



LAWRENCE  
LIVERMORE  
NATIONAL  
LABORATORY

LLNL-TR-748518

# Computer Simulation of Nuclear Well Logging Devices Final Report CRADA No. TC-824-94F

J. Ferguson, P. Brown, L. Jacobsen

March 26, 2018

## **Disclaimer**

---

This document was prepared as an account of work sponsored by an agency of the United States government. Neither the United States government nor Lawrence Livermore National Security, LLC, nor any of their employees makes any warranty, expressed or implied, or assumes any legal liability or responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or usefulness of any information, apparatus, product, or process disclosed, or represents that its use would not infringe privately owned rights. Reference herein to any specific commercial product, process, or service by trade name, trademark, manufacturer, or otherwise does not necessarily constitute or imply its endorsement, recommendation, or favoring by the United States government or Lawrence Livermore National Security, LLC. The views and opinions of authors expressed herein do not necessarily state or reflect those of the United States government or Lawrence Livermore National Security, LLC, and shall not be used for advertising or product endorsement purposes.

This work performed under the auspices of the U.S. Department of Energy by Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory under Contract DE-AC52-07NA27344.

## **DISCLAIMER**

**Portions of this document may be illegible  
in electronic image products. Images are  
produced from the best available original  
document.**



# Computer Simulation of Nuclear Well Logging Devices

## **Final Report CRADA No. TC-824-94F**

Date:

Revision:

### **A. Parties**

The project is a relationship between the Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (LLNL) and Halliburton Energy Services.

University of California  
Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory  
7000 East Avenue, L-795  
Livermore, CA 94550

Halliburton Energy Services  
PO Box 42800  
Houston TX 77242

### **B. Project Scope**

Accurate computer simulation is vital for interpretation of data obtained using nuclear logging tools in exploratory boreholes or existing wells. Successful interpretation can lead to large increases in recovery efficiency. Currently, the computer simulation is done using Monte Carlo codes, which contain an inherent statistical uncertainty and are very computationally intensive. We have developed a deterministic code that does not have statistical uncertainties and should be particularly useful for parameter studies. We have written the deterministic code to perform high-resolution computer simulations of nuclear well-logging tools to aid in determining the lithology, porosity, and fluid characteristics of the formation surrounding a borehole. We use parallel methods and modern finite element algorithms to solve the three-dimensional multigroup, neutron/radiation transport equation.

### **C. Technical**

Because of significant funding reductions, we were not able to attain all the goals of the program. However, we were able to write and test the prototype code, running problems on the Cray T3D computer. Also, we reached the point of running benchmark problems provided by the industrial partners to test and further develop the code capabilities. We are pursuing other means of support to bring the code to production status.

### **D. Partner Contribution**

Since the LLNL group had no background or experience in oil well logging, it was necessary for Halliburton, the industrial partner, to provide guidance and expertise in this area. The original program was conceived and planned through a series of meetings in Houston, Texas, and two visits to the San Francisco Bay Area by Halliburton personnel. The LLNL group obtained the necessary background to choose a computing strategy and select a suitable database. The Halliburton group provided some descriptions of the experimental apparatus and some idealized test problems. Had the program not been cut short, Halliburton would have run the prototype code and provided input needed to convert the prototype into a useful production tool.

### **E. Documents/Reference List**

Concurrent Source Iteration in the Solution of Three-Dimensional, Multigroup, Discrete Ordinates Neutron Transport Equations; Milo R. Dorr, Charles H. Still, UCRL-JC-116694, May, 1995

Spherical Harmonic Solutions of Neutron Transport Systems via Discrete Ordinates, Peter N. Brown, Milo R. Dorr, UCRL-JC-119761, January 1995

#### F. Acknowledgment

Participant's signature of the final report indicates the following:

- 1) The Participant has reviewed the final report and concurs with the statements made therein.
- 2) The Participant agrees that any modifications or changes from the initial proposal were discussed and agreed to during the term of the project.
- 3) The Participant certifies that all reports either completed or in process are listed and all subject inventions and the associated intellectual property protection measures attributable to the project have been disclosed or are included on a list attached to this report.
- 4) The Participant certifies that if real property was exchanged during the agreement, all has either been returned to the initial custodian or transferred permanently.
- 5) The Participant certifies that proprietary information has been returned or destroyed by LLNL.

 4/23/98  
Larry Jacobsen Date  
Halliburton Energy Services

Jim Ferguson Date  
Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

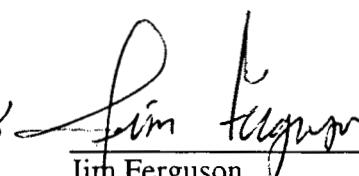
Attachment I - Final Abstract  
Attachment II - Project Accomplishments Summary  
Attachment III - Final Quarterly Report

Spherical Harmonic Solutions of Neutron Transport Systems via Discrete Ordinates, Peter N. Brown, Milo R. Dorr, UCRL-JC-119761, January 1995

#### F. Acknowledgment

Participant's signature of the final report indicates the following:

- 1) The Participant has reviewed the final report and concurs with the statements made therein.
- 2) The Participant agrees that any modifications or changes from the initial proposal were discussed and agreed to during the term of the project.
- 3) The Participant certifies that all reports either completed or in process are listed and all subject inventions and the associated intellectual property protection measures attributable to the project have been disclosed or are included on a list attached to this report.
- 4) The Participant certifies that if real property was exchanged during the agreement, all has either been returned to the initial custodian or transferred permanently.
- 5) The Participant certifies that proprietary information has been returned or destroyed by LLNL.

 4/23/98  5/7/98  
Larry Jacobsen Jim Ferguson  
Halliburton Energy Services Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

Attachment I – Final Abstract

Attachment II – Project Accomplishments Summary

Attachment III – Final Quarterly Report

# Computer Simulation of Nuclear Well Logging Devices

**Abstract (Attachment I)**  
**CRADA No. TC-824-94F**

Date:

Revision:

## **ABSTRACT**

Accurate computer simulation is vital for interpretation of data obtained using nuclear logging tools in exploratory boreholes or existing wells. Millions of dollars are saved when general purpose simulation codes are utilized. Successful interpretation can lead to large increases in recovery efficiency and can aid the industrial competitiveness of the U.S. oil and gas industry. Currently, the computer simulation is done using Monte Carlo codes, which randomly track particles through the tool and the formation. We have developed a deterministic code that does not have statistical uncertainties and should be particularly useful for parameter studies. We use parallel methods to solve the three-dimensional multigroup, neutron/radiation transport equation. We have written and tested the prototype code, running problems on the Cray T3D computer. Also, we have run benchmark problems provided by the industrial partners to test and further develop the code capabilities.

# **Computer Simulation of Nuclear Well Logging Devices**

---

## **Project Accomplishments Summary (Attachment II)**

**CRADA No. TC-824-94F**

---

Date:

Revision:

---

### **A. Parties**

The project is a relationship between the Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (LLNL) and Halliburton Energy Services.

University of California  
Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory  
7000 East Avenue, L-795  
Livermore, CA 94550

Halliburton Energy Services  
PO Box 42800  
Houston TX 77242

### **B. Background**

Accurate computer simulation is vital for interpretation of data obtained using nuclear logging tools in exploratory boreholes or existing wells. Successful interpretation can lead to large increases in recovery efficiency and can aid the industrial competitiveness of the U.S. oil and gas industry. Currently, the computer simulation is done using Monte Carlo codes, which randomly track particles through the tool and the formation. These codes contain an inherent statistical uncertainty, and are very computationally intensive. We have developed a deterministic code that does not have statistical uncertainties and should be particularly useful for parameter studies.

### **C. Description**

We have written a deterministic code to perform high-resolution computer simulations of nuclear well-logging tools to aid in determining the lithology, porosity, and fluid characteristics of the formation surrounding a borehole. We use parallel methods to solve the three-dimensional multigroup, neutron/radiation transport equation. Because of significant funding reductions, we were not able to attain all the goals of the program. However, we were able to write and test the prototype code, running problems on the Cray T3D computer. Also, we reached the point of running benchmark problems provided by the industrial partners to test and further develop the code capabilities. We are pursuing other means of support to bring the code to production status.

### **D. Expected Economic Impact**

Industry leverage of LLNL capabilities and expertise improves their ability to simulate the response characteristics of nuclear well-logging instruments. Millions of dollars can be saved when general purpose simulation codes are utilized. In addition, duplication of effort and resources is minimized. Additional oil and gas production worth millions of dollars results because precise knowledge of the characteristics of nuclear well-logging sounds in various operating environments allows much better interpretation of their measurements.

#### **E. Benefits to DOE**

The technical requirements for this project strongly overlap some of those in the Stockpile Stewardship and Management Program. In particular, the Department of Energy ASCII program has a strong requirement for efficient solution of the large, three-dimensional problems involving the transport of neutrons and radiation in matter. Thus, many of the techniques and coding developed under the current task can be directly applied to in-house DOE projects.

#### **F. Industry Area**

Since this project was cut short, we have not been able to supply the oil well logging industrial partner with codes directly applicable to field problems. However we are pursuing other means to accomplish this, and hope to eventually to provide useful production codes to the industry.

#### **G. LLNL Point of Contact for Project Information**

Dr. Jim Ferguson L-170  
Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory  
PO Box 808  
Livermore CA 94551  
(510) 424-4768 (voice) (510) 424-2709 (FAX)

Dr. Peter Brown L-561  
Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory  
PO Box 808  
Livermore CA 94551  
(510) 423-2098 (voice)

#### **H. Company Size and Point(s) of Contact**

Dr. Larry Jacobsen  
Halliburton Energy Services  
PO Box 42800  
Houston TX 77242  
(713) 496-8253 (voice) (713) 596-4234

#### **I. Project Examples**

Comparisons of calculations of benchmark problems, provided by industry, are available.

**J. Release of Information**

I have reviewed the attached Project Accomplishment Summary prepared by Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory and agree that the information about our CRADA may be released for external distribution.

Larry Jacobsen  
Dr. Larry Jacobsen  
Halliburton Energy Services

4/23/98  
Date

## RELEASE OF INFORMATION

I certify that all information contained in this report is accurate and releasable to the best of my knowledge.

NE Dumper  
for Karena McKinley, Director  
Industrial Partnerships  
and Commercialization

6/29/98  
Date

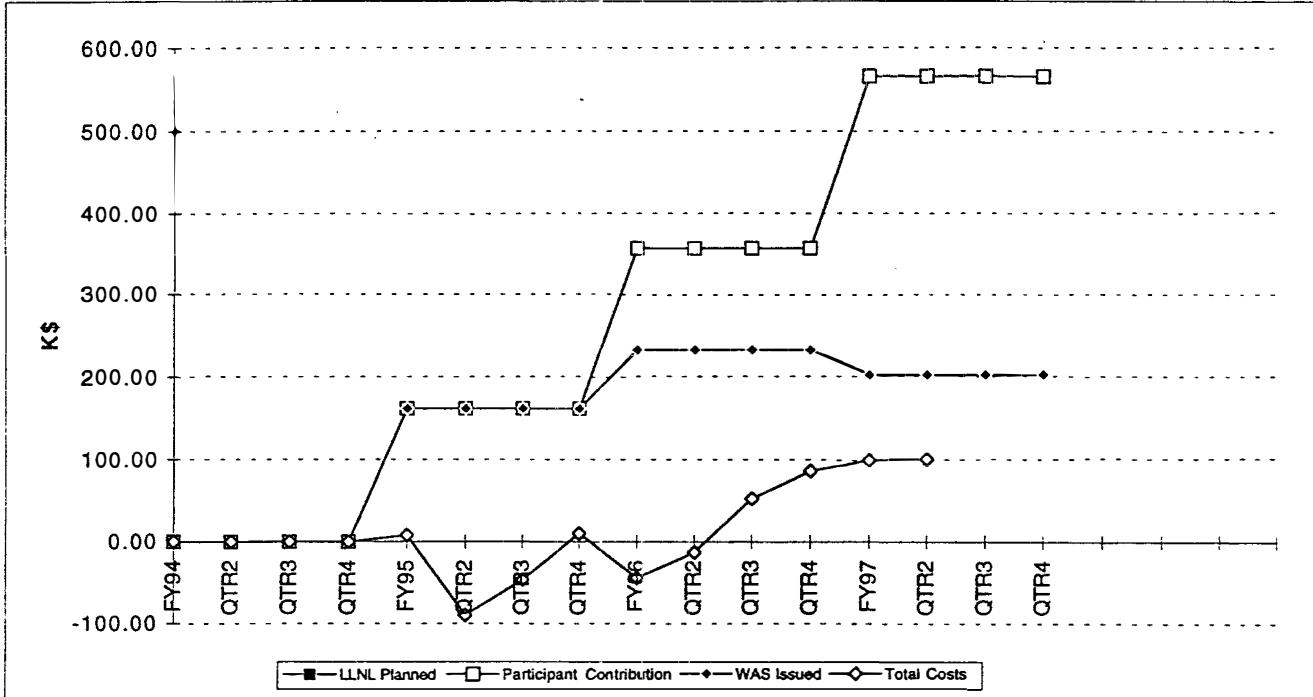
Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

Title: HPPP Nuclear Well Logging  
 Participant: Halliburton Corporation  
 DOE TTI No.: 94-MULT-003-XX-1  
 CRADA No.: TC-0824-94-(F)  
 Account Numbers: 4745-76, 86  
 Accounts Closed: 12/21/96

Reporting Period: 07/01/95 - 12/31/96  
 Date CRADA Executed: 11/22/94  
 DOE Approval Date: 12/5/94  
 Scheduled Ending Date: 11/21/97  
 Project Completion Date: 11/30/96  
 B & R Code (S): DP0301, YN01000

Approved Funding Profile (\$K)

	FY94	FY95	FY96	FY97	FYOUT	Total
LLNL Planned	0	162	195	209	0	566
Participant In-Kind	0	162	195	209	0	566
Participant Funds-Is	0	0	0	0	0	0
WAS DP0301	0	55	70	-30	0	95
LDRD Funds	0	107	0	0	0	107
Total Costs	0	10	77	8	0	94



DP0301	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	July	Aug	Sep	FYTD
FY94	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FY95	0	0	8	17	10	-124	11	14	17	11	32	14	10
FY96	-68	8	6	11	7	13	52	-6	19	16	-12	30	77
FY97	9	0	5	0	-6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8
FYOUT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

94

YN01000	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	July	Aug	Sep	FYTD
FY94	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FY95	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FY96	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FY97	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FYOUT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

0

STAFF w/phone:

Lab PI: Milo Dorr (510) 423-2423

Participant: Larry Jacobsen (713) 496-8253

Resource Manager: Steve Stinson (510) 423-2888

DOE OAK: Jerry Scheinberg (510) 637-1653

DOE HQ: A. Larzelere (202) 586-1101

Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

Reporting Period : 07/01/95 - 12/31/96

Page 2

DOE TTI No.: 94-MULT-003-XX-1

CRADA No.: TC-0824-94-(F)

**Milestones and Deliverables:**

List the complete set of milestones for all phases of the CRADA. Continue on a separate page if necessary.

Report any changes from the original CRADA or previous quarterly report on the CRADA Change Form.

**Completion Date:**

Scheduled      Actual

1	Prototype Code Running on the T3D	10/95	10/95
2	Full Scale Code Running on the T3D	06/96	06/96
3	Shakedown on Halliburton Problems	12/96	10/96
4	Time Dependent Capability Added to Code	06/97	
5	Visualization Output Incorporated	09/97	
6	Documentation and Full Release	11/97	
7			
8			

Verification of participants' in-kind contribution was made in accordance with LLNL policy. Explain basis of verification:

Please initial: YES  NO

List any subject inventions by either party (include IL# for LLNL inventions), additional background intellectual property, patents applied for, software copyrights, publications, awards, licenses granted or reportable economic impacts.

Verification that all equipment and proprietary information has been returned to the initial owner or permanently transferred.

Please initial: YES  NO

**Accomplishments**

Describe Technical/Non-Technical lessons learned and other observations.

Summarize causes/justification of deviations from original scope of work.

See Final Report.

Reviewed by CRADA project Program Manager:

Date:

Reviewed by Karena McKinley, Director, LLNL/IP&C:

Date:

Direct questions regarding this Report to IP&C Resource Manager, Carol Asher, at (510) 422-7618