

The APS Transfer Line from Linac to Injector Synchrotron*

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Abstract

The design of the APS transfer line from linac to injector synchrotron has been completed. The details of this transfer line are given below.

This paper describes the low-energy-transfer-line designed for the APS. The low energy transfer line constitutes two transport lines. One of these lines runs from linac to the positron accumulator ring, also called "PAR", and is 23.7138 m long. The second part of the low energy transport line runs from the "PAR" to the injector synchrotron and is about 30.919 m long. The above length includes two quadrupoles, a bend magnet and a septum magnet in the injector synchrotron (see Fig. 1 and Table 2).

The positron bunches of emittance $\epsilon_N = 6.6$ mm-mrad arriving at the end of the linac at 450 MeV have twiss parameters as given by Nassiri [1].

$$\alpha_x = 1.6808, \beta_x = 7.2161, \alpha_y = -1.77586, \beta_y = 6.6888 \quad (1)$$

The transfer line (see also Yoon and Crosbie [2]) from linac to "PAR" is made up of ten quadrupoles and one bending magnet B4 (see Fig. 1). The bending magnet bends the beam by 0.2 radians towards the septum magnet in the "PAR". The five quadrupoles in the region between the bend magnet and the septum magnet in the "PAR" give a phase shift of 2π radians, in order to get dispersion free bunch at the end of the septum magnet. The twiss parameters at the end of the linac given above are matched with the twiss parameters and the dispersion functions at the end of the septum magnet, in the "PAR" lattice structure. These parameters at the end of the "PAR" septum are given by

$$\alpha_x = -0.94910, \beta_x = 2.1261, \alpha_y = -0.02429, \beta_y = 8.2401, \eta_x = 0.0, \eta'_x = 0.0 \quad (2)$$

The matching procedure was carried out using computer code "COMFORT". The distance (2.9 m) between the last quadrupole and the septum magnet in the "PAR" is fixed because of the considerations of the available space in that region. The layout of this region of the transfer line is shown in Fig. 1.

Details of the magnet dimensions and their strengths are

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given in Table 1. The order of the magnets is the order in which they appear in the transfer line as one traverses from the linac to "PAR". The β functions in the horizontal and the vertical plane along with the dispersion function, η , in the horizontal plane are shown in Fig. 2. The maximum β_y is approximately 20 m and occurs at the quadrupole before the bend magnet. The maximum value of the β_x is about 16 m.

In addition to the above elements, the linac to "PAR" part of the low energy transfer line contains eight steering magnets and seven beam position monitors. Of the eight steering magnets four are for steering in the horizontal plane and the remaining four are to be used for steering in the vertical plane. Similarly, out of the seven beam position monitors three are to be used for diagnostics in the horizontal plane and the remaining four for diagnostics in the vertical plane. The relative positions of these steering magnets are also given in Fig. 1. The calculations for the strength and the dimension of these steering magnets was carried out using a computer code locally developed for this purpose. However the code was tested for the calculation of twiss parameters against the "COMFORT" run.

The second part of the low energy transport line carries the positron bunches from the "PAR" septum to the injector synchrotron. Again the energy of the positron bunches is about 450 MeV. This section is made up of two bend magnets (B1, B2), and eleven quadrupoles joining the "PAR" septum magnet "B3" on the one end and the injector synchrotron septum magnet on the other end. The bend magnet B2 bends the bunch, coming from the "PAR" septum magnet (bend angle of -0.2 radians) through an angle of 0.2 radians. The section between the bend magnet B2 and the septum magnet B3 is the same as the section between the bend magnet B4 and the septum magnet B3. It produces a dispersion free beam in the region between B2 and B1. The next section between bending magnet B2 and the bending magnet B1 has four quadrupoles which can be used as tuning quadrupoles for tuning on to four twiss parameters in the vertical and horizontal direction. The bend magnet B1 bends the beam at an angle of approximately -0.1859 radians towards the injector synchrotron septum. There are two quadrupoles in the section between the bend magnet B1 and the injector synchrotron septum, which are arranged such that the bunches entering the injector synchrotron are dispersion free at the end of the dipole magnet B (see Table 2). The detailed layout can be seen in Fig. 1, and the relative positions, the dimensions and the strengths of the magnets are given in Table 2. The maximum value of the β function from B2 to the injector synchrotron septum is about 26 m. In

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designing the transfer line from the "PAR" to the injector synchrotron, some part of the injector synchrotron is included. The twiss parameters given by the injector synchrotron lattice at the beginning of the drift O1 (see Table 2) are matched with the twiss parameters given at the beginning of the "PAR" septum magnet given above (sign of the α function must be reversed) through the transfer line. Again, the computer code "COMFORT" was used for matching purposes. The twiss parameters at the position O1 are given below. The sign of the α function corresponds to the motion from "PAR" to the injector synchrotron.

$$\alpha_x = 0.4620, \beta_x = 2.1724, \alpha_y = -2.5084, \beta_y = 15.6557 \quad (3)$$

The detailed form of the β_x , β_y and the η_x is given in Fig. 3. In addition to the above components this part of the transfer line contains six steering magnets and seven beam position monitors. Of the six steering magnets, three are used for steering in the horizontal direction and the remaining three in the vertical direction. Similarly, of the seven beam position monitors four are to be used for monitoring the horizontal position and the remaining three for monitoring the vertical position. The maximum $B\ell = 0.012$ T.m for these steering magnets. These calculations were also carried out using the locally developed code. The details of their positions and other parameters are given in the Table 2.

Table 1
LTOP Parameters

(150 MeV, $B\rho = 1.503$ T-meter, -Positive K_1 means horizontal defocussing.)
Input Twiss Parameters: $\alpha_x = 1.6808, \beta_x = 7.2161, \alpha_y = -1.7536, \beta_y = 6.6388$
Output Twiss Parameters: $\alpha_x = -0.0919, \beta_x = 2.1261, \alpha_y = -0.0213, \beta_y = 8.2401$

Element	Length	# of Magnet Strengths $K_1 = B\ell / (B\rho)^2$ [m ⁻²]	Total	Total
DRIFT01	1.11			
Steering	0.03	0.18		
DRIFT01	0.1			
QUAD Q1	0.3	2.22181191		
DRIFT02	2.28			
QUAD Q2	0.3	-0.79199118		
DRIFT03	0.1			
Steering	0.03	0.18		
DRIFT03	2.63			
QUAD Q3	0.3	-1.22173798		
DRIFT04	1.81			
BPM ₁	0.1			
DRIFT04	0.3	2.22221731		
QUAD Q4	0.1			
DRIFT05	0.3	0.18		
Steering	0.03			
DRIFT05	1.7997			
BPM ₂	0.1			
DRIFT05	0.1			
QUAD Q5	0.3	-1.9648196		
DRIFT06	0.1			
Steering	0.03	0.18		
DRIFT06	0.63			
SEPTUM B1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1
DRIFT07	0.08			
BPM ₃	0.1			
DRIFT07	0.1			
QUAD Q6	0.3	4.13641613		
DRIFT08	0.1			
Steering	0.03	0.18		
DRIFT08	0.73			
BPM ₄	0.1			
DRIFT08	0.3			
QUAD Q8	0.3	-1.8718223		
DRIFT09	0.1			
Steering	0.03	0.18		
DRIFT09	0.73			
BPM ₅	0.1			
DRIFT09	0.1			
QUAD Q12	0.3	-1.8172644		
DRIFT10	0.1			
Steering	0.03	0.18		
DRIFT10	0.63			
QUAD Q13	0.3	0.517227149		
DRIFT10	0.2			
BPM ₆	1.68274673			
DRIFT10	0.1			

REFERENCES

- [1] Ali Nassiri, Private communication.
- [2] M. Yoon and E. Crosbie, APS note LS-119 (1988).

Table 2
PTOB Parameters

(150 MeV, $B\rho = 1.503$ T-meter, -Positive K_1 means horizontal defocussing.)
Input Twiss Parameters: $\alpha_x = 1.6808, \beta_x = 7.2161, \alpha_y = -1.7536, \beta_y = 6.6388$
Output Twiss Parameters: $\alpha_x = -0.0919, \beta_x = 2.1261, \alpha_y = -0.0213, \beta_y = 8.2401$

Element	Length	# of Magnet Strengths $K_1 = B\ell / (B\rho)^2$ [m ⁻²]	Total	Total
SEPTUM B3	0.1	-0.2	0.0	-0.2
DRIFT011	2.96774672			
QUAD Q13	0.3	0.517227149		
DRIFT013	0.9			
BPM ₇				
DRIFT013	0.1			
QUAD Q12	0.3	-1.8172644		
DRIFT012	0.1			
Steering	0.03	0.21		
DRIFT012	0.73			
BPM ₈				
DRIFT012	0.1			
QUAD Q11	0.3	12.2211		
DRIFT011	0.1			
Steering	0.03	0.37		
DRIFT011	0.73			
BPM ₉				
DRIFT011	0.1			
QUAD Q10	0.3	-1.8718223		
DRIFT010	0.1			
Steering	0.03	0.13		
DRIFT010	0.73			
BPM ₁₀				
DRIFT010	0.1			
QUAD Q9	0.3	4.13641613		
DRIFT09	0.1			
Steering	0.03	0.13		
DRIFT09	0.73			
SEPTUM B2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1
DRIFT15	0.58			
BPM ₁₁				
DRIFT15	0.1			
QUAD Q8	0.3	-2.22181191		
DRIFT10	0.04			
QUAD Q7	0.3	2.22181191		
DRIFT10	0.87259413			
Steering	0.03	0.13		
DRIFT10	0.1			
QUAD Q6	0.3	-2.22181191		
DRIFT10	0.5			
BPM ₁₂				
DRIFT10	0.10			
QUAD Q5	0.3	2.22181191		
DRIFT10	0.1			
Steering	0.03	0.13		
DRIFT10	0.15			
SEPTUM B1	0.1	-0.1654627	-0.09232011	-0.09232011
DRIFT07	1.73015817			
BPM ₁₃				
DRIFT07	0.1			
QUAD Q4	0.36	-1.22173798		
DRIFT06	0.9			
QUAD Q3	0.36	0.87259413		
DRIFT05	0.9			
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SEPTUM SEP	0.3	0.29731	0.13377	0.13377
DRIFT01	1.51			
QUAD Q2	0.58	0.62372		
DRIFT03	0.2113			
SEPTUM B	3.972	-0.09232011	0.09191999	0.09191999
DRIFT02	0.2113			
QUAD Q1	0.58	-0.216363		
DRIFT01	1.1			

