANNEL	CHANNEL COVER C.S. (COALTAR EPOXY LINED)				
37	TUBE SHEETS - STATIONARY 304LSS	FLOATING				
38	BAFFLES - CROSS	TYPE		THICKNESS		
39	BAFFLE - LONG 304LSS	TYPE		THICKNESS		
40	TUBE SUPPORTS 304LSS	THICKNESS				
41	GASKETS					
42	CONNECTIONS - SHELL - IN	OUT		RATING		
43	-CHANNEL-IN	OUT		RATING		
44	CORROSION ALLOWANCE - SHELL SIDE	NONE		TUBE SIDE NONE		
45	CODE REQUIREMENTS ASME	TEMA CLASS "C"		SPEC.		
46	WEIGHTS - EACH SHELL	BUNDLE		FULL OF WATER		
47	NOTE INDICATE AFTER EACH PART WHETHER STRESS RELIEVED (S.R.) AND WHETHER RADIOGRAPHED (X-R)					
48	REMARKS -					
49	NOTE 1. N.C. GAS + STEAM VAPOR SHALL BE COOLED TO 110°F					
50	2. CONDENSATE SHALL BE COOLED TO 120°F					
51	3. CONDENSATE HOT WELL SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM HOLD UP OF 27 CU. FT.					
	REV.	DATE		JOB NO.	DRWG. NO.	REV.
		4/1/79	ISSUED FOR REPORT NO. 1	5-79207	DS-12-022	0

EXCHANGER SPECIFICATION SHEET

3.2.8.3

PROJECT GEYSERS RETROFIT	EXCHANGER MFR.			
PLANT UNIT 1	REQ. NO.			
EXCHANGER NO.	ITEM NO.			
SERVICE OF UNIT AFTER CONDENSER				
SIZE	TYPE	CONNECTED IN	SERIES	PARALLEL
SURFACE PER UNIT	EFF. GR.	SHELLS PER UNIT	SURFACE PER SHELL	EFF. GR.
PERFORMANCE OF ONE UNIT				
	SHELL SIDE		TUBE SIDE	
FLUID CIRCULATED	STEAM + NONCONDENSABLES		114,000	
TOTAL FLUID ENTERING LBS/HR	5,580			
VAPOR				
LIQUID			(228 gpm)	
STEAM				
NON-CONDENSIBLES	AIR 70 + N.C. GAS 1270 (MOL WT 30.3)			
FLUID VAPORIZED OR CONDENSED				
STEAM CONDENSED	4,160			
GRAVITY-LIQUID			1.0	
VISCOSITY-LIQUID				
MOLECULAR WEIGHT-VAPORS				
SPECIFIC HEAT-LIQUIDS			1.0 B.T.U./#	
LATENT HEAT-VAPORS	~1042		B.T.U./#	
TEMPERATURE IN	~202		85	
TEMPERATURE OUT	NOTE 1 & 2		123	
OPERATING PRESSURE	@ INLET 14.1 PSIA			
NUMBER OF PASSES				
VELOCITY			7 FT./SEC.	
PRESSURE DROP ALLOW/CALC.	0.1/		15/	
FOULING RESISTANCE MIN.	0.0001		0.001	
HEAT EXCHANGED - B.T.U./HR.	4.3 x 10⁶		M.T.D. (CORRECTED)	
TRANSFER RATE - SERVICE	CLEAN		ACTUAL FOULING FACTOR	
CONSTRUCTION				
DESIGN PRESSURE	FULL VAC + 60		#/SQ. IN. 75	
TEST PRESSURE	90		#/SQ. IN. 113	
DESIGN TEMPERATURE	210		°F 150	
TUBES 304L SS	NO.	O.D. 3/4" BWG 22	AVG. LENGTH	PITCH ① ◁ □ ◇
SHELL 304L SS	I. D. O. D.		THICKNESS	
SHELL COVER			FLOATING HEAD COVER	
CHANNEL			CHANNEL COVER C.S. (COAL TAR EPOXY LINED)	
TUBE SHEETS - STATIONARY 304L SS			FLOATING	
BAFFLES - CROSS	TYPE		THICKNESS	
BAFFLE - LONG 304L SS	TYPE		THICKNESS	
TUBE SUPPORTS 304L SS			THICKNESS	
GASKETS				
CONNECTIONS - SHELL - IN	OUT		RATING	
- CHANNEL - IN	OUT		RATING	
CORROSION ALLOWANCE - SHELL SIDE	NONE		TUBE SIDE NONE	
CODE REQUIREMENTS ASME	TEMA CLASS 1" C"		SPEC.	
WEIGHTS - EACH SHELL	BUNDLE		FULL OF WATER	
NOTE INDICATE AFTER EACH PART WHETHER STRESS RELIEVED (S R.) AND WHETHER RADIOGRAPHED (X-R)				
REMARKS -				
NOTE 1. N.C. GAS + STEAM VAPOR SHALL BE COOLED TO 110°F				
2. CONDENSATE SHALL BE COOLED TO 136°F				
3. CONDENSATE HOT WELL SHALL HAVE MINIMUM HOLD UP OF 27 CU. FT.				
REV.	DATE		JOB NO	DRWG. NO.
	4/1/89	ISSUED FOR REPORT NO. 1	5-79007-10	DS-12-011
		BE		0

3.2.8.4

PLANT: UNIT NO. 1

	<u>1st Jet</u>	<u>2nd Jet</u>
A. <u>INLET CONDITIONS</u>		
1. <u>MOTIVE STEAM</u>		
Enthalpy (BTU/lb.) @ <u>113.9</u> psia	<u>1196</u>	<u>1196</u>
Available Pressure @ Jet psia	<u>103</u>	<u>103</u>
Flow Required (lb./hr.):		
Preliminary Eng. Calc.	<u>~10,000</u>	<u>~4,000</u>
Manufacturer Calc. *		
2. <u>INLET GASES</u>		
Air leakage (lb./hr.)	<u>70</u>	<u>70</u>
N. C. Gas (Mol. wt. <u>30.3</u>) (lb./hr.)	<u>1200</u>	<u>1250</u>
Steam Vapor (lb./hr.)	<u>2,390</u>	<u>240</u>
Temperature (°F)	<u>118</u>	<u>110</u>
Pressure (psia)	<u>1.94</u>	<u>5.3</u>
B. <u>DISCHARGE CONDITIONS</u>		
Temperature (°F) *		
Pressure (psia)	<u>5.5</u>	<u>14.1</u>
C. <u>SITE CONDITIONS</u>		
Temperature (°F) <u>65° F WET BULB</u>		
Pressure (psia) <u>13.9</u>		

*To be specified by Supplier

No.	Date	Description	PF	CK.	R.App	C.App
0	6/1/79	ISSUED FOR REPORT NO. 1				

ROGERS ENGINEERING CO., INC. 111 PINE STREET SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF. 94111	Geysers Retrofit Project Flow/Thermodynamic Information Sheet	DRAWING NO	REV.
		DS-12-023	0
JOB NO. S-79007-10	Client PGandE	Date	SHEET OF

DATA SHEET FOR CENTRIFUGAL PUMPS

FOR PG&E Retrofit Project NO. 3.2.8.5

SITE Geysers UNIT 1 ITEM NO. _____
 SERVICE Condensate Pump MOTOR DRIVE TURBINE DRIVE _____
 PUMP MFR _____ SIZE AND TYPE _____ NO. REQ'D. 2
 API STD. 610 APPLIES: YES _____ NO

OPERATING CONDITIONS	RATED	PERFORMANCE
LIQUID <u>Water containing dissolved H₂S.</u>	U.S. gpm at <u>128</u>	PROPOSAL CURVE NO. _____
DISCH PRESS., <u>psia</u> <u>59.7</u>	<u>59.7</u> <u>psia</u>	NPSH REQ'D (WATER), ft _____
SUCT PRESS., <u>psia</u> <u>7.2</u>	<u>7.2</u> <u>psia</u>	NO. OF STAGES _____ RPM _____
SP GR at <u>128°F</u> <u>0.99</u>	DIFF PRESS., psi <u>32.5</u>	DES EFF _____ BHP _____
VAP PRESS at <u>128 psia</u> <u>2.11</u>	DIFF HEAD, ft <u>75</u>	MAX BHP RATED IMP _____
VIS of <u>ssu</u>	NPSH AVAIL., ft <u>6</u>	MAX HEAD RATED IMP, ft _____
CORR/EROS caused by <u>dissolved H₂S</u>		MIN CONTINUOUS, gpm (BY MFR) _____

CONSTRUCTION AND MATERIALS				
CASING-MOUNTING (CENTERLINE) (FOOT) (BRACKET) (VERTICAL X)				
SPLIT (AXIAL) (RADIAL)				
TYPE (SINGLE VOLUME) (DOUBLE VOLUME) (DIFFUSER X)				
TAPPED OPENINGS (VENT) (DRAIN) (GAGE CONNS.)				
NOZZLES	SIZE	ASA RATING	FACING	POSITION
SUCTION				
DISCHARGE				
IMPELLER DIAM RATED	MIN	MAX	TYPE	
MFR'S BEARING NO.	RADIAL		THRUST	
LUBRICATION _____ LUBRICATOR TYPE & SIZE _____				
COUPLING TYPE OR MAKE _____ SIZE _____ BASE PLATE _____				
CPL'G GUARD, MEETING <u>Cal. OSHA</u> SAFETY REQMTS.				
PACKING _____				
MECH SEAL <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CLASS CODE _____ MFR _____				
<u>Crane preferred.</u>				

MATERIAL CODE - EXTERNAL CASING <u>SS</u> INTERNAL PARTS						SHOP TESTS	REQUIRED	WITNESSED
I - CAST IRON	INTERNALS CODE	I	B	S	C	X		
B - BRONZE	IMPELLER	I	B	S	C	<u>SS 316</u>		
S - STEEL	INNER CASE PARTS	I	B	S	C	<u>SS 316</u>		
C - 11-13% CHROME	SLEEVE (PACKED)	Ch	Ch	At	At	<u>SS 316</u>		
A - ALLOY	SLEEVE (SEAL)	C	C	C	C	<u>SS 316</u>		
H - HARDENED	WEAR PARTS	I	B	Ch	Ch			
F - FACED	SHAFT	S	S	S	S	<u>SS 316</u>		
X - AS NOTED								
						RUNNING PERF		
						NPSH		
						HYDROSTATIC	PSIG	
						MAX ALLOW. WP	PSIG	F
						WEIGHTS: PUMP	BASE	
						MOTOR	TURBINE	

MOTOR DRIVER BY	TURBINE DRIVER BY	MFR FINAL DATA (AS BUILT)
ITEM NO. _____ MTD BY _____	ITEM NO. _____ MTD BY _____	ACTUAL IMPELLER DIAM _____
HP _____ RPM _____ FRAME _____	HP _____ RPM _____ MATL _____	TEST CURVE NO. _____
MFR _____	MFR and TYPE _____	OUTLINE DWG. NO. _____
TYPE <u>TEFC</u> INSUL _____	INLET STEAM PSIG _____ TEMP F _____	PUMP SECT. DWG. NO. _____
ENG _____ TEMP RISE C _____	EXHAUST _____	SEAL DIM. DWG. NO. _____
VOLTS/PHASE/CYCLES <u>460/3/60</u>	STEAM RATE, FL _____ lb/BHP/HR	PUMP SERIAL NO. _____
BEARINGS _____ LUBE _____	BEARINGS _____ LUBE _____	
FULL LOAD AMPS _____	NOZZLES SIZE ASA RATING FACING POSITION	
	INLET	
	EXHAUST	

Notes: 1) The selected pump casing and impellers shall be sized to allow for an increase of at least 5% in head at design flow by a change of impeller diameter.
 2) The selected pump shall include a flow inducer.

NO.	DATE	JOB NO.	DRAWING NO.	REV.
		5-79067	14-001-A	1
		-10	14-001-B	0
0 5/29/79 Issued for Milestone Report No. 1 EJ [Signature]				

POWER _____ VOLTS
 _____ CYCLES _____ PHASES
 STEAM _____ PSIG _____
 EXHAUST PRESS _____



VERTICAL CENTRIFUGAL PUMP DATA SHEET

MANUFACTURER _____
 SPECIFICATION NO. _____
 REQ. NO. 3.2.8.6

INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS - FILL IN EVERY SPACE FOR EACH PUMP TO MAKE BID COMPLETE

PUMP NUMBER		Unit No. 1
A. SERVICE <u>Cooling water circ. pumps (2 required)</u>		
TYPE OF INSTALLATION (WELL, PIT, SUMP, DOUBLE CASE) <u>Sump</u>		
B. LIQUID CHARACTERISTICS		
LIQUID PUMPED <u>Water</u>		
SPECIFIC GRAVITY AT FLOW TEMP _____		
FLOW TEMP _____ F <u>84.9</u>		
VISCOSITY AT FLOW TEMP _____ (CENTISTOKES) (SSU) _____		
VAPOR PRESSURE AT FLOW TEMP _____ PSIA <u>0.596</u>		
C. CAPACITY AND PRESSURES		
GPM AT FLOW TEMP <u>7565</u>		
SUCTION AT PUMP (IF NOT OPEN SUCTION) _____ PSIA <u>15.4</u>		
DIFFERENTIAL (INCL. LIFT FROM INLET) _____ PSI <u>41.2</u>		
DISCHARGE (AT DISCH. CONN.) _____ PSIA <u>56.6</u>		
DIFFERENTIAL HEAD (TOTAL, NOT INCL. VEL. HEAD) _____ FT <u>102</u>		
NPSH A) REQ'D B) AVAILABL. <u>ft. 32</u>		
SUBMERGENCE A) REQ'D B) AVAILABL. <u>ft. 3.5</u>		
ENTRANCE VEL. AT IMPELLER EYE AT RATING _____ FT/SEC _____		
IMPELLER EYE AREA _____ SQ IN. _____		
MAX CASE WORKING PRESSURE _____ PSIG _____		
D. MANUFACTURER'S SIZE & TYPE PUMP		
TYPE PUMP _____		
NUMBER OF STAGES _____		
SERIAL NUMBER (ON FINAL DATA SHEET) _____		
E. OPERATION		
RPM _____		
EFFICIENCY AT RATING _____ %		
BHP AT RATING _____		
MAX BHP FOR BID IMPELLER DIAMETER _____		
DRIVER HORSEPOWER _____		
IMPELLER DIAMETER, MAXIMUM/MINIMUM _____ IN.		
IMPELLER DIAMETER FOR RATING _____ IN.		
ROTATION (CW) (CCW) VIEWED FROM TOP _____		
DRIVE: (MOTOR) (TURBINE) (RT ANGLE GEAR) _____		
DRIVER TO BE FURNISHED BY _____		
MOTOR OR TURBINE DATA SHEET NO. _____		
MOTOR TYPE (TEFC) (WEATHERPROOF) (EXPL PRF) _____		
NEMA FRAME NO. OF MOTOR _____		
F. CONSTRUCTION AND MATERIAL		
CASE: OUTER <u>SS 316</u>		
INNER <u>SS 316</u>		
IMPELLER TYPE (OPEN) (CLOSED) (AXIAL) (MIXED FLOW) _____		
IMPELLER MTL <u>SS 316</u>		
CASE WEAR RINGS _____		
IMPELLER WEAR RINGS <u>SS 316</u>		
SHAFT IN PUMP BOWL <u>SS 316</u>		
LINESHAFT <u>SS 316</u>		
LINESHAFT DIAMETER _____		
LINESHAFT BEARING SPACING _____		
SHAFT SLEEVES <u>SS 316</u>		
SHAFT ENCLONGING TUBE <u>SS 316</u>		
DISCHARGE COLUMN OR PIPE <u>SS 316</u>		
DISCHARGE HEAD OR ELBOW <u>SS 316</u>		

LANTERN RING	
THROAT BUSHING _____	
CASING STUDS _____	
GLAND BOLTS _____	
GLAND _____	
BASEPLATE OR FLOOR PLATE _____	
COUPLING (RIGID) (FLEXIBLE) MANUFACTURER _____	
STRAINER _____	
FLOAT CONTROLS (TYPE & MFR) _____	
G. STUFFING BOX DETAILS	
STUFFING BOX, JACKETED OR PLAIN _____	
MECHANICAL SEAL - TYPE _____	
DIMENSIONS: LENGTH OF STUFF BOX _____ IN.	
INSIDE DIAM. _____ IN.	
DIAM SHAFT OR SHAFT SLEEVE _____ IN.	
WIDTH LANTERN RING _____ IN.	
LANT RING TO OPEN END OF BOX _____ IN.	
NO. RINGS & SIZE PACKING _____	
H. BEARINGS AND LUBRICATION	
TYPE BEARINGS - THRUST _____ (SAE NO.) _____	
RADIAL _____ (SAE NO.) _____	
LINESHAFT _____	
PUMP BOWL _____	
LUBRICATION: W = WATER, O = OIL, G = GREASE _____	
THRUST _____	
RADIAL _____	
LINESHAFT _____	
PUMP BOWL _____	
TYPE OF CLOSURES _____	
TYPE AND CAP. OF LUBRICATOR FOR PUMP _____	
TYPE AND CAP. OF LUBRICATOR FOR DRIVER OR GEAR _____	
THRUST BEARING TYPE AND CAPACITY _____	
THRUST LOAD (NORMAL / MAX) _____	
THRUST LOAD (AT START) _____	
THRUST BEARING LOCATION (MOTOR, HEAD, PUMP, ETC.) _____	
CLEARANCE ADJUSTMENT (COLLAR, NUT, COUPLING, ETC.) _____	
J. TESTING	
DYNAMIC BALANCING OF IMPELLERS AT RATED SPEED _____	
PERFORMANCE TEST (WITNESSED) (NOT WITNESSED) _____	
HYDROSTATIC TEST (WITNESSED) (NOT WITNESSED) _____	
HYDROSTATIC TEST PRESSURE _____ PSIG _____	
INSPECTION REQUIRED? _____	
RUNNING TEST WITH ACTUAL DRIVER _____	
K. MISCELLANEOUS	
PRICE, EACH (FOB) (FAS) (NOT INCL. DRIVER) _____	
EXTRA COST FOR DRIVER _____	
EXTRA COST FOR _____	
EXTRA COST FOR _____	
WT. OF BARE PUMP _____ LB.	
WT. OF GEAR _____	
WT. OF DRIVER _____	
INPUT AND OUTPUT SPEEDS OF GEAR _____	
SHIPMENT FROM RECEIPT OF ORDER _____ WEEKS _____	

OUTLINE DIMENSION DRAWING NO. _____	
CROSS SECTION DRAWING NO. _____	
PERFORMANCE CURVE _____	
L. DIMENSIONAL DATA	
SIZE OF BASE PLATE (DIAM) OR (____ X ____)	
DEPTH, BASE PLATE TO BOTTOM OF ASSEMBLY _____	
BOTTOM OF PIT TO BOTTOM OF ASSEMBLY _____	
INLET TO BOTTOM OF ASSEMBLY (IF VERT. INLET) _____	
MAX & MIN SUBMERGENCE _____	
SIZE OF WELL OR PIT _____	
MAX HT ABOVE BASE OR FLOOR (NORMAL) _____	
MAX HT ABOVE BASE OR FLOOR FOR PULLING PUMP _____	
MAX LIFT (LBS) FOR MAINTENANCE _____	
SUCTION, VERTICAL OR HORIZONTAL _____	
SIZE & RATING _____	
FACING _____	
FACE TO & SHAFT (IF HORIZ) _____	
DIST. ABOVE OR BELOW BASE (STATE WHICH) _____	
DISCHARGE VERTICAL OR HORIZONTAL _____	
SIZE & RATING _____	
FACING _____	
FACE TO & SHAFT _____	
DIST. ABOVE OR BELOW BASE (STATE WHICH) _____	
Notes: 1) <u>Water contains corrosive H₂S.</u>	
2) <u>The selected pump casing & impellers shall be sized to allow for an increase of at least 5% in head at design flow by a change in impeller diameter.</u>	
USE THIS SPACE FOR NOTES OR SKETCHES	

REV	DATE	DATE	JOB NO. S-79007-10	REV.
0	5/29/07 Issued for Milestone Report		DWG. NO. 14-002-A	0
			NO. 14-002-B	

PG & E Retrofit Project



Rogers

3.0A UNIT 2 RETROFIT FOR ABATEMENT OF H₂S

Essentially the same methodology as used for Unit 1 will be applied to Unit 2.

3.1A Equipment Sizing Criteria

3.1.1A Noncondensable Gas Values

Same as Unit 1 - 0.5% wt. in steam

3.1.2A Field Test Data for Cooling Water Tower

This cooling tower was completely rebuilt and it is assumed that when clean that it will be capable of design rate operation.

3.1.3A Base Reference Design Point

Same as Unit 1 Data Book. The Unit 2 Conversion Process Flow Diagram PD-002 shows the expected unit performance after Retrofit.

3.2A Specification of Equipment for Conversion from Direct Contact to Surface Type Exchange - Unit 2

3.2.1A Main Condenser Cooling Water System Limitations

The Unit 2 cooling water tower at the base design point of 65°F wet bulb is expected to be close to meeting design. The approach has been relaxed from 15°F to 15.9°F and the range dropped from 40°F to 39°F. This will allow a reduction in turbine exhaust pressure to 4.8 inches Hg Abs compared to the Unit 1 5.0 inches Hg Abs.

3.2.1.1A Condensing and Gas Cooling Limitations

Since the Unit 2 cooling water is colder it is possible that the turbine exhaust pressure could be lowered to about 4.3 inches Hg Abs. To insure meeting a more severe installation space problem the exhaust pressure was held at 4.8 inches Hg Abs and the temperature differences specified are 10.2°F and 29.1°F respectively for the terminal temperature difference and the gas cooling outlet.

3.2.2A Intercondenser

With specified cooling water range and approach the temperature differences specified are 38°F and 29.1°F respectively at the gas steam inlet and outlet using parallel flow cooling water.



Rogers

3.2.3A Aftercondenser

The differences specified are 82°F and 29.1°F respectively at the gas steam inlet and outlet using parallel flow cooling water.

3.2.4A Steam Jet Ejectors

These units are specified to handle the noncondensable gas and steam vapor carry-over from the man and intercondensers at the pressure and temperature specified for subject equipment.

3.2.5A Cooling Water Pumps

Two pumps will be required almost identical to Unit 1.

3.2.6A Condensate Pumps

Two pumps will be required almost identical to Unit 1.

3.2.7A Process Flow Diagram

The Cooling Cycle Conversion Process Flow Diagram PD-002 shows the material balance at the suggested Retrofit conditions. Table 3.3A shows a comparison summary of the original Reference Design Base Point and the Conversion Retrofit.

3.2.8A The Equipment Data Sheets associated with Unit 2 are included herein.

3.2.9A Equipment Quotation Requests

Refer to Section 3.2.9 for Equipment Quotation Requests applicable to Unit 2.



Rogers

TABLE 3.3
COMPARATIVE SUMMARY

UNIT 2

	<u>Base Reference Design Point</u>	<u>Conversion Retrofit</u>
Throttle Flow lb./hr.	240,550	240,550
Noncondensable Gas % Wt.	0.75	0.5
General Electric Output kW	12,500	*11,974
Auxiliary Power (Electric) kW		
Cooling Tower Fans	96.2	96.2
Exciter	69.0	69.0
Miscellaneous	7.8	7.8
Circ. Water & Cond. Pumps	229.0	328.0
Noncondensable Gas Blower		(Later)
Net Unit Output kW	12,098	11,537 (1)
Heat Input Btu/Hr. (Ref. to 60°F)	293 x 10 ⁶	294 x 10 ⁶
Net Heat Rate Btu/kWh	24,215	26,500
Turbine Exh. Inch Hg Abs	4	4.5
Wet Bulb	65.0	65.0
C. W. T. Range/Approach °F	40/15	39/15.9

(1) Without Noncondensable Gas Blower Debit

EXCHANGER SPECIFICATION SHEET

3.2.8A.1

PROJECT GEYSERS RETROFIT	EXCHANGER MFR.			
PLANT UNIT 2	REQ. NO.			
EXCHANGER NO.	ITEM NO.			
SERVICE OF UNIT MAIN CONDENSER				
SIZE	TYPE	CONNECTED IN	SERIES	PARALLEL
SURFACE PER UNIT	EFF. GR.	SHELLS PER UNIT	SURFACE PER SHELL	EFF. GR.
PERFORMANCE OF ONE UNIT				
	SHELL SIDE		TUBE SIDE	
FLUID CIRCULATED	STEAM + NONCONDENSABLES		COOLING WATER	
TOTAL FLUID ENTERING LBS/HR	241,270		5,826,000	
VAPOR			(11,652 gpm)	
LIQUID				
STEAM				
NON-CONDENSIBLES	AIR 70 + N.C. GAS 1200 (MOL WT 30.3)			
FLUID VAPORIZED OR CONDENSED				
STEAM CONDENSED	238,550			
GRAVITY-LIQUID				
VISCOSITY-LIQUID			1.0	
MOLECULAR WEIGHT-VAPORS				
SPECIFIC HEAT-LIQUIDS				
LATENT HEAT-VAPORS	923.6		1.0 B.T.U./°F	
TEMPERATURE IN			B.T.U./°F	
TEMPERATURE OUT			°F	
OPERATING PRESSURE	NOTE 1 & 2 @ INLET 2.19 PSIA		°F	
NUMBER OF PASSES	ONE			
VELOCITY				
PRESSURE DROP ALLOW/CALC.	0.25/		7 FT/SEC	
FOULING RESISTANCE	HEI CLEANLINESS 70%		15/ #/50 IN	
HEAT EXCHANGED - BTU/HR	221 X 10⁶		M.T.D. (CORRECTED)	
TRANSFER RATE - SERVICE			CLEAN	
			ACTUAL FOULING FACTOR	
CONSTRUCTION				
DESIGN PRESSURE	FULL VAC & 14.6		75 #/SQ IN	
TEST PRESSURE			113 #/SQ IN	
DESIGN TEMPERATURE	150		150 °F	
TUBES 304L SS	NO.	0.0314	SWG. 22	APR. 22
SHELL 304L SS		I.D. O.D.	LENGTH	PITCH
SHELL COVER			THICKNESS	
CHANNEL			FLOATING HEAD COVER	
TUBE SHEETS - STATIONARY 304L SS			CHANNEL COVER C.S. (COAL TAR EPOXY LINED)	
BAFFLES - CROSS	TYPE		FLOATING	
BAFFLE - LONG 304L SS	TYPE		THICKNESS	
TUBE SUPPORTS 304L SS			THICKNESS	
GASKETS			THICKNESS	
CONNECTIONS - SHELL - IN	OUT		RATING	
- CHANNEL - IN	OUT		RATING	
CORROSION ALLOWANCE - SHELL SIDE	NONE		TUBE SIDE NONE	
CODE REQUIREMENTS	ASME TUBE SIDE ONLY, HEI TENA CLASS "C"		SPEC.	
WEIGHTS - EACH SHELL	BUNDLE		FULL OF WATER	
NOTE	INDICATE AFTER EACH PART WHETHER STRESS RELIEVED (S.R.) AND WHETHER RADIOGRAPHED (X-R)			
REMARKS				
NOTE 1.	N.C. GAS + STEAM VAPOR SHALL BE COOLED TO 110°F			
NOTE 2.	CONDENSATE SHALL BE COOLED TO 124.5°F			
NOTE 3.	CONDENSATE HOT WELL SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM HOLD UP OF 133 CU. FT.			
			JOB NO	DRWG. NO.
			5-79007	DS-12-012
			-70	0
	4/1/79	ISSUED FOR REPORT NO. 1	BF	100

EXCHANGER SPECIFICATION SHEET

3.2.8A.2

1	PROJECT	GEYSERS RETROFIT			EXCHANGER MFR.	
2	PLANT	UNIT 2			REQ. NO.	
3	EXCHANGER NO.				ITEM NO.	
4	SERVICE OF UNIT	INTERCONDENSER				
5	SIZE	TYPE	CONNECTED IN	SERIES	PARALLEL	
6	SURFACE PER UNIT	EFF. GR.	SHELLS PER UNIT	SURFACE PER SHELL	EFF. GR.	
PERFORMANCE OF ONE UNIT						
7	FLUID CIRCULATED	SHELL SIDE		TUBE SIDE		
8	TOTAL FLUID ENTERING	LBS/HR	STEAM + NONCONDENSABLES		COOLING WATER	
9	VAPOR		8,680		172,000	
10	LIQUID				(344 gpm)	
11	STEAM					
12	NON-CONDENSIBLES		AIR 70 + N.C. GAS 1230 (MOL WT 30.3)			
13	FLUID VAPORIZED OR CONDENSED					
14	STEAM CONDENSED		7,200			
15	GRAVITY-LIQUID				1.0	
16	VISCOSITY-LIQUID					
17	MOLECULAR WEIGHT-VAPORS					
18	SPECIFIC HEAT-LIQUIDS		1.0 BTU/#		1.0 BTU/#	
19	LATENT HEAT-VAPORS		~1033 BTU/#		BTU/#	
20	TEMPERATURE IN		~160 °F		81 °F	
21	TEMPERATURE OUT		NOTE 1 & 2 °F		123.6 °F	
22	OPERATING PRESSURE		AT INLET 5.3 PSIA			
23	NUMBER OF PASSES	per Shell	ONE			
24	VELOCITY				7 FT/SEC	
25	PRESSURE DROP	ALLOW/CALC.	0.11		151 #/30 IN.	
26	FOULING RESISTANCE	MIN.	0.0001		0.001	
27						
28	HEAT EXCHANGED - BTU/HR	7.3 x 10 ⁶		M.T.D. (CORRECTED)		
29	TRANSFER RATE - SERVICE		CLEAN	ACTUAL FOULING FACTOR		
CONSTRUCTION						
30	DESIGN PRESSURE		FULL VAC +60	#/30 IN.	75 #/30 IN.	
31	TEST PRESSURE		90	#/30 IN.	113 #/30 IN.	
32	DESIGN TEMPERATURE		210	°F	150 °F	
33	TUBES	304L SS	NO.	0.0 5/4" BWG. 22	LENGTH	PITCH
34	SHELL	304L SS		I. D. O. D.	THICKNESS	
35	SHELL COVER				FLOATING HEAD COVER	
36	CHANNEL				CHANNEL COVER C.S. (COAL TAR EPOXY LINED)	
37	TUBE SHEETS - STATIONARY	304L SS			FLOATING	
38	BAFFLES - CROSS		TYPE		THICKNESS	
39	BAFFLE - LONG	304L SS	TYPE		THICKNESS	
40	TUBE SUPPORTS	304L SS			THICKNESS	
41	GASKETS					
42	CONNECTIONS - SHELL - IN		OUT		RATING	
43	- CHANNEL - IN		OUT		RATING	
44	CORROSION ALLOWANCE - SHELL SIDE	NONE		TUBE SIDE		NONE
45	CODE REQUIREMENTS	ASME		TEMA CLASS	"C" SPEC.	
46	WEIGHTS - EACH SHELL		BUNDLE	FULL OF WATER		
47	NOTE	INDICATE AFTER EACH PART WHETHER STRESS RELIEVED (S. R.) AND WHETHER RADIOGRAPHED (X-R)				
48	REMARKS:					
49		NOTE 1. N.C. GAS + STEAM SHALL BE COOLED TO 110 °F				
50		2. CONDENSATE SHALL BE COOLED TO 120 °F				
51		3. CONDENSATE HOT WELL SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM HOLD UP OF 27 CU.FT.				
	REV.	DATE			JOB NO.	DWG. NO.
		6/1/79	ISSUED FOR REPORT NO. 1	AF	5-79007-10	DS-12-013 0

EXCHANGER SPECIFICATION SHEET

3.2.8A.3

PROJECT	GEYSERS RETROFIT			EXCHANGER MFR.	
PLANT	UNIT 2			REQ. NO.	
EXCHANGER NO.				ITEM NO.	
SERVICE OF UNIT	AFTER CONDENSER				
SIZE	TYPE	CONNECTED IN	SERIES	PARALLEL	
SURFACE PER UNIT	EFF. GR.	SHELLS PER UNIT	SURFACE PER SHELL	EFF. GR.	
PERFORMANCE OF ONE UNIT					
	SHELL SIDE		TUBE SIDE		
FLUID CIRCULATED	STEAM + NON CONDENSABLES		COOLING WATER		
TOTAL FLUID ENTERING	LBS/HR	6,575	137,000		
VAPOR			(274 gpm)		
LIQUID					
STEAM					
NON-CONDENSIBLES	AIR 70 + N.C. GAS 12.55 (MOLE WT 30.3)				
FLUID VAPORIZED OR CONDENSED					
STEAM CONDENSED		5,170			
GRAVITY-LIQUID					
VISCOSITY-LIQUID					
MOLECULAR WEIGHT-VAPORS					
SPECIFIC HEAT-LIQUIDS			B.T.U./#		B.T.U./#
LATENT HEAT-VAPORS		~ 1642	B.T.U./#		B.T.U./#
TEMPERATURE IN		~ 203	°F		°F
TEMPERATURE OUT		NOTE 1 & 2	°F		°F
OPERATING PRESSURE		@ INLET 14.1 PSIA			
NUMBER OF PASSES	per shell	ONE			
VELOCITY			FT./SEC.		7 FT./SEC.
PRESSURE DROP	ALLOW/CALC	0.1/	#/SQ. IN.		15/ #/SQ. IN.
FOULING RESISTANCE	MIN.	0.001			0.001
HEAT EXCHANGED - BTU./HR	5.5 x 10 ⁶		M.T.D. (CORRECTED)		
TRANSFER RATE - SERVICE		CLEAN		ACTUAL FOULING FACTOR	
CONSTRUCTION					
DESIGN PRESSURE	FULL VAC + 60	#/SQ. IN.	75		#/SQ. IN.
TEST PRESSURE	90	#/SQ. IN.	113		#/SQ. IN.
DESIGN TEMPERATURE	210	°F	150		°F
TUBES	304L SS	NO.	O.D. 3/4" B.W.G. 22	AVG. MIN.	LENGTH
SHELL	304L SS		I.D. O.D.		PITCH
SHELL COVER					② □ □ ◇
CHANNEL					FLOATING HEAD COVER
TUBE SHEETS - STATIONARY	304L SS				CHANNEL COVER C.S. (COAL TAR EPOXY LINED)
BAFFLES - CROSS		TYPE			FLOATING
BAFFLE - LONG	304L SS	TYPE			THICKNESS
TUBE SUPPORTS	304L SS				THICKNESS
GASKETS					THICKNESS
CONNECTIONS - SHELL - IN		OUT			RATING
-CHANNEL-IN		OUT			RATING
CORROSION ALLOWANCE - SHELL SIDE	NONE				TUBE SIDE NONE
CODE REQUIREMENTS	ASME		TEMA CLASS "C"		SPEC.
WEIGHTS - EACH SHELL		BUNDLE			FULL OF WATER
NOTE: INDICATE AFTER EACH PART WHETHER STRESS RELIEVED (S R) AND WHETHER RADIOGRAPHED (X-R)					
REMARKS: -					
NOTE 1. N.C. GAS + STEAM VAPOR SHALL BE COOLED TO 110°F.					
2. CONDENSATE SHALL BE COOLED TO 136°F					
3. CONDENSATE HOT WELL SHALL HAVE MINIMUM HOLD UP OF 27 CU. FT.					
REV.	DATE				
△	6/1/79	ISSUED FOR REPORT NO. 1	BF	200	
					JOB NO. 5-79007
					DRWG. NO. DS-12-014
					REV. 0

3.2.8A.4

PLANT: UNIT NO. 2

	<u>1st Jet</u>	<u>2nd Jet</u>
A. <u>INLET CONDITIONS</u>		
1. <u>MOTIVE STEAM</u>		
Enthalpy (BTU/lb.) @ <u>113.9</u> psia	<u>1196</u>	<u>1196</u>
Available Pressure @ Jet psia	<u>103</u>	<u>103</u>
Flow Required (lb./hr.):		
Preliminary Eng. Calc.	<u>~ 6,000</u>	<u>~ 5,000</u>
Manufacturer Calc. *	_____	_____
2. <u>INLET GASES</u>		
Air leakage (lb./hr.)	<u>70</u>	<u>70</u>
N. C. Gas (Mol. wt. <u>30.3</u>) (lb./hr.)	<u>1200</u>	<u>1230</u>
Steam Vapor (lb./hr.)	<u>1,450</u>	<u>250</u>
Temperature (°F)	<u>110</u>	<u>110</u>
Pressure (psia)	<u>1.84</u>	<u>5.3</u>

B. <u>DISCHARGE CONDITIONS</u>		
Temperature (°F) *	_____	_____
Pressure (psia)	<u>5.4</u>	<u>14.1</u>

C. <u>SITE CONDITIONS</u>	
Temperature (°F)	<u>65°F WETBULB</u>
Pressure (psia)	<u>13.9</u>

*To be specified by Supplier



No.	Date	Description	Ck. R. App.	C. App.
	<u>6/1/79</u>	ISSUED FOR REPORT NO. 1	BF	<u>FIN</u>

ROGERS ENGINEERING CO., INC. 111 PINE STREET SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF. 94111	Geysers Retrofit Project Flow/Thermodynamic Information Sheet	DRAWING NO	REV.
		DS-12-024	0
J. B. NO. S-79007-10	Client P&SandE	Date	SHEET OF

DATA SHEET FOR GENTRIFUGAL PUMPS

FOR PG&E Retrofit Project ITEM NO. 3.2.8A.5

SITE Geysers UNIT 2
 SERVICE Condensate Pump MOTOR DRIVE TURBINE DRIVE
 PUMP MFR _____ SIZE AND TYPE _____ NO. REQ'D. 2
 API STD. 610 APPLIES: YES _____ NO

OPERATING CONDITIONS		RATED	PERFORMANCE
LIQUID <u>Water Containing dissolved H₂S</u>	U.S. gpm at <u>124.5</u>	<u>507.5</u>	PROPOSAL CURVE NO. _____
DISCH PRESS., <u>39.7</u> psia			NPSH REQ'D (WATER), ft. _____
SUCT PRESS., <u>7.2</u> psia			NO. OF STAGES _____ RPM _____
TEMP OF <u>124.5</u>	DIFF PRESS., <u>32.5</u> psi		DES EFF _____ BHP _____
TEMP GR of <u>124.5 F = 0.99</u>	DIFF HEAD, ft <u>75</u>		MAX BHP RATED IMP. _____
VAP PRESS at <u>124.5</u> psia <u>1.92</u>	NPSH AVAIL., ft <u>6</u>		MAX HEAD RATED IMP, ft. _____
VIS of <u>SSU</u>			MIN CONTINUOUS, gpm (BY MFR) _____
CORR/EROS caused by <u>dissolved H₂S</u>			ROTATION FACING COUPLING END _____

CONSTRUCTION AND MATERIALS				
CASING-MOUNTING (CENTERLINE) (FOOT) (BRACKET) (VERTICAL <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>)				
SPLIT (AXIAL) (RADIAL)				
TYPE (SINGLE VOLUTE) (DOUBLE VOLUTE) (DIFFUSER <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>)				
TAPPED OPENINGS (VENT) (DRAIN) (GAGE CONNS.)				
NOZZLES	SIZE	ASA RATING	FACING	POSITION
SUCTION				
DISCHARGE				
IMPELLER DIAM RATED	MIN	MAX	TYPE	
MFR'S BEARING NO. RADIAL			THRUST	
LUBRICATION	LUBRICATOR TYPE & SIZE			
COUPLING TYPE OR MAKE	SIZE	BASE PLATE		
CPL'G GUARD, MEETING <u>Cal. OSHA</u>	SAFETY REQMTS.			
PACKING				
MECH SEAL <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	CLASS CODE	MFR		
<u>Crane preferred.</u>				

MATERIAL CODE - EXTERNAL CASING <u>SS</u>		INTERNAL PARTS					SHOP TESTS	REQUIRED	WITNESSED
I - CAST IRON	INTERNAL CODE	I	B	S	C	X	RUNNING PERF		
B - BRONZE	IMPELLER	I	B	S	C	<u>SS 316</u>	NPSH		
S - STEEL	INNER CASE PARTS	I	I	S	C	<u>SS 316</u>			
C - 11-13% CHROME	SLEEVE (PACKED)	Ch	Ch	Al	Al	<u>SS 316</u>	HYDROSTATIC	PSIG	
A - ALLOY	SLEEVE (SEAL)	C	C	C	C	<u>SS 316</u>	MAX ALLOW. WP	PSIG	F
H - HARDENED	WEAR PARTS	I	B	Ch	Ch		WEIGHTS: PUMP	BASE	
F - FACED	SHAFT	S	S	S	S	<u>SS 316</u>	MOTOR	TURBINE	
X - AS NOTED									

MOTOR DRIVER BY	TURBINE DRIVER BY	MFR FINAL DATA (AS BUILT)
ITEM NO. _____ MTD BY _____	ITEM NO. _____ MTD BY _____	ACTUAL IMPELLER DIAM _____
HP _____ RPM _____ FRAME _____	HP _____ RPM _____ MATL _____	TEST CURVE NO. _____
MFR _____	MFR and TYPE _____	OUTLINE DWG. NO. _____
TYPE <u>TEFC</u> INSUL _____	INLET STEAM PING _____ TEMP F _____	PUMP SECT. DWG. NO. _____
ENG _____ TEMP RISE C _____	EXHAUST _____	SEAL DIM. DWG. NO. _____
VOLTS/PHASE/CYCLES <u>460/3/60</u>	STEAM RATE, FL _____ lb/BHP/HR	PUMP SERIAL NO. _____
BEARINGS _____ LUBE _____	BEARINGS _____ LUBE _____	
FULL LOAD AMPS _____	NOZZLES SIZE ASA RATING FACING POSITION	
	INLET	
	EXHAUST	

Notes: 1) The selected pump casing and impellers shall be sized to allow for an increase of at least 5% in head at design flow by a change of impeller diameter.
 2) The selected pump shall include a flow inducer.

NO.	DATE	ISSUES	JOB NO.	DRAWING NO.	REV.
			5-79007	14-005-A f	
			-10	14-005-B	0
0	5/29/79	Issued for Milestone Report No. 1			



Rogers

3.3 Installation Description Unit 1 and 2

3.3.1 Main Condenser

The field verification procedure was based on Drawing SK-001 dated 5-18-79. The main purpose was to check the clearances and accessibility around and to the equipment.

The scope called for Unit No. 1 study as a prototype. However, the geometry of the plant does not allow the same installation and location of the main condenser at Unit No. 2.

With the overall estimated length of the main condenser of 46' it seems that sufficient space is available to install the main condenser at Unit No. 1. The total length required from the eastern existing supporting structural column of the barometric condenser is approximately 100'-0" and available. However this condition can be achieved by a small orientation away from the power plant fence. This disposition makes it desirable to relocate the existing auxiliary transformer. The lowest point of the main condenser shell should be 15' above grade. This height would permit vehicle traffic around the plant as exists now and fulfill the requirement for the hot well and the associated pump equipment located above grade.

This suggested layout assumes an even number of cooling water passes. The cooling water system would connect to the nearest existing water well taken the shorter distance from the condenser water box.

The existing turbine exhaust duct will be cut at a point above grade and the downstream ducting will be utilized as much as possible in the connection to the condenser inlet.

3.3.2 Intercondenser

The existing steel structure would be utilized to locate the intercondenser.

3.3.3 Aftercondenser

The existing steel structure would be utilized to locate the aftercondenser.

3.3.4 Ejectors

The same structure under 3.3.2 and 3.3.3 would be utilized to mount the ejectors.



Rogers

3.3.5

Pumps

Improve

The existing condensate and circulating water pumps are not meeting the new requirements for the tube and shell condenser and have to be removed.

Under 3.3.1 was mentioned the location of condensate pump. The new circulating water pumps will be located in such a way that the existing well will be utilized. These vertical pumps have been selected.

3.3.6

Cooling Water System

The existing hot well and cold well have to be modified to allow free communication between the two sections and allow the installation of two circulating water pumps.

The existing hot well and cold well have to be modified to allow free communication between the two sections and allow the installation of two circulating water pumps (Refer to Dwg. No. B-02-001 for Unit 1 and Dwg. No. B-02-002 for Unit 2)

The existing cooling tower supply and condenser supply pumps did not have sufficient discharge head to meet the new system head requirement imposed by a 15 psi pressure drop through the tube side of the new surface condenser.

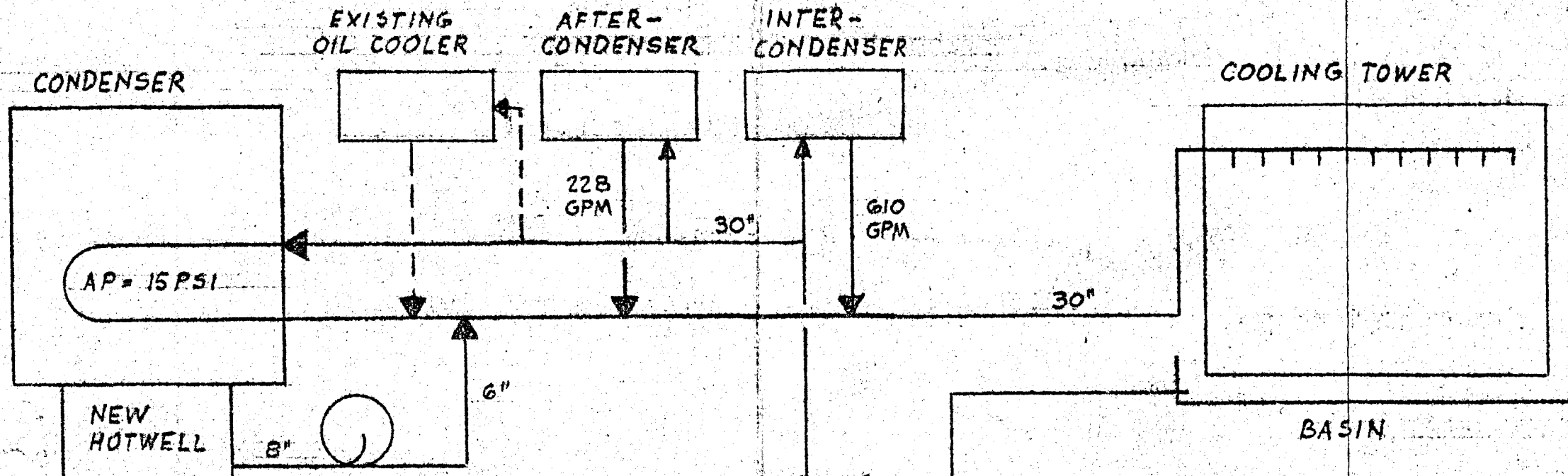
A small ~ 12 gpm drip pump which has been used to pump the hot water to the existing hot well should have its discharge routed to the new surface condenser hot well.

The cold water difference between Units 1 and 2 is ~ 5°F because of the difference in cooling tower performance.

The water from the tower is presently running at a pH = 7-8 and there has been no direction at this time to change the pH range.

The auxiliary power requirements for new pumping power will increase by 18%. It should be noted that the main circulating water pumps shown on Dwg. B-02-001 and B-02-002 are 50% each nominally; however, the two new condensate pumps are capable of supplying 100% of required flow at full load. As shown in the cooling water system drawings the condensate pumps will discharge into the circulating water return header to the cooling tower. The project costs of the pumps installed are detailed in the project costs section of this report, and the system characteristics are on drawings located in this section.

UNIT 1



* NOTE: HOTWELL AND COLDWELL TERMINOLOGY NO LONGER APPLIES, BECAUSE COOLING WATER TEMPERATURE IS UNIFORM.

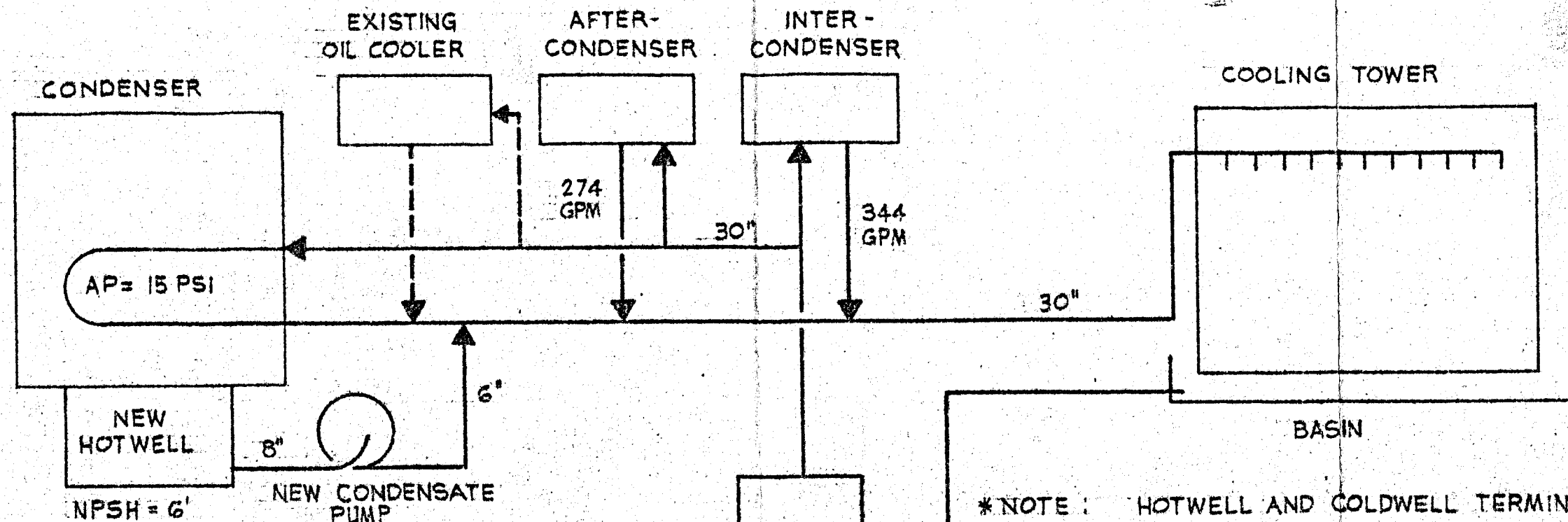
OLD C.T. SUPPLY PUMP DOES NOT MEET NEW SYSTEM TDH REQUIREMENTS - TO BE REMOVED.
 50.3' TDH
 12300 GPM
 197 BHP
 REPLACED BY NEW CONDENSATE PUMP 14-001-A & 14-001-B

HOTWELL COLDWELL
 MAIN CIRCULATING WATER PUMPS - 50% NOMINAL EACH
 102' TDH
 7565 GPM
 229 BHP

OLD CONDENSER SUPPLY PUMP DOES NOT MEET HEAD REQUIREMENTS - TO BE REMOVED.
 OLD PUMP
 30.8' TDH
 11600 GPM
 112 BHP
 REPLACED BY NEW MAIN CIRCULATING WATER PUMPS 14-002-A & 14-002-B

ROGERS ENGINEERING CO., INC. ENGINEERS & ARCHITECTS 111 PINE STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF. 94111										PG and E RETROFIT PROJECT									
SCALE: _____ DATE 5-18-79										APPROVED: _____ DATE _____									
DR EA CHK EJM ENG EJM APPROVED SWG										JOB NO. S79007-10					B-02-001				
REVISION: _____										REV. 0									

UNIT 2




*NOTE: HOTWELL AND COLDWELL TERMINOLOGY NO LONGER APPLIES, BECAUSE COOLING WATER TEMPERATURE IS UNIFORM.

OLD C.T. SUPPLY PUMP DOES NOT MEET NEW SYSTEM TDH REQUIREMENTS - TO BE REMOVED.
 503' TDH
 12,300 GPM
 197 BHP
 REPLACED BY NEW CONDENSATE PUMPS 14-005-A & 14-005-B

HOTWELL COLDWELL
 MAIN CIRCULATING WATER PUMPS - 50% NOMINAL EACH
 102 TDH
 7,472 GPM
 226 BHP

OLD CONDENSER SUPPLY PUMP DOES NOT MEET HEAD REQUIREMENTS - TO BE REMOVED.
 OLD PUMP
 308' TDH
 11,600 GPM
 112 BHP
 REPLACED BY NEW MAIN CIRCULATING WATER PUMPS 14-006-A & 14-006-B

					 ROGERS ENGINEERING CO., INC. ENGINEERS & ARCHITECTS 111 PINE STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF. 94111		PG and E RETROFIT PROJECT UNIT 2 COOLING WATER SYSTEM			
					SCALE: NONE DR. <u>GO</u> CHK. <u>EJM</u> ENG. <u>EJM</u> APPROVED <u>SIS</u>	DATE 5-30-79 APPROVED: _____ DATE _____		JOB NO. S 79007-10	B-02-002	REV. 0
6/1/79 ISSUED FOR MILESTONE REPORT EJM EP YDD	DR. <u>GO</u> CHK. <u>EJM</u> ENG. <u>EJM</u> APPROVED <u>SIS</u>	SCALE: NONE DATE 5-30-79	APPROVED: _____ DATE _____	JOB NO. S 79007-10	B-02-002	REV. 0				
REV. DATE REVISION ENG. CHK. RECD. APPR. CLIENT APPR.										



Rogers

3.3.7 Unit 2 - Main Condenser

The location and installation of shell and tube condensers at Unit 2 are shown on the following drawings, SK-007, SK-008 and SK-009. The available space to locate the equipment is extremely tight. The guiding principle applied at Unit 1 was followed at Unit 2. It was important to ascertain that no interference exists between the proposed new condenser installation and the main steam lines of Unit 1 and 2 and all exits from the turbine building to the yard are unobstructed.

3.3.8 Site Plan - Units 1 and 2

Enclosed herein is a Site Plan for Units 1 and 2, indicating the new conversion equipment locations with existing field survey dimensions on the presently existing equipment. This survey data was obtained from actual site investigations.

3.3.9 Auxiliary Power Requirements

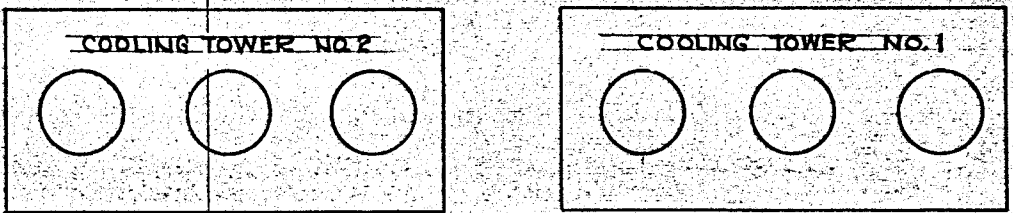
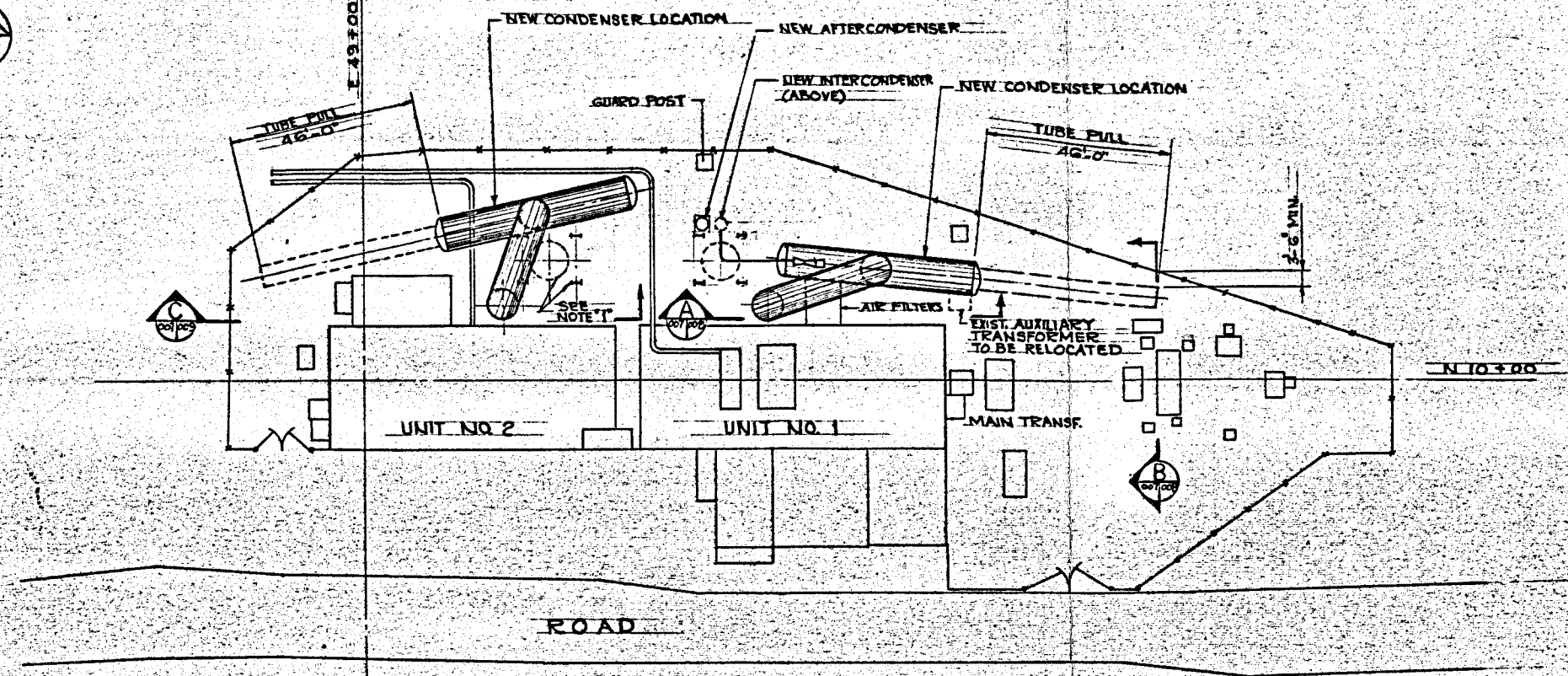
The auxiliary power requirements at full load as designed and the additional power necessary for the pumps after retrofit for Units 1 and 2 are shown below. (It should be noted that these figures do not include the power needed for the compressors to deliver the off-gas to the Stretford System.)

<u>Unit</u>	<u>Name Plate</u>		<u>Actual Loading</u>	<u>After Retrofit</u>
	<u>Amp</u>	<u>kVA</u>	<u>Amp</u>	<u>Amp</u>
#1----->	782	650----->	625----->	779
#2----->	782	650----->	580----->	717

Based on these figures, it appears that the auxiliary transformers of Units #1 and #2 will carry the additional load. (Ref.: PGandE Station Service Electric Loads as of May 14, 1979).

NOTES:

1. BAROMETRIC CONDENSER AND EXISTING INTER, AFTER CONDENSERS AND EJECTORS, ALONG WITH STRUCTURAL STEEL WILL BE REMOVED. AS MUCH OF THE STRUCTURAL STEEL AS POSSIBLE WILL BE USED ON THE RETROFIT.



SITE PLAN UNIT 1 & 2
1" = 20'-0"

REV.	ZONE	DATE	REVISION	DR.	CHK.	APPR.	RECD.

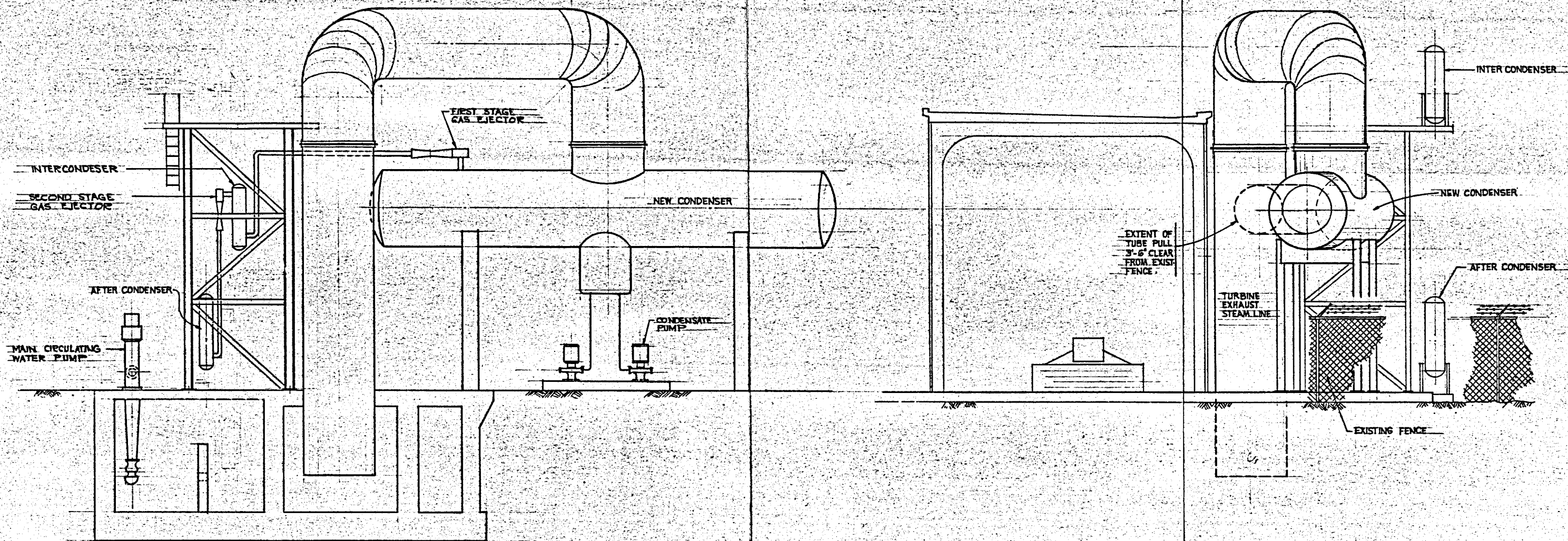
ROGERS ENGINEERING CO., INC.
ENGINEERS - ARCHITECTS
111 PINE STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA 94111

SCALE AS SHOWN DATE 5-30-79
DR. Hagedorn CHK. LFW ENG. R.J.M. APPROVED *[Signature]*

APPROVALS

DATE	
DATE	

PG. and E RETROFIT STUDY	
UNITS 1 & 2	
SITE PLAN	
JOB NO. S79007	SK-007 0



SECTION A
007/008

SECTION B
007/008

REV.	ZONE	DATE	REVISION	DR.	CHK.	APPR.	RECD.

ROGERS ENGINEERING CO., INC.
ENGINEERS - ARCHITECTS
18 PINE STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA 94111

SCALE: 3/16" = 1'-0" DATE: 5-30-79

DR. C.E.O. CHK. LFW ENG. Pjm APPROVED: *[Signature]*

APPROVALS

DATE	
DATE	

PG and E RETROFIT STUDY
UNITS 1 & 2
SECTIONS A & B

JOB NO. S79007	SK-008	0
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3.4 Project Costs - Units 1 and 2

This milestone report is a mid-term report presenting partial cost and economic information pertaining to Units 1 and 2 surface condenser installation. This report presents two economic aspects: Equipment sizing and capital cost. Each case has certain guide lines and constraints. They will be discussed in this Section along with the respective data.

The cost estimate has been prepared by categories and are those accounts used by Pacific Gas and Electric for their own estimates. Only the following accounts are included by the nature of this project work.

54-20	Turbine Generator - Condensate System
54-30	Turbine Generator - Circulating Water System
54-70	Turbine Generator - Instrumentation
55-60	Auxiliary Electrical Equipment - Station Power

The cost figures in this Section are in June 1979 dollars. These will be modified due to escalation and project timing when a schedule is prepared later in the overall project.

3.4.1 Equipment Sizing Evaluation:

The process used to evaluate alternative equipment sizes and design operating conditions is a specialized procedure. It requires that alternatives be equivalent. By nature the alternatives have differences; however, by drawing the same boundary around each alternative the differences crossing this boundary can be evaluated in terms of money. This procedure is only an evaluation tool. It is not necessarily how the costs are incurred.

The Engineering Planning Department Generation Section was consulted in preparation of and determination of the factors they use to evaluate generation alternatives. The overall method is a level annualization of all cost differences between equivalent alternatives. This annualization utilizes system wide figures for capital and energy. It also includes projections of fuel costs, capital costs of new units and allowed rate base return (capital cost).

These methods and figures have been used along with the technical parameter differences to derive Tables 3-2 and 3-3. All the figures in these tables as noted are annual levelized numbers and all dollar differences across the boundary have been presented to make the alternatives equivalent economically.



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This discussion of equipment sizing, alternatives and equivalences is used to arrive at the first step in the cost estimate process, the selection of the design conditions for the installation. The second and third steps can follow: getting manufacturer quoted major equipment costs and estimating the installation costs a contractor will charge to perform the designated equipment installation.

3.4.2 Major Equipment Cost:

Suppliers of the major equipment, condensers and pumps, were contacted by telephone followed up by transmittal of pertinent equipment data sheets (See 3.2.8). In the majority of cases, vendors were contacted who have had some experience in the special problems associated with geothermal plants.

The following item costs are adjusted quoted figures:

Condensers and Ejectors
Condensate Pumps
Circulating Water Pump

The Section 3.2.9 compares the quotations with the data sheets sent out for quote. In addition, any adjustments required because of design condition changes from those quoted are also addresses. The costs in the estimate for each piece of major equipment reflect our best judgment as to the eventual bid on the "selected" equipment data sheets.

In the cost estimate presented in Section 3.4.4, the manufacturer's cost includes the major equipment and materials cost. Cost at the site in the presentation includes 6 percent use tax on equipment and material and a contingency of 20 percent since this is a conceptual estimate and unestimated items may amount to that figure. The estimate assumes that Pacific Gas and Electric will purchase all major equipment and supply it to the contractor for installation as has been the practice at the Geysers Plant.

3.4.3 Installation Cost:

The estimated installation cost is the cost anticipated to be charged by an outside contractor to perform the removal of the old and installation of the new equipment. Most of the larger project construction work at the Geysers has been done by outside contractors and this guide has been used in preparation of this estimate. This decision affects the labor overheads and labor efficiency as well as the general overheads of a GM estimate discussed in Section 3.4.4.



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The estimated materials and labor shown in Section 3.4.3 are based upon the conceptual layout drawings and field investigations at the site for each installation. There is also some judgment used whenever making such an estimate and this estimate has been prepared by people who have been a part of other geothermal plant construction.

In consultation with General Construction about contractor performance and costs at the Geysers certain figures were developed for use in this conceptual report. The current labor direct rates show a \$15 per hour to be an overall good concept estimate direct figure. The labor efficiency has been estimated to be 60 percent and has been used in the estimate. The contractor overhead includes his profit and all indirect expenses. It has been estimated that 55 percent is a good value from past Geysers experience in contractor bidding.

As all recognize in the construction industry these above figures vary depending on time of bid, overall conditions and the specific project requirements. Since this is a conceptual design report, some knowledge of what difference these variations of parameters can make in total project cost is worth having a feel for. Cost sensitivity analysis was performed on the Unit 1 estimate to demonstrate the total cost vulnerability to parameter variation. This vulnerability is also a function of the labor to equipment and material ration.

TABLE 3-4.1
SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS - 1
(Labor Direct Rate to Total Project Cost)
(Constant Base Efficiency)

<u>Rate (\$/hr.)</u>	<u>Labor/Equipment</u>	<u>Total Project (Per Unit)</u>
13.50	0.24	0.98
15.00	0.27	1.00
16.50	0.29	1.02

Fifteen dollars an hour was considered to be the base rate. A ten percent change in the labor rate gives a 2 percent change in total project cost.



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TABLE 3-4.2
Sensitivity Analysis - 2
(Labor Efficiency to Total Project Cost)
(Constant Base Labor Rate)

<u>Efficiency %</u>	<u>Labor/Equipment</u>	<u>Total Project (Per Unit)</u>
50%	0.32	1.04
60%	0.27	1.00
70%	0.23	0.97
89%	0.20	0.95

A ten point change in efficiency of labor affects the total between 3 to 4 percent. Sixty percent efficiency is considered to be the base for the Geysers and this project estimate.

In addition to the above basic parameter discussions a twenty percent contingency has been included in the direct man-hours for this conceptual estimate. The labor man-hours shown in Section 3.4.4 are derived as follows:

$$\text{Manhours} = \text{Basic Estimate} \times \text{One Divided By Efficiency} \times \text{Contingency}$$
$$2.0 = 1.0 \times 1.67 \times 1.2$$

The costs for direct labor and labor overhead are separated in the detailed estimate of Section 3.4.4.

3.4.4 GM Estimate:

The GM Estimate preparation is the last step in the cost estimate process. The GM estimate is used to get moneys approved for the project. Engineering Services in consultation with Engineering and General Construction puts the final GM numbers together. Engineering Services has been consulted in the methods and factors used in preparation of GM estimates.

3.4.4.1 Cost Estimate

The factors included in the Equipment and Material and labor parts of the estimate have been discussed in Sections 3.4.2 and 3.4.3. The cost estimate for the removal and installation of specified equipment to facilitate the operation of a surface condenser at Unit 1 typical for Unit 1 and 2 is here presented in summary account form. The account details are itemized in the next table from the summary.



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TABLE 3-4.3

SUMMARY COST ESTIMATE - UNIT 1

<u>Account</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Equip. & Mat'l</u>	<u>Labor</u>	<u>Total</u>
54-20	Condensate System	\$690,124	\$188,235	\$ 878,359
54-30	Circ. Water System	264,576	53,955	318,531
54-70	Instrumentation	16,790	12,115	28,905
55-60	Station Pwr System	<u>19,716</u>	<u>10,810</u>	<u>30,526</u>
	Totals	<u>\$991,206</u>	<u>\$265,115</u>	<u>\$1,256,321</u>

The estimated cost in June 1979 dollars to retrofit Unit 1 for a surface condenser is \$1,300,000. To this estimate sub total must be added the GM overheads.

3.4.4.2 GM Overheads and Cost Total

The GM overheads are a function of who does the construction. The estimate prepared here is based upon an outside contractor doing the construction.

The overheads include:

<u>Item</u>	<u>Percent of Estimate</u>
Indirects	0.0
General Engineering & Administration	16.0
ADC (9 month Construction Estimate)	3.6
Ad Valorem	<u>1.0</u>
Total	20.6%

The GM Estimate Cost total for the retrofit of Unit 1 is estimated to be \$1,568,000.

3.4.5 Energy Charge:

The capital involved to accomplish the retrofit using a surface condenser will require a levelized annual energy charge of 2.89 mills per kilowatthour. This calculation uses the generation plan-



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ning charge rate, an 80 percent capacity factor and the calculated net output power on the process diagram. The energy charge and GM estimate capital do not include the vent gas processing equipment for environmental control. These are treated separately in later work.

The analysis presented reflects only the physical installation costs. The economic comparison with alternative methods adds cost differences between methods in addition to the above stated costs. This economic comparative analysis is part of later work.



ROGERS ENGINEERING CO., INC.
 1 PINE STREET
 SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF. 94111
 JOB NO. S-79007

TABLE 3 - 4.4
 COST ESTIMATE DETAIL
 UNIT 1 SURFACE CONDENSER

DRAWING NO. _____
 SHEET _____ OF _____
 REV. _____

ROGERS ENGINEERING CO., INC. COST ESTIMATE
 CLIENT - P G AND E ESTIMATE DATE - 31 MAY 79
 JOB NAME - UNIT NO 1 JOB NO. - S79007

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	MFG COST	COST@SITE	MANHOURS	LABOR DOL	TOT DOL
54-21-1	CONDST PMP EXC&BKFL	250.	318.	200.	3006.	3324.
54-21-2	CONDST PMP CONCRETE	300.	382.	160.	2405.	2786.
54-22-1	TRN EXT PIPNG STEELW	1500.	1908.	200.	3006.	4914.
54-22-2	RMV PART SUPT STRUCT	500.	636.	160.	2405.	3041.
54-23-1	RMV CONDSR	3000.	3816.	1122.	16834.	20650.
54-23-2	COND M,INT,AFT&EJTR	437000.	555864.	0.	0.	555864.
54-23-3	COND STEEL WORK	5000.	6360.	802.	12024.	18384.
54-23-4	COND MECH	1000.	1272.	2405.	36072.	37344.
54-24-1	CONDST PMP MECH	24000.	30528.	200.	3006.	33534.
54-25-1	COND PIPING & MISC	4000.	5088.	641.	9619.	14707.
54-25-2	CONDST PMP PIPING EQ	5000.	6360.	1002.	15030.	21390.
54-25-3	TBN EXT PIP MECH	61000.	77592.	1202.	18036.	95628.
BASE COSTS,MHS			690124.	8096.	121442.	811566.
OVERHEAD/PROFIT			0.		66793.	66793.

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	MFG COST	COST@SITE	MANHOURS	LABOR DOL	TOT DOL
54-31-1	CW PMP CONCRETE	1000.	1272.	481.	7214.	8486.
54-31-2	CW PIPING EXCV&BKFL	500.	636.	240.	3607.	4243.
54-33-1	CW PIPING & EQ	36000.	45792.	902.	13527.	59319.
54-34-1	CW PMP MECH	170000.	216240.	537.	8056.	224296.
54-39-1	RELOCATE FIRE MAIN	500.	636.	160.	2405.	3041.
BASE COSTS,MHS			264576.	2321.	34809.	299385.
OVERHEAD/PROFIT			0.		19145.	19145.

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	MFG COST	COST@SITE	MANHOURS	LABOR DOL	TOT DOL
54-74 1	INSTMT CONDST SYS	9000.	11448.	240.	3607.	15055.
54-74-2	INSTMT CW SYS	4200.	5342.	281.	4208.	9551.
BASE COSTS,MHS			16790.	521.	7816.	24606.
OVERHEAD/PROFIT			0.		4299.	4299.

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	MFG COST	COST@SITE	MANHOURS	LABOR DOL	TOT DOL
55-61	RELOCATE AUX TRNSF F	150.	191.	48.	721.	912.
55-63	RELCT AUX TRANSF	350.	445.	120.	1804.	2249.
55-64-1	CW PMP ELECTRICAL	13000.	16536.	200.	3006.	19542.
55-64-2	CONDST PMP ELECT	2000.	2544.	96.	1443.	3987.
BASE COSTS,MHS			19716.	465.	6974.	26690.
OVERHEAD/PROFIT			0.		3836.	3836.



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4.0 UNIT 3 RETROFIT FOR ABATEMENT OF H₂S

Essentially the same methodology as used for Unit 1 is applicable to Unit 3 Retrofit. Since Unit 4 is essentially identical in capability the detailed elements apply similarly to Unit 4 Retrofit.

4.1 Equipment Sizing Criteria

4.1.1 Noncondensable Gas Values

Original base reference design point was 1.0% wt. noncondensable gas in the steam. Based on updated field data the agreed value is now 0.8% wt. The gas composition is shown in detail in Appendix A. The average mol wt. is 32.4.

4.1.2 Field Test Data for Cooling Water Tower

The cooling tower for Unit 4 was tested 20 May 1969, when clean. At a wet bulb of 60.9°F, with a circulating water flow of 31,860 gpm and a range of 37.3°F the approach to wet bulb was 17.9°F. This test indicates the tower is at design rating. Unit 3 cooling water tower is of similar design. The last test on Unit 3 tower was 25 August 1978 and concluded that the system was not thoroughly cleaned of iron oxide since performance was poor. For this report it will be assumed both Units 3 and 4 cooling water towers can be reworked to achieve design ratings.

4.1.3 Base Reference Design Point

The Data Book Heat Balance Diagram for Maximum Guaranteed Load is the base reference design point. The calculated gross power will be based on essentially the same turbine throttle flow at the retrofit conditions. Net power will then be calculated based on the additional station auxiliary power requirements. The Unit 3 conversion Process Flow Diagram shows the expected Unit performance after Retrofit.

4.2 Specification of Equipment for Conversion from Direct Contact to Surface Type Heat Exchange - Unit 3

4.2.1 Main Condenser

4.2.1.1 Cooling Water System Limitation

The Unit 3 cooling tower at the base design of 65°F wet bulb is expected to meet a design approach of 15°F with the range relaxed from 40°F to 39.4. To obtain the lowest turbine exhaust flange



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TABLE 4.1
COMPARATIVE SUMMARY

UNIT 3

	<u>Base Reference Design Point</u>	<u>Conversion Retrofit</u>
Throttle Flow lb./hr.	509,600	510,000
Noncondensable Gas % Wt.	1.0	0.8
General Electric Output kW	27,500	26,817
Auxiliary Power (Electric) kW		
Cooling Tower Fans	310	310
Exciter & Other Misc.	100	100
Circ. Water & Cond. Pumps	310	704
Noncondensable Gas Blower		(Later)
Net Unit Output kW	26,500	25,702 (1)
Heat Input Btu/Hr.	633 x 10 ⁶	648 x 10 ⁶
Net Heat Rate Btu/kWh		26,500
Turbine Exh. Inch Hg Abs	4	4.5
Wet Bulb	65.0	65.0
C. W. T. Range/Approach °F	39/15	38.4/14.9

(1) Without Noncondensable Gas Blower Debit



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pressure it is proposed to use for the main condenser an 8°F terminal temperature difference. A gas cooling outlet approach of 34°F is proposed to keep the first vacuum jet ejector and intercooler system from being grossly oversized.

4.2.2 Intercondenser

With the specified cooling water tower range and approach, the temperature differences specified are 41°F and 30°F respectively at the gas steam inlet and outlet.

4.2.3 Aftercondenser

The temperature differences specified are 81°F and 30°F respectively for the steam gas inlet and outlet.

4.2.4 Steam Jet Ejectors

These units are specified to handle the noncondensable gas and steam vapor carryover from the main- and intercondensers at the pressures and temperatures specified for subject equipment.

4.2.5 Cooling Water Pumps

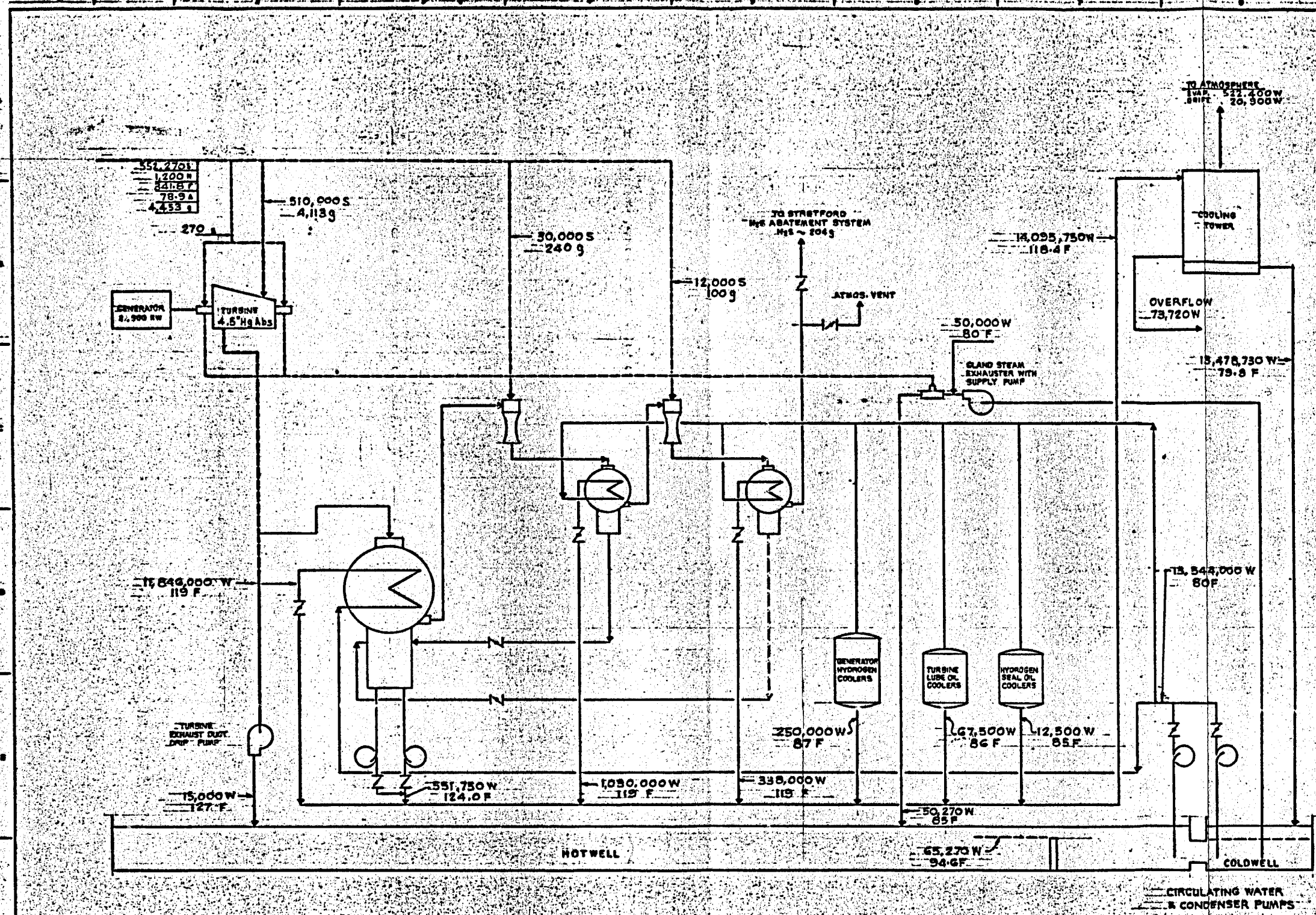
The existing cooling water system is of the "open" type utilizing atmospheric vented hot and cold wells. Two new pumps will be specified and the system revised to a "closed" type to reduce pumping power requirements. The hot and cold wells will be rearranged for use as a common supply of cold water. As was proposed on Unit 1 there are two small warm water streams that will be mixed as a "hot bypass" into the cold water. In the conversion Process Flow Diagram this requirement is met by showing the calculated colder tower off temperature required to absorb this heat.

4.2.6 Condensate Pumps

These units are specified to remove the approximately 1,000 gpm of condensate from the main condenser. The total differential head required is based on pumping from exact vacuum into the cooling water tower return header at system design head.

4.2.7 Process Flow Diagram

The conversion Process Flow Diagram PD-003 shows the material balance at the suggested Retrofit conditions. Table 4.1 shows a comparison summary of the original Reference Design Base Point and the Conversion Retrofit.



PERFORMANCE

SHUTTLE FLOW	80,870 /HR
GENERATOR ELEC. OUTPUT	26,817 KW (2)
AUXILIARY POWER (ELECTRICAL)	
CIRC. WATER (COND. PUMPS)	704 KW
COOLING TOWER FANS	310 KW
OTHER	100 KW
TOTAL	5,114 KW

NET UNIT OUTPUT	25,702 KW (1)
HEAT INPUT	648 x 10 ⁶ BTU/HR
NET HEAT RATE	25,200 BTU/KWH
REFERRED TO 80° F	

CONDITIONS

GENERATOR POWER FACTOR	0.80
TURBINE EXHAUST BACK PRESSURE	4.8 Hg
WET BULB AIR TEMPERATURE	85° F
ALL STEAM FLOWS INCLUDE	
NON-CONDENSABLE GASES	

LEGEND

- MAIN STEAM LINE
- WATER LINE
- STEAM LINE
- GAS LINE
- S POUNDS PER HOUR OF STEAM
- W POUNDS PER HOUR OF WATER
- g POUNDS PER HOUR OF GASES
- F DEGREES FAHRENHEIT
- H ENTHALPHY OF STEAM BTU/LB
- A ABSOLUTE PRESSURE PSI
- G GAUGE PRESSURE PSIG
- (1) WITHOUT N.C. GAS BLOWER DEBIT
- (2) FOR EXPECTED GROSS OUTPUT, MULTIPLY ACTUAL FIELD OUTPUT BY RETROFIT DERATING FACTOR OF 0.975

REFERENCE DRAWINGS 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10		REVISION 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10		APPROVALS DATE DATE	
---	--	---	--	---------------------------	--

ROGERS ENGINEERING CO., INC.
 ENGINEERS - ARCHITECTS
 111 KING STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA 94111

SCALE: NONE DATE: 5-21-79
 MR. G.O. CHEN DR. J.P. APPROVED: J.P.P.

PG and RETROFIT PROJECT
 UNIT No. 3 CONVERSION
 PROCESS FLOW DIAGRAM

JOB NO. 579007 PD 003 0



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4.2.8 Equipment Data Sheets

The Equipment Data Sheets associated with the conversion equipment for Units 3 and 4 are included herein. The Flow/Thermodynamic Information Sheet is only prepared for Unit 3. Exchanger Specification Sheets have been prepared for Unit 3 Main Condenser, Intercondenser, Aftercondenser, as well as Data Sheets for the Condensate and Main Water Circulating Pumps and Drivers.

4.2.9 Equipment Quotation Requests

4.2.9.1 As in previous sections, suppliers of equipment were contacted for the same equipment, described therein, in this Section.

Condensers and Ejectors

At this time data and pricing is sparse on condensers except for information furnished from DeLaval nothing has been received from Ecolaire.

DeLaval's estimate is approximately \$560,000 which includes inter- and aftercondensers and ejectors but no tubes in main condenser. Estimated surface required is 45,000 sq. ft. at approximately a cost of \$100,000. Installation cost of tubing is covered under installation costs, Section 6.4.2.

Condensate and Circulating Water Pumps

To date we have only one telephone quote. Byron Jackson quote for circulating water pump with motor in cast iron construction \$66,500, in all stainless \$171,500.

Other vendors have promised to respond but none in hand at this time.

4.2.9.2 Evaluated Equipment Costs, Units 3 and 4

The condenser and gas ejection system was bid to specification by Graham, the low bidder. The bid cost was \$750,000. A figure of \$760,000 was used in the cost estimate; (a larger hotwell will be proposed).

Changes in the specification would have the following estimated cost changes at the factory:

From TEMA (Tube .001; Shell .0001 to HEI 70% CF---Reduce by 15%
N. C. gas cooling from 95°F to 114°F---Reduce by 15%

NOTE: The steam jet ejector flows have not been given by the Suppliers.



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4.2.9.3 Equipment Summary Sheet - Units 3 and 4

TABLE 4.2

PUMP SUMMARY

UNITS 3 AND 4

<u>Specifications</u>	<u>Vendors'</u> <u>I. R.</u>	<u>Peerless</u>	<u>Byron</u> <u>Jackson</u>	<u>Worthington</u>
<u>Condensate Pump</u>				
		**		
Materials: All 316SS	Yes	N. Q.		Yes
Vertical In Line	Yes	N. Q.		Yes
NPSH Min. Required: 6 ft.	17' Req'd	N. Q.		Yes
Flow Inducer: Required	No	N. Q.		No
Efficiency %:	Not Stated	N. Q.		75%
Motor HP/rpm	40/1750	N. Q.		35
Price \$:	\$4,600	N. Q.		\$27,500
<u>C. W. Circulation Pump</u>				
Material: All S. S.	N. Q.		Yes	Yes
Alt. C. I. w/C. S. Trim	N. Q.		Yes	Yes
Type Vertical	N. Q.		Yes	Yes
Pit Pump	N. Q.		Yes	Yes
Efficiency	N. Q.		Not Stated	84%
Motor HP	N. Q.		600	585
Price \$: 316 SS			\$171,500	\$224,053
Alt. C. I. w/C. S. Trim			\$ 66,500	\$ 56,850

*C. I. Bronze Construction

**Peerless does not manufacture - In Line - S. S.,
will quote on C. W. circulating pump 1st week of 6/4/79

TABLE 4.3

Units 3 and 4 Equipment Summary Sheets

SURFACE CONDENSER SUMMARY
UNITS 3 AND 4

<u>Specification Main Condenser</u>	<u>VENDOR</u>			
	<u>Ecolaire</u>	<u>DeLaval</u>	<u>Graham</u>	<u>Southwestern</u>
Fouling Factor Tube 0.001) Shell 0.0001)	To Specs	To Specs	To Specs	No Quote
Shell Side Δp allow. 0.3 psi	To Specs	To Specs	To Specs	No Quote
Cooling H ₂ O Flow gpm: 26,500	26,500	26,500	26,500	No Quote
Tube Length Max.: 40 ft.	~41'	Not Stated	46.5	No Quote
Number of Passes: Water Side	2	Not Stated	2	No Quote
Surface Area: As Required Sq. Ft.	53,800	45,000	58,000	No Quote
Cost of Tubes (Less Installation) @ \$1.19/ft. 304L Welded, ERW .075" 22 ga.	~329,000	100,000 Est.	Included	No Quote
Temperature Outlet Gas °F 95	To Specs	To Specs	To Specs	No Quote
Condensate Outlet Temperature °F: 124 est.	Not Stated	Not Stated	Not Stated	No Quote
	(Alt. 1 & 2) Not Stated	-		
Dimensions: As Required (Overall)	18' W x 47.5' L	Not Stated	9'-10" W x 59'L x 17'H	No Quote
Inter- and Aftercondenser: & Ejectors	Required	Yes	Yes	No Quote
Purchase Price \$:	\$1,119,000	\$670,000	\$750,000	No Quote
Delivery	Not Stated	Not Stated	32-36 Weeks	No Quote

EXCHANGER SPECIFICATION SHEET

4.2.8.1

PROJECT GEYSERS RETROFIT	EXCHANGER MFR.			
PLANT UNIT 3 OR 4	REQ. NO.			
EXCHANGER NO.	ITEM NO.			
SERVICE OF UNIT MAIN CONDENSER				
SIZE	TYPE	CONNECTED IN	SERIES	PARALLEL
SURFACE PER UNIT	EFF. GR.	SHELLS PER UNIT	SURFACE PER SHELL	EFF. GR.
PERFORMANCE OF ONE UNIT				
		SHELL SIDE	TUBE SIDE	
FLUID CIRCULATED	STEAM + NONCONDENSABLES		COOLING WATER	
TOTAL FLUID ENTERING LBS/HR	514,293		11,846,000	
VAPOR				
LIQUID			(23,690 gpm)	
STEAM				
NON-CONDENSIBLES	AIR 180 + N.C. GAS 413 (MOL WT 32.4)			
FLUID VAPORIZED OR CONDENSED				
STEAM CONDENSED	500,420			
GRAVITY-LIQUID			1.0	
VISCOSITY-LIQUID				
MOLECULAR WEIGHT-VAPORS				
SPECIFIC HEAT-LIQUIDS	1.0 B.T.U./#		1.0 B.T.U./#	
LATENT HEAT-VAPORS	923.6 B.T.U./#		B.T.U./#	
TEMPERATURE IN			80	°F
TEMPERATURE OUT	NOTE 1 & 2		119	°F
OPERATING PRESSURE	@ INLET 2.05 PSIA			
NUMBER OF PASSES per Shell	ONE			
VELOCITY			7	FT./SEC.
PRESSURE DROP ALLOW/CALC.	0.25/		15/	#/SQ.IN.
FOULING RESISTANCE MIN.	HEI CLEANLINESS 70%			
HEAT EXCHANGED - B.T.U./HR	462 X 10⁶		M.T.D. (CORRECTED)	
TRANSFER RATE - SERVICE	CLEAN		ACTUAL FOULING FACTOR	
CONSTRUCTION				
DESIGN PRESSURE	FULL VAC & 14.6		75	#/SQ.IN.
TEST PRESSURE			113	#/SQ.IN.
DESIGN TEMPERATURE	150		150	°F
TUBES 304L SS	NO.	0. D. 3/4" BWG. 22	AVG. MIN.	LENGTH
SHELL 304L SS		I. D. O.D.		PITCH
SHELL COVER	FLOATING HEAD COVER			
CHANNEL	CHANNEL COVER C.S. (COAL TAR EPOXY LINED)			
TUBE SHEETS - STATIONARY 304L SS	FLOATING			
BAFFLES - CROSS	TYPE		THICKNESS	
BAFFLE - LONG 304L SS	TYPE		THICKNESS	
TUBE SUPPORTS 304L SS	THICKNESS			
GASKETS				
CONNECTIONS - SHELL - IN	OUT		RATING	
-CHANNEL-IN	OUT		RATING	
CORROSION ALLOWANCE - SHELL SIDE	NONE		TUBE SIDE NONE	
CODE REQUIREMENTS ASME TUBE SIDE, HEI	TEMA CLASS "C"		SPEC.	
WEIGHTS - EACH SHELL	BUNDLE		FULL OF WATER	
NOTE INDICATE AFTER EACH PART WHETHER STRESS RELIEVED (S. R.) AND WHETHER RADIOGRAPHED (X-R)				
REMARKS: -				
NOTE 1. N.C. GAS + STEAM VAPOR SHALL BE COOLED TO 114°F				
2. CONDENSATE SHALL BE COOLED TO 124°F				
3. CONDENSATE HOT WELL SHALL HAVE MINIMUM HOLD UP OF 133 CU.FT.				
REV.	DATE		JOB NO.	DRWG. NO.
	4/1/79	ISSUED FOR REPORT NO.1	519007	DS-12-015
		BF	-20	0

EXCHANGER SPECIFICATION SHEET

4.2.8.2

1	PROJECT GEYSERS RETROFIT	EXCHANGER MFR.
2	PLANT UNIT 3 OR 4	REQ. NO.
3	EXCHANGER NO.	ITEM NO.
4	SERVICE OF UNIT INTER CONDENSER	
5	SIZE	TYPE CONNECTED IN SERIES PARALLEL
6	SURFACE PER UNIT	EFF. GR. SHELLS PER UNIT SURFACE PER SHELL EFF. GR.
PERFORMANCE OF ONE UNIT		
7	FLUID CIRCULATED	SHELL SIDE
8	TOTAL FLUID ENTERING LBS/HR	TUBE SIDE
9	VAPOR	
10	LIQUID	
11	STEAM	
12	NON-CONDENSIBLES	
13	FLUID VAPORIZED OR CONDENSED	
14	STEAM CONDENSED	
15	GRAVITY-LIQUID	
16	VISCOSITY-LIQUID	
17	MOLECULAR WEIGHT-VAPORS	
18	SPECIFIC HEAT-LIQUIDS	B.T.U./#
19	LATENT HEAT-VAPORS	B.T.U./#
20	TEMPERATURE IN	°F
21	TEMPERATURE OUT	°F
22	OPERATING PRESSURE	
23	NUMBER OF PASSES	
24	VELOCITY	FT./SEC.
25	PRESSURE DROP ALLOW/CALC.	#/SQ.IN.
26	FOULING RESISTANCE MIN.	
27		
28	HEAT EXCHANGED - B.T.U./HR.	M.T.D. (CORRECTED)
29	TRANSFER RATE - SERVICE	CLEAN ACTUAL FOULING FACTOR
CONSTRUCTION		
30	DESIGN PRESSURE	#/SQ.IN.
31	TEST PRESSURE	#/SQ.IN.
32	DESIGN TEMPERATURE	°F
33	TUBES	NO. O.D. B.W.G. AVG. BIN. LENGTH PITCH
34	SHELL	I.D. O.D. THICKNESS
35	SHELL COVER	FLOATING HEAD COVER
36	CHANNEL	CHANNEL COVER C.S. (COAL TAR EPOXY LINED)
37	TUBE SHEETS - STATIONARY	FLOATING
38	BAFFLES - CROSS	TYPE THICKNESS
39	BAFFLE - LONG	TYPE THICKNESS
40	TUBE SUPPORTS	THICKNESS
41	GASKETS	
42	CONNECTIONS - SHELL - IN	OUT RATING
43	-CHANNEL-IN	OUT RATING
44	CORROSION ALLOWANCE - SHELL SIDE	NONE TUBE SIDE NONE
45	CODE REQUIREMENTS	ASME TEMA CLASS SPEC.
46	WEIGHTS - EACH SHELL	BUNDLE FULL OF WATER
47	NOTE INDICATE AFTER EACH PART WHETHER STRESS RELIEVED (S.R.) AND WHETHER RADIOGRAPHED (X-R)	
48	REMARKS: -	
49	NOTE 1. N.C. GAS + STEAM VAPOR SHALL BE COOLED TO 110°F	
50	2. CONDENSATE SHALL BE COOLED TO 120°F	
51	3. CONDENSATE HOT WELL SHALL HAVE MINIMUM HOLD UP OF 27 CU. FT.	
	REV.	DATE
	Δ	6/1/79
	Δ	ISSUED FOR REPORT NO. 1
	Δ	BF
	JOB NO.	DRWG. NO.
	3-77007-20	DS-12-016
	REV.	0

EXCHANGER SPECIFICATION SHEET

4.2.8.3

PROJECT GEYSERS RETROFIT	EXCHANGER MFR.			
PLANT UNIT 3 OR 4	REQ. NO.			
EXCHANGER NO.	ITEM NO.			
SERVICE OF UNIT AFTER CONDENSER				
SIZE	TYPE	CONNECTED IN	SERIES	PARALLEL
SURFACE PER UNIT	EFF. GR.	SHELLS PER UNIT	SURFACE PER SHELL	EFF. GR.
PERFORMANCE OF ONE UNIT				
		SHELL SIDE	TUBE SIDE	
FLUID CIRCULATED	STEAM + NON CONDENSABLES		COOLING WATER	
TOTAL FLUID ENTERING	LEB/HR	17,593	338,000	
VAPOR				
LIQUID			(676 gpm)	
STEAM				
NON-CONDENSIBLES	AIR 180 + 4453 N.C. GAS (MOL WT 32.4)			
FLUID VAPORIZED OR CONDENSED				
STEAM CONDENSED		12,710		
GRAVITY-LIQUID				1.0
VISCOSITY-LIQUID				
MOLECULAR WEIGHT-VAPORS				
SPECIFIC HEAT-LIQUIDS			1.0 B.T.U./#	1.0 B.T.U./#
LATENT HEAT-VAPORS		~1042	B.T.U./#	B.T.U./#
TEMPERATURE IN		~201	°F	80
TEMPERATURE OUT		NOTE 1 & 2	°F	119
OPERATING PRESSURE		@ INLET 14.1 PSIA		
NUMBER OF PASSES				
VELOCITY			FT./SEC.	7
PRESSURE DROP	ALLOW/CALC.	0.1/	#/SQ.IN.	15/
FOULING RESISTANCE	MIN.	0.0001		0.001
HEAT EXCHANGED - B.T.U./HR.	13.2 x 10⁶ BTU/HR		M.T.D. (CORRECTED)	
TRANSFER RATE - SERVICE		CLEAN	ACTUAL FOULING FACTOR	
CONSTRUCTION				
DESIGN PRESSURE		FULL VAC + 60	#/SQ.IN.	75
TEST PRESSURE		90	#/SQ.IN.	113
DESIGN TEMPERATURE		210	°F	150
TUBES	304L SS	NO.	O.D. 3/4"	BWG. 22
SHELL	304L SS		I.D. O.D.	THICKNESS
SHELL COVER				FLOATING HEAD COVER
CHANNEL				CHANNEL COVER C.S. (COAL TAR EPOXY LINED)
TUBE SHEETS - STATIONARY	304L SS			FLOATING
BAFFLES - CROSS		TYPE		THICKNESS
BAFFLE - LONG	304L SS	TYPE		THICKNESS
TUBE SUPPORTS	304L SS			THICKNESS
GASKETS				
CONNECTIONS - SHELL - IN		OUT		RATING
- CHANNEL-IN		OUT		RATING
CORROSION ALLOWANCE - SHELL SIDE	NONE			TUBE SIDE NONE
CODE REQUIREMENTS	ASME		TEMA CLASS "C"	SPEC.
WEIGHTS - EACH SHELL		BUNDLE		FULL OF WATER
NOTE INDICATE AFTER EACH PART WHETHER STRESS RELIEVED (S.R.) AND WHETHER RADIOGRAPHED (X-R)				
REMARKS -				
NOTES 1. N.C. GAS + STEAM VAPOR SHALL BE COOLED TO 110°F				
2. CONDENSATE SHALL BE COOLED TO 136°F				
3. CONDENSATE HOT WELL SHALL HAVE MINIMUM HOLD UP OF 27 CU. FT.				
REV.	DATE		JOB NO.	DRWG. NO.
	6/1/79	ISSUED FOR REPORT NO.1	5-79007-20	DS-12-017

PLANT: UNIT NO. 3 or 4

	<u>1st Jet</u>	<u>2nd Jet</u>
A. <u>INLET CONDITIONS</u>		
1. <u>MOTIVE STEAM</u>		
Enthalpy (BTU/lb.) @ <u>78.9</u> psia	<u>1200</u>	<u>1200</u>
Available Pressure @ Jet psia	<u>65</u>	<u>65</u>
Flow Required (lb./hr.):		
Preliminary Eng. Calc.	<u>~30,000</u>	<u>~12,000</u>
Manufacturer Calc. *		
2. <u>INLET GASES</u>		
Air leakage (lb./hr.)	<u>180</u>	<u>180</u>
N. C. Gas (Mol. wt. <u>32.4</u>) (lb./hr.)	<u>4,110</u>	<u>4,340</u>
Steam Vapor (lb./hr.)	<u>9,580</u>	<u>960</u>
Temperature (°F)	<u>114</u>	<u>110</u>
Pressure (psia)	<u>1.7</u>	<u>4.65</u>
B. <u>DISCHARGE CONDITIONS</u>		
Temperature (°F) *		
Pressure (psia)	<u>4.85</u>	<u>14.1</u>
C. <u>SITE CONDITIONS</u>		
Temperature (°F) <u>65°F WET BULB</u>		
Pressure (psia) <u>13.9</u>		

*To be specified by Supplier

No.	Date	Description	Ck.	R.App	C.App
0	6/1/79	ISSUED FOR REPORT NO. 1	BF		

ROGERS ENGINEERING CO., INC. 111 PINE STREET SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF. 94111	Geysers Retrofit Project Flow/Thermodynamic information Sheet	DRAWING NO	REV.
		DS-12-027	0
J B NO. S-79007-20	Client: PGandE	Date	SHEET OF

DATA SHEET FOR CENTRIFUGAL PUMPS

FOR PG&E Retrofit Project NO. 4.2.8.5
 ITEM NO. _____
 SITE Geysers UNIT 3 or 4
 SERVICE Condensate Pump MOTOR DRIVE TURBINE DRIVE _____
 PUMP MFR _____ SIZE AND TYPE _____ NO. REQ'D 2 per unit.
 API STD. 610 APPLIES: YES _____ NO

OPERATING CONDITIONS		RATED	PERFORMANCE
LIQUID <u>Water containing dissolved H₂S</u>	U.S. gpm at <u>124°F</u>	<u>1116</u>	PROPOSAL CURVE NO. _____
DISCH PRESS., <u>psia</u>	<u>38.0</u>	<u>psia</u>	NPSH REQ'D (WATER), ft _____
SUCT PRESS., <u>psia</u>	<u>5.5</u>	<u>psia</u>	NO. OF STAGES _____ RPM _____
SP GR at <u>124°F = 0.99</u>	DIFF PRESS., <u>psi</u>	<u>32.5</u>	DES EFF. _____ BHP _____
VAP PRESS at <u>124°F psia 1.89</u>	DIFF HEAD, <u>ft</u>	<u>75</u>	MAX BHP RATED IMP. _____
VIS at <u>SSU</u>	NPSH AVAIL., <u>ft</u>	<u>6</u>	MAX HEAD RATED IMP, ft _____
CORR/EROS caused by <u>dissolved H₂S</u>			MIN CONTINUOUS, gpm (BY MFR) _____

CONSTRUCTION AND MATERIALS					PERFORMANCE
CASING-MOUNTING (CENTERLINE) (FOOT) (BRACKET) (VERTICAL <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>)					WATER COOLING _____
SPLIT (AXIAL) (RADIAL)					BEARINGS _____
TYPE (SINGLE VOLUTE) (DOUBLE VOLUTE) (DIFFUSER <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>)					STUFF BOX _____
TAPPED OPENINGS (VENT) (DRAIN) (GAGE CONNS.)					PEDESTAL _____
NOZZLES SIZE ASA RATING FACING POSITION					GLAND _____
SUCTION					TOTAL WATER REQ'D, gpm _____
DISCHARGE					
IMPELLER DIAM RATED MIN MAX TYPE					PACKING COOLING _____
MFR'S BEARING NO. RADIAL THRUST					FLUSHING _____
LUBRICATION LUBRICATOR TYPE & SIZE					AUX PIPING _____
COUPLING TYPE OR MAKE SIZE BASE PLATE					
CPL'G GUARD, MEETING <u>Cal. OSHA</u> SAFETY REQNTS.					
PACKING					
MECH SEAL <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CLASS CODE MFR					
<u>Crane preferred.</u>					

MATERIAL CODE - EXTERNAL CASING		INTERNAL PARTS				SHOP TESTS	REQUIRED	WITNESSED
I - CAST IRON	INTERNALS CODE	I	B	S	C	X		
B - BRONZE	IMPELLER	I	B	S	C	SS 316		
S - STEEL	INNER CASE PARTS	I	I	S	C	SS 316		
C - 11%3% CHROME	SLEEVE (PACKED)	Ch	Ch	Af	Af	SS 316		
A - ALLOY	SLEEVE (SEAL)	C	C	C	C	SS 316		
h - HARDENED	WEAR PARTS	I	B	Ch	Ch			
f - FACED	SHAFT	S	S	S	S	SS 316		
X - AS NOTED								

MOTOR DRIVER BY	TURBINE DRIVER BY	MFR FINAL DATA (AS BUILT)
ITEM NO. _____ MTD BY _____	ITEM NO. _____ MTD BY _____	ACTUAL IMPELLER DIAM _____
HP _____ RPM _____ FRAME _____	HP _____ RPM _____ MATL _____	TEST CURVE NO. _____
MFR _____	MFR and TYPE _____	OUTLINE DWG. NO. _____
TYPE <u>TEFC</u> INSUL _____	INLET STEAM PSH _____ TEMP F _____	PUMP SECT. DWG. NO. _____
ENC _____ TEMP RISE C _____	EXHAUST _____	SEAL DIM. DWG. NO. _____
VOLTS/PHASE/CYCLES <u>460/3/60</u>	STEAM RATE, FL _____ lb/BHP/HR _____	PUMP SERIAL NO. _____
BEARINGS _____ LUBE _____	BEARINGS _____ LUBE _____	
FULL LOAD AMPS _____	NOZZLES SIZE ASA RATING FACING POSITION	
	INLET _____	
	EXHAUST _____	

Notes: 1) The selected pump casing & impellers shall be sized to allow for an increase of at least 5% in head at design flow by a change of impeller diameter.
 2) The selected pump shall include a flow inducer

NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	JOB NO.	DRAWING NO.	REV.
			5-79007	14-003-Af	
			-20	14-003-B	0
0	5/29/77	Issued for Milestone Report No. 1			

POWER _____ VOLTS
 CYCLES _____ PHASES
 STEAM _____ PSIG _____ °F
 EXHAUST PRESS _____



VERTICAL CENTRIFUGAL PUMP DATA SHEET

SPECIFICATION NO. _____

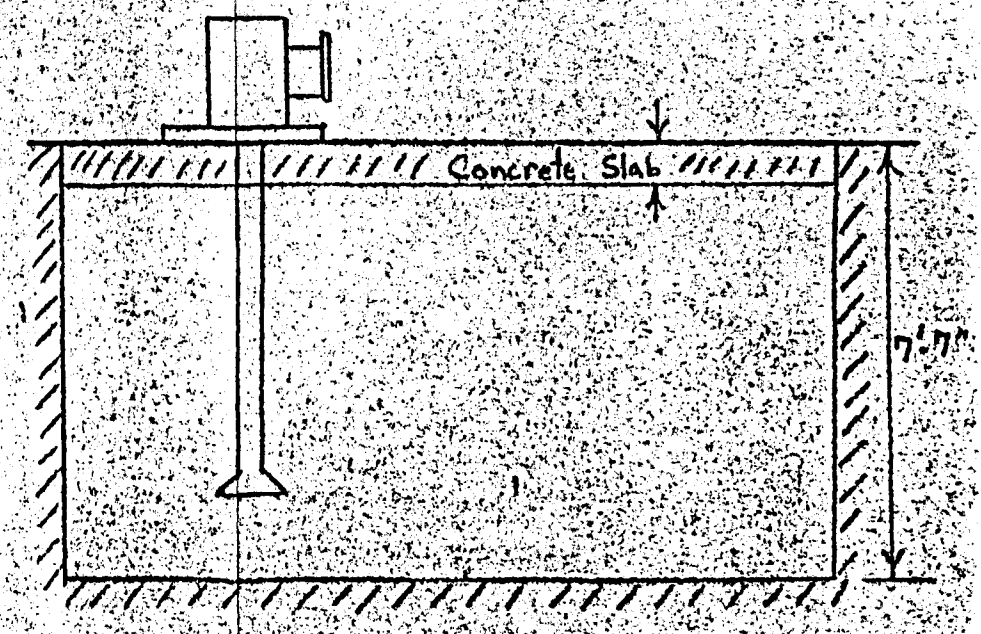
MANUFACTURER: _____ 4.2.8.6
 REQ. NO. _____

INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS - FILL IN EVERY SPACE FOR EACH PUMP TO MAKE BID COMPLETE

PUMP NUMBER		Unit	
		3 or 4	
A. SERVICE <u>Cooling water circ pumps</u>		(2 required.)	
TYPE OF INSTALLATION (WELL, PIT, SUMP, DOUBLE CASE) <u>Sump</u>			
B. LIQUID CHARACTERISTICS			
LIQUID PUMPED <u>Water</u>			
SPECIFIC GRAVITY AT FLOW TEMP <u>1.0</u>			
FLOW TEMP _____ °F <u>80.0</u>			
VISCOSITY AT FLOW TEMP _____ (CENTISTOKES) (SSU)			
VAPOR PRESSURE AT FLOW TEMP _____ PSIA <u>0.507</u>			
C. CAPACITY AND PRESSURES			
GPM AT FLOW TEMP <u>16,282</u>			
SUCTION AT PUMP (IF NOT OPEN SUCTION) _____ PSIA <u>15.4</u>			
DIFFERENTIAL (INCL. LIFT FROM INLET) _____ PSI <u>44</u>			
DISCHARGE (AT DISCH. CONN.) _____ PSIA <u>59.4</u>			
DIFFERENTIAL HEAD (TOTAL, NOT INCL. VEL. HEAD) _____ FT <u>104</u>			
NPSH A) REQ'D & B) AVAILABLE <u>32</u>			
SUBMERGENCE A) REQ'D & B) AVAILABLE <u>3</u>			
ENTRANCE VEL. AT IMPELLER EYE AT RATING _____ FT/SEC			
IMPELLER EYE AREA _____ SQ IN.			
MAX CASE WORKING PRESSURE _____ PSIG			
D. MANUFACTURER'S SIZE & TYPE PUMP			
TYPE PUMP _____			
NUMBER OF STAGES _____			
SERIAL NUMBER (ON FINAL DATA SHEET) _____			
E. OPERATION			
RPM _____			
EFFICIENCY AT RATING _____ %			
BHP AT RATING _____			
MAX BHP FOR BID IMPELLER DIAMETER _____			
DRIVER HORSEPOWER _____			
IMPELLER DIAMETER, MAXIMUM / MINIMUM _____ IN.			
IMPELLER DIAMETER FOR RATING _____ IN.			
ROTATION (CW) (CCW) VIEWED FROM TOP _____			
DRIVE: (MOTOR) (TURBINE) (RT ANGLE GEAR) _____			
DRIVER TO BE FURNISHED BY _____			
MOTOR OR TURBINE DATA SHEET NO. _____			
MOTOR TYPE (TEFC) (WEATHERPROOF) (EXPL PRF) _____			
NEMA FRAME NO. OF MOTOR _____			
F. CONSTRUCTION AND MATERIAL			
CASE: OUTER <u>SS 316</u>			
INNER <u>SS 316</u>			
IMPELLER TYPE (OPEN) (CLOSED) (AXIAL) (MIXED FLOW) _____			
IMPELLER MTL <u>SS 316</u>			
CASE WEAR RINGS _____			
IMPELLER WEAR RINGS <u>SS 316</u>			
SHAFT IN PUMP BOWL <u>SS 316</u>			
LINESHAFT <u>SS 316</u>			
LINESHAFT DIAMETER _____			
LINESHAFT BEARING SPACING _____			
SHAFT SLEEVES <u>SS 316</u>			
SHAFT ENCLOSING TUBE <u>SS 316</u>			
DISCHARGE COLUMN OR PIPE <u>SS 316</u>			
DISCHARGE HEAD OR ELBOW <u>SS 316</u>			

LANTERN RING _____	
THROAT BUSHING _____	
CASING STUDS _____	
GLAND BOLTS _____	
GLAND _____	
BASEPLATE OR FLOOR PLATE _____	
COUPLING (RIGID) (FLEXIBLE) MANUFACTURER _____	
STRAINER _____	
FLOAT CONTROLS (TYPE & MFR) _____	
G. STUFFING BOX DETAILS	
STUFFING BOX, JACKETED OR PLAIN _____	
MECHANICAL SEAL - TYPE _____	
DIMENSIONS: LENGTH OF STUFF-BOX _____ IN.	
INSIDE DIAM. _____ IN.	
DIAM SHAFT OR SHAFT SLEEVE _____ IN.	
WIDTH LANTERN RING _____ IN.	
½ LANT RING TO OPEN END OF BOX _____ IN.	
NO. RINGS & SIZE PACKING _____	
H. BEARINGS AND LUBRICATION	
TYPE BEARINGS - THRUST _____ (SAE NO.)	
RADIAL _____ (SAE NO.)	
LINESHAFT _____	
PUMP BOWL _____	
LUBRICATION: W = WATER, O = OIL, G = GREASE _____	
THRUST _____	
RADIAL _____	
LINESHAFT _____	
PUMP BOWL _____	
TYPE OF CLOSURES _____	
TYPE AND CAP. OF LUBRICATOR FOR PUMP _____	
TYPE AND CAP. OF LUBRICATOR FOR DRIVER OR GEAR _____	
THRUST BEARING TYPE AND CAPACITY _____	
THRUST LOAD (NORMAL / MAX) _____	
THRUST LOAD (AT START) _____	
THRUST BEARING LOCATION (MOTOR, HEAD, PUMP, ETC.) _____	
CLEARANCE ADJUSTMENT (COLLAR, NUT, COUPLING, ETC.) _____	
J. TESTING	
DYNAMIC BALANCING OF IMPELLERS AT RATED SPEED _____	
PERFORMANCE TEST (WITNESSED) (NOT WITNESSED) _____	
HYDROSTATIC TEST (WITNESSED) (NOT WITNESSED) _____	
HYDROSTATIC TEST PRESSURE _____ PSIG	
INSPECTION REQUIRED? _____	
RUNNING TEST WITH ACTUAL DRIVER _____	
K. MISCELLANEOUS	
PRICE, EACH (FOB) (FAS) (NOT INCL. DRIVER) _____	
EXTRA COST FOR DRIVER _____	
EXTRA COST FOR _____	
EXTRA COST FOR _____	
WT. OF BARE PUMP _____ LB.	
WT. OF GEAR _____	
WT. OF DRIVER _____	
INPUT AND OUTPUT SPEEDS OF GEAR _____	
SHIPMENT FROM RECEIPT OF ORDER _____ WEEKS	

OUTLINE DIMENSION DRAWING NO. _____
GROSS SECTION DRAWING NO. _____
PERFORMANCE CURVE _____
L. DIMENSIONAL DATA
SIZE OF BASE PLATE (DIAM) OR (____ X ____)
DEPTH, BASE PLATE TO BOTTOM OF ASSEMBLY _____
BOTTOM OF PIT TO BOTTOM OF ASSEMBLY _____
INLET TO BOTTOM OF ASSEMBLY (IF VERT. INLET) _____
MAX & MIN SUBMERGENCE _____
SIZE OF WELL OR PIT _____
MAX HT ABOVE BASE OR FLOOR (NORMAL) _____
MAX HT ABOVE BASE OR FLOOR FOR PULLING PUMP _____
MAX LIFT (LBS) FOR MAINTENANCE _____
SUCTION, VERTICAL OR HORIZONTAL _____
SIZE & RATING _____
FACING _____
FACE TO ½ SHAFT (IF HORIZ) _____
DIST. ABOVE OR BELOW BASE (STATE WHICH) _____
DISCHARGE VERTICAL OR HORIZONTAL _____
SIZE & RATING _____
FACING _____
FACE TO ½ SHAFT _____
DIST. ABOVE OR BELOW BASE (STATE WHICH) _____
Notes: 1) Water contains corrosive H ₂ S
2) The selected pump casing and impellers shall be sized to allow for an increase of at least 5% in head at design flow by a change of impeller diameter.



USE THIS SPACE FOR NOTES OR SKETCHES

REV	DATE	DATE
0	5/29/77 Issued for Milestone Report	5/29/77



Rogers

The main C. W. pumps as bid to specification varied from a low of \$171,500 (Byron Jackson) to a high of \$224,053 (Worthington). A figure of \$165,000 was used in the cost estimate; adjusted to cover the reduction in pump capacity from 17,275 gpm to 16,282 gpm. These pumps are rated at 60% system capacity.

The condensate pumps as bid to specification resulted in one bid of \$27,500 (Worthington). In this case a judgment was made to use a figure of \$20,000 since we believe other bidders would, given time, bid a figure less than Worthington.

4.3 Installation Description

4.3.1 The dimensions verifications in the field were based on design drawings obtained from PGandE and the drawings showing the proposed location of the tube and shell condenser and the associated equipment. It should be noted that the location and configuration of the turbine exhaust duct of Unit 3 is different from Unit 4. Therefore, the principal of the proposed modification is the same but not the detailed execution.

The passageway between the turbine building and the cooling tower has been kept clear, being the main artery of this plant and exits from the turbine building to this area are unobstructed as well. The lowest point of the main condenser shell should be 15'-0" above grade.

With the assumed main condenser length of 46'-0" it seems that sufficient space is available to install the new equipment. The total required length including tube pulling area is 100'-0". This allows a clearance from the property cyclone fence of 4'-0".

4.3.2 The intercondenser can be mounted in the existing steel structure as the existing equipment.

4.3.3 The aftercondenser also will be located in the existing steel structure.

4.3.4 The steam ejectors will be supported in the existing steel structure.

4.3.5 The circulating water pump as specified and will be installed on the existing concrete pad before the cooling tower.

The existing condensate pump will be removed and replaced by a horizontal centrifugal pump as specified.



Rogers

- 4.3.6 The existing hot and cold well has to be modified to allow free communication between the two wells and also allow the installation of two circulating water pumps.
(Refer to B-02-003)

The existing cooling tower and condenser supply pumps did not meet the required 15 psi pressure drop across the tube side of the surface condenser to satisfy the new system discharge head requirement.

A small ~ 30 gpm existing drip pump delivering drips to the existing hot well should have its discharge rerouted to the new shell condenser drip pot.

The water from the tower presently has a pH value between 7 and 8. There has been no direction at this time to change the pH range.

The auxiliary power requirements for the new pumps will increase.

It should be noted that the main circulating water pumps are 50% each nominally; however, the two new condensate pumps are capable of supplying 100% of the required flow at full load. As shown in the cooling water system diagram the condensate pumps will discharge into the circulating water return header to the cooling tower. The project costs of the pumps installed are detailed in the project costs section of this report. The system characteristics are shown on drawings at the end of this section.

- 4.3.7 The installation and location of the tube and shell condenser at Unit 3 are shown on the enclosed drawings. The principle applied at Unit 3 was followed at Unit 4. The only variance is the turbine exhaust duct configuration of Unit 4.

The east corner of the power building of Unit 4 has some equipment retired in place. This machinery will have to be removed before new equipment can be installed.

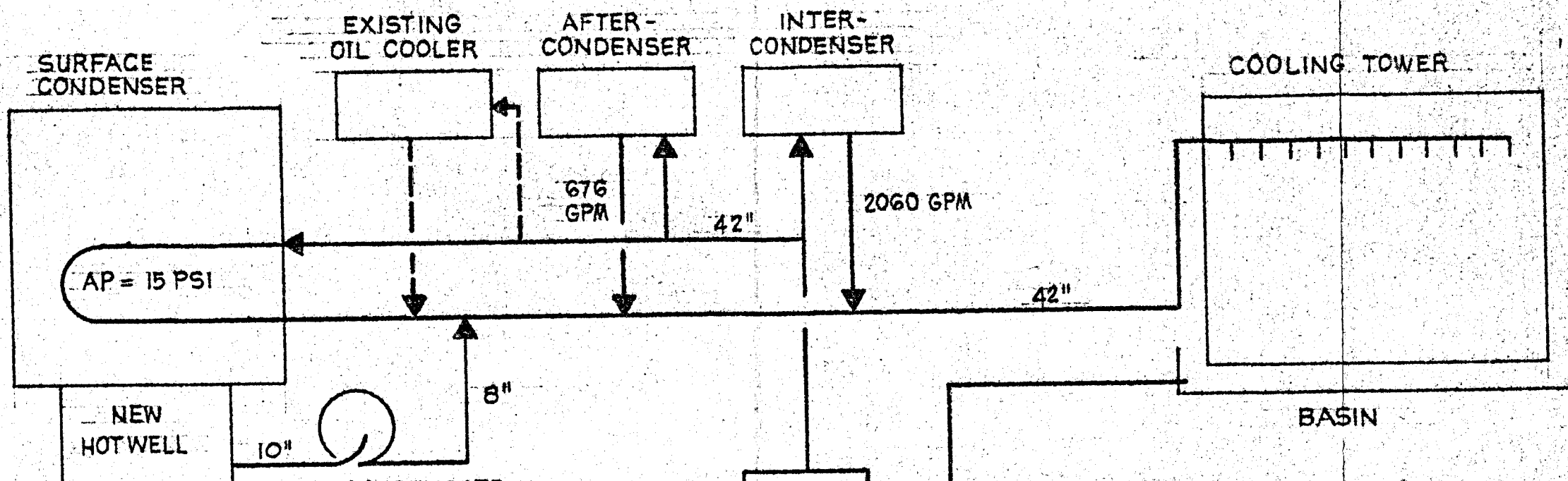
- 4.3.8 Site Plan - Units 3 and 4

Enclosed herein is a Site Plan for Units 3 and 4, indicating the new conversion equipment locations with existing field survey dimensions on the presently existing equipment. This survey data was obtained from actual site investigations.

- 4.3.9 Auxiliary Power Requirements

The auxiliary power requirements at full load as designed and the additional power necessary for the pumps after retrofit for Units 3

UNIT - 3



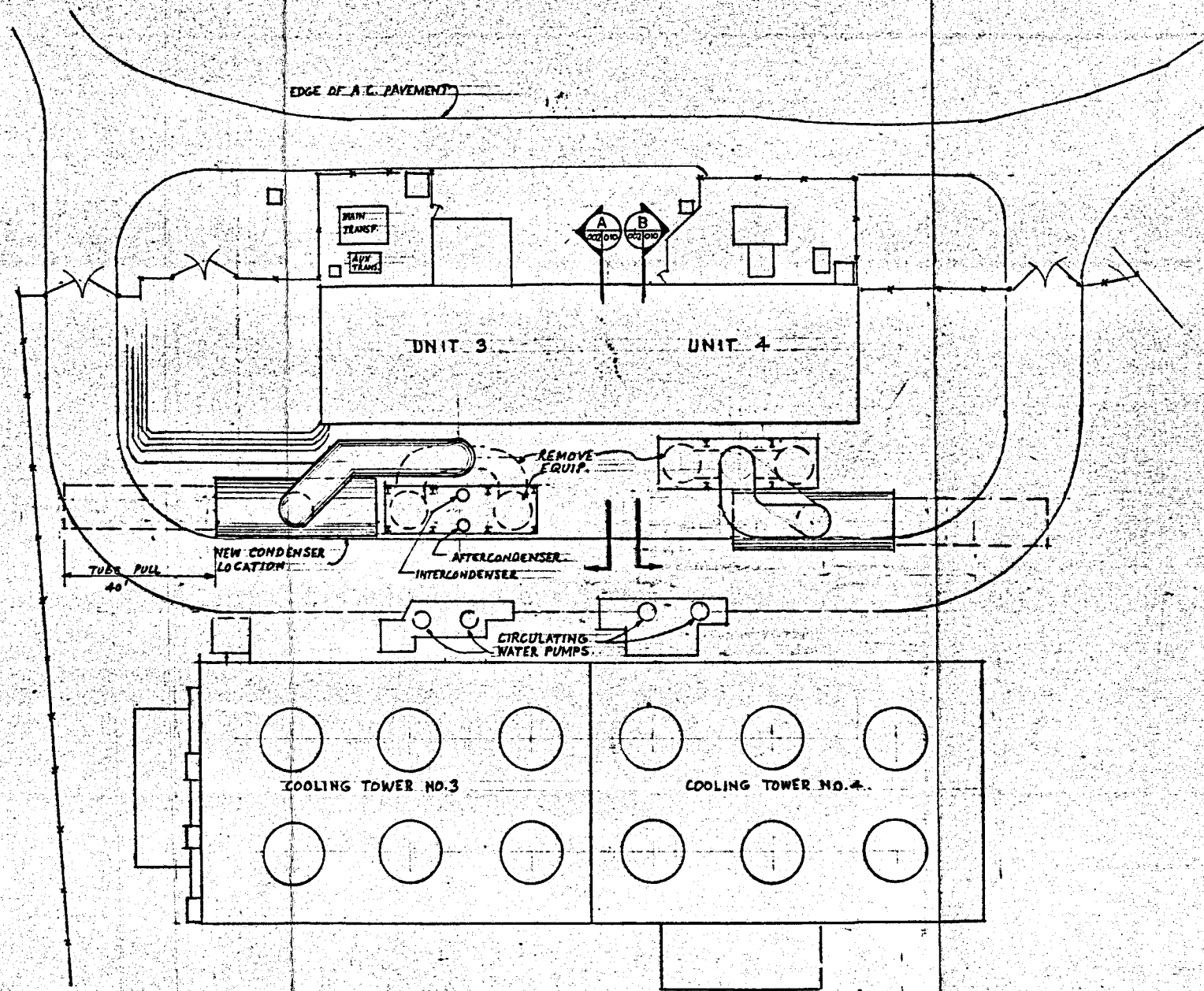
OLD C.T. SUPPLY PUMP DOES NOT MEET NEW SYSTEM TDH REQUIREMENTS - TO BE REMOVED.
 45' TDH
 29,000 GPM
 392 BHP
 REPLACED BY NEW CONDENSATE PUMPS 14-003-A & 14-003-B

*NOTE: HOTWELL AND COLDWELL TERMINOLOGY NO LONGER APPLIES, BECAUSE COOLING WATER TEMPERATURE IS UNIFORM.

HOTWELL COLDWELL
 MAIN CIRCULATING WATER PUMPS - 50% NOMINAL EACH
 104 TDH
 16,282 GPM
 502 BHP

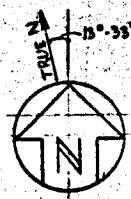
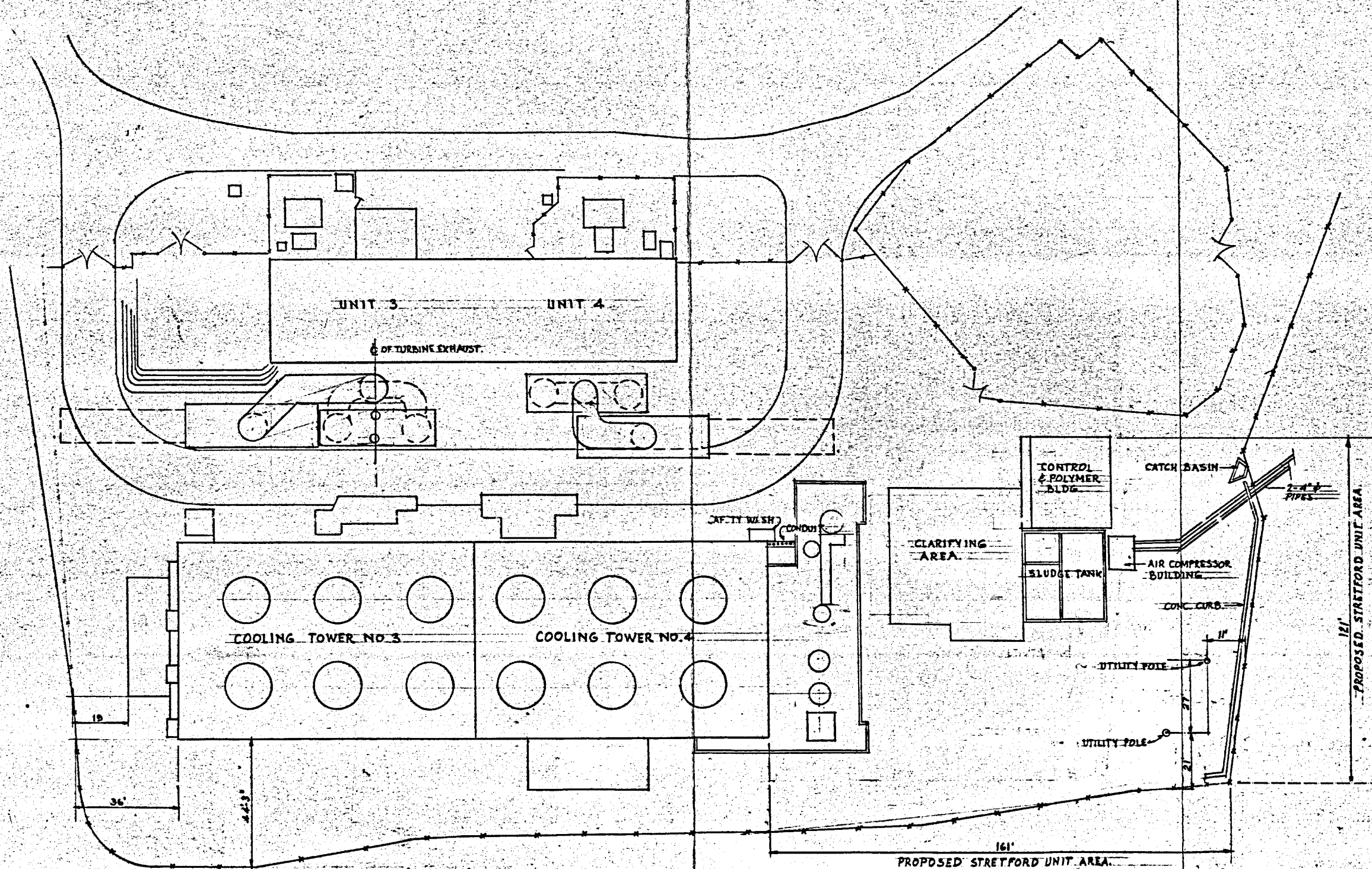
OLD CONDENSER SUPPLY PUMP DOES NOT MEET HEAD REQUIREMENTS - TO BE REMOVED.
 OLD PUMP
 43' TDH
 27,900 GPM
 356 BHP
 REPLACED BY NEW MAIN CIRCULATING WATER PUMPS 14-004-A & 14-004-B

					ROGERS ENGINEERING CO., INC. ENGINEERS & ARCHITECTS 111 PINE STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF. 94111					PG and E RETROFIT PROJECT UNIT 3 COOLING WATER SYSTEM						
SCALE: NONE DATE 5-29-79					APPROVED: _____ DATE _____					JOB NO. 579007-10 B-02-003						
DR. CO. CHK. <i>EJM</i> ENG. <i>EJM</i> APPROVED <i>FDS</i>										REV. 0						
REV.	DATE	REVISION	ENG.	CHK.	RECD. APPR.	CLIENT APPR.										



SITE PLAN-UNITS 3 & 4
1" = 20'-0"

				ROGERS ENGINEERING CO., INC. ENGINEERS - ARCHITECTS 111 PINE STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA 94111		P.G. and E RETROFIT STUDY UNITS 3 & 4 SITE PLAN	
REFERENCE DRAWINGS		REV. ZONE DATE		SCALE 1" = 20'-0" DATE 5-22-72		APPROVALS	
REVISION		DR. CHK. APPR.		DR. E.A. CHK. LFW ENG. EJM APPROVED <i>[Signature]</i>		DATE DATE	
						JOB NO. SK-002 0 S-79007	



**UNIT 3 & UNIT 4 SITE PLAN
WITH PROPOSED STRETFORD UNIT AREA**

REF. NO.	DATE	REVISION	DR.	CHK.	APPR.	RECD.

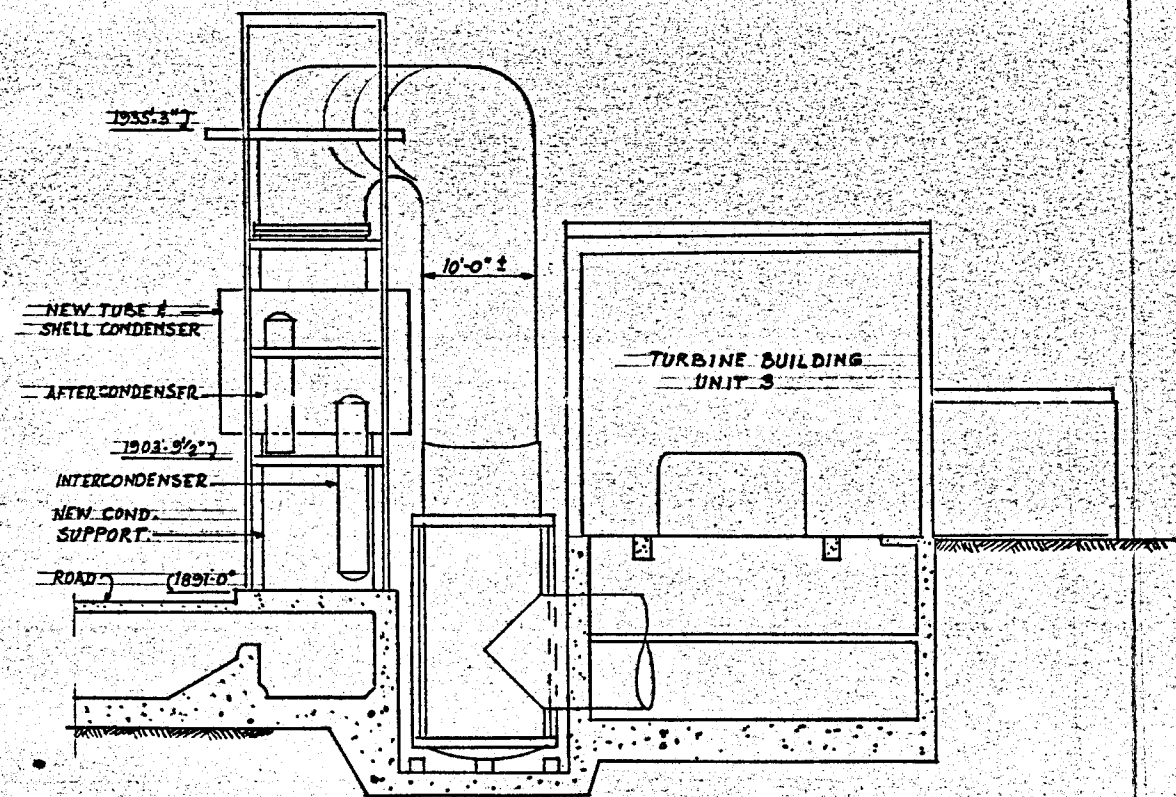
ROGERS ENGINEERING CO., INC.
ENGINEERS - ARCHITECTS
111. PINE STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA 94111

SCALE: 1" = 20'-0" DATE: 5-25-79

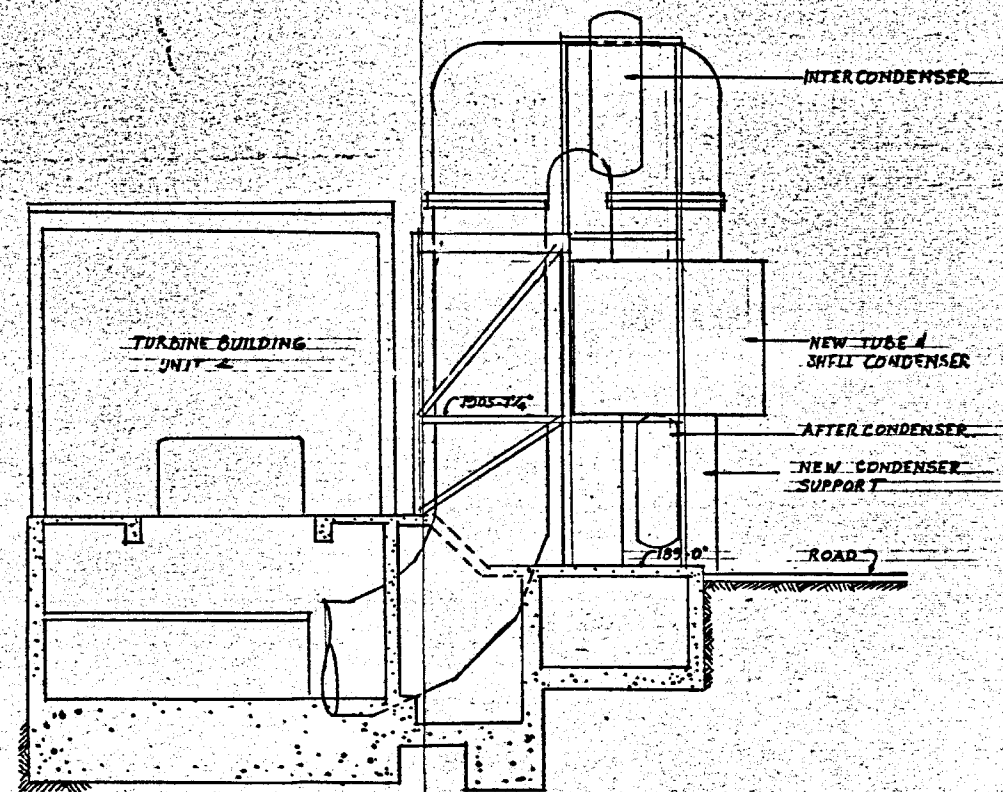
DR. E.A. CHK. LFN ENG. EJM APPROVED: *[Signature]*

APPROVALS	
DATE	
DATE	

P.G. and E. RETROFIT STUDY PROPOSED STRETFORD UNIT SITE FOR UNITS 1 TO 6		
JOB NO. S.79007	SK-006	0



SECTION UNIT 3 (A) 002/010



SECTION UNIT 4 (B) 002/010

REV.	ZONE	DATE	REVISION	DR.	CHK.	DATE	APPL.

ROGERS ENGINEERING CO., INC.
ENGINEERS - ARCHITECTS
111 PINE STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA 94111

SCALE - NONE DATE 5-31-79

DR. E.A. CHK. LEW ENG. EJM APPROVED. [Signature]

APPROVALS	
DATE	
DATE	

PG and E RETROFIT STUDY
UNITS 3 & 4
SECTIONS A-A & B-B

JOB NO. 5-79007 SK-010 10



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and 4 are shown below. (It should be noted that these figures do not include the power needed for the compressors to deliver the off-gas to the Stretford System.)

<u>Unit</u>	<u>Name Plate</u>		<u>Actual Loading</u>	<u>After Retrofit</u>
	<u>Amp.</u>	<u>kVA</u>	<u>Amp</u>	<u>Amp</u>
#3----->	1443	1200	1425	1587
#4----->	1443	1200	1400	1560

Based on these figures, it appears that the auxiliary transformers of Units #3 and #4 are somewhat deficient in load capacity. Additional transformer capability will be needed for Units #3 and #4. The costs associated with such are small in comparison to the total Unit #3 and #4 retrofit costs and have not been included in this Milestone Report No. 1. They will be included however, in the detail design phase of this program. (Reference PGandE Station Service Electric Loads as of May 14, 1979.)

4.4

Project Costs - Unit 3 and 4

This milestone report is a mid-term report presenting partial cost and economic information pertaining to Units 3 and 4 surface condenser installation. This report presents two economic aspects: Equipment sizing and capital cost. Each case has certain guide lines and constraints. They will be discussed in this Section along with the respective data.

The cost estimate has been prepared by categories and are those accounts used by Pacific Gas and Electric for their own estimates. Only the following accounts are included by the nature of this project work.

54-20	Turbine Generator - Condensate System
54-30	Turbine Generator - Circulating Water System
54-70	Turbine Generator - Instrumentation
55-60	Auxiliary Electrical Equipment - Station Power

The cost figures in this Section are in June 1979 dollars. These will be modified due to escalation and project timing when a schedule is prepared later in the overall project.

4.4.1

Equipment Sizing Evaluation:

The process used to evaluate alternative equipment sizes and design operating conditions is a specialized procedure. It requires that alternatives be equivalent. By nature the alternatives have dif-



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ferences; however, by drawing the same boundary around each alternative the differences crossing this boundary can be evaluated in terms of dollars. This procedure is only an evaluation tool. It is not necessarily how the costs are incurred.

The technical parameters and differences for equipment design conditions were evaluated economically in Tables 3.2 and 3.3 in a previous section. These differences and conclusions of economics and technical design parameters are applicable to Units 3 and 4 equipment comparisons and are not repeated (See Section 4.0). However, the actual design point was determined separately for Units 3 and 4.

This discussion of equipment sizing, alternatives and equivalences is used to arrive at the first step in the cost estimate process, which is the selection of the design conditions for the installation. The second and third steps can follow: getting manufacturer quoted major equipment costs and estimating the installation costs a contractor will charge to perform the designated equipment installation.

4.4.2 Major Equipment Cost:

Suppliers of the major equipment, condensers and pumps, were contacted by telephone followed up by transmittal of pertinent equipment data sheets (See 4.2.8). In the majority of cases, vendors were contacted who have had some experience in the special problems associated with geothermal plants.

The following item costs are adjusted quoted figures:

Condensers and Ejectors
Condensate Pumps
Circulating Water Pump

The Section 4.2.9 compares the quotations with the data sheets sent out for quote. In addition, any adjustments required because of design condition changes from those quoted are also addresses. The costs in the estimate for each piece of major equipment reflect our best judgment as to the eventual bid on the "selected" equipment data sheets.

In the cost estimate presented in Section 4.4.4, the manufacturer's cost includes the major equipment and materials cost. Cost at the site in the presentation includes 6 percent use tax on equipment and material and a contingency of 20 percent since this is a conceptual estimate and unestimated items may amount to that figure. The



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estimate assumes that Pacific Gas and Electric will purchase all major equipment and supply it to the contractor for installation as has been the practice at the Geysers Plant.

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4.4.3 Installation Cost:

The estimated installation cost is the cost anticipated to be charged by an outside contractor to perform the removal of the old and installation of the new equipment. Most of the larger project construction work at the Geysers has been done by outside contractors and this guide has been used in preparation of this estimate. This decision affects the labor overheads and labor efficiency as well as the general overheads of a GM estimate discussed in Section 4.4.4.

The estimated materials and labor shown in Section 4.4.4 are based upon the conceptual layout drawings and field investigations at the



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site for each installation. There is also some judgment used whenever making such an estimate and this estimate has been prepared by people who have been a part of other geothermal plant construction.

In consultation with General Construction about contractor performance and costs at the Geysers certain figures were developed for use in this conceptual report. The current labor direct rates show a \$15 per hour to be an overall good concept estimate direct figure. The labor efficiency has been estimated to be 60 percent and has been used in the estimate. The contractor overhead includes his profit and all indirect expenses. It has been estimated that 55 percent is a good value from past Geysers experience in contractor bidding.

In addition to the above basic parameter discussions a twenty percent contingency has been included in the direct man-hours for this conceptual estimate. The labor man-hours shown in Section 3.4.4 are derived as follows:

$$\text{Manhours} = \text{Basic Estimate} \times \text{One Divided By Efficiency} \times \text{Contingency} \\ 2.0 = 1.0 \times 1.67 \times 1.2$$

The costs for direct labor and labor overhead are separated in the detailed estimate of Section 4.4.4.

4.4.4 GM Estimate:

The GM Estimate preparation is the last step in the cost estimate process. The GM estimate is used to get moneys approved for the project. Engineering Services in consultation with Engineering and General Construction puts the final GM numbers together. Engineering Services has been consulted in the methods and factors used in preparation of GM estimates.

4.4.4.1 Cost Estimate

The factors included in the Equipment and Material and labor parts of the estimate have been discussed in Sections 4.4.2 and 4.4.3. The cost estimate for the removal and installation of specified equipment to facilitate the operation of a surface condenser at Unit 3 typical for Unit 3 and 4 is here presented in summary account form. The account details are itemized in the next table from the summary.



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TABLE 4.4.1

SUMMARY COST ESTIMATE - UNIT 3

<u>Account</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Equip. & Mat'l</u>	<u>Labor</u>	<u>Total</u>
54-20	Condensate System	\$1,392,331	\$ 346,652	\$1,738,983
54-30	Circ. Water System	521,138	112,755	633,893
54-70	Instrumentation	19,080	13,046	32,126
55-60	Station Pwr System	<u>39,432</u>	<u>13,046</u>	<u>52,478</u>
	Totals	<u>\$1,971,981</u>	<u>\$ 485,499</u>	<u>\$2,457,480</u>

The estimated cost in June 1979 dollars to retrofit Unit 3 for a surface condenser is \$2,500,000. To this estimate sub total must be added the GM overheads.

4.4.4.2 GM Overheads and Cost Total

The GM overheads are a function of who does the construction. The estimate prepared here is based upon an outside contractor doing the construction.

The overheads include:

<u>Item</u>	<u>Percent of Estimate</u>
Indirects	0.0
General Engineering & Administration	16.0
ADC (9 month Construction Estimate)	3.6
Ad Valorem	<u>1.0</u>
Total	20.6%

The GM Estimate Cost total for the retrofit of Unit 1 is estimated to be \$2,964,000.



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4.4.5 Energy Charge:

The capital involved to accomplish the retrofit using a surface condenser will require a levelized annual energy charge of 2.41 mills per kilowatthour. This calculation uses the generation planning charge rate, an 80 percent capacity factor and the calculated net output power on the process diagram. The energy charge and GM estimate capital do not include the vent gas processing equipment for environmental control. These are treated separately in later work.

The analysis presented reflects only the physical installation costs. The economic comparison with alternative methods adds cost differences between methods in addition to the above stated costs. The economic comparative analysis is part of later work.



ROGERS ENGINEERING CO., INC.

COST ESTIMATE

JOB NAME- UNIT NO 3

JOB NO.- S79007

CLIENT- P G AND E

ESTIMATE DATE- 31 MAY 79

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	MFG COST	COST@SITE	MANHOURS	LABOR DOL	TOT DOL
54-21-1	CONDST PMP CONCRETE	500.	636.	281.	4208.	4844.
54-21-2	CONDST PMP EXC & BKFL	600.	763.	501.	7515.	8278.
54-22-1	TBN EXT PIPNG STLWK	4000.	5088.	501.	7515.	12603.
54-22-2	RMV PRT SUPT STRUCTR	1000.	1272.	321.	4810.	6082.
54-23-1	RMV CONDENSER	5000.	6360.	2084.	31262.	37622.
54-23-2	COND STEELWORK	12000.	15264.	1603.	24048.	39312.
54-23-3	COND MECH	2500.	3180.	5010.	75150.	78330.
54-23-4	COND M, INT, AFT. & EJIR	862500.	1097100.	0.	0.	1097100.
54-24-1	CONDST PMP MECH	40000.	50880.	601.	9018.	59898.
54-25-1	COND PIPNG & MISC	13000.	16536.	1403.	21042.	37578.
54-25-2	CONDST PIPNG & EQPT	12000.	15264.	601.	9018.	24282.
54-25-3	TBN EXT MECH & PIP MT	141500.	179988.	2004.	30060.	210048.
BASE COSTS, MHS			1392331.	14910.	223646.	1615978.
OVERHEAD/PROFIT			0.		123006.	123006.

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	MFG COST	COST@SITE	MANHOURS	LABOR DOL	TOT DOL
54-31-1	CW PMP CONCRETE	3000.	3816.	1283.	19238.	23054.
54-31-2	CW PIPNG EXC & BKFL	1200.	1526.	601.	9018.	10544.
54-33-1	CW PIPNG PIPE & EQPT	55000.	69960.	1603.	24048.	94008.
54-34-1	CW PMP MECH	350000.	445200.	1202.	18036.	463236.
54-39-1	RELOCATE FIRE MAIN	500.	636.	160.	2405.	3041.
BASE COSTS, MHS			521138.	4850.	72745.	593884.
OVERHEAD/PROFIT			0.		40010.	40010.

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	MFG COST	COST@SITE	MANHOURS	LABOR DOL	TOT DOL
54-74-1	INSTMT CONDST SYS	9000.	11448.	281.	4208.	15656.
54-74-2	INSTMT CW SYS	6000.	7632.	281.	4208.	11840.
BASE COSTS, MHS			19080.	561.	8417.	27497.
OVERHEAD/PROFIT			0.		4629.	4629.

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	MFG COST	COST@SITE	MANHOURS	LABOR DOL	TOT DOL
55-64-1	CW PMP ELECTRICAL	27000.	34344.	401.	6012.	40356.
55-64-2	CONDST PMP ELECT	4000.	5088.	160.	2405.	7493.
BASE COSTS, MHS			39432.	561.	8417.	47849.
OVERHEAD/PROFIT			0.		4629.	4629.

9-023

JOB NO. S-79007

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF. 94111

1 PINE STREET

ROGERS ENGINEERING CO., INC.

UNIT 3 SURFACE CONDENSER

COST ESTIMATE DETAIL

TABLE 4.3

SHEET - - - OF - - -

DRAWING NO.

REV.



Rogers

PROJECT CONFERENCE NOTE

Number 23
ROGERS Job No. S-79007-02
Date 11 May 1979
Place San Ramon
By Log. S. W. Giampapa

CONFIRMATION OF CONFERENCE (Telephone Meeting X)

ATTENDING: PGandE Rogers
P. McClure S. Giampapa
G. Dorighi
D. Barton

SUBJECT: PGandE Geysers Retrofit Project
Meeting at PGandE, Department of Engineering Research,
San Ramon - May 11, 1979 (all day)

The definitive non-condensable gas criteria to replace plant data book values for engineering and design are listed below for use in sizing and costs of the Stretford System. These values are also applicable in condenser performance analysis and evaluation.

Unit No.	Main Steam Design (lb./hr.)	Design Total N.C. (%) wt.	Design H ₂ S (lb./hr.)	NH ₃ (lb./hr.)
1	250,820	0.5	45	28
2	246,150	0.5	45	28
3	532,920	0.8	214	196
4	540,190	0.8	214	196
5	968,000	0.8	350	265
6	968,000	0.8	450	265
7	968,000	0.5	315	186
8	968,000	0.5	175	128
9	968,000	0.5	78	34
10	968,000	0.5	95	36
11	1,888,260	0.85	867	411
12	1,888,260	0.5	190	86

The above design criteria was agreed to by PGandE's Dave Barton at DER, Friday, May 11. Rogers is in agreement to these design criteria for the Geysers Retrofit Project.

Distribution: ROGERS

HR SWG
BF JTK
LFW JHGS
HIR EJM
FDD RGB
HCS File: S-79007

CLIENT

J.P. Finney
J.R. Gormly
D. Barton

OTHERS



Rogers

PROJECT CONFERENCE NOTE (Cont'd)

Number 23
Job Number S-79007-02
Date 11 May 1979

The selected basis for the N. C. gas composition in the steam from 1977-1978 UOC data and 1979 DER data is as follows:

Pipeline No.	M. W. Avg.	PPM (wt.)						
		<u>CH₄</u>	<u>H₂</u>	<u>N₂</u>	<u>H₂S</u>	<u>CO₂</u>	<u>Ar*</u>	<u>NH₃</u>
1	30.3	101	50	22	178	2800	0	111
3	32.4	293	85	65	397	7300	6.2	367
5	31.9	195	67	55	350	5200	0	274
6	29.4	361	94	69	450	5200	0	274
11	35.6	175	61	65	392	8000	0	217

*In excess of air

Data for compilation was submitted by Dave Barton on May 10 in the form of the following reports:

1. Geysers Power Plant, March 4, 1976, Non-condensable Gases by J. Pietruszkiewicz to L. J. Ezzell.
2. Estimate of H₂S Emissions from Geysers Geothermal Power Plants by L. R. Krumland to C. J. Weinberg, April 7, 1978.

Additional data was obtained at DER. Pete McClure has indicated that data older than one year has been influenced by a UOC piping matrix and field piping distribution change.

Attached is our John Stuart's trend compilation of H₂S, NH₃, and total N. C. in the main steam supply from years 1976 through 1978 for PGandE's review.

SWG:mvw



Rogers

PGandE Geysers
N. C. Gas Sample Comparisons
Compilation of Trend 1976-78

UNIT	PGandE 3/4/76*			Union Oil 1977			Union Oil 1978		
	ppm wt. H ₂ S	ppm wt. NH ₃	N.C. Total %	H ₂ S	NH ₃	N.C. %	H ₂ S	NH ₃	N.C. %
1 and 2	149	148	.6	177	123	0.3	178	113	0.3
3 and 4	377	335	.59	419	334	0.8	397	370	0.8
5 and 6	298	226	.64	335	299	0.5	288	274	0.6
7	275	167	.5	274	198	0.5	302	192	0.7
8	275	167	.5	211	137	0.2	168	133	0.4
9	134	22	.5	87	13	0.2	75	35	0.3
10	134	22	.5	98	12	0.3	92	37	0.4
11	204	143	.43	392	238	0.9	404	219	1.1**
12							104	46	0.2

*Excludes gases contained in the sample condensate.

**0.85 on test 3 days later. Above was from new wells.