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MCS80 MACRO ASSEMBLER FOR THE 8080 CPU

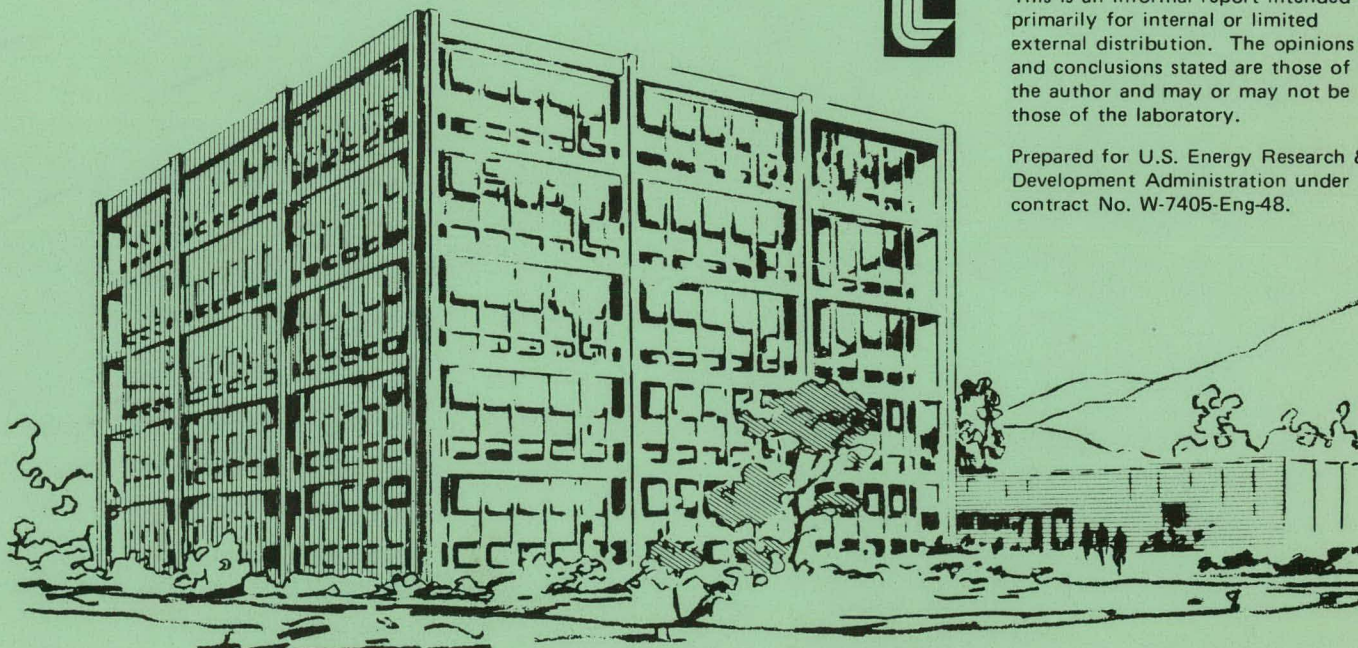
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November 20, 1974



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1.0 INTRODUCTION

The 8080 Macro Assembler is now available on the LLL 7600 system. This report is a user's manual for executing the 8080 assembler on the 7600 computers.

The MCS80 program accepts as input programs written in Intel 8080 CPU assembly language (Ref. Intel Corp. 8080 Assembly Manual, Volume 1 and 2). The program will write a magnetic tape in Intel BNPF format or BIN DEC binary format which can be used to punch a paper tape utilizing the CDC 160A computer in Building 117.

2.0 READING MCS80 FROM PHOTOSTORE

The MCS80 program is stored in the elephant photostore under the "take" directory: 558850:NEWINTEL.

After logging onto the Octopus System on a CDC-7600 computer system read MCS80 from the photostore as follows:

Note: In the following examples, lines prefixed with a right arrow (→) are those typed by the user. All others are typed by the program.

→ELF/.5.1

→.RDS .558850: NEWINTEL: MCS80

→.END

RDS

ALL DONE

After the above operations, the assembler program will exist on disk file available for use as described in the following section.

3.0 CREATING AN INPUT FILE

Before running MCS80, an ASCII disk file containing the 8080 program in the 8080 symbolic assembly language must be available. This data file can be created in a number of ways.

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For example, cards can be punched and read onto disk through an online card reader or RJET, or one of the Octopus editor routines (TRIX, NAB, MICROPUS) can be used for illustrative purposes. Figure 1 shows a data file created with TRIX:

```

TRIX AC / .5 .1
.C(TEST2)
.ELI
&      LXI SP,1000
&;  SAMPLE PROGRAM FOR 8080 PROCESSOR
&START: MVI L,200
&      MVI H,0
&LOOP:  MOV A,M
&      CPI 46
&      JZ FOUND
&      CALL INCR
&      MOV A,L
&      CPI 220
&      JNZ LOOP
&FOUND: HLT
&INCR:  INR L
&      RNZ
&      INR H
&      RET
&      END
&
.END

ALL DONE

```

Figure 1.

Sample data file created using Trix.

The details of this use of TRIX are referenced at the end of this report; TRIX is by far the most powerful editor on the Octopus system. It is well worth the user's time to learn how to use it.

4.0 RUNNING MCS80 FROM A TELETYPE

Once we have obtained MCS80 from the photostore and have created a data file we are able to run MCS80. To start the program into execution:

→MCS80/.5.1

TYPE INPUT FILE AND OUTPUT TAPE

TEST 2 *OTAPE

8080 MACRO ASSEMBLER, VER 1.1

NO PROGRAM ERRORS

ALL DONE

WHERE: TEST 2 = Input Data File

*OTAPE = Output Tape, *is a message to label and hang a classified tape called OTAPE.

During execution two disk files are created. They are:

MCS BIN - The formatted object code in BNPF or DEC binary format, as shown in Figure 2 below.

```
001 BLOCK01 0
002 A      000070
003 B      000000
004 C      000010
005 D      000020
006 E      000030
007 FOUND 000260
008 H      000040
009 INCR   000270
010 L      000050
011 LOOP   000070
012 M      000060
013 PSW    000060
014 SP     000060
015 START 000030
$
0 BNNPPNNPPF BNPNNNNNNF BNNNNNNNNF BNNPNPPPPF
4 BPPNNPPNNF BNNPNPPPPF BNNNNNNNNF BNPPPPPPNF
6 UPPPPPPPPF BNNPNPPPPF BPPNNPPPPF BNNPNPPPPF
12 BNNNNNNNNF BPPNNPPPPF BNNPNPPPPF BNNNNNNNNF
16 BNPPPPPPNF BPPPPPPPPF BPPNNPPPPF BPPNNNNPPF
20 BNNNNNNPPF BNNNNNNNNF BNPPPPPPNF BNNPNPPPPF
24 BPPNNNNNNF BNNPNPPPPF BPPNNPPPPF
$
```

Figure 2. Sample MCS BIN disk file BNPF format.

MCS OUT - Standard output which contains a symbol table and source and object code, as shown in Figure 3 below:

```

1
0000 MACRO ASSEMBLER, VER 1.1  ERRORS - 0 PAGE 1

0000 314000      LXI SP,1000
0003 2EC0      J  SAMPLE PROGRAM FOR 0000 PROCESSOR
0005 2600      START: MVI L,200
0007 7E      MVI H,0
0008 FE2E      LOOP: MOV A,M
000A CA1600      CPI 46
000D CD1700      JZ FOUND
0010 7D      CALL INCR
0011 FEDC      MOV A,L
0013 C20700      CPI 220
0016 16      JNZ LOOP
0017 2C      FOUND: HLT
0018 00      INCR: INR L
0019 24      RNZ
001A C9      INR H
001B 09      RET
001C 00      END

NO PROGRAM ERRORS

```

```

1
0000 MACRO ASSEMBLER, VER 1.1  ERRORS - 0 PAGE 2

```

SYMBOL TABLE

* 01

A	0007	B	0000	C	0001	D	0002
E	0003	FOUND	0016	H	0004	INCR	0017
L	0005	LOOP	0007	M	0006	PSW	0006
SP	0006	START	0003	*			

Figure 3. Sample MCS OUT disk file.

IF A LINEFEED COMMAND IS USED IN PLACE OF INPUT TAPE AT RUN TIME NO MAGNETIC TAPE WILL BE CREATED.

Note: Output tape will be in DEC binary format unless specified otherwise in the assembly format.

5.0 OBTAINING AN OUTPUT LISTING

To obtain an output listing of your program, type:

ALLOUT PRINTER MSC OUT BOX nn NAME/.2.1

WHERE: nn = Your box number

NAME = Your name

6.0 PUNCHING PAPER TAPE

The CDC-160A computer in Building 117 is used for punching a paper tape using the magnetic tape. The instruction book at the CDC-160A tells how to use the computer; LER71-10506 "Preparing and Verifying Punched Paper Types for the CLI Program." also contains instructions for preparing a paper tape.

7.0 NEED HELP?

If you need help in running the MCS80 assembler or the CDC-160A please contact Walter Bengé or Terry Allison.

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