

International Petroleum Statistics Report

November 1997

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International Petroleum Statistics Report

November 1997

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Office of Energy Markets and End Use
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MASTER

Preface

The International Petroleum Statistics Report is a monthly publication that provides current international oil data. This report is published for the use of Members of Congress, Federal agencies, State agencies, industry, and the general public. Publication of this report is in keeping with responsibilities given the Energy Information Administration in Public Law 95-91 (Section 205(a)(2)) that states:

"The Administrator shall be responsible for carrying out a central, comprehensive, and unified energy data and information program which will collect, evaluate, assemble, analyze and disseminate data and information ..."

The International Petroleum Statistics Report presents data on international oil production, demand, imports, and stocks. The report has four sections. Section 1 contains time series data on world oil production, and on oil demand and stocks in the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD). This section contains annual data beginning in 1985, and monthly data for the most recent two years. Section 2 presents an oil supply/demand balance for the world. This balance is presented in quarterly intervals for the most recent two years. Section 3 presents data on oil imports by OECD countries. This section contains annual data for the most recent year, quarterly data for the most recent two quarters, and monthly data for the most recent twelve months. Section 4 presents annual time series data on world oil production and oil stocks, demand, and trade in OECD countries. World oil production and OECD demand data are for the years 1970 through 1996; OECD stocks from 1973 through 1996; and OECD trade from 1986 through 1996.

Data for the United States are developed by the Energy Information Administration's (EIA) Office of Oil and Gas. Data for other countries are derived largely from published sources, including International Energy Agency publications, the EIA International Energy Annual, and the trade press. (See sources after each section.) All data are reviewed by the International Statistics Branch of EIA. All data have been converted to units of measurement familiar to the American public. Definitions of oil production and consumption are consistent with other EIA publications.

General information about this publication may be obtained from W. Calvin Kilgore, Director, Office of Energy Markets and End Use, (202) 586-1617, and from Louis D. DeMouy, Director, Integrated Energy Statistics Division, (202) 586-6557. Detailed questions and comments concerning the contents of the International Petroleum Statistics Report may be directed to Michael J. Grillo, Team Leader, International Statistics Team, (202) 586-6577; Patricia A. Smith (202) 586-6925, or to H. Vicky McLaine (202) 586-9412; Oil Market Chronology - Douglas MacIntyre (202) 586-1831.

Notes: As of December 31, 1994, Gabon withdrew its membership in the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC). For consistency, Gabon is excluded in the historical series of OPEC totals.

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Oil Market Chronology -- October 1997

The following chronology lists international events of potential significance for world petroleum markets. Sources include: Dow Jones (DJ), the New York Times (NYT), the Washington Post (WP), and the Wall Street Journal (WSJ).

October 1

Russian oil company AO Sidanko's petition to settle a lengthy legal battle with the Russian government and state-owned AO Rosneft for control of the Siberian oil production company AO Purneftegaz is accepted by the Supreme Arbitration Court. The end of the lawsuit clears the final hurdle for the privatization of AO Rosneft. (DJ)

South Korea's state-owned Korea Petroleum Development Corporation (Pedco) agrees to participate in a consortium to develop Venezuela's Onado oil field. Pedco will hold a 12 percent interest in the development project with the remaining 88 percent split among CGC of Argentina, Carmanah Resources Limited of Canada, and Distral of Venezuela. The Onado field contains 162 million barrels of oil and is expected to produce 52,000 barrels per day beginning in January 1998. (DJ)

October 2

In a joint statement, Norway's Saga Petroleum and state-owned Statoil announce a deal to jointly develop the Haltenbanken South oil and gas area in the Norwegian Sea. The deal combines Haltenbanken's four fields, Kristin, Lavrans, Tyrihans, and Trestakk, into one unit and should speed up the development of the area. Combined reserves are estimated at around 7 trillion cubic feet of natural gas and 630 million barrels of crude oil and condensate. Production is expected to start in 2001. (DJ)

The Venezuelan Congress approves a proposed \$2.5 billion joint venture between Lagoven, a unit of state-owned Petroleos de Venezuela, U.S.-based Mobil, and Germany-based Veba Oel AG to extract and upgrade extra heavy crude oil from the Cerro Negro zone of the Orinoco belt. The project is projected to last 35 years with peak production of 120,000 barrels per day reached by 2001. (DJ)

October 5

Japan Gasoline Corporation (JGC) announces that it has won a contract to design, build, and equip an oil refinery in Pakistan. JGC estimates the total cost of the project to be around \$600 million. The refinery will include a crude oil distillation unit and a hydrocracker and will have a processing capacity of 100,000 barrels of crude oil per day, making it Pakistan's largest refinery. It is designed to help meet Pakistan's domestic demand for oil products and is expected to be complete by the end of 2000. (DJ)

October 6

Japan's Itochu Corporation and Japan Gasoline Corporation secure an oil refinery construction contract from the Georgian government. The contract is estimated to be worth between \$200 and \$300 million, with construction beginning in 1998 and start-up scheduled for 2001. The refinery will be built in Supsa on the Black Sea and will process 60,000 barrels of crude oil per day. It will supply gasoline, gas oil, and heavy fuel oil for domestic consumption in Georgia and export to Ukraine, Turkey, and other neighboring countries. (DJ)

The Malaysian government confirms that it has approved a proposal submitted by Japan's Chiyoda Corporation to build a 118-mile crude oil pipeline across the Malay peninsula. The \$2 billion pipeline will have the capacity to carry 2 million barrels per day from the Malaysian town of Alor Setar to the Thai port of Sai Buri. Thailand still needs to approve the project before it can go forward, but, Chiyoda is expecting that to occur soon. (DJ)

The U.S. Department of Energy announces that it will sell its 78 percent share of the Elk Hills Naval Petroleum Reserve in California to Occidental Petroleum for \$3.6 billion. Currently, Elk Hills produces 60,000 barrels per day of oil, down from a high of 150,000 barrels per day in 1981. The U.S. Congress and the U.S. Department of Justice have 31 days and 60 days, respectively, to review the sale. (DJ)

October 8

The United Nation's Iraq Sanctions Committee votes to provide funds to Turkey to purchase spare parts for the Kirkuk-to-Yumurtalik pipeline that carries Iraqi crude oil to the Turkish port of Ceyhan. The Committee said that the funds are for medium-term maintenance of the pipeline which is to carry at least half of Iraq's oil exports under the current six-month phase of the oil-for-food program. (DJ)

October 9

Turkey's state-owned oil company, Turkiye Petrolleri AO (TPOA), signs a \$750 million deal with Kazakhstan to develop oil reserves in the northwestern Aktyubinsk region near the Caspian Sea. The contract is expected to last at least 29 years, and Kazakhstan could earn \$1.8 billion in revenues. TPOA and Amoco will set up a 50-50 joint venture to finance and implement the project. The first four years of the contract are set aside for exploration and the following 25 years for production. Turkish officials estimate that the region contains about 327 million barrels of oil. (WSJ)

Norway's state-owned oil company, Statoil AS, reports that so far about 60 million barrels of recoverable oil have been found in eight exploration wells drilled this year. In the North Sea, new discoveries were made in the Beta West structure on the Yme field, in the Giltne oil field north of the Sleipner area, and in the Statfjord field. By the end of the year, Statoil will drill four more exploration wells. Its greatest expectations are for the first deep water well on the Vena Dome in the Voering plateau in the Norwegian Sea. (DJ)

October 11

Pilipinas Shell Petroleum Corporation, a unit of Royal Dutch/Shell, and Occidental Philippines Incorporated, a unit of Occidental Petroleum Corporation of the U.S., announce a \$5 billion joint venture to distribute natural gas from the Malampaya/Carnago natural gas field off the western Philippine island of Pauline. The Philippines has depended heavily on imported coal and oil for its energy needs and has begun to develop its domestic energy resources to reduce this dependence. The Filipino government will retain 60 percent of the revenues generated by the project which should translate into an estimated \$8 billion. The remaining 40 percent goes to the Shell/Occidental partnership. Shell and Occidental stand to earn \$500 million per year in revenues with investments fully recovered in seven to eight years. (DJ)

Nine days after signing a \$2 billion contract with the National Iranian Oil Company, France's Total SA begins Phases Two and Three of the development plan for Iran's South Pars natural gas field. The field contains an estimated 280 trillion cubic feet of natural gas and 7.5 billion barrels of natural gas liquids. Phases Two and Three are designed to produce two billion cubic feet of natural gas per day over 30 years. The deal has the support of the European Union, but has drawn harsh criticism from the United States. (DJ)

Egypt and Libya announce a \$1 billion project that includes the construction of a 386-mile oil pipeline between the two countries. The line will transport up to 150,000 barrels of oil per day, carrying Libyan crude oil from the border town of Tobruk to Egyptian refineries. (DJ)

October 13

The Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC), whose membership includes Bahrain, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and United Arab Emirates, opens a two-day conference with the European Union in Manama, Bahrain, focusing on advanced oil and gas technologies. Fayed al-Sadah, general manager of Bahrain National Oil Company, opened the conference by stating that world crude oil demand is expected to rise from today's level of 72 million barrels per day to 96 million barrels per day by 2010 and that the GCC states are ready to meet any increases in world oil demand. (DJ)

October 14

Shell U.K. Exploration and Production reports that production has started on the Central North Sea Kingfisher condensate field, four weeks ahead of schedule and significantly under budget. The field's reserves are estimated at 56 million barrels of crude oil and condensate and 368 billion cubic feet of gas. Kingfisher is located about 155 miles northeast of Aberdeen. A second production well should be flowing by the end of 1997 and four more wells are expected on line by early 1999. (DJ)

At a joint news conference, officials from Turkmenistan and Iran announce an agreement to set up a joint consortium to develop offshore oil and gas fields located on their joint border in the Caspian Sea. The two countries also agreed to further efforts toward determining the legal status of the Caspian region in order to provide more guarantees to international companies interested in long-term work in the Caspian. (DJ)

October 20

Two of Mexico's main Gulf Coast crude oil export ports reopen after being closed for five days due to poor weather conditions. The port of Pajaritos usually exports around 400,000 barrels of oil per day and the port of Dos Bocas exports around 300,000 barrels per day. These two ports, along with the port of Cayo Arcas, handle the vast majority of exports from state-owned Petroleos Mexicanos. (DJ)

The Maritime and Port Authority of Singapore confirms that a 166,500-barrel oil spill from a collision of two oil tankers has been contained in a region southwest of Singapore. On October 15, an empty, very large crude carrier and an oil tanker collided in the Singapore Strait. The oil tanker was carrying about 800,000 barrels of marine fuel oil before the collision. Neither ship was in danger of sinking and clean-up operations began immediately. However, clean-up efforts have been hampered by thick haze from forest fires in nearby Indonesia. The individuals in charge of the two vessels have been charged with reckless navigation. The spill has been described as Singapore's worst. (DJ)

October 21

The U.S. Department of Energy and Arthur D. Little, Inc. announce a new method of producing electricity from gasoline by extracting hydrogen from the gasoline. The technique delivers over 80 percent of the energy from gasoline to a fuel cell which converts the energy to electricity. Useful energy per gallon of gasoline doubles over conventional combustion engines. The costs per kilowatt of capacity will need to be lowered for commercialization. However, engineers expressed confidence that the costs of the fuel cells can be reduced through mass production. Energy Secretary Federico Peña said that such cars would be on the road by 2010. (NYT)

Thailand's Songkla Petroleum & Chemical Limited signs a \$2.2 billion contract with a German joint venture company, Kruppe Uhde GmbH & Thyssen Rheinstahl Technik GmbH, to design and build a crude oil refinery, a petrochemical complex, and a 150-megawatt power plant. The project is part of Thailand's Southern Seaboard Development program and will be constructed in Songkla province in southern Thailand. The oil refinery will have a capacity of at least 125,000 barrels per day. (DJ)

Qatar General Petroleum Corporation announces that it will move forward with its plans to build a gas pipeline from its North Dome natural gas field to Jebel Ali in the United Arab Emirates. The proposed pipeline will have a capacity of 800 million cubic feet per day and is scheduled to be completed in three years. The project is being developed by a five-member consortium led by Atlantic Richfield of the U.S. (DJ)

October 22

Kazakhstan's Ambassador to Rome, Olxas Suleimenov, announces that Italy's Ente Nazionale Idrocarburi (ENI), Texaco, BG PLC, and Kazak Gas will invest \$9 billion over 40 years to develop Kazakhstan's giant Karachaganak oil and gas field. ENI and BG will each hold a 32 percent stake in the field, Texaco 20 percent and Kazak Gas 16 percent. The Karachaganak field contains reserves of 17.66 trillion cubic feet of gas and 2.2 billion barrels of crude oil and condensates. (DJ)

October 23

Oilwatch Alaska, an oil industry watchdog group, is calling for an antitrust investigation of the companies that control the Trans-Alaska oil pipeline. The group charges that high shipping charges are strangling competition for development of the North Slope oil fields. Oilwatch also accuses the companies of overcharging for oil shipments through the pipeline, which allegedly cuts into profits and costs the state of Alaska billions of dollars in royalties and taxes. The 800-mile pipeline carries 20 percent of US domestic oil production. The companies that control the pipeline include: British Petroleum 50 percent, Arco 22 percent, Exxon 20 percent, and Mobil 3.2 percent. Amerada Hess, Philips Petroleum, and Unocal each own less than 2 percent. (DJ)

The Afghanistan Taliban Islamic movement and Turkmenistan have reached an agreement on setting up a tripartite commission to build a natural gas pipeline from Turkmenistan to Pakistan via Afghanistan. Officials from Turkmenistan and Pakistan signed an agreement in July 1997 to build the pipeline which will carry up to 706 billion cubic feet per year of Turkmen gas. (DI)

In response to Iraq's recent refusal to comply with United Nations (U.N.) arms inspections, the U.N. Security Council approves a resolution condemning Iraq's actions. Although the measure does not add new sanctions on Iraq, it expresses the Council's intentions of adopting travel restrictions on Iraqi military and intelligence officials if Iraq continues to inhibit U.N. arms inspections. The resolution passed by a 10-0 vote with five abstentions. (DJ)

October 25

The State Oil Company of Azerbaijan opens an oil pipeline stretching northwest from Baku on the Caspian Sea, through a 93-mile segment in Chechnya, and on to the Russian port of Novorossiysk on the Black Sea. The ceremony marks the first time Azerbaijan has exported its own oil to Western markets in 65 years. (WP)

October 27

Unocal Corporation organizes a multinational consortium to build a natural gas pipeline from Turkmenistan to Pakistan, and possibly India, via Afghanistan. The CentGas pipeline will cost about \$2 billion and will transport two billion cubic feet of gas per day 790 miles from the Turkmen border to Multan, Pakistan. The pipeline is expected to take two years to complete. The consortium has also proposed a \$600 million, 400-mile extension to New Delhi. Unocal will act as project leader, retaining a 46.5 percent interest in the project. The rest of the consortium consists of Saudi Arabia's Delta Oil (15 percent), the Turkmen government (7 percent), Japan's Itochu Oil Exploration (6.5 percent), Indonesia Petroleum (6.5 percent), Korea's Hyundai Engineering & Construction (5 percent), and Pakistan's Crescent Group (3.5 percent). A 10 percent share has been reserved for Russia's Gazprom, which is expected to sign onto the project soon. (WSJ)

The *Tehran Times* newspaper reports that Russia and Iran have signed a memorandum of understanding for Russia to build an oil refinery and a petrochemical complex in the Chahbahar free trade and industrial zone in southeast Iran. (DJ)

Under pressure from the U.S. Congress, the U.S. Export-Import Bank is expected to suspend \$186 million in loan guarantees to 21 oil service companies, that were expecting to sell oil well drilling and measuring equipment to Russia's Gazprom over the next year. The U.S. Congress is calling for the suspension of the loans because of Gazprom's ties to Iran. Gazprom recently signed onto a \$2 billion contract to develop Iran's South Pars natural gas field, a deal that may violate the Iran and Libya Sanctions Act. The Export-Import Bank is due to vote on the loan guarantees by the end of 1997. (DJ)

October 28

The U.S. Senate passes the \$13.8 billion Interior Appropriates bill that includes a provision directing the Department of Energy to sell \$207.5 million of oil from the Strategic Petroleum Reserve. Revenues from the sale will pay for the Reserve's operations over the next year. The bill also extends for another year the current moratorium on offshore oil and gas drilling in parts of the Gulf of Mexico and Alaska. The U.S. House of Representatives has already passed its version of the bill and President Clinton is expected to sign it. (DJ)

October 29

A consortium of South Korean, British, and Italian firms has discovered an oil field in Libya with estimated recoverable reserves of one billion barrels. The field is located 466 miles south of Tripoli on the Murzuq NC-174 block. A contract to explore the field was signed in 1990 by the consortium and Libya's National Oil Company. Under the terms of the agreement, the Libyan company will retain 75 percent of the oil produced and the rest will be equally split among the consortium's members. (DJ)

Iraq's Revolution Command Council, the country's main decision making body, announces that it will no longer allow U.S. citizens and U.S. aircraft to serve with the United Nations (U.N.) arms inspection teams. The council's statement gives U.S. citizens working with the inspection teams one week to leave Iraq. Iraq has also asked the U.N. to stop flights by American reconnaissance aircraft monitoring its compliance with U.N. resolutions requiring the elimination of weapons of mass destruction. In response to this statement, the U.N. Security Council unanimously approves a statement condemning Iraq's threats to expel the Americans. (DJ)

October 31

Chevron Corporation announces that its Kuito Field (formally known as Block 14) off the coast of Angola, may contain at least one billion barrels of oil. This estimate makes the field one of Chevron's largest finds in several decades. Production is expected to begin by early 1999. Chevron holds a 31 percent interest in the field followed by France's Total, Italy's Agip, and the Angolan government each with 20 percent share, and by Portugal's Petrogal with about a 9 percent share. (WSJ)

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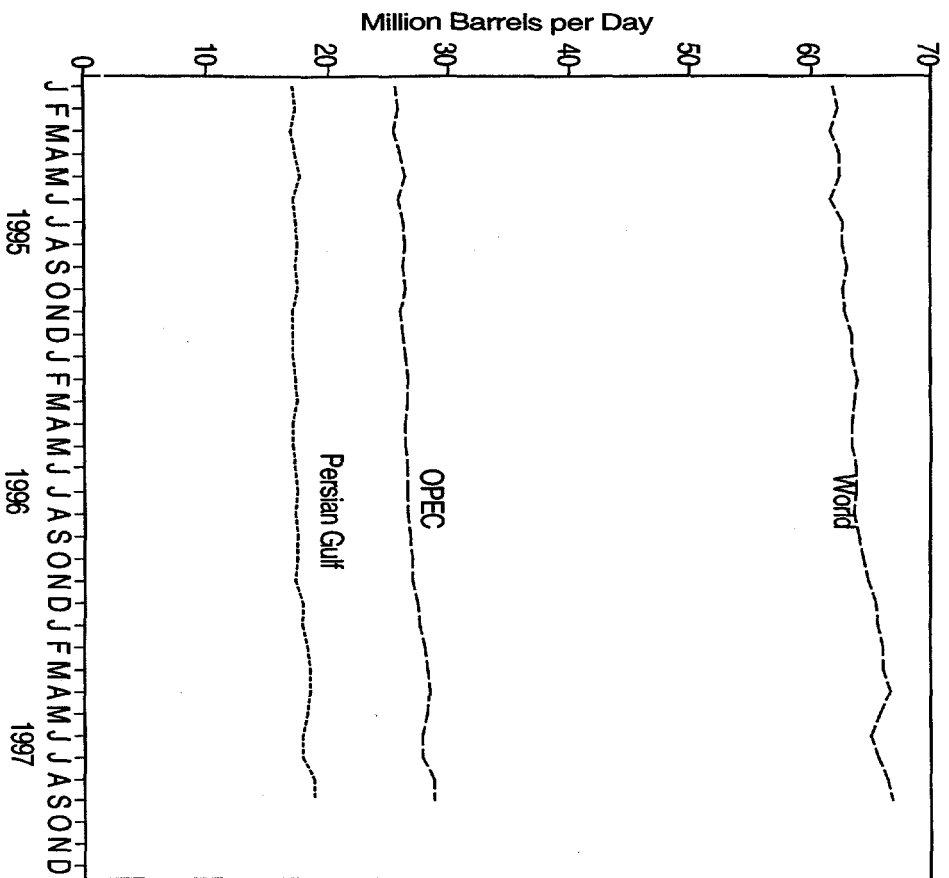
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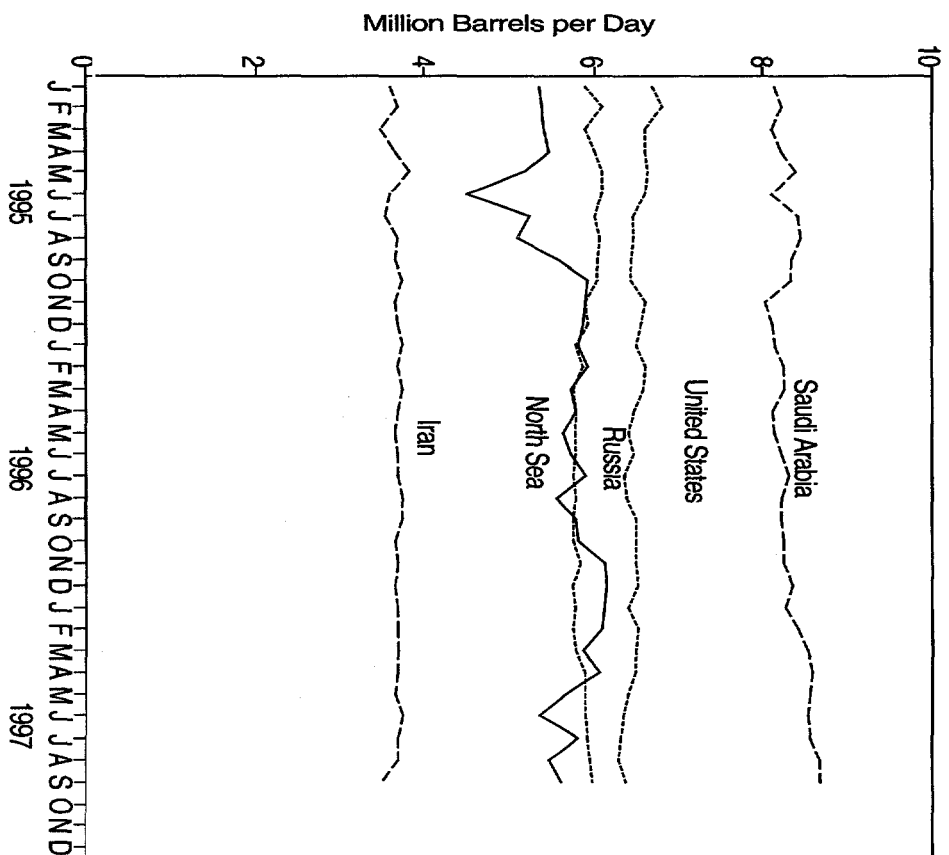
1. Annual and Monthly Oil Data

Figure 1. World Crude Oil Production, Monthly



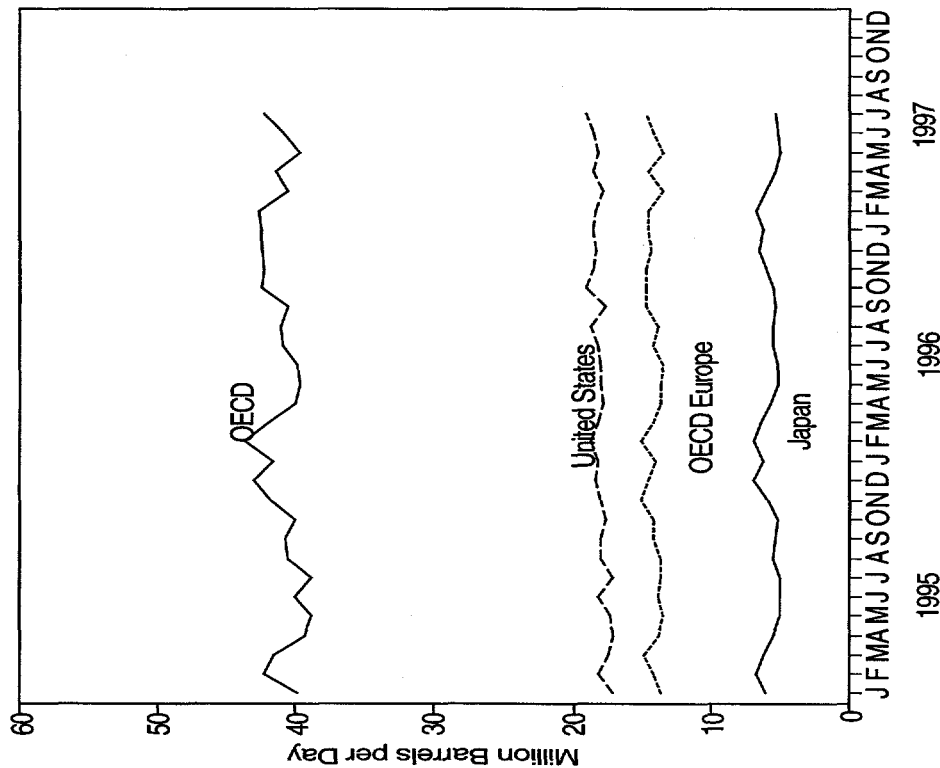
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Figure 2. Leading Crude Oil Producers, Monthly



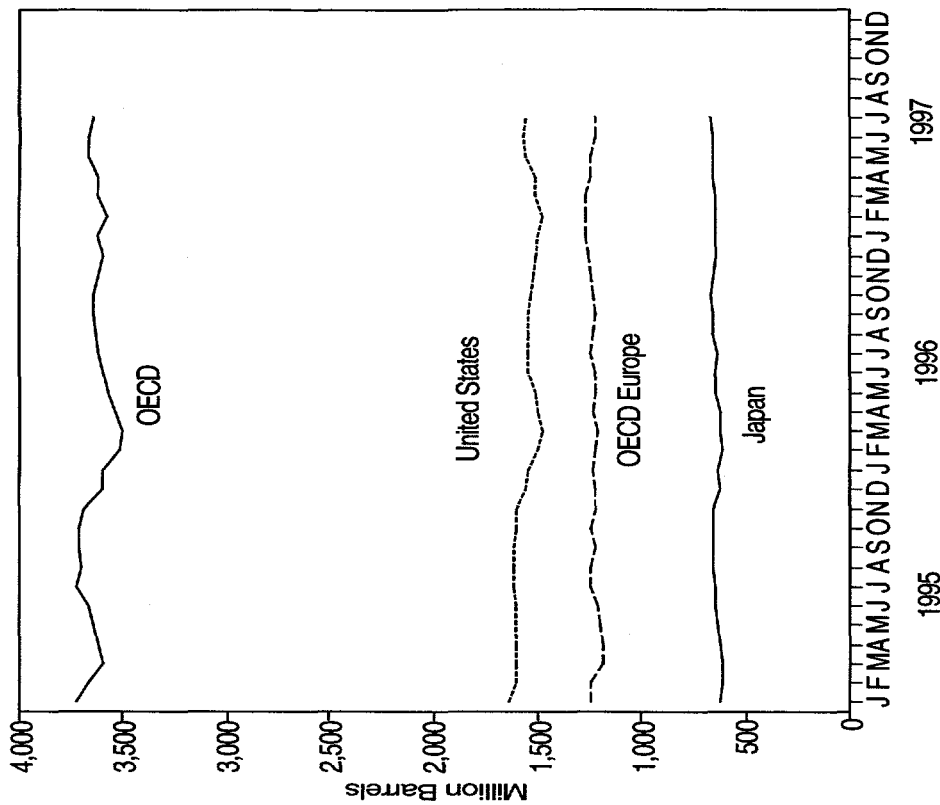
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Figure 3. OECD Oil Consumption, Monthly



Source: Table 1.7

Figure 4. OECD Oil Stocks, Monthly



Source: Table 1.5

Table 1.1a World Crude Oil Production (Including Lease Condensate), 1985-Present
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Algeria	Indonesia	Iran	Iraq	Kuwait ¹ /	Libya	Nigeria	Qatar	Saudi Arabia ¹ /	United Arab Emirates	Venezuela	Total OPEC
1985 Average.....	1,037	1,325	2,250	1,433	1,023	1,059	1,495	301	3,388	1,193	1,677	16,181
1986 Average.....	945	1,390	2,035	1,690	1,419	1,034	1,467	308	4,870	1,330	1,787	18,275
1987 Average.....	1,048	1,343	2,298	2,079	1,585	972	1,341	293	4,265	1,541	1,757	18,517
1988 Average.....	1,040	1,342	2,240	2,685	1,492	1,175	1,450	346	5,086	1,565	1,903	20,324
1989 Average.....	1,095	1,409	2,810	2,685	1,783	1,150	1,716	380	5,064	1,860	1,907	22,071
1990 Average.....	1,175	1,462	3,088	2,040	1,175	1,375	1,810	406	6,410	2,117	2,137	23,195
1991 Average.....	1,230	1,592	3,312	305	1,90	1,483	1,892	395	8,115	2,386	2,375	23,275
1992 Average.....	1,214	1,504	3,429	425	1,058	1,433	1,943	423	8,332	2,266	2,371	24,398
1993 Average.....	1,162	1,511	3,540	512	1,852	1,361	1,960	413	8,198	2,159	2,450	25,119
1994 Average.....	1,180	1,510	3,618	553	2,025	1,378	1,931	415	8,120	2,193	2,588	25,510
1995 Average.....	1,202	1,503	3,643	560	2,057	1,390	1,993	483	8,231	2,279	2,750	26,092
1996												
January.....	1,220	1,540	3,735	555	2,038	1,400	2,160	500	8,118	2,290	2,940	26,495
February.....	1,220	1,540	3,685	555	2,057	1,400	2,180	500	8,248	2,265	2,940	26,590
March.....	1,210	1,540	3,715	555	2,057	1,400	2,190	500	8,248	2,285	2,990	26,690
April.....	1,230	1,530	3,685	555	2,067	1,400	2,160	505	8,088	2,250	2,990	26,460
May.....	1,245	1,550	3,635	555	2,055	1,400	2,200	505	8,135	2,275	2,990	26,525
June.....	1,250	1,550	3,685	555	2,065	1,400	2,200	505	8,195	2,270	2,990	26,665
July.....	1,250	1,520	3,685	555	2,065	1,400	2,170	505	8,295	2,260	3,040	26,745
August.....	1,250	1,540	3,715	555	2,040	1,400	2,190	505	8,220	2,260	3,090	26,765
September.....	1,250	1,560	3,735	555	2,070	1,400	2,150	525	8,200	2,310	3,090	26,845
October.....	1,260	1,580	3,635	555	2,075	1,400	2,210	525	8,255	2,310	3,140	26,945
November.....	1,260	1,570	3,685	555	2,075	1,400	2,220	505	8,255	2,250	3,190	26,965
December.....	1,260	1,570	3,635	895	2,077	1,410	2,225	545	8,358	2,305	3,240	27,520
1996 Average.....	1,242	1,547	3,686	584	2,062	1,401	2,188	510	8,218	2,278	3,053	26,769
1997												
January.....	1,260	1,570	3,685	1,085	2,085	1,430	2,250	585	8,265	2,300	3,190	27,705
February.....	1,270	1,590	3,685	1,125	2,077	1,430	2,310	585	8,408	2,330	3,190	28,000
March.....	1,280	1,600	3,685	1,175	2,105	1,440	2,240	585	8,515	2,360	3,200	28,185
April.....	1,280	1,560	3,685	1,275	2,107	1,450	2,310	585	8,568	2,360	3,220	28,400
May.....	1,280	1,580	3,635	1,325	2,027	1,450	2,270	605	8,548	2,210	3,240	28,170
June.....	1,260	1,530	3,725	605	2,050	1,450	2,330	690	8,540	2,325	3,260	27,775
July.....	1,280	1,530	3,685	605	2,070	1,450	2,400	685	8,560	2,325	3,270	27,860
August.....	1,280	1,530	3,685	1,515	2,070	1,450	2,350	685	8,660	2,325	3,390	28,940
September.....	1,280	1,490	3,485	1,735	2,075	1,450	2,300	685	8,665	2,325	3,430	28,920
1997 Average.....	1,275	1,553	3,663	1,160	2,074	1,445	2,307	633	8,526	2,317	3,266	28,218

¹/ Includes about one-half of the production in the Kuwait-Saudi Arabia Neutral Zone from 1980 through July 1990 and beginning in June 1991. Kuwaiti Neutral Zone output was discontinued following Iraq's invasion of Kuwait on August 2, 1990, but was resumed in June 1991. From August 1990 through May 1991, all production in the Neutral Zone was included in the data for Saudi Arabia. In September 1997, Neutral Zone production by both Kuwait and Saudi Arabia totaled about 530 thousand barrels per day.

Notes: •OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. •Monthly data are often preliminary and also may not average to the annual totals due to rounding.

Sources: See end of Section 1.

Table 1.1b World Crude Oil Production (Including Lease Condensate), 1985-Present
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Norway	United Kingdom	North Sea ¹	Angola	Argentina	Australia	Brazil	Canada	China	Colombia	Ecuador
1985 Average.....	788	2,530	3,417	231	460	575	564	1,471	2,505	176	281
1986 Average.....	870	2,539	3,547	282	434	520	572	1,474	2,620	305	293
1987 Average.....	1,022	2,406	3,584	360	428	547	566	1,535	2,690	385	174
1988 Average.....	1,158	2,232	3,540	452	449	538	554	1,616	2,730	378	302
1989 Average.....	1,554	1,802	3,515	455	460	490	596	1,560	2,757	403	279
1990 Average.....	1,704	1,820	3,667	475	483	575	631	1,553	2,774	440	285
1991 Average.....	1,890	1,797	3,811	500	485	545	630	1,548	2,835	419	299
1992 Average.....	2,229	1,825	4,182	526	553	535	626	1,605	2,845	433	321
1993 Average.....	2,350	1,915	4,403	509	594	503	643	1,679	2,890	456	344
1994 Average.....	2,521	2,375	5,058	536	650	536	671	1,746	2,939	450	365
1995 Average.....	2,768	2,489	5,400	646	715	562	695	1,805	2,990	585	392
1996 January.....	3,085	2,600	5,819	705	710	530	770	1,775	3,115	620	390
February.....	3,165	2,625	5,935	705	710	560	785	1,705	3,100	620	390
March.....	2,990	2,570	5,715	700	720	580	775	1,800	3,050	635	390
April.....	3,160	2,467	5,768	715	750	610	805	1,840	3,020	605	390
May.....	2,980	2,512	5,636	715	750	610	805	1,755	3,195	605	390
June.....	3,150	2,457	5,719	715	750	575	805	1,815	3,205	605	390
July.....	3,201	2,537	5,884	720	760	590	795	1,795	3,150	615	390
August.....	3,022	2,385	5,559	720	760	540	751	1,858	3,130	630	375
September.....	3,095	2,517	5,774	700	760	560	790	1,840	3,140	630	385
October.....	3,005	2,642	5,814	700	800	560	800	1,922	3,165	630	385
November.....	3,210	2,743	6,118	700	800	535	830	1,875	3,190	640	385
December.....	3,198	2,760	6,130	710	800	585	830	1,891	3,115	640	385
1996 Average.....	3,104	2,568	5,822	709	756	570	795	1,823	3,131	623	387
1997 January.....	3,268	2,693	6,126	700	820	565	840	1,874	3,210	650	385
February.....	3,263	2,660	6,074	715	820	561	830	1,920	3,240	640	385
March.....	3,063	2,638	5,863	720	830	594	830	1,900	3,215	620	380
April.....	3,388	2,515	6,063	720	840	594	830	1,823	3,230	650	390
May.....	3,194	2,315	5,677	720	840	576	830	1,737	3,275	650	380
June.....	3,025	2,135	5,339	710	815	574	830	1,835	3,220	640	360
July.....	3,194	2,447	5,820	R715	R820	584	R860	1,889	3,190	605	360
August.....	2,890	2,407	5,462	R720	R840	605	R860	1,895	3,190	R635	R370
September.....	2,927	2,483	5,589	720	840	626	860	1,930	3,190	640	395
1997 Average.....	3,133	2,476	5,777	716	830	587	841	1,866	3,218	637	378

1/ North Sea includes the United Kingdom Offshore, Norway, Denmark, Netherlands Offshore, and Germany Offshore.
R-Revised data.

Notes: *Monthly data are often preliminary and also may not average to the annual totals due to rounding. See Section 4 for historical series.

Sources: See end of Section 1.

Table 1.1c World Crude Oil Production (Including Lease Condensate), 1985-Present
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Egypt	Gabon	India	Malaysia	Mexico	Oman	Russia	Former U.S.S.R.	Syria	United States	Other ^{1/}	World
1985 Average.....	887	172	620	440	2,745	498	--	11,585	178	8,971	2,124	53,982
1986 Average.....	813	166	630	504	2,435	560	--	11,895	194	8,680	2,166	56,227
1987 Average.....	896	155	609	497	2,548	582	--	12,050	230	8,349	2,120	56,666
1988 Average.....	848	159	635	540	2,512	617	--	12,053	265	8,140	2,235	58,737
1989 Average.....	865	208	700	585	2,520	641	--	11,715	340	7,613	2,249	59,863
1990 Average.....	873	270	660	619	2,553	685	--	10,975	388	7,355	2,253	60,566
1991 Average.....	874	294	615	646	2,680	700	--	9,992	492	7,417	2,274	60,207
1992 Average.....	881	298	561	653	2,669	740	--	--	481	7,171	3,233	60,216
1993 Average.....	890	313	534	640	2,673	776	--	--	554	6,847	3,290	60,247
1994 Average.....	896	329	590	645	2,685	810	--	--	560	6,662	3,393	61,003
1995 Average.....	920	345	703	682	2,618	851	5,995	--	610	6,560	3,423	62,446
1996 January.....	920	360	675	680	2,795	865	5,763	--	605	6,495	R3,422	R63,375
February.....	920	360	700	680	2,800	865	5,867	--	605	6,577	R3,447	R63,776
March.....	920	370	665	680	2,870	870	5,755	--	605	6,571	R3,419	R63,625
April.....	920	370	685	700	2,860	880	5,763	--	600	6,444	R3,435	R63,480
May.....	920	370	660	700	2,875	880	5,789	--	600	6,394	R3,448	R63,478
June.....	920	370	650	700	2,880	880	5,763	--	600	6,458	R3,452	R63,805
July.....	920	370	625	700	2,870	885	5,737	--	600	6,338	R3,553	R63,896
August.....	920	370	625	700	2,830	885	5,780	--	600	6,360	R3,559	R63,566
September.....	920	370	625	700	2,860	890	5,750	--	600	6,482	R3,564	R64,023
October.....	920	370	625	700	2,860	900	5,737	--	600	6,481	R3,632	R64,379
November.....	930	370	630	700	2,860	900	5,832	--	610	6,476	R3,656	R64,837
December.....	930	370	650	700	2,900	900	5,755	--	620	6,506	R3,651	R65,416
1996 Average.....	922	368	651	695	2,855	883	5,774	--	604	6,465	R3,520	R63,972
1997 January.....	885	370	650	730	2,940	890	5,789	--	565	R6,387	R3,706	R65,622
February.....	885	370	650	730	2,970	900	5,729	--	565	R6,514	R3,685	R66,031
March.....	890	370	660	730	2,970	900	5,772	--	565	R6,470	R3,725	R66,027
April.....	890	370	685	750	2,945	900	5,893	--	560	R6,483	R3,747	R66,603
May.....	880	370	685	750	2,945	850	5,502	--	560	R6,401	R3,711	R65,925
June.....	870	370	685	740	3,005	900	5,902	--	560	R6,341	R3,716	R65,008
July.....	R880	370	685	R740	3,035	940	R5,923	--	560	R6,316	R3,670	R65,543
August.....	870	370	685	R740	3,080	870	R5,945	--	560	R6,282	R3,660	R66,414
September.....	870	370	685	740	3,100	870	5,958	--	560	R6,380	3,706	66,770
1997 Average.....	880	370	675	739	3,004	884	5,869	--	562	R6,396	3,703	65,981

^{1/} Other is a calculated total derived from the difference between "World" and the sum of production in "Total OPEC" (Table 1.1a) and all other countries listed (Tables 1.1b and 1.1c). The total "North Sea" is not subtracted from the world total, though Norway and the United Kingdom have been subtracted.

-- = Not applicable. R=Revised data. E=Estimated. PE=Preliminary estimate. RE=Revised estimate.

Notes: *Monthly data are often preliminary and also may not average to the annual totals due to rounding. See Section 4 for historical series.

Sources: See end of Section 1.

Table 1.2 OPEC Crude Oil Production (Excluding Condensate), 1985-Present
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Algeria	Indo- nesia	Iran	Iraq	Kuwait ^{1/}	Libya	Nigeria	Qatar	Saudi Arabia ^{1/}	United Arab Emirates	Vene- zuela	Total OPEC
1985 Average...	702	1,181	2,250	1,433	1,023	1,059	1,475	301	3,388	1,133	1,558	15,503
1986 Average...	600	1,257	2,035	1,690	1,419	1,034	1,447	308	4,870	1,270	1,645	17,575
1987 Average...	648	1,189	2,298	2,079	1,585	972	1,291	293	4,265	1,441	1,587	17,648
1988 Average...	690	1,177	2,240	2,685	1,492	1,175	1,400	346	5,086	1,465	1,715	19,421
1989 Average...	690	1,231	2,810	2,897	1,783	1,150	1,666	380	5,064	1,783	1,747	21,201
1990 Average...	765	1,281	3,088	2,040	1,175	1,375	1,755	406	6,410	2,066	1,707	22,458
1991 Average...	800	1,410	3,312	305	190	1,483	1,832	395	8,115	2,326	2,338	22,506
1992 Average...	772	1,326	3,429	425	1,058	1,433	1,820	423	8,332	2,206	2,334	23,558
1993 Average...	747	1,327	3,540	512	1,852	1,361	1,835	413	8,198	2,109	2,410	24,304
1994 Average...	750	1,334	3,600	548	2,034	1,378	1,887	409	8,147	2,183	2,542	24,812
1995 Average...	767	1,343	3,608	550	2,057	1,390	1,876	449	8,231	2,197	2,710	25,179
1996 January...	790	1,360	3,700	550	2,038	1,400	2,010	465	8,118	2,210	2,900	25,540
February...	790	1,360	3,650	550	2,057	1,400	2,030	465	8,248	2,185	2,900	25,635
March.....	780	1,360	3,680	550	2,057	1,400	2,040	465	8,248	2,205	2,950	25,735
April.....	800	1,350	3,650	550	2,067	1,400	2,010	470	8,088	2,170	2,950	25,505
May.....	815	1,350	3,600	550	2,055	1,400	2,050	470	8,135	2,195	2,950	25,570
June.....	820	1,370	3,650	550	2,065	1,400	2,050	470	8,195	2,190	2,950	25,710
July.....	820	1,340	3,650	550	2,065	1,400	2,020	470	8,295	2,180	3,000	25,790
August.....	820	1,360	3,680	550	2,040	1,400	2,040	470	8,220	2,180	3,050	25,810
September...	820	1,380	3,700	550	2,070	1,400	2,000	490	8,200	2,230	3,050	25,890
October...	830	1,400	3,600	550	2,075	1,400	2,110	490	8,255	2,230	3,100	26,040
November..	830	1,390	3,650	550	2,075	1,400	2,120	470	8,255	2,170	3,150	26,060
December..	830	1,390	3,600	890	2,077	1,410	2,125	510	8,358	2,225	3,200	26,615
1996 Average...	812	1,367	3,651	579	2,062	1,401	2,051	475	8,218	2,198	3,013	25,826
1997 January...	830	1,390	3,650	1,080	2,085	1,430	2,150	550	8,265	2,220	3,150	26,800
February...	840	1,410	3,650	1,120	2,077	1,430	2,210	550	8,408	2,250	3,150	27,095
March	850	1,420	3,650	1,170	2,105	1,440	2,140	550	8,515	2,280	3,160	27,280
April	850	1,380	3,650	1,270	2,107	1,450	2,210	550	8,568	2,280	3,180	27,495
May	850	1,400	3,600	1,320	2,027	1,450	2,170	570	8,548	2,130	3,200	27,265
June	830	1,350	3,700	600	2,050	1,450	2,230	655	8,540	2,245	3,220	26,870
July	850	1,350	3,650	600	2,070	1,450	2,300	650	8,560	2,245	3,230	26,955
August.....	850	1,350	3,650	1,510	2,070	1,450	2,250	650	8,660	2,245	3,350	28,035
September..	850	1,310	3,450	1,730	2,075	1,450	2,200	650	8,665	2,245	3,390	28,015
1997 Average...	845	1,373	3,628	1,155	2,074	1,445	2,207	598	8,526	2,237	3,226	27,313

1/ Includes about one-half of the production in the Kuwait-Saudi Arabia Neutral Zone from 1980 through July 1990 and beginning in June 1991. Kuwaiti Neutral Zone output was discontinued following Iraq's invasion of Kuwait on August 2, 1990, but was resumed in June 1991. From August 1990 through May 1991, all production in the Neutral Zone was included in the data for Saudi Arabia. In September 1997, Neutral Zone production by both Kuwait and Saudi Arabia totaled about 530 thousand barrels per day.

Notes: •OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

•Monthly data are often preliminary and also may not average to the annual totals due to rounding.

Sources: See end of Section 1.

Table 1.3 World Natural Gas Plant Liquids Production, 1985-Present
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Algeria	Canada	Mexico	Saudi Arabia	Russia	Former USSR	United States ¹	Persian Gulf ²	OAPEC ³	OPEC ³	World
1985 Average.....	120	337	271	375	--	350	1,609	645	808	892	3,938
1986 Average.....	120	328	352	385	--	440	1,551	700	860	969	4,150
1987 Average.....	140	367	338	418	--	430	1,595	721	900	1,006	4,279
1988 Average.....	120	381	370	499	--	450	1,625	808	979	1,077	4,481
1989 Average.....	130	410	384	503	--	425	1,546	851	1,041	1,188	4,502
1990 Average.....	130	426	428	620	--	425	1,559	930	1,107	1,281	4,632
1991 Average.....	140	431	457	680	--	420	1,659	931	1,113	1,299	4,827
1992 Average.....	140	460	454	713	230	--	1,697	1,003	1,185	1,364	4,973
1993 Average.....	145	506	459	704	220	--	1,736	1,040	1,238	1,435	5,169
1994 Average.....	140	529	461	698	200	--	1,727	1,071	1,267	1,465	5,282
1995 Average.....	145	581	447	701	180	--	1,762	1,106	1,301	1,506	5,474
1996 January.....	145	585	470	690	248	--	1,716	1,075	1,267	1,445	R5,538
February.....	145	545	475	700	248	--	1,680	1,085	1,277	1,455	R5,483
March.....	145	615	475	700	248	--	1,814	1,085	1,277	1,455	R5,679
April.....	145	615	475	690	248	--	1,845	1,075	1,267	1,445	R5,687
May.....	145	565	475	690	248	--	1,806	1,075	1,267	1,445	R5,609
June.....	145	560	485	695	248	--	1,833	1,080	1,272	1,450	R5,625
July.....	145	610	440	705	248	--	1,829	1,090	1,282	1,460	R5,642
August.....	145	618	335	700	248	--	1,858	1,085	1,277	1,455	R5,549
September.....	145	595	340	695	248	--	1,872	1,080	1,272	1,450	R5,564
October.....	145	620	370	695	248	--	1,912	1,080	1,272	1,450	R5,720
November.....	145	615	370	695	248	--	1,915	1,080	1,272	1,450	R5,692
December.....	145	640	370	705	248	--	1,876	1,090	1,282	1,460	R5,709
1996 Average.....	145	599	423	697	248	--	1,830	1,082	1,274	1,452	R5,625
1997 January.....	145	660	370	700	248	--	1,815	1,085	1,277	1,455	R5,663
February.....	145	645	375	710	248	--	1,900	1,095	1,287	1,465	R5,728
March.....	145	652	385	720	248	--	1,907	1,105	1,297	1,475	R5,762
April.....	145	610	360	725	248	--	1,849	1,110	1,302	1,480	R5,634
May.....	145	597	380	725	248	--	1,832	1,110	1,302	1,480	R5,576
June.....	145	595	370	720	248	--	1,842	1,105	1,297	1,475	R5,555
July.....	145	599	370	720	248	--	1,850	1,105	1,297	1,475	R5,592
August.....	145	625	370	730	248	--	R1,850	1,115	1,307	1,485	R5,616
September.....	145	626	380	730	248	--	R1,845	1,115	1,307	1,485	5,648
1997 Average.....	145	623	373	720	248	--	R1,854	1,105	1,297	1,475	5,640

1/ U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Excludes fuel ethanol blended into finished motor gasoline.

2/ See Appendix A for countries in this group.

3/ OAPEC=Organization of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries. OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in these groups.

R=Revised data. E=Estimated.

Notes: *Monthly data are often preliminary and also may not average to the annual totals due to rounding. See Section 4 for historical series.

Sources: See end of Section 1.

Table 1.4 World Oil Supply, 1985-Present
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	United States ^{1/}	Persian Gulf ^{2/}	OAPEC ^{3/}	OPEC ^{3/}	World
1985 Average.....	11,192	10,320	11,498	17,151	59,264
1986 Average.....	10,905	12,441	13,653	19,310	61,771
1987 Average.....	10,648	12,869	13,992	19,589	62,429
1988 Average.....	10,473	14,310	15,662	21,465	64,707
1989 Average.....	9,880	15,733	16,658	23,323	65,894
1990 Average.....	9,677	16,249	17,232	24,536	66,756
1991 Average.....	9,883	15,704	16,747	24,625	66,634
1992 Average.....	9,768	17,010	17,871	25,818	66,937
1993 Average.....	9,602	17,792	18,505	26,610	67,345
1994 Average.....	9,413	18,072	18,745	27,031	68,218
1995 Average.....	9,400	18,439	19,192	27,654	69,916
1996 January.....	9,346	18,382	19,059	27,996	71,040
February.....	9,348	18,467	19,196	28,101	71,342
March.....	9,503	18,517	19,207	28,201	71,413
April.....	9,430	18,297	19,034	27,961	71,299
May.....	9,357	18,307	19,104	28,026	71,236
June.....	9,369	18,427	19,179	28,171	71,500
July.....	9,328	18,527	19,279	28,261	71,690
August.....	9,365	18,452	19,179	28,276	71,253
September.....	9,516	18,547	19,254	28,351	71,741
October.....	9,515	18,507	19,319	28,451	72,213
November.....	9,636	18,477	19,259	28,471	72,766
December.....	9,620	18,977	19,833	29,036	73,355
1996 Average.....	9,445	18,491	19,243	28,277	71,738
1997 January.....	9,249	19,162	19,888	29,216	73,333
February.....	9,519	19,377	20,113	29,521	73,865
March.....	9,482	19,602	20,363	29,716	73,894
April.....	9,385	19,762	20,524	29,936	74,291
May.....	9,321	19,532	20,334	29,706	73,490
June.....	9,253	19,122	19,789	29,306	72,633
July.....	9,407	19,107	19,849	29,391	73,377
August.....	RE9,346	20,127	R20,859	30,481	74,245
September.....	E9,491	20,157	21,089	30,461	74,685
1997 Average.....	PE9,382	19,550	20,312	29,749	73,754

^{1/} U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Beginning in 1993, includes fuel ethanol blended into finished motor gasoline and oxygenate production from merchant MTBE plants.

^{2/} See Appendix A for countries in this group.

^{3/} OAPEC=Organization of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries. OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries.

See Appendix A for countries in these groups.

R=Revised data. E=Estimated. PE=Preliminary estimate. RE=Revised estimate.

Notes: •Oil Supply includes crude oil, natural gas plant liquids, other liquids, and refinery gain. See Explanatory Note 1 in Appendix B. •Monthly data are often preliminary and also may not average to the annual total due to rounding. See Section 4 for historical series.

Sources: See end of Section 1.

Table 1.5 Oil Stocks in OECD Countries, End of Period
(Million Barrels)

	France	Italy	Germany ^{1/}	United Kingdom	OECD Europe ^{2/}	United States ^{3/}	Canada	Japan	Other ^{4/}	Total OECD
1985 December.....	139	157	233	123	1,092	1,519	113	494	66	3,284
1986 December.....	127	155	252	124	1,133	1,593	111	509	72	3,418
1987 December.....	127	169	259	121	1,130	1,607	126	540	71	3,474
1988 December.....	140	155	266	112	1,118	1,597	116	538	71	3,440
1989 December.....	138	164	271	118	1,133	1,581	114	577	71	3,476
1990 December.....	140	172	265	112	1,163	1,621	121	590	73	3,568
1991 December.....	153	160	288	119	1,181	1,617	119	606	65	3,588
1992 December.....	146	174	310	113	1,219	1,592	107	603	67	3,588
1993 December.....	158	163	309	118	1,221	1,647	105	618	69	3,661
1994 December.....	158	164	312	115	1,240	1,653	119	645	69	3,726
1995 December.....	159	162	301	107	1,228	1,563	109	630	71	3,601
1996										
January.....	154	157	301	107	1,236	1,544	104	638	73	3,596
February.....	156	156	298	103	1,224	1,500	102	615	69	3,511
March.....	156	153	296	106	1,212	1,482	109	627	70	3,500
April.....	165	150	298	109	1,236	1,502	109	622	72	3,540
May.....	163	157	295	105	R1,233	1,520	R107	641	R75	R3,575
June.....	160	158	296	104	1,229	1,546	R107	640	73	R3,597
July.....	162	155	297	105	R1,242	1,550	R110	637	83	R3,621
August.....	160	159	295	101	R1,237	1,545	R110	658	79	R3,629
September.....	152	162	295	105	1,229	1,551	R111	664	83	R3,640
October.....	R156	155	296	104	R1,237	1,538	R111	673	82	R3,640
November.....	160	152	R297	106	1,243	1,522	R105	665	81	R3,616
December.....	158	152	300	108	R1,256	1,507	R103	651	74	R3,591
1997										
January.....	156	158	304	107	R1,279	1,503	R104	650	80	R3,616
February.....	159	156	307	105	R1,269	1,482	R101	642	75	R3,570
March.....	160	160	R311	109	R1,272	1,512	R105	650	R76	R3,616
April.....	159	151	R300	108	R1,247	1,519	R108	665	R80	R3,619
May.....	163	150	309	108	R1,246	1,562	R104	664	R81	R3,657
June.....	153	151	298	R111	R1,231	1,577	R103	662	R83	R3,656
July.....	153	150	304	106	1,226	1,559	105	670	81	3,641

^{1/} Through December 1990, the data for Germany are for the former West Germany only. Beginning with January 1991, the data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

^{2/} "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

^{3/} U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

^{4/} "Other" consists of Australia, New Zealand, and the U.S. Territories.

R=Revised data.

Notes: •Oil Stocks - See Explanatory Note 2 in Appendix B. •See Section 4 for historical series.

Sources: See end of Section 1.

Table 1.6 Commercial and Government-Owned Oil Stocks in OECD Countries (End of June 1997)
(Million Barrels)

Country	Commercial	Government Owned	Total
Canada.....	103	0	103
United States ¹ /.....	1,014	563	1,577
United States Territories.....	28	0	28
Japan.....	355	307	662
Australia/New Zealand.....	56	NA	56
Austria.....	21	0	21
Belgium/Luxembourg.....	29	0	29
Denmark.....	23	0	23
Finland.....	24	0	24
France.....	153	0	153
Germany ² /.....	298	55	298
Greece.....	24	NA	24
Ireland.....	7	2	9
Italy.....	145	6	151
Netherlands.....	91	0	91
Norway.....	48	0	48
Portugal.....	21	0	21
Spain.....	97	0	97
Sweden.....	32	0	32
Switzerland.....	46	0	46
Turkey.....	51	0	51
United Kingdom.....	111	0	111
OECD Europe.....	1,168	63	1,231
Total OECD.....	2,723	933	3,656

1/ U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

2/ Data are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

NA=Not Available.

Notes: •Sum of components may not equal total due to rounding. •Oil Stocks - See Explanatory Note 2 in Appendix B.

•OECD=Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

Sources: See end of Section 1.

Table 1.7. OECD Oil Demand, 1985-Present
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	France	Italy	Germany ^{1/}	United Kingdom	OECD Europe ^{2/}	United States ^{3/}	Canada	Japan	Other ^{4/}	Total OECD
1985 Average....	1,775	1,717	2,338	1,634	11,681	15,726	1,504	4,384	976	34,271
1986 Average....	1,772	1,738	2,498	1,649	12,102	16,281	1,506	4,439	951	35,279
1987 Average....	1,789	1,855	2,424	1,603	12,255	16,665	1,548	4,484	959	35,911
1988 Average....	1,797	1,836	2,422	1,697	12,427	17,283	1,693	4,752	939	37,093
1989 Average....	1,857	1,930	2,280	1,738	12,531	17,325	1,733	4,983	998	37,570
1990 Average....	1,818	1,872	2,382	1,752	12,629	16,988	1,690	5,140	1,027	37,475
1991 Average....	1,935	1,863	2,828	1,801	13,391	16,714	1,622	5,284	1,056	38,067
1992 Average....	1,926	1,937	2,843	1,803	13,605	17,033	1,643	5,446	1,041	38,768
1993 Average....	1,875	1,852	2,900	1,815	13,523	17,237	1,688	5,401	1,118	38,967
1994 Average....	1,833	1,841	2,879	1,837	13,597	17,718	1,727	5,674	1,174	39,890
1995 Average....	1,896	2,048	2,875	1,845	14,120	17,725	1,755	5,711	1,227	40,537
1996										
January....	1,879	2,113	2,901	1,762	14,036	18,261	1,805	6,328	1,165	41,595
February....	2,183	2,259	3,030	1,919	15,138	18,620	1,874	6,886	1,172	43,690
March....	1,979	2,189	2,860	1,859	14,275	18,301	1,744	6,437	1,151	41,907
April....	1,919	2,196	2,743	1,853	13,676	17,885	1,667	6,748	1,154	40,130
May....	1,810	2,180	2,864	1,846	13,778	17,957	1,715	6,147	1,113	39,709
June....	1,819	2,198	2,830	1,738	13,597	18,107	1,796	5,114	1,128	39,742
July....	1,977	2,158	2,957	1,790	14,245	18,211	1,809	5,502	1,084	40,850
August....	1,841	2,178	3,035	1,795	13,873	18,658	1,887	5,567	1,113	41,097
September..	1,929	2,074	3,095	1,877	14,775	17,655	1,771	5,361	1,024	41,585
October....	1,989	2,201	3,060	1,910	14,723	19,171	1,809	5,580	1,133	42,415
November...	1,880	2,083	2,975	1,966	14,700	18,535	1,941	6,114	1,064	42,354
December...	2,021	2,088	2,796	1,836	14,458	18,334	1,771	6,648	1,192	42,403
Average....	1,935	2,058	2,911	1,845	14,269	18,309	1,799	5,867	1,124	41,368
1997										
January....	2,165	2,037	2,901	1,828	14,630	18,560	1,862	6,291	1,138	42,480
February...	2,137	2,126	2,673	1,907	14,577	18,308	1,862	6,751	1,140	42,638
March....	1,796	2,128	2,685	1,776	13,576	17,869	1,780	6,146	1,141	40,512
April....	1,910	2,199	2,225	1,823	14,660	18,572	1,745	5,303	1,174	41,453
May....	1,707	2,189	2,787	1,711	13,508	18,244	1,823	5,076	1,065	39,717
June....	1,882	2,148	3,136	1,791	14,288	18,563	1,913	5,131	1,090	40,986
July....	2,072	2,029	3,098	1,766	14,685	19,065	1,951	5,447	1,142	42,291

1/ Through December 1990, the data for Germany are for the former West Germany only. Beginning with January 1991, the data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

2/ "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

3/ U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

4/ "Other" consists of Australia, New Zealand, and the U.S. Territories.

R-Revised data.

Notes: *The term Demand is used interchangeably with Consumption and Petroleum Products Supplied. See Appendix C for definition. *See Section 4 for historical series.

Sources: See end of Section 1.

Sources for Section 1 (Annual and Monthly Oil Data)

Crude Oil Production, Natural Gas Liquids Production, Other Liquids, and Refinery Gain

United States: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Supply Annual 1996 and Petroleum Supply Monthly, October 1997.

Other Countries: Annual data -- EIA, International Energy Annual, various issues. Monthly data -- Canada -- Maclean Hunter Publishing Company, Oilweek, various issues. Denmark, Mexico, Netherlands, Norway, Germany, and all OPEC countries -- Petroleum and Energy Intelligence Weekly, Inc., Petroleum Intelligence Weekly, various issues. All Other Countries -- PennWell Publishing Company, Oil and Gas Journal, various issues. Refinery Gains: National Petroleum Council, U.S. Petroleum Refinery Study, October 1986.

Oil Stocks

United States: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual 1996 and Petroleum Supply Monthly, October 1997.

Other OECD Countries: • Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances, various issues. • OECD, Monthly Oil Statistics data base, 1985-1997.

Oil Demand

United States: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual 1996 and Petroleum Supply Monthly, October 1997.

Other OECD Countries: • OECD, Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances, various issues. • OECD, Monthly Oil Statistics data base, 1985-1997.

2. International Oil Balance Data

Table 2.1 World Oil Balance, 1993-1997
(Million Barrels Per Day)

	1993	1994	1995	1996				1997			
	Annual			Quarter				Quarter			
	Average			First	Second	Third	Fourth	Average	First	Second	Third Fourth Average
Supply^{1/}											
OECD											
United States ^{2/}	9.60	9.41	9.40	9.40	9.39	9.40	9.59	9.44	9.41	9.32	9.41
Other OECD.....	8.40	9.25	9.80	10.18	10.13	10.19	10.62	10.28	10.67	10.15	10.22
Total OECD.....	18.00	18.66	19.20	19.58	19.52	19.59	20.21	19.73	20.09	19.47	19.63
Non-OECD											
OECD.....	26.61	27.03	27.65	28.10	28.05	28.30	28.65	28.28	29.48	29.65	30.11
Former USSR.....	7.96	7.27	7.15	7.10	7.08	7.06	7.08	7.08	7.07	7.23	7.28
Other Non-OECD.....	14.78	15.25	15.91	16.48	16.69	16.61	16.83	16.65	17.05	17.12	17.08
Total Non-OECD.....	49.34	49.56	50.71	51.68	51.82	51.97	52.57	52.01	53.61	54.00	54.46
Total World Supply.....	67.34	68.22	69.92	71.26	71.34	71.56	72.78	71.74	73.69	73.47	74.10
Demand^{3/}											
OECD											
United States ^{2/}	17.24	17.72	17.72	18.39	17.98	18.18	18.68	18.31	18.24	18.46	NA
Other OECD.....	21.73	22.17	22.81	23.98	21.88	22.67	23.71	23.06	23.61	22.25	NA
Total OECD.....	38.97	39.89	40.54	42.37	39.86	40.85	42.39	41.37	41.85	40.70	NA
Non-OECD											
China.....	2.96	3.14	3.31	3.51	3.56	3.60	3.65	3.58	3.76	3.81	NA
Former USSR.....	5.64	4.85	4.72	4.75	4.27	4.27	4.65	4.49	4.77	4.31	NA
Other Non-OECD.....	19.48	20.43	21.62	22.49	22.41	21.73	23.21	22.46	23.62	23.56	NA
Total Non-OECD.....	28.08	28.42	29.66	30.75	30.25	29.60	31.51	30.53	32.15	31.68	NA
Total World Demand.....	67.04	68.31	70.19	73.12	70.11	70.45	73.90	71.90	74.00	72.39	NA
Stock Draws / Discrepancy											
Net Reported Stock Draws ^{4/}											
U. S. Commercial.....	-12	.00	.25	.86	-.77	-1.16	.39	.08	-.09	NA	NA
U. S. Strategic.....	-.03	-.01	.00	.03	.05	.11	.09	.07	.03	NA	NA
Other OECD.....	-.05	-.16	.09	.22	-.35	-.41	.05	-.12	-.22	NA	NA
For Export & Afloat.....	-.04	.03	-.12	.33	-.05	-.05	-.27	-.01	-.28	NA	NA
Commur. floating storage...	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	NA	NA
Total Reported Draws.....	-.24	-.15	.22	1.44	-1.12	-.52	.25	.01	-.55	NA	NA
Other Stock Draws and											
Statistical Discrepancy ^{5/}	-.06	.25	.06	.41	-.11	-.59	.87	.14	.86	NA	NA

1/ Supply includes production of crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas plant liquids, other hydrogen and hydrocarbons for refinery feedstocks, refinery gains, alcohol, and liquids produced from coal and other sources.

2/ U.S. geographical coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. See Explanatory Note 1 in Appendix B.

3/ The term Demand is used interchangeably with the terms Consumption and Petroleum Products Supplied. See Appendix C for definition.

4/ Stock draws are positive numbers, stock additions are negative numbers.

5/ This is computed as Total Demand minus the sum of Total Supply and Total Reported Stock Draw.

NA = Not Available.

Note: Sum of components may not equal total due to rounding.

Sources: See end of Section 2.

Table 2.2 World Oil Supply, 1993-1997
(Million Barrels Per Day)

	1993			1994			1995			1996			1997		
	Annual			Annual			Annual			Quarter			Quarter		
	Average			Average			Average			First Second Third Fourth			First Second Third Fourth		
OECD															
United States1/...	9.60	9.41	9.40	9.40	9.40	9.40	9.40	9.40	9.40	9.40	9.39	9.40	9.40	9.41	9.41
Canada.....	2.24	2.33	2.45	2.45	2.45	2.40	2.40	2.43	2.43	2.43	2.43	2.49	2.49	2.46	2.58
North Sea2/.....	4.67	5.38	5.80	5.80	5.80	6.23	6.23	6.09	6.09	6.10	6.10	6.45	6.45	6.06	5.99
Other OECD.....	1.48	1.54	1.55	1.55	1.55	1.56	1.56	1.61	1.61	1.60	1.60	1.59	1.59	1.63	1.65
Total OECD.....	18.00	18.66	19.20	19.20	19.20	19.58	19.58	19.52	19.52	19.59	19.59	20.21	20.21	19.47	19.63
Non-OECD															
OPEC															
Crude															
Algeria.....	1.16	1.18	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.22	1.22	1.24	1.24	1.25	1.24	1.26	1.26	1.27	1.28
Indonesia.....	1.51	1.51	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.57	1.57	1.56	1.52
Iran.....	3.54	3.62	3.64	3.64	3.64	3.71	3.71	3.67	3.67	3.71	3.67	3.65	3.65	3.68	3.62
Iraq.....	.51	.55	.56	.56	.56	.55	.55	.55	.55	.55	.55	.67	.67	1.07	1.28
Kuwait.....	1.85	2.02	2.06	2.06	2.06	2.05	2.05	2.06	2.06	2.06	2.06	2.08	2.08	2.06	2.07
Libya.....	1.36	1.38	1.39	1.39	1.39	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.45	1.45
Nigeria.....	1.96	1.93	1.99	1.99	1.99	2.18	2.18	2.19	2.19	2.17	2.22	2.22	2.22	2.30	2.35
Qatar.....	.41	.41	.48	.48	.48	.50	.50	.50	.50	.51	.51	.53	.53	.63	.68
Saudi Arabia..	8.20	8.12	8.23	8.23	8.23	8.20	8.20	8.14	8.14	8.24	8.24	8.29	8.29	8.55	8.63
United Arab Emirates...	2.16	2.19	2.28	2.28	2.28	2.28	2.28	2.27	2.27	2.28	2.28	2.29	2.29	2.30	2.32
Venezuela.....	2.45	2.59	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.96	2.96	2.99	2.99	3.07	3.05	3.19	3.19	3.24	3.36
Natural Gas															
Plant Liquids	1.44	1.46	1.51	1.51	1.51	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.46	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.48	1.48
Processing Gain.	.06	.06	.06	.06	.06	.06	.06	.06	.06	.06	.06	.06	.06	.06	.06
Total OPEC.....	26.61	27.03	27.65	27.65	27.65	28.10	28.10	28.05	28.05	28.30	28.28	28.65	28.65	29.65	30.11
Former USSR.....	7.96	7.27	7.15	7.15	7.15	7.10	7.10	7.08	7.08	7.06	7.08	7.08	7.08	7.23	7.28
China.....	2.89	2.94	2.99	2.99	2.99	3.09	3.09	3.14	3.14	3.14	3.16	3.16	3.16	3.24	3.19
Mexico.....	3.16	3.17	3.09	3.09	3.09	3.32	3.32	3.38	3.38	3.25	3.31	3.27	3.31	3.38	3.47
Other Non-OECD.....	8.73	9.14	9.83	9.83	9.83	10.07	10.07	10.17	10.17	10.22	10.22	10.41	10.22	10.50	10.42
Total Non-OECD....	49.34	49.56	50.71	50.71	50.71	51.68	51.68	51.82	51.82	51.97	52.01	52.57	52.01	53.61	54.46
Total Supply.....	67.34	68.22	69.92	69.92	69.92	71.26	71.26	71.34	71.34	71.56	71.74	72.78	71.74	73.69	74.10

1/ U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

2/ North Sea includes the United Kingdom Offshore, Norway, Denmark, Netherlands Offshore, and Germany Offshore.

Notes: *Supply includes crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas plant liquids, (except for individual OPEC countries), other hydrogen and hydrocarbons for refinery feedstocks, alcohol, liquids produced from coal and other sources, and processing gain (except for individual OPEC countries). For OPEC, natural gas plant liquids production and processing gain are shown as separate lines. *Sum of components may not equal total due to rounding.

NA = Not Available.

Sources: See end of Section 2.

Table 2.3 Oil Stocks, End of Period
(Million Barrels)

	1993	1994	1995	1996				1997			
	Year End			Quarter				Quarter			
				First	Second	Third	Fourth	First	Second	Third	Fourth
OECD											
United States ^{1/}											
Commercial.....	1,060	1,061	971	893	962	977	941	949	1,014	NA	NA
Strategic.....	587	592	592	589	584	574	566	563	563	NA	NA
U. S. Territories.....	25	26	24	22	23	29	25	23	27	NA	NA
Canada.....	105	119	109	109	107	111	103	105	103	NA	NA
Japan.....	618	645	630	627	640	664	651	650	662	NA	NA
OECD Europe											
France.....	158	158	159	156	160	152	158	160	153	NA	NA
Germany.....	309	312	301	296	296	295	300	311	298	NA	NA
Italy.....	163	164	162	153	158	162	152	160	151	NA	NA
United Kingdom.....	118	115	107	106	104	105	108	109	111	NA	NA
Other OECD Europe.....	475	490	499	501	511	515	537	532	518	NA	NA
Total.....	1,221	1,240	1,228	1,212	1,229	1,229	1,256	1,272	1,231	NA	NA
Australia & New Zealand	44	43	47	48	50	54	49	53	56	NA	NA
Total OECD.....	3,661	3,726	3,601	3,500	3,597	3,640	3,591	3,616	3,656	NA	NA
Stocks for Export											
and Afloat ^{2/}	945	935	980	950	955	960	985	1,010	1,000	NA	NA
Commercial Floating ^{3/}	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	NA	NA

^{1/} U.S. stock data include Alaskan crude oil in transit by water. These data were previously reported in stocks for export and afloat. U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

^{2/} Stocks held at export terminals of major crude oil producing countries and commercial oil afloat based on quarterly analysis of world seaborne movements.

^{3/} Stocks stored by industry in tankers moored offshore. Excludes strategic storage.

NA = Not Available.

Notes: • Oil Stocks - see Note 2 in Appendix B. • Sum of components may not equal total due to rounding.

Sources: See end of Section 2.

Table 2.4 World Oil Demand, 1993-1997
(Million Barrels Per Day)

	1993	1994	1995	1996				1997					
	Annual			Quarter				Quarter				Annual	
	Average			First	Second	Third	Fourth	Average	First	Second	Third	Fourth	Average
OECD													
United States1/.....	17.24	17.72	17.72	18.39	17.98	18.18	18.68	18.31	18.24	18.46	NA	NA	NA
U. S. Territories.....	.24	.26	.24	.21	.19	.17	.19	.19	.20	.17	NA	NA	NA
Canada.....	1.69	1.73	1.76	1.81	1.73	1.82	1.84	1.80	1.83	1.83	NA	NA	NA
Japan.....	5.40	5.67	5.71	6.54	5.33	5.48	6.11	5.87	6.38	5.17	NA	NA	NA
OECD Europe2/													
France.....	1.88	1.83	1.90	2.01	1.85	1.92	1.96	1.93	2.03	1.83	NA	NA	NA
Italy.....	1.85	1.84	2.05	2.19	1.92	2.01	2.12	2.06	2.03	1.95	NA	NA	NA
United Kingdom.....	1.81	1.84	1.84	1.84	1.81	1.82	1.90	1.85	1.83	1.77	NA	NA	NA
Germany3/.....	2.90	2.88	2.88	2.93	2.81	3.03	2.88	2.91	2.76	3.05	NA	NA	NA
Other OECD Europe....	5.08	5.21	5.45	5.50	5.29	5.52	5.76	5.52	5.60	5.55	NA	NA	NA
Total OECD Europe....	13.52	13.60	14.12	14.47	13.68	14.29	14.63	14.27	14.25	14.14	NA	NA	NA
Australia & New Zealand	.88	.92	.99	.96	.94	.90	.94	.93	.94	.94	NA	NA	NA
Total OECD.....	38.97	39.89	40.54	42.37	39.86	40.85	42.39	41.37	41.85	40.70	NA	NA	NA
Non-OECD													
China.....	2.96	3.14	3.31	3.51	3.56	3.60	3.65	3.58	3.76	3.81	NA	NA	NA
Former USSR.....	5.64	4.85	4.72	4.75	4.27	4.27	4.65	4.49	4.77	4.31	NA	NA	NA
Other Non-OECD.....	19.48	20.43	21.62	22.49	22.41	21.73	23.21	22.46	23.62	23.56	NA	NA	NA
Total Non-OECD.....	28.08	28.42	29.66	30.75	30.25	29.60	31.51	30.53	32.15	31.68	NA	NA	NA
Total World Demand.....	67.04	68.31	70.19	73.12	70.11	70.45	73.90	71.90	74.00	72.39	NA	NA	NA

1/ U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

2/ "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

3/ Through December 1990, the data for Germany are for the former West Germany only. Beginning with January 1991, the data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

Notes: •Oil demand includes bunkers and refinery fuel. The term Demand is used interchangeably with the terms Consumption and Petroleum Products Supplied. See Appendix C for definition. •Sum of components may not equal total due to rounding.

NA = Not Available.

Sources: See end of Section 2.

Sources for Section 2 (International Oil Balance Data)

Crude Oil Production, Natural Gas Liquids Production, Other Liquids, and Refinery Gain

United States: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Supply Annual 1996 and Petroleum Supply Monthly, October 1997.

Other Countries: Annual data -- EIA, International Energy Annual, various issues. Monthly data -- Canada -- Maclean Hunter Publishing Company, Oilweek, various issues. Denmark, Mexico, Netherlands, Norway, Germany, and all OPEC countries -- Petroleum and Energy Intelligence Weekly, Inc., Petroleum Intelligence Weekly, various issues. Other Countries -- PennWell Publishing Company, Oil and Gas Journal, various issues. Refinery Gains: National Petroleum Council, U.S. Petroleum Refinery Study, October 1986.

Oil Stocks

United States: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual 1996 and Petroleum Supply Monthly, October 1997.

Other OECD Countries: • Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances, various issues. • OECD, Monthly Oil Statistics data base, 1990-1997. Stocks for Export and Afloat and Commercial Floating Stocks -- Petroleum Economics Limited, Oil Industry Developments, various issues.

Oil Demand

United States: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual 1996 and Petroleum Supply Monthly, October 1997.

Other OECD Countries: • OECD, Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances, various issues. • OECD, Monthly Oil Statistics data base, 1990-1997.

OPEC Countries: EIA, International Energy Annual, various issues and Short-Term Energy Outlook, various issues.

Other countries: EIA, International Energy Annual, various issues and Short-Term Energy Outlook, various issues.

3. International Oil Imports

Table 3.1 Average Net Oil Imports into OECD Countries, (1996 Average)
(Million Barrels per Day)

	OECD Europe					OECD Outside Europe			
	Total	United Kingdom	France	Germany ^{1/}	Italy	Other Europe ^{2/}	United States ^{3/}	Canada	Japan Other ^{4/}
Total Net Imports..	21.453	7.339	-0.839	1.738	2.793	1.857	8.498	-0.805	5.790
Imports from OPEC ^{5/}	15.630	6.053	.234	.897	.660	3.018	4.194	.261	4.470
Imports from Persian Gulf ^{6/}									
Total.....	9.215	3.171	.102	.573	.145	1.849	1.594	.111	4.025
Bahrain.....	.035	.001	.000	.001	.000	.000	-.002	-	.033
Iran.....	1.549	1.059	.017	.172	.018	.588	.000	.039	.451
Iraq.....	.007	.006	.000	.000	.000	.006	.001	.000	.000
Kuwait.....	1.034	.288	.032	.017	.016	.223	.236	.000	.500
U.A.E.....	1.474	.004	.000	.001	.000	.003	-.003	.000	1.396
Qatar.....	.352	.002	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	-	.335
Saudi Arabia.....	4.763	1.811	.054	.381	.111	1.029	1.363	.072	1.310
Imports from OPEC-Africa									
Total.....	3.834	2.644	.090	.323	.462	1.054	.872	.094	.032
Algeria.....	1.089	.746	.023	.105	.125	.383	.256	.063	.012
Libya.....	1.204	1.204	.035	.051	.258	.281	.000	.000	-
Nigeria.....	1.541	.694	.032	.168	.079	.389	.616	.031	.020
Imports from OPEC-South America									
Total.....	1.987	.206	.042	.001	.053	1.103	1.667	.056	.003
Venezuela.....	1.987	.206	.042	.001	.053	1.103	1.667	.056	.003
Imports from OPEC-Far East									
Total.....	.630	.033	.000	.000	.000	.021	.012	.058	.442
Indonesia.....	.630	.033	.000	.000	.000	.021	.012	.058	.442

1/ The data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.
2/ "Other Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, and Turkey.
3/ U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia.
4/ "Other" consists of Australia, New Zealand, and U. S. Territories.
5/ OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.
6/ The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.
Notes: *Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. *OECD=Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. See Appendix A for countries in this group. *Negative numbers represent net exports.
*A dash (-) indicates no trade. *Zeros (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. *See Section 4 for annual data.
Sources: See end of Section 3.

Table 3.2 Net Oil Imports into OECD Countries, (2nd Quarter 1997)
(Million Barrels per Day)

	Total	OECD Europe					OECD Outside Europe				
		Total	United Kingdom	France	Germany ^{1/}	Italy	Other Europe ^{2/}	United States ^{3/}	Canada	Japan	Other ^{4/}
Total Net Imports..	21.573	7.002	-0.614	1.626	2.800	1.599	1.591	9.324	-0.761	5.374	0.635
Imports from OPEC ^{5/}	15.922	5.790	.198	.792	.644	1.278	2.877	4.734	.233	4.329	.836
Imports from Persian Gulf ^{6/}											
Total.....	9.503	3.330	.103	.572	.178	.545	1.933	1.773	.135	3.939	.325
Bahrain.....	.028	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	-	.028	.000
Iran.....	1.410	1.018	.000	.129	.027	.257	.605	.000	.065	.327	.000
Iraq.....	.445	.305	.000	.080	.000	.017	.209	.095	.000	.040	.003
Kuwait.....	1.004	.225	.028	.001	.014	.000	.182	.230	.000	.542	.007
U.A.E.....	1.425	.003	.000	.000	.002	.000	.000	-.007	.000	1.322	.107
Qatar.....	.347	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.005	-	.330	.012
Saudi Arabia.....	4.844	1.779	.075	.362	.134	.271	.937	1.450	.070	1.350	.195
Imports from OPEC-Africa											
Total.....	3.644	2.197	.062	.220	.413	.718	.783	1.132	.023	.054	.239
Algeria.....	.983	.600	.022	.125	.077	.100	.276	.319	.023	.034	.006
Libya.....	1.246	1.246	.040	.077	.254	.596	.278	.000	.000	-	.000
Nigeria.....	1.415	.351	.000	.018	.082	.022	.230	.812	.000	.019	.233
Imports from OPEC-South America											
Total.....	2.240	.252	.033	.000	.053	.005	.161	1.769	.074	.000	.145
Venezuela.....	2.240	.252	.033	.000	.053	.005	.161	1.769	.074	.000	.145
Imports from OPEC-Far East											
Total.....	.563	.011	.000	.000	.000	.010	.000	.060	.000	.364	.127
Indonesia.....	.563	.011	.000	.000	.000	.010	.000	.060	.000	.364	.127

1/ The data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

2/ "Other Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, and Turkey.

3/ U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia.

4/ "Other" consists of Australia, New Zealand, and U. S. Territories.

5/ OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

6/ The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •OECD=Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. See Appendix A for countries in this group. •Negative numbers represent net exports.

•A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •See Section 4 for annual data.

Sources: See end of Section 3.

Table 3.3 Net Oil Imports into OECD Countries, (1st Quarter 1997)
(Million Barrels per Day)

	OECD Europe						OECD Outside Europe				
	Total	United Kingdom					United States ^{3/} Canada Japan Other ^{4/}				
	Total	France	Germany ^{1/}	Italy	Other Europe ^{2/}						
Total Net Imports..	22.092	7.290	-0.873	1.796	2.746	1.860	1.761	8.617	-0.794	6.335	0.644
Imports from OPEC ^{5/}	16.235	5.945	.189	.902	.628	1.328	2.897	4.143	.316	5.133	.699
Imports from Persian Gulf ^{6/}											
Total.....	9.820	3.111	.070	.558	.105	.547	1.831	1.570	.113	4.688	.338
Bahrain.....	.027	.002	.000	.000	.000	.002	.000	-.002	-	.026	.002
Iran.....	1.478	.813	.000	.096	.017	.247	.454	.000	.043	.621	.001
Iraq.....	.364	.331	.000	.107	.000	.028	.197	.012	.000	.021	.000
Kuwait.....	1.115	.283	.038	.023	.009	.000	.213	.234	.000	.588	.011
U.A.E.....	1.619	.001	.000	.000	.000	.001	.000	-.005	.000	1.551	.072
Qatar.....	.349	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	-	.344	.005
Saudi Arabia.....	4.867	1.681	.032	.332	.079	.271	.968	1.331	.070	1.538	.248
Imports from OPEC-Africa											
Total.....	3.833	2.664	.085	.344	.497	.762	.976	.872	.107	.011	.179
Algeria.....	1.075	.704	.017	.193	.106	.089	.299	.303	.066	.000	.002
Libya.....	1.253	1.253	.060	.040	.250	.593	.310	.000	.000	-	.000
Nigeria.....	1.505	.707	.007	.111	.141	.079	.368	.569	.041	.011	.177
Imports from OPEC-South America											
Total.....	2.008	.160	.035	.000	.026	.010	.090	1.653	.096	.010	.091
Venezuela.....	2.008	.160	.035	.000	.026	.010	.090	1.653	.096	.010	.091
Imports from OPEC-Far East											
Total.....	.601	.012	.000	.000	.000	.012	.000	.047	.000	.449	.094
Indonesia.....	.601	.012	.000	.000	.000	.012	.000	.047	.000	.449	.094

1/ The data for Germany are for unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.
2/ "Other Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, and Turkey.
3/ U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia.
4/ "Other" consists of Australia, New Zealand, and U. S. Territories.
5/ OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.
6/ The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.
Notes: *Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. *OECD=Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. See Appendix A for countries in this group. *Negative numbers represent net exports.
A dash (-) indicates no trade. *Zeros (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. *See Section 4 for annual data.
Sources: See end of Section 3.

Table 3.4 OECD Total Net Imports (Most Recent 12 Months)
(Million Barrels per Day)

	1996						1997					
	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	April	May	June	July
Total.....	22.300	21.102	22.474	21.572	21.757	23.010	21.897	21.350	21.389	21.854	21.468	21.868
United States ¹ /.....	9.090	8.038	8.792	8.220	8.404	8.595	8.460	8.780	8.997	9.565	9.402	8.691
Canada.....	-748	-669	-792	-1.022	-981	-752	-919	-724	-724	-796	-763	-640
OECD Europe ² /.....	6.890	7.884	8.172	8.096	7.710	8.183	7.219	6.460	6.484	7.233	7.280	7.742
Main European Importers												
France.....	1.532	1.650	1.781	1.861	1.804	1.919	1.892	1.586	1.633	1.766	1.475	1.785
Germany ³ /.....	2.889	2.928	2.807	2.880	2.805	2.939	2.665	2.626	2.729	2.963	2.703	3.129
Italy.....	1.757	1.780	1.858	1.873	1.911	2.036	1.853	1.690	1.359	1.794	1.638	1.666
Spain.....	1.394	1.115	1.204	1.294	1.252	1.239	1.284	1.124	1.253	1.216	1.132	1.443
Netherlands.....	.668	.892	.824	.931	.801	.765	.747	.633	.977	.609	.783	.706
European Net Exporters												
Norway.....	-3.396	-3.162	-2.840	-3.482	-3.108	-3.157	-3.182	-3.331	-3.642	-3.301	-2.931	-3.353
United Kingdom....	-.858	-.670	-.737	-.712	-.995	-.952	-.856	-.810	-.795	-.661	-.385	-.768
Smaller European Importers												
Austria.....	.159	.249	.226	.218	.215	.206	.220	.178	.229	.213	.210	.248
Belgium.....	.493	.667	.582	.530	.665	.727	.510	.661	.569	.556	.521	.523
Denmark.....	.004	.014	.056	.038	-.030	-.005	.062	-.034	-.062	.017	-.015	-.026
Ireland.....	.102	.138	.131	.106	.143	.140	.139	.093	.165	.104	.134	.129
Finland.....	.144	.220	.188	.253	.255	.243	.147	.109	.136	.187	.180	.214
Greece.....	.380	.347	.410	.438	.355	.411	.353	.335	.332	.316	.335	.355
Iceland.....	.016	.018	.018	.022	.008	.018	.010	.020	.007	.022	.012	.020
Luxembourg.....	.035	.036	.042	.041	.038	.039	.046	.043	.040	.038	.036	.039
Portugal.....	.260	.290	.228	.381	.222	.374	.217	.315	.285	.255	.293	.383
Sweden.....	.402	.389	.510	.498	.449	.363	.332	.440	.423	.344	.319	.328
Switzerland.....	.266	.282	.270	.281	.290	.236	.270	.259	.250	.269	.293	.301
Turkey.....	.645	.701	.613	.645	.630	.640	.509	.521	.596	.527	.545	.621
Japan.....	6.362	5.343	5.582	5.769	6.013	6.196	6.531	6.298	5.995	5.218	4.914	5.588
Other OECD.....	.705	.506	.720	.509	.610	.788	.605	.536	.637	.633	.635	.487

1/ U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia.

2/ "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

3/ The data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •OECD=Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. See Appendix A for countries in this group. •Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeros (0.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •See Section 4 for annual data.

Sources: See end of Section 3.

Table 3.5 OECD Imports from OPEC (Most Recent 12 Months)
(Million Barrels per Day)

	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	April	May	June	July
	1996					1997						
Total.....	16.282	15.341	15.466	15.926	15.893	16.623	16.233	15.848	16.289	16.023	15.449	15.785
United States ¹ /.....	4.638	4.194	4.267	3.961	3.920	4.066	4.109	4.251	4.538	4.886	4.774	4.273
Canada.....	.235	.257	.247	.274	.323	.313	.364	.274	.201	.241	.255	.296
OECD Europe ² /.....	5.875	6.199	5.814	6.613	6.213	6.398	5.994	5.446	5.811	6.004	5.547	6.229
Main European Importers												
France.....	.720	.904	.795	1.003	.888	.820	1.095	.809	.802	.753	.824	1.020
Germany ³ /.....	.620	.707	.616	.653	.645	.605	.618	.660	.668	.683	.581	.656
Italy.....	1.241	1.322	1.232	1.325	1.372	1.429	1.281	1.270	1.142	1.484	1.202	1.379
Spain.....	.807	.742	.887	.926	.864	.960	.773	.630	.707	.703	.693	.764
Netherlands.....	.724	.709	.777	.883	.911	.744	.620	.598	.948	.787	.638	.901
European Net Exporters												
Norway.....	.000	.006	.000	.000	.000	.009	.007	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
United Kingdom....	.234	.288	.185	.310	.188	.179	.215	.176	.176	.199	.219	.271
Smaller European Importers												
Austria.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Belgium.....	.251	.288	.294	.346	.238	.298	.223	.157	.290	.315	.309	.244
Denmark.....	.024	.025	.049	.032	.044	.025	.052	.000	.025	.049	.033	.006
Ireland.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Finland.....	.000	.000	.011	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.010	.000	.000
Greece.....	.314	.309	.280	.302	.297	.362	.293	.275	.284	.286	.294	.295
Portugal.....	.240	.172	.080	.161	.145	.197	.168	.220	.142	.180	.179	.222
Sweden.....	.092	.093	.054	.070	.105	.145	.104	.150	.127	.093	.092	.067
Switzerland.....	.105	.113	.108	.093	.079	.103	.109	.097	.063	.087	.093	.094
Turkey.....	.502	.522	.447	.509	.436	.522	.435	.404	.436	.377	.390	.311
Japan.....	4.805	4.136	4.394	4.502	4.620	5.026	5.137	5.236	4.839	4.175	3.977	4.366
Other OECD.....	.725	.555	.744	.577	.617	.620	.622	.642	.500	.717	.625	.621

¹/ U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia.

²/ "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

³/ The data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany. Notes: *Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. *OECD=Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development; OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in these groups. *Negative numbers represent net exports. *A dash (-) indicates no trade.

*Zeros (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. *See Section 4 for annual data. Sources: See end of Section 3.

Table 3.6 OECD Imports from Persian Gulf (Most Recent 12 Months)
(Million Barrels per Day)

	1996						1997					
	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	April	May	June	July
Total.....	9.596	9.031	8.941	9.652	9.622	9.986	9.914	9.569	10.003	9.565	8.937	9.368
United States1/.....	1.746	1.580	1.632	1.519	1.673	1.548	1.533	1.625	1.858	1.701	1.763	1.712
Canada.....	.127	.132	.127	.090	.128	.130	.144	.067	.133	.137	.136	.066
OECD Europe2/.....	3.053	3.337	2.907	3.557	3.133	3.322	3.159	2.857	3.223	3.584	3.175	3.289
Main European Importers												
France.....	.459	.533	.459	.642	.569	.535	.753	.404	.599	.555	.563	.640
Germany3/.....	.153	.199	.193	.167	.106	.088	.094	.131	.189	.153	.192	.176
Italy.....	.513	.569	.459	.543	.532	.550	.589	.507	.458	.646	.526	.618
Spain.....	.294	.353	.350	.327	.288	.340	.301	.355	.388	.413	.287	.318
Netherlands.....	.508	.489	.538	.644	.661	.568	.499	.456	.569	.642	.522	.567
European Net Exporters												
Norway.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
United Kingdom....	.083	.111	.097	.122	.067	.066	.059	.084	.078	.107	.124	.123
Smaller European Importers												
Austria.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Belgium.....	.228	.265	.277	.331	.219	.250	.191	.119	.233	.285	.250	.228
Denmark.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Finland.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Greece.....	.270	.266	.239	.270	.245	.317	.250	.232	.251	.254	.243	.264
Portugal.....	.137	.105	.023	.088	.100	.091	.057	.164	.052	.161	.138	.102
Sweden.....	.065	.068	.017	.070	.061	.132	.074	.132	.070	.064	.067	.067
Switzerland.....	.009	.010	.009	.005	.000	.000	.005	.005	.010	.014	.014	.009
Turkey.....	.333	.370	.244	.348	.286	.385	.287	.267	.327	.289	.249	.178
Japan.....	4.310	3.740	3.975	4.223	4.219	4.616	4.750	4.705	4.499	3.816	3.505	3.909
Other OECD.....	.360	.242	.300	.264	.469	.369	.328	.315	.291	.327	.357	.392

1/ U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia.

2/ "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

3/ The data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

Notes: "Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. "OECD=Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. See Appendix A for countries in this group. "Persian Gulf" consists of Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates. "Negative numbers represent net exports.

A dash (-) indicates no trade. "Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. "See Section 4 for annual data.

Sources: See end of Section 3.

Table 3.7 United States--Net Oil Imports (Most Recent 12 Months)
(Million Barrels per Day)

	1996						1997					
	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	April	May	June	July
Total Net Imports..	9.090	8.038	8.792	8.220	8.404	8.595	8.460	8.780	8.997	9.565	9.402	8.691
Imports from OPEC1/	4.638	4.194	4.267	3.961	3.920	4.066	4.109	4.251	4.538	4.886	4.774	4.273
Imports from Persian Gulf2/												
Total.....	1.746	1.580	1.632	1.519	1.673	1.548	1.533	1.625	1.858	1.701	1.763	1.712
Bahrain.....	.000	-.007	.000	-.003	.000	-.003	.000	-.003	.000	.000	.000	-.003
Iran.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Iraq.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.014	.000	.000	.035	.069	.102	.115	.088
Kuwait.....	.271	.236	.260	.228	.262	.209	.172	.315	.204	.128	.361	.331
U.A.E.....	-.002	-.002	.015	-.003	-.003	.000	.000	-.014	-.003	-.003	-.016	.011
Qatar.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.015	.000	.000	.000
Saudi Arabia.....	1.477	1.353	1.357	1.297	1.400	1.342	1.361	1.292	1.573	1.474	1.303	1.285
Imports from OPEC-Africa												
Total.....	1.108	.879	.729	.679	.534	.813	.943	.867	1.025	1.249	1.117	.871
Algeria.....	.323	.186	.209	.214	.214	.282	.319	.309	.320	.290	.349	.291
Libya.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Nigeria.....	.785	.693	.520	.465	.320	.531	.624	.558	.705	.959	.768	.580
Imports from OPEC-South America												
Total.....	1.734	1.702	1.781	1.724	1.635	1.629	1.584	1.738	1.615	1.850	1.840	1.614
Venezuela.....	1.734	1.702	1.781	1.724	1.635	1.629	1.584	1.738	1.615	1.850	1.840	1.614
Imports from OPEC-Far East												
Total.....	.050	.026	.125	.036	.078	.073	.049	.018	.040	.086	.054	.073
Indonesia.....	.050	.026	.125	.036	.078	.073	.049	.018	.040	.086	.054	.073

1/ OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.
 2/ The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.
 Notes: *Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. *U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia. *Negative numbers represent net exports. *A dash (-) indicates no trade.
 *Zeros (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. *See Section 4 for annual data.
 Sources: See end of Section 3.

Table 3.8 Japan--Net Oil Imports (Most Recent 12 Months)
(Million Barrels per Day)

1996

1997

	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	April	May	June	July
Total Net Imports..	6.362	5.343	5.582	5.769	6.013	6.196	6.531	6.298	5.995	5.218	4.914	5.588
Imports from OPEC ^{1/}	4.805	4.136	4.394	4.502	4.620	5.026	5.137	5.236	4.839	4.175	3.977	4.366
Imports from												
Persian Gulf ^{2/}												
Total.....	4.310	3.740	3.975	4.223	4.219	4.616	4.750	4.705	4.499	3.816	3.505	3.909
Bahrain.....	.016	.023	.014	.041	.053	.037	.009	.029	.045	.031	.008	.017
Iran.....	.447	.542	.446	.642	.456	.465	.742	.669	.316	.409	.253	.466
Iraq.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.067	.000	.061	.059	.000	.000
Kuwait.....	.523	.462	.516	.487	.519	.642	.571	.548	.640	.464	.523	.473
U.A.E.....	1.529	1.281	1.409	1.530	1.419	1.706	1.449	1.488	1.570	1.220	1.180	1.366
Qatar.....	.415	.330	.348	.181	.276	.239	.402	.397	.349	.350	.291	.319
Saudi Arabia.....	1.381	1.103	1.242	1.342	1.496	1.527	1.510	1.574	1.516	1.284	1.251	1.267
Imports from												
OPEC-Africa												
Total.....	.023	.035	.060	.000	.000	.033	.000	.000	.016	.046	.100	.073
Algeria.....	.010	.018	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.016	.046	.041	.013
Nigeria.....	.013	.017	.060	.000	.000	.033	.000	.000	.000	.000	.059	.060
Imports from												
OPEC-South America												
Total.....	.000	.010	.000	.000	.014	.019	.000	.011	.000	.000	.000	.000
Venezuela.....	.000	.010	.000	.000	.014	.019	.000	.011	.000	.000	.000	.000
Imports from												
OPEC-Far East												
Total.....	.488	.373	.373	.319	.439	.395	.397	.549	.369	.344	.380	.401
Indonesia.....	.488	.373	.373	.319	.439	.395	.397	.549	.369	.344	.380	.401

^{1/} OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

^{2/} The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis.
•Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •See Section 4 for annual data.

Sources: See end of Section 3.

Table 3.9 OECD Europe--Net Oil Imports (Most Recent 12 Months)
(Million Barrels per Day)

	1996						1997					
	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	April	May	June	July
Total Net Imports..	6.890	7.884	8.172	8.096	7.710	8.183	7.219	6.460	6.484	7.233	7.280	7.742
Imports from OPEC1/	5.875	6.199	5.814	6.613	6.213	6.398	5.994	5.446	5.811	6.004	5.547	6.229
Imports from Persian Gulf2/												
Total.....	3.053	3.337	2.907	3.557	3.133	3.322	3.159	2.857	3.223	3.584	3.175	3.289
Bahrain.....	.000	.008	.000	.007	.000	.003	.002	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Iran.....	1.088	1.303	.960	1.012	.957	.866	.754	.813	.875	1.157	1.018	.939
Iraq.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.065	.308	.342	.344	.404	.471	.036	.000
Kuwait.....	.205	.337	.221	.368	.218	.309	.322	.222	.217	.248	.210	.356
U.A.E.....	.000	.008	.000	.008	.004	.001	.000	.002	.003	.002	.002	.005
Qatar.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Saudi Arabia.....	1.759	1.681	1.726	2.162	1.889	1.835	1.738	1.475	1.723	1.705	1.910	1.989
Imports from OPEC-Africa												
Total.....	2.611	2.558	2.703	2.768	2.898	2.915	2.614	2.457	2.264	2.187	2.140	2.689
Algeria.....	.708	.788	.767	.703	.749	.807	.660	.641	.694	.551	.558	.736
Libya.....	1.321	1.110	1.249	1.168	1.243	1.303	1.179	1.271	1.109	1.295	1.331	1.315
Nigeria.....	.582	.660	.687	.896	.906	.806	.776	.545	.461	.341	.251	.638
Imports from OPEC-South America												
Total.....	.195	.249	.188	.252	.162	.147	.204	.132	.324	.208	.226	.240
Venezuela.....	.195	.249	.188	.252	.162	.147	.204	.132	.324	.208	.226	.240
Imports from OPEC-Far East												
Total.....	.017	.063	.016	.043	.021	.017	.019	.000	.000	.026	.006	.011
Indonesia.....	.017	.063	.016	.043	.021	.017	.019	.000	.000	.026	.006	.011

1/ OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

2/ The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: *Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom. *Negative numbers represent net exports.

*A dash (-) indicates no trade. *Zeros (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day.

*See Section 4 for annual data.

Sources: See end of Section 3.

Table 3.10 France--Net Oil Imports (Most Recent 12 Months)
(Million Barrels per Day)

	1996						1997					
	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	April	May	June	July
Total Net Imports..	1.532	1.650	1.781	1.861	1.804	1.919	1.892	1.586	1.633	1.766	1.475	1.785
Imports from OPEC1/	.720	.904	.795	1.003	.888	.820	1.095	.809	.802	.753	.824	1.020
Imports from Persian Gulf2/												
Total.....	.459	.533	.459	.642	.569	.535	.753	.404	.599	.555	.563	.640
Bahrain.....	.000	.008	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Iran.....	.153	.124	.121	.186	.123	.061	.122	.107	.153	.102	.131	.127
Iraq.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.065	.159	.102	.082	.154	.002	.000
Kuwait.....	.000	.065	.000	.018	.000	.002	.070	.002	.003	.000	.000	.063
U.A.E.....	.000	.008	.000	.000	.001	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Qatar.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Saudi Arabia.....	.306	.327	.338	.437	.444	.407	.401	.194	.361	.299	.429	.450
Imports from OPEC-Africa												
Total.....	.261	.379	.335	.356	.319	.285	.342	.405	.204	.196	.261	.379
Algeria.....	.106	.128	.140	.110	.068	.177	.216	.187	.124	.115	.138	.195
Libya.....	.079	.057	.027	.069	.068	.014	.044	.063	.080	.051	.102	.110
Nigeria.....	.076	.194	.168	.177	.183	.094	.083	.154	.000	.030	.022	.074
Imports from OPEC-South America												
Total.....	.000	.000	.000	.006	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Venezuela.....	.000	.000	.000	.006	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Imports from OPEC-Far East												
Total.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.001	.000	.000
Indonesia.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.001	.000	.000

1/ OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

2/ The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeros (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •See Section 4 for annual data.

Sources: See end of Section 3.

Table 3.11 Germany--Net Oil Imports (Most Recent 12 Months)
(Million Barrels per Day)

	1996						1997					
	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	April	May	June	July
Total Net Imports..	2.889	2.928	2.807	2.880	2.805	2.939	2.665	2.626	2.729	2.963	2.703	3.129
Imports from OPEC ^{1/}	.620	.707	.616	.653	.645	.605	.618	.660	.668	.683	.581	.656
Imports from												
Persian Gulf ^{2/}												
Total.....	.153	.199	.193	.167	.106	.088	.094	.131	.189	.153	.192	.176
Bahrain.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Iran.....	.029	.034	.016	.018	.000	.012	.011	.028	.029	.016	.037	.022
Iraq.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Kuwait.....	.015	.021	.025	.028	.011	.009	.009	.010	.020	.009	.013	.014
U.A.E.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.002	.002	.002	.005
Qatar.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Saudi Arabia.....	.109	.144	.152	.122	.094	.068	.074	.094	.137	.125	.140	.135
Imports from												
OPEC-Africa												
Total.....	.418	.420	.398	.428	.511	.503	.505	.485	.416	.470	.352	.378
Algeria.....	.055	.089	.045	.084	.139	.108	.100	.108	.108	.054	.070	.061
Libya.....	.292	.267	.281	.232	.250	.276	.216	.256	.182	.318	.261	.252
Nigeria.....	.071	.064	.072	.112	.121	.118	.189	.121	.126	.097	.021	.066
Imports from												
OPEC-South America												
Total.....	.049	.087	.024	.058	.029	.014	.018	.043	.064	.059	.037	.101
Venezuela.....	.049	.087	.024	.058	.029	.014	.018	.043	.064	.059	.037	.101
Imports from												
OPEC-Far East												
Total.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.001	.000	.001
Indonesia.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.001	.000	.001

1/ OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

2/ The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: *Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. *The data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany. *Negative numbers represent net exports.

*A dash (-) indicates no trade. *Zeros (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. *See Section 4 for annual data.

Sources: See end of Section 3.

Table 3.12 Italy--Net Oil Imports (Most Recent 12 Months)
(Million Barrels per Day)

	1996						1997					
	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	April	May	June	July
Total Net Imports..	1.757	1.780	1.858	1.873	1.911	2.036	1.853	1.690	1.359	1.794	1.638	1.666
Imports from OPEC1/	1.241	1.322	1.232	1.325	1.372	1.429	1.281	1.270	1.142	1.484	1.202	1.379
Imports from												
Persian Gulf2/												
Total.....	.513	.569	.459	.543	.532	.550	.589	.507	.458	.646	.526	.618
Bahrain.....	.000	.000	.000	.007	.000	.003	.002	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Iran.....	.301	.364	.268	.209	.238	.241	.249	.250	.147	.365	.256	.232
Iraq.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.048	.000	.032	.000	.049	.000	.000
Kuwait.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
U.A.E.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.002	.000	.000	.000	.000
Qatar.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Saudi Arabia.....	.211	.205	.192	.327	.294	.258	.338	.223	.311	.232	.270	.386
Imports from												
OPEC-Africa												
Total.....	.687	.714	.756	.742	.820	.848	.672	.756	.669	.814	.669	.699
Algeria.....	.095	.153	.121	.094	.122	.110	.084	.073	.141	.101	.059	.058
Libya.....	.592	.515	.618	.576	.637	.632	.524	.617	.492	.684	.610	.612
Nigeria.....	.000	.047	.017	.071	.061	.105	.065	.066	.036	.029	.000	.030
Imports from												
OPEC-South America												
Total.....	.024	.000	.000	.029	.000	.017	.004	.007	.016	.000	.000	.051
Venezuela.....	.024	.000	.000	.029	.000	.017	.004	.007	.016	.000	.000	.051
Imports from												
OPEC-Far East												
Total.....	.017	.039	.016	.018	.021	.017	.018	.000	.000	.024	.006	.010
Indonesia.....	.017	.039	.016	.018	.021	.017	.018	.000	.000	.024	.006	.010

1/ OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

2/ The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •See Section 4 for annual data.

Sources: See end of Section 3.

Table 3.13 OECD Imports from Iraq (Most Recent 12 Months)
(Million Barrels per Day for Crude Oil, Natural Gas Liquids and Refined Products)

	1996						1997					
	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	April	May	June	July
Total.....	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.080	0.308	0.409	0.380	0.537	0.636	0.155	0.097
United States ¹ /....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.014	.000	.000	.035	.069	.102	.115	.088
Canada.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
OECD Europe ² /.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.065	.308	.342	.344	.404	.471	.036	.000
Main European Importers												
France.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.065	.159	.102	.082	.154	.002	.000
Germany ³ /.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Italy.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.048	.000	.032	.000	.049	.000	.000
Spain.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.029	.094	.021	.097	.131	.066	.033	.000
Netherlands.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.006	.000	.000	.094	.031	.000	.000
European Net Exporters												
United Kingdom....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Smaller European Importers												
Austria.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Belgium.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.020	.029	.008	.014	.053	.000	.000
Denmark.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Greece.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.011	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Portugal.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.034	.000	.031	.000	.000
Sweden.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Switzerland.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.010	.005	.000	.000
Turkey.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.037	.064	.133	.071	.074	.081	.000	.000
Japan.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.067	.000	.061	.059	.000	.000
Other OECD.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.001	.003	.004	.004	.009

1/ U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia.

2/ "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom, and Germany.

3/ Through December 1990, the data for Germany are for the former West Germany only. Beginning with January 1991, the data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

Notes: *Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. *OECD=Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. See Appendix A for countries in this group. *Negative numbers represent net exports. *A dash (-) indicates no trade. *Zeros (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. *See Section 4 for annual data.

Sources: See end of Section 3.

Table 3.14 OECD Imports from Kuwait (Most Recent 12 Months)
(Million Barrels per Day)

	1996						1997					
	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	April	May	June	July
Total.....	1.019	1.037	1.008	1.085	1.009	1.170	1.075	1.096	1.064	0.853	1.100	1.163
United States1/.....	.271	.236	.260	.228	.262	.209	.172	.315	.204	.128	.361	.331
Canada.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
OECD Europe2/.....	.205	.337	.221	.368	.218	.309	.322	.222	.217	.248	.210	.356
Main European Importers												
France.....	.000	.065	.000	.018	.000	.002	.070	.002	.003	.000	.000	.063
Germany3/.....	.015	.021	.025	.028	.011	.009	.009	.010	.020	.009	.013	.014
Italy.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Spain.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.003	.000	.000	.000	.000
Netherlands.....	.144	.205	.180	.237	.164	.255	.148	.158	.125	.205	.153	.226
European Net Exporters												
Norway.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
United Kingdom....	.029	.030	.000	.057	.028	.028	.059	.029	.029	.027	.028	.028
Smaller European Importers												
Austria.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Belgium.....	.000	.000	.000	.014	.000	.000	.015	.008	.024	.007	.000	.000
Denmark.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Greece.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Portugal.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Sweden.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Switzerland.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Turkey.....	.016	.016	.016	.016	.015	.015	.020	.012	.016	.000	.016	.025
Japan.....	.523	.462	.516	.487	.519	.642	.571	.548	.640	.464	.523	.473
Other OECD.....	.019	.002	.011	.002	.011	.010	.011	.011	.002	.013	.006	.002

1/ U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia.

2/ "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom, and Germany.

3/ Through December 1990, the data for Germany are for the former West Germany only. Beginning with January 1991, the data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •OECD=Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. See Appendix A for countries in this group. •Negative numbers represent net exports.

•A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeros (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •See Section 4 for annual data.

Sources: See end of Section 3.

Sources for Section 3 (International Oil Imports)

Oil Imports

United States: • Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Supply Annual 1996 and Petroleum Supply Monthly, October 1997. Other OECD Countries: • Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances, various issues. • OECD, Monthly Oil Statistics data base, 1991-1997.

4. Historical Oil Data Series

1970-1996

Table 4.1a World Crude Oil Production (Including Lease Condensate), 1970-1996
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Algeria	Indonesia	Iran	Iraq	Kuwait ¹ / Libya	Nigeria	Qatar	Saudi Arabia ¹ / Emirates	United Arab Emirates	Venezuela	Total OPEC	
1970 Average.....	1,029	854	3,829	1,549	2,990	3,318	1,083	362	3,799	780	3,708	23,301
1971 Average.....	785	892	4,540	1,694	3,197	2,761	1,531	431	4,769	1,060	3,549	25,209
1972 Average.....	1,062	1,081	5,023	1,466	3,283	2,239	1,816	482	6,016	1,203	3,220	26,891
1973 Average.....	1,097	1,339	5,861	2,018	3,020	2,175	2,054	570	7,596	1,533	3,366	30,629
1974 Average.....	1,009	1,375	6,022	1,971	2,546	1,521	2,255	518	8,480	1,679	2,976	30,351
1975 Average.....	983	1,307	5,350	2,262	2,084	1,480	1,783	438	7,075	1,664	2,346	26,771
1976 Average.....	1,075	1,504	5,883	2,415	2,145	1,933	2,067	497	8,577	1,936	2,294	30,327
1977 Average.....	1,152	1,686	5,663	2,348	1,969	2,063	2,085	445	9,245	1,999	2,238	30,893
1978 Average.....	1,231	1,635	5,242	2,563	2,131	1,983	1,897	487	8,301	1,831	2,165	29,464
1979 Average.....	1,224	1,591	3,168	3,477	2,500	2,092	2,302	508	9,532	1,831	2,356	30,581
1980 Average.....	1,106	1,577	1,662	2,514	1,656	1,787	2,055	472	9,900	1,709	2,168	26,606
1981 Average.....	1,002	1,605	1,380	1,000	1,125	1,140	1,433	405	9,815	1,474	2,102	22,481
1982 Average.....	987	1,339	2,214	1,012	823	1,150	1,295	330	6,483	1,250	1,895	18,778
1983 Average.....	968	1,343	2,440	1,005	1,064	1,105	1,241	295	5,086	1,149	1,801	17,497
1984 Average.....	1,014	1,412	2,174	1,209	1,157	1,087	1,388	394	4,663	1,146	1,798	17,442
1985 Average.....	1,037	1,325	2,250	1,433	1,023	1,059	1,495	301	3,388	1,193	1,677	16,181
1986 Average.....	945	1,390	2,035	1,690	1,419	1,034	1,467	308	4,870	1,330	1,787	18,275
1987 Average.....	1,048	1,343	2,298	2,079	1,585	972	1,341	293	4,265	1,541	1,752	18,517
1988 Average.....	1,040	1,342	2,240	2,685	1,492	1,175	1,450	346	5,086	1,565	1,903	20,324
1989 Average.....	1,095	1,409	2,810	2,897	1,783	1,150	1,716	380	5,064	1,860	1,907	22,071
1990 Average.....	1,175	1,462	3,088	2,040	1,175	1,375	1,810	406	6,410	2,117	2,137	23,195
1991 Average.....	1,230	1,592	3,312	305	1,90	1,483	1,892	395	8,115	2,386	2,375	23,275
1992 Average.....	1,214	1,504	3,429	425	1,058	1,433	1,943	423	8,332	2,266	2,371	24,398
1993 Average.....	1,162	1,511	3,540	512	1,852	1,361	1,960	413	8,198	2,159	2,450	25,119
1994 Average.....	1,180	1,510	3,618	553	2,025	1,378	1,931	415	8,120	2,193	2,588	25,510
1995 Average.....	1,202	1,503	3,643	560	2,057	1,390	1,993	483	8,231	2,279	2,750	26,092
1996 Average P.....	1,242	1,547	3,686	584	2,062	1,401	2,188	510	8,218	2,278	3,053	26,769

¹/ Includes about one-half of the production in the Kuwait-Saudi Arabia Neutral Zone from 1970 through 1989 and beginning in June 1991. Kuwaiti Neutral Zone output was discontinued following Iraq's invasion of Kuwait on August 2, 1990, but was resumed in June 1991. From August 1990 through May 1991, all production in the Neutral Zone was included in the data for Saudi Arabia.

P=Preliminary.

Notes: •OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries.

Sources: See end of Section 4.

Table 4.1b World Crude Oil Production (Including Lease Condensate), 1970-1996
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Norway	United Kingdom	North Sea/ Seal	Angola	Argentina	Australia	Brazil	Canada	China	Colombia	Ecuador
1970 Average.....	0	2	0	112	393	178	167	1,263	600	219	4
1971 Average.....	6	2	6	93	423	309	174	1,348	780	214	4
1972 Average.....	33	2	35	140	433	327	167	1,532	900	196	78
1973 Average.....	32	2	36	162	420	369	169	1,798	1,090	184	209
1974 Average.....	35	2	38	169	414	388	176	1,551	1,315	168	177
1975 Average.....	189	12	202	165	395	409	177	1,430	1,490	157	161
1976 Average.....	279	245	525	108	398	426	167	1,314	1,670	146	188
1977 Average.....	280	768	1,055	194	431	431	161	1,321	1,874	138	183
1978 Average.....	356	1,082	1,446	131	453	432	160	1,316	2,082	131	202
1979 Average.....	403	1,568	1,976	147	473	441	166	1,500	2,122	124	214
1980 Average.....	528	1,622	2,151	150	491	380	182	1,435	2,114	126	204
1981 Average.....	501	1,811	2,322	130	496	394	213	1,285	2,012	125	211
1982 Average.....	520	2,065	2,617	122	491	370	260	1,271	2,045	141	211
1983 Average.....	614	2,291	2,965	177	491	416	339	1,356	2,120	152	237
1984 Average.....	697	2,480	3,250	208	478	492	475	1,438	2,296	168	258
1985 Average.....	788	2,530	3,417	231	460	575	564	1,471	2,505	176	281
1986 Average.....	870	2,539	3,547	282	434	520	572	1,474	2,620	305	293
1987 Average.....	1,022	2,406	3,584	360	428	547	566	1,535	2,690	385	174
1988 Average.....	1,158	2,232	3,540	452	449	538	554	1,616	2,730	378	302
1989 Average.....	1,554	1,802	3,515	455	460	490	596	1,560	2,757	403	279
1990 Average.....	1,704	1,820	3,667	475	483	575	631	1,553	2,774	440	285
1991 Average.....	1,890	1,797	3,811	500	485	545	630	1,548	2,835	419	299
1992 Average.....	2,229	1,825	4,182	526	553	535	626	1,605	2,845	433	321
1993 Average.....	2,350	1,915	4,403	509	594	503	643	1,679	2,890	456	344
1994 Average.....	2,521	2,375	5,058	536	650	536	671	1,746	2,939	450	365
1995 Average.....	2,768	2,489	5,400	646	715	562	695	1,805	2,990	585	392
1996 Average P.....	3,104	2,568	5,822	709	756	570	795	1,823	3,131	623	387

1/ North Sea includes the United Kingdom Offshore, Norway, Denmark, Netherlands Offshore, and Germany Offshore.
P=Preliminary.

Sources: See end of Section 4.

Table 4.1c World Crude Oil Production (Including Lease Condensate), 1970-1996
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Egypt	Gabon	India	Malaysia	Mexico	Oman	Russia	Former U.S.S.R.	Syria	United States	Other ¹ / World	
1970 Average.....	326	109	144	18	487	332	--	6,985	80	9,637	1,529	45,886
1971 Average.....	293	115	143	69	486	294	--	7,475	100	9,463	1,518	48,518
1972 Average.....	231	125	156	93	505	282	--	7,890	124	9,441	1,592	51,138
1973 Average.....	165	150	147	91	465	293	--	8,324	105	9,208	1,667	55,679
1974 Average.....	150	202	156	81	571	290	--	8,912	124	8,774	1,711	55,716
1975 Average.....	235	223	165	98	705	343	--	9,523	170	8,375	1,636	52,828
1976 Average.....	330	223	175	165	831	366	--	10,060	175	8,132	1,620	57,344
1977 Average.....	415	222	199	184	981	341	--	10,603	188	8,245	1,655	59,707
1978 Average.....	485	209	226	217	1,209	315	--	11,105	170	8,707	1,706	60,158
1979 Average.....	525	203	245	283	1,461	295	--	11,384	166	8,552	1,821	62,674
1980 Average.....	595	175	182	283	1,936	282	--	11,706	164	8,597	1,842	59,600
1981 Average.....	598	151	325	264	2,313	319	--	11,850	166	8,572	1,859	56,076
1982 Average.....	670	156	390	306	2,748	324	--	11,912	160	8,649	1,892	53,481
1983 Average.....	727	157	480	365	2,689	375	--	11,972	167	8,688	1,946	53,256
1984 Average.....	822	157	519	440	2,780	414	--	11,861	170	8,879	2,015	54,489
1985 Average.....	887	172	620	440	2,745	498	--	11,585	178	8,971	2,124	53,982
1986 Average.....	813	166	630	504	2,435	560	--	11,895	194	8,680	2,166	56,227
1987 Average.....	896	155	609	497	2,548	582	--	12,050	230	8,349	2,120	56,666
1988 Average.....	848	159	635	540	2,520	617	--	12,053	265	8,140	2,235	58,737
1989 Average.....	865	208	700	585	2,520	641	--	11,715	340	7,613	2,249	59,863
1990 Average.....	873	270	660	619	2,553	685	--	10,975	388	7,355	2,253	60,566
1991 Average.....	874	294	615	646	2,680	700	--	9,992	492	7,417	2,274	60,207
1992 Average.....	881	298	561	653	2,669	740	--	--	481	7,171	3,233	60,216
1993 Average.....	890	313	534	640	2,673	776	--	--	554	6,847	3,290	60,247
1994 Average.....	896	329	590	645	2,685	810	--	--	560	6,662	3,393	61,003
1995 Average	920	345	703	682	2,618	851	--	--	610	6,560	3,423	62,446
1996 Average P....	922	368	651	695	2,855	883	--	--	604	6,465	R3,520	R63,972

¹/ Other is a calculated total derived from the difference between "World" and the sum of production in "Total OPEC" (Table 1.1a) and all other countries listed (Tables 1.1b and 1.1c). The total "North Sea" is not subtracted from the world total, though Norway and the United Kingdom have been subtracted.

-- = Not applicable. P=Preliminary. R=Revised data.
Sources: See end of Section 4.

Table 4.2 OPEC Crude Oil Production (Excluding Condensate), 1980-1996
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Algeria	Indo- nesia	Iran	Iraq	Kuwait ^{1/}	Libya	Nigeria	Qatar	Saudi Arabia ^{1/}	United Arab Emirates	Vene- zuela	Total OPEC
1980 Average...	1,006	1,497	1,662	2,514	1,656	1,787	2,045	472	9,900	1,704	2,147	26,390
1981 Average...	802	1,513	1,380	1,000	1,125	1,140	1,423	405	9,815	1,469	2,083	22,155
1982 Average...	712	1,247	2,214	1,012	823	1,150	1,285	330	6,483	1,215	1,878	18,349
1983 Average...	648	1,245	2,440	1,005	1,064	1,105	1,231	295	5,086	1,109	1,768	16,996
1984 Average...	694	1,279	2,174	1,209	1,157	1,087	1,368	394	4,663	1,091	1,689	16,805
1985 Average...	702	1,181	2,250	1,433	1,023	1,059	1,475	301	3,388	1,133	1,558	15,503
1986 Average...	600	1,257	2,035	1,690	1,419	1,034	1,447	308	4,870	1,270	1,645	17,575
1987 Average...	648	1,189	2,298	2,079	1,585	972	1,291	293	4,265	1,441	1,587	17,648
1988 Average...	640	1,177	2,240	2,685	1,492	1,175	1,400	346	5,086	1,465	1,715	19,421
1989 Average...	690	1,231	2,810	2,897	1,783	1,150	1,666	380	5,064	1,783	1,747	21,201
1990 Average...	765	1,281	3,088	2,040	1,175	1,375	1,755	406	6,410	2,066	2,097	22,458
1991 Average...	800	1,410	3,312	305	190	1,483	1,832	395	8,115	2,326	2,338	22,506
1992 Average...	772	1,326	3,429	425	1,058	1,433	1,820	423	8,332	2,206	2,334	23,558
1993 Average...	747	1,327	3,540	512	1,852	1,361	1,835	413	8,198	2,109	2,410	24,304
1994 Average...	750	1,334	3,600	548	2,034	1,378	1,887	409	8,147	2,183	2,542	24,812
1995 Average ..	767	1,343	3,608	550	2,057	1,390	1,876	449	8,231	2,197	2,710	25,179
1996 Average P.	812	1,367	3,651	579	2,062	1,401	2,051	475	8,218	2,198	3,013	25,826

^{1/} Includes about one-half of the production in the Kuwait-Saudi Arabia Neutral Zone from 1980 through July 1990 and beginning in June 1991. Kuwaiti Neutral Zone output was discontinued following Iraq's invasion of Kuwait on August 2, 1990, but was resumed in June 1991. From August 1990 through May 1991, all production in the Neutral Zone was included in the data for Saudi Arabia.

P=Preliminary.

Note: OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for Countries in this group.
Sources: See end of Section 4.

Table 4.3 World Natural Gas Plant Liquids Production, 1970-1996
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Algeria	Canada	Mexico	Saudi Arabia	Russia	Former USSR	United States ^{1/}	Persian Gulf ^{2/}	OPEC ^{3/}	OPEC ^{3/}	World
1970 Average.....	3	200	58	50	--	120	1,660	119	137	205	2,383
1971 Average.....	4	234	59	50	--	135	1,693	138	147	243	2,508
1972 Average.....	4	293	61	55	--	155	1,744	155	159	275	2,676
1973 Average.....	9	314	75	90	--	170	1,738	191	196	324	2,785
1974 Average.....	12	314	80	130	--	190	1,688	231	219	347	2,789
1975 Average.....	20	309	80	140	--	205	1,633	246	252	372	2,790
1976 Average.....	24	289	95	185	--	220	1,603	291	313	442	2,865
1977 Average.....	19	290	105	215	--	235	1,618	335	366	482	2,982
1978 Average.....	25	281	115	250	--	255	1,567	410	447	566	3,078
1979 Average.....	30	331	150	303	--	270	1,584	458	535	637	3,285
1980 Average.....	36	331	193	369	--	285	1,573	534	618	732	3,444
1981 Average.....	49	330	241	433	--	300	1,609	599	691	825	3,625
1982 Average.....	58	318	255	430	--	315	1,550	612	721	842	3,626
1983 Average.....	56	309	265	330	--	330	1,559	552	655	780	3,635
1984 Average.....	105	336	257	355	--	340	1,630	604	761	869	3,938
1985 Average.....	120	337	271	375	--	350	1,609	645	808	892	4,150
1986 Average.....	120	328	352	385	--	440	1,551	700	860	969	4,279
1987 Average.....	140	367	338	418	--	430	1,595	721	900	1,006	4,481
1988 Average.....	120	381	370	499	--	450	1,625	808	979	1,077	4,502
1989 Average.....	130	410	384	503	--	425	1,546	851	1,041	1,188	4,632
1990 Average.....	130	426	428	620	--	425	1,559	930	1,107	1,281	4,827
1991 Average.....	140	431	457	680	--	420	1,659	931	1,113	1,299	4,973
1992 Average.....	140	460	454	713	230	--	1,697	1,003	1,185	1,364	5,169
1993 Average.....	145	506	459	704	220	--	1,736	1,040	1,238	1,435	5,282
1994 Average.....	140	529	461	698	200	--	1,727	1,071	1,267	1,465	5,474
1995 Average.....	145	581	447	701	180	--	1,762	1,106	1,301	1,506	5,625
1996 Average P....	145	599	423	697	248	--	1,830	1,082	1,274	1,452	5,625

^{1/} U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

^{2/} See Appendix A for countries in this group.

^{3/} OPEC=Organization of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries. OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in these groups.

P=Preliminary. R=Revised data.

Sources: See end of Section 4.

Table 4.4 World Oil Supply, 1970-1996
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	United States ^{1/}	Persian Gulf ^{2/}	OAPEC ^{3/}	OPEC ^{3/}	World
1970 Average.....	11,673	13,541	14,571	23,567	48,986
1971 Average.....	11,554	15,940	15,427	25,514	51,766
1972 Average.....	11,601	17,734	16,451	27,228	54,574
1973 Average.....	11,428	20,895	18,656	31,015	59,300
1974 Average.....	10,978	21,550	18,399	30,762	59,391
1975 Average.....	10,505	19,223	16,831	27,218	56,511
1976 Average.....	10,251	21,847	19,563	30,841	61,121
1977 Average.....	10,437	22,098	20,372	31,443	63,665
1978 Average.....	10,820	21,067	19,819	30,120	64,225
1979 Average.....	10,707	21,569	22,575	31,300	66,973
1980 Average.....	10,809	18,541	20,715	27,419	64,153
1981 Average.....	10,739	15,894	17,619	23,393	60,763
1982 Average.....	10,783	12,815	13,786	19,702	58,226
1983 Average.....	10,788	11,676	12,416	18,352	58,056
1984 Average.....	11,107	11,433	12,619	18,389	59,645
1985 Average.....	11,192	10,320	11,498	17,151	59,264
1986 Average.....	10,905	12,441	13,653	19,310	61,771
1987 Average.....	10,648	12,869	13,992	19,589	62,429
1988 Average.....	10,473	14,310	15,662	21,465	64,707
1989 Average.....	9,880	15,733	16,658	23,323	65,894
1990 Average.....	9,677	16,249	17,232	24,536	66,756
1991 Average.....	9,883	15,704	16,747	24,625	66,634
1992 Average.....	9,768	17,010	17,871	25,818	66,937
1993 Average.....	9,602	17,792	18,505	26,610	67,345
1994 Average.....	9,413	18,072	18,745	27,031	68,218
1995 Average.....	9,400	18,439	19,192	27,654	69,916
1996 Average P.....	9,445	18,491	19,243	28,277	71,738

1/ U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

2/ See Appendix A for countries in this group.

3/ OAPEC=Organization of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries. OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in these groups.

P=Preliminary.

Note: Oil supply includes crude oil, natural gas plant liquids, other liquids, and refinery gain. See Explanatory Note 1 in Appendix B.

Sources: See end of Section 4.

Table 4.5 Oil Stocks in OECD Countries, End of Year
(Million Barrels)

	France	Italy	Germany ^{1/}	United Kingdom	OECD Europe ^{2/}	United States ^{3/}	Canada	Japan	Other ^{4/}	Total OECD
1973 December.....	201	152	181	156	1,070	1,008	140	303	67	2,588
1974 December.....	249	167	213	191	1,227	1,074	145	370	64	2,880
1975 December.....	225	143	187	165	1,154	1,133	174	375	67	2,903
1976 December.....	234	143	208	165	1,205	1,112	153	380	68	2,918
1977 December.....	239	161	225	148	1,268	1,312	167	409	68	3,224
1978 December.....	201	154	238	157	1,219	1,278	144	413	68	3,122
1979 December.....	226	163	272	169	1,353	1,341	150	460	75	3,379
1980 December.....	243	170	319	168	1,464	1,392	164	495	72	3,587
1981 December.....	214	167	297	143	1,337	1,484	161	482	67	3,531
1982 December.....	193	179	272	125	1,258	1,430	136	484	68	3,376
1983 December.....	153	149	249	118	1,142	1,454	121	470	68	3,255
1984 December.....	152	159	239	112	1,130	1,556	128	479	69	3,362
1985 December.....	139	157	233	123	1,092	1,519	113	494	66	3,284
1986 December.....	127	155	252	124	1,133	1,593	111	509	72	3,418
1987 December.....	127	169	259	121	1,130	1,607	126	540	71	3,474
1988 December.....	140	155	266	112	1,118	1,597	116	538	71	3,440
1989 December.....	138	164	271	118	1,133	1,581	114	577	71	3,476
1990 December.....	140	172	265	112	1,163	1,621	121	590	73	3,568
1991 December.....	153	160	288	119	1,181	1,617	119	606	65	3,588
1992 December.....	146	174	310	113	1,219	1,592	107	603	67	3,588
1993 December.....	158	163	309	118	1,221	1,647	105	618	69	3,661
1994 December	158	164	312	115	1,240	1,653	119	645	69	3,726
1995 December	159	162	301	107	1,228	1,563	109	630	71	3,601
1996 December P....	158	152	300	108	R1,256	1,507	R103	651	74	R3,591

^{1/} Data through December 1990 are for the former West Germany. Beginning with January 1991, the data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

^{2/} "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

^{3/} U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. In the United States in January 1975, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to bulk terminal and pipeline surveys affecting subsequent stocks reported. Using the new basis, the end-of-year U.S. stocks, in million barrels, would have been 1,121 in 1974, 1,425 in 1980, and 1,461 in 1982.

^{4/} "Other" consists of Australia, New Zealand, and the U.S. Territories.
P=Preliminary. R=Revised data.

Note: Oil Stocks - See Explanatory Note 2 in Appendix B.

Sources: See end of Section 4.

Table 4.6 World Oil Demand, 1970-1996
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	France	Italy	Germany ^{1/}	United Kingdom	OECD Europe ^{2/}	United States ^{3/}	Canada	Japan	Other ^{4/}	Excluding East Germany	Including East Germany	World Total
1970 Average...	1,937	1,710	2,607	2,096	12,404	14,697	1,516	3,817	836	33,270	33,493	46,808
1971 Average...	2,115	1,848	2,702	2,141	13,005	15,213	1,565	4,142	831	34,755	34,993	49,416
1972 Average...	2,322	1,937	2,859	2,284	13,934	16,367	1,664	4,363	948	37,275	37,545	53,094
1973 Average...	2,601	2,068	3,055	2,341	14,925	17,308	1,729	4,949	988	39,900	40,182	57,237
1974 Average...	2,447	2,004	2,748	2,210	13,988	16,653	1,779	4,864	1,095	38,379	38,686	56,677
1975 Average...	2,252	1,855	2,650	1,911	13,217	16,322	1,779	4,621	1,041	36,980	37,287	56,198
1976 Average...	2,420	1,971	2,877	1,892	14,124	17,461	1,818	4,837	1,119	39,358	39,687	59,673
1977 Average...	2,294	1,897	2,865	1,905	13,916	18,431	1,850	4,880	1,160	40,237	40,584	61,826
1978 Average...	2,408	1,952	2,927	1,938	14,290	18,847	1,902	4,945	1,204	41,187	41,550	64,158
1979 Average...	2,463	2,039	3,003	1,971	14,667	18,513	1,971	5,050	1,178	41,379	41,748	65,220
1980 Average...	2,256	1,934	2,707	1,725	13,634	17,056	1,873	4,960	1,072	38,595	38,970	63,067
1981 Average...	2,023	1,874	2,449	1,590	12,515	16,058	1,768	4,848	1,080	36,269	36,624	60,903
1982 Average...	1,880	1,781	2,372	1,590	12,053	15,296	1,578	4,582	1,008	34,517	34,888	59,503
1983 Average...	1,835	1,750	2,324	1,531	11,765	15,231	1,448	4,395	954	33,793	34,129	58,744
1984 Average...	1,754	1,646	2,322	1,849	11,736	15,726	1,472	4,576	989	34,500	34,840	59,836
1985 Average...	1,775	1,717	2,338	1,634	11,681	15,726	1,504	4,384	976	34,271	34,633	60,091
1986 Average...	1,772	1,738	2,498	1,649	12,102	16,281	1,506	4,439	951	35,279	35,641	61,759
1987 Average...	1,789	1,855	2,424	1,603	12,255	16,665	1,548	4,484	959	35,911	36,253	62,999
1988 Average...	1,797	1,836	2,422	1,697	12,427	17,283	1,693	4,752	939	37,093	37,415	64,819
1989 Average...	1,857	1,930	2,280	1,738	12,531	17,325	1,733	4,983	998	37,570	37,871	65,917
1990 Average...	1,818	1,872	2,382	1,752	12,629	16,988	1,690	5,140	1,027	37,475	37,758	65,985
1991 Average...	1,935	1,863	2,828	1,801	13,391	16,714	1,622	5,284	1,056	--	38,067	66,577
1992 Average...	1,926	1,937	2,843	1,803	13,605	17,033	1,643	5,446	1,041	--	38,768	66,742
1993 Average...	1,875	1,852	2,900	1,815	13,523	17,237	1,688	5,401	1,118	--	38,967	67,043
1994 Average...	1,833	1,841	2,879	1,837	13,597	17,718	1,727	5,674	1,174	--	39,890	68,313
1995 Average...	1,896	2,048	2,875	1,845	14,120	17,725	1,755	5,711	1,227	--	40,537	70,193
1996 Average P.R.I.	1,935	2,058	2,911	1,845	R14,269	18,309	R1,799	R5,867	1,124	--	R41,368	R71,896

^{1/} Data through 1990 are for the former West Germany. Beginning with January 1991, the data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

^{2/} "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

^{3/} U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

^{4/} "Other" consists of Australia, New Zealand, and the U.S. Territories.

P=Preliminary. R=Revised data. --=Not Applicable.

Note: The term Demand is used interchangeably with Consumption and Petroleum Products Supplied. See Appendix C for definition.

Sources: See end of Section 4.

Table 4.7 OECD Total Net Imports, 1986-1996
(Million Barrels per Day)

	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Average											
Total.....	17.670	18.008	18.706	20.082	20.456	20.414	20.783	21.226	21.133	20.717	21.453
United States ¹ /....	5.439	5.914	6.587	7.202	7.161	6.626	6.938	7.618	8.054	7.886	8.498
Canada.....	-.391	-.358	-.585	-.462	-.425	-.479	-.546	-.586	-.623	-.756	-.805
OECD Europe ² /.....	7.893	7.742	7.774	7.994	8.210	8.588	8.459	8.127	7.355	7.226	7.339
Main European Importers											
France.....	1.682	1.742	1.718	1.711	1.750	1.869	1.784	1.761	1.615	1.721	1.738
Germany ³ /.....	2.380	2.281	2.279	2.112	2.202	2.664	2.739	2.723	2.731	2.699	2.793
Italy.....	1.642	1.718	1.590	1.716	1.788	1.769	1.839	1.747	1.778	1.820	1.791
Netherlands.....	.632	.562	.646	.635	.677	.690	.713	.688	.720	.700	.763
Spain.....	.747	.803	.869	.952	.950	.951	.998	1.066	1.119	1.202	1.183
European Net Exporters											
Norway.....	-.718	-.866	-1.036	-1.420	-1.543	-1.825	-2.102	-2.254	-2.586	-2.794	-3.150
United Kingdom...	-1.067	-1.015	-.760	-.200	-.214	-.158	-.221	-.355	-.850	-.969	-.839
Smaller European Importers											
Austria.....	.188	.194	.185	.191	.201	.212	.209	.205	.210	.194	.213
Belgium.....	.456	.443	.451	.454	.442	.506	.517	.503	.517	.495	.572
Denmark.....	.150	.122	.107	.078	.063	.048	.032	.023	.027	.039	.028
Ireland.....	.098	.081	.076	.079	.095	.094	.097	.102	.109	.116	.124
Finland.....	.229	.242	.200	.220	.208	.211	.188	.182	.234	.145	.180
Greece.....	.245	.230	.242	.252	.273	.297	.326	.327	.292	.343	.350
Iceland.....	.011	.013	.012	.011	.011	.012	.011	.014	.015	.015	.015
Luxembourg.....	.024	.028	.028	.031	.034	.039	.040	.039	.040	.036	.039
Portugal.....	.183	.199	.198	.246	.250	.258	.279	.272	.270	.291	.274
Sweden.....	.379	.309	.313	.290	.324	.312	.320	.335	.362	.356	.405
Switzerland.....	.290	.254	.258	.254	.273	.273	.277	.250	.262	.248	.260
Turkey.....	.342	.402	.397	.384	.425	.366	.413	.500	.490	.569	.600
Japan.....	4.392	4.419	4.690	5.035	5.239	5.286	5.464	5.467	5.765	5.716	5.790
Other OECD.....	.338	.291	.250	.313	.270	.392	.467	.599	.580	.644	.632

1/ U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia.

2/ "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

3/ Data through 1990 are for the former West Germany.

Notes: *Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. *OECD=Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. See Appendix A for countries in this group. *Negative numbers represent net exports. *A dash (-) indicates no trade. *Zeros (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. *Data for 1995 are preliminary.

Sources: See end of Section 4.

Table 4.8 OECD Imports from OPEC, 1986-1996
(Million Barrels per Day)

	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Total.....	12.280	12.327	13.049	14.521	15.576	15.360	15.567	16.018	15.765	15.469	15.630
United States1/....	2.724	2.988	3.439	3.986	4.172	3.918	3.888	4.103	4.036	3.979	4.194
Canada.....	.158	.154	.161	.205	.199	.210	.210	.268	.285	.257	.261
OECD Europe2/.....	6.073	5.597	5.842	6.188	6.633	6.728	6.758	6.794	6.385	6.154	6.053
Main European Importers											
France.....	.882	.684	.737	.875	1.101	1.021	.932	1.006	.956	.911	.897
Germany3/.....	.830	.675	.761	.739	.771	.859	.957	.948	.838	.711	.660
Italy.....	1.361	1.307	1.191	1.260	1.375	1.393	1.343	1.222	1.117	1.203	1.244
Netherlands.....	.768	.767	.850	.892	.850	.900	.914	.982	.906	.791	.779
Spain.....	.584	.543	.604	.686	.652	.700	.632	.582	.668	.781	.775
European Net Exporters											
Norway.....	.008	.002	.002	.003	.007	.014	.004	.005	.003	.003	.001
United Kingdom....	.324	.277	.322	.342	.406	.377	.390	.439	.306	.254	.234
Smaller European Importers											
Austria.....	.090	.087	.082	.086	.097	.108	.115	.128	.119	.057	.023
Belgium.....	.288	.257	.302	.353	.313	.362	.359	.359	.284	.276	.284
Denmark.....	.025	.053	.067	.069	.044	.006	.001	.006	.008	.022	.027
Ireland.....	.001	.001	-	-	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Finland.....	.021	.023	.011	.013	.013	.029	.033	.007	.004	.004	.001
Greece.....	.273	.279	.233	.244	.340	.298	.346	.303	.266	.263	.280
Portugal.....	.120	.101	.118	.156	.166	.139	.152	.166	.227	.209	.177
Sweden.....	.086	.062	.074	.064	.073	.105	.116	.123	.126	.109	.091
Switzerland.....	.068	.069	.051	.021	.036	.052	.051	.063	.082	.083	.098
Turkey.....	.344	.411	.439	.384	.388	.365	.412	.452	.475	.477	.483
Japan.....	3.036	3.198	3.309	3.788	4.062	4.026	4.198	4.245	4.495	4.467	4.470
Other OECD.....	.288	.389	.298	.355	.510	.478	.512	.609	.563	.612	.653

1/ U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia.

2/ "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

3/ Data through 1990 are for the former West Germany.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •OECD=Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development; OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in these groups. •Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •Data for 1995 are preliminary.

Sources: See end of Section 4.

Table 4.9 OECD Imports from Persian Gulf, 1986-1996
(Million Barrels per Day)

	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Imports from Persian Gulf											
Total.....	7.228	7.392	7.941	9.121	9.667	9.249	9.456	10.029	9.609	9.310	9.215
United States ¹ /...	.909	1.072	1.526	1.857	1.961	1.835	1.774	1.775	1.722	1.563	1.594
Canada.....	.054	.054	.056	.069	.081	.084	.092	.105	.119	.070	.111
OECD Europe ² /.....	3.513	3.330	3.428	3.754	3.908	3.660	3.666	4.048	3.506	3.365	3.171
Main European Importers											
France.....	.586	.459	.484	.647	.864	.708	.640	.757	.651	.647	.573
Germany ³ /.....	.232	.187	.197	.216	.217	.227	.215	.250	.217	.172	.145
Italy.....	.817	.782	.643	.619	.626	.595	.573	.548	.430	.494	.502
Netherlands.....	.509	.516	.587	.663	.647	.609	.650	.744	.662	.563	.566
Spain.....	.328	.295	.306	.352	.291	.281	.231	.287	.275	.324	.304
European Net Exporters											
Norway.....	.006	.002	-	-	.000	.011	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
United Kingdom...	.173	.164	.212	.240	.250	.222	.220	.303	.174	.135	.102
Smaller European Importers											
Austria.....	.011	.026	.025	.022	.016	.021	.031	.036	.038	.035	.004
Belgium.....	.182	.162	.224	.277	.250	.279	.292	.291	.232	.252	.263
Denmark.....	.024	.047	.063	.067	.043	.004	.000	.002	.000	.000	.000
Finland.....	.021	.022	.011	.012	.011	.021	.023	.002	.002	.002	.000
Greece.....	.204	.211	.146	.181	.268	.219	.291	.253	.214	.223	.235
Portugal.....	.088	.069	.066	.085	.073	.067	.074	.050	.117	.107	.083
Sweden.....	.036	.029	.045	.043	.039	.064	.068	.088	.076	.068	.067
Switzerland.....	.008	.008	.007	.007	.007	.007	.007	.008	.012	.007	.006
Turkey.....	.289	.348	.411	.323	.307	.324	.349	.429	.405	.336	.320
Japan.....	2.557	2.637	2.691	3.173	3.394	3.370	3.586	3.721	3.946	3.979	4.025
Other OECD.....	.195	.299	.241	.267	.322	.300	.336	.361	.310	.332	.312

Average

¹/ U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia.

²/ "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy,

³/ Data through 1990 are for the former West Germany.

Notes: *Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. *OECD=Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. See Appendix A for countries in this group. *"Persian Gulf" consists of Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates. *Negative numbers represent net exports. *A dash (-) indicates no trade. *Zeros (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day.

*Data for 1995 are preliminary.

Sources: See end of Section 4.

Table 4.10 United States--Net Oil Imports, 1986-1996
(Million Barrels per Day)

	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Average											
Total Net Imports..	5.439	5.914	6.587	7.202	7.161	6.626	6.938	7.618	8.054	7.886	8.498
Imports from OPEC1/	2.724	2.988	3.439	3.986	4.172	3.918	3.888	4.103	4.036	3.979	4.194
Imports from											
Persian Gulf2/											
Total.....	.909	1.072	1.526	1.857	1.961	1.835	1.774	1.775	1.722	1.563	1.594
Bahrain.....	.001	-.001	.000	-.001	-.001	-.001	-.002	-.002	-.002	-.003	-.002
Iran.....	.019	.098	.000	.000	.000	.032	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Iraq.....	.081	.083	.343	.449	.518	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.001
Kuwait.....	.068	.082	.092	.157	.086	.006	.051	.353	.312	.218	.236
U.A.E.....	.043	.059	.028	.027	.016	.001	.004	.009	.011	.004	-.003
Qatar.....	.013	.000	.000	.002	.004	.000	.001	.001	.000	.000	.000
Saudi Arabia.....	.685	.751	1.063	1.224	1.339	1.797	1.720	1.414	1.402	1.344	1.363
Imports from OPEC-Africa											
Total.....	.711	.830	.918	1.084	1.080	.956	.876	.956	.880	.859	.872
Algeria.....	.271	.295	.300	.269	.280	.253	.196	.220	.243	.234	.256
Libya.....	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Nigeria.....	.440	.535	.618	.815	.800	.703	.680	.736	.637	.625	.616
Imports from											
OPEC-South America											
Total.....	.788	.801	.790	.861	1.016	1.020	1.161	1.295	1.322	1.468	1.667
Venezuela.....	.788	.801	.790	.861	1.016	1.020	1.161	1.295	1.322	1.468	1.667
Imports from OPEC-Far East											
Total.....	.317	.284	.205	.182	.113	.106	.075	.074	.109	.087	.058
Indonesia.....	.317	.284	.205	.182	.113	.106	.075	.074	.109	.087	.058

1/ OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

2/ The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia. •Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •Data for 1995 are preliminary.

Sources: See end of Section 4.

Table 4.11 Japan--Net Oil Imports, 1986-1996
(Million Barrels per Day)

	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Average											
Total Net Imports..	4.392	4.418	4.680	5.035	5.239	5.286	5.464	5.467	5.766	5.716	5.790
Imports from OPEC1/	3.036	3.198	3.309	3.788	4.062	4.026	4.198	4.245	4.495	4.467	4.470
Imports from Persian Gulf2/											
Total.....	2.557	2.637	2.691	3.173	3.394	3.370	3.586	3.721	3.946	3.979	4.025
Bahrain.....	.034	.037	.036	.042	.037	.037	.029	.025	.028	.029	.033
Iran.....	.220	.230	.187	.291	.385	.383	.362	.384	.459	.399	.451
Iraq.....	.164	.105	.173	.219	.146	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Kuwait.....	.278	.347	.341	.458	.291	.014	.220	.368	.430	.501	.500
U.A.E.....	.890	.773	.822	.929	1.032	1.285	1.256	1.287	1.398	1.420	1.396
Qatar.....	.183	.139	.203	.250	.263	.285	.300	.330	.328	.335	.335
Saudi Arabia.....	.789	1.005	.930	.984	1.240	1.367	1.420	1.327	1.303	1.296	1.310
Imports from OPEC-Africa											
Total.....	.016	.023	.044	.015	.011	.011	.007	.008	.017	.026	.032
Algeria.....	.015	.023	.044	.015	.010	.010	.007	.008	.012	.011	.012
Libya.....	.001	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nigeria.....	-	-	-	-	.001	.001	.000	.000	.005	.016	.020
Imports from OPEC-South America											
Total.....	.012	.012	.011	.011	.011	.010	.010	.009	.009	.002	.003
Venezuela.....	.012	.012	.011	.011	.011	.010	.010	.009	.009	.002	.003
Imports from OPEC-Far East											
Total.....	.486	.563	.599	.631	.682	.673	.624	.533	.551	.488	.442
Indonesia.....	.486	.563	.599	.631	.682	.673	.624	.533	.551	.488	.442

1/ OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

2/ The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: •Imports include Crude Oil, Natural Gas Liquids, and are on a direct basis. •Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeros (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •Data for 1995 are preliminary.

Sources: See end of Section 4.

Table 4.12 OECD Europe--Net Oil Imports, 1986-1996
(Million Barrels per Day)

	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Average											
Total Net Imports...	7.893	7.742	7.774	7.994	8.210	8.588	8.459	8.127	7.355	7.226	7.339
Imports from OPEC ^{1/}	6.073	5.597	5.842	6.188	6.633	6.728	6.758	6.794	6.385	6.154	6.053
Imports from Persian Gulf ^{2/}											
Total.....	3.513	3.330	3.428	3.754	3.908	3.660	3.666	4.048	3.506	3.365	3.171
Bahrain.....	.002	.001	.009	.005	.020	.002	.003	.004	.003	.000	.001
Iran.....	.511	.732	.850	1.076	1.190	1.132	1.113	1.253	1.074	1.149	1.059
Iraq.....	.717	.905	.959	.897	.591	.000	.000	.001	.000	.000	.006
Kuwait.....	.456	.469	.474	.452	.346	.019	.142	.461	.302	.269	.288
U.A.E.....	.164	.206	.134	.214	.446	.281	.199	.092	.067	.011	.004
Qatar.....	.054	.040	.021	.024	.026	.009	.006	.000	.000	.002	.002
Saudi Arabia.....	1.609	.978	.981	1.086	1.290	2.217	2.203	2.237	2.060	1.933	1.811
Imports from OPEC-Africa											
Total.....	2.309	2.058	2.198	2.224	2.509	2.818	2.818	2.491	2.644	2.500	2.644
Algeria.....	.615	.627	.646	.648	.683	.757	.772	.693	.690	.724	.746
Libya.....	.967	.962	1.071	1.044	1.267	1.332	1.361	1.193	1.233	1.201	1.204
Nigeria.....	.727	.469	.481	.532	.559	.729	.686	.605	.721	.575	.694
Imports from OPEC-South America											
Total.....	.252	.208	.220	.212	.227	.249	.268	.240	.219	.273	.206
Venezuela.....	.252	.208	.220	.212	.227	.249	.268	.240	.219	.273	.206
Imports from OPEC-Far East											
Total.....	.002	.002	.005	.004	.008	.002	.009	.019	.019	.017	.033
Indonesia.....	.002	.002	.005	.004	.008	.002	.009	.019	.019	.017	.033

^{1/} OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

^{2/} The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •"OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom. •Negative numbers represent net exports.

•A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •Data for 1995 are preliminary.

Sources: See end of Section 4.

Table 4.13 France--Net Oil Imports, 1986-1996
(Million Barrels per Day)

	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Average											
Total Net Imports..	1.682	1.742	1.718	1.711	1.750	1.869	1.784	1.761	1.615	1.721	1.738
Imports from OPEC ¹ /	.882	.684	.737	.875	1.101	1.021	.932	1.006	.956	.911	.897
Imports from											
Persian Gulf ² /											
Total.....	.586	.459	.484	.647	.864	.708	.640	.757	.651	.647	.573
Bahrain.....	.001	-	.007	.002	.011	.000	.001	.002	.000	.000	.001
Iran.....	.065	.088	.012	.158	.182	.171	.151	.243	.156	.208	.172
Iraq.....	.109	.151	.143	.128	.062	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Kuwait.....	.023	.044	.017	.021	.015	.011	.029	.032	.016	.022	.017
U.A.E.....	.035	-	.017	.040	.233	.064	.033	.025	.003	.002	.001
Qatar.....	.030	.002	.017	.009	.022	.003	.002	.000	.000	.000	.000
Saudi Arabia.....	.324	.175	.271	.288	.339	.459	.424	.454	.477	.416	.381
Imports from OPEC-Africa											
Total.....	.279	.212	.249	.218	.233	.296	.281	.242	.301	.262	.323
Algeria.....	.089	.072	.079	.089	.092	.107	.105	.066	.089	.103	.105
Libya.....	.061	.064	.090	.065	.079	.104	.087	.063	.059	.043	.051
Nigeria.....	.129	.076	.079	.064	.062	.084	.090	.112	.153	.115	.168
Imports from											
OPEC-South America											
Total.....	.019	.012	.011	.012	.015	.017	.011	.010	.003	.002	.001
Venezuela.....	.019	.012	.011	.012	.015	.017	.011	.010	.003	.002	.001
Imports from OPEC-Far East											
Total.....	.000	-	-	.000	.000	.001	.001	.000	.000	.000	.000
Indonesia.....	.000	-	-	.000	.000	.001	.001	.000	.000	.000	.000

¹/ OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

²/ The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: *Imports include Crude Oil, Natural Gas Liquids, and Refined Products, and are on a direct basis. *Negative numbers represent net exports. *A dash (-) indicates no trade. *Zeros (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. *Data for 1995 are preliminary.

Sources: See end of Section 4.

Table 4.14 Germany--Net Oil Imports, 1986-1996
(Million Barrels per Day)

	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Average											
Total Net Imports..	2.380	2.281	2.279	2.112	2.202	2.664	2.739	2.723	2.731	2.699	2.793
Imports from OPEC1/	.830	.675	.761	.739	.771	.859	.957	.948	.838	.711	.660
Imports from											
Persian Gulf2/											
Total.....	.232	.187	.197	.216	.217	.227	.215	.250	.217	.172	.145
Bahrain.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	.000	.001	.000	.000
Iran.....	.041	.020	.051	.041	.055	.053	.021	.053	.040	.031	.018
Iraq.....	.016	.052	.032	.009	.004	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Kuwait.....	.021	.017	.013	.022	.013	.000	.009	.022	.026	.015	.016
U.A.E.....	.004	.024	.006	.023	.016	.012	.002	.002	.001	.000	.000
Qatar.....	-	.001	.001	.002	.003	.002	.001	.000	.000	.000	.000
Saudi Arabia.....	.151	.072	.095	.119	.125	.161	.182	.173	.149	.125	.111
Imports from OPEC-Africa											
Total.....	.484	.401	.472	.436	.465	.524	.614	.594	.543	.461	.462
Algeria.....	.137	.146	.141	.106	.098	.126	.183	.195	.161	.135	.125
Libya.....	.152	.160	.237	.235	.244	.262	.252	.244	.244	.234	.258
Nigeria.....	.195	.095	.095	.095	.123	.136	.179	.154	.139	.093	.079
Imports from											
OPEC-South America											
Total.....	.113	.086	.091	.086	.088	.107	.128	.105	.079	.078	.053
Venezuela.....	.113	.086	.091	.086	.088	.107	.128	.105	.079	.078	.053
Imports from OPEC-Far East											
Total.....	.001	.002	-	-	.002	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Indonesia.....	.001	.002	-	-	.002	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000

1/ OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

2/ The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.

Notes: *Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. *Data through 1990 are for the former West Germany. *Negative numbers represent net exports. *A dash (-) indicates no trade. *Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. *Data for 1995 are preliminary.

Sources: See end of Section 4.

Table 4.15 Italy--Net Oil Imports, 1986-1996
(Million Barrels per Day)

	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Average											
Total Net Imports..	1.642	1.718	1.590	1.716	1.788	1.769	1.839	1.747	1.778	1.820	1.791
Imports from OPEC ^{1/}	1.361	1.307	1.191	1.260	1.375	1.393	1.343	1.222	1.117	1.203	1.244
Imports from Persian Gulf ^{2/}											
Total.....	.817	.782	.643	.619	.626	.595	.573	.548	.430	.494	.502
Bahrain.....	.001	.000	-	.001	.000	.001	.001	.000	.000	.000	.001
Iran.....	.135	.141	.093	.124	.192	.231	.239	.221	.143	.233	.263
Iraq.....	.114	.167	.198	.138	.079	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Kuwait.....	.147	.142	.118	.093	.063	.000	.007	.012	.001	.000	.000
U.A.E.....	.051	.109	.060	.085	.075	.044	.013	.002	.000	.000	.000
Qatar.....	.004	.029	.002	.008	.000	.004	.001	.000	.000	.002	.002
Saudi Arabia.....	.364	.194	.171	.171	.216	.315	.312	.313	.286	.260	.236
Imports from OPEC-Africa											
Total.....	.505	.489	.516	.626	.740	.793	.757	.653	.660	.679	.714
Algeria.....	.087	.109	.108	.150	.155	.155	.140	.096	.099	.100	.110
Libya.....	.309	.342	.389	.430	.556	.581	.584	.542	.543	.562	.580
Nigeria.....	.110	.038	.019	.045	.029	.057	.034	.015	.018	.017	.025
Imports from OPEC-South America											
Total.....	.039	.037	.029	.014	.007	.004	.005	.002	.007	.014	.008
Venezuela.....	.039	.037	.029	.014	.007	.004	.005	.002	.007	.014	.008
Imports from OPEC-Far East											
Total.....	-	-	.002	.002	.003	.001	.009	.019	.019	.015	.021
Indonesia.....	-	-	.002	.002	.003	.001	.009	.019	.019	.015	.021

1/ OPEC=Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Appendix A for countries in this group.

2/ The Persian Gulf countries are all members of OPEC, except for Bahrain.
Notes: *Imports include Crude Oil, Natural Gas Liquids, and Refined Products, and are on a direct basis. *Negative numbers represent net exports. *A dash (-) indicates no trade. *Zeroses (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. *Data for 1995 are preliminary.

Sources: See end of Section 4.

Table 4.16 OECD Imports from Iraq, 1986-1996
(Million Barrels per Day)

	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Total.....	0.964	1.103	1.489	1.581	1.276	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.007
United States ¹ /.....	.081	.083	.343	.449	.518	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.001
Canada.....	-	.010	.001	.013	.011	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
OECD Europe ² /.....	.717	.905	.959	.897	.591	.000	.000	.001	.000	.000	.006
Main European Importers											
France.....	.109	.151	.143	.128	.062	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Germany ³ /.....	.016	.052	.032	.009	.004	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Italy.....	.114	.167	.198	.138	.079	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Netherlands.....	.067	.034	.039	.101	.117	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Spain.....	.117	.080	.092	.109	.063	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.002
European Net Exporters											
United Kingdom....	.071	.082	.070	.034	.027	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Smaller European Importers											
Austria.....	-	.015	.007	.000	.000	.000	.000	.001	.000	.000	.000
Belgium.....	.026	.049	.037	.047	.029	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Denmark.....	-	.001	-	-	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Greece.....	.030	.065	.059	.052	.044	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Portugal.....	.024	.019	.029	.024	.019	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Sweden.....	-	.003	.003	.005	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Switzerland.....	-	.000	-	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Turkey.....	.143	.188	.250	.250	.146	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.003
Japan.....	.164	.105	.173	.219	.146	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Other OECD.....	.002	.000	.013	.003	.011	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000

1/ U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia.

2/ "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

3/ Data through 1990 are for the former West Germany.

Notes: •Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. •OECD=Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. See Appendix A for countries in this group. •Negative numbers represent net exports. •A dash (-) indicates no trade. •Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. •Data for 1995 are preliminary.

Sources: See end of Section 4.

Table 4.17 OECD Imports from Kuwait, 1986-1996
(Million Barrels per Day)

	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Average											
Total.....	0.829	0.925	0.936	1.084	0.740	0.039	0.414	1.191	1.081	0.997	1.034
United States ¹ /.....	.068	.082	.092	.157	.086	.006	.051	.353	.312	.218	.236
Canada.....	-	-	-	-	.004	-	-	.000	.027	.000	.000
OECD Europe ² /.....	.456	.469	.474	.452	.346	.019	.142	.461	.302	.269	.288
Main European Importers											
France.....	.023	.044	.017	.021	.015	.011	.029	.032	.016	.022	.017
Germany ³ /.....	.021	.017	.013	.022	.013	.000	.009	.022	.026	.015	.016
Italy.....	.147	.142	.118	.093	.063	.000	.007	.012	.001	.000	.000
Netherlands.....	.122	.150	.189	.194	.151	.002	.052	.254	.179	.176	.193
Spain.....	.020	.015	.030	.015	.010	.003	.000	.015	.000	.000	.000
European Net Exporters											
Norway.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	.000	.000	.000	.000
United Kingdom.....	.014	.011	.006	.006	.045	.002	.027	.049	.058	.039	.032
Smaller European Importers											
Austria.....	-	-	.004	.002	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Belgium.....	.006	.000	-	-	.000	.001	.006	.056	.005	.004	.015
Denmark.....	.020	.045	.060	.066	.034	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Finland.....	-	-	-	-	-	.000	-	-	-	-	-
Greece.....	.038	.030	.015	.009	.000	.000	.002	.005	.001	.000	.000
Portugal.....	-	.001	.003	.003	.002	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Sweden.....	-	-	-	.001	.001	.000	.000	.002	.000	.000	.000
Switzerland.....	-	-	-	-	-	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
Turkey.....	.046	.013	.019	.019	.011	.000	.010	.016	.016	.014	.015
Japan.....	.278	.347	.341	.458	.291	.014	.220	.368	.430	.501	.500
Other OECD.....	.028	.026	.029	.017	.013	.000	.000	.009	.011	.009	.010

1/ U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and District of Columbia.

2/ "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

3/ Data through 1990 are for the former West Germany.

Notes: *Imports include crude oil, natural gas liquids, and refined products, and are on a direct basis. *OECD=Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. See Appendix A for countries in this group. *Negative numbers represent net exports.

*A dash (-) indicates no trade. *Zeroes (.000) indicate net imports of less than 0.0005 million barrels per day. *Data for 1995 are preliminary.

Sources: See end of Section 4.

Sources for Section 4 (Historical Oil Data)

Crude Oil Production, Natural Gas Liquids Production, Other Liquids, and Refinery Gain

United States: • Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Supply Annual 1996; • Bureau of Mines, Mineral Industry Surveys, Petroleum Statement, Annual, various issues.

Other Countries: • EIA, International Energy Annual, various issues. • EIA, International Petroleum Annual, 1978. • United Nations, Yearbook of World Energy Statistics, 1979. Refinery Gains: National Petroleum Council, U.S. Petroleum Refinery Study, October 1986.

Oil Stocks

United States: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual 1996.

Other OECD Countries: • 1973-1982: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances, various issues. • 1983-1997: OECD, Monthly Oil Statistics in the EIA, International Energy Database.

Oil Demand

United States: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual 1996.

Other OECD Countries: • 1973-1981: OECD, Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances, various issues. • OECD, Annual Oil Statistics data base, 1970-1979. • 1982-1997: OECD, Monthly Oil Statistics in the EIA International Energy Database.

Oil Imports

United States: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Supply Annual 1996.

Other OECD Countries: • Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances, various issues. • OECD Monthly Oil Statistics database, 1991-1997.

Appendix A

Organizational and Geographical Definitions

Appendix A. Organizational and Geographical Definitions

International Energy Agency (IEA) countries are: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, United Kingdom, and United States.

Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) countries are: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Mexico, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, South Korea, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, United Kingdom, and United States. Total OECD includes the United States Territories (Guam, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands). Total OECD excludes data for Czech Republic, Hungary, Mexico, Poland, and South Korea which are not yet available.

OECD Europe countries are: Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and United Kingdom. OECD Europe excludes data for Czech Republic, Hungary, and Poland which are not yet available.

Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) members are: Algeria, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela. As of December 31, 1992, Ecuador withdrew its membership in OPEC, and as of December 31, 1994, Gabon withdrew its membership. For consistency, Ecuador and Gabon are excluded in the historical series of OPEC totals.

Arab members of OPEC are: Algeria, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Qatar, Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates.

Organization of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries (OAPEC) are: Algeria, Bahrain, Egypt, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Neutral Zone, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Syria, Tunisia, and the United Arab Emirates. In April 1979 Egypt was suspended from OAPEC membership. In May 1989 Egypt rejoined OAPEC. For consistency, Egypt is included in the historical series of the OAPEC totals.

Persian (Arabian) Gulf countries are: Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates.

The term "Former USSR" is being used in the International Petroleum Statistics Report as a purely geographical expression, referring to the Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS), Georgia, and the three Baltic States (Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania).

Appendix B
Explanatory Notes

Appendix B. Explanatory Notes

Note 1: World Oil Supply

Supply includes production of crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas plant liquids, other hydrogen and hydrocarbons for refinery feedstocks, refinery gain, alcohol, and liquids produced from coal and other sources. Beginning in 1993, U.S. data includes fuel ethanol blended into finished motor gasoline and oxygenate production from merchant MTBE plants.

Note 2: Oil Stocks

The International Energy Agency (IEA) assembles and reports total oil stock data for the member countries of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD). Oil stocks include crude oil (including strategic reserves), unfinished oils, natural gas plant liquids, and refined petroleum products. In its report titled Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances of OECD Countries, the IEA defines oil stocks as follows: "All non-military stocks held by importers (including all final consumers directly), refiners, Governments, major non-importing final consumers eligible under IEA/OECD commitments and by foreign entities in the following facilities: bulk terminals, refinery tanks, pipeline tankage, barges, intercoastal tankers (when port of departure and destination are in the reporting country), tankers in port (to the extent that their cargo is to be unloaded in the reporting country), and inland ship bunkers. Oil is reported regardless of the ownership of such storage facilities." IEA data exclude "oil held in pipelines, rail and truck tank cars, sea-going ships' bunkers, service stations, retail stores and tankers at sea." Also the IEA defines the United States to be the 50 States and the District of Columbia, and the U.S. Territories (Guam, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands). The Energy Information Administration (EIA) does not include the United States Territories in its statistical definition of the United States. Further, the EIA includes oil in oil pipelines as part of its stock data. Tables 1.5, 1.6, 2.3, and 4.4 include oil stocks for the United States according to EIA definitions. Using IEA definitions, at the end of June 1997 United States (including territories) oil stocks totaled 1,430 million barrels.

Note 3: A Change to the Oil Balance in Section 2.

Prior to August 1992, Section 2 of the International Petroleum Statistics Report presented a balance of oil supply, demand, and stock change for the Market Economies, at quarterly time intervals. The communist countries, or Centrally Planned Economies (CPEs) were not included in the balance, mainly because good quarterly data for oil demand in these countries were not available. Net imports from the CPEs were included in the balance as part of total Market Economies supply. At present, the former Soviet Union and most of the countries of Eastern Europe are in transition from communism to market economies; because of this there are no longer good political or economic reasons to publish an oil balance only for the countries that have traditionally been market economies. Beginning with the August 1992 edition, Section 2 of the International Petroleum Statistics Report was changed from a Market Economies oil balance to a world oil balance.

The main data issues related to this change may be summarized as follows:

Supply Data. Monthly oil supply data are available for all countries of the world. These data are used to generate Tables 1.1 to 1.4; they were used to expand the Section 2 supply table (Table 2.2) to the whole world.

Demand Data. EIA has now developed quarterly figures for world oil demand, including demand in the former CPEs; these are published in Table 4 of EIA's Short-Term Energy Outlook. The procedures involved in developing quarterly world demand numbers may be summarized as follows:

Complete monthly data are available for the 24 OECD countries. Annual demand data for all countries (about 200 countries) are presented in ELA's International Energy Annual. In 1993, the OECD accounted for about three-fifths of total world demand, the 25 largest consumers outside of the OECD accounted for about one-third of the world total, and the remaining countries (about 150 countries) accounted for less than one-tenth of the total. The key problem, therefore, is to develop good figures for the 25 largest consumers outside the OECD.

Of these 25 countries, by far the largest consumer is Russia, which in 1993 accounted for about one-sixth of the demand in the group of 25. The next largest consumer is China, which in 1993 accounted for about one-seventh of the demand in the group. Thus in 1993 Russia and China accounted for one-third of the demand in the group of 25. For these 2 countries, data are available on oil production and net exports. The demand numbers shown in Section 2 are computed as production minus net exports. This is the same procedure used in the EIA Short-Term Energy Outlook, by the International Energy Agency in their Monthly Oil Market Report, and in other respected publications that deal with international oil markets. Note, however, that this method of computing demand ignores both refinery gain and stock changes.

For other major consuming countries outside of the OECD, quarterly demand data are developed based upon the latest available annual data, analytic judgment about current trends, and some seasonal adjustments. These are the same procedures used for the Short-Term Energy Outlook.

Stocks Data. Reliable stocks data are available for the OECD countries. Estimates of stocks for export and afloat, and of commercial floating stocks, are available. (See sources at the end of Section 2.)

For on-land stocks outside the OECD, there is little reliable data. Most estimates of on-land stocks outside the OECD are based on the theory that stocks are approximately equal to some number of days of demand. Demand figures (which themselves involve some degree of estimation) are then used to compute estimates of stock levels.

In the International Petroleum Statistics Report, it had been the practice for some time to estimate that on-land stocks in the traditional market economies outside of the OECD were equal to 55 days of demand. This was acceptable, mainly because the rule was used only to estimate a relatively small part of total stocks (about 16 percent).

When Section 2 was converted from a Market Economies oil balance to a world oil balance, there were important changes in the conditions that made it reasonable to estimate on-land stocks outside of the OECD using the rule of 55 days of demand. When the CPEs are included, the stocks that must be estimated are a considerably larger part of the total. In 1990, total oil demand in the former CPEs was more than 80 percent as large as demand in all of the non-OECD traditional market economies. Thus the quantity of stocks that would have to be estimated using a 55-day rule would nearly double, and the estimated components of stock levels and stock changes would become relatively large parts of the total. One consequence of this is that the statistical discrepancy (as shown in Table 2.1) would become less useful as an indicator of the overall consistency of the data. The statistical discrepancy is computed from supply, demand, and stock change. If a large part of the stock change is estimated, then the statistical discrepancy loses much of its significance.

As already noted, quarterly demands in the former Soviet Union and in China are computed as production minus net exports. This computation implicitly assumes a zero stock change. Demand in the former Soviet Union is falling. If we were to use a 55-day rule to compute stock levels, falling demand would imply falling stock levels. This would contradict the assumption of zero stock change which was used in computing demand.

In view of all this, the following approach has been adopted. Table 2.3 now shows levels of stocks for the OECD countries, levels of stocks for export and afloat, and levels of commercial floating storage. Stock changes based on these stock levels are shown in Table 2.1. At this time, no other stock levels are shown. Table 2.1 now has a single line labelled "Other Stock Draw and Statistical Discrepancy", which contains the computed values needed to make the table balance.

It may become possible in the future to obtain reliable information on certain categories of on-land stocks outside the OECD. If such data become available, they will be added to Table 2.3, and the corresponding stock change information will be added to Table 2.1.

Changes in Formats and Sign Conventions. There were several changes in Section 2 to make the International Petroleum Statistics Report more consistent with other EIA publications, especially with the Short-Term Energy Outlook. The numbers were changed from 1 decimal place to 2 decimal places. The word "consumption", as used before August 1992, was changed to "demand". The sign convention for stock changes in Table 2.1 was changed. Stock draws are now indicated by positive numbers, and stock additions are indicated by negative numbers. Table 2.1 also uses a new sign convention for the line labelled "Other Stock Draw and Statistical Discrepancy". The values in this line are now computed as Total Demand minus the sum of Total Supply and Total Reported Stock Draw. This is the reverse of the sign convention used before August 1992.

Summary. Section 2 was expanded from a Market Economies oil balance to a world oil balance. Supply data are tracked for all producing countries. Demand data are tracked for the 24 OECD countries, and for 25 large consumers outside of the OECD. Demand for the remaining countries (less than 10 percent of total demand) is estimated, for years that are not yet available in the International Energy Annual. The stock levels in these tables are based on reported data for the OECD and for stocks at sea. The line in Table 2.1 labelled "Other Stock Draw and Statistical Discrepancy" is a balancing item.

Appendix C

Glossary

Appendix C. Glossary

Alcohol. The family name of a group of organic chemical compounds composed of carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen. The molecules in the series vary in chain length and are composed of a hydrocarbon plus a hydroxyl group. Alcohol includes methanol and ethanol.

Demand (Consumption/Petroleum Products Supplied). Total petroleum products supplied is the sum of all petroleum products supplied. For each product, the amount supplied is calculated by summing production, crude oil burned directly, imports, and net withdrawals from primary stocks and subtracting exports.

Crude Oil. A mixture of hydrocarbons that existed in liquid phase in underground reservoirs and remains liquid at atmospheric pressure after passing through surface-separating facilities. Crude oil production is measured at the wellhead and includes lease condensate.

Government-Owned Stocks. Oil stocks owned by the national government and held for national security. In the United States these stocks are known as the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

Lease Condensate. A liquid recovered from natural gas at the well or at small gas/oil separators in the field. Consists primarily of pentanes and heavier hydrocarbons (also called field condensate).

Natural Gas Plant Liquids. Products obtained from processing natural gas at natural gas processing plants, including natural gasoline plants, cycling plants, and fractionators. Products obtained include ethane, liquefied petroleum gases, (propanes, butane, propane-butane mixtures, and ethane-propane mixtures), isopentane, natural gasoline, unfractionated streams, plant condensate, and other minor quantities of finished products, such as motor gasoline, special naphthas, jet fuel, kerosene, and distillate fuel oil.

Oil Stocks. Oil stocks include crude oil (including strategic reserves), unfinished oils, natural gas plant liquids, and refined petroleum products. See Explanatory Note 2.

Other Hydrocarbons. Other materials processed at refineries. Includes coal tar derivatives, hydrogen, gilsonite, and natural gas received by the refinery for reforming into hydrogen.

Oxygenates. Any substance which, when added to gasoline, increases the amount of oxygen in that gasoline blend. They include: Fuel Ethanol, Methanol, and MTBE (Methyl tertiary butyl ether).

Petroleum Products. Petroleum products are obtained from the processing of crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas, and other hydrocarbon compounds. Petroleum products include unfinished oils, aviation gasoline, motor gasoline, naphtha-type jet fuel, kerosene-type jet fuel, kerosene, distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, ethane, liquefied petroleum gases, petrochemical feedstocks, special naphthas, lubricants, paraffin wax, petroleum coke, asphalt road oil, still gas, and other miscellaneous products.

Processing Gain. The amount by which the total volume of refinery output is greater than the volume of input for given period of time. The processing gain arises when crude oil and other hydrocarbons are processed into products that are, on average, less dense than the input.

Processing Loss. The amount by which the total volume of refinery output is less than the volume of input for given period of time. The processing loss arises when crude oil and other hydrocarbons are processed into products that are, on average, more dense than the input.

Appendix D
Estimation Procedures

Appendix D. Estimation Procedures

Estimation procedures are used for demand numbers in many of the countries outside of the OECD, in cases where data from EIA's International Energy Annual are not yet available. Demand numbers for 1995 and earlier years, for all countries, may be found in EIA's International Energy Annual 1995, published in December 1996, which is the most recent published edition of the International Energy Annual. EIA's WORLD ENERGY database contains final demand data for all countries of the world for 1994, and preliminary demand data for all countries for 1995. Instructions for downloading this database may be found on EIA's home page (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/neu/world/contents.html>). The status of the demand numbers shown in Section 2 of this current International Petroleum Statistics Report may be summarized as follows.

The OECD demand numbers are, as usual, based on the latest Quarterly Oil Statistics and Monthly Oil Statistics tapes from the International Energy Agency.

For countries outside of the OECD, the following approach is used. The numbers for 1994 and earlier years match the demand numbers in the WORLD ENERGY database on EIA's home page. Numbers for 1995 forward are the best available EIA estimates, based upon the best annual data currently available, analytic judgment about current trends, and some seasonal adjustments. These are the same numbers that appear in the international oil balance table in EIA's Short-Term Energy Outlook.

The two largest non-OECD oil consumers are the former Soviet Union and China. For these two countries, published data are available on production and net exports. Demand is computed as production minus net exports. This is the same approach used in the Short-Term Energy Outlook, by the International Energy Agency in their Monthly Oil Market Report, and in other major publications dealing with international oil data. Note, however, that because of this computation, the demand numbers for the former Soviet Union and China implicitly exclude stock draw and refinery gain.

Appendix E

Conversions

Table E1. Refined Petroleum Products Conversion Factors

Product	Barrels per Metric Ton
Asphalt	6.06
Distillate Fuel Oil	7.46
Gasoline, Aviation	8.90
Gasoline, Motor	8.53
Greases	6.30
Jet Fuel, Kerosene-type	7.93
Jet Fuel, Naptha-type	8.27
Kerosene	7.73
Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG)	11.60
Lubricants	7.00
Miscellaneous Products	8.04
Naphtha	8.22
Natural Gas Liquids (NGL)	10.40
Natural Gasoline	10.00
Paraffin Oil	7.14
Paraffin Wax	7.87
Petrolatum	7.87
Petroleum Coke	5.51
Residual Fuel Oil	6.66
White Spirits	8.50

Table E2. Barrels of Crude Oil per Metric Ton, 1986-1995

	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
North America										
Canada	7.453	7.453	7.453	7.453	7.186	7.186	7.186	7.186	7.186	7.186
Mexico	6.965	6.965	6.965	6.965	6.965	6.965	6.965	6.965	6.965	6.965
United States	7.333	7.333	7.333	7.333	7.333	7.333	7.333	7.333	7.333	7.333
Central & South America										
Argentina	7.149	7.149	7.149	7.149	7.120	7.120	7.120	7.120	7.120	7.120
Bolivia	7.881	7.881	7.881	7.881	7.881	7.881	7.881	7.881	7.881	7.881
Brazil	7.268	7.268	7.268	7.268	7.056	7.056	7.056	7.056	7.056	7.056
Chile	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506
Colombia	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.080	7.080	7.080	7.080	7.080	7.080
Cuba	6.449	6.449	6.449	6.449	6.449	6.449	6.449	6.449	6.449	6.449
Ecuador	7.130	7.130	7.130	7.130	7.130	7.130	7.130	7.130	7.130	7.130
Peru	7.407	7.407	7.407	7.407	7.407	7.407	7.407	7.407	7.407	7.407
Trinidad and Tobago	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084
Venezuela	6.880	6.880	6.880	6.880	6.890	6.890	6.890	6.890	6.890	6.890
Western Europe										
Austria	7.082	7.082	7.082	7.082	7.200	7.200	7.200	7.200	7.200	7.200
Denmark	7.689	7.689	7.689	7.689	7.405	7.405	7.405	7.405	7.405	7.405
France	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332
Germany	--	--	--	--	7.330	7.330	7.330	7.330	7.330	7.330
Germany, East	7.340	7.340	7.340	7.340	--	--	--	--	--	--
Germany, West	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247	--	--	--	--	--	--
Greece	7.178	7.178	7.178	7.178	7.231	7.231	7.231	7.231	7.231	7.231
Italy	6.853	6.853	6.853	6.853	7.300	7.300	7.300	7.300	7.300	7.300
Netherlands	6.853	6.853	6.853	6.853	7.239	7.239	7.239	7.239	7.239	7.239
Norway	7.810	7.810	7.810	7.810	7.644	7.644	7.644	7.644	7.644	7.644
Spain	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506
Sweden	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247
Turkey	7.150	7.150	7.150	7.150	7.200	7.200	7.200	7.200	7.200	7.200
United Kingdom	7.466	7.466	7.466	7.466	7.523	7.523	7.523	7.523	7.523	7.523
Former Yugoslavia	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418	--	--	--	--
Croatia	--	--	--	--	--	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418
Serbia and Montenegro	--	--	--	--	--	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418
Slovenia	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418

-- = No Production of this form of energy.

Sources: International Energy Annual 1995. DOE/EIA-0219(95) (96/12) (December 1996).

Table E2. Barrels of Crude Oil per Metric Ton, 1986-1995 (continued)

	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
Eastern Europe & Former U.S.S.R.										
Albania	6.594	6.594	6.594	6.594	6.594	6.594	6.594	6.594	6.594	6.594
Bulgaria	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332
Former Czechoslovakia	6.780	6.780	6.780	6.780	6.780	6.780	6.780	6.780	6.780	6.780
Czech Republic	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Slovakia	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Hungary	6.690	6.690	6.690	6.690	6.690	6.690	6.690	6.690	6.690	6.690
Poland	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418	7.418
Romania	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506
Former U.S.S.R.	7.270	7.270	7.270	7.270	7.270	7.270	7.270	7.270	7.270	7.270
Azerbaijan	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Belarus	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Georgia	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Lithuania	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Kazakhstan	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Kyrgyzstan	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Russia	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Tajikistan	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Turkmenistan	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Ukraine	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Uzbekistan	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.270	7.270	7.270	7.270
Middle East										
Bahrain	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320
Iran	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305
Iraq	7.426	7.426	7.426	7.426	7.426	7.430	7.430	7.430	7.430	7.430
Israel	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247	7.247
Jordan	7.190	7.190	7.190	7.190	7.190	7.190	7.190	7.190	7.190	7.190
Kuwait	7.245	7.245	7.245	7.245	7.245	7.250	7.250	7.250	7.250	7.250
Oman	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.332	7.330	7.330	7.330	7.330	7.330
Qatar	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500
Saudi Arabia	7.269	7.269	7.269	7.269	7.269	7.323	7.323	7.323	7.323	7.323
Syria	6.836	6.836	6.836	6.836	6.836	6.836	6.836	6.836	6.836	6.836
United Arab Emirates	7.480	7.480	7.480	7.480	7.480	7.480	7.480	7.480	7.480	7.480
Yemen	7.627	7.636	7.632	7.632	7.631	7.631	7.631	7.631	7.631	7.631

-- = No Production of this form of energy.
 Sources: International Energy Annual 1995. DOE/EIA-0219(95) (96/12) (December 1996).

Table E2. Barrels of Crude Oil per Metric Ton, 1986-1995 (continued)

	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
Africa										
Algeria	7.936	7.936	7.936	7.936	8.130	8.130	8.130	8.130	8.130	8.130
Angola	7.409	7.409	7.409	7.409	7.409	7.409	7.409	7.409	7.409	7.409
Benin	6.870	6.870	6.870	6.870	6.870	6.870	6.870	6.870	6.870	6.870
Cameroon	7.205	7.205	7.205	7.205	7.205	7.205	7.205	7.205	7.205	7.205
Congo	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506	7.506
Cote d'Ivoire (Ivory Coast)	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285
Egypt	7.256	7.256	7.256	7.256	7.256	7.256	7.256	7.256	7.256	7.256
Equatorial Guinea	--	--	--	--	--	8.077	8.077	8.077	8.077	8.077
Gabon	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305	7.305
Ghana	7.285	--	--	--	--	--	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285
Libya	7.515	7.515	7.515	7.515	7.580	7.580	7.580	7.580	7.580	7.580
Morocco	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600
Nigeria	7.315	7.315	7.315	7.315	7.315	7.315	7.315	7.315	7.315	7.315
South Africa	--	--	--	--	--	--	9.853	9.853	9.853	9.853
Sudan	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.452	7.452	7.452	7.452
Tunisia	7.689	7.689	7.689	7.689	7.689	7.689	7.689	7.689	7.689	7.689
Zaire	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320
Far East & Oceania										
Australia	7.855	7.855	7.855	7.855	7.868	7.868	7.868	7.868	7.868	7.868
Bangladesh	7.453	7.453	7.453	7.453	7.453	7.453	7.453	7.453	7.453	7.453
Brunei	7.340	7.340	7.340	7.340	7.340	7.340	7.340	7.340	7.340	7.340
Burma	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084	7.084
China	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320	7.320
India	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600	7.600
Indonesia	7.558	7.558	7.558	7.558	7.558	7.558	7.558	7.558	7.558	7.558
Japan	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.357	7.357	7.357	7.357	7.357	7.357
Malaysia	7.641	7.641	7.641	7.641	7.641	7.641	7.641	7.641	7.641	7.641
New Zealand	8.127	8.127	8.127	8.127	8.127	8.127	8.127	8.127	8.127	8.127
Pakistan	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500
Papua New Guinea	--	--	--	--	--	7.809	7.809	7.809	7.809	7.809
Philippines	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285	7.285
Taiwan	6.568	6.568	6.568	6.568	6.568	6.568	6.568	6.568	6.568	6.568
Thailand	6.758	6.758	6.758	6.758	6.758	6.758	6.758	6.758	6.758	6.758
Vietnam	7.082	7.082	7.082	7.082	7.082	7.082	7.082	7.082	7.082	7.082

-- = No Production of this form of energy.

Sources: International Energy Annual 1995. DOE/EIA-0219(95) (96/12) (December 1996).