

EPA-600/2-77-155a  
September 1977

Environmental Protection Technology Series

**MASTER**

# ST. LOUIS DEMONSTRATION FINAL REPORT: REFUSE PROCESSING PLANT EQUIPMENT, FACILITIES, AND ENVIRONMENTAL EVALUATIONS



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EPA--600/2-77-155a

EPA-600/2-77-155a

September 1977

DE82 901403

ST. LOUIS DEMONSTRATION FINAL REPORT: REFUSE PROCESSING PLANT  
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## FOREWORD

The Environmental Protection Agency was created because of increasing public and government concern about the dangers of pollution to the health and welfare of the American people. Noxious air, foul water, and spoiled land are tragic testimony to the deterioration of our natural environment. The complexity of that environment and the interplay between its components require a concentrated and integrated attack on the problem.

Research and development is that necessary first step in problem solution and it involves defining the problem, measuring its impact, and searching for solutions. The Municipal Environmental Research Laboratory develops new and improved technology and systems for the preservation and treatment of public drinking water supplies, and to minimize the adverse economic, social, health, and aesthetic effects of pollution. This publication is one of the products of that research; a most vital communications link between the researcher and the user community.

The St. Louis-Union Electric-EPA refuse fuel project was the first demonstration of the use of solid waste as a supplementary fuel in power plant boilers for generating electricity. In addition to the demonstrations, research tasks were conducted to evaluate the processing plant and the power plant operations. This report presents the results of the processing plant evaluations. It provides data on plant material flows and operating parameters, plant operating costs, characteristics of plant material flows, and emissions from various processing operations. A separate report will provide similar information on the evaluations conducted at the power plant which burned the refuse derived fuel.

Francis T. Mayo, Director  
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## ABSTRACT

This report presents the results of processing plant evaluations of the St. Louis-Union Electric Refuse Fuel Project, including equipment and facilities as well as assessment of environmental emissions at both the processing and the power plants. Data on plant material flows and operating parameters, plant operating costs, characteristics of plant material flows, and emissions from various processing operations were obtained during a testing program encompassing 53 calendar weeks.

Refuse derived fuel (RDF) is the major product (80.6% by weight) of the refuse processing plant, the other being ferrous metal scrap, a marketable by-product. Average operating costs for the entire evaluation period were \$8.26/Mg (\$7.49/ton). The average overall processing rate for the period was 168 Mg/8-hr day (185.5 tons/8-hr day) at 31.0 Mg/hr (34.2 tons/hr).

Future plants using an air classification system of the type used at the St. Louis demonstration plant will need an emissions control device for particulates from the large de-entrainment cyclone. Also in the air exhaust from the cyclone were total counts of bacteria and viruses several times higher than those of suburban ambient air. No water effluent or noise exposure problems were encountered, although landfill leachate mixed with ground water could result in contamination, given low dilution rates.

This report was submitted in fulfillment of Contract No. 68-02-1324 and Contract No. 68-02-1871 by Midwest Research Institute under the sponsorship of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. This report covers the period September 23, 1974, to September 30, 1975.

## CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
Foreword . . . . .	iii
Abstract . . . . .	iv
Figures . . . . .	vi
Tables . . . . .	viii
Acknowledgment . . . . .	xvi
Introduction . . . . .	1
Conclusions and Recommendations . . . . .	2
Approach . . . . .	4
Evaluation of Facilities . . . . .	12
Plant operations . . . . .	12
Plant costs . . . . .	15
Electric power consumption . . . . .	23
Equipment downtime and maintenance . . . . .	
Characterization of plant equipment . . . . .	30
Plant Material Flow and Characterization . . . . .	35
Characteristics of all flow streams . . . . .	35
RDF variability . . . . .	53
Evaluation of data on double grind tests . . . . .	54
Evaluation of data on fine grind test . . . . .	59
Plant material balance . . . . .	64
Evaluation of Environmental Impacts . . . . .	71
Air emissions: particulate air emissions from	
air density separator and hammermill cyclones . .	71
Water effluents . . . . .	89
Assessment of leachability of products from	
the refuse processing plant . . . . .	91
Sound survey . . . . .	101
References . . . . .	109
Appendices	
A. Tabulations of data on plant equipment, operations	
and costs . . . . .	111
B. Tabulations of data on analysis of refuse samples . .	147
C. Environmental test procedures and data . . . . .	318
D. Statistical evaluation of process stream samples . . .	328

## FIGURES

<u>Number</u>		<u>Page</u>
1	Flow diagram of processing facility and material sampling locations . . . . .	7
2	Flow diagram of refuse fuel-receiving facility at Union Electric Company's Meramec Power Plant . . . . .	8
3	Daily variations in midday ambient temperature and relative humidity . . . . .	14
4	Variations in weekly average of daily amount and rates of raw refuse processed . . . . .	16
5	Total cost per megagram versus monthly total amount of raw refuse processed . . . . .	21
6	Operating costs per megagram versus monthly total amount of raw refuse processed . . . . .	22
7	Daily variations in electric power consumption . . . . .	24
8	Electric power consumption versus total monthly amount of raw refuse processed . . . . .	26
9	Daily variations in motor current . . . . .	31
10	Daily variations in increase of hammermill bearing skin temperatures above ambient temperature . . . . .	33
11	Daily variations in ADS cyclone exhaust in air flow rate, relative humidity, and ambient relative humidity . . . . .	34
12	Weekly variations in refuse derived fuel and ferrous metal recovery . . . . .	42
13	Weekly variations in ferrous metal recovery efficiency . . . .	43

# FIGURES (concluded)

<u>Number</u>		<u>Page</u>
14	Heating value of refuse fuel versus moisture content for daily samples . . . . .	55
15	Corrected plant input-output weights . . . . .	68
16	Particle size distribution for ADS cyclone discharge . . . . .	74
17	Particle size distribution for hammermill cyclone discharge . . . . .	75
18	Sampling flow chart for hazardous emission tests . . . . .	79
19	Sound survey measurement locations . . . . .	105
A-1	Configuration of ADS separation chamber . . . . .	113
A-2	Dimensions of ADS screen house . . . . .	114
C-1	Diagram of ADS cyclone discharge sampling locations . . . . .	319
C-2	Diagram of particulate mass sampling equipment . . . . .	320
C-3	Diagram of particle size sampling equipment . . . . .	322

# TABLES

<u>Number</u>		<u>Page</u>
1	Processing Plant--Specific Equipment, Facilities, and Environmental Evaluations . . . . .	5
2	Sampling and Analyses Performed (Intensive) . . . . .	9
3	Sampling and Analyses Performed (Baseline I) . . . . .	10
4	Sampling and Analyses Performed (Baseline II) . . . . .	11
5	Processing Plant Weekly Activity . . . . .	13
6	Monthly Summary of Processing Plant Operations and Costs . . .	17
7	Summary of Electric Energy Used at the Refuse Processing Facility . . . . .	25
8	Plant Flow Stream Description . . . . .	36
9	Average Characteristics of Processing Plant Flow Streams over Duration of Sampling . . . . .	37
10	Average Proximate and Ultimate Analysis of RDF (Stream S2) over Duration of Sampling; September 23, 1974, through September 5, 1975 . . . . .	39
11	Variability of Daily Values of Characteristics of Stream S1 - Hammermill Discharge . . . . .	45
12	Variability of Daily Values of Characteristics of Stream S2 - Cyclone Discharge (RDF) . . . . .	46
13	Variability of Daily Values of Characteristics of Stream S3 - Storage Bin Discharge . . . . .	47
14	Variability of Daily Values of Characteristics of Stream S4 - ADS Heavies . . . . .	48

TABLES (continued)

<u>Number</u>		<u>Page</u>
15	Variability of Daily Values of Characteristics of Stream S5 - Magnetic Belt Rejects . . . . .	49
16	Variability of Daily Values of Characteristics of Stream S6 - Neggetizer Feed . . . . .	50
17	Variability of Daily Values of Characteristics of Stream S7 - Magentic Drum Rejects . . . . .	51
18	Variability of Daily Values of Characteristics of Stream S8 - Ferrous Metal By-Product . . . . .	52
19	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Double-Grind Test on February 19, 1975 . . . . .	56
20	Proximate and Ultimate Analysis of Double-Grind RDF . . . . .	57
21	Summary for Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Fine Grind Test . . . . .	60
22	Proximate and Ultimate Analysis of Fine-Grind RDF . . . . .	61
23	Sample Variability of Milled Refuse . . . . .	62
24	Results of Emission Tests at Processing Plant . . . . .	73
25	Test Data on Particles Captured by 6.4 by 6.4 mm Square Opening Net Placed over ADS Fan Discharge and Comparison to Refuse Fuel Collected by Cyclone (Stream S2) . . . . .	76
26	Summary of Tests on Hazardous Emissions from Air Density Separator and Hammermill Cyclones . . . . .	81
27	Summary of Tests on Emissions in Storage Bin . . . . .	82
28	Summary of Tests of Ambient Air . . . . .	83
29	Tabulation of Data on Washdown Activity . . . . .	90
30	Analysis of Laboratory Produced Leachate . . . . .	93
31	Comparison of Laboratory Produced Leachate to Drinking Water Standards . . . . .	95
32	Material Removed by Leaching . . . . .	97

# TABLES (continued)

<u>Number</u>		<u>Page</u>
33	Amount of Dilution Water Needed for Leachate to Meet Drinking Water Standards . . . . .	99
34	Ranking of Leachate Constituents - Dilution Required to Meet Drinking Water Standards . . . . .	98
35	Ranking of Leachate Samples Based on Dilution Required to Meet Drinking Water Standards . . . . .	100
36	Sound Survey Measurement Locations . . . . .	103
37	Sound Survey - City of St. Louis Refuse Processing Plant (Plant in operation - January 20, 1974) . . . . .	106
38	Sound Survey - City of St. Louis Refuse Processing Plant (Background sound - plant not in operation - January 21, 1974) . . . . .	107
39	Location of Sound LEvels above 90 dBA and Allowable Exposure . . . . .	108
A-1	Major Items of Equipment - Refuse Processing Facility . . . . .	111
A-2	Major Motors - Refuse Processing Facility . . . . .	112
A-3	Vehicle Specifications - Refuse Processing Facility . . . . .	115
A-4	Major Items of Equipment - Receiving Facility . . . . .	116
A-5	Major Motors - Receiving Facility . . . . .	117
A-6	Summary of Operating Expenses, Processing Facility for Months October 1974 through September 1974 . . . . .	118
A-7	Summary of Operating Expenses, Receiving Facility for Months October 1974 through September 1975 . . . . .	120
A-8	Capital Expenditures-Refuse Processing Facility . . . . .	121
A-9	Processing Plant Daily Activity . . . . .	123
A-10	Weekly Summary of Plant Downtime during Processing Days . . . . .	132
A-11	Weekly Summary of Major Plant Maintenance Not Counted as Downtime . . . . .	136

TABLES (continued)

<u>Number</u>		<u>Page</u>
A-12	Daily Recorded Values of Plant Operating Conditions . . . . .	142
A-13	Temperature and Relative Humidity of Hammermill Dust Collection System Cyclone Exhaust . . . . .	146
B-1a	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of September 23, 1974 . . . . .	148
B-1b	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of September 30, 1974 . . . . .	149
B-1c	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of October 7, 1974 . . . . .	150
B-1d	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of October 14, 1974 . . . . .	151
B-1e	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of October 21, 1974 . . . . .	152
B-1f	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of November 18, 1974 . . . . .	153
B-1g	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of November 25, 1974 . . . . .	154
B-1h	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of December 2, 1974 . . . . .	155
B-1i	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of December 9, 1974 . . . . .	156
B-1j	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of December 30, 1974 . . . . .	157
B-1k	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of January 6, 1974 . . . . .	158
B-1l	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of January 13, 1975 . . . . .	159
B-1m	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of January 20, 1975 . . . . .	160
B-1n	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of January 27, 1975 . . . . .	161
B-1o	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of February 3, 1975 . . . . .	162

TABLES (continued)

<u>Number</u>		<u>Page</u>
B-1p	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of February 10, 1975 . . . . .	163
B-1q	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of February 17, 1975 . . . . .	164
B-1r	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of March 3, 1975 . . . . .	165
B-1s	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of March 10, 1975 . . . . .	166
B-1t	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of March 17, 1975 . . . . .	167
B-1u	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of March 24, 1975 . . . . .	168
B-1v	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of March 31, 1975 . . . . .	169
B-1w	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of April 7, 1975 . . . . .	170
B-1x	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of April 14-16, 1975 . . . . .	171
B-1y	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of April 18-23, 1975 . . . . .	172
B-1z	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of April 28, 1975 . . . . .	173
B-1aa	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of May 5, 1975 . . . . .	174
B-1bb	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of May 12, 1975 . . . . .	175
B-1cc	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of May 19, 1975 . . . . .	176
B-1dd	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of June 30, 1975 . . . . .	177
B-1ee	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of July 7, 1975 . . . . .	178
B-1ff	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of July 14, 1975 . . . . .	179

## TABLES (continued)

<u>Number</u>		<u>Page</u>
B-1gg	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of July 28, 1975 . . . . .	180
B-1hh	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of August 4, 1975 . . . . .	181
B-1ii	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of August 11, 1975 . . . . .	182
B-1jj	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of August 18, 1975 . . . . .	183
B-1kk	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of August 25, 1975 . . . . .	184
B-1ll	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows and Characteristics for Week of September 1, 1975 . . . . .	185
B-1mm	Summary of Processing Plant Material Flows during Periods when Refuse Samples Not Taken . . . . .	186
B-2	Weekly Summary of Proximate and Ultimate Analysis of Refuse Fuel Produced . . . . .	187
B-3a	Heating Value of Milled Refuse Streams, kJ/kg . . . . .	188
B-3b	Bulk Density of Milled Refuse Streams, kg/m <sup>3</sup> . . . . .	192
B-3c	Moisture Analysis of Milled Refuse Streams, wt. % . . . . .	196
B-3d	Analysis of Milled Refuse Streams Paper by Visual Analysis, wt. % . . . . .	200
B-3e	Analysis of Milled Refuse Streams Plastic by Visual Analysis, wt. % . . . . .	204
B-3f	Analysis of Milled Refuse Streams Wood by Visual Analysis, wt. % . . . . .	208
B-3g	Analysis of Milled Refuse Streams Glass by Visual Analysis, wt. % . . . . .	212
B-3h	Analysis of Milled Refuse Streams Magnetic Metal by Visual Analysis, wt. % . . . . .	216
B-3i	Analysis of Milled Refuse Streams Nonmagnetic Metal by Visual Analysis, wt. % . . . . .	220
B-3j	Analysis of Milled Refuse Streams Organics by Visual Analysis, wt. % . . . . .	224

TABLES (continued)

<u>Number</u>		<u>Page</u>
B-3k	Analysis of Milled Refuse Streams Miscellaneous Material by Visual Analysis (Not Otherwise Classified as Paper, Plastic, Wood, Glass, Metal, or Organics), wt. % . . . . .	228
B-3ℓ	Ash Analysis of Milled Refuse Streams, wt. % . . . . .	232
B-3m	Analysis of Milled Refuse Streams Ferrous by Chemical Analysis ( $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ ) Aluminum by Chemical Analysis ( $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ ), wt. % . . . . .	237
B-3n	Analysis of Milled Refuse Streams Copper by Chemical Analysis ( $\text{CuO}$ ) Lead by Chemical Analysis ( $\text{PbO}$ ), wt. % . .	240
B-3o	Analysis of Milled Refuse Streams Nickel by Chemical Analysis ( $\text{NiO}$ ) Zinc by Chemical Analysis ( $\text{ZnO}$ ), wt. % . .	243
B-3p	Analysis of Milled Refuse Streams Ferrous Metal by Visual Analysis, wt. % . . . . .	246
B-3q	Analysis of Milled Refuse Streams Tin Cans by Visual Analysis, wt. % . . . . .	251
B-3r	Analysis of Milled Refuse Streams Aluminum by Visual Analysis, wt. % . . . . .	256
B-3s	Analysis of Milled Refuse Streams Copper by Visual Analysis, wt. % . . . . .	261
B-3t	Analysis of Milled Refuse Streams Square Screen Size, wt. % . . . . .	266
B-3u	Analysis of Milled Refuse Streams Particle Size Geometric Mean Diameter - mm, wt. % . . . . .	294
B-3v	Analysis of Milled Refuse Streams Particle Size - Geometric Standard Deviation . . . . .	298
B-3w	Daily Results - Proximate and Ultimate Analysis of Refuse Fuel, wt. % . . . . .	302
B-3x	Proximate and Ultimate Analysis of Refuse Fuel Produced Regrind Test - February 19, 1975 . . . . .	306
B-4a	Weekly Summary Plant Energy Balance, $\text{kJ} \times 10^6$ . . . . .	307
B-4b	Weekly Summary of Plant Energy Balance (Expressed as percent of hammermill discharge) . . . . .	308
B-5	Weekly Summary of Plant Ferrous Metal Recovery . . . . .	309

# TABLES (concluded)

<u>Number</u>		<u>Page</u>
B-6	Daily Samples of Refuse Derived Fuel (Stream S2) . . . . .	310
B-7a	Weekly Material Balance, Mg . . . . .	312
B-7b	Weekly Material Balance (Expressed as percent of raw refuse received) . . . . .	313
B-8	Sample Variability of Milled Refuse--Results by Weight . .	314
C-1	Mass Emission Test Data . . . . .	324

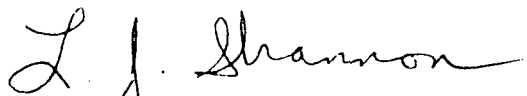
## ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This report was prepared for the Environmental Protection Agency under Contracts Nos. 68-02-1324 and 68-02-1871. It describes the work carried out by Midwest Research Institute (MRI) at the St. Louis Refuse Processing Plant for the period of September 23, 1974, through September 30, 1975.

Mr. Doug Fiscus, Mr. Paul Gorman, Mr. M. P. Schrag, and Dr. L. J. Shannon were the principal authors of this report. Many other MRI personnel assisted in compilation and analysis of the data. Actual equipment tests and refuse sampling were carried out at the processing plant by Mr. Steve Howard, Mr. Lynn Cook, and Mr. Edward Gonzalez, under the direction of Mr. Doug Fiscus (MRI Field Manager). Most of the laboratory analyses of the refuse samples were done by the Research 900 Laboratories of the Ralston Purina Company in St. Louis, Missouri. The conduct of this test and evaluation program at the processing plant would not have been possible without the excellent cooperation and assistance provided by Mr. Wayne Sutterfield (formerly Refuse Commissioner, now Traffic and Transportation Administrator, City of St. Louis), Mr. Jim Shea (Refuse Commissioner, City of St. Louis), and the Refuse Processing Plant staff, especially Mr. John Molitor, Mr. Nick Yung, and Mr. Roger Chadwick.

Approved for:

MIDWEST RESEARCH INSTITUTE



L. J. Shannon, Director  
Environmental and Materials  
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April 15, 1977

## INTRODUCTION

The St. Louis Union Electric System is the first demonstration plant in the U.S. to process raw municipal waste for use as a supplementary fuel in power plant boilers. In addition to producing a fuel, ferrous metals are recovered from the waste for use as a scrap charge in steel production. Two separate facilities comprise the system--a processing plant operated by the City of St. Louis and two identical boilers (Combustion Engineering, 125 Mw, tangentially fired), which were modified to fire shredded, air classified refuse along with pulverized coal at the Union Electric Company's Meramec Plant near St. Louis.

This demonstration facility had been in operation for over 2 years and had shown that such a system is a workable method for utilizing processed municipal refuse as a supplementary fuel, and that a saleable by-product (ferrous metal scrap) can also be recovered. Since the St. Louis facility has been in operation, several similar facilities have been placed under construction, or are being planned in other cities. Because of that and the growing interest in this resource recovery method, EPA expanded their demonstration program at St. Louis to permit a more detailed study of the performance and characteristics of the operation including environmental aspects.

EPA contracted with MRI to conduct a test and evaluation program at the St. Louis demonstration facility. This program included equipment and facilities evaluations and environmental assessments at both the refuse processing plant operated by the City of St. Louis and the refuse firing facility operated by Union Electric Company's Meramec Plant.

This report presents the results of test and evaluation activity at the processing plant during the 1-year (53-week) period of September 23, 1974, through September 30, 1975. In order, the report presents (a) approach, (b) evaluation of facilities, (c) plant material flow and characterization, and (d) environmental evaluation.

## CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

RDF has approximately 42% the heating value and 2.7 times the ash content of Illinois Orient 6 coal. However, the refuse fuel has only approximately 12% the sulfur content and 35% the nitrogen content of the coal. The ferrous metal recovered by the processing plant is a marketable by-product that was utilized as part of the scrap charge at a nearby steel mill. On the average by weight, RDF represents 80.6% and recovered ferrous metal 4.5% of the processed raw refuse. The plant reject material which was landfilled had very low energy content. There is little value in trying to recycle the rejects to recover energy.

As would be expected, operating costs per megagram (Mg) of RDF produced increase rapidly when the plant is operated below its design capacity. Total monthly operating costs for the refuse processing plant plus the receiving facility ranged from \$4.45 to \$57.99/Mg (\$4.04 to \$52.6/ton) represented that month when the plant was operated near design capacity and no unscheduled shutdowns occurred. Average total operating costs for the entire 1-year evaluation period were \$8.26/Mg (\$7.49/ton).

## ASSESSMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROBLEMS

Future plants using an air classification system of the type used at the St. Louis demonstration plant will need an air emission control device to control particulate emissions from the large de-entrainment cyclone. Particulate concentration in the air exhaust to atmosphere from this cyclone averaged 0.57 g/Nm<sup>3</sup> (0.25 grains/ft<sup>3</sup>). Also total counts of bacteria and viruses at levels several times higher than that found in suburban ambient air were found in this air exhaust.

The quantity of water effluent from washdown of the plant is small, and no water pollution problem exists.

A sound survey of the plant revealed several locations above 90 dBA, the maximum allowable level for continuous 8-hr exposure. However, no worker is present at these locations for 8 hr or more. Therefore, no worker noise exposure problems presently exist.

An analysis of laboratory-produced leachate from the processing plant products that might be landfilled (RDF and magnetic belt rejects) was performed. The results of this analysis indicated that if leachate from a landfill were to be mixed with groundwater, contamination could result if the dilution rate of leachate to groundwater were not high enough.

## PROCESSING PLANT OPERATIONS

The overall processing rate average for the entire test period was 168 Mg/8-hr day (185.5 tons/8-hr day) at 31.0 Mg/hr (34.2 tons/hr).

In the first 2 weeks of the test period, the plant was operated at maximum capacity of 272 Mg/8-hr day (300 tons/8-hr day), demonstrating that the plant was capable of sustaining this rate at least over a 2-week period. The maximum processing rate achieved for a 1-day average was 45.8 Mg/hr (50 tons/hr).

Two major equipment breakdowns occurred at the processing plant, breakage of a drag chain conveyor to the air classifier, and failure of the hammermill electrical system. Several plant shutdowns occurred due to equipment maintenance outages at the Union Electric power plant, and once for repair of an electrical substation serving the refuse processing plant. As is the case with any facility having mechanical equipment, planned shutdowns also occurred to perform normal maintenance.

The plant material balance by weight showed that plant output averaged 7.6% less than the plant input. Scale error and moisture and particulate loss from the air classifier and dust collection system were identified to account for 1.6% loss, leaving a 6% unaccounted error. It is theorized that moisture loss from the hammermill is the major cause of this material loss.

## APPROACH

The test and evaluation program conducted by MRI at the processing plant included three primary areas of investigation:

1. Equipment and facilities evaluation;
2. Characterization of plant flow streams; and
3. Environmental evaluations.

The specific items included in the program are detailed in Table 1 and served as the basis for development of the test schedules and procedures. The program consisted of sampling and analysis and equipment and facilities evaluation for the 53-week test period according to the test program shown below.

<u>Production week No.-<sup>a/</sup></u>	<u>Specified daily raw refuse processed, Mg (tons)</u>	<u>Refuse sampling schedule</u>
1,2	272 (300)	Daily (8 streams sampled)
3-5	136+ (150+)	Daily (4 input/output streams sampled)
6	Nonspecified	None - environmental testing at U.E.
7	Nonspecified	None - prepare for environmental testing at processing plant
8	As required for normal Mg/hr rate	Daily - environmental tests at processing plant (5 input/output streams sampled)
9-11, 13-23	Nonspecified	Weekly composite for 5 input/output streams
24-26	Nonspecified	Daily (5 input/output streams sampled)
27	Nonspecified	Daily (Fine Grind Emission Tests)
28-32	Nonspecified	Daily (5 input/output streams sampled)
36	As required for normal Mg/hr rate	Daily (hazardous emission testing)
37-38, 40-45	Nonspecified	Daily (5 input/output streams sampled)

a/ Number of weeks less than 53 because of 8 weeks with no production.

Table 1. PROCESSING PLANT--SPECIFIC EQUIPMENT, FACILITIES,  
AND ENVIRONMENTAL EVALUATIONS

1. Material balance to determine amount (by weight) of material entering plant versus amounts of refuse fuel and by-products produced.
2. Determine heating value of material entering plant versus heating value of refuse fuel produced (i.e., determine how much of potential heating value may be lost in by-product streams).
3. Characterization of various material flows as to:
  - Moisture content
  - Ash content
  - Bulk density
  - Size analysis
  - Heating value
  - Composition (percent-paper, plastic, wood, glass, magnetic metal, other metals, other organics, miscellaneous)
  - Chemical analyses (Fe, Al, Cu, Pb, Ni, Zn)
4. Characterization of equipment as to:
  - Amperage (nameplate and actual)
  - RPM
  - Air flow (blowers)
  - Belt width and speed (conveyors)
  - Grate size (hammermill)
  - Downtime and maintenance requirements or modifications
  - Physical size of equipment, etc.
5. Use the above information to evaluate the system and its components. This evaluation will identify operability as well as capability in terms of:
  - Shredding size
  - Separation efficiency (energy recovery)
  - Ferrous metal recovery efficiency
  - Operating hours and downtime
  - Plant operating costs
  - Electric power required per ton of refuse processed
  - Total costs per ton of refuse processed
6. Quantify and characterize air, liquid and solid waste effluents from the processing plant to include:
  - Air emissions from ADS cyclone
  - Air emissions from HM cyclone
  - Effluent from area washdown activities
  - Reject material hauled to landfill

Even though refuse samples were not taken during weeks 6, 7, 12, 33, 34, 35, and 39, plant material flows, man-hours, and costs were recorded.

Recording of plant downtime, maintenance requirements, operating costs, etc., was performed and compiled on a monthly basis for the full year.

A flow diagram of the refuse processing plant and the material sampling locations are shown in Figure 1. Figure 2 shows the RDF-receiving facility located 31 km (19 miles) away at the power plant. No samples were taken at the receiving facility, because only RDF was handled at this facility and RDF had been previously sampled at the processing plant. However, its equipment description was recorded, and the cost of its operation is included in the cost analysis of the refuse plant.

The material sampling and analyses performed during the test period are shown in Tables 2 through 4. Samples of the material flow streams were taken using a 9.5-liter (10-qt) container. This container was manually passed through the material flow streams in free fall as they were being discharged from a conveyor belt. By sampling the material in free fall, a representative sample was obtained. Either two or four daily samples were taken to form a daily or weekly composite sample as shown in Tables 2 through 4. The daily samples were equally spaced throughout the day. For example, if the plant operated 4 hr, and the sampling program specified four samples per day, then a sample was taken once per hour.

The daily samples were stored in a 75-liter (20-gal.) sealed container. Samples for analysis were prepared by first manually well mixing the composite samples using a small spade, and then extracting two portions. A 9-liter (0.3-ft<sup>3</sup>) portion was sent to a laboratory for determination of all items except bulk density and hand pick composition. A 20-liter (0.7-ft<sup>3</sup>) portion was used for bulk density. The material was poured into a 17.56-liter (0.62-ft<sup>3</sup>) round container in a careful manner so as to avoid packing, and then struck off to insure a level fill. The net weight of this container was determined and the bulk density calculated. A small portion of this material was then utilized for the hand picked composition.

Composition analysis was performed using only a hand-held magnet to extract ferrous metal, several tongs, and a 6-mm (0.25-in.) square mesh screen to aid in separation of the sample into its various components.

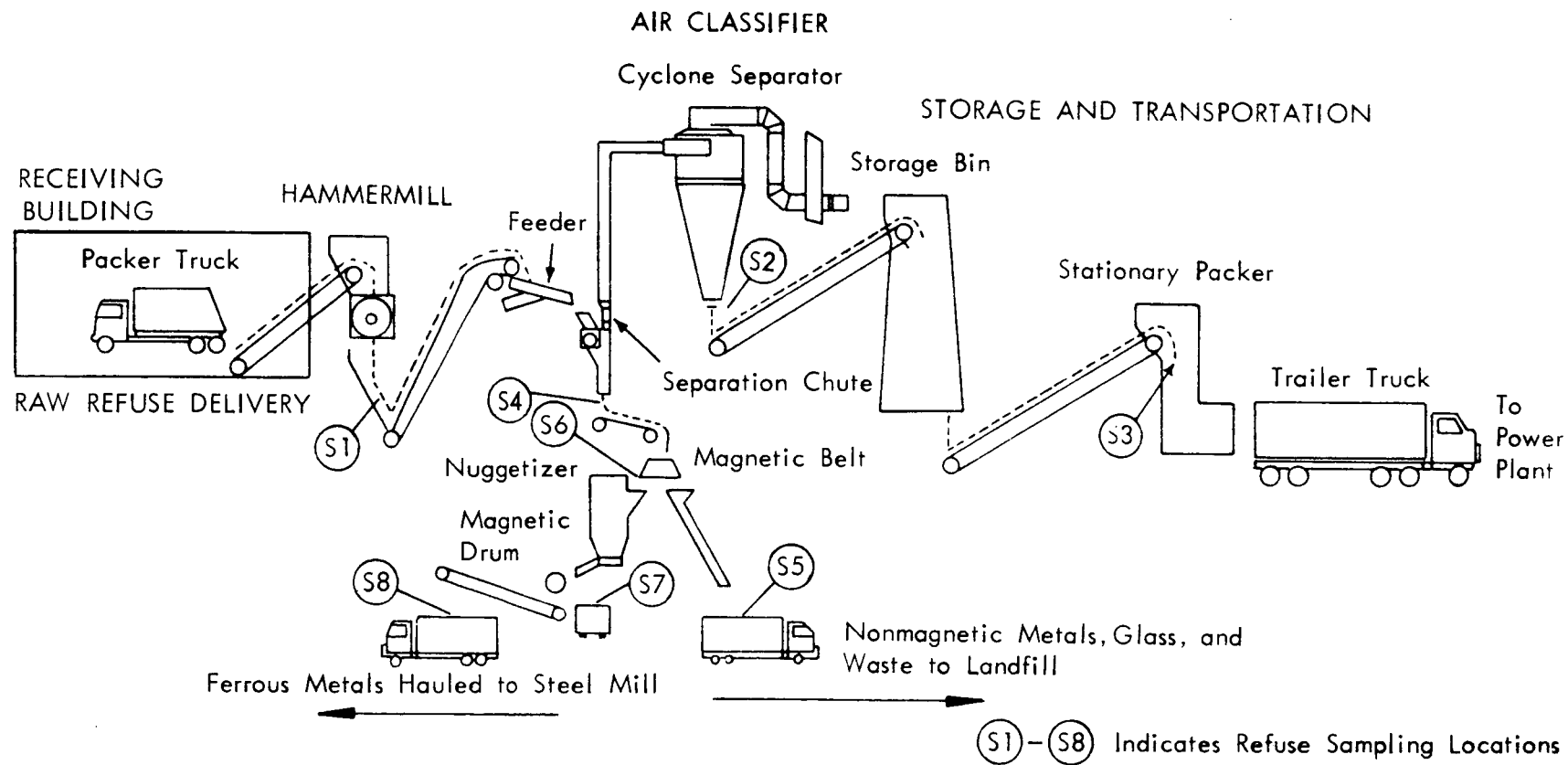


Figure 1. Flow diagram of processing facility and material sampling locations

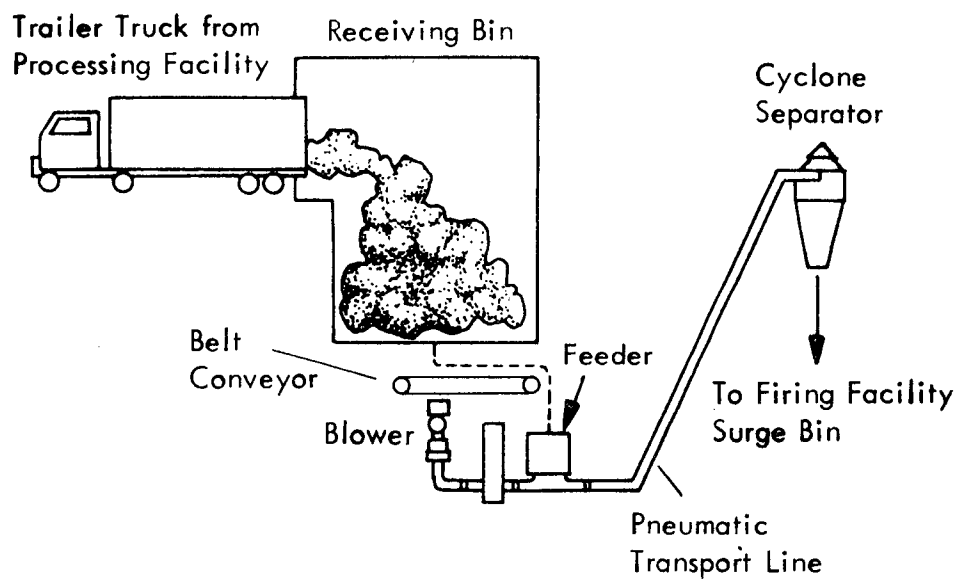


Figure 2. Flow diagram of refuse fuel-receiving facility  
at Union Electric Company's Meramec Power Plant

Table 2. SAMPLING AND ANALYSES PERFORMED  
(Intensive)  
September 23, 1974, through October 4, 1974  
(Four Daily Samples Taken to Form Daily Composite Sample)

<u>Stream identification</u>	<u>Moisture</u>	<u>Ash</u>	<u>Bulk density</u>	<u>Size</u>	<u>Heating value</u>	<u>Proximate analysis</u>	<u>Ultimate analysis</u>	<u>Compo- sition<sup>a/</sup></u>	<u>Metals analysis</u>
S1 - Hammermill discharge	X	X	X	X	X			X	X <sup>b/</sup>
S2 - Cyclone separator bottoms	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X <sup>b/</sup>
S3 - Storage bin discharge	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X <sup>b/</sup>
S4 - Air classifier bottoms	X		X	X	X			X	X <sup>c/</sup>
S5 - Magnetic belt rejects	X		X	X	X			X	X <sup>c/</sup>
S6 - Nuggetizer feed	X		X	X				X	X <sup>c/</sup>
S7 - Magnetic drum rejects	X		X		X			X	X <sup>c/</sup>
S8 - Ferrous metal by-products	X		X	X	X			X	X <sup>c/</sup>

<sup>a/</sup> Composition (wt % - paper, plastic, wood, glass, magnetic metal, other metal, organics, miscellaneous).

<sup>b/</sup> Chemical analyses to determine percent Fe, Al, Cu, Pb, Ni, and Zn.

<sup>c/</sup> Visual analysis for metallic components (wt % - tin cans, ferrous metal, Al, and Cu).

X = Analysis performed on daily composite sample.

Table 3. SAMPLING AND ANALYSES PERFORMED  
(Baseline I)  
October 7, 1974, through October 25, 1974, and March 24, 1975, through September 5, 1975  
(Four Daily Samples Taken to Form Daily Composite and Weekly Composite Sample)

<u>Stream identification</u>	<u>Moisture</u>	<u>Ash</u>	<u>Bulk density</u>	<u>Size</u>	<u>Heating value</u>	<u>Proximate analysis</u>	<u>Ultimate analysis</u>	<u>Compo- sition<sup>a/</sup></u>	<u>Metals analysis</u>
S1 - Hammermill discharge	X	X	X	X	X			X	XX <sup>c/</sup>
S2 - Cyclone separator bottoms	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	XX <sup>c/</sup>
S5 - Magnetic belt rejects	X		X	X	X			X	XX <sup>d/</sup>
S7 - Magnetic drum rejects <sup>b/</sup>	X		X		X			X	XX <sup>d/</sup>
S8 - Ferrous metal by-products	X		X	X	X			X	XX <sup>d/</sup>

<sup>a/</sup> Composition (wt % - paper, plastic, wood, glass, magnetic metal, other metal, organics, miscellaneous).

<sup>b/</sup> Fifty-seven samples not taken during October 7 through 25, 1974.

<sup>c/</sup> Chemical analyses to determine percent Fe, Al, Cu, Pb, Ni, and Zn.

<sup>d/</sup> Visual analysis for metallic components (wt % - tin cans, ferrous metal, Al, and Cu).

X = Analysis performed on daily composite sample.

XX = Analysis performed on weekly composite sample.

Table 4. SAMPLING AND ANALYSES PERFORMED  
(Baseline II)  
November 18, 1974, through March 21, 1975  
(Two Daily Samples Taken to Form a Weekly Composite Sample)

<u>Stream identification</u>	<u>Moisture</u>	<u>Ash</u>	<u>Bulk density</u>	<u>Size</u>	<u>Heating value</u>	<u>Proximate analysis</u>	<u>Ultimate analysis</u>	<u>Compo- sition<sup>a/</sup></u>	<u>Metals analysis</u>
S1 - Hammermill discharge	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX			XX	XX <sup>b/</sup>
S2 - Cyclone separator bottoms	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX <sup>b/</sup>
S5 - Magnetic belt rejects	XX		XX	XX	XX			XX	XX <sup>c/</sup>
S7 - Magnetic drum rejects	XX		XX		XX			XX	XX <sup>c/</sup>
S8 - Ferrous metal by-products	XX		XX	XX	XX			XX	XX <sup>c/</sup>

<sup>a/</sup> Composition (wt % - paper, plastic, wood, glass, magnetic metals, other metals, organics, miscellaneous).

<sup>b/</sup> Chemical analyses to determine percent Fe, Al, Cu, Pb, Ni, and Zn.

<sup>c/</sup> Visual analysis for metallic components (wt % - tin cans, ferrous metal, Al, and Cu).

XX = Analysis performed on weekly composite sample.

## EVALUATION OF FACILITIES

All the refuse sample analyses and plant operating data collected were compiled and analyzed with the aim of meeting the objectives of the equipment and facilities evaluation as listed previously in Table 1. The results have been summarized and are presented in the following sections of this report. Tabulations of associated data are presented in the four appendices as follows:

- \* Appendix A - Description of Plant Equipment and Plant Costs;
- \* Appendix B - Characterization of Plant Input/Output Streams;
- \* Appendix C - Environmental Test Procedures and Data; and
- \* Appendix D - Statistical Evaluation of Process Stream Samples.

## PLANT OPERATIONS

A daily log of plant production rates and plant activity during the test period is presented in Appendix Table A-9. A weekly summary of the daily plant activity is contained in the following Table 5. Because the bulk of the plant equipment is located outside, ambient temperature and humidity were recorded (Figure 3) for each test day to show the environment in which the equipment was operating.

Of the 53 weeks comprising the test period, plant production of refuse derived fuel (RDF) occurred during 45 weeks, leaving a balance of 8 weeks with no production because of the following reasons.

Table 5. PROCESSING PLANT WEEKLY ACTIVITY  
(Average Raw Refuse Processed Is Average for Days Plant  
Is Processing, Not Work Days Per Week)

Week of production (No.)	Date 1974		Weekly average raw refuse processed		Days plant not processing (5 days/week minus processing days)	
	Month	Day	Mg/day	Mg/hr	No.	Reason
1	9	23	277.4	35.2		
2	9	30	280.1	37.3		
3	10	7	163.9	33.5		
4	10	14	176.3	34.4	1	Holiday
5	10	21	140.9	32.8		
6	10	28	121.4	27.8	2	Holiday and maintenance
-	11	4	0	0	5	Holiday and power plant maintenance
7	11	11	105.4	27.6	1	Holiday
8	11	18	143.1	29.3		
9	11	25	210.0	26.9	3	Holiday and ADS fan maintenance
10	12	2	158.9	29.8	2	Atlas bin bearing failure
11	12	9	126.1	26.3	3	Atlas bin bearing and ADS drag chain
-	12	16	0	0	5	ADS drag chain failure
12	12	23	110.8	40.3	4	Holiday and ADS drag chain failure
13	12	30	176.2	32.0	1	Holiday
1975						
14	1	6	151.3	31.6	1	Storage bin full
15	1	13	154.6	22.2	2	Holiday and maintenance
16	1	20	126.4	29.1		
17	1	27	165.5	31.2	1	Storage bin full
18	2	3	163.1	30.6	1	Storage bin full
19	2	10	94.5	30.8	1	Holiday
20	2	21	110.8	33.7	2	Holiday and Atlas bin hydraulic system
-	2	24	0	0	5	Atlas bin hydraulic system failure
21	2	3	127.7	28.5	1	Power plant maintenance
22	3	10	129.2	39.6	1	Power plant maintenance
23	3	17	152.4	33.3	4	Maintenance
24	3	24	204.1	33.4		
25	3	31	210.3	34.7		
26	4	7	222.2	34.7		
27	4	14	229.2	29.1	1	ADS cyclone maintenance
28	4	21	187.3	23.7	2	Power plant maintenance
29	4	28	216.8	28.8		
30	5	5	54.8	42.2	4	Holiday and power plant maintenance
31	5	12	241.7	36.5	2	Receiving building screw conveyor bearing failure
32	5	19	234.7	32.6	3	Hammermill electrical connection failure
-	5	26	0	0	5	Hammermill electrical connection failure
-	6	2	0	0	5	Hammermill electrical connection failure
33	6	9	43.5	35.6	3	Maintenance
34	6	16	85.1	26.9	4	Maintenance
35	6	23	86.9	24.9	4	Repair of electric power substation
36	6	30	112.7	24.6	1	Holiday
37	7	7	158.5	27.9		
38	7	14	208.5	33.7	1 <sup>a/</sup>	Strike at power plant
39	7	21	53.4	18.9	4	Strike at power plant
40	7	28	173.5	29.7	3	Strike at power plant
41	8	4	256.9	36.7	1	Strike at power plant
42	8	11	253.5	31.8	2	Strike at power plant
43	8	18	203.6	29.5	1	Strike at power plant
44	8	25	244.0	33.1	3	Hammermill maintenance
45	9	1	237.2	31.8	1	Holiday
-	9	8	0	0	5	Strike at power plant
-	9	15	0	0	5	Strike at power plant
-	9	22	0	0	5	Strike at power plant
-	9	29	0	0	2	Strike at power plant
(9/30/75 End of 1-year test and evaluation program. This data selected because of convenience for plant accounting purposes.)						
Total average for 45 weeks of production			168.3	31.0		
Maximum value			273.8	45.8		
Minimum value			39.1	18.4		

<sup>a/</sup> Strike at power plant commenced Sunday, July 13, 1975. This sharply reduced refuse processing plant operations because all RDF produced after that date was landfilled.

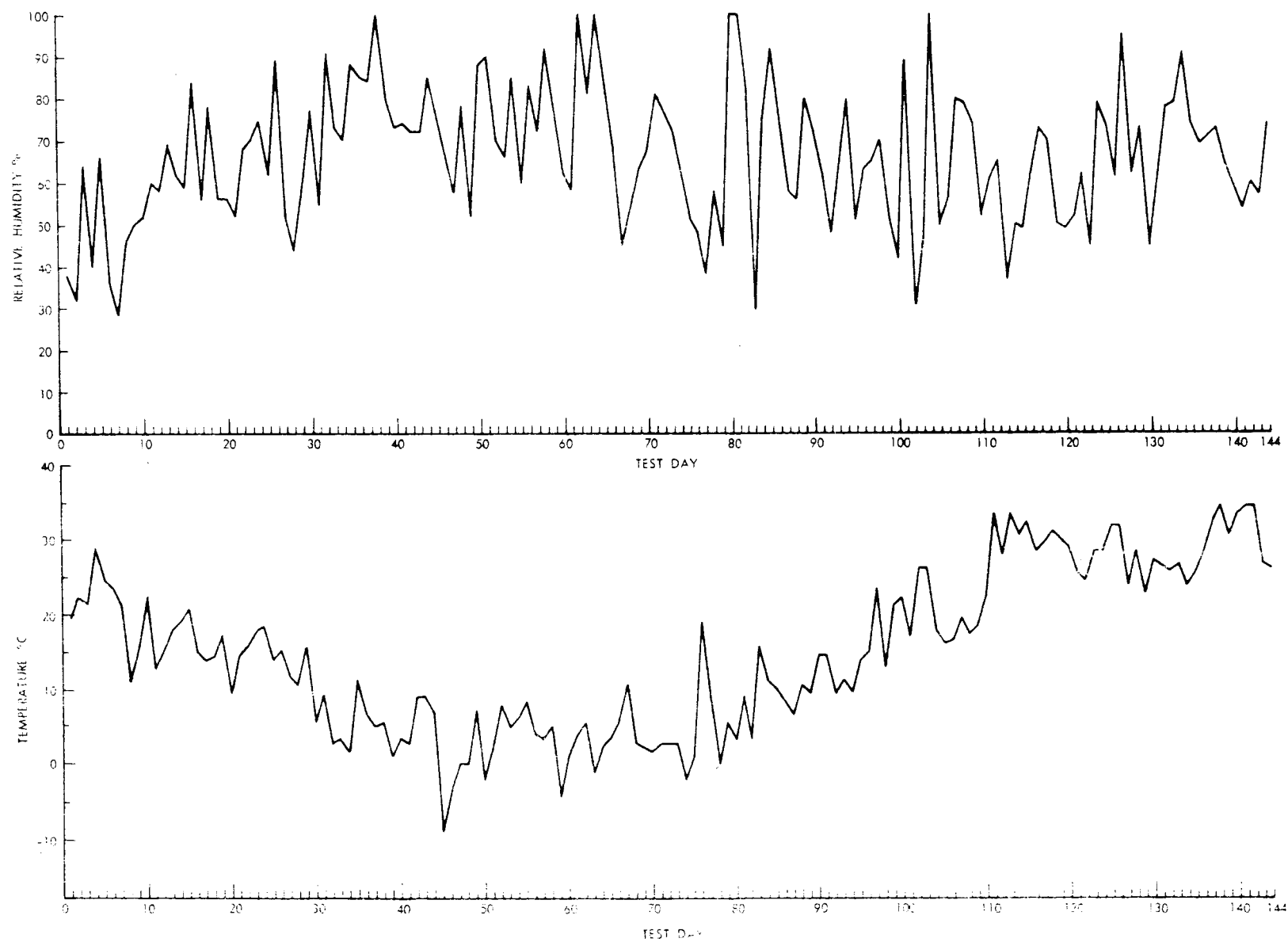


Figure 3. Daily variations in midday ambient temperature and relative humidity

No. of weeks

Reason for no plant production of RDF

3	Strike at Union Electric Power Plant
2	Hammermill electrical failure
1	Hydraulic system failure - storage bin (Atlas bin) at power plant
1	Failure of ADS drag conveyor
1	Planned maintenance outage at power plant

Production did not occur on every day of every week of production. During the total test period there were 259 days available for processing. Processing operations were actually conducted for 158 days, yielding a 61% use factor for the processing plant. The reasons for no processing operations for individual days are shown in Appendix Table A-9.

The average weekly plant processing rates summarized in Table 5 have been plotted on Figure 4 to depict fluctuations. The processing rates are based on actual time the plant operated (i.e., not including downtime).

Processing rate appears to decrease with a decrease in daily tonnage, although statistical analysis of the data yielded only a 43% correlation between megagrams per hour and megagrams per day. Processing rate is controlled by an operator's visual observation of the hammermill motor current via an ammeter. The operator's objective is to keep the hammermill operating as close as possible to the maximum motor current. Feed rate to the hammermill is controlled by a variable speed drive on the raw refuse receiving belt conveyor. The hammermill has a nominal capacity of 41 Mg/hr (45 tons/hr). The daily rates varied from 44 to 112% of this design rate, with the average being 76%. Any individual day may have a high processing rate; however, due to the variabilities of incoming raw refuse and the human operator's alertness, it would be difficult to greatly improve the average processing rate over a long time span. Therefore the tons of refuse processed are primarily a function of the number of hours the plant operates.

#### PLANT COSTS

Cost data for the 12 months of October 1974 through September 1975 and capital costs have been collected and summarized in Table 6. A detailed breakdown of this cost summary is shown in Appendix Tables A-6 through A-8. For evaluation purposes, the total refuse processing plant was categorized into two separate cost centers: the processing facility and the receiving facility.

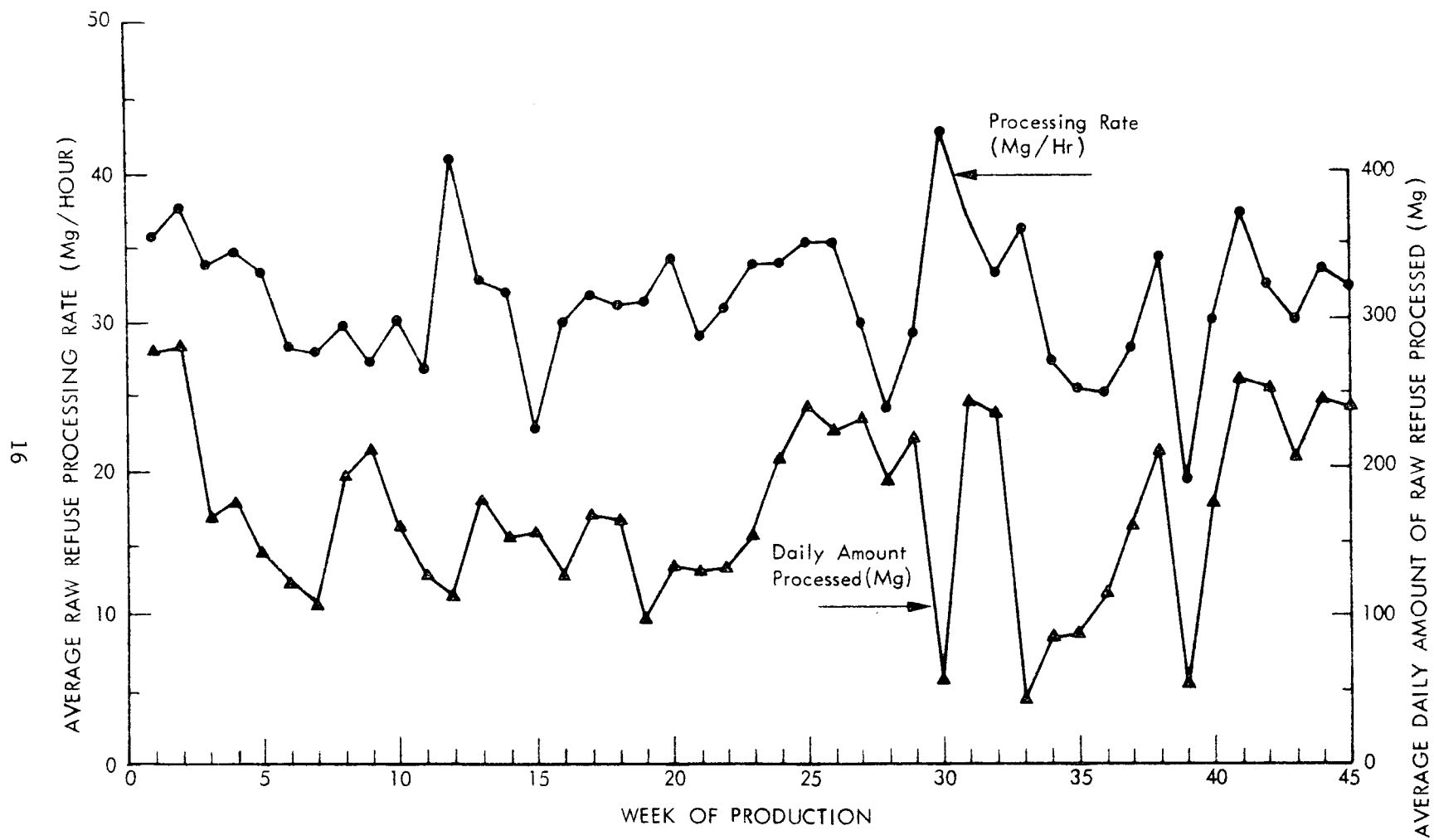


Figure 4. Variations in weekly average of daily amount and rates of raw refuse processed

Table 6. MONTHLY SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT OPERATIONS AND COSTS<sup>a, b/</sup>

	1974				1975									Total <sup>c/</sup>
	September <sup>c/</sup>	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	
Days processing performed	6	20	12	8	18	11	16	22	8	5	14	14	4	158
Possible working days	<u>6</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>259</u>
Plant utilization (%)	100	90.9	66.7	30.1	85.7	61.1	72.7	84.6	40.0	23.8	63.6	66.7	19.0	61.0
Actual processing time (hr)	46.8	107.2	68.9	42.0	92.9	43.3	83.2	155.6	50.4	12.9	76.5	100.5	34.1	914.3
Downtime during processing (hr)	6.4	12.7	12.5	2.0	6.8	3.1	1.8	7.3	7.9	0	4.5	7.1	4.6	76.5
Raw refuse received (Mg)	1,668.0	3,471.7	1,950.4	1,237.6	2,669.8	1,117.5	2,707.4	4,854.1	1,600.4	327.0	2,218.0	3,282.0	948.9	28,052.6
RDF produced (Mg)	1,253.1	2,845.5	1,527.3	1,014.5	2,165.2	883.4	2,166.7	3,755.7	1,315.2	262.2	1,882.0	2,721.8	822.1	22,610.9
Fe metal recovered (Mg)	77.1	205.7	100.4	61.8	136.8	65.6	135.0	192.1	56.9	20.1	76.7	76.7	33.0	1,268.2
Processing facility cost center:														
					(\$ Costs)									
Operating cost - gross		19,217	15,000	13,357	15,662	16,122	16,907	20,717	16,221	14,647	15,736	14,950	15,382	193,918
Less value Fe metal		<u>7,995</u>	<u>4,158</u>	<u>1,794</u>	<u>3,030</u>	<u>1,567</u>	<u>3,521</u>	<u>6,404</u>	<u>1,561</u>	<u>446</u>	<u>1,511</u>	<u>2,107</u>	<u>1,492</u>	<u>35,586</u>
Operating cost - net		11,222	10,842	11,563	12,632	14,555	13,386	14,313	14,660	14,201	14,225	12,843	13,890	158,332
Capital cost <sup>d/</sup>		<u>17,140</u>	<u>17,140</u>	<u>17,140</u>	<u>17,140</u>	<u>17,140</u>	<u>17,140</u>	<u>17,140</u>	<u>17,140</u>	<u>17,140</u>	<u>17,140</u>	<u>17,140</u>	<u>17,140</u>	<u>205,680</u>
Total net cost processing		28,362	27,982	28,703	29,772	31,695	30,526	31,453	31,800	31,341	31,365	29,983	31,030	364,012
Receiving facility cost center:														
Operating cost - net		4,703	4,714	4,471	5,048	4,835	5,744	7,343	6,338	4,759	5,479	3,072	3,043	59,549
Capital cost <sup>d/</sup>		<u>3,515</u>	<u>3,515</u>	<u>3,515</u>	<u>3,515</u>	<u>3,515</u>	<u>3,515</u>	<u>3,515</u>	<u>3,515</u>	<u>3,515</u>	<u>3,515</u>	<u>3,515</u>	<u>3,515</u>	<u>42,180</u>
Total cost receiving		8,218	8,229	7,986	8,563	8,350	9,259	10,858	9,853	8,274	8,994	6,587	6,558	101,729
Total plant (processing plus receiving):														
Operating cost - net		15,925	15,556	16,034	17,680	19,381	19,130	21,556	20,998	18,960	19,704	15,915	16,933	217,772
Capital cost <sup>d/</sup>		<u>20,655</u>	<u>20,655</u>	<u>20,655</u>	<u>20,655</u>	<u>20,655</u>	<u>20,655</u>	<u>20,655</u>	<u>20,655</u>	<u>20,655</u>	<u>20,655</u>	<u>20,655</u>	<u>20,655</u>	<u>247,860</u>
Total cost		36,580	36,211	36,689	38,335	40,036	39,785	42,211	41,653	39,615	40,359	36,570	37,588	465,632

Table 6. (Concluded)

	1974				1975									
	<u>September<sup>c/</sup></u>	<u>October</u>	<u>November</u>	<u>December</u>	<u>January</u>	<u>February</u>	<u>March</u>	<u>April</u>	<u>May</u>	<u>June</u>	<u>July</u>	<u>August</u>	<u>September</u>	<u>Total<sup>c/</sup></u>
Processing facility cost center:	(Costs \$/Mg of raw refuse processed)													
Operating cost - gross		5.53	7.70	10.78	5.87	14.42	6.25	4.27	10.13	44.79	7.10	4.55	16.22	7.36
Less Fe metal recovered		<u>2.29</u>	<u>2.14</u>	<u>1.44</u>	<u>1.14</u>	<u>1.41</u>	<u>1.31</u>	<u>1.32</u>	<u>0.98</u>	<u>1.38</u>	<u>0.68</u>	<u>0.64</u>	<u>1.59</u>	<u>1.36</u>
Operating cost - net		3.24	5.56	9.34	4.73	13.01	4.94	2.95	9.15	43.41	6.42	3.91	14.63	6.00
Capital cost <sup>d/</sup>		<u>4.94</u>	<u>8.78</u>	<u>13.85</u>	<u>6.43</u>	<u>15.35</u>	<u>6.33</u>	<u>3.53</u>	<u>10.72</u>	<u>52.41</u>	<u>7.72</u>	<u>5.22</u>	<u>18.07</u>	<u>7.79</u>
Total net cost processing		8.18	14.34	23.19	11.16	28.36	11.27	6.48	19.87	95.82	14.14	9.13	32.70	13.79
Receiving facility cost center:														
Operating cost - net		1.35	2.42	3.61	1.89	4.33	2.12	1.50	3.96	14.55	2.47	0.94	3.21	2.26
Capital cost <sup>d/</sup>		<u>1.01</u>	<u>1.81</u>	<u>2.84</u>	<u>1.31</u>	<u>3.14</u>	<u>1.30</u>	<u>0.72</u>	<u>2.19</u>	<u>10.75</u>	<u>1.59</u>	<u>1.07</u>	<u>3.70</u>	<u>1.60</u>
Total cost receiving		2.36	4.23	6.45	3.20	7.47	3.42	2.23	6.15	25.30	4.06	2.01	6.91	3.86
Total plant (processing plus receiving)														
Operating cost - net		4.59	7.98	12.96	6.62	17.34	7.06	4.45	13.12	57.99	8.89	4.85	17.84	8.26
Capital cost <sup>d/</sup>		<u>5.95</u>	<u>10.59</u>	<u>16.69</u>	<u>7.74</u>	<u>18.49</u>	<u>7.63</u>	<u>4.25</u>	<u>12.91</u>	<u>63.16</u>	<u>9.31</u>	<u>6.29</u>	<u>21.77</u>	<u>9.39</u>
Total		10.54	18.57	29.65	14.36	35.83	14.69	8.70	26.03	121.15	18.20	11.14	39.61	17.65

a/ Dollar values from Appendix A tables.

b/ No costs for landfill of refuse fuel are included because these were incurred only for purposes of maintained desired production rates for test purposes.

c/ September 1974 data not included in costs because test period not for complete month. Total dollars per Mg values based on total Mg less September 1974 Mg.

d/ Capital investment, 6% interest, 20 years recovery fixed equipment, 5 years recovery rolling stock and plant startup expenses.

The processing plant cost center includes all operations necessary to produce and store RDF. It includes as vehicles the front end loader used to push the raw refuse onto the receiving belt, dump trucks to haul away the Fe metal by-product and reject material, and the plant automobile and pickup truck. Also, it includes the storage bin and packer load-out station. Not included are the trucks used to transport RDF to the power plant.

The receiving facility cost center includes the transport trucks used to deliver RDF to the power plant and the receiving equipment necessary to unload the trucks and place RDF in Union Electric Company's storage bin.

The required cost information was obtained with the help of the City of St. Louis and was used to determine operating and capital expenses for the appropriate cost centers. All expenses incurred by the project were classified as labor, materials, or plant overhead and allocated to the Processing Facility or Receiving Facility.

Six days in September 1974, at the very start of the project, were not included because of inaccuracies in determining costs for less than a 1-month period, since all city records are kept on a monthly basis.

For comparison purposes, monthly costs were converted to dollars per megagram values. The preliminary report concerning the St. Louis processing plant<sup>17</sup> reported costs based on the quantity of refuse fuel (RDF) produced. However, other processing plants in the future undoubtedly will have RDF recovery rates different from the 81% found in the present study. All calculations presented here are based on the quantity of raw refuse received, resulting in values of dollars per megagram of raw refuse.

Monthly operating costs for the total processing plant on a basis of dollars per megagram of raw refuse received ranged from \$4.45/Mg (\$4.04/ton) to \$57.99/Mg (\$52.61/ton) with an average for the 12-month period of \$8.26/Mg (\$7.49/ton). This overall cost figure reflects several months of operation when the plant performed at considerably less than design capacity. Excessive downtime and maintenance, characteristic of any first generation project, occurred frequently during this period. The wide variability in unit cost is due largely to fluctuations in the volume of activity. For example, the month of June with the lowest volume of 327 Mg (1,200 tons) has the highest unit cost at \$57.99/Mg (\$52.61/ton) compared to April which has the highest volume of 4,854 Mg (2,470 tons) and the lowest unit cost at \$4.45/Mg (\$4.04/ton).

Labor expense comprises over one-half of the total operating costs and is in most instances fixed. These expenditures are incurred despite a large amount of idle time and uneven production schedules when employee services are not fully utilized. Relatively high maintenance labor costs and maintenance parts and supplies costs can be attributed to the newness of waste recovery technol-

ogy. No breakdown of plant overhead into fixed and variable overhead components has been attempted; however, on a per-unit basis, these costs should be expected to vary inversely with volume changes.

The market value of ferrous metal recovered was \$35,586, an average \$28/Mg (\$25/ton). This resulted in the lowering of the cost of operation. The ferrous metal sales have been included in the cost tables, producing a net operating cost.

Total dollar per megagram costs (total costs divided by total megagrams) for the 12-month test period are as follows:

<u>Item</u>	<u>\$/Mg (\$/ton) of raw refuse received</u>	
	<u>Total</u>	<u>Lowest value</u>
Plant utilization (%)	61.8	84.6
Operating costs		
Processing facility	6.00 (5.44)	2.95 (2.67)
Receiving facility	<u>2.26</u> ( <u>2.05</u> )	<u>1.50</u> ( <u>1.36</u> )
Total operating costs	8.26 (7.49)	4.45 (4.04)
Capital costs		
Processing facility	7.79 (7.07)	3.53 (3.21)
Receiving facility	<u>1.60</u> ( <u>1.45</u> )	<u>0.72</u> ( <u>0.65</u> )
Total capital costs	9.39 (8.52)	4.25 (3.86)
Total net processing plant costs	17.65 (16.01)	8.70 (7.89)

Figures 5 and 6 show the relationship between dollars per megagram and monthly weight received.

An analysis of Table 6 reveals capital costs that are fixed per month and therefore dollar per megagram capital costs are a direct function of monthly processing rates. In other words, the correlation is 100% as shown in Figure 5. The variable value is operating costs. Figure 6 shows the total dollar per megagram operating cost proportioned between the processing and receiving facility. The processing portion of the plant accounts for the major share of operating costs.

Statistical analysis of the data showed good correlation between costs and processing rate. Correlation coefficients ranged from 98 to 99%. These results

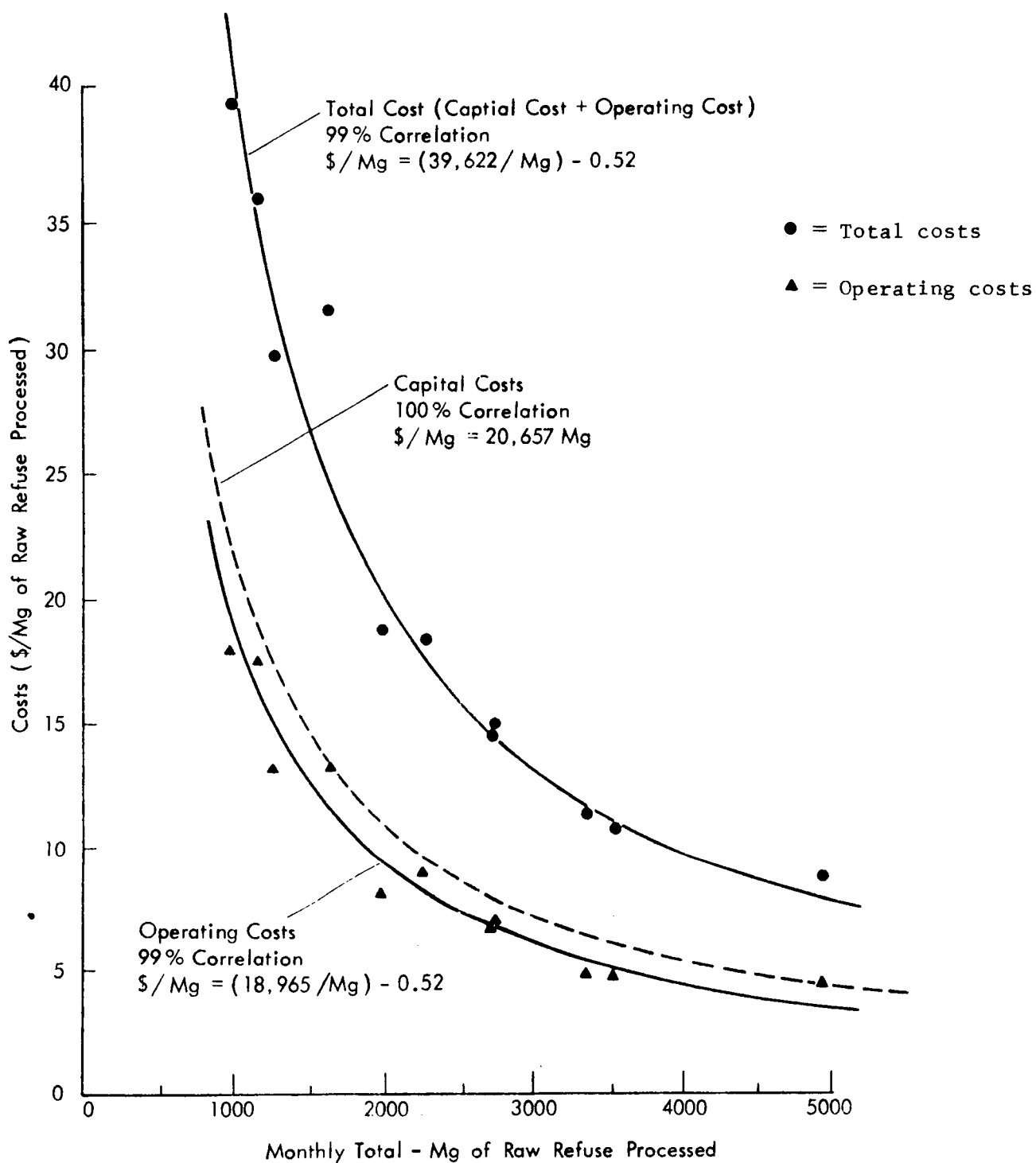


Figure 5. Total cost per megagram versus monthly total amount of raw refuse processed

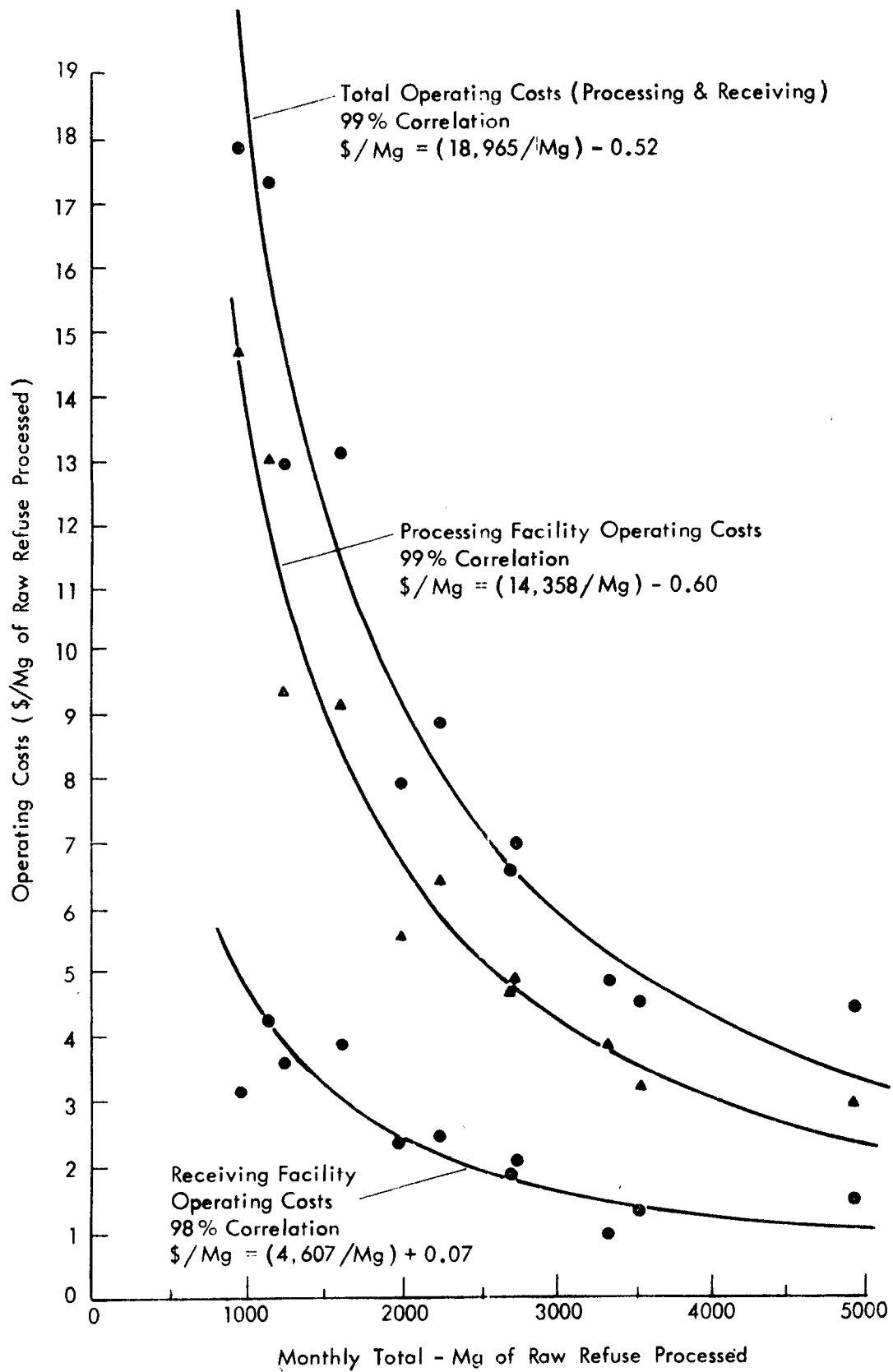


Figure 6. Operating costs per megagram versus monthly total amount of raw refuse processed

and the best fit curve equations corresponding to the correlation coefficients are shown in Figures 5 and 6. The curves are of the form:

$$\text{rate} = \frac{h_1}{\text{Mg}} + h_2$$

where  $h_1$  and  $h_2$  are constants.

The curves should not be used to predict results beyond the range of monthly processing rates shown. For example, a significant increase in amount processed may require more employees which would change the cost-curve equation.

The important conclusion is that the dollar per megagram rate of total costs is a function of amount processed. Lowest rates occur at the highest monthly processing rate. Therefore, a commercial plant operating at high plant-utilization percentages could be expected to have costs close to the lowest monthly value occurring at St. Louis when plant utilization was 84.6%.

#### ELECTRIC POWER CONSUMPTION

Figure 7 shows the daily variations in electric power consumption expressed as kilowatt-hour per megagram of raw refuse processed. The daily results were quite variable because of the high variability in the daily amperage of the major motors. Comparison of the daily kW-hr/Mg for the hammermill versus Mg/hr processing rate yielded only a 52% statistical correlation which is too low a correlation to allow any reliable conclusions to be made. Any trends that might possibly exist are lost in the daily variation. As shown in Table 7, electric power used per month did not show the wide variability of the daily usage. Figure 8 is a graphical presentation of these data, showing that there is no trend of varying kilowatt-hour per megagram with monthly amount processed. Electric power consumption per megagram is a relative constant value as demonstrated by the statistical confidence interval or variability about the mean expressed in Table 7.

The hammermill is the single largest user of electric power, accounting for 61% of the total processing facility power consumption.

Electric power consumption at the receiving facility was not recorded. However the receiving facility has only 146 connected kilowatts compared to 1,748 connected kilowatts at the processing facility. Also, since the receiving facility operated on the average only 45 min/18-Mg (45 min/20 ton) truck-load of RDF, it would not have a major effect on total power consumption.

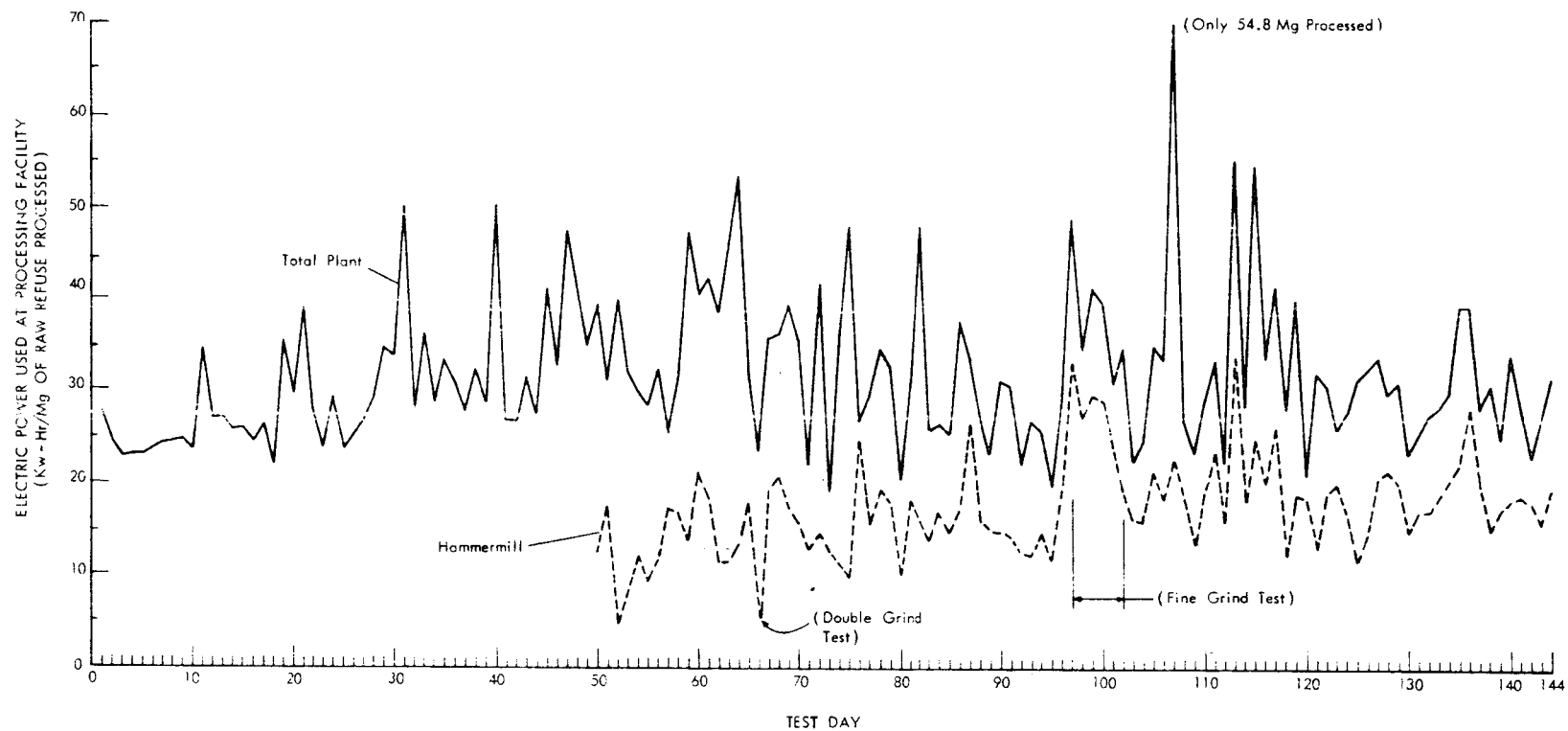


Figure 7. Daily variations in electric power consumption

Table 7. SUMMARY OF ELECTRIC ENERGY USED AT THE  
REFUSE PROCESSING FACILITY

<u>Month</u>	<u>Mg</u>	<u>Electric power used</u>			
		<u>Total plant</u>		<u>Hammermill</u>	
		<u>kW-hr</u>	<u>kW-hr/Mg</u>	<u>kW-hr</u>	<u>kW-hr/Mg</u>
September	1,668.0	40,320	24.2	NA	NA
October	3,471.6	89,760	25.9	NA	NA
November	1,950.4	34,320	16.6	NA	NA
December	1,237.6	34,560	27.9	NA	NA
January	2,669.8	90,480	33.9	NA	NA
February	1,117.5	50,640	45.3	21,630	19.4
March	2,707.4	83,280	30.8	41,790	15.4
April	4,854.1	138,960	28.6	84,840	17.5
May	1,600.4	48,480	29.2	30,240	18.9
June	327.0	3,840	11.7	2,310	7.1
July	2,217.9	69,600	31.4	38,220	17.2
August	3,282.0	97,680	29.8	61,950	18.9
September	<u>948.9</u>	<u>26,160</u>	<u>27.6</u>	<u>17,010</u>	<u>17.9</u>
Total	28,052.6	808,080	28.8 <sup>a/</sup>	297,990	17.5 <sup>a/</sup>
Variability at 95%					
confidence coefficient			$\pm 4.9$		$\pm 3.4$

<sup>a/</sup> Total kW-hr divided by total Mg.

NA: data not collected.

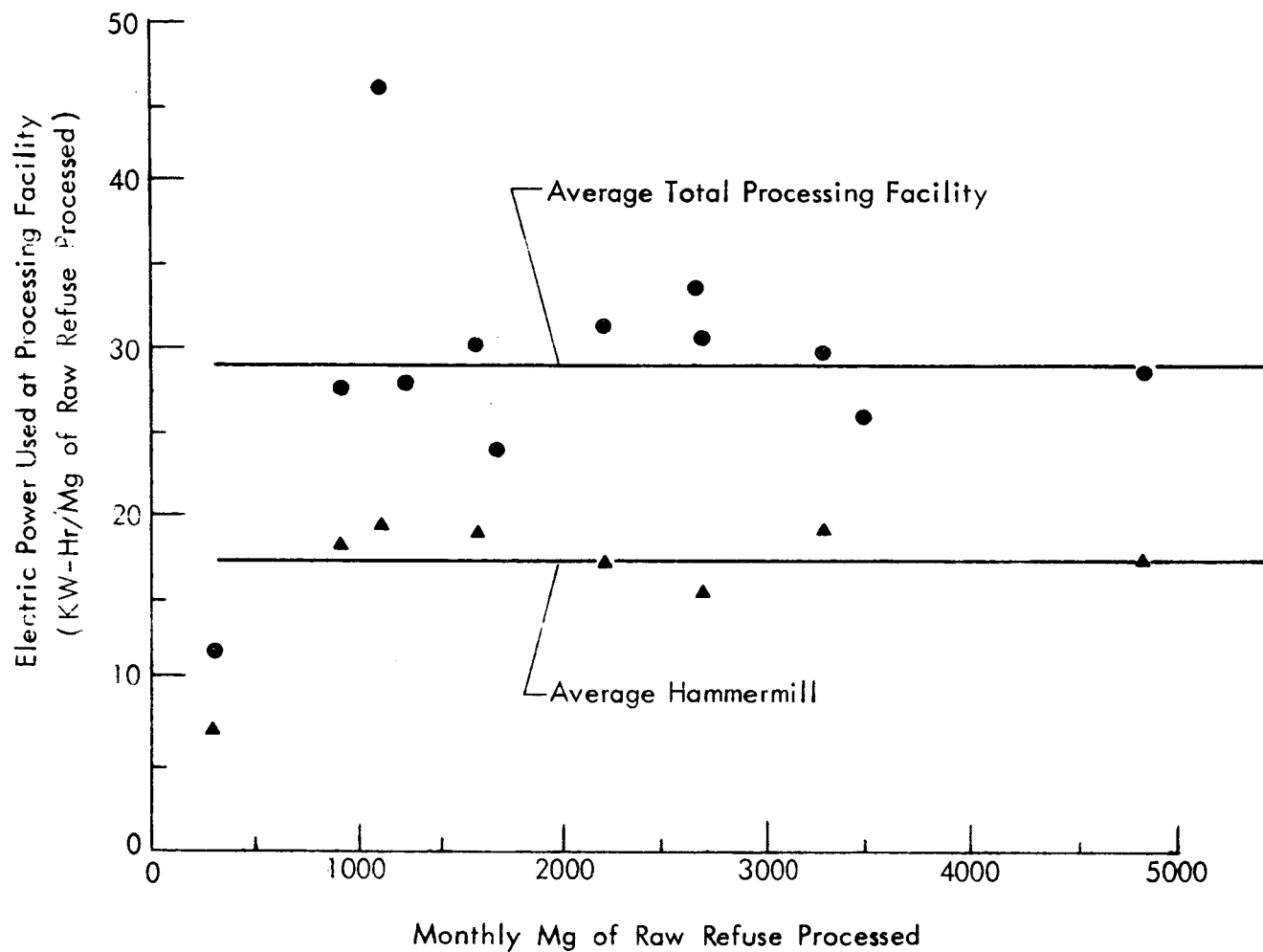


Figure 8. Electric power consumption versus total monthly amount of raw refuse processed

## EQUIPMENT DOWNTIME AND MAINTENANCE

Table A-10 of Appendix A lists the plant downtime during processing days. Downtime represents incidents that caused the plant to cease operations at time periods when it would otherwise not be required. Therefore, the total weekly time required to handle a given amount of refuse is the sum of the actual processing time and the downtime.

Table A-11 of Appendix A lists the major items of maintenance performed that were not counted as downtime. Maintenance occurred either during the plant operating time, before or after the plant was actually processing refuse, or on the days when the plant was not processing refuse.

Two major plant breakdowns occurred during the test period. Ten days of downtime occurred in December 1974 because of a broken chain on the drag chain conveyor for the ADS system. Spare sections of this chain were not stocked at the processing plant, and this length of time was necessary to acquire new chain sections from the manufacturer and replace the old chain. Since St. Louis is a demonstration plant, this was not a serious problem. However, at a commercial refuse processing plant, an inventory of spare parts such as this ADS drag chain would be advisable.

The second major breakdown occurred in May 1975. The electrical lead wires to the hammermill motor came loose, burning out the lighting arrestors and oxidizing the first 3 m (10 ft) of lead wire. Thirteen days of downtime resulted while new lead wire and lighting arrestors were acquired and installed.

Another category which caused stoppage of refuse processing operations but cannot be counted against the processing plant is maintenance downtime and a lengthy strike at the Union Electric power plant. During the test period power plant maintenance accounted for 21 days and the strike 28 days of no operations at the processing plant.

Maintenance of the hammers in the hammermill was the single most important maintenance item at the processing plant. The St. Louis experience was that hammer wear due to refuse shredding is mainly an abrasion problem, but occasionally there is moderate impacting. A second shift welding crew was used to hardface the hammers on an as-needed basis. Two different types of hammers, both made of Hatfield manganese, were used. The original hammers were double faced and weighed approximately 95 kg (210 lb) each. The second type of hammer was single faced with a replaceable tip that is bolted onto a shank. This type weighs roughly 82 kg (180 lb) each.

Experience showed that the hammers could not be entirely maintained by the second shift crew. Buildup of the hammers in place in the hammermill was initially tried but this practice was discontinued for two reasons.

1. Significant buildup (i.e., welding material on the hammers) could not be done on all 30 hammers in one shift.

2. The balance of the hammermill rotor is lost when large amounts of buildup material are welded on individual hammers. Therefore, the only maintenance done on the hammers in the mill was hardfacing with 4.8- or 6.4-mm (3/16- or 1/4-in.) welding rod. A semiautomatic wire machine was tried, but the results were less satisfactory.

At 272 Mg/day (300 tons/day), a set of double-faced hammers must be hardfaced every day. One face will last at least 4,500 Mg (5,000 tons) and then can be turned around and the opposite face will last approximately the same amount of refuse processed. After 9,000 Mg (10,000 tons), the hammers were removed and sent to a welding shop where 9 to 14 kg (20 to 30 lb) of buildup welding wire was added to each hammer depending on the wear. Experience showed that this can be done at least four to five times without any appreciable change in the base metal of the double-faced hammers. The cost of rebuilding the hammers is roughly 60 to 70% of the cost of a new manganese hammer. A new hammer will last longer than a rebuilt hammer due to better wearing properties; however, new castings are sometimes difficult to obtain.

The replaceable tip hammers were also hardfaced every 272 Mg (300 tons). However, their life is much less than those of the double-faced hammers. This difference could be due to the fact that they are 14 kg (30 lb) lighter per hammer. Buildup of the replaceable tip hammers was done with a semiautomatic welding wire machine by the plant/maintenance personnel.

In order to use the welding wire on the replaceable tips, it was found necessary to form a mold by placing 25-mm (1-in.) carbon plates around the tips to keep the welding wire from flowing off the sides of the tips. After the tips have been built up, the carbon plates are removed and the sides filled to seal any gaps between layers. It was necessary to set up at least two tips and alternately weld between hammer tips to minimize heat buildup. A maximum of two tips per 8-hr day is the most that one man can be expected to rebuild because of set up time of the jigs and the cooling time required to avoid overheating of base metal.

The configuration of the replaceable tips caused various problems. If the end of the retaining bolt was exposed to impact, they were difficult to remove. This bolt must be tightened regularly even though it has a lock-washer. The tip itself wears more rapidly than a comparable two-sided hammer. In addition, excessive wear can expose the head of the bolt that secures the tip, allowing it to fly off during operation.

Various buildup and hardfacing materials were tried. A summary of these materials and their properties is shown below. Basically the plant experience has been that for building up hammers, Stoddy Dynamang rod and McKay 218-0 weld-

ing wire, 2.8-mm (7/64-in.) diameter, have worked well. They are both well suited for use on manganese. When set at its higher amperage rating, the McKay alloy gives good penetration and very little slag. For hardfacing, either Amsco X-53 or McKay 55 TIC were used. They both have very similar wearing properties. The Amsco is more difficult to weld but is less expensive. Generally, only one welding pass was used due to the time involved.

The four products mentioned above are those that were selected from the various materials tried at the St. Louis plant and should not be interpreted as being recommended for use over other products which may be available.

The various alloys tried are as follows:

#### Buildup Alloys

##### McKay 218-0 Wire

Low phosphorus austenitic manganese, 19.5% alloy steel, work hardens to 50-55 Rc--as deposited 17 Rc, nonmagnetic.

##### Stoody Dynamang Rod

##### Hobart 375 Tufanhard Rod

Deposit hardness 29-40 Rc, abrasion resistance in medium impact conditions, deposit analysis--0.23 C, 0.69 Mn, 0.23 Si, 2.32 Cr, and 0.18 Mo.

#### Hardfacing Alloys

##### Amsco X-53 Rod

Micro structure--chromium carbides and austenite nominal deposit analysis--3.5 C, 16% Cr, 1.0% Mo; deposit hardness--50-54 Rc, magnetic for abrasion and impact.

##### McKay 55-TIC Rod

38% alloy of high chromium cast iron, 11% titanium carbides, deposit hardness--40-50 Rc for severe abrasion and moderate impact.

##### Amsco Superchrome Rod

Large volume of chromium carbides and austenite nominal deposit analysis--4.5% C, 2.0% Si, 30.0% Cr; deposit hardness--56-61 Rc for sliding abrasion and moderate impact.

Large volume of complex carbide and martensite, nominal deposit analysis--6.0% C, 22% Cr, 7% Mo, 5% W; deposit hardness--60-65 Rc for severe abrasion.

McKay 258 TIC-0 Wire

Moderate carbon-chromium 17% alloy steel with 11% titanium carbides, deposit hardness--36-58 Rc, strongly magnetic.

Other alloys that were used but no specifications were available.

Stoody Borod Rod

X-Ergon

Vulcanalloy 237

Fleet Rod

#### CHARACTERIZATION OF PLANT EQUIPMENT

The refuse processing facility is made up of several major pieces of equipment as well as many conveyors, etc. In order to characterize these items, their physical characteristics are described in Appendix A (Table A-1). Since most of the items of equipment are electrically driven, the electrical characteristics of each have also been tabulated in Appendix A (Table A-2). By far, the largest power users are the 933-kW (1,250-hp) hammermill, the 149-kW (200-hp) ADS fan, a 112-kW (150-hp) storage bin discharge screw conveyor, and the 75-kW (100-hp) nuggetizer. The nuggetizer is a rotary mill used to increase the bulk density of the ferrous metal scrap by-product. As discussed in the preceding section on electric power consumption, the hammermill accounted for 61% of total electric power consumption.

Corresponding data for the refuse receiving facility at the power plant are shown in Appendix A (Tables A-4 and A-5). All motors, except the hammermill, and the blower for the pneumatic-conveying line at the receiving facility operated at less than their full load current rating. The hammermill, storage bin discharge screw conveyor, nuggetizer, and air density separator (ADS) fan motor currents were measured daily because of their large size and possible varying load. Figure 9 depicts these daily readings.

Daily amperage recordings were not made at the receiving facility because this equipment did not operate on a continuous basis. When a truckload of RDF was discharged into the receiving hopper, a timed control circuit was manually energized to operate the equipment for 45 min, which was sufficient time to con-

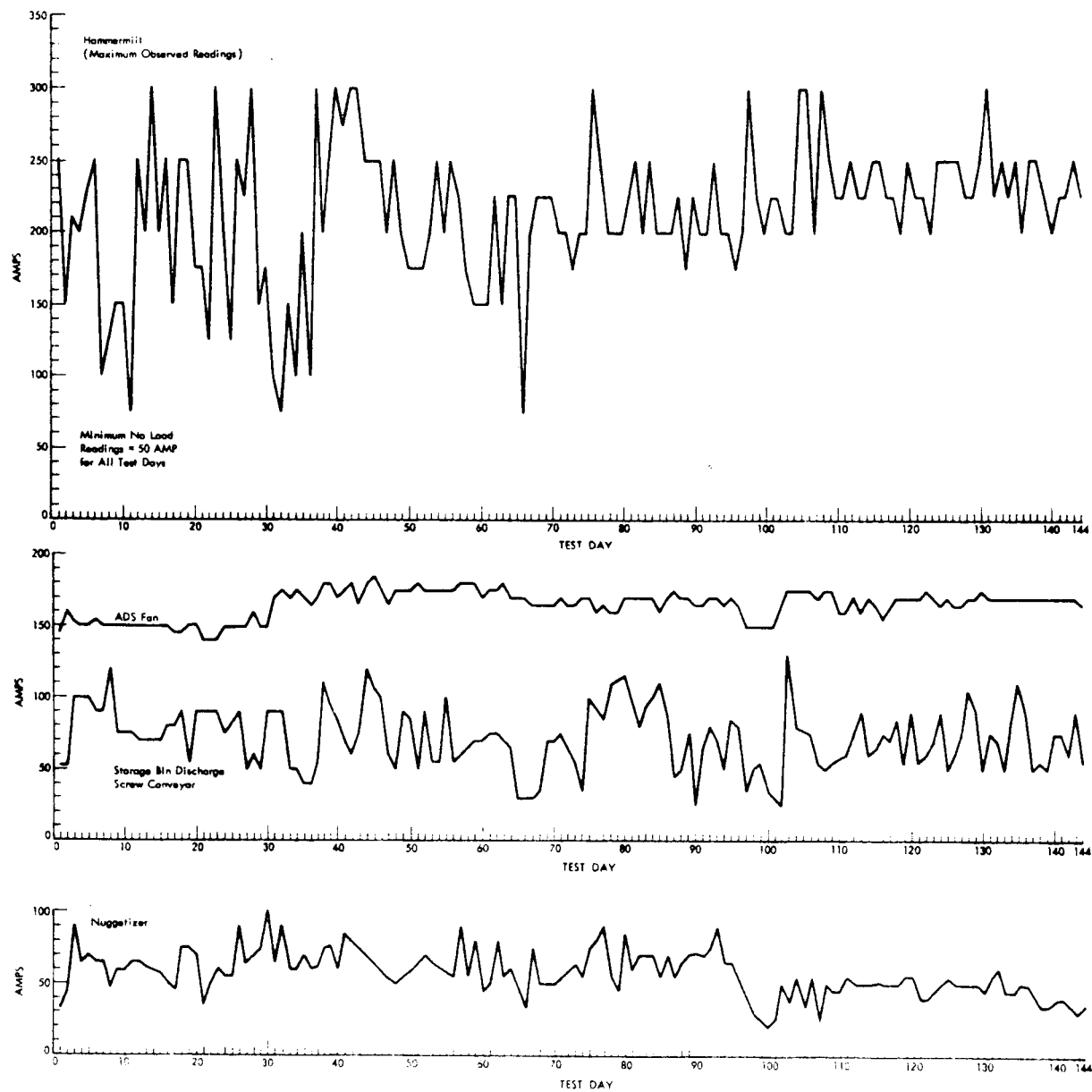


Figure 9. Daily variations in motor current

vey the RDF to the power plant storage bin. The actual conveying time required was approximately 30 min, allowing 15 min for cleanout of the conveying equipment before shutdown.

Hammermill current oscillated rapidly because of the varying composition of the incoming raw refuse. Also, the large mass of the mill rotor acts as a flywheel. Large pieces of metal or other hard-to-mill refuse in the stream tend to slow the rotor speed, causing a rapid increase in motor current. By the time the motor current peaks, the hard-to-mill refuse has passed the mill, but the rotor coasts because of its flywheel effect, which in turn causes a quick decrease in motor current. The motor electric power circuit is fitted with a dial ammeter. It is possible to read the high and low points of the fluctuating meter dial. However, it was impossible to determine average current draw from this meter. Therefore, the maximum amperage was recorded and is shown in Figure 9. The minimum amperage was always 50 amps. Rated motor current is 155 amps, while the actual current varied between 50 and 300 amps. At no time did the current stay above 155 amps long enough to trip the motor overload protection circuit. To determine hammermill power consumption, the kilowatt-hours used each day were recorded since January 22, 1975.

The hammermill bearings are of prime interest since a major plant shutdown had occurred before the start of the test period due to a bearing failure. Bearing skin temperature is an indication of upcoming bearing failure. Therefore, daily skin temperatures were recorded and are reported in Figure 10. The bearing manufacturer considers 79°C (175°F) as the maximum safe skin temperature. The highest temperature reached during the test period was 72°C (162°F). The trend is for the outboard bearing away from the motor to run a few degrees hotter, perhaps because it is the newest bearing, having been replaced after the previous bearing failure, and therefore it had not worn in as much as the older bearing. However, because the mill rotor is directly coupled to the motor shaft, the motor bearings may be supporting a small amount of the inboard bearing load, causing cooler inboard bearing temperatures.

ADS air flow rates were monitored daily by measuring the pressure drop across a fixed orifice plate which was calibrated during the plant environmental tests. Wet and dry bulb temperature readings were taken to determine ambient and ADS air discharge relative humidity. This information is reported in Figure 11. Relative humidity was always above ambient in the fan discharge, showing that the ADS system picks up moisture from the refuse as it passes through the air stream.

The relative humidity of the hammermill dust collection cyclone exhaust was also recorded on 12 different days and found to be 100% at all times. Therefore, there is also a moisture loss from the refuse as it passes through the hammermill, adding to the material weight loss. A complete listing of all daily recordings of kilowatt-hours, amps, temperatures, and air flow is contained in Appendix A (Tables A-12 and A-13).

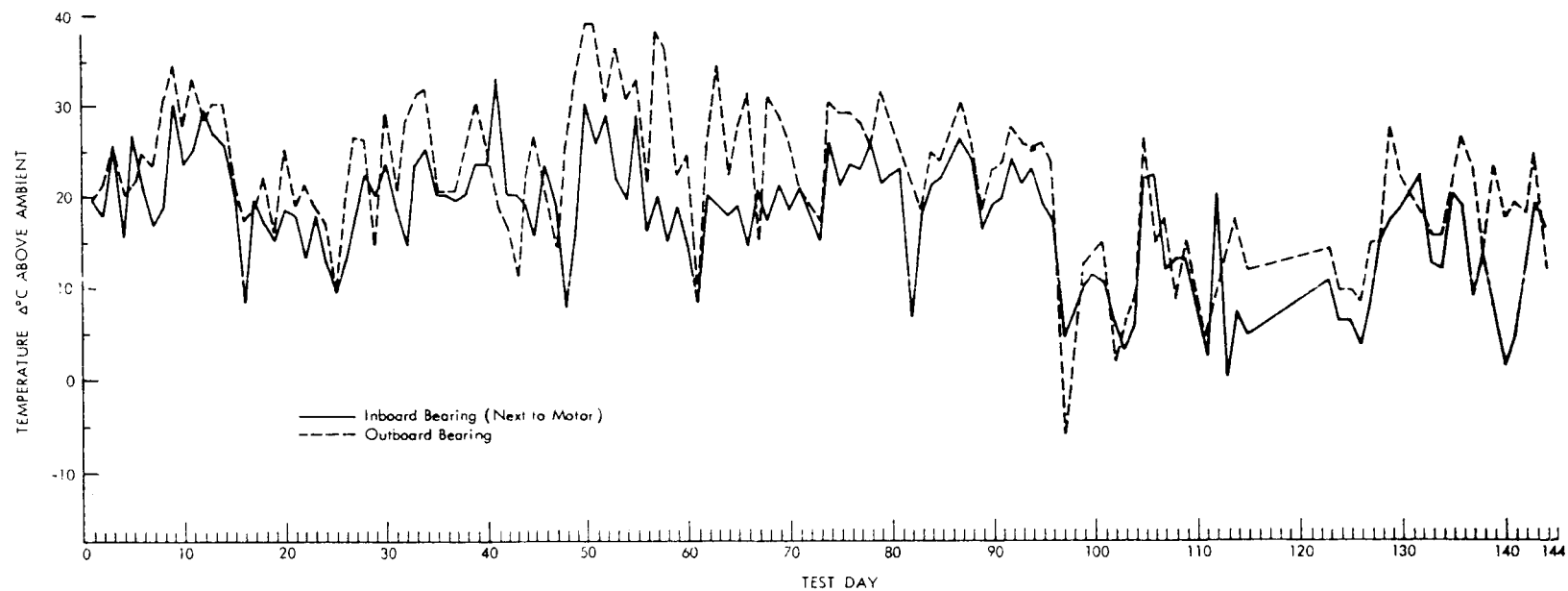


Figure 10. Daily variations in increase of hammermill bearing skin temperatures above ambient temperature

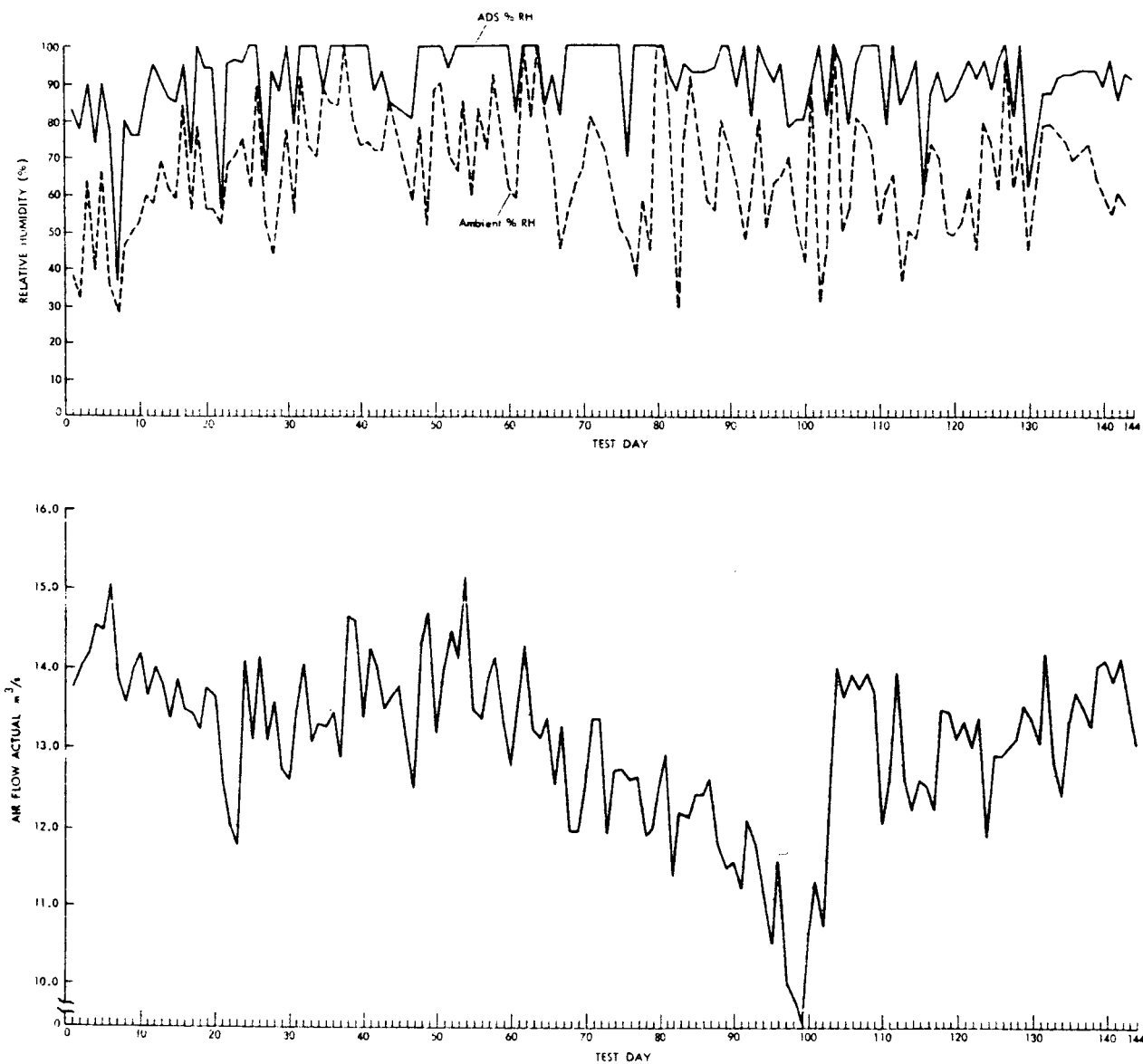


Figure 11. Daily variations in ADS cyclone exhaust in air flow rate, relative humidity, and ambient relative humidity

## PLANT MATERIAL FLOW AND CHARACTERIZATION

Material flow through the plant is defined by eight different flow streams. Each stream was given a number to aid in sample identification. Table 8 presents a description of the eight material streams and the point at which they were sampled (also see Figure 1).

A daily record was kept of the quantity of all input/output streams for the purposes of making plant material balances. Also, as previously mentioned, samples of each stream were obtained for the purpose of characterizing these streams.\*

### CHARACTERISTICS OF ALL FLOW STREAMS

Results of this work are recorded in the form of weekly summaries of tonnage and stream characteristics in Appendix B (Tables B-1a through B-1ll. Weekly summaries of the proximate and ultimate analyses of RDF are presented in Table B-2. The total material amounts and overall average values for the test period are presented in the following Tables 9 and 10.

The actual weight of the storage bin discharge (S3), magnetic belt rejects (S5), magnetic drum rejects (S7), and ferrous metal by-products (S8) was determined. The amount of RDF produced each day (S2) was calculated from the S3 shipments and the storage and packer bins daily beginning and ending inventories.

Tables B-1a through B-1ll list quantities for the mill discharge (S1). However, this is actually the total of the raw refuse truck weights delivered to the processing plant. As discussed previously, the samples of raw refuse were taken after it had passed through the hammermill. Therefore, the S1 quantities are for raw refuse, while the sample analysis results are for milled raw refuse.

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\* For additional discussion of certain process stream samplings, see Appendix D, "Statistical Process Evaluation of Process Stream Samples."

Table 8. PLANT FLOW STREAM DESCRIPTION

<u>Stream</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Sampling point</u>
S1 Mill discharge	Milled refuse discharge from hammermill.	Discharge of milled refuse belt conveyor into ADS, surge bin.
S2 Cyclone discharge (RDF)	Refuse derived fuel (RDF) produced. ADS system lights or air flow supported portion of the air classified milled refuse.	Discharge of refuse fuel belt conveyor into storage bin.
S3 Storage bin discharge	Refuse fuel discharged from storage bin and conveyed to truck packer.	Discharge of storage bin load out belt conveyor into packer bin.
S4 ADS heavies	That portion of the milled refuse not supported by air flow in the air density separation system.	Discharge of ADS air column onto belt conveyor
S5 Magnetic belt rejects	That portion of S4 not removed by the magnetic belt and is taken to the city landfill.	Discharge of material from reject hopper into receiving truck.
S6 Nuggetizer feed	That portion of S4 that can be magnetized.	Discharge of magnetic belt conveyor into nuggetizer receiving chute.
S7 Magnetic drum rejects	Product coming from the nuggetizer not removed by the magnetic drum.	Material in reject pile on concrete slab below magnetic drum.
S8 Ferrous metal	Steel scrap by-product sold to steel mill.	Discharge of Fe metal belt conveyor into receiving truck.

Table 9. AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS OF PROCESSING PLANT FLOW STREAMS OVER DURATION OF SAMPLING  
(Arithmetic mean of all sample analysis over test period)

	September 23, 1974, through September 5, 1975				
	S1 Mill discharge	S2 Cyclone discharge	S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S7 Magnetic drum rejects	S8 Ferrous metal by-products
Quantity (Mg) <sup>a</sup> /	28,052.6	22,611.1	2,019.8	29.7	1,268.2
Heating value (kJ/kg)	10,656	11,167	6,080	6,486	5,239
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	122	99	637	1,033	980
Moisture (wt. %)	24.43	25.25	13.75	0.33	0.53
Composition (wt. %)					
(tr = trace)					
Paper	54.1	62.8	2.5	0.01	tr
Plastic	4.5	4.8	1.6	0.4	0.01
Wood	3.2	2.7	4.6	0.1	0
Glass	4.2	2.9	27.4	0.1	0
Magnetic metal	6.2	0.2	19.9	88.9	99.7
Other metals	0.6	0.39	5.7	9.4	0.1
Organics	5.8	3.8	20.3	0.04	0.01
Miscellaneous	21.4	22.2	18.0	1.05	0.18
Chemical analysis (wt. %)					
Ash	23.19	20.85			
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	1.55	0.89			
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	1.62	1.64			
Cu (CuO)	0.05	0.04			
Pb (PbO)	0.06	0.05			
Ni (NiO)	0.02	0.02			
Zn (ZnO)	0.08	0.07			
Visual analysis (wt. %)					
Fe			4.45	17.74	14.23
Tin cans			15.08	69.71	95.20
Al			4.17	9.83	0.14
Cu			0.66	0.43	0.01
Size (mm)					
Percent larger than 63.5	1.1	1.1	1.7		0
Percent less than 63.5	98.9	98.9	98.3		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	96.2	95.0	91.9		99.4
Percent less than 19.1	73.3	73.5	61.5		57.4
Percent less than 9.5	47.7	47.7	30.0		9.9
Percent less than 4.8	29.3	30.8	9.7		1.0
Percent less than 2.4	18.5	10.6	3.9		0.2
Particle size					
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	8.9	8.9	14.2		16.5
Geometric standard deviation	2.70	2.75	2.17		1.59

Table 9. (Concluded)

<u>September 23, 1974, through October 4, 1974</u>			
	<u>S3</u>	<u>S4</u>	<u>S6</u>
	<u>Storage bin</u>	<u>ADS heavies</u>	<u>Nuggetizer feed</u>
	<u>discharge</u>		
Quantity (Mg) <sup>b/</sup>	2,107.5	387.1	157.2
Heating value (kJ/kg)	11,309	3,281	-
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	120	618	622
Moisture (wt. %)	27.35	4.84	0.31
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u>			
<u>(tr = trace)</u>			
Paper	63.3	1.5	0.1
Plastic	6.5	0.9	0.1
Wood	2.4	2.8	0
Glass	1.0	6.6	0
Magnetic metal	0.1	69.5	99.6
Other metals	0.6	3.8	tr
Organics	0.6	7.5	0
Miscellaneous	25.4	7.4	0.2
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>			
Ash	19.19		
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	1.14		
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	1.53		
Cu (CuO)	0.05		
Pb (PbO)	0.05		
Ni (NiO)	0.02		
Zn (ZnO)	0.09		
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>			
Fe		9.35	12.22
Tin cans		50.01	85.18
Al		2.30	0.05
Cu		0.30	0.001
<u>Size (mm)</u>			
Percent larger than 63.5		1.6	1.0
Percent less than 63.5		98.4	99.0
Percent less than 38.1		91.0	80.6
Percent less than 19.1		25.1	11.0
Percent less than 9.5		9.4	1.0
Percent less than 4.8		3.0	0.4
Percent less than 2.4		1.4	0.2
<u>Particle size</u>			
Geometric mean diameter (mm)		22.1	28.2
Geometric standard deviation		1.82	1.46

<sup>a/</sup> Total megagrams for entire sampling period (September 23, 1974, through September 5, 1975).

<sup>b/</sup> Total megagrams for sampling period (September 23, 1974, through October 4, 1974).

Table 10. AVERAGE PROXIMATE AND ULTIMATE ANALYSIS OF RDF (STREAM S2) OVER DURATION OF SAMPLING;  
SEPTEMBER 23, 1974, THROUGH SEPTEMBER 5, 1975  
(All results received moisture basis)

	RDF Stream S2 cyclone discharge	Orient 6 coal average of 21 samples collected October 31 through November 7, 1974	RDF as percent of coal
Heating value (kJ/kg)	11,167	26,910	41.5
Moisture (%) <sup>b/</sup>	25.25	12.50	202
Ash (%)	20.85	7.61	274.0
Volatile matter (%)	44.75	33.11	135.2
Fixed carbon (%)	9.15	46.78	19.6
Carbon (%)	27.06	66.06	41.0
Hydrogen (%) <sup>a/</sup>	4.03	5.20	77.5
Oxygen (by difference) (%) <sup>a/</sup>	22.12	5.61	394.3
Sulfur (%)	0.18	1.57	11.5
Nitrogen (%)	0.51	1.45	35.2

<sup>a/</sup> Reported hydrogen and oxygen does not include hydrogen and oxygen contained in the moisture.

Proximate analysis:

Moisture

Ash

Volatile matter

Fixed carbon

100

Ultimate analysis:

Moisture

Ash

Carbon

Hydrogen

Oxygen

Sulfur

Nitrogen

100

<sup>b/</sup> All percents indicated by weight.

For comparison purposes in Tables B-1a through B-1ll, the nuggetizer feed (S6) was calculated as the sum of S7 + S8. ADS heavies (S4) was calculated as the sum of S6 + S5.

Besides quantifying each process stream, Tables B-1a through B-1ll also include weekly averages of the analysis results in order to characterize the streams. These averages were computed from the daily sample analysis results tabulated in Appendix B (Tables B-3a through B-3w), except for the following:

1. Chemical analysis of metals was done on a daily basis only for weeks September 23 and 30, 1974. Thereafter, this analysis was performed only on a weekly composite sample to reduce analysis cost.

2. All analyses for the weeks of November 25, 1974, through March 17, 1975, were performed on a weekly composite sample.

The ADS heavies (S4) and the various metal streams (S4, S6, S7, and S8) contained too high a metal content to make chemical analysis practical. Therefore, these samples were analyzed visually for metal content. The magnetic portion was separated into tin cans and ferrous metal. Tin cans are magnetic but contain metals other than ferrous.

The screen size distribution is reported in full. However, to make comparisons easier, the geometric mean diameter and the geometric standard deviation were calculated and reported. These two parameters are a standard method adopted by the American Society of Agriculture Engineers, Standard ASAE S319, for expressing the fineness of ground materials. This method assumes a straight line logarithmic distribution of particle size. The geometric mean diameter is the size at which half the particles are larger than, and half the particles are smaller than, the mean. The geometric standard deviation is the dispersion about the mean. A value close to one means a small dispersion, while a large value indicates that particles are widely distributed over a large size range.

An analysis of the geometric mean diameter data shows that the refuse fuel (S2) has a slightly smaller mean diameter than the mill discharge (S1). The ADS heavies (S4) contain the larger particles in the material being fed to the ADS system. Also, as would be expected, the nuggetizer feed (S6) has a larger mean diameter than the ferrous metal (S8). An analysis of the geometric standard deviation data shows that the metal streams have a smaller dispersion about the mean than the milled raw refuse or the refuse fuel.

Daily plant material flows and heating value results were used to calculate total weekly energy content of all flow streams. This method of calculating energy content of the various streams was used instead of utilizing the straight arithmetic averages of heating value in Tables B-1a through B-1ll to take into

account the daily material weight variations. This was done so that the energy balance would be as accurate as possible. Table B-4a lists the weekly summary of kilojoules (Btu's) heat energy content for each flow stream, and Table B-4b presents the energy content in terms of a percent of the energy content in the hammermill discharge.

Figure 12 shows the weekly amounts of the weight of RDF and Fe metal recovered and the energy content of the RDF, all as a percent of the incoming raw refuse.

Figure 12 reflects the fact that the RDF kJ/kg (Btu/lb) heating value is higher than the raw refuse, and therefore, the RDF averages a higher percent recovery from the raw refuse on an energy basis than on a weight basis.

As Table B-4b shows, there was an energy loss which was due primarily to the weight of material loss through the system. The plant material loss is discussed more fully in the following section on material balance.

The important conclusions here are that over the total test period, the plant recovered 80.6% of the raw refuse as RDF and 4.5% of the raw refuse as ferrous metal by-product. Of the total energy in the incoming raw refuse, 83.0% was recovered as RDF. The magnetic belt rejects plus magnetic drum rejects contained only 4.0% of the energy. On an energy recovery basis, there is little value in trying to recycle the reject material to recover energy.

The nuggetizer was operating at near its maximum motor current. While it was possible to decrease the magnetic belt spacing and increase the amount of magnetic metal recovered, to do so would exceed the capacity of the nuggetizer. All recovered magnetic metal from the magnetic belt is discharged directly into the nuggetizer. Therefore, in order to determine plant ferrous metal recovery efficiency, the daily plant material flows and percent magnetic metal of each stream were used to calculate the weekly total of ferrous metal for each flow stream and thus the recovery efficiency. As was the case with heating value, this method was used instead of utilizing the straight arithmetic averages of percent magnetic metal in Tables B-1a through B-1ll to take into account variations in daily quantities.

Table B-5 records the total weekly quantities of ferrous metal and Figure 13 shows the recovery efficiency. The total recovery efficiency over the test period was only 72%. In future plants, there is room for improvement in ferrous metal recovery efficiency, either through larger sized nuggetizers or different recovery systems.

The refuse fuel stream samples were also used to determine proximate and ultimate analyses of RDF. Weekly summaries of these analyses results were computed, as shown in Table B-2, based on data from Table B-3w. Table 10 shows the

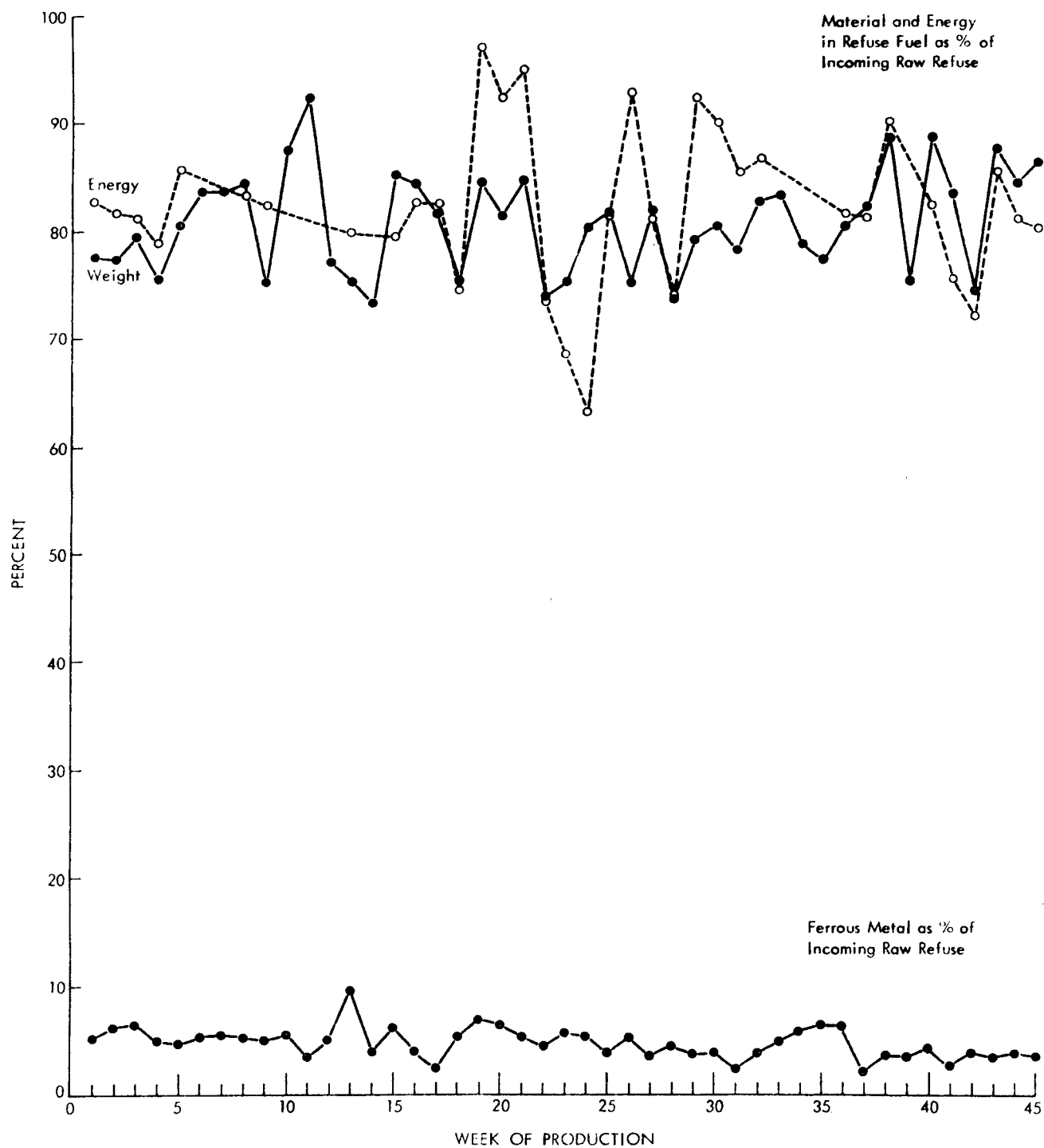


Figure 12. Weekly variations in refuse derived fuel and ferrous metal recovery

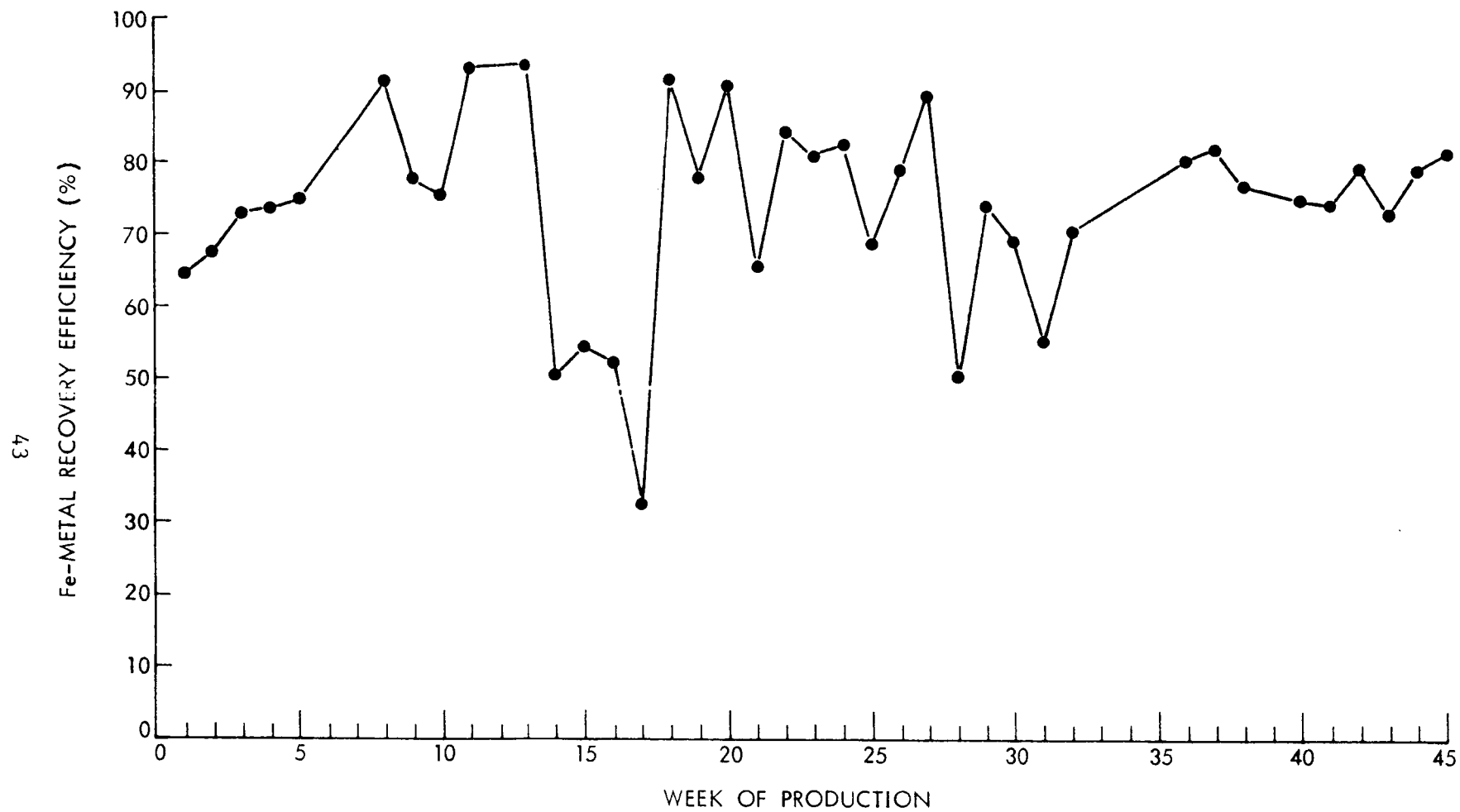


Figure 13. Weekly variations in ferrous metal recovery efficiency

average proximate and ultimate analyses characteristics for the test period and includes similar data for comparison purposes on Orient 6 coal used at the Union Electric power plant. This comparison shows that the refuse fuel is lower or higher than the coal as follows: lower--heating value, fixed carbon, carbon, hydrogen, sulfur, and nitrogen; and higher--moisture, ash, volatile matter, and oxygen.

The largest difference is sulfur. The refuse fuel contains only slightly more than one-tenth the sulfur content of Orient 6 coal during the test period shown in Table 10. The heating value of refuse fuel is 42% of the coal heating value.

Tables 9 and 10 have presented the average characteristics of the various plant flow streams over the total test period. It was observed that considerable variability occurred from day to day in some of the characteristics. Tables 11 through 18 are a tabulation for each flow stream and characteristic, the range of data (maximum and minimum values) encountered, as well as the mean or average value.

Also listed is the total number of samples in the mean and the standard deviation. The coefficient of variation was also calculated and reported in Tables 11 through 18. Coefficient of variation (C.V.) is a measure of variability because it expresses the standard deviation as a percent of the mean. As the absolute value of one characteristic increases over that of a different characteristic, the standard deviation may also increase.

A larger standard deviation does not necessarily mean larger variability, and thus C.V. is a method of accommodating this restriction. The formula for C.V. is as follows:

$$\text{C.V. (\%)} = \frac{S_x}{\bar{X}} (100)$$

where  $\bar{X}$  = mean; and  
 $S_x$  = standard deviation.

Finally the confidence interval above the mean at 95% confidence coefficient was calculated to show what range of values could normally be expected when taking a single day's sample.

This analysis was performed only on the daily samples, with one exception discussed below. The weeks of testing from November 25, 1974, through March 17, 1975, were not included because samples taken during those weeks formed weekly composite samples instead of daily samples. The difference in sampling methods

Table 11. VARIABILITY OF DAILY VALUES OF CHARACTERISTICS OF STREAM S1 - HAMMERMILL DISCHARGE  
(All results based on moisture as received)

Item	Standard error $Sx/\sqrt{n}$	Range		$\bar{X}$ Mean	n Number of samples	Sx Standard Deviation	Variability about the mean [+]	C.V. coefficient of variation (%)
		Maximum value	Minimum value				at 95% confidence coefficient	
Heating value (kJ/kg)	153.3	14,723	6,429	10,425	97	1,510	304	14.5
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	2.98	258	64	131.3	97	29.3	5.9	22.3
Moisture (wt. %)	0.691	40.1	7.7	25.3	97	6.80	1.4	26.9
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u>								
Paper	1.15	73.7	17.7	51.0	97	11.3	2.3	22.2
Plastic	0.281	13.8	1.2	4.5	97	2.77	0.6	61.6
Wood	0.382	22.4	0	3.8	97	3.72	0.8	97.9
Glass	0.273	13.5	0	3.2	97	2.69	0.5	84.1
Magnetic metal	0.289	17.5	0	5.6	94	2.86	0.6	58.0
Other metals	0.0392	2.0	0	0.6	94	0.38	0.1	63.3
Organics	0.623	43.4	0	6.3	97	6.14	1.2	97.5
Miscellaneous	0.848	51.8	4.6	25.0	97	8.36	1.7	33.4
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>								
Ash	0.533	38.90	13.88	24.2	97	5.24	1.06	21.7
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	0.301	9.35	0.30	1.55	35	1.78	0.61	114.8
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	0.102	4.46	1.02	1.62	35	0.60	0.21	37.0
Cu (CuO)	0.009	0.28	0.01	0.05	35	0.053	0.02	106.0
Pb (PbO)	0.008	0.23	0.02	0.06	35	0.048	0.02	81.3
Ni (NiO)	0.002	0.06	0.01	0.02	35	0.012	0.004	60.0
Zn (ZnO)	0.008	0.27	0.03	0.08	35	0.049	0.02	61.3
<u>Particle size</u>								
Geometric mean diameter (µm)	0.263	20.3	4.3	8.3	97	2.59	0.5	31.2

Table 12. VARIABILITY OF DAILY VALUES OF CHARACTERISTICS OF STREAM S2 - CYCLONE DISCHARGE (RDF)  
(All results based on moisture as received)

Item	Standard error $Sx/\sqrt{n}$	Range		$\bar{X}$ Mean	n Number of samples	Sx Standard deviation	Variability about the mean [+] at 95% confidence coefficient	C.V. coefficient of variation (%)
		Maximum	Minimum					
		value	value					
Heating value (kJ/kg)	139.1	13,613	6,932	10,636	97	1,370.3	276	12.9
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	2.44	168	64	109.1	97	24.0	4.8	22.0
Moisture (wt. %)	0.739	42.2	2.3	26.6	97	7.28	1.5	27.4
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u>								
Paper	1.04	87.8	28.9	58.2	97	10.3	2.1	17.7
Plastic	0.357	26.7	1.3	4.9	97	3.51	0.7	71.6
Wood	0.248	10.7	0	3.4	97	2.42	0.5	71.2
Glass	0.186	9.6	0	2.6	97	1.83	0.4	70.4
Magnetic metal	0.108	7.2	0	0.3	97	1.06	0.2	353.3
Other metals	0.106	6.9	0	0.5	97	1.05	0.2	210.0
Organics	0.519	36.5	0	4.7	97	5.11	1.0	108.7
Miscellaneous	0.720	44.6	3.5	25.4	97	7.09	1.4	27.9
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>								
Ash	0.469	34.51	10.82	21.7	97	4.61	0.9	21.2
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	0.094	2.96	0.32	0.89	35	0.56	0.19	62.9
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	0.132	5.76	0.88	1.64	35	0.78	0.27	47.6
Cu (CuO)	0.011	0.37	0.01	0.04	35	0.065	0.02	162.5
Pb (PbO)	0.005	0.16	0.02	0.05	35	0.027	0.01	54.0
Ni (NiO)	0.003	0.11	0.01	0.02	35	0.020	0.01	100.0
Zn (ZnO)	0.005	0.19	0.04	0.07	35	0.029	0.01	41.4
<u>Particle size</u>								
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	0.190	11.9	3.8	7.4	97	1.87	0.4	25.3
<u>Proximate and ultimate analysis</u>								
Volatile matter	0.51	60.36	34.91	43.6	97	5.07	1.01	11.6
Fixed carbon	0.42	21.60	0	8.17	97	4.13	0.83	50.6
Carbon	0.28	32.56	21.11	26.0	97	2.75	0.56	10.6
Hydrogen	0.046	6.13	2.64	3.79	97	0.46	0.09	12.1
Oxygen (by difference)	0.37	32.57	15.44	21.21	97	3.68	0.73	17.4
Sulfur	0.006	0.41	0.07	0.18	97	0.06	0.01	33.3
Nitrogen	0.008	0.72	0.35	0.53	97	0.075	0.02	14.2

Table 13. VARIABILITY OF DAILY VALUES OF CHARACTERISTICS OF STREAM S3 - STORAGE BIN DISCHARGE  
(All results based on moisture as received)

Item	Standard error $Sx/\sqrt{n}$	Range		$\bar{X}$ Mean	n Number of samples	Sx Standard deviation	Variability	C.V. coefficient of variation (%)
		Maximum value	Minimum value				about the	
							mean [+] at 95% confidence coefficient	
Heating value (kJ/kg)	233.7	12,390	10,187	11,309	10	738.9	529	6.5
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	4.09	149	109	130.1	10	12.9	9.3	9.9
Moisture (wt. %)	1.13	33.0	22.4	27.4	10	3.59	2.6	13.1
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u>								
Paper	2.07	73.5	50.5	63.3	10	6.53	4.7	10.3
Plastic	1.54	16.5	1.8	6.5	10	4.88	3.5	75.1
Wood	0.46	4.3	0.3	2.3	10	1.45	1.0	63.0
Glass	0.21	1.9	0	1.0	10	0.67	0.5	67.0
Magnetic metal	0.12	1.2	0	0.1	10	0.38	0.3	380.0
Other metals	0.45	4.6	0	0.6	10	1.44	1.0	240.0
Organics	0.23	2.3	0	0.6	10	0.74	0.5	123.3
Miscellaneous	1.90	34.3	16.7	25.6	10	6.0	4.3	23.4
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>								
Ash	0.31	20.85	17.67	19.2	10	1.0	0.7	5.2
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	0.17	2.42	0.65	1.14	10	0.53	0.4	46.5
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	0.11	2.32	1.07	1.53	10	0.35	0.2	22.9
Cu (CuO)	0.013	0.15	0.01	0.05	10	0.042	0.03	84.0
Pb (PbO)	0.005	0.06	0.01	0.04	10	0.015	0.01	37.5
Ni (NiO)	0.002	0.03	0.01	0.02	10	0.007	0.005	35.0
Zn (ZnO)	0.009	0.16	0.06	0.08	10	0.028	0.02	35.0
<u>Proximate and ultimate analysis</u>								
Volatile matter	0.43	48.41	43.73	46.5	10	1.36	0.97	2.9
Fixed carbon	1.22	12.37	0	6.95	10	3.84	2.76	55.3
Carbon	0.63	29.84	23.64	27.0	10	2.01	1.43	7.4
Hydrogen	0.11	4.24	3.22	3.75	10	0.35	0.25	9.3
Oxygen (by difference)	0.59	25.26	19.10	21.9	10	1.86	1.33	8.5
Sulfur	0.013	0.24	0.10	0.18	10	0.04	0.03	22.2
Nitrogen	0.016	0.66	0.51	0.58	10	0.05	0.04	8.6

Table 14. VARIABILITY OF DAILY VALUES OF CHARACTERISTICS OF STREAM S4 - ADS HEAVIES  
(All results based on moisture as received)

Item	Standard error Sx/ $\sqrt{n}$	Range		$\bar{X}$ Mean	n Number of samples	Sx Standard deviation	Variability about the mean [+] at 95% confidence coefficient	C.V. coefficient of variation (%)
		Maximum value	Minimum value					
Heating value (kJ/kg)	103.2	6,441	5,521	5,990	10	326.3	233	5.5
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1.0	678	569	617.8	10	31.6	2.3	5.1
Moisture (wt. %)	0.92	8.00	0.3	4.8	10	2.92	2.1	60.8
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u>								
Paper	0.34	3.4	0.4	1.5	10	1.08	0.8	72.0
Plastic	0.37	3.5	0	0.9	10	1.17	0.8	130
Wood	0.74	6.0	0	2.6	10	2.35	1.7	90.4
Glass	1.91	19.4	0.9	6.6	10	6.05	4.3	91.7
Magnetic metal	5.67	84.5	24.7	69.5	10	17.9	12.8	25.8
Other metals	0.74	8.2	0	3.8	10	2.35	1.7	61.8
Organics	1.62	18.5	1.6	7.5	10	5.12	3.7	68.3
Miscellaneous	1.83	19.9	0.9	7.6	10	5.78	4.1	76.1
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>								
Fe	1.49	21.5	4.0	9.3	10	4.7	3.4	50.5
Tin cans	3.2	75.2	37.9	50.0	10	10.1	7.2	20.2
Al	0.25	3.4	1.0	2.3	10	0.78	0.6	33.9
Cu	0.14	1.5	0	0.3	10	0.45	0.3	150.0
<u>Particle size</u>								
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	1.03	28.5	17.0	22	10	3.24	2.3	14.7

Table 15. VARIABILITY OF DAILY VALUES OF CHARACTERISTICS OF STREAM S5 - MAGNETIC BELT REJECTS  
(All results based on moisture as received)

Item	Standard error <u>Sx/√ n</u>	Range		<u>X</u> Mean	n Number of samples	Sx Standard deviation	Variability about the mean [+] at 95% confidence coefficient	C.V. coefficient of variation (%)
		Maximum	Minimum					
		value	value					
Heating value (kJ/kg)	118.7	8,957	2,805	5,942	97	1,169.0	236	19.7
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	10.3	846	349	633	97	101.5	20.4	16.0
Moisture (wt. %)	0.53	32.8	3.1	14.7	97	5.19	1.1	35.3
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u>								
Paper	0.38	22.0	0	2.6	97	3.73	0.8	143.5
Plastic	0.28	13.7	0	2.2	97	2.73	0.6	124.1
Wood	0.49	24.9	0.1	5.7	97	4.79	1.0	84.0
Glass	1.0	47.0	1.4	25.4	97	9.81	2.0	38.6
Magnetic metal	1.28	55.4	0	16.1	97	12.6	2.5	78.3
Other metals	0.55	31.4	0	5.8	97	5.46	1.1	94.1
Organics	0.96	50.6	0	19.7	97	88.5	1.9	449.2
Miscellaneous	0.87	60.4	5.1	22.5	97	8.6	1.7	38.2
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>								
Fe	0.39	20.3	0.02	4.6	97	3.81	0.8	82.8
Tin cans	0.71	36.5	1.1	12.7	97	7.01	1.4	55.2
Al	0.21	11.4	0.7	3.9	97	2.03	0.4	52.1
Cu	0.01	8.4	0	0.7	97	0.95	0.02	135.7
<u>Particle size</u>								
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	0.27	21.1	6.6	12.8	97	2.69	0.5	21.0

Table 16. VARIABILITY OF DAILY VALUES OF CHARACTERISTICS OF STREAM S6 - NUGGETIZER FEED  
(All results based on moisture as received)

Item	Standard error <u>Sx/√n</u>	Range		<u>X̄</u> Mean	n Number of samples	Sx Standard deviation	Variability about the mean [+] at 95% confidence coefficient	C.V. coefficient of variation (%)
		Maximum	Minimum					
		value	value					
<u>Heating value<sup>a/</sup></u>								
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	11.7	684	569	621	10	36.9	26.5	5.9
Moisture (wt. %)	0.05			0.3	10	0.17	0.1	56.7
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u>								
Paper	0.06	0.6	0.07	0.07	10	0.19	0.14	271.4
Plastic	0.02	0.2	0	0.03	10	0.07	0.05	233.3
Wood	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0
Glass	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0
Magnetic metal	0.13	100	98.7	99.7	10	0.41	0.29	4,087.7
Other metals	0.02	0.2	0	0.02	10	0.06	0.05	300.0
Organics	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0
Miscellaneous	0.11	1.1	0	0.18	10	0.34	0.25	188.9
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>								
Fe	1.54	20.5	4.2	12.1	10	4.88	3.5	40.3
Tin cans	2.05	94.3	71.7	85.2	10	6.48	4.6	7.6
Al	0.002	0.02	0	0.002	10	0.006	0.005	300.0
Cu	0.001	0.01	0	0.001	10	0.003	0.002	300.0
<u>Particle size</u>								
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	1.06	32.8	24.1	28	10	3.35	2.4	12.0

<sup>a/</sup> Heating value tests not conducted on Stream S6.

Table 17. VARIABILITY OF DAILY VALUES OF CHARACTERISTICS OF STREAM S7 - MAGNETIC DRUM REJECTS  
(All results based on moisture as received)

Item	Standard error <u>Sx/√ n</u>	Range		<u>X̄</u> Mean	<u>n<sup>a</sup>/</u> Number of samples	Sx Standard deviation	Variability about the mean [+] at 95% confidence coefficient	C.V. coefficient of variation (%)
		Maximum	Minimum					
		value	value					
Heating value (kJ/kg)	76.8	7,784	5,089	6,333	81	691	153	10.9
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	12.4	1,434	884	1,036	81	111.5	24.7	10.8
Moisture (wt. %)	0.14	10.6	0	0.4	81	1.24	0.3	310.0
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u>								
Paper	0.007	0.4	0	0.02	81	0.06	0.01	300.0
Plastic	0.05	3.3	0	0.4	81	0.48	0.10	120.0
Wood	0.06	4.6	0	0.2	81	0.57	0.12	285.0
Glass	0.014	0.7	0	0.1	81	0.13	0.03	130.0
Magnetic metal	0.80	98.7	65.4	88.0	81	7.2	1.59	8.2
Other metals	0.67	25.3	0.6	9.7	81	6.03	1.33	62.2
Organics	0.02	1.1	0	0.1	81	0.17	0.04	170.0
Miscellaneous	0.17	9.2	0	1.5	81	1.55	0.34	103.3
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>								
Fe	0.58	30.6	9.0	18.2	81	5.24	1.2	28.8
Tin cans	0.84	84.7	48.1	69.3	81	7.6	1.7	11.0
Al	0.61	21.1	0.3	9.9	81	5.52	1.2	55.8
Cu	0.05	2.7	0	0.4	81	0.43	0.1	107.5

<sup>a/</sup> Nuggetizer not operating for 2 days and samples not collected for 14 days (97 - 16 = 81).

Table 18. VARIABILITY OF DAILY VALUES OF CHARACTERISTICS OF STREAM S8 - FERROUS METAL BY-PRODUCT  
(All results based on moisture as received)

Item	Standard error Sx/√ n	Range		X̄ Mean	n <sup>a</sup> / Number of samples	Sx Standard deviation	Variability about the mean [±] at 95% confidence coefficient	C.V. coefficient of variation (%)
		Maximum value	Minimum value					
Heating value (kJ/kg)	14.2	6,092	4,837	5,161	95	138.7	28	2.7
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	9.2	1,557	878	980	95	89.7	18.3	91.5
Moisture (wt. %)	0.03	3.00	0.01	0.2	95	0.33	0.06	165.0
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u>								
Paper	0.0015	0.1	0	0.002	95	0.014	0.003	700.0
Plastic	0.004	0.3	0	0.005	95	0.04	0.008	800.0
Wood	0	0	0	0	95	0	0	0
Glass	0	0	0	0	95	0	0	0
Magnetic metal	0.11	100	90.8	99.6	95	1.05	0.2	1.1
Other metals	0.01	0.5	0	0.08	95	0.11	0.02	137.5
Organics	0.006	0.6	0	0.006	95	0.06	0.01	1,000.0
Miscellaneous	0.05	3.8	0	0.3	95	0.53	0.1	176.7
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>								
Fe	0.42	30.9	8.0	15.0	95	4.1	0.8	27.3
Tin cans	0.98	91.6	0.2	83.1	95	9.53	1.9	11.5
Al	0.03	2.6	0	0.15	95	0.28	0.06	186.7
Cu	0.004	0.3	0	0.01	95	0.04	0.008	400.0
<u>Particle size</u>								
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	0.20	20.6	9.9	16.9	95	1.96	0.4	11.6

<sup>a/</sup> Nuggetizer not operating for 2 days and therefore no Fe metal stream (97 - 2 = 95).

Between Daily and weekly composite samples could possibly contribute to variability; therefore, results from the two methods should not be combined in a variability analysis.

The one exception is the chemical analysis of metals in S1 and S2. Even during weeks of daily sampling, this analysis was conducted on only a weekly composite basis, except for the first 2 weeks of sampling. Therefore, the weekly composite sample results of metals by chemical analysis were analyzed for variability, yielding 35 samples instead of 97 for the other characteristics.

The mean values shown in Tables 11 through 18 differ slightly from the average characteristic values shown in Tables 9 and 10. Tables 9 and 10 are the average of all weeks, including the 13 weeks of weekly composite data. However, an analysis of the weekly composite values revealed that they fell within the range of maximum and minimum values found for the daily samples.

An analysis of Tables 11 through 18 show that the variability expressed as C.V. often becomes quite high when the mean values are very low, such as compositional items other than metal in S8 (Fe metal by-product).

For all streams, the categories of heating value, moisture, ash, bulk density, particle size, and proximate and ultimate analyses generally had lower variability than the categories of composition and metal analysis. This leads to the conclusion that comparisons between heating values and moisture and ash could yield reliable results because of the lower variability of these characteristics.

#### RDF VARIABILITY

Table 12 shows the variability of RDF (S2) heating value on a moisture as received basis. Data on moisture, ash, and heating value of RDF were statistically analyzed, showing an expected, but important, relationship of increasing heating value with decreasing moisture and ash content. Therefore, heating value of RDF was calculated on both a moisture free and a moisture and ash free basis.

The statistical standard deviation  $S_x$  and the coefficient of variation C.V. (standard deviation as a percent of the mean) were calculated for the daily sample data to determine if variability of RDF heating value changes when expressed on a moisture free or moisture and ash free basis.

Table B-6 shows the results of these calculations which are summarized below:

<u>Characteristic</u>	<u><math>\bar{X}</math></u>	<u>C.V. (%)</u>
Moisture (wt. %)	26.55	27.40
Ash as received (wt. %)	21.71	21.23
Ash moisture free (wt. %)	29.54	18.10
Heating value as received (kJ/kg)	10,636	12.88
Heating value moisture free (kJ/kg)	14,494	9.98
Heating value moisture and ash free (kJ/kg)	20,570	6.15

Variability as expressed by C.V. is highest for moisture and lowest for heating value. The heating value C.V. on a moisture free basis is approximately three-fourths of that for the moisture as received basis. Heating value C.V. on a moisture and ash free basis is slightly less than one-half of that for the moisture as received basis.

Therefore, the heating value of the combustible fraction of RDF is higher and a less variable value than what would be predicted from the moisture as received heating value.

Statistical analysis of the data showed 67% correlation between heating value and moisture and 77% correlation between heating value and ash. The plot of the data and the best fit curve equations are shown in Figure 14.

#### EVALUATION OF DATA ON DOUBLE GRIND TESTS

Tests were conducted during the week of February 17, 1975, to define the characteristics of double grind refuse. The procedure used in the tests was to collect the ADS light and heavy fractions produced on February 18, and truck them back to the raw refuse receiving floor for regrinding on February 19. Samples of the main process streams were collected by the usual procedures during the regrind tests, and the collected samples were then subjected to the usual analysis.

Characteristics of the double grind refuse are shown in Table 19. Table 20 shows the proximate and ultimate analyses of double grind refuse derived fuel (RDF) compared to the average of single grind RDF.

Double grind RDF produced in the test amounted to 76.8% by weight of the incoming raw refuse. The ferrous metal recovery efficiency was 75.8%. Neither of these values represents a significant improvement over single grind conditions, as they fall within the range of values for single grind RDF. However, there may have been some material loss due to spillage because of the procedures involved in returning the single grind material to the receiving floor. The material weight loss error for the double grind material balance was 14.9% which is higher than the total test period material loss of 7.6%.

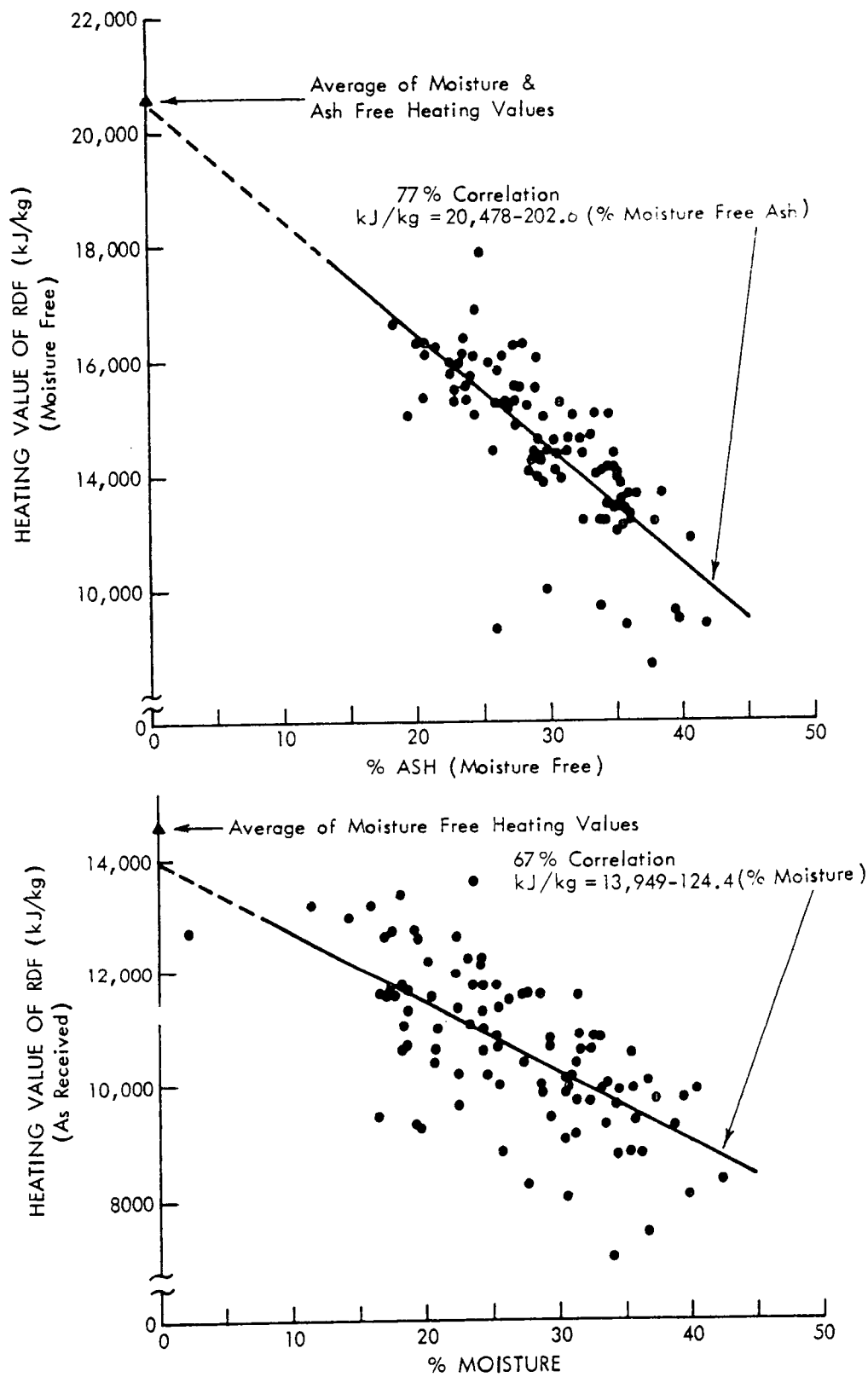


Figure 14. Heating value of refuse fuel versus moisture content for daily samples

Table 19. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS  
FOR DOUBLE-GRIND TEST ON FEBRUARY 19, 1975  
(Regrind of refuse ground 2-18)

	S1 Mill discharge	S2 <sup>a/</sup> Cyclone discharge	S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S7 Magnetic drum rejects	S8 Ferrous metal by-products
Quantity (Mg)	152.8	117.4	7.8	0.1	4.7
Heating value (kJ/kg)	12,251	14,132	9,578	6,239	5,221
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	103	93	601	846	814
Moisture (wt. %)	21.40	24.90	10.4	0.13	0.15
Composition (wt. %)					
(tr = trace)					
Paper	67.5	77.7	1.6	0	0
Plastic	2.9	2.2	4.8	0.2	0
Wood	0.5	0.3	4.9	0	0
Glass	2.9	7.7	48.2	0.8	0
Magnetic metal	8.8	0	18.3	87.5	99.9
Other metals	0.7	tr	6.9	9.6	0.1
Organics	0.5	0	13.1	0.8	0
Miscellaneous	16.2	12.1	2.2	1.1	0
Chemical analysis (wt. %)					
Ash	17.76	17.95			
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	0.60	0.56			
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	1.20	1.34			
Cu (CuO)	0.02	0.04			
Pb (PbO)	0.04	0.05			
Ni (NiO)	0.02	0.01			
Zn (ZnO)	0.06	0.08			
Visual analysis (wt. %)					
Fe			2.06	7.19	7.19
Tin cans			12.81	82.29	91.76
Al			7.35	8.79	0.10
Cu			0.18	0.05	0
Size (mm)					
Percent larger than 63.5	0	0	4.0		0
Percent less than 63.5	100.0	100.0	96.0		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	100.0	100.0	94.5		100.0
Percent less than 19.1	98.5	79.8	75.9		82.3
Percent less than 9.5	58.0	44.7	48.2		15.2
Percent less than 4.8	34.0	26.6	17.9		1.1
Percent less than 2.4	21.5	17.0	2.7		0.1
Particle size					
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	6.1	8.4	10.4		13.7
Geometric standard deviation	2.29	2.56	2.32		1.52

a/ Stream S3 storage bin discharge quantity (Mg) is the same as S2. All double-grind material produced was kept as a separate lot.

Table 20. PROXIMATE AND ULTIMATE ANALYSIS OF DOUBLE-GRIND RDF  
(Stream S2 - cyclone discharge)

<u>Received moisture basis</u>	<u>Double-grind RDF (February 19, 1975)</u>	<u>Average single- grind RDF (September 23, 1974, through September 5, 1975)</u>
Heating value (kJ/kg)	14,132	11,117
Moisture (wt. %)	24.90	25.25
Ash (wt. %)	17.95	20.85
Volatile matter (wt. %)	48.44	44.75
Fixed carbon (wt. %)	8.71	9.15
Carbon (wt. %)	29.82	27.06
Hydrogen (wt. %)	4.51	4.03
Oxygen (wt. % by difference)	22.21	22.12
Sulfur (wt. %)	0.17	0.18
Nitrogen (wt. %)	0.44	0.51

Energy content of the double grind RDF was 88.6% of the energy content of the incoming raw refuse. This value compares favorably with the total test period average value of 83.0% for single grind RDF.

The high energy recovery for double grind RDF is a result of the high heating value of 14,132 kJ/kg (6,075.7 Btu/lb) at 24.9% moisture. This heating value is higher than would be predicted from the data previously obtained for single grind RDF. The data for single grind RDF summarized in Figure 14 indicate that a heating value of 10,851 kJ/kg (5,065 Btu/lb) would be expected for single grind RDF at a moisture content of 24.9%. The highest heating value for a single grind RDF near this moisture level was 13,614 kJ/kg (5,853 Btu/lb) at 23.9% moisture.

The oxygen and volatile matter content of the double grind RDF was higher than the average for single grind RDF but not outside the maximum and minimum values for single grind RDF.

The high heating value 14,132 kJ/kg (6,075.7 Btu/lb) for the double grind RDF appears to be due to the higher percentage of paper in the fuel. Double grind RDF contained 77.7% paper compared to the highest daily value of 71.8% paper for single grind RDF. The percent paper in the hammermill discharge (S1) was relatively high (67.5%), but higher values were previously found on 3 days for single grind material. Therefore, the high percent paper in the double grind RDF is not fully attributable to a correspondingly high percent paper in S1.

Mean particle size of double grind RDF was not significantly different from the average for single grind RDF. Geometric mean diameters are 8.4 mm versus 8.6 mm (0.33 in. versus 0.34 in.). However, the geometric standard deviation of 2.56 for double grind RDF was less than the lowest daily value of 2.62 for single grind RDF. Thus, there is a smaller particle size dispersion about the mean for double grind RDF.

The particle size geometric mean diameter of 6.1 mm (0.24 in.) of the hammermill discharge for the double grind material was only slightly smaller than the daily value of 6.4 mm (0.25 in.) for single grind material. The dispersion about the mean for double grind material fell within the range found for single grind material.

The particle size and dispersion of the double grind magnetic belt rejects and ferrous metal by-products was within the range for single grind material.

Processing rate for the double grind material was 30.6 Mg/hr (33.7 tons/hr) which is within the range found for single grind.

In summary, there is a trend of improved RDF quality due to double grinding. However, this conclusion was made with only 1 day's test data and further testing is needed to verify this trend. Logistics of material handling at the St. Louis facility make it very difficult to conduct a double grind test, and therefore, additional tests were not conducted.

#### EVALUATION OF DATA ON FINE GRIND TESTS

A series of tests to determine the characteristics of fine grind RDF was conducted during the period of April 18 to 23, 1975. In order to conduct these tests, the normal grates with 76-mm (3-in.) square openings were replaced with grates having 32-mm (1-1/4 in.) diameter openings. Samples of the main process streams were collected by the usual procedures, and the collected samples were then subjected to the usual analysis.

Table 21 shows the average characteristics of the fine grind refuse for the 5-day test period. Table 22 presents a comparison of the proximate and ultimate analyses of fine and the regular grind RDF, while Table 23 shows sample variability of milled refuse.

Fine grind RDF represented 73.8% by weight of the incoming raw refuse. On the basis of weighted average values, fine grind RDF energy recovery was 74.5% and ferrous metal recovery was 64.3%.

Ferrous metal recovery is within the range of values found for regular grind material. However, the weight recovery of RDF at 73.8% is slightly lower than the lowest value of 74.0% for regular grind material.

One contribution to the decreased material recovery is the increase in air emissions from the ADS cyclone which are discussed in detail in a later section of this report. A marked increase in kilograms per hour (pounds per hour) emissions from the ADS systems occurred for fine grind material as compared to emissions from normal grind material. Emissions from the ADS increased from an average of 22 kg/hr (50 lb/hr) for normal grind to 57 kg/hr (125 lb/hr) for fine grind. This increase is significant considering that the normal grind processing rate of 36 Mg/hr (40 tons/hr) was reduced to 23 Mg/hr (25 tons/hr) during fine grind, which means that the emission factor increased from 0.95 kg/Mg (1.90 lb/ton) for normal grind to 2.73 kg/Mg (5.46 lb/ton) for fine grind. It should be noted, however, that the reduced processing rate for fine grind also necessitated reduced air flow in the ADS system, which may have impaired removal efficiency in the ADS cyclone.

Hammermill dust collection system particulate emissions in terms of kilograms per megagram (lb/ton) are quite small compared to the ADS emissions, and therefore, would not contribute significantly to decreased material recovery.

Table 21. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR FINE GRIND TEST  
(Week of April 18-23, 1975, 32 mm diameter hammermill grate openings)

	S1 Mill discharge	S2 Cyclone discharge	S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S7 Magnetic drum rejects	S8 Ferrous metal by-products
Quantity (Mg)	869.2	641.6	64.8	0.6	38.9
Heating value (kJ/kg)	9,477	9,631	4,465	8,258	8,368
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	147	135	796	1,376	1,286
Moisture (wt. %)	24.60	25.08	7.17	1.08	0.10
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u> (tr = trace)					
Paper	53.5	58.0	10.5	0	0
Plastic	3.7	3.8	1.6	tr	0
Wood	3.0	2.9	5.6	0.1	0
Glass	2.2	1.8	32.2	0.1	0
Magnetic metal	7.1	0	31.1	98.1	99.9
Other metals	0.6	0.1	5.7	1.3	tr
Organics	6.5	3.4	7.6	tr	0
Miscellaneous	23.8	29.8	26.6	0.4	0.1
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>					
Ash	25.71	26.15			
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>a/</sup>	0.85	0.96			
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>a/</sup>	1.72	1.82			
Cu (CuO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.01	0.02			
Pb (PbO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.03	0.05			
Ni (NiO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.01	0.01			
Zn (ZnO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.07	0.07			
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>					
Fe			4.47	16.60	16.08
Tin cans			23.57	79.72	83.39
Al			3.10	1.01	0.11
Cu			0.54	0.01	0.01
<u>Size (mm)</u>					
Percent larger than 63.5	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0
Percent less than 63.5	100.0	100.0	100.0		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	99.8	100.0	100.0		100.0
Percent less than 19.1	93.3	87.9	91.7		93.4
Percent less than 9.5	65.2	74.0	50.9		39.6
Percent less than 4.8	41.8	51.1	16.6		3.7
Percent less than 2.4	27.7	36.3	6.0		0.3
<u>Particle size</u>					
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	5.3	4.6	8.6		10.4
Geometric standard deviation	2.33	2.33	1.94		1.59

<sup>a/</sup> Data taken from weekly composite.

Table 22. PROXIMATE AND ULTIMATE ANALYSIS OF FINE-GRIND RDF  
(Stream S2 - cyclone discharge)

<u>Received moisture basis</u>	<u>5-Day average fine grind<sup>a/</sup> (April 18-23, 1975)</u>	<u>Average regular grind<sup>b/</sup> (September 23, 1974, through September 5, 1975)</u>
Heating value (kJ/kg)	9,631	11,117
Moisture (wt. %)	25.08	25.25
Ash (wt. %)	26.15	20.85
Volatile matter (wt. %)	41.27	44.75
Fixed carbon (wt. %)	7.50	9.15
Carbon (wt. %)	23.92	27.06
Hydrogen (wt. %)	3.56	4.03
Oxygen (wt. % by difference)	20.52	22.12
Sulfur (wt. %)	0.23	0.18
Nitrogen (wt. %)	0.54	0.51

a/ 32 mm diameter grates in hammermill.

b/ 76 mm square grates in hammermill.

Table 23. SAMPLE VARIABILITY OF MILLED REFUSE

<u>Spectrum</u>	<u>Variability about the mean (+)<sup>a/</sup> (at 95% confidence coefficient and sample size = 4)</u>
Moisture (wt. %)	3.89
Heating value (kJ/kg)	1,121
Ash (wt. %)	3.66
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	17.30
<u>Metal content by chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>	
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	0.68
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	0.55
Cu (CuO)	0.037
Pb (PbO)	0.040
Ni (NiO)	0.0091
Zn (ZnO)	0.037
<u>Proximate and ultimate analysis (wt. %)</u>	
Volatile matter	3.12
Fixed carbon	4.22
Carbon	1.99
Hydrogen	0.36
Oxygen (by difference)	2.39
Sulfur	0.083
Nitrogen	0.072
<u>Composition by visual analysis (wt. %)</u>	
Paper	9.4
Plastic	6.73
Wood	2.75
Glass	0.90
Magnetic metal	<u>b/</u>
Other metals	<u>b/</u>
Organics	<u>b/</u>
Miscellaneous (tr = trace)	10.09
<u>Square screen size (mm) (wt. %)</u>	
Larger than 63.5 mm	No variance
Less than 63.5 mm	No variance
Less than 38.1 mm	8.26
Less than 19.1 mm	12.04
Less than 9.5 mm	10.66
Less than 4.7 mm	8.08
Less than 2.4 mm	6.00

a/ Variability based on sample data reported in Appendix B (Table B-8).

b/ Variance not calculated because of large number of trace or zero responses.

In addition to accounting for a portion of the decreased material recovery, the increases in air emissions from the ADS and HM systems indicate a more difficult materials handling problem with fine grind RDF (e.g., windborne losses are likely to increase, etc.).

Heating value of the fine grind RDF was low, being only 9,630 kJ/kg (4,140 Btu/lb) at 25.08% moisture. As shown in Figure 14, a heating value of 10,828 kJ/kg (5,055 Btu/lb) would be expected for regular grind RDF at this moisture content. This low RDF heating value was due to the low heating value of the incoming raw refuse. Heating value of S1 (mill discharge) for fine grind tests was 9,476 kJ/kg (4,074 Btu/lb) at 24.6% moisture compared to the lowest weekly average for regular grind of 10,697 kJ/kg (4,599 Btu/lb) at 28% moisture. The reason for the lower heating value of S1 is not apparent from the compositional analysis.

The majority of regular grind refuse streams will pass a 38.1-mm (1.5-in.) square screen while the majority of fine grind refuse streams will pass a 19.1-mm (0.75-in.) square screen (see Table 21). For the first four daily samples, 100% of the sample from S1 passed a 38.1-mm (1.5-in.) screen. On the fifth day, the hammermill screen was torn badly enough that only 99.1% of the S1 sample passed a 38.1-mm (1.5-in.) screen. Therefore, for the 5-day average, 99.8% of the fine grind material passed a 38.1-mm (1.5-in.) screen.

The following comparison shows that the reduction in mean particle size was approximately equivalent for all streams except the ferrous metal (S8), which had a larger size reduction.

	<u>Geometric mean diameter-mm</u>			
	<u>S1</u>	<u>S2</u>	<u>S5</u>	<u>S8</u>
Regular grind (Table 9)	8.9	8.9	14.2	16.5
Fine grind (Table 21)	<u>5.3</u>	<u>4.6</u>	<u>8.6</u>	<u>10.4</u>
Change (decrease in size)	3.6	4.3	5.6	6.1

The nuggetizer produced a much smaller size of ferrous metal by-product during fine grind because it has a smaller input particle size material to handle.

The dispersion about the mean (geometric standard deviation) was smaller for fine grind except for the ferrous metal by-product which exhibited no change.

Using the fine grind grates reduced the hammermill capacity to an average of 22.6 Mg/hr (25 tons/hr), with a range of 20.8 to 27.0 Mg/hr (23 to 30 tons/hr). Regular grind processing rate during the period September 23, 1974, through September 5, 1975, averaged 31.0 Mg/hr (34.2 tons/hr).

After each day's operation, the hammermill was opened and the fine grind grate inspected. By the end of the second day, structural failure of the grate had commenced. The grate was torn in several places and these tears became larger and more numerous with each successive day's operation. Several irregular splits approximately 152 mm (6 in.) long had occurred in the grate. Continued operation would have caused these to open up, allowing large refuse particles to pass into the system which may have clogged the materials handling equipment.

In summary, the processing plant is capable of processing refuse using 32-mm (1-1/4 in.) diameter opening hammermill grates with a 28% reduction in average processing rate as compared to the normally used grates with 76-mm (3-in.) square openings. However, because grate life was only 869 Mg (958 tons), fine grinding of raw refuse does not appear attractive. Also, associated testing of fine grind refuse at the power plant did not indicate any significant increase in combustion efficiency.

#### PLANT MATERIAL BALANCE

The total material balance for the entire 1-year test period of September 23, 1974, through September 30, 1975, is shown in Appendix B (Tables B-7a and B-7b). Table B-7a shows the actual weights of the material balance while Table B-7b shows the material balance in percent form.

During this 1-year period of 53 weeks, plant production occurred during 45 weeks with 8 weeks during which the plant did not operate. Following is a summary of the yearly total.

# PLANT MATERIAL BALANCE--TOTAL FOR THE YEAR

	<u>Stream</u>	<u>Mg</u>	<u>%</u>
Plant input			
Raw refuse received	S1	28,052.6	100
Plant output			
RDF	S2	22,610.9	80.60
Fe metal by-product	S8	1,268.2	4.52
Magnetic belt rejects	S5	2,019.8	7.20
Magnetic drum rejects	S7	<u>29.7</u>	<u>0.11</u>
Total		25,928.5	92.43
Material balance weight loss		2,124.1	7.57

The data in Tables B-7a and B-7b and the summary show that there was always a material loss. That is, the amount of plant output (S2, S5, S7, and S8) never equaled the amount of incoming raw refuse (S1). There are five possible sources of this loss.

1. Particulate and moisture loss from the hammermill dust collection system.
2. Particulate and moisture loss from the ADS system air flow.
3. Spillage from equipment.
4. Possible scale errors in weighing magnetic drum rejects (S7).
5. Possible scale errors in weighing trucks.

Emission test data have shown that the maximum particulates and moisture losses from the hammermill and ADS system could account for about 1.5% of the losses. Unfortunately, no method was available to accurately measure equipment spillage. However, this spillage is estimated to be considerably less than 1% basis visual observations, and therefore, would not account for much of the overall material loss.

Magnetic drum rejects were weighed each day by MRI field personnel. The rejects were collected in a small enclosure underneath the magnetic drum. At the end of each day, this material was manually scooped into a 0.02 m<sup>3</sup> (0.7 ft<sup>3</sup>) container and weighed using a portable spring scale. The accuracy of this

scale was verified by weight comparisons to the large dial scale located in the field trailer and used to make bulk density measurements. Also, magnetic drum rejects account for only 0.11% of the total plant input, so that even if scale errors existed, they would not have a major effect on the total plant material balance.

Because the above four items of particulate loss, moisture loss, spillage, and magnetic drum reject scale error could not account for all of the plant material loss, scale operations in weighing trucks were investigated as a possible cause of the material imbalances.

The scale at the refuse processing plant is not used for buying or selling, and therefore is not a certified scale. That is, it is not a scale whose accuracy is periodically checked and certified as being correct by the City of St. Louis, Division of Weights and Measures, the governmental agency responsible for licensing weighing devices used in commercial transactions in the St. Louis area.

Therefore, a test was conducted whereby refuse processing plant trucks, selected at random, were weighed both on the refuse processing plant scale and official scales, inspected and licensed by the St. Louis Division of Weights and Measures. The number of trucks involved in this study and the scale error is as follows:

<u>Truck category</u>	<u>No. of trucks</u>	<u>Official scale</u>	<u>Average processing plant scale error (%)</u>
Raw refuse	10	Industrial Sugar	0.92 heavy
Fe metal and magnetic belt rejects	3	Industrial Sugar	3.62 light
RDF	2	Union Electric	1.56 heavy

The Industrial Sugar Company scale is located at 3600 South First Street, only 5 blocks away from the refuse processing plant at 4100 South First Street. The Union Electric scale used was the truck scale at the Union Electric Meramec plant.

The result of this test is that the plant weight records show more raw refuse received and less Fe metal and magnetic belt rejects shipped than is actually true. These two scale errors account for a material loss in the plant weight records. However, this is offset by the fact that the plant weight records show more

RDF shipped than was actually true, making up in part for the material loss due to scale error in weighing the raw refuse and Fe metal and rejects trucks.

Also, these scale errors cannot be summed directly because they do not all apply to the same tonnages. Table B-7b shows the total recorded tonnage for the year. Applying these known scale errors and the 1.5% moisture and particulate loss results in a net 6% material loss as shown in Figure 15.

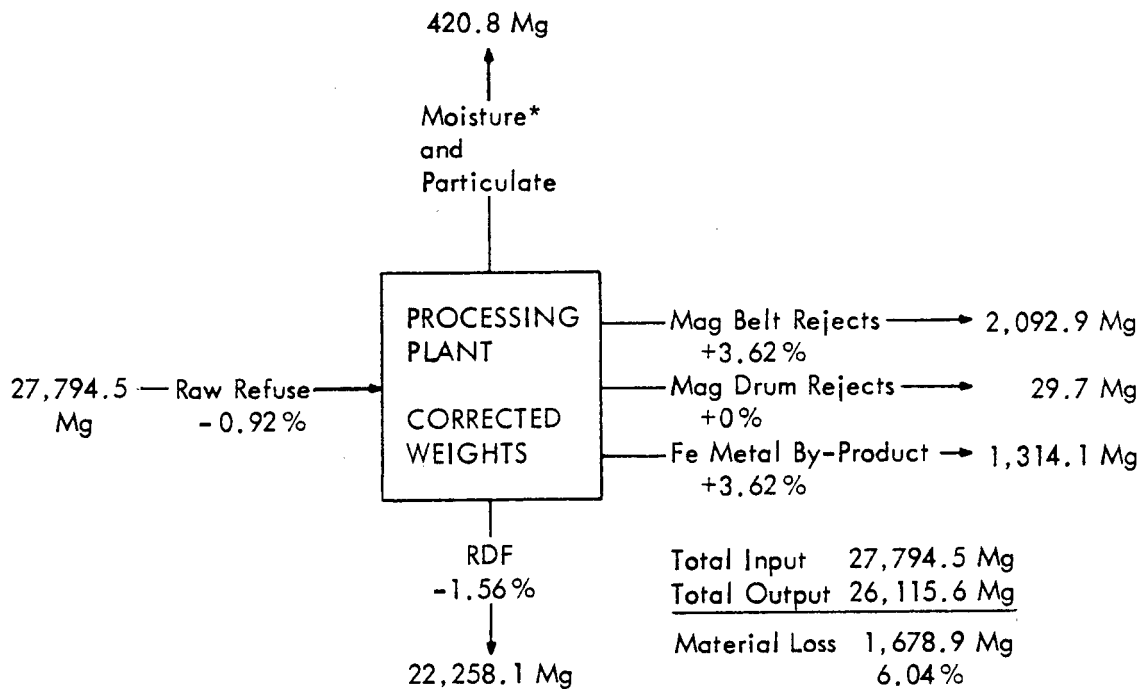
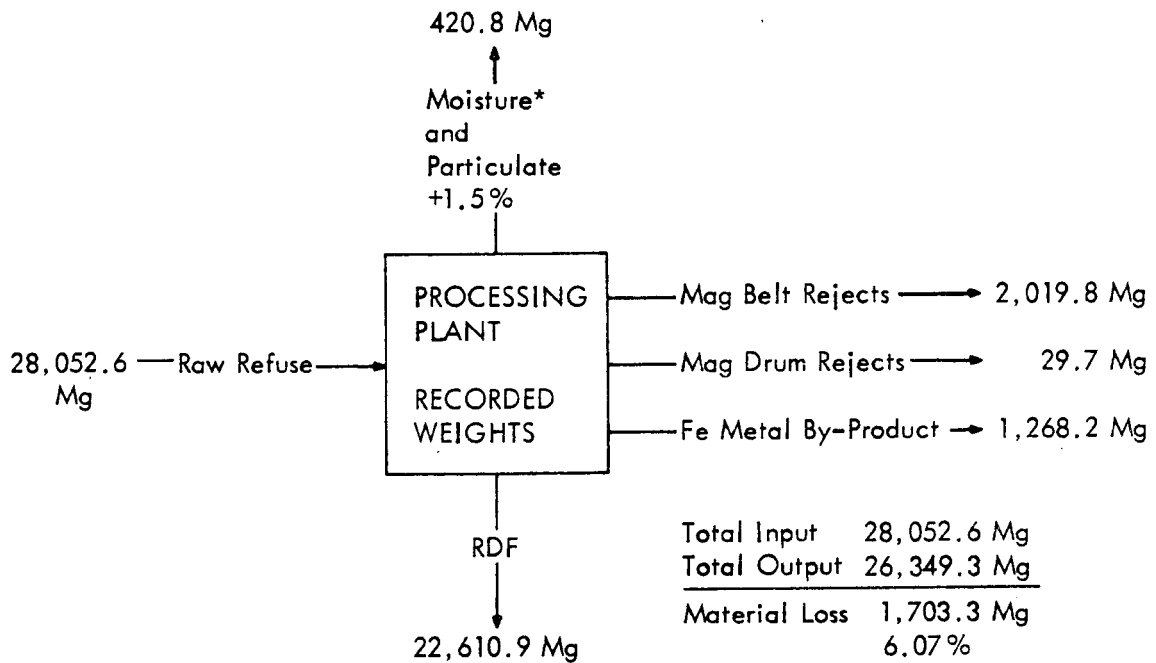
This test shows that the individual categories of truck errors partially cancel one another and do not yield any scale error significant to the total material balance weight loss.

The RDF produced was calculated by taking the storage bin shipments for the week and applying the storage bin differential between the start and end of the week. The amount of RDF in the storage bin was estimated from visual observations. Thus, it is possible that a material balance error could result from errors in calculating the storage bin differential. An analysis of the storage bin shipments was made by totaling the storage bin shipments over the year's test period taking into account that the storage bin was empty at the end of the test period and contained an estimated 11.8 Mg (13 tons) at the beginning of the test period. The total storage bin discharge agreed within 1% of the calculated total RDF produced. Therefore, while storage bin inventory differential could possibly produce a material balance error during an individual week, the storage bin inventory differentials cancel out over the total test period and the 6% unaccounted material loss cannot be explained from the method used to calculate RDF produced.

The RDF trucks were all weighed. When RDF trucks are loaded at the packer station, a log sheet is prepared showing the trucks loaded per day. Also, at the power plant receiving building, a similar log sheet is prepared, showing the trucks unloaded per day. These two log sheets and the scale records all agreed. Therefore, to have an RDF truck not weighed, all three records (load, scale and unload log) would have to be in error, and this is highly unlikely.

Three possibilities exist which could explain part of the remaining material balance error.

1. Unweighed raw refuse trucks: When incoming raw refuse trucks enter the plant, they first pass over the city scale. After weighing, the truck driver is then told to proceed either to the incinerator or the refuse processing plant and his truck weight recorded accordingly by the scale operator on a log sheet. While it was never observed to have happened, it is possible that the raw refuse truck driver could have made a mistake and discharged his truckload at the incinerator when he was intended to discharge at the processing plant.



\* Moisture and particulate loss estimated from environmental tests.

Figure 15. Corrected plant input-output weights

2. Unweighed Fe metal and rejects trucks: When the magnetic belt reject and Fe metal trucks are full, they are weighed on the city scale before they discharge their loads on the city property. While it was never observed to have

happened, it is possible that a plant workman could have mistakenly discharged a truckload of material either at the Fe metal stockpile or the city landfill without weighing his truck.

3. Hammermill: The weight of the raw refuse received is the weight of material before it enters the hammermill. Samples were taken after the material left the hammermill (S1). Therefore, comparison of samples before and after the hammermill was not possible. There could have been moisture and other volatile material loss during the shredding operation in the hammermill. It is known that there was moisture loss through the hammermill dust collection system and this has been accounted for. However, there could have been additional loss through the inlet throat and discharge opening of the hammermill. It was observed that outward flowing air currents or blowback from the hammermill inlet throat did occur. There was no way to measure this air flow, but it conceivably could carry away moisture and other vapors from the refuse as it is being shredded.

Between 1966 and 1972, studies of shredding municipal refuse were conducted at Madison, Wisconsin.<sup>2/</sup> The process involved in this study was shredding only; no air separation, metal recovery, or other process operations were involved. Recent conversations with personnel in the Engineering Division, City of Madison, revealed that they had experienced material loss ranging from 2 to 5%. Since only a shredder was involved, this loss is entirely the loss attributable to the shredder. Like the St. Louis project, they could not account for this loss through documentation. They theorize that the loss is due to moisture loss, spillage, and trucks sometimes not being weighed.

In 1970, Sanders<sup>3/</sup> reported results of the Bureau of Solid Waste's experiments shredding municipal refuse. In one set of experiments, measured moisture loss across the shredder ranged from an average 4 to 7%. In a second experiment, actual measured weight loss across the shredder was 5.98%.

While the St. Louis project unaccounted error of 6.04% is slightly higher than the Madison project error range of 2 to 5%, it is within the 4 to 7% moisture loss range and practically identical to the 5.98% weight loss reported in the Bureau of Solid Waste study. While it has not been possible to document the precise reason for the St. Louis weight loss, it is important to note that others have had the same experience.

The St. Louis plant was not constructed to allow material weight checks directly across the hammermill or any of the other pieces of processing equipment. In any future projects, the initial plant design should consider need for or use of weighing equipment. Such items as optional by-pass chutes and/or conveyors and space allowed for installation of automatic in-plant bulk weighing scales should be considered. Availability of such equipment would permit detailed weight checks across individual items of equipment.

## EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

Studies conducted at the processing plant to evaluate environmental impacts were directed to quantifying emissions and evaluating other environmental aspects of the facility and its operations. The objectives of the tests follow:

1. Determine mass emission rates and particle size for particulate matter discharged from the Air Density Separator (ADS) and from the hammermill (HM) cyclone for both regular grind and fine grind refuse.
2. Conduct analysis of particulate matter emissions in an effort to identify potential hazards that may exist due to bacteria and virus.
3. Quantify water effluents and pollutant levels therein.
4. Make preliminary assessment of the leachability of all solid waste effluents that do or can occur from this facility.
5. Carry out a noise survey in and around the processing plant for comparison with existing O.S.H.A. standards.

Results of the environmental test activities are presented and discussed in the following subsections of this report. In some cases, details of test procedures and tabulations of data are contained in the appendices as noted.

### AIR EMISSIONS: PARTICULATE AIR EMISSIONS FROM AIR DENSITY SEPARATOR AND HAMMERMILL CYCLONES

Tests were performed to determine conventional particulate emissions as well as bacteria and virus levels in the exhaust streams from the ADS and HM systems. Results of the tests are discussed next.

#### Conventional Particulate Emissions

Primary sources of air emissions are the discharges from the Air Density Separator (ADS) cyclone and the hammermill dust collection system (HM) cyclone.

Both of these sources were tested on three separate periods, twice during periods when regular grind RDF was being produced, and one other period during which fine

grind RDF was being produced for Union Electric via substitution of 32-mm (1-1/4 in.) diameter round hole grates in the hammermill rather than the normal 76 by 76-mm (3 by 3-in.) opening grates.

Analysis of the processing plant refuse streams during the test periods is included in the data tabulated in preceding sections of this report. A description of the air emission test procedures and tabulations of the test data are presented in Appendix C.

A summary of the mass emissions from the ADS and HM for all three test periods is shown in Table 24. The particle size distribution tests that were carried out during two of those periods are presented in Figures 16 and 17.

#### ADS Emissions--

Mass emissions from the ADS cyclone for the eight regular grind tests ranged from 9.0 to 33.5 kg/hr (19.9 to 79.9 lb/hr) with an average of 27.2 kg/hr (60 lb/hr) with corresponding emission rates from 0.28 to 1.99 kg/Mg (0.56 to 3.97 lb/ton) with an average of 0.95 kg/Mg (1.89 lb/ton). This emission rate indicates the need for controlling or reducing the emissions in future plants of this type.

Particle size tests on the ADS cyclone discharge during regular grind operations (Figure 16) showed that at least 80% of the particulate emissions were larger than 10  $\mu$ m. Based on visual observations, it was suspected that a considerable number of the emissions were probably much larger than 10  $\mu$ m.

It was thought worthwhile to try to quantify the emission of these particles for comparison with the overall average emission rate of 27.2 kg/hr. Therefore, a net arrangement was constructed of nylon mesh with openings of 6.4 by 6.4 mm (1/4 by 1/4 in.). During 4 days in December 1974 and January 1975, this net was placed over the outlet of the ADS fan for approximately 1/2 hr each day in an attempt to capture and weigh all of the larger particles. These tests (Table 25) showed that the emission rate of large particles greater than 6.4 mm (1/4 in.) ranged from 2.0 to 3.6 kg/hr (4.3 to 8.0 lb/hr) with an average of 2.5 kg/hr (5.6 lb/hr). The composition of this effluent was also scrutinized. Much of it was found to be pieces of paper and plastic, as well as miscellaneous fibrous materials. Most importantly, the heating value of these emissions was 17,617 kJ/kg (7,574 Btu/lb) higher than the RDF produced on the same day.

Because the emission of the larger particles was a nuisance problem in the near plant vicinity, the ADS discharge ducting was changed to direct the discharge into a settling chamber area underneath the RDF storage bin. This settling chamber was an area approximately 11.6 by 5.2 m (38 by 17 ft) and 3.0 m (10 ft) in height which was enclosed with 1.6 mm (1/16 in.) square opening nylon mesh. No tests were conducted to determine efficiency of particulate removal of this arrangement, but it did remove most of the larger particles and abated the associated nuisance problem. However, more effective control methods such as use of fabric filters is recommended in future plants.

Table 24. RESULTS OF EMISSION TESTS AT PROCESSING PLANT

	ADS cyclone discharge (regular grind)					ADS cyclone discharge (fine grind)			ADS cyclone discharge (regular grind) - hazardous tests		
	Test No. 1	Test No. 2	Test No. 3	Test No. 4	Test No. 5	Test No. 20	Test No. 21	Test No. 22	Test No. 1	Test No. 2	Test No. 3
	November 19, 1974	November 20, 1974	November 20, 1974	November 20, 1974	November 20, 1974	April 18, 1975	April 19, 1975	April 19, 1975	June 30, 1975	July 1, 1975	July 1, 1975
Gas flow (air) (Nm <sup>3</sup> /s)	12.06	11.00	14.16	14.59	14.47	9.77	10.85	10.95	13.64	13.40	13.40
Particulate concentration (g/Nm <sup>3</sup> )	0.204	0.641	0.387	0.556	0.602	1.497	1.330	1.755	0.252	0.687	1.236
Particulate emissions (kg/hr)	9.03	25.08	19.50	28.85	30.94	51.53	51.39	67.99	11.93	33.48	14.88
Refuse processing rate (Mg/hr)	32.1	29.8	29.8	29.8	29.8	20.8	20.9	20.9	18.1	29.8	29.8
Emission rate (kg/Mg)	0.28	0.84	0.66	0.97	1.04	2.48	2.47	3.26	0.66	1.13	1.99
	<u>Hammermill cyclone discharge (regular grind)</u>					<u>HM cyclone discharge (fine grind)</u>			<u>HM cyclone discharge (regular grind) - hazardous tests</u>		
	Test No. 6			Test No. 7		Test No. 23	Test No. 24	Test No. 25	Test No. 1	Test No. 2	Test No. 3
	November 21, 1974			November 21, 1974		April 19, 1975	April 21, 1975	April 21, 1975	July 1, 1975	July 2, 1975	July 2, 1975
Gas flow (air) (Nm <sup>3</sup> /s)	0.89			0.87		0.69	0.68	0.68	0.78	0.78	0.78
Particulate concentration (g/Nm <sup>3</sup> )	0.019			0.003		1.236	1.197	1.371	1.167	1.098	1.396
Particulate emissions (kg/hr)	0.058			0.008		2.77	2.74	3.01	3.27	3.08	3.90
Refuse processing rate (Mg/hr)	31.1			31.1		20.9	20.9	20.9	29.8	25.7	25.7
Emission rate (kg/Mg)	0.002			< 0.0005		0.133	0.132	0.144	0.110	0.120	0.152

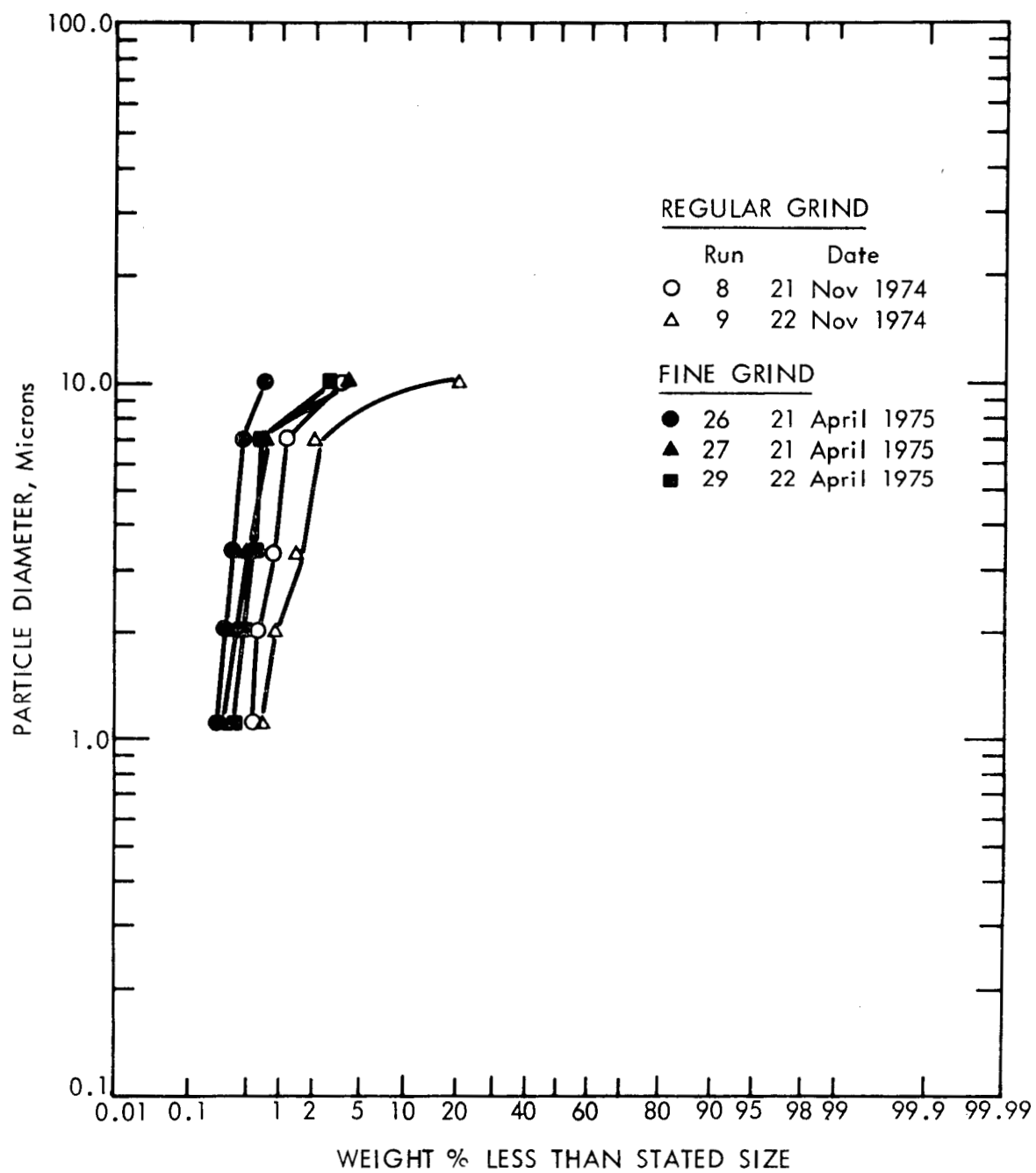


Figure 16. Particle size distribution for ADS cyclone discharge

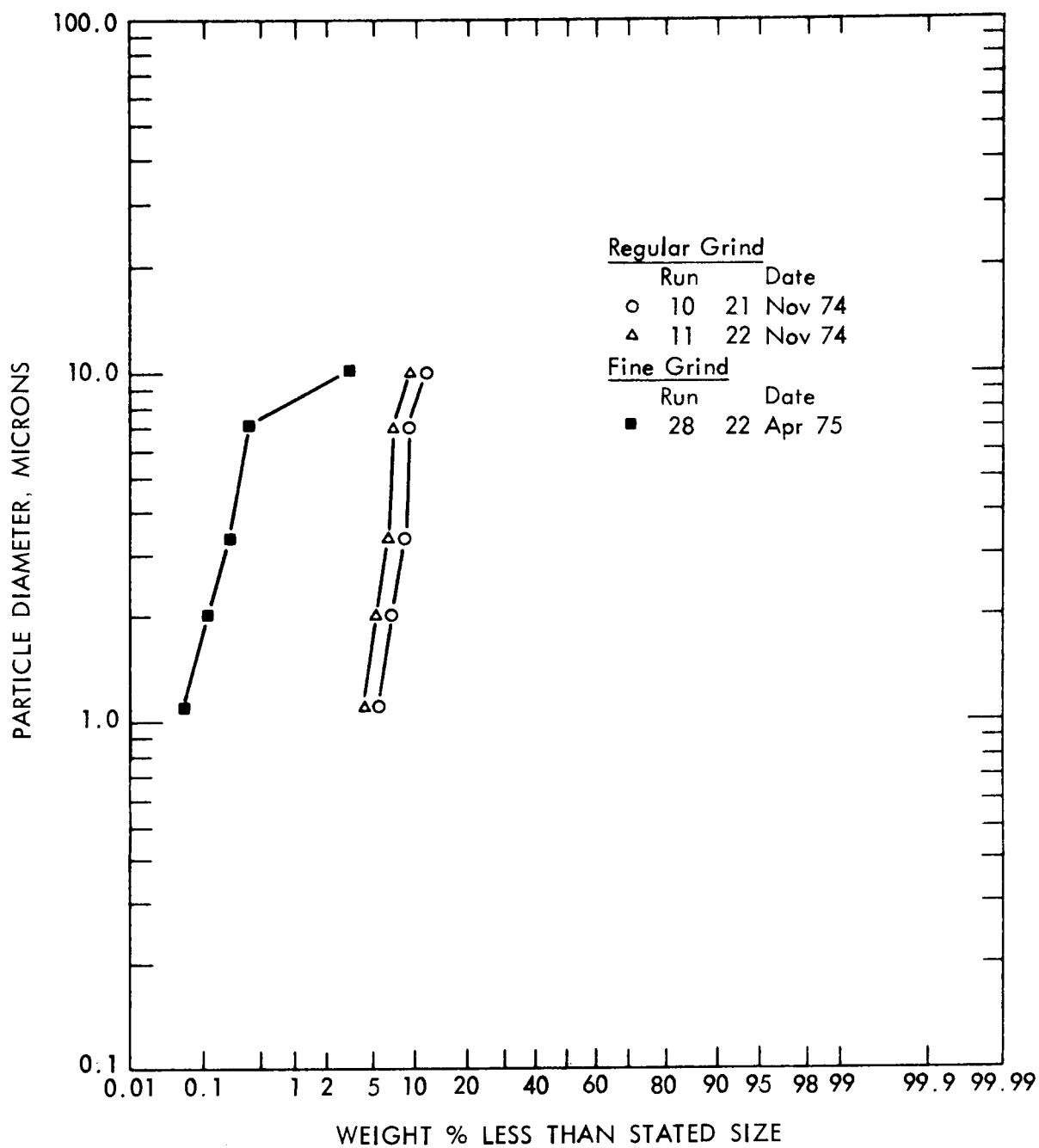


Figure 17. Particle size distribution for hammermill cyclone discharge

Table 25. TEST DATA ON PARTICLES CAPTURED BY 6.4 BY 6.4 mm SQUARE OPENING NET PLACED OVER ADS FAN DISCHARGE AND COMPARISON TO REFUSE FUEL COLLECTED BY CYCLONE (STREAM S2)

(All percent by weight. All results on sample of received basis.)

	ADS fan discharge				RDF (Stream S2) material
	Monday	Tuesday	Thursday	Monday	collected by cyclone
	December 30,	December 31,	January 2,	January 6,	Monday
	1974	1974	1975	1975	January 6, 1975
Test time (min:sec)	13:27	30:00	30:00	31:15	Composite of four subsamples taken during same 31:15 min time span as ADS discharge.
Emissions(kg/hr)	3.6	2.5	2.0	2.0	
Fan air flow (actual m <sup>3</sup> /s)	12.94	14.78	14.72	14.23	
<u>Sample composition</u>					
Density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> ) <sup>a/</sup>	28.8	33.6	36.8	25.6	75.3
Paper (%)	33.2	49.0	21.2	15.0	68.7
Plastic (%)	13.2	30.5	8.2	15.0	4.0
Wood (%)	0	0	0	0	3.0
Glass (%)	0	0	0	0	3.8
Magnetic metal (%)	0	0	0	0	0
Other metals (%)	0	0.3 <sup>c/</sup>	0	0	0.2
Organics (%)	0	0	0	0	7.8
Miscellaneous (%) <sup>b/</sup>	53.6	20.2	70.6	70.0	12.5
<u>Proximate and ultimate analysis</u>					
Heating value (kJ/kg)			17,617		12,452
Moisture (%)			7.17		25.20
Ash (%)			11.77		18.22
Volatile matter (%)			69.38		47.43
Fixed carbon (%)			11.68		9.16
Carbon (%)			40.03		28.45
Hydrogen (%)			5.84		3.94
Oxygen (by difference) (%)			34.40		23.53
Sulfur (%)			0.24		0.12
Nitrogen (%)			0.55		0.54
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>					
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )			0.51		0.49
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )			1.07		1.34
Cu (CuO)			0.01		0.02
Pb (PbO)			0.02		0.03
Ni (NiO)			0.003		0.01
Zn (ZnO)			0.04		0.03
<u>Size (mm)</u>					
Percent larger than 63.5			0		0
Percent less than 63.5			100.0		100.0
Percent less than 38.1			93.2		95.9
Percent less than 19.1			16.9		68.6
Percent less than 9.5			5.0		38.2
Percent less than 4.8			3.3		23.0
Percent less than 2.4			1.6		16.5
<u>Particle size</u>					
Geometric mean diameter (mm)			23.4		10.2
Geometric standard deviation			1.71		2.75

a/ Uncompacted density material very fluffy.

b/ Miscellaneous consists of the following: grass, paper fibers, threads, rug fibers, cloth fibers, small pieces of tissue, dust particles, feathers, and styrofoam.

c/ Aluminum foil.

As mentioned earlier, another series of mass emission (and particle size) tests was conducted on the ADS system when fine grind RDF was being produced. Data from these tests (Table 24) showed that emissions averaged 57.0 kg/hr (125.6 lb/hr), which is about twice as high as the average for the regular grind tests. Perhaps more importantly, the average emission rate was 2.74 kg/Mg (5.47 lb/ton), about three times higher than that for regular grind refuse. The reduced processing rate for fine grind necessitated reduced air flow in the ADS system, which may have impaired removal efficiency in the ADS cyclone. The particle size distribution of the ADS emissions during the fine grind tests was similar to those during regular grind tests (Figure 16) and certainly did not indicate any increase in the percent of particles smaller than 10  $\mu$ m. On this basis, it can be concluded that decreasing the grind size does not increase the percentage of fine particles greater than 10  $\mu$ m in the ADS emissions.

#### HM Emissions--

During the same three periods when the ADS emissions were measured, similar tests were also carried out on the discharge from the hammermill (HM) cyclone. As expected, the emissions from the HM are less than from the ADS system, but the data for regular grind RDF cover a wide range of 0.008 to 3.9 kg/hr (0.02 to 8.6 lb/hr). Emissions measured in the first two tests (November 1974) are much lower than those measured in the three tests later in July 1975. Reasons for this variation are not known, but confidence in the July 1975 tests is better because the HM cyclone had been cleaned out and inspected on the day preceding the July 1975 tests.

If it is assumed that the July 1975 regular grind tests are most representative, then comparisons with the fine grind tests in April 1975 lead to the conclusions that HM fine grind emissions on an hourly basis are somewhat lower, averaging 2.8 kg/hr (6.3 lb/hr) versus 3.4 kg/hr (7.5 lb/hr), but that the emission factors are about the same, approximately 0.13 kg/Mg (0.26 lb/ton). In any case, it is evident from the data that the emission rate from the HM is considerably less than that from the ADS system.

The emission test data from the HM cyclone (Appendix C) show that the effluent gas temperature was about 14°C (25°F) above ambient and that it contained a relatively high moisture content (~ 4% moisture by volume) being near saturation. This result verifies the expectation that the HM causes a temperature increase and removes some moisture from the refuse stream.

Particle size distribution tests were also conducted on the effluent from the HM cyclone as shown in Figure 17. As was the case for the ADS cyclone effluent, the tests showed that most of the particulate matter (> 80%) was greater than 10  $\mu$ m in size.

Comparison of the particle size distribution for regular grind and fine grind RDF (Figure 17) seems to indicate that a greater portion of the emissions were smaller than 10  $\mu\text{m}$  for regular grind RDF than for fine grind RDF. However, this is probably a result of the fact that the regular grind particle size tests were done at the same time as the November 1974 mass emission tests, which were much lower than in succeeding tests. No particle size tests were carried out during the later tests in June 1975.

#### Potentially Hazardous Air Emissions (Bacteria and Virus Emissions)

Processing of municipal solid wastes, as is done in preparing the RDF at the St. Louis operation, does involve materials that undoubtedly contain some pathogens. Part of the environmental evaluations included some preliminary tests to quantify bacteria and virus levels in the air streams emitted from the ADS cyclone, HM cyclone, and the RDF storage bin. Levels in suburban ambient air were also determined to provide some basis for comparison. Samples were taken at the following locations:

- \* Air exhaust duct leading from the ADS and HM cyclones.
- \* Inside walkway at top of storage bin where RDF is discharged from a conveyor belt.
- \* Backyard of a single family suburban residence located 32 km (20 miles) west of the refuse processing plant.

The methods of collecting samples for the ADS and HM emissions for bacterial and virus analysis were the same as those described in Appendix A for the particulate mass emission tests. The method is basically a high volume air sampling technique in which the particulate matter is collected on filter paper. Since the amount of particulate matter collected on the filter is quite high within the 1 to 10 g (15.4 to 154 grain) range, it was possible to remove most of the particulate catch from the filter, and split it into two parts, which were weighed and transferred into sterile bottles. A diagram depicting handling, disposition, and analysis requirements for the samples is shown in Figure 18.

Air samples from the top of the RDF storage bin and ambient air samples were also handled as shown in Figure 18 with the samples being obtained by use of ordinary ambient high volume particulate samplers. However, in the case of the suburban ambient air samples, the amount of collected particulate was so small that it could not be removed from the filter and analyzed separately, as was the case for the other samples (ADS, HM, and storage bin). The storage bin samples were not analyzed for virus content, and it was not possible to determine the particulate emission rate from the top of the storage bin (but it is probably much lower than that from the ADS cyclone).

SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS REQUIREMENTS  
FOR HAZARDOUS TESTS AT PROCESSING PLANT

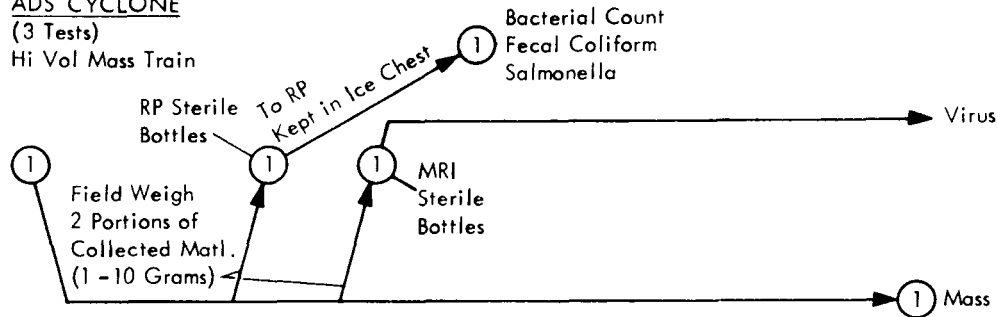
RALSTON - PURINA

MRI

ADS CYCLONE

(3 Tests)

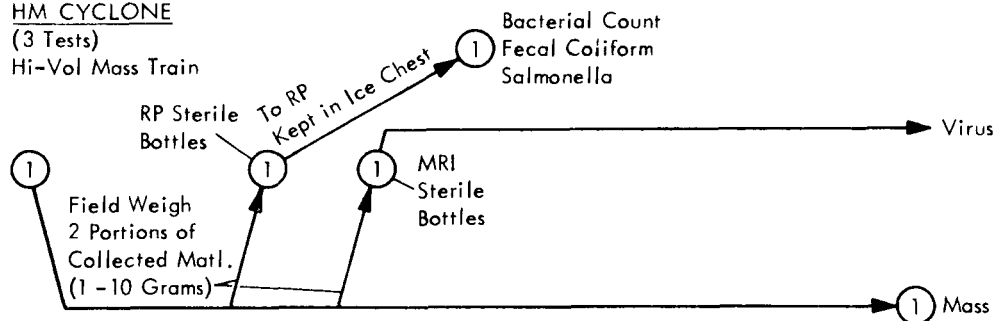
Hi Vol Mass Train



HM CYCLONE

(3 Tests)

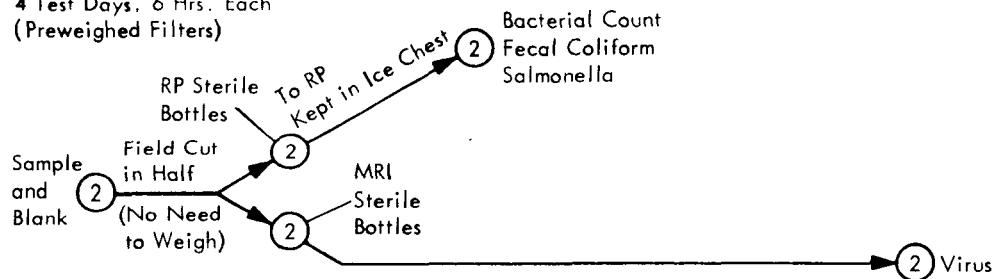
Hi-Vol Mass Train



AMBIENT HI VOL

4 Test Days, 6 Hrs. Each

(Prewieghed Filters)



STORAGE BIN HI VOL

- 4 Test Days, 6 Hrs. Each

or Plant Operating Time

(Prewieghed Filters)

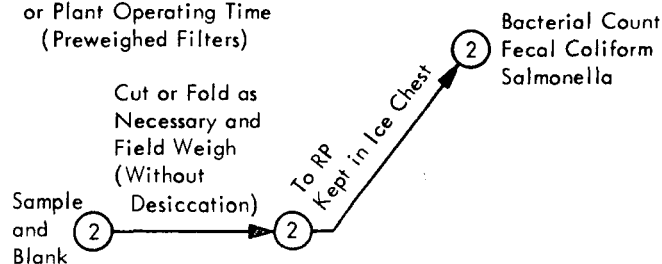


Figure 18. Sampling flow chart for hazardous emission tests

Results of the bacteria and virus tests are presented in Tables 26 through 28. Interpretation and evaluations of these results are provided in the following two sections: the first pertaining to the bacteria results, and the second pertaining to the methodology and results for the virus tests.

#### Bacteria Emissions--

Results of the bacteria tests indicate bacteria levels that are several orders of magnitude higher than in the suburban ambient air samples (Table 28). Also, several of the samples showed the presence of salmonella, which are the agents responsible for some forms of food poisoning.

It was expected that fecal coliform and other bacteria would be present in the emissions from the plant because of the nature of the material processed. However, the seemingly large numbers make it imperative that they be evaluated on some rational basis. Because of the possible significance of the results, a search of the literature was made in an effort to obtain additional information, especially that pertaining to bacteria (and virus) levels in air. This literature search did provide some useful input for evaluating and comparing the St. Louis results as discussed below.

Work by Peterson<sup>4/</sup> indicated that samples of raw refuse contained total bacteria ranging from  $7.6 \times 10^7$  to  $4.1 \times 10^8$  counts per gram ( $3.5 \times 10^{10}$  to  $1.9 \times 10^{11}$  counts per pound) and fecal coliform of  $2.3 \times 10^4$  to  $4.0 \times 10^5$  counts per gram ( $1.0 \times 10^7$  to  $1.8 \times 10^8$  counts per pound). These values are quite close to those found in the particulate matter discharged from the ADS and HM cyclones. In summary, as expected, particulate matter discharged from the ADS and HM cyclones contains about the same level of bacterial contamination as does the raw refuse.

Bacterial levels in air have been studied to a limited extent for some operations where airborne pathogens might present a potential hazard (i.e., refuse handling operations and sewage treatment plants).

Glysson<sup>5/</sup> conducted tests on bacteria in air samples taken inside and outside of an enclosed refuse handling facility.\* In general, it was found that the air inside the facility contained bacteria levels of 530 to 78,000 counts per cubic meter (15 to 2,210 counts per cubic foot). Bacteria concentration in the air samples taken 30 m (100 ft) outside of the enclosed facility ranged from 134 to 629 counts per cubic meter (3.8 to 17.8 counts per cubic foot) which compares well with the ambient samples taken in St. Louis. Preliminary reports of work by Trezek<sup>6/</sup> at the Richmond Field Station Resource Recovery System showed initial bacteria levels of 600 to 1,770 counts per cubic meter (17 to 50 counts per cubic foot) within the facility which increased to 4,730 to 12,700 counts per cubic meter (134 to 360 counts per cubic foot) during operating periods.

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\* Manual and mechanical refuse handling operations not involving air classification.

Table 26. SUMMARY OF TESTS ON HAZARDOUS EMISSIONS FROM AIR DENSITY SEPARATOR AND HAMMERMILL CYCLONES

Test No. and date	Raw refuse processing rate (Mg/hr)	Air flow (dNm <sup>3</sup> /s)	Mass emissions g/m <sup>3</sup> kg/hr		Emission factor (kg/Mg)	Bacteria concentrations			Enterovirus concentrations				Bacteriophage for E. coli	
						Bacteria counts/gram <sup>a</sup> / (counts/dNm <sup>3</sup> )	Fecal coliform MPN/gram <sup>b</sup> / (MPN/dNm <sup>3</sup> )	Salmonella present (pos.) absent (neg.) and group	Tests in LLC-MK <sub>2</sub> cells		Tests in KB cells			
									PFU/g	PFU/m <sup>3</sup>	PFU/g	PFU/m <sup>3</sup>		
a. <u>ADS cyclone</u>														
1 (June 30, 1975)	18.1	13.64	0.25	11.9	0.66	27,000 (6,700)	2,100 (530)	Neg.	? <sup>d</sup> /	? <sup>d</sup> /	218	6	640,000	166,000
2 (July 1, 1975)	29.8	13.40	0.69	33.5	1.13	370,000,000 (256,000,000)	29,000 (20,000)	Pos. E 1	≥ 24,700	≥ 17,410	≥ 24,700	≥ 17,410	110,000	71,000
3 (July 1, 1975)	29.8	13.40	1.24	14.9	1.99	260,000,000 (318,000,000)	> 110,000 (> 134,000)	Pos. E 2	685-68,500	872-87,000	? <sup>d</sup> /	? <sup>d</sup> /	86,000	109,000
b. <u>HM cyclone<sup>c</sup></u>														
1 (July 1, 1975)	29.8	0.78	1.17	3.3	0.11	730,000,000 (848,000,000)	2,900 (3,390)	Pos. C 1	? <sup>d</sup> /	? <sup>d</sup> /	7.35	9	90,000	109,000
2 (July 2, 1975)	25.7	0.78	1.10	3.1	0.12	160,000,000 (177,000,000)	43,000 (45,900)	Neg.	~ 171,232	~ 193,524	? <sup>d</sup> /	? <sup>d</sup> /	27,000	28,000
3 (July 2, 1975)	25.7	0.78	1.40	3.9	0.15	130,000,000 (180,000,000)	9,300 (13,100)	Neg.	~ 100	~ 145	? <sup>d</sup> /	? <sup>d</sup> /	900,000	2,119,000

<sup>a</sup>/ Total plate count per gram of particulate matter or per cubic meter of air emitted.<sup>b</sup>/ Most probable number (MPN).<sup>c</sup>/ Particulate concentration and emissions from HM were much higher than in previous tests. Reason for this is not known. However, cyclone had plugged up and had been washed out on day before tests.<sup>d</sup>/ Results not definitive.

Table 27. SUMMARY OF TESTS ON EMISSIONS IN STORAGE BIN

Test No. and date	Gas sampled at 1.7 m <sup>3</sup> /min rate (m <sup>3</sup> )	Particulate collected (g)	Bacteria concentration		
			Bacteria counts/gram (counts/m <sup>3</sup> ) <sup>b/</sup>	Fecal coliform MPN/gram (MPN/m <sup>3</sup> ) <sup>b/</sup>	Salmonella present (pos.) absent (neg.) and group
1 (June 30, 1975)	306	6.01	248,000,000 (4,873,000)	1,400 (28)	Neg.
2 (July 1, 1975)	296	8.71	600,000,000 (17,657,000)	29,000 (862)	Neg.
3 (July 2, 1975)	311	1.08	145,000,000 (494,000)	512,000 (1,783)	Pos. 0
4 (July 3, 1975)	442	52.53 <sup>a/</sup>	213,000,000 (25,073,000)	1,600 (191)	Neg.

<sup>a/</sup> Higher weight collected, probably due to fact that storage bin exhaust fan was on and distributing conveyor was on, which was not the case in Tests 1 through 3.

<sup>b/</sup> Calculated value:  $\left( \frac{\text{counts}}{\text{gram}} \right) \times \left( \frac{\text{grams of particulate}}{\text{m}^3 \text{ of gas sampled}} \right)$

Table 28. SUMMARY OF TESTS OF AMBIENT AIR ( $\approx$  32 km west of plant, hi-vol technique)

Test No. and date	Gas sampled ( $m^3$ )	Tare weight of filter <sup>a/</sup> (g)	Bacteria concentration			Enterovirus concentration		Bacteriophage for E. coli	
			Bacteria (counts/ $m^3$ )	Fecal coliform (MPN/ $m^3$ )	Salmonella present (pos.) absent (neg.) and group	Plaques per 1/2 filter pad	PFU/ $m^3$	Phage per 1/2 filter pad	Phage/ $m^3$
1 (June 30, 1975)	821	3.42	(473)	(< 0.141)	Neg.	0	< 0.0198	0	< 0.0035
2 (July 1, 1975)	886	3.50	(17)	(< 0.141)	Neg.	0	< 0.0184	0	< 0.0035
3 (July 2, 1975)	1,017	3.51	(28)	(< 0.141)	Neg.	0	< 0.0156	0	< 0.0035
4 (July 3, 1975)	643	3.52	(247)	(< 0.212)	Neg.	0	< 0.0247	0	< 0.0035

Bacteriological contamination level assuming that 850  $m^3$  of sterile air had passed through blank filter<sup>b/</sup>

Blank filters

a	None	3.50	7	Neg.	0	Not run
b	None	3.31	254	Neg.	0	Not run
c	None	3.48	< 0.035	Neg.		
d	None	3.56	0.035	Neg.		
e	None	3.53	< 0.035	Neg.		

<sup>a/</sup> Final weight of filter not determined because purpose of test was to determine biological contaminant concentrations on the basis of quantity of air sampled ( $m^3$ ).

<sup>b/</sup> Assumption made in order to compare blanks with actual samples.

Other work by Peterson<sup>7/</sup> at several incinerator plants was directed to determination of bacterial counts in refuse handling areas such as dumping floor, charging floor, and residue area, showed bacterial levels of 141 to 14,130 counts per cubic meter (4 to 400 counts per cubic foot).

Pereira<sup>8/</sup> reported on bacterial sampling work done in and around the aeration building of a NYC sewage treatment plant, providing the following results.

<u>Location</u>	<u>Bacterial counts/m<sup>3</sup></u>	<u>Bacterial counts/ft<sup>3</sup></u>
300 m (984 ft) upwind	17	0.48
Inside aeration building	21,809	617.56
Inside aeration building exhaust stack	890	25.21
300 m (984 ft) downwind	48	1.36

In Pereira's work, several specific pathogens were identified in the air samples. It was concluded that a possible health hazard existed for the sewage plant workers and others who reside in areas where the atmosphere is contaminated by the gaseous effluent from the sewage treatment plant.

Sorber<sup>9/</sup> conducted tests of bacterial aerosol associated with wastewater spray irrigation, and found levels that were significantly above background at distances 200 m (656 ft) from the sprayer (the greatest distance tested). This work did show that a disproportionate share of bacteriological decay occurred within the first 6 sec of exposure, and that atmospheric conditions did exert an important influence on the aerosol levels.

Thus, bacterial concentrations associated with normal refuse handling operations may range from 530 to 14,130 counts per cubic meter (15 to 400 counts per cubic foot) up to a maximum of about 70,630 counts per cubic meter (2,000 counts per cubic foot). If these aerosols were not contained, they might affect ambient levels at a distance of at least 200 to 300 m (656 to 984 ft).

Exposure of refuse workers to the increased bacterial levels could cause increases in respiratory diseases and dermatitis, but except for one report, no statistical data were available. The exception was a study by Cimino<sup>10/</sup> on workers in the NYC department of sanitation, primarily the refuse collection personnel. This study found no evidence of increased amounts of respiratory disease in uniformed sanitation men as compared with other departmental titles. However, it did find that stationary firemen employed at the incinerators had more episodes of respiratory disease and tended to have longer periods of disability there. Cimino noted that this difference might have been due to the older average age of the firemen, but that the smoke and contaminants to which they were exposed may also have been a factor.

Even though the data previously cited indicate increased bacterial levels associated with refuse handling operations, there are no known standards of bacterial concentration limits for workers or the general populace. Such standards, if they existed, would more correctly be directed to specific bacteria rather than total bacteria levels. However, the work by Glysson<sup>5/</sup> discussed the fact that tentative standards for hospital air prescribed 3.5 colonies per cubic meter (0.1 colonies per cubic foot) in very critical areas, up to an allowable concentration of 1,766 colonies per cubic meter (50 colonies per cubic foot) in working spaces. Such a standard hardly seems appropriate for refuse handling operation, or the general public, on the basis of values mentioned by Peterson<sup>7/</sup> which shows that bacterial levels in country air may be 1,978 counts per cubic meter (56 counts per cubic foot) and 2,543 to 3,990 counts per cubic meter (72 to 113 counts per cubic foot) in offices, schools, and factories.

On the basis of current information, it would seem prudent to limit the exposure of processing plant personnel to bacteria levels which do not exceed levels found in offices, schools, and factories. That is, bacterial counts probably should be less than 35,000 counts per cubic meter (1,000 counts per cubic foot) for in-plant air and 3,500 counts per cubic meter (100 counts per cubic foot) in ambient air. If these limits are assumed, it does appear that the bacterial levels measured at St. Louis may present a problem. Bacterial concentration in the ADS exhaust which is the largest emission source and is exhausted near ground level contained bacterial concentrations as high as  $318 \text{ by } 10^6$  counts per cubic meter ( $9 \text{ by } 10^6$  counts per cubic foot). Even if one assumes that 90% of the particles would settle rapidly (based on previously discussed particle size data), the levels could still be about  $32 \text{ by } 10^6$  counts per cubic meter ( $9 \text{ by } 10^5$  counts per cubic foot). If it were further assumed that the emissions are diluted by a factor of 1,000 before reaching the plant boundaries, the bacterial level could still be as high as 32,000 counts per cubic meter (900 counts per cubic foot).

Levels such as those discussed above may constitute a potential hazard, but the calculated values do not take into account possible rapid die-off expected for many bacteria. It is evident that there is a need for further testing at the St. Louis facility to measure bacterial levels for the air in and around the plant boundaries before it can be said that any hazard does exist. At this point it can only be concluded that a potential hazard may exist. More definitively, the results to date certainly do not support a conclusion that there is no potential bacterial hazard.

As a last point, it should be remembered that the mass emission data for the ADS system indicated the need for control. If efficient particulate control devices were employed on plants of this type, it is probable that they would also provide about the same efficiency of removal for bacteria. Similarly it is recommended that future plants of this type pay particular attention to control of particulate emissions and design the plant so as to minimize worker exposure.

### Virus Emissions-

Many of the samples that were tested for total bacterial counts, fecal coliform levels, and for salmonella were also tested for their viral contents. These tests were performed in the Virus Laboratories of MRI. When the tests were initiated only tests for enteroviruses were planned. However, we later elected to test also for the bacterial viruses that are found in association with Escherichia coli. For the virus tests, samples were obtained from the following sources.

1. Particulate matter from air density separator cyclone;
2. Hammermill cyclone; and
3. Suburban ambient air.

Since low levels of viruses had been anticipated and the viruses had to be eluted from the particulate matter, preliminary processing was needed. Each air particulate sample was suspended in distilled water by a 30-sec homogenization in a Waring Blender or an Omni-mixer. The homogenate was precipitated at pH 7.0 with 0.5 M  $\text{CaCl}_2$  and 0.5 M  $\text{Na}_2\text{HPO}_4$ . (Calcium hydroxyapatite is the principal product formed.) This precipitate was recovered by Buchner filtration using Whatman No. 1 paper. The precipitated material was then dissolved by chelation using 0.3 M disodium EDTA (pH 7.0). The EDTA solution (containing the viruses) was then dialyzed against distilled water to remove the EDTA. A second calcium phosphate precipitation step was performed to further concentrate and purify the sample. Following the second dialysis, part of each sample was used for viral assay, and the remainder frozen for any necessary reassays. The final samples from the concentration and purification steps were 20.0 ml each. The weight of the original particulate matter and the volume of air from which the sample was obtained were known; therefore, viral assays could be reported per gram of sample or cubic meter of air sampled.

Enteroviruses were assayed by means of standard plaque technique using the LLC-MK<sub>2</sub> cell line from monkey kidney and the KB cell line derived from an epidermoid carcinoma. Medium 199 supplemented with sterile newborn calf serum was the nutrient for the LLC-MK<sub>2</sub> cells. It was also used in the agar overlay medium for the plaque counts. The KB cells were grown in Basal Eagle's Medium supplemented with nonessential amino acids and newborn calf serum. Antibiotics (penicillin, streptomycin, and on occasions fungizone) were added to the media to suppress any bacterial contamination. Plaques were counted from 4 to 10 days after the cultures were overlayed. Neutral red (1 to 6,000) was added on the day the plaques were read and the cells were stained for approximately 4 hr at 37°C (99°F) before counting. When discrete plaques were observed, these were counted and each plaque considered as one virus. Plaque estimates (PFU = plaque forming unit) were made for some cultures which showed lysis but without discrete plaque formation. A known standard poliovirus (Type 1) was always assayed at the same time as each unknown sample so that the tissue culture sensitivity of the cultures was known for each day's testing.

Test for E. coli bacteriophages were made with the purified and concentrated sampled using standard phage techniques.<sup>11/</sup> The host cells were fecal coliform strains isolated from sewage samples previously studied on another MRI program. Serial dilutions of the test samples were added to 4 ml volumes of melted and cooled to 42°C (108°F) agar to which an appropriate number of rapidly growing E. coli cells was added and the mixture immediately poured on the top of a prepoured layer of nutrient agar. These "sandwich" type cultures were incubated overnight after which each discrete plaque was counted and recorded. Bacteriophage titers in the samples are reported as PFU per gram or per cubic foot.

Table 26 includes the results for enteroviruses and E. coli bacteriophages for the particulates in the ADS and HM cyclone tests. Table 28 summarizes the viral and microbial data for ambient air samples taken 32 km from the processing plant.

The data obtained on the viral content of these samples are not as "clean-cut" as we would like, and the titers for the ADS and HM samples are all much higher than we had expected.

As expected, we observed no viruses in any of the ambient air samples (see Table 28). In fact, the ambient air samples were as free of viruses as the blank filter papers assayed by the same techniques. The absence of viruses in the ambient air samples was to be expected since the total bacteria in the particulates ranged from 25 to 473/m<sup>3</sup> (0.7 to 1.4 ft<sup>3</sup>).

Based upon the high levels of fecal coliforms in the tests of the ADS and HM cyclone samples, it is not surprising that our enterovirus data are hard to interpret. Our general impression is that the samples contained appreciable levels of enteroviruses and probably many other agents capable of destroying tissue culture cells.

The plaques observed in many cases were typical of enteroviruses including poliomyelitis, but we made no attempts to classify the agents. The data in Table 26 for enteroviruses (based upon tissue culture destruction) clearly prove that the air samples collected from above the ADS and HM operations contained animal viruses at least partly of fecal origin. The levels of these agents are quite high, especially in comparison with data reported by Peterson<sup>12/</sup> which showed enteric virus density in municipal solid waste of 0.32 PFU/g (1.45 PFU/lb). Peterson's<sup>12/</sup> report also mentions that sewage may contain enteric virus densities of 0.2 to 4.0 PFU/ml ( $5.3 \times 10^{-5}$  to  $1.1 \times 10^{-3}$  PFU/gal.).

The E. coli bacteriophage levels in the ADS and HM samples were nearly equal to, or higher than, the number of E. coli determined by fecal coliform test procedures. These E. coli bacteriophage data confirm the high degree of fecal contamination reported. The higher bacteriophage counts compared to the

coliform counts can be explained by several means, and we cannot be certain which is the correct reason. Bacteriophage of E. coli are generally more difficult to kill than E. coli; therefore, the higher phage counts can be due to longer or greater survival of the bacterial virus than the bacteria. Each E. coli can give rise to multiple phage if the lytic cycle is completed. Therefore, the higher phage titers in Table 26 may be a reflection of some phage virus reproduction on the bacteria found in the waste materials. The action of the phage on the E. coli may also reduce the E. coli counts. The high levels of bacteriophage for E. coli are also not surprising in the light of positive salmonella tests. E. coli and E. coli bacteriophages are generally present in feces in much higher levels than salmonella.

Again, as was previously discussed with regard to bacteria, it is difficult to judge the significance of the virus levels reported in Table 26 because there are no standards for virus levels in air, and in fact, very little work has been done in measuring virus levels in air. The previously cited work by Peterson<sup>12/</sup> was directed to problems associated with virus levels in disposable diapers which, contained in municipal solid waste, showed that disposable diapers may constitute 0.6 to 2.5% by weight of the municipal solid waste. Peterson identified poliovirus 3 and echovirus 2 in the waste matter contained in some of the diapers and concluded that these virus-laden materials will present a potential threat to the health of those who handle the municipal solid waste.

Since most municipal solid waste will contain some disposable diapers and other fecal animal wastes, it would be expected that associated emissions, such as the ADS and HM, would contain some virus and might therefore present a potential hazard.

Although it can be concluded that a potential hazard (due to virus emissions) may exist, it is evident that additional testing of the ambient air in and around the plant will be necessary in order to evaluate the potential hazard in terms of increased virus (and bacteria) levels in the ambient air caused by processing plant operations.

Future plants of this type will need to control ADS particulate emissions, and every effort should be made to minimize worker exposure to the bacterial- and viral-contaminated emissions.

#### Cost of Environmental Control for Particulate Emissions

Particulate emission measurements and other considerations have indicated a need for control of ADS emissions. Control of these emissions has been considered at other facilities, and fabric filters appear to be a feasible control technique which should provide very high removal efficiency. In fact, a small filter system was installed at the U.E. power plant for control of emissions from the Atlas bin when RDF is transferred into the bin from the receiving building.

The ADS system at the St. Louis processing plant is not equipped with any control device other than a settling chamber, but personal contact with one manufacturer has indicated that the FOB cost of a suitable filter, handling  $14.2 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$  (30,000 cfm), would be about \$60,000, and total installed cost would be about \$100,000.

Use of a fabric filter for control of emissions from the ADS cyclone would require materials to resist internal condensation problems (galvanized metal or coated surfaces), and the bags would have to be resistant to rot and mildew. The filter system would also probably be of modular design for shaker type automatic cleaning with special attention to design of inlet manifolds, and to hopper angles and removal techniques, etc., in order to avoid bridging problems. Simple equipment that is as maintenance free as possible would be recommended. Fabric filters generally require about 1 kPa (4-in. W.C.) pressure drop, which must be taken into account in specifying the ADS fan.

#### WATER EFFLUENTS

The only liquid effluent from the processing plant occurs from periodic washdown of the asphalted processing area of the plant (not including the floor of the raw refuse receiving building). This cleanup effort removes dust and settled particles, much of which occurs due to blowoff from conveyor belts and ADS cyclone emissions. It was of interest to determine the quantity and character of runoff from this washdown activity.

During the first period of air emission tests (November 18 to 22, 1974), two washdowns took place--one on November 20, 1974, and another 2 days later on November 22, 1974. The test procedure used during these periods was to determine the quantity of water being used over the length of the washdown period (~ 1 hr) and to collect samples of the runoff at various points around the washdown area. These samples were composited in one container and a portion of this composite sample, as well as a sample of the raw water, was analyzed.

A tabulation of the data obtained for the two washdown periods is presented in Table 29. These data show that the washdown rate was about 2.2 liters/s (35 gal/min), and total runoff was about 6,000 liters (2,000 gal.). Comparison of analysis data for the raw water and the runoff indicates a large increase in TSS as expected. There was also a significant increase in BOD and COD. However, the effluent quantity of approximately 6,000 liters (2,000 gal.) seems relatively small, considering the fact that it occurs only one or two times per week.

Table 29. TABULATION OF DATA ON WASHDOWN ACTIVITY

	Test No. 1		Test No. 2		Test No. 3		Test No. 4	
Date	November 20, 1974		November 22, 1974		July 1, 1975		July 3, 1975	
Time of washdown	1:50-2:40 p.m.		1:09-2:10 p.m.		1:48-2:30 p.m.		8:20-8:57 p.m.	
Raw water flow rate	2.21 l/s		2.21 l/s		2.08 l/s		2.08 l/s	
Total water used	6,606 l		7,991 l		5,247 l		4,622 l	
Volume of runoff collected	37 l		49 l		14 l		12 l	
	Tap water	Composite runoff sample	Tap water	Composite runoff sample	Tap water	Composite runoff sample	Tap water	Composite runoff sample
<u>Water analysis</u>								
Total suspended solids (ppm)	8.00	6,024.00	8.00	9,292.00	56.0	1,844.0	8.0	2,024.0
Total dissolved solids (ppm)	248.00	444.00	252.00	564.00	492.0	788.0	200.0	452.0
Biochemical oxygen demand (ppm)	ND <sup>a/</sup>	374.0	ND	765.00	< 1	160.0	< 1	242.0
Chemical oxygen demand (ppm)	52.90	2,137.30	33.40	1,532.00	529.0	1,497.0	2.48	1,388.0
pH	9.7	6.5	9.5	6.3	9.4	7.1	9.5	7.5
Total alkalinity (ppm)	62.00	80.00	32.00	38.00	18.0	36.0	21.60	22.0
Total organic carbon (ppm)	4.50	1,760.00	6.50	1,150.00	NA <sup>b/</sup>	NA	NA	NA
Oil and grease (ppm)	NA	NA	NA	NA	20.0	92.0	28.0	60.0
<u>Bacterial analysis</u>								
Total bacteria (counts/ml)					80	940,000	56	1,900,000
Fecal coliform (MPN/100 ml) <sup>c/</sup>					< 3	12,000	< 3	36,000
Salmonella [present (pos.) or absent (neg.)]					Neg.	Neg.	Neg.	Pos. (Group C1)

a/ ND - none detected.

b/ NA - not analyzed.

c/ MPN - most probable number.

A second pair of washdown tests were also carried out in July 1975, and results are included in Table 29. The primary purpose of this second pair of tests was to determine bacterial levels in the runoff samples. It is evident, from the data in Table 29, that there were large increases in the total bacteria and fecal coliform levels in the washdown effluent. However, analysis of raw river water samples (which were obtained in conjunction with tests at the power plant) showed that the bacteria levels in the river itself may range as high as 840,000 counts per milliliter with fecal coliform levels up to 110,000 MPN/100 ml. It would appear that although the bacteria levels in the washdown effluent are quite high, they may not be especially significant since they are on about the same order as levels that may occur in the nearby river water at this location.

#### ASSESSMENT OF LEACHABILITY OF PRODUCTS FROM THE REFUSE PROCESSING PLANT

Operation of the City of St. Louis refuse processing plant in conjunction with combined firing of coal + refuse in a Union Electric Company utility boiler results in four materials that could be landfilled: fly ash, bottom ash, magnetic belt rejects, and RDF. Boiler fly ash is normally sold, but occasionally it may be landfilled when markets are not available. Boiler bottom ash (sluice solids) is always removed hydraulically from the boiler and deposited in an impoundment area where the solids settle out and the overflow effluent is discharged into the Meramec River. Refuse derived fuel (RDF) is normally combined with coal as fuel input to the boiler. However, in the event of boiler maintenance downtime, RDF may be landfilled. The magnetic belt rejects, which are the air density separator (ADS) heavy fraction less the magnetic metal, are always landfilled at the City of St. Louis operated landfill adjacent to the processing plant.

It is important to know what constituents might be leached from these materials which could contaminate surface water or groundwater. For this reason, samples of the four landfill materials were subjected to a series of tests to identify potential leachate problems. Details of the tests and the results are presented next.

##### Sample Preparation

Procedures for assessing leachability of materials are only in the developmental stage and methods utilized were based on techniques suggested by knowledgeable personnel at EPA laboratories in Cincinnati, Ohio. Samples of the following four materials were obtained.

From Union Electric Meramec Power Plant Unit 1:

Fly ash: coal + refuse

Sluice solids (bottom ash): coal + refuse

From City of St. Louis Processing Plant:

S2 - cyclone discharge: (RDF)

S5 - magnetic belt rejects

These four samples were delivered to the Ralston Purina Company Research 900 Laboratory. Standard sample preparation procedures for refuse samples were used, which means that each sample was dried and then ground to a fine powder using a laboratory mill. The sample powder was then immersed in distilled water for 2 days (48 hr). The samples were continuously agitated during that period by means of a laboratory shaker table. At the end of the 2-day period, the amount of material leached away was determined by drying and reweighing the solids, and the liquid (leachate) was chemically analyzed. The fact that ground samples were used should allow maximum leaching to occur within the 2-day test period because of increased sample surface area.

The S5 sample contained 37.1% metal, which was too high an amount to be ground by the laboratory grinder; therefore, the metal fraction was hand separated, not ground, and processed as a separate sample. Metal content of 37.1% for S5 is higher than average (25.6%) but well within the range of daily values reported for the 1-year test period.

All of the sample material was completely saturated with distilled water to the point where excess water existed. The distilled water to sample material ratio used was 2:1 except for RDF. Due to its light, fluffy nature, RDF completely absorbed twice its weight in distilled water. Therefore, a distilled water to sample material ratio of 6.67:1 was used to completely saturate the sample and result in excess water.

The main concern regarding landfill leachate is contamination of groundwater that may find its way into the drinking water supply. Therefore, the leachate was analyzed for materials for which national drinking water standards have been set plus BOD and COD. Also, nitrite levels were determined because nitrite could be oxidized into nitrate if the correct conditions are present.

#### Laboratory Results

The laboratory results obtained are presented in Table 30. Analysis of a blank sample of distilled water yielded no constituents found within the low level detection ability of the laboratory methods.

Table 30. ANALYSIS OF LABORATORY PRODUCED LEACHATE

<u>Constituent</u>	<u>Blank</u>	<u>Coal + refuse</u>		<u>S2 Cyclone discharge (RDF)</u>	<u>S5 Magnetic belt rejects</u>		
		<u>Fly ash</u>	<u>Sluice solids</u>		<u>Nonmetallic fraction<sup>d/</sup></u>	<u>Metals<sup>d/</sup></u>	<u>Total<sup>e/</sup></u>
Moisture (%) <sup>a/</sup>	-	0.10	11.1	33.1			16.0
Leachables (%) <sup>b/</sup>	N.D. <sup>c/</sup>	0.4232	0.1824	0.6396	0.7348	0.1336	0.5116
<u>Level (mg/l)</u>							
BOD	N.D.	20.9	393.5	502.1	504.5	378.1	457.6
COD	N.D.	116.3	1,488	7,016	5,962	696.5	4,007
Nitrites (as N)	< 0.015	0.021	< 0.015	0.018	< 0.015	< 0.015	< 0.015
Nitrates (as N)	< 0.002	0.090	< 0.022	< 0.022	13.12	< 0.022	8.258
Arsenic	< 0.10	0.93	< 0.10	0.48	0.98	< 0.10	0.65
Barium	< 0.10	16.8	< 1.0	< 1.0	10.6	< 1.0	7.04
Cadmium	N.D.	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.10	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
Chromium	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Cyanide	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
Lead	N.D.	< 0.20	< 0.40	< 1.0	< 0.20	< 0.20	< 0.20
Mercury	N.D.	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
Selenium	N.D.	1.53	N.D.	0.90	1.62	0	1.02
Silver	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	0	0

<sup>a/</sup> Moisture on original sample.

<sup>b/</sup> Percent of sample weight loss due to leaching.

<sup>c/</sup> N.D. signifies none detected.

<sup>d/</sup> S5 sample separated into 62.88% by weight nonmetallic fraction; 37.12% by weight metals fraction.

<sup>e/</sup> Mathematically combined total of nonmetallic and metal fraction.

Extraction dilution (solid/liquid)

Blank -	200 ml distilled water
Fly ash -	100 g sample + 200 ml distilled water
Sluice solids -	100 g sample + 200 ml distilled water
S2 (RDF) -	30 g sample + 200 ml distilled water
S5 (nonmetallic fraction) -	60 g sample + 120 ml distilled water
S5 (metal fraction) -	100 g sample + 200 ml distilled water

As expected, the metal fraction of the magnetic belt reject sample added little to the leachate except for BOD. Leachate from RDF had the highest COD and BOD.

Comparisons to drinking water standards for the leachate produced by the particular extraction dilutions used in the laboratory procedure are shown in Table 31. Unfortunately, the drinking water standard limits are below the detection ability of the laboratory procedures for arsenic, cadmium, chromium, lead, and mercury. In analyzing these data, it was assumed that the "less than" values reported (Tables 30 and 31) are the maximum values that could exist. All comparisons are made utilizing this maximum value assumption.

The drinking water standards were exceeded in the laboratory produced leachate solutions for all elements except nitrate, cyanide, and silver in all samples; and barium in sluice solids and RDF.

Nitrites were at low levels. Therefore, even if they were all converted to nitrate, it would not significantly change the reported nitrate levels.

The nonmetallic fraction of S5 does exceed the nitrate standard. However, when it is combined with the metallic fraction, the nitrate concentration is below the standard.

#### Comparisons and Evaluation of Results

The statement that drinking water standards were or were not exceeded pertains specifically to leachate from the extraction dilutions used. Also, the RDF dilution was much higher than the others. The various constituent levels of RDF leachate cannot be converted to the lower dilution ratios used for the other samples. At lower dilution levels, RDF simply absorbs the water, and it is doubtful how much leachate would result.

Any of the constituents in any of the samples could be lowered to the drinking water standards if a high enough dilution ratio were used. To obtain a better comparison, each leachate constituent level was converted to grams per megagram (lb/ton) of material by the following formula.

Grams of a constituent removed by leaching per megagram of material =

$$\frac{(\text{mg/liter constituent level}) (\text{ml distilled water/g of sample})}{(1,000 \text{ mg/g}) (1,000 \text{ ml/liter}) (\text{Mg/l} \times 10^6 \text{ g})}$$

Table 31. COMPARISON OF LABORATORY PRODUCED LEACHATE TO DRINKING WATER STANDARDS

<u>Constituent</u>	Drinking water standards <sup>a/</sup>	<u>Coal + refuse</u>		S2 Cyclone discharge <u>(RDF)</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>
		<u>Fly ash</u>	<u>Sluice solids</u>		
Extraction dilution (ml distilled water/g of sample)		2.00	2.00	6.67	2.00
<u>Level (mg/l)</u>					
BOD	-	20.9	393.5	502.1	457.6
COD	-	116.3	1,488	7,016	4,007
Nitrites (as N)	-	0.021	< 0.015	0.018	< 0.015
Nitrates (as N)	10.0	0.090	< 0.022	< 0.022	8.258
Arsenic	0.05	0.93	< 0.10	0.48	0.65
Barium	1.0	16.8	< 1.0	< 1.0	7.04
Cadmium	0.010	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.10	< 0.05
Chromium	0.05	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Cyanide	0.2	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
Lead	0.05	< 0.20	< 0.40	< 1.0	< 0.20
Mercury	0.002	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
Selenium	0.01	1.53	0	0.90	1.02
Silver	0.05	0	0	0	0

<sup>a/</sup> Environmental Protection Agency, "National Interim Primary Drinking Water Standards," Part 141, Federal Register, Vol. 40, No. 51, Washington, D.C., March 14, 1975.

(Pounds of a constituent removed by leaching per ton of material =)

$$\left[ \frac{(\text{lb/gal. constituent level}) (\text{gal. distilled water/lb of sample})}{(\text{ton}/2,000 \text{ lb})} \right]$$

The above equation was used to calculate the results shown in Table 32. These results represent the amount of each constituent which is removed by leaching, regardless of the extraction dilution ratio used. The next step in evaluating the data was to make a ranking of each constituent level according to the drinking water standards. This was accomplished by calculating the liters of water per megagram (gallons per ton) that would be necessary to dilute a constituent to drinking water standards by the following formula.

Liters per megagram of dilution water needed =

$$\frac{\text{g/Mg constituent level removed by leaching}}{\text{mg/liter drinking water standard (g/1,000 mg)}}$$

(Gallons per ton of dilution water needed =)

$$\left[ \frac{(\text{lb/ton constituent level removed by leaching})}{(\text{lb/gal. drinking water standard})} \right]$$

Results of this calculation are shown in Table 33. Interpretation of the relative magnitude of these results was done in two ways. First, by comparing the amount of dilution required first between elements within a sample, and second, by comparing the amount of dilution required between samples for a given constituent. Table 34 depicts the ranking from highest to lowest dilution required to meet the drinking water standards for each constituent within a given sample. Nitrates and cyanide consistently ranked as the two lowest constituents. Selenium ranked highest with mercury second highest for all samples except sluice solids which contained no selenium and had mercury ranking highest.

The most important conclusion is as shown in Table 33. Selenium in all the samples except sluice solids had much higher dilution requirements than any of the other constituents. Also, as shown in Table 30, the levels of selenium found in the laboratory dilutions were above the detection ability of the laboratory methods. Therefore, the dilution required for selenium to meet the drinking water standards is not prejudiced by the necessity of assuming the actual level to be that of the laboratory procedure detection level (as was done for many of the other constituents).

Table 32. MATERIAL REMOVED BY LEACHING  
(g/Mg)<sup>a/</sup>

Constituent	Coal + refuse		S2 Cyclone discharge (RDF)	S5 Magnetic belt rejects
	Fly ash	Sluice solids		
BOD	41.8	787.0	3,347	915.2
COD	232.6	2,976	46,773	8,154
Nitrites (as N)	0.042	0.030	0.120	0.03
Nitrates (as N)	0.180	0.044	0.147	16.516
Arsenic	1.86	0.20	3.20	0.13
Barium	33.6	2.0	6.67	14.08
Cadmium	0.10	0.10	0.67	0.10
Chromium	1.00	1.00	3.33	1.00
Cyanide	0.10	0.10	0.33	0.10
Lead	0.40	0.80	6.67	0.40
Mercury	0.10	0.10	0.33	0.10
Selenium	3.06	0	6.00	2.04
Silver	0	0	0	0

<sup>a/</sup> Less than (<) values listed in Tables 30 and 31 were assumed to be the actual value for comparison purposes.

Table 33. AMOUNT OF DILUTION WATER NEEDED FOR LEACHATE  
TO MEET DRINKING WATER STANDARDS  
(l/Mg)

Constituent	Coal + refuse		S2 Cyclone discharge (RDF)	S5 Magnetic belt rejects
	Fly ash	Sluice solids		
Nitrates (as N)	18.0	4.4	14.7	1,652
Arsenic	37,200	4,000	64,000	2,600
Barium	33,600	2,000	6,670	14,080
Cadmium	10,000	10,000	66,700	10,000
Chromium	20,000	20,000	66,600	20,000
Cyanide	500	500	1,650	500
Lead	8,000	16,000	133,400	8,000
Mercury	50,000	50,000	165,000	50,000
Selenium	306,000	0	600,000	204,000
Silver	0	0	0	0

Table 34. RANKING OF LEACHATE CONSTITUENTS - DILUTION  
REQUIRED TO MEET DRINKING WATER STANDARDS  
(Ranking: highest to lowest dilution required)

<u>Coal + refuse</u>		<u>S2</u>	<u>S5</u>
<u>Fly ash</u>	<u>Sluice solids</u>	<u>Cyclone discharge (RDF)</u>	<u>Magnetic belt rejects</u>
Selenium	Mercury	Selenium	Selenium
Mercury	Chromium	Mercury	Mercury
Arsenic	Lead	Lead	Chromium
Barium	Cadmium	Cadmium	Barium
Chromium	Arsenic	Chromium	Cadmium
Cadmium	Barium	Arsenic	Lead
Lead	Cyanide	Barium	Arsenic
Cyanide	Nitrates	Cyanide	Nitrates
Nitrates		Nitrates	Cyanide

Note: No silver found in any sample.  
No selenium found in sluice solids.

Ranking of the four samples for dilution required per constituent is shown in Table 35. RDF had the higher ranking except that magnetic belt rejects ranked highest for nitrates and fly ash ranked highest for barium. The other samples were mixed in ranking or no clear trends were present.

#### Suggestions for Future Work

The leachate produced for these tests was the result of only a single set of laboratory test conditions. Therefore, it might be well to investigate the effects of immersion time, agitation, and amount of extraction dilution. Also, distilled water was used for these tests, but some literature sources report acid or basic pH in landfilled leachate. Therefore, more work may be needed to determine the effects of pH on leachate production. Further work is also needed to compare leachate produced in the laboratory with leachate from a landfill, and to compare coal-only fly ash and sluice solids leachate with coal + refuse leachate.

Another area of study is related to the fact that in St. Louis the raw municipal refuse is a raw material which may be landfilled following various pretreatment methods. First, raw refuse may be landfilled, producing raw refuse leachate, which is the case for many of the suburban areas adjacent to the City of St. Louis. Second, raw refuse may be incinerated and the incinerator bottom ash landfilled, producing incinerator ash leachate. This is currently the procedure used by the City of St. Louis except for that portion of the collected refuse routed to the processing plant. Thirdly, raw refuse may be processed at the City of St. Louis Refuse Processing Plant. Here two situations may be present. Normally, when the Union Electric boiler is in operation, leachate would be from magnetic belt rejects, boiler sluice solids, and possibly fly ash. If the boiler is not in operation, then leachate would be from magnetic belt rejects and RDF. Therefore, additional work is needed so that comparisons can be made between leachate from raw refuse, incinerator bottom ash, and the processing plant and utility boiler landfilled materials. Such information would greatly aid in the total environmental assessment of each of the three methods of municipal refuse disposal.

Following is a summary of areas recommended for further study.

1. Effect of laboratory extraction dilution - ml liquid/g of sample (gal. liquid/lb of sample).
2. Effect of laboratory extraction liquid pH.
3. Effect of laboratory immersion time (number of days in extraction liquid).
4. Effect of laboratory agitation (shaker table versus none).

Table 35. RANKING OF LEACHATE SAMPLES BASED ON DILUTION  
REQUIRED TO MEET DRINKING WATER STANDARDS

<u>Constituent</u>	<u>Ranking</u>			
	<u>Highest</u>	<u>Next highest</u>	<u>Next lowest</u>	<u>Lowest</u>
Nitrate (as N)	MBR	Fly ash	RDF	SS
Arsenic	RDF	Fly ash	SS	MBR
Barium	Fly ash	MBR	RDF	SS
Cadmium	RDF	SS	Fly ash	MBR
Chromium	RDF	MBR	Fly ash	SS
Cyanide	RDF	MBR	Fly ash	SS
Lead	RDF	SS	Fly ash	MBR
Mercury	RDF	MBR	Fly ash	SS
Selenium	RDF	Fly ash	MBR	-
Silver	-	-	-	-

Legend: RDF - Refuse derived fuel.  
MBR - Magnetic belt rejects.  
SS - Sluice solids.

5. Comparison of coal-only versus coal + refuse leachate for fly ash and sluice solids.

6. Comparison of laboratory versus landfill-produced leachate.

7. Comparison of leachate from raw municipal refuse, incinerator bottom ash, and the landfilled materials from the refuse processing plant and utility boiler.

#### SOUND SURVEY

Another environmental consideration for operations at the processing plant was noise levels, especially that associated with the 932.5 kW (1,250 hp) grinder. Since noise levels were of concern, a sound survey was carried out that included analysis of noise levels at several locations in and around the plant. The test procedures for this sound survey and evaluation of the results are discussed next.

#### Test Procedure

The following General-Radio test equipment was used for the sound survey.

Model 1558 DP Portable Octave Band Noise Analyzer;

Model 1560 Pb One Inch Ceramic Microphone; and

Model 1562 A Calibrator.

The noise analyzer with microphone was calibrated each day of the sound survey. Meter response range was 44 to 150 decibels (dB). A zero meter response was listed as < 44 dB. The portable analyzer was hand-held, and the microphone was placed 1.4 m (4.5 ft) above grade at each measurement location.

Sound levels in decibels at slow meter response were measured at 10 octave bands plus the A scale (dBA). The octave band measurements show the overall sound spectrum in terms of decibels versus frequency. This information will be useful for acoustical engineering, land use zoning, and other activities related to the total sound spectrum produced. Octave bands used are as follows:

### OCTAVE BANDS USED

<u>Octave band No.</u>	<u>Frequency (Hz)</u>		
	<u>Band center</u>	<u>Lower cutoff</u>	<u>Upper cutoff</u>
1	31.5	22.3	44.6
2	63	44.6	89.2
3	125	88.4	177
4	250	177	354
5	500	354	707
6	1,000	707	1,414
7	2,000	1,414	2,820
8	4,000	2,828	5,656
9	8,000	5,656	11,310
10	16,000	11,310	22,620

The A scale sound levels will be useful to those interested in O.S.H.A. applications. (O.S.H.A. regulations are defined in terms of dBA measurements.)

Measurements were made (a) when the plant was conducting normal preparations, and (b) when the plant was not operating, to identify the levels of usual background noise. Any sound measurements of operating equipment will be the combination of the sound produced by the equipment plus the background sound. For the City of St. Louis Refuse Processing Plant, the background sound sources consist of the following.

#### Location of Background Sources

<u>Background source</u>	<u>Direction from plant</u>
Interstate Highway 55	West
Mississippi River	East
City Incinerator	North
City Truck Maintenance Garage	Southwest

Table 36 lists the measurement locations. Sixteen locations were used to monitor noise levels in the following three general areas.

1. Employee work areas (Locations 1 through 8).
2. Light sound level equipment areas (Locations 9 through 11).
3. Sound levels along processing plant perimeter (Locations 12 through 16).

Table 36. SOUND SURVEY MEASUREMENT LOCATIONS

<u>No.</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Location</u>
1	Control room	Inside operator's control room. Approximately center of room.
2	Shop	Inside maintenance shop and storage room located next to hammer-mill. Approximately center of room.
3	Packer control	0.6 m west of packer control panel east-west center line. Location where operator would stand to operate controls.
4	Receiving building	0.9 m south of raw refuse receiving building north wall on building north-south center line.
4.1		Front-end loader operating at maximum load. No refuse trucks dumping.
4.2		Refuse trucks dumping. Front-end loader at engine idle.
5	Front-end loader	Inside operator's cab of front-end loader used inside receiving building to push raw refuse onto the raw refuse receiving belt conveyor. Cab doors closed.
6	ADS heavies discharge	0.9 m east of edge of ADS heavies belt conveyor tail pulley.
7	Magnetic belt discharge	1.5 m northwest from edge of nuggetizer frame. Location just outside door to drivers compartment in magnetic belt reject truck. Location when truck is positioned to fill front 1/3 of truck body.
8	Fe metal discharge	0.9 m south of edge of ferrous metal belt conveyor. Location just outside door to drivers compartment of ferrous metal truck. Location when truck is positioned to fill front 1/3 of truck body.
9	Hammermill	1.5 m east of edge of hammermill frame on mill east-west center line. Location on top of concrete base for hammermill.
10	Nuggetizer	1.5 m east from edge of nuggetizer frame on nuggetizer east-west center line.
11	ADS fan exhaust	12.2 m south of edge of fan exhaust duct on duct north-south center line.
There is a truck driveway on the east, south, and west sides of the processing area. The following locations are along the outside edge of this driveway.		
12	East drive	E mill - 19.8 m east of edge of hammermill frame on mill east-west center line.
13	East drive	E storage bin - 18.3 m east of edge of storage bin on bin east-west center line.
14	West drive	E ADS - 22.9 m west of edge of ADS air separation chamber on chamber east-west center line.
15	West drive	E storage bin - 21.3 m west of edge of storage bin on bin east-west center line.
16	South drive	E storage bin - 12.2 m south of edge of storage bin on bin north-south center line.

Figure 19 is a plot plan showing the measurement locations.

### Sound Survey Results

Tables 37 and 38 list the sound measurement results. The background sound is relatively low, being less than 60 dB above 250 Hz center band frequency. The major background is low frequency sound from adjacent Interstate Highway 55. The major sound from the processing plant is in the lower frequencies; the hammermill, nuggetizer, ADS fan exhaust, front-end loader, and raw refuse trucks are the principal contributors.

Location 7 had the highest sound level in the upper frequencies. This location was closest to the working mechanisms of the nuggetizer, and also underneath the metal nuggetizer feed chute. This feed chute receives the magnetic metal from the magnetic separator belt, and its sound production is primarily due to the metal particles striking the metal chute. Both the nuggetizer and the magnetic belt are acting together to produce higher sound levels in the 1,000 to 8,000 Hz center band frequencies.

Location 4.1 is with the front-end loader working at maximum load. Location 5 shows that, with the operator's cab doors closed, the cab is reducing the engine sound except for center band frequencies 31.5 and 250 Hz. Fortunately, these frequencies do not have a full effect on the A scale, and the dBA is below the O.S.H.A. limit of 90 dBA.

Location 4.2 is inside the receiving building at the same physical point as 4.1. These measurements are highest when the raw refuse trucks discharge refuse onto the building floor. These refuse trucks are not dump trucks with a tilting truck box. Instead, the trucks utilize a mechanism which rapidly shakes the cargo compartment to discharge the raw refuse. Measurements were taken during the shaking action. However, this action lasts for only a few seconds per truck.

The current<sup>13/</sup> O.S.H.A. regulations specify a maximum of 90 dBA for continuous 8-hr exposure, with shorter allowable time limits at levels above 90 dBA. No operator must spend a full work day at any location above 90 dBA. Locations above 90 dBA are shown in Table 39.

The time that an individual employee may spend in these locations when the equipment is operating is estimated to be less than the allowable time exposure. Also, at Locations 4.1 and 4.2, the front-end loader is at maximum load only a portion of the total operating time.

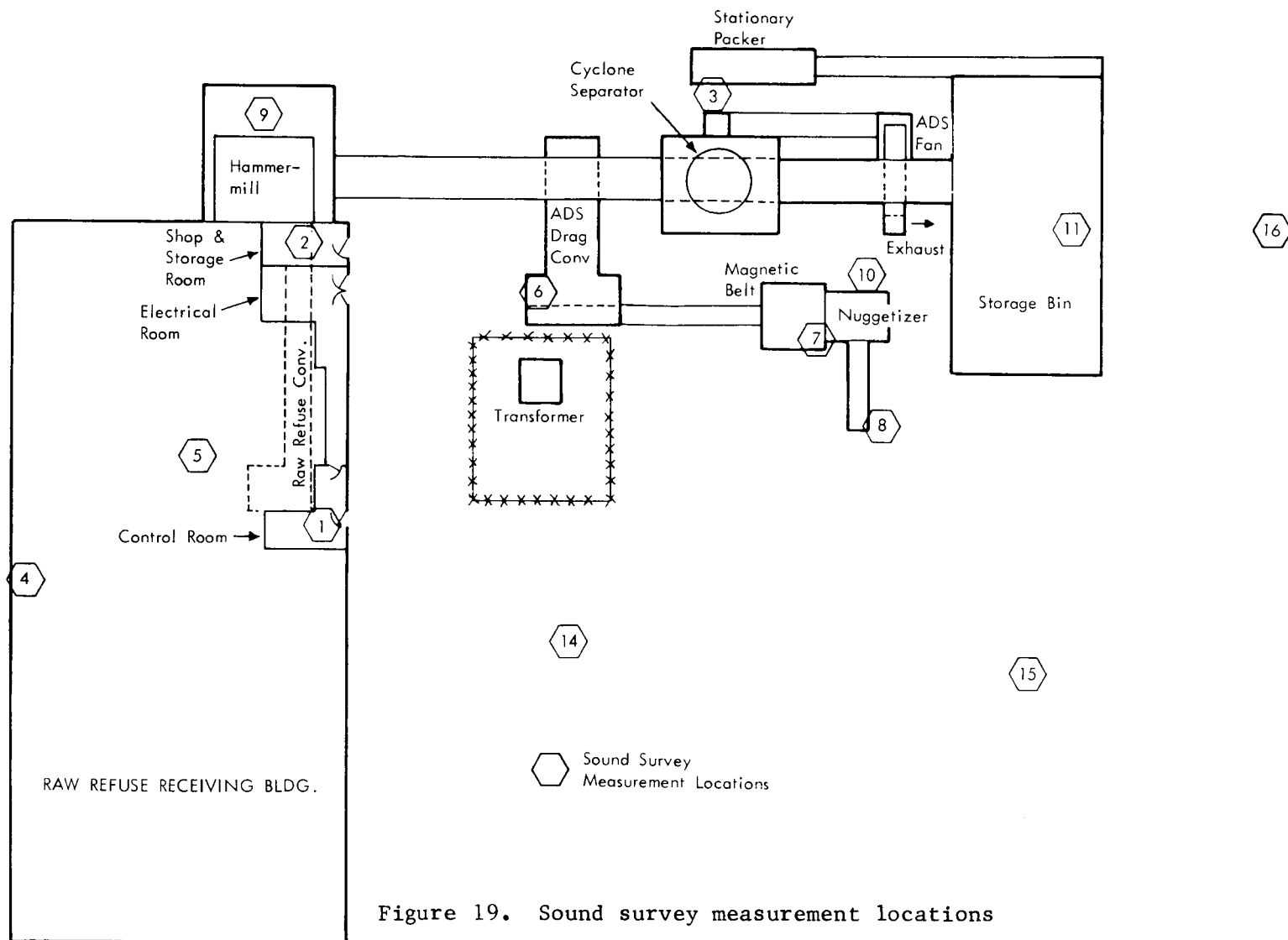


Figure 19. Sound survey measurement locations

Table 37. SOUND SURVEY - CITY OF ST. LOUIS REFUSE PROCESSING PLANT  
(Plant in operation - January 20, 1974)

Measurement location		Decibels (dB) at center band frequency - Hz and dBA										
No.	Description	31.5	63	125	250	500	1K	2K	4K	8K	16K	dBA
1	Control room	82	82	76	64	65	60	58	56	< 44	< 44	68
2	Shop	83	89	89	80	78	76	73	69	52	50	83
3	Packer control	91	96	88	86	83	81	78	75	70	58	86
4.1	Receiving building	92	106	94	88	88	89	88	84	72	56	94
4.2	Receiving building	100	110	100	96	90	94	90	86	80	74	100
5	Front-end loader	106	100	93	92	87	82	78	78	78	66	89
6	ADS heavies discharge	93	96	92	88	86	86	86	88	84	72	94
7	Magnetic belt discharge	91	92	92	93	96	100	102	103	98	88	108
8	Fe metal discharge	88	88	86	87	87	88	87	86	82	70	94
9	Hammermill	96	99	98	92	89	88	88	86	80	68	95
10	Nuggetizer	94	94	91	90	93	95	96	93	89	79	101
11	ADS fan exhaust	100	97	93	97	93	89	86	82	75	68	95
12	East drive - $\frac{1}{2}$ mill	90	92	84	78	76	72	69	65	56	45	80
13	East drive - $\frac{1}{2}$ storage bin	85	85	80	76	72	71	59	56	57	46	76
14	West drive - $\frac{1}{2}$ ADS	84	90	84	78	74	78	78	74	69	56	84
15	West drive - $\frac{1}{2}$ storage bin	90	84	83	80	77	79	79	78	72	58	85
16	South drive - $\frac{1}{2}$ storage bin	85	85	80	82	75	76	76	72	64	50	82

Table 38. SOUND SURVEY - CITY OF ST. LOUIS REFUSE PROCESSING PLANT  
(Background sound - plant not in operation - January 21, 1974)

Measurement location		Decibels (dB) at center band frequency - Hz and dBA										
No.	Description	31.5	63	125	250	500	1K	2K	4K	8K	16K	dBA
1	Control room	51	53	50	< 44	< 44	< 44	< 44	All readings at			< 44
2	Shop	60	58	63	55	50	45	< 44	4K, 8K and 16K			53
3	Packer control	62	64	58	56	53	50	< 44	Hz frequency is			54
4	Receiving building	62	60	62	57	54	52	46	less than 44 dB			56
5	Front-end loader <sup>a/</sup>	64	62	56	49	46	< 44	< 44	at all locations			47
6	ADS heavies discharge	65	64	67	69	56	54	50				61
7	Magnetic belt discharge	64	66	63	61	53	53	48				59
8	Fe metal discharge	66	66	64	61	55	54	48				59
9	Hammermill	60	71	61	58	51	49	< 44				56
10	Nuggetizer	63	65	66	65	56	54	< 44				59
11	ADS fan exhaust	66	62	62	55	51	49	< 44				55
12	East drive - E mill	62	65	54	55	50	50	< 44				52
13	East drive - E storage bin	60	66	64	56	50	52	45				57
14	West drive - E ADS	62	64	66	60	54	52	47				59
15	West drive - E storage bin	62	66	65	62	54	54	47				56
16	South drive - E storage bin	63	63	63	62	52	54	45				58

<sup>a/</sup> Motor off - loader inside building.

Table 39. LOCATION OF SOUND LEVELS ABOVE  
90 dBA AND ALLOWABLE EXPOSURE

<u>Locations</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>dBA</u>	<u>OSHA allowable time exposure - hr<sub>13</sub>/</u>
4.1	Receiving building	94	4
4.2	Receiving building	100	2
6	ADS heavies discharge	94	4
7	Magnetic belt rejects	108	1/2
8	Fe metal discharge	94	4
9	Hammermill	95	4
10	Nuggetizer	101	1-1/2
11	ADS fan exhaust	95	4

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# APPENDIX A

## TABULATIONS OF DATA ON PLANT EQUIPMENT, OPERATIONS, AND COSTS

Table A-1. MAJOR ITEMS OF EQUIPMENT - REFUSE PROCESSING FACILITY

Equipment description	Physical parameters						Troughing idlers	
	Length	Width	Angle of	Speed	Belt	Degrees	Nominal	
	(m)	(m)	(degrees)	(m/s)	type		spacing (m)	
<u>Belt conveyors</u>								
Raw refuse receiving <sup>a/</sup>	7.3	2.5	0	0.029	Smooth	None		
Raw refuse to hammermill	28.0	1.5	20	1.45	Smooth	35	1.5	
Milled refuse to ADS <sup>b/</sup>	23.1	1.4	18	1.19	Smooth	35	1.5	
Refuse fuel to storage bin <sup>b/</sup>	29.9	1.4	18	1.17	Smooth	35	1.5	
Storage bin feeding cross belt	8.2	1.5	0	1.09	Smooth	20	0.9	
Storage bin discharge	22.2	1.2	0	1.09	Smooth	35	1.0	
Load out to packer	30.5	1.2	15	1.10	Smooth	35	1.4	
ADS heavies	15.5	0.8	17	1.02	Rough top	20	1.5	
Ferrous metal	11.9	0.8	15	0.30	Rough top	20	1.5	
Magnetic belt (Indiana General-Model 54-A)	1.9	0.8	14	1.78	Metal bar	None		
<u>Vibrating conveyors</u>								
	Length (m)	Width (m)	Angle of incline (degrees)	Stroke (m)	RPM		Model	
Hammermill feeder	3.9	2.1	0	0.035	454		Stephens Adamson natural frequency conveyor	
Hammermill discharge	4.9	2.3	0	0.035	460		Stephens Adamson natural frequency conveyor	
ADS feeder <sup>c/</sup>	3.0	2.4	0	--	902		FMC straight line vibrator No. 62810	
<u>Other conveyors</u>								
	Speed	Model						
ADS drag conveyor	0.21 m/s	Rader Pneumatic's 2.3 m wide feed from 2.4 m x 3.7 m hopper						
ADS drag conveyor scalping roll	82 rpm	2.3 m wide by 0.5 m diameter						
<u>Other equipment</u>								
	Shaft speed (rpm)	Model						
Hammermill	894	Gruendler 18.3 m x 25.6 m with 76.2 mm square grate						
ADS fan	1,570	New York blower size 44, Design 22.7 m <sup>3</sup> /s, 100 kW, at 3.4 kPa and 1,449 rpm						
Nuggetizer	419	Eidal mill model 100B						
Magnetic drum	42	Sterns magnetic drum with permanent magnetic; 0.56 m wide, 0.66 m diameter						
<u>Bins</u>								
	Material height (m)	Length (m)	Width (m)	Capacity (m <sup>3</sup> )				
Storage bin	10.7	18.4	4.3 top 5.8 bottom	992				
Packer bin	6.0	3.4	1.8	37				

<sup>a/</sup> Raw refuse receiving conveyor variable speed 0 to 0.12 m/s maximum (0.029 m/s normal).

<sup>b/</sup> Both conveyors driven by one 7.5 kW motor.

<sup>c/</sup> Feeder has round hole flat metal perforated screen 0.6 m long to remove fine particles from feed to ADS.

Table A-2. MAJOR MOTORS - REFUSE PROCESSING FACILITY

Equipment served	hp	kW <sup>a/</sup>	rpm	Amperage		% of Name Plate
				Name Plate	Actual	
<u>3 Phase 4,160 V motors</u>						
Hammermill	1,250	932.5	894	155	50-300	32-194
<u>3 Phase 460 V motors</u>						
Raw refuse receiving belt conveyor	5	3.7	1,750	9	0.5	6
Raw refuse belt conveyor to hammermill	15	11.2	1,755	19.5	10.0	51
Hammermill feeder vibrating conveyor	20	14.9	1,200	27	11	41
Hammermill dust collection fan	7.5	5.6	1,740	10	6.5	65
Hammermill discharge vibrating conveyor	18.7	18.7	1,200	33	14	42
Milled refuse belt conveyor	10	7.5	1,755	13.5	8.5	63
ADS drag conveyor	15	11.2	1,750	19.2	10.8	56
ADS drag conveyor scalper roll	3	2.2	1,740	4.5	1.5	33
ADS feeder vibrating conveyor	10	7.5	1,750	12.9	6.2	48
ADS feed rotary airlock	25	18.7	1,750	34	11	32
ADS cyclone discharge rotary airlock	25	18.7	1,760	30.5	13	43
ADS fan	200	149.2	1,780	230	140-220	61-96
Storage bin feeding cross belt conveyor	5	3.7	1,730	7	3.3	47
Storage bin discharge screw conveyor	150	111.9	1,780	165	25-130	15-79
Storage bin discharge belt conveyor	10	7.5	1,755	13.5	6.0	44
Load out belt conveyor to packer	7.5	5.6	1,740	10	5.0	50
Packer hydraulic unit	60	44.8	1,750	69	18	26
ADS heavies belt conveyor	3	2.2	1,755	4.2	2.5	60
Magnetic separator belt	5	3.7	1,745	6.8	4.2	62
Nuggetizer	100	74.6	1,780	117	20-100	17-86
Magnetic drum	1	0.7	1,740	1.9	1.7	89
Nuggetizer dust collection fan	7.5	5.6	1,750	10.3	5.9	57
Ferrous metal belt conveyor	3	2.2	1,755	4.6	2.6	57
Air compressor	3	2.2	1,755	4.6	4.0	87
Storage bin cross belt carriage drive	0.5	0.4	1,750	1	not used	
<u>3 Phase 208 V motor</u>						
Fire protection line air compressor	1.5	1.1	1,740	5.5	4.8	87
<u>Direct current 100 V motor</u>						
Storage bin discharge screw conveyor carriage drive (variable speed, max 1,750 RPM)	0.5	0.4	1,750	5	4.2	84
<u>Power supplies - 3 phase 460 V</u>						
Magnetic belt power supply		10	--	15	8	53
Total connected kW		1,478.2				

<sup>a/</sup> S.I. units - 0.746 kW/hp

ASTM standard E 380-74: Metric Practice Guide

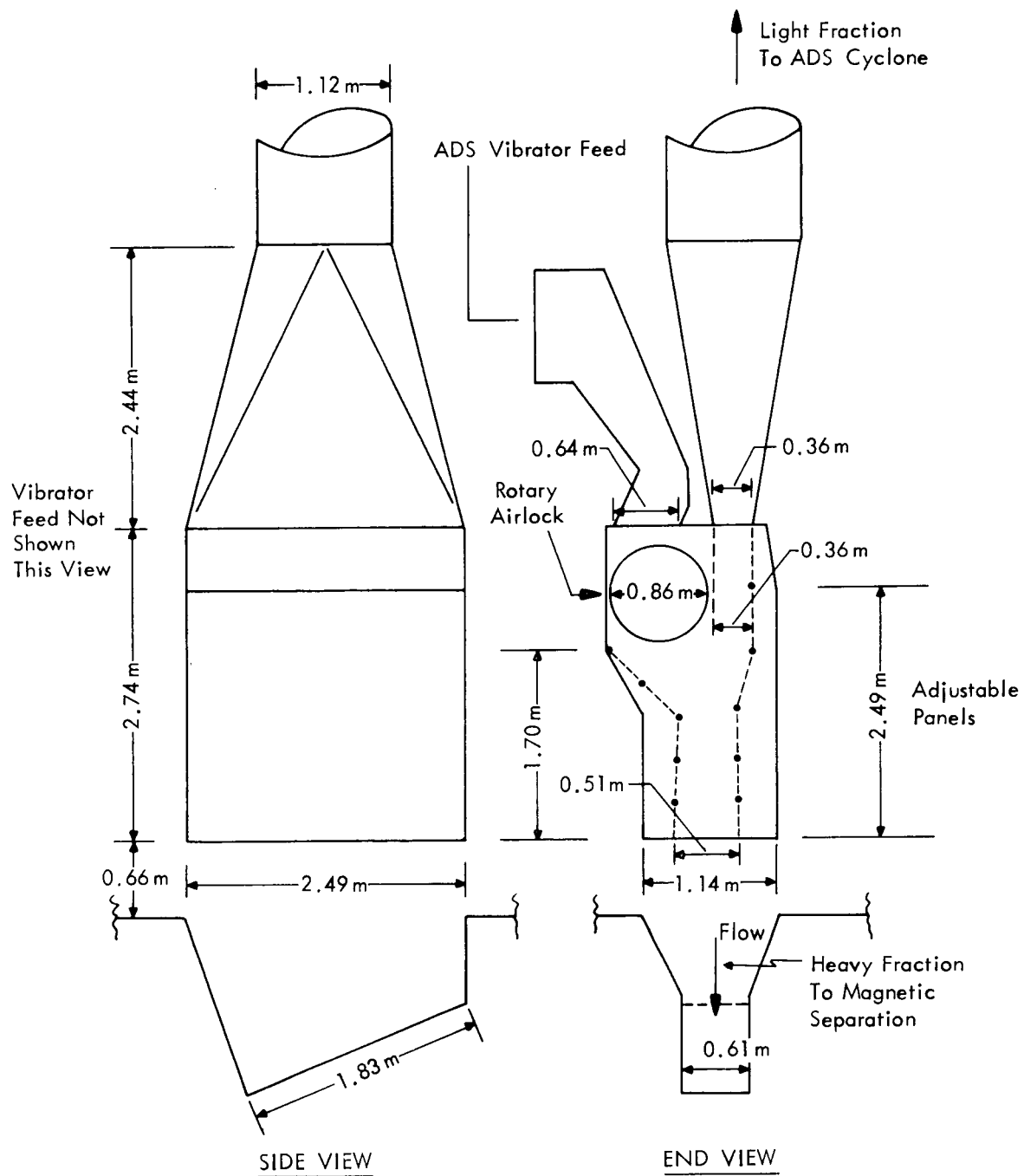
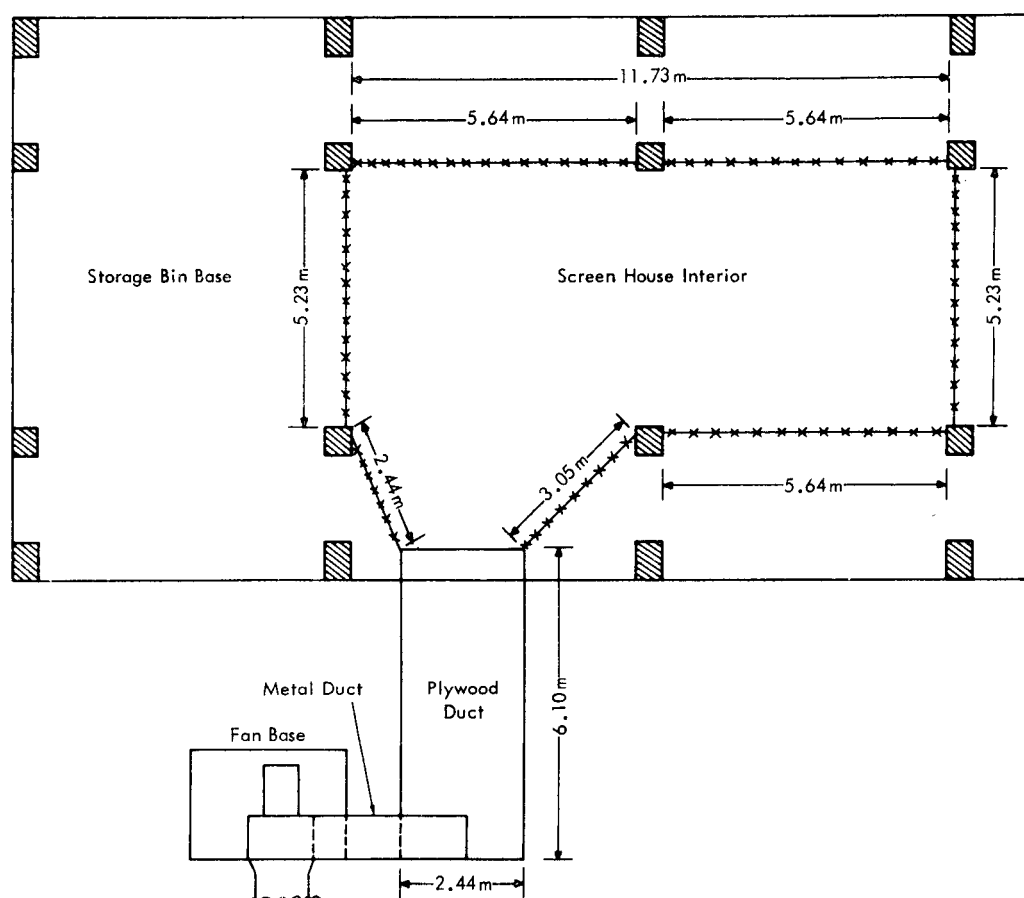
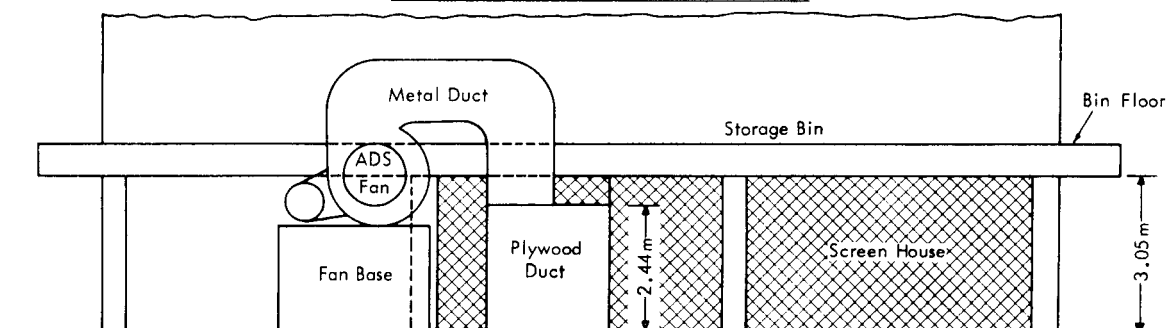


Figure A-1. Configuration of ADS separation chamber

# ADS SCREEN HOUSE - TOP VIEW



# ADS SCREEN HOUSE - NORTH (SIDE) VIEW



Screen Area: 100.4m<sup>2</sup>

Face Velocity: 0.14m/s  
(Screen House)

Face Velocity: 2.38m/s  
(Plywood Duct)

Screen Description: Plastic, 472 mesh/meter, 1.6mm sq. openings

Figure A-2. Dimensions of ADS screen house

Table A-3. VEHICLE SPECIFICATIONS - REFUSE PROCESSING FACILITY

<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Model</u>	<u>Vehicle No.</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Capacity</u>	<u>Engine type</u>	<u>Engine displace- ment (L)</u>	<u>Cylinders</u>	<u>Net kW<sup>a</sup>/</u>	<u>Net hp</u>
International Harvester	1110	43-509	Pick-up	1/2 Mg	Gasoline	4.24	6	104.4	140
International Harvester	F-1800	607-509	Dump truck	9.9 m <sup>3</sup> (13 yd <sup>3</sup> )	Gasoline	6.26	8	176.1	236
International Harvester	F-1800	608-509	Dump truck	9.9 m <sup>3</sup> (13 yd <sup>3</sup> )	Gasoline	6.42	8	176.1	236
International Harvester	F-1800	609-509	Dump truck	9.9 m <sup>3</sup> (13 yd <sup>3</sup> )	Gasoline	6.42	8	176.1	236
Case	W-14	50-509	Front-end loader	1.3 m <sup>3</sup> (1.7 yd <sup>3</sup> )	Diesel	5.51	4	61.2	82
International Harvester	3850	51-509	Front-end loader	1.3 m <sup>3</sup> (1.7 yd <sup>3</sup> )	Diesel	4.62	6	58.9	79
International Harvester Heil Compactor trailer	COF4070A	52-509	Packer truck	57.3 m <sup>3</sup> (75 yd <sup>3</sup> )	Diesel	14.01	6	201.4	270
International Harvester Heil Compactor Trailer	COF4070A	53-509	Packer truck	57.3 m <sup>3</sup> (75 yd <sup>3</sup> )	Diesel	14.01	6	201.4	270
International Harvester Hobbs Compactor Trailer	COF4070A	54-509	Packer truck	57.3 m <sup>3</sup> (75 yd <sup>3</sup> )	Diesel	14.01	6	201.4	270

<sup>a</sup>/ S.I. units - 0.746 kW/hp

ASTM standard E 380-74: Metric Practice Guide

Table A-4. MAJOR ITEMS OF EQUIPMENT - RECEIVING FACILITY

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Equipment description

Belt conveyor (RDF from receiving hopper to airlock)	Length: 10.5 m Width: 1.2 m m/s: 1.1 Belt type: smooth Angle of incline: flat Troughing idlers: 20 degrees, 0.99-m spacing
Airlock feeding pneumatic conveyor	Diameter: 2.74 m Width: 1.49 m
Blower for pneumatic conveying	Sutorbilt model 12 x 36 - 3100 RPM: 885 Airflow: 1.36 actual m <sup>3</sup> /s at 21 kPa
Pneumatic conveying line	Mild steel Diameter: 0.305 m
Receiving hopper	Width: 4.22 m Length: 6.17 m Height: 3.66 m Capacity: 95 m <sup>3</sup>

Table A-5. MAJOR MOTORS - RECEIVING FACILITY

<u>Equipment served</u>	<u>hp</u>	<u>kW<sup>a/</sup></u>	<u>RPM</u>	<u>Amperage</u>		<u>% of Name plate</u>
				<u>Name plate</u>	<u>Actual</u>	
<u>3 Phase 460 V motors</u>						
Receiving hopper discharge screw conveyor	75	56.0	1,775	92	40.0	43
Belt conveyor	5	3.7	1,740	6.5	5.2	80
Rotary airlock feeder for pneumatic line	15	11.2	1,765	20	11.5	58
Blower for pneumatic conveyor line <sup>b/</sup>	100	74.6	1,770	116	100-120	86-103
<u>Direct current 100 V motor</u>						
Receiving hopper discharge screw conveyor carriage drive (variable speed, maximum 1,780 RPM)	0.5	<u>0.4</u>	1,780	5.8	5.8	100
Total connected kW		145.9				

a/ S.I. units - 0.746 kW/hp

ASTM standard E 380-74: Metric Practice Guide

b/ Amperage and blower pressure fluctuates; 120 amp at 21 kPa blower outlet pressure.

Table A-6. SUMMARY OF OPERATING EXPENSES, PROCESSING FACILITY  
FOR MONTHS OCTOBER 1974 THROUGH SEPTEMBER 1975

	Oct. 1974	Nov. 1974	Dec. 1974	Jan. 1975	Feb. 1975	March 1975	April 1975	May 1975	June 1975	July 1975	Aug. 1975	Sept. 1975	Total
<b>Labor</b>													
Direct operating labor	3,483	2,658	2,634	3,219	3,134	3,643	4,636	3,585	3,327	3,609	3,552	3,516	40,996
Operating supervision	974	969	932	995	840	1,076	1,480	1,061	935	1,024	972	1,012	12,270
Maintenance labor	2,762	2,421	2,483	1,690	2,223	2,635	3,607	2,803	2,223	2,547	2,481	2,242	30,117
Maintenance supervision	<u>1,475</u>	<u>1,397</u>	<u>1,239</u>	<u>1,313</u>	<u>1,243</u>	<u>1,321</u>	<u>1,806</u>	<u>1,274</u>	<u>1,138</u>	<u>1,007</u>	<u>920</u>	<u>963</u>	<u>15,096</u>
Total labor expense	8,694	7,445	7,288	7,217	7,440	8,675	11,529	8,723	7,623	8,187	7,925	7,733	98,479
<b>Materials</b>													
Operating supplies	2,144	204	19	98	182	110	173	49	331	8	68	319	3,705
Plant maintenance materials and supplies <sup>a/</sup>	1,984	1,621	723	1,875	2,048	2,070	2,297	1,965	2,016	2,435	1,909	2,398	23,341
Fuel and oil	558	519	473	809	740	70	157	60	47	65	103	41	3,642
Electric	<u>940</u>	<u>532</u>	<u>689</u>	<u>595</u>	<u>810</u>	<u>529</u>	<u>1,161</u>	<u>530</u>	<u>246</u>	<u>594</u>	<u>571</u>	<u>724</u>	<u>7,822</u>
Total material expense	5,626	2,876	1,904	3,377	3,780	2,779	3,788	2,604	2,640	3,003	2,651	3,482	38,510
<b>Plant overhead</b>													
Administration													
Salary	560	400	400	780	996	650	48	407	264	480	480	480	5,945
Travel	<u>310</u>	<u>96</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>463</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>869</u>
Total	870	496	400	780	996	1,113	48	407	264	480	480	480	6,814
Rolling stock													
Maintenance labor	57	215	82	303	226	102	231	148	172	61	97	83	1,777
Maintenance parts	51	127	94	339	94	325	284	523	204	72	280	95	2,288
Depreciation	<u>1,157</u>	<u>1,157</u>	<u>1,157</u>	<u>1,157</u>	<u>1,157</u>	<u>1,157</u>	<u>1,157</u>	<u>1,157</u>	<u>1,157</u>	<u>1,157</u>	<u>1,157</u>	<u>1,157</u>	<u>13,884</u>
Total	1,265	1,499	1,333	1,799	1,477	1,584	1,672	1,628	1,533	1,290	1,534	1,335	17,949
Office furniture depreciation	0	0	0	5	5	7	15	15	15	15	15	17	109
Clerical salary	609	556	583	610	530	556	583	583	556	609	556	583	6,914
Office supplies	200	19	55	46	113	52	0	51	12	0	0	60	608
Communication	28	20	33	30	24	24	46	33	33	36	24	24	355
Plant custodial and security	0	0	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	0	0	19
Inspection, safety, and fire protection	0	0	0	21	19	19	53	0	0	0	0	0	112
Payroll benefits	1,761	1,761	1,761	1,777	1,698	2,053	2,629	2,177	1,921	2,116	1,745	1,668	23,067
Other labor	164	328	0	0	0	0	205	0	0	0	0	0	697
Other expense	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>45</u>	<u>130</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>245</u>
Total plant overhead	4,897	4,679	4,165	5,068	4,862	5,453	5,400	4,894	4,384	4,546	4,374	4,167	56,889
Total operating expense	19,217	15,000	13,357	15,662	16,122	16,907	20,717	16,221	14,647	15,736	14,950	15,382	193,918

Table A-6 (Concluded)

	Oct. <u>1974</u>	Nov. <u>1974</u>	Dec. <u>1974</u>	Jan. <u>1975</u>	Feb. <u>1975</u>	March <u>1975</u>	April <u>1975</u>	May <u>1975</u>	June <u>1975</u>	July <u>1975</u>	Aug. <u>1975</u>	Sept. <u>1975</u>	Total
<u>Capital costs</u> <sup>b/</sup>													
Amortized investment <sup>c/</sup>	3,739	3,739	3,739	3,739	3,739	3,739	3,739	3,739	3,739	3,739	3,739	3,739	44,868
Fixed investment <sup>d/</sup>	<u>13,401</u>	<u>13,401</u>	<u>13,401</u>	<u>13,401</u>	<u>13,401</u>	<u>13,401</u>	<u>13,401</u>	<u>13,401</u>	<u>13,401</u>	<u>13,401</u>	<u>13,401</u>	<u>13,401</u>	<u>160,812</u>
Total capital cost	17,140	17,140	17,140	17,140	17,140	17,140	17,140	17,140	17,140	17,140	17,140	17,140	205,680
Total cost of operation	36,357	32,140	30,497	32,802	33,262	34,047	37,857	33,361	31,787	32,876	32,090	32,522	399,598
Value of recovered Fe metal	<u>7,995</u>	<u>4,158</u>	<u>1,794</u>	<u>3,030</u>	<u>1,567</u>	<u>3,521</u>	<u>6,404</u>	<u>1,561</u>	<u>446</u>	<u>1,511</u>	<u>2,107</u>	<u>1,492</u>	<u>35,586</u>
Net cost of operation	28,362	27,982	28,703	29,772	31,695	30,526	31,453	31,800	31,341	31,365	29,983	31,030	364,012

a/ Parts and supplies above \$200/item amortized over 12 months.

b/ Municipal ownership, interest costs at 6.0%.

c/ Capital recovery 5 years, rolling stock and start-up expenses.

d/ Capital recovery 20 years, fixed equipment.

Table A-7. SUMMARY OF OPERATING EXPENSES, RECEIVING FACILITY  
FOR MONTHS OCTOBER 1974 THROUGH SEPTEMBER 1975

	Oct. 1974	Nov. 1974	Dec. 1974	Jan. 1975	Feb. 1975	March 1975	April 1975	May 1975	June 1975	July 1975	Aug. 1975	Sept. 1975	Total
<u>Labor</u>													
Vehicle labor	3,224	3,165	2,964	3,323	2,882	3,443	4,342	3,648	3,098	3,313	1,155	779	35,336
<u>Materials</u>													
Fuel and oil	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	401	726	131	0	150	207	100	1,715
Electric	100	50	40	90	40	90	150	60	10	0	0	0	630
Total materials	100	50	40	90	40	491	876	191	10	150	207	100	2,345
<u>Plant overhead</u>													
Building maintenance													
Labor	0	127	43	11	184	39	43	426	28	0	0	0	901
Parts <sup>a/</sup>	0	0	30	104	104	192	209	293	209	209	209	209	1,771
Total building maint.	0	127	76	115	288	231	252	719	237	209	209	209	2,672
Rolling stock													
Maint. labor	25	15	18	70	65	135	281	170	53	224	147	406	1,609
Parts	0	3	19	96	206	90	238	256	7	229	0	195	1,339
Depreciation	1,347	1,347	1,347	1,347	1,347	1,347	1,347	1,347	1,347	1,347	1,347	1,347	16,164
Total rolling stock	1,372	1,365	1,384	1,513	1,618	1,572	1,866	1,773	1,409	1,800	1,494	1,948	19,112
Insurance	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	84
Total plant overhead	1,379	1,499	1,467	1,635	1,913	1,810	2,125	2,499	1,651	2,016	1,710	2,164	21,868
Total operating expense	4,703	4,714	4,471	5,048	4,835	5,744	7,343	6,338	4,759	5,479	3,072	3,043	59,549
<u>Capital costs<sup>b/</sup></u>													
Amortized investment <sup>c/</sup>	687	687	687	687	687	687	687	687	687	687	687	687	8,244
Fixed investment <sup>d/</sup>	2,828	2,828	2,828	2,828	2,828	2,828	2,828	2,828	2,828	2,828	2,828	2,828	33,936
Total capital cost	3,515	3,515	3,515	3,515	3,515	3,515	3,515	3,515	3,515	3,515	3,515	3,515	42,180
Total cost of operation	8,218	8,229	7,986	8,563	8,350	9,259	10,858	9,853	8,274	8,994	6,587	6,558	101,729

<sup>a/</sup> Parts and supplies over \$200/item amortized over 12 months.

<sup>b/</sup> Municipal ownership, interest costs at 6.0%.

<sup>c/</sup> Capital recovery 5 years, rolling stock.

<sup>d/</sup> Capital recovery 20 years, fixed equipment.

NA = cost data not available.

Table A-8. CAPITAL EXPENDITURES-REFUSE PROCESSING FACILITY

The capital expenditures for the project are summarized as follows:

Processing plant

Equipment:

Hammermill and motor	\$ 92,850
Vibratory conveyors	44,729
Belt conveyors	110,441
Storage bin and unloader	74,540
Belt scales	12,320
Shuttle belt conveyor	7,850
Magnetic separator	10,930
Stationary packer	24,295
Power transformer	16,724
Air density separator system	114,934
Metal densification unit	30,430
Air compressor, vent fan and motor	1,891
Perment magnet drum	2,620
Miscellaneous equipment (office, testing, shop, communication)	11,176

Total equipment	\$ 555,730
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Construction:

Excavation, grading and offsite borrow	\$ 44,140
Piling	85,575
Concrete	151,411
Structural steel	106,715
Prefabricated building	77,380
Interior enclosures	12,205
Bin superstructure, canopies and platforms	48,999
Sewers	16,697
Piping	6,600
Sprinkler system	17,760
Ventilation	12,350
Installation of equipment	122,393
Electrical	276,199
Painting	20,602
Asphaltic concrete	16,459

Total construction	\$1,015,485
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Engineering	181,200
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Total capital cost processing plant (not including rolling stock)	\$1,752,415
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Receiving facility

Equipment:

Receiving bin unloader	\$ 26,840
Belt conveyer	9,000
Pneumatic transfer system	24,644

Total equipment	\$ 60,484
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Table A-8. (Concluded)

The capital expenditures for the project are summarized as follows:

Receiving facility

Construction:

Excavation and grading	\$ 68,185
Piling	26,000
Concrete	64,715
Structure steel	6,945
Building and superstructure	16,931
Receiving bin	11,815
Sewers	3,000
Piping	1,600
Ventilation	2,200
Installation of equipment	11,745
Electrical	56,573
Painting	<u>2,550</u>

Total construction \$ 272,259

Engineering 34,800

Total capital cost receiving facility \$ 367,543

Rolling stock

Processing plant:

Two front-end loaders, three dump trucks, one pick-up truck, one automobile	\$ 76,899
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Receiving facility:

Three tractor-trailer trucks	<u>74,287</u>
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Total capital cost rolling stock \$ 151,186

Plant start-up expense

Processing plant: \$ 8,122

Summary

Total processing plant	\$1,752,415
Total receiving facility	367,543
Total rolling stock	151,186
Total plant startup	<u>8,122</u>

Total capital costs refuse processing facility \$2,279,266

Table A-9. PROCESSING PLANT DAILY ACTIVITY  
(Averages are for days plant is processing, not work days per week)  
(Test days are days refuse samples taken)

Week of production	Date 1974		Weather	Test day	Raw refuse processed		Comments
	Month	Day			Mg/day	Mg/hr	
<u>Week 1</u>							
Monday	9	23	Clear	1	258.1	28.1	
Tuesday	9	24	Clear	2	274.9	36.7	
Wednesday	9	25	Clear	3	283.3	37.4	
Thursday	9	26	Fog	4	280.5	36.2	
Friday	9	27	Cloudy	5	<u>290.2</u>	<u>37.5</u>	
Average					277.4	35.2	
<u>Week 2</u>							
Monday	9	30	Clear	6	281.0	40.1	
Tuesday	10	1	Clear	7	294.9	36.8	
Wednesday	10	2	Clear	8	283.0	35.0	
Thursday	10	3	Clear	9	269.9	36.8	
Friday	10	4	Clear	10	<u>272.0</u>	<u>37.6</u>	
Average					280.1	37.3	
<u>Week 3</u>							
Monday	10	7	Clear	11	159.7	25.9	
Tuesday	10	8	Clear	12	160.8	26.0	
Wednesday	10	9	Clear	13	165.9	33.7	
Thursday	10	10	Clear	14	167.4	38.6	
Friday	10	11	Clear	15	<u>165.7</u>	<u>43.3</u>	
Average					163.9	33.5	
<u>Week 4</u>							
Monday	10	14	Rain	-	-	-	Holiday - Columbus Day
Tuesday	10	15	Clear	16	186.8	36.1	
Wednesday	10	16	Clear	17	182.0	30.3	
Thursday	10	17	Clear	18	174.1	38.6	
Friday	10	18	Cloudy	19	<u>162.2</u>	<u>32.5</u>	
Average					176.3	34.4	
<u>Week 5</u>							
Monday	10	21	Clear	20	161.2	26.9	
Tuesday	10	22	Clear	21	73.6	29.4	
Wednesday	10	23	Cloudy	22	162.9	32.6	
Thursday	10	24	Cloudy	23	159.8	33.7	
Friday	10	25	Cloudy	24	<u>146.8</u>	<u>41.9</u>	
Average					140.9	32.8	
<u>Week 6 (refuse samples not taken)</u>							
Monday	10	28	-	-	0	0	Holiday for U.E. - Veterans Day for U.E.
Tuesday	10	29	-	-	100.0	28.6	
Wednesday	10	30	-	-	23.0*	20.0*	Regrind experiment* (not included in averages)
Thursday	10	31	-	-	0	0	Not in operation--change mill grates, cleanup
Friday	11	1	-	-	<u>142.8</u>	<u>26.9</u>	
Average					121.4	27.8	

Table A-9. (Continued)

Week of production	Date 1974		Weather	Test day	Raw refuse processed		Comments
	Month	Day			Mg/day	Mg/hr	
No production this week							
Monday	11	4		-	0	0	Planned maintenance outage for U.E.
Tuesday	11	5		-	-	-	Holiday - Election Day
Wednesday	11	6		-	0	0	Planned maintenance outage for U.E.
Thursday	11	7		-	0	0	Planned maintenance outage for U.E.
Friday	11	8		-	0	0	Planned maintenance outage for U.E.
Average					0	0	
Week 7 (refuse samples not taken)							
Monday	11	11		-	-	-	Holiday - Veterans Day for city employees
Tuesday	11	12		-	111.7	29.8	
Wednesday	11	13		-	105.1	24.4	
Thursday	11	14		-	103.9	34.7	
Friday	11	15		-	100.9	21.4	
Average					105.4	27.6	
Week 8							
Monday	11	18	Clear	25	80.0	25.3	
Tuesday	11	19	Cloudy	26	254.5	32.1	Environmental testing at processing plant
Wednesday	11	20	Clear	27	260.9	29.8	Environmental testing at processing plant
Thursday	11	21	Clear	28	212.8	31.1	Environmental testing at processing plant
Friday	11	22	Clear	29	157.8	28.3	Environmental testing at processing plant
Average					193.1	29.3	
Week 9							
Monday	11	25	Clear	30	240.5	30.8	Hot bearing on ADS fan
Tuesday	11	26		-	0	0	Replaced ADS fan bearing
Wednesday	11	27	Clear	31	179.5	23.1	
Thursday	11	28		-	-	-	Holiday - Thanksgiving
Friday	11	29		-	0	0	Not in operation - general maintenance
Average					210.0	26.9	
Week 10							
Monday	12	2	Clear	32	186.3	33.4	
Tuesday	12	3	Clear	33	99.2	27.7	
Wednesday	12	4	Clear	34	191.3	28.3	
Thursday	12	5		-	0	0	U.E. maintenance outage--bearing failure Atlas bin
Friday	12	6		-	0	0	U.E. maintenance outage--bearing failure Atlas bin
Average					158.9	29.8	
Week 11							
Monday	12	9		-	0	0	U.E. maintenance outage--bearing failure Atlas bin
Tuesday	12	10	Clear	35	151.6	21.7	
Wednesday	12	11	Rain	36	100.6	30.9	ADS drag chain broke at 12:30 p.m.
Thursday	12	12		-	0	0	Waiting for replacement drag chain from manufacture
Friday	12	13		-	0	0	Waiting for replacement drag chain from manufacture
Average					126.1	26.3	
No production this week							
Monday	12	16		-	0	0	Waiting for replacement drag chain from manufacture
Tuesday	12	17		-	0	0	Waiting for replacement drag chain from manufacture
Wednesday	12	18		-	0	0	Waiting for replacement drag chain from manufacture
Thursday	12	19		-	0	0	Waiting for replacement drag chain from manufacture
Friday	12	20		-	0	0	Waiting for replacement drag chain from manufacture
Average					0	0	

Table A-9. (Continued)

Week of production	Date 1974		Weather	Test day	Raw refuse processed		Comments
	Month	Day			Mg/day	Mg/hr	
<u>Week 12</u>							
Monday	12	23	-	-	0	0	Waiting for replacement drag chain from manufacture
Tuesday	12	24	-	-	0	0	Waiting for replacement drag chain from manufacture
Wednesday	12	25	-	-	-	-	Holiday - Christmas
Thursday	12	26	-	-	0	0	ADS drag chain replaced by end of day
Friday	12	27	Cloudy	-	<u>110.8</u>	<u>40.3</u>	Sugar cane test a.m. Refuse processed p.m. No samples taken
Average					110.8	40.3	
<u>Week 13</u>							
Monday	12	30	Cloudy	37	197.7	29.3	
Tuesday	12	31	Rain	38	200.1	31.6	
Wednesday (1975)	1	1	-	-	-	-	Holiday - New Years
Thursday	1	2	Cloudy	39	200.9	31.8	
Friday	1	3	Cloudy	40	<u>106.0</u>	<u>35.3</u>	
Average					176.2	32.0	
<u>Week 14</u>							
Monday	1	6	Cloudy	41	193.3	43.0	
Tuesday	1	7	Cloudy	42	134.5	25.9	Nuggetizer shutdown--sheared bolts on breaker bar
Wednesday	1	8	Rain	43	128.5	23.4	Nuggetizer shutdown--sheared bolts on breaker bar
Thursday	1	9	Clear	44	148.9	33.8	Nuggetizer shutdown--sheared bolts on breaker bar
Friday	1	10	-	-	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	Storage bin full--U.E. burning at slow rate
Average					151.3	31.6	
<u>Week 15</u>							
Monday	1	13	Clear	45	110.8	21.1	Frozen pneumatic control line on ADS fan
Tuesday	1	14	Cloudy	46	196.6	27.1	
Wednesday	1	15	-	-	-	-	Holiday - Martin Luther King Day
Thursday	1	16	-	-	0	0	Ducted ADS exhaust to plenum area under storage bin
Friday	1	17	Cloudy	47	<u>156.5</u>	<u>18.4</u>	
Average					154.6	22.2	
<u>Week 16</u>							
Monday	1	20	Clear	48	93.5	33.0	
Tuesday	1	21	Clear	49	136.8	30.4	Reliance Electric Company performed hammermill motor test
Wednesday	1	22	Cloudy	50	133.6	24.3	
Thursday	1	23	Cloudy	51	130.8	29.0	
Friday	1	24	Cloudy	52	<u>137.3</u>	<u>28.9</u>	
Average					126.4	29.1	
<u>Week 17</u>							
Monday	1	27	Cloudy	53	125.0	30.0	
Tuesday	1	28	Cloudy	54	112.1	28.0	
Wednesday	1	29	Clear	55	209.8	33.6	Nuggetizer shutdown to balance rotor
Thursday	1	30	-	-	0	0	Storage bin full-U.E. burning at slow rate
Friday	1	31	Rain	56	<u>214.8</u>	<u>33.0</u>	
Average					165.5	31.2	
<u>Week 18</u>							
Monday	2	3	Cloudy	57	253.3	42.2	
Tuesday	2	4	Rain	58	174.5	25.9	
Wednesday	2	5	-	-	0	0	Storage bin full--U.E. burning at slow rate
Thursday	2	6	Cloudy	59	106.5	26.6	
Friday	2	7	Clear	60	<u>118.3</u>	<u>27.5</u>	
Average					163.1	30.6	

Table A-9. (Continued)

Week of production	Date 1975		Weather	Test day	Raw refuse processed		Comments
	Month	Day			Mg/day	Mg/hr	
<u>Week 19</u>							
Monday	2	10	Clear	61	90.7	21.1	Hammermill motor starter malfunction. Corrected by end of day
Tuesday	2	11	Cloudy	62	74.5	33.1	
Wednesday	2	12	-	-	-	-	Holiday - Lincoln's Birthday
Thursday	2	13	Cloudy	63	165.9	24.0	
Friday	2	14	Rain	64	46.9	45.0	
Average					94.5	30.8	
<u>Week 20</u>							
Monday	2	17	-	-	-	-	Holiday - Washington's Birthday
Tuesday	2	18	Cloudy	65	152.8	43.6	All processed material collected for 2/19
Wednesday	2	19	Clear	66	152.8	30.6	Double grind test; reground refuse from 2/18
Thursday	2	20	Clear	67	86.9	26.8	
Friday	2	21	-	-	0	0	U.E. maintenance outage--malfunction of Atlas bin hydraulic system
Average					130.8	33.7	
<u>No production this week</u>							
Monday	2	24	-	-	0	0	U.E. maintenance outage--Atlas bin hydraulic system
Tuesday	2	25	-	-	0	0	U.E. maintenance outage--Atlas bin hydraulic system
Wednesday	2	26	-	-	0	0	U.E. maintenance outage--Atlas bin hydraulic system
Thursday	2	27	-	-	0	0	U.E. maintenance outage--Atlas bin hydraulic system
Friday	2	28	-	-	0	0	U.E. maintenance outage--Atlas bin hydraulic system
Average					0	0	
<u>Week 21</u>							
Monday	3	3	Clear	68	132.0	24.0	
Tuesday	3	4	Clear	69	121.4	31.1	
Wednesday	3	5	Cloudy	70	94.3	29.0	
Thursday	3	6	-	-	0	0	U.E. general maintenance outage
Friday	3	7	Cloudy	71	163.1	29.7	
Average					127.7	28.5	
<u>Week 22</u>							
Monday	3	10	Cloudy	72	115.1	35.4	Nuggetizer shut down for maintenance
Tuesday	3	11	Cloudy	73	150.3	33.4	
Wednesday	3	12	-	-	0	0	U.E. general maintenance outage
Thursday	3	13	Cloudy	74	146.1	23.4	
Friday	3	14	Clear	75	105.3	30.1	
Average					129.2	30.6	
<u>Week 23</u>							
Monday	3	17	-	-	0	0	General maintenance outage in preparation for environmental tests at U.E.
Tuesday	3	18	-	-	0	0	General maintenance outage in preparation for environmental tests at U.E.
Wednesday	3	19	-	-	0	0	General maintenance outage in preparation for environmental tests at U.E.
Thursday	3	20	Clear	76	152.4	33.3	
Friday	3	21	-	-	0	0	General maintenance outage in preparation for environmental tests at U.E.
Average					152.4	33.3	

Table A-9. (Continued)

Week of production	Date 1975		Weather	Test day	Raw refuse processed		Comments
	Month	Day			Mg/day	Mg/hr	
Week 24							
Monday	3	24	Clear	77	227.4	30.3	Start of coal and refuse cure on U.E. ESP
Tuesday	3	25	Cloudy	78	130.7	28.4	
Wednesday	3	26	Clear	79	175.5	30.3	
Thursday	3	27	Rain	80	314.4	42.5	
Friday	3	28	Rain	81	286.3	36.1	
Saturday	3	29	Clear	82	<u>90.4</u>	<u>32.8</u>	
Average					204.1	33.4	
Week 25							
Monday	3	31	Clear	83	302.5	34.6	U.E. commenced environmental testing at power plant
Tuesday	4	1	Clear	84	298.6	40.7	
Wednesday	4	2	Cloudy	85	338.4	34.7	
Thursday	4	3	Clear	86	146.5	27.9	
Friday	4	4	Clear	87	165.5	34.8	Bearing failure on ADS drag chain
Saturday	4	5	Clear	*	<u>130.5</u>	<u>34.8</u>	* Material processed on Saturday would have been processed on Friday had bearing failure not occurred. Samples collected included in composite for Friday
Average					230.3	34.7	
Week 26							
Monday	4	7	Clear	88	288.3	34.9	
Tuesday	4	8	Rain	89	287.0	36.2	
Wednesday	4	9	Cloudy	90	84.2	33.7	
Thursday	4	10	Clear	91	132.4	29.4	
Friday	4	11	Clear	92	318.5	37.1	
Saturday	4	12	Clear	93	<u>222.8</u>	<u>37.1</u>	
Average					222.2	34.7	
Week 27							
Monday	4	14	Clear	94	261.9	35.3	
Tuesday	4	15	Clear	95	373.8	45.9	
Wednesday	4	16	Clear	96	203.5	25.7	
Thursday	4	17	-	-	0	0	Repaired holes in ADS cyclone separator
Friday	4	18	Cloudy	97	107.5	20.8	Fine grind 1-1/4 in. diameter opening grates <sup>a</sup> / in hammermill
Saturday	4	19	Clear	98	<u>199.7</u>	<u>20.9</u>	Fine grind 1-1/4 in. diameter opening grates <sup>a</sup> / in hammermill
Average					229.2	29.3	
Week 28							
Monday	4	21	Clear	99	162.7	20.9	Fine grind 1-1/4 in. diameter opening grates <sup>a</sup> / in hammermill
Tuesday	4	22	Clear	100	174.5	23.2	Fine grind 1-1/4 in. diameter opening grates <sup>a</sup> / in hammermill
Wednesday	4	23	Rain	101	224.8	27.0	Fine grind 1-1/4 in. diameter opening grates <sup>a</sup> / in hammermill
Thursday	4	24	-	-	0	0	U.E. maintenance outage--broken boiler tube
Friday	4	25	-	-	0	0	U.E. maintenance outage--broken boiler tube
Saturday	4	26	-	-	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	U.E. burning balance of accumulated fine grind refuse fuel. Last day of U.E. conducted environmental test
Average					187.3	23.7	

Table A-9. (Continued)

Week of production	Date 1975		Weather	Test day	Raw refuse processed		Comments
	Month	Day			Mg/day	Mg/hr	
<u>Week 29</u>							
Monday	4	28	Clear	102	164.7	27.9	Normal 3-in. square opening grates in hammermill
Tuesday	4	29	Clear	103	296.6	31.5	
Wednesday	4	30	Rain	104	271.8	33.7	Start of environmental tests at U.E.
Thursday	5	1	Cloudy	105	116.0	22.1	
Friday	5	2	Cloudy	106	<u>235.1</u>	<u>29.1</u>	
Average					216.8	28.8	
<u>Week 30</u>							
Monday	5	5	-	-	0	0	U.E. maintenance outage--broken boiler tube
Tuesday	5	6	-	-	0	0	U.E. maintenance outage--broken boiler tube
Wednesday	5	7	-	-	0	0	U.E. maintenance outage--broken boiler tube
Thursday	5	8	-	-	-	-	Holiday - Truman's Birthday
Friday	5	9		107	<u>54.8</u>	<u>42.2</u>	Demonstration run for tour group
Average					54.8	42.2	
<u>Week 31</u>							
Monday	5	12	Cloudy	108	331.4	35.8	Nuggetizer shutdown at 1:00 p.m. Rotor jammed
Tuesday	5	13	Cloudy	109	173.5	41.3	Nuggetizer not operated. Rotor jammed
Wednesday	5	14		-	0	0	Repair of failed bearings on receiving building screw conveyor at power plant
Thursday	5	15		-	0	0	Repair of failed bearings on receiving building screw conveyor at power plant
Friday	5	16	Clear	110	<u>220.1</u>	<u>32.4</u>	
Average					241.7	36.5	
<u>Week 32</u>							
Monday	5	19	Clear	111	243.6	26.8	
Tuesday	5	20	Cloudy	112	225.8	38.3	Lead wire on hammermill motor came loose at 4:00 p.m. burning out lighting arrester and oxidizing first 10 ft of lead wire
Wednesday	5	21		-	0	0	Waiting for spare parts - hammermill electrical connection
Thursday	5	22		-	0	0	Waiting for spare parts - hammermill electrical connection
Friday	5	23		-	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	Waiting for spare parts - hammermill electrical connection
Average					234.7	32.6	
<u>No production this week</u>							
Monday	5	26		-	-	-	Holiday - Memorial Day
Tuesday	5	27		-	0	0	Waiting for spare parts - hammermill electrical connection
Wednesday	5	28		-	0	0	Waiting for spare parts - hammermill electrical connection
Thursday	5	29		-	0	0	Waiting for spare parts - hammermill electrical connection
Friday	5	30		-	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	Waiting for spare parts - hammermill electrical connection
Average					0	0	

Table A-9. (Continued)

Week of production	Date 1975		Weather	Test day	Raw refuse processed		Comments
	Month	Day			Mg/day	Mg/hr	
<u>No production this week</u>							
Monday	6	2		-	0	0	Waiting for spare parts - hammermill electrical connection
Tuesday	6	3		-	0	0	Waiting for spare parts - hammermill electrical connection
Wednesday	6	4		-	0	0	Aluminum lead wire and lighting arrester received. Electrician started hammermill electrical repair
Thursday	6	5		-	0	0	Hammermill electrical repair
Friday	6	6		-	0	0	Hammermill electrical repair
Average					0	0	
<u>Week 33</u>							
Monday	6	9		-	0	0	Hammermill electrical repair finished
Tuesday	6	10		-	0	0 <sup>b/</sup>	Replaced broken chain link on ADS drag chain conveyor
Wednesday	6	11	Clear	-	39.1	39.9 <sup>b/</sup>	Demonstration run for tour group. No samples taken
Thursday	6	12	Clear	-	47.9	31.9 <sup>b/</sup>	Run to produce ADS heavies for U.E. test. No samples taken
Friday	6	13		-	0	0 <sup>b/</sup>	
Average					43.5	35.6	
<u>Week 34</u>							
Monday	6	16		-	0	0	b/
Tuesday	6	17		-	0	0	b/
Wednesday	6	18		-	0	0	b/
Thursday	6	19		-	0	0	b/ Hauled refuse fuel from 6-11 and 6-12 to U.E.
Friday	6	20		-	85.1	26.9	b/ Run to produced ADS heavies for U.E. test. No samples taken
Average					85.1	26.9	
<u>Week 35</u>							
Monday	6	23		-	0	0	Electrical power off to repair electric power distribution substation
Tuesday	6	24		-	0	0	Electrical power off to repair electric power distribution substation
Wednesday	6	25		-	0	0	Electrical power off to repair electric power distribution substation
Thursday	6	26		-	0	0	Electrical power off to repair electric power distribution substation
Friday	6	27		-	86.9	24.9	b/ Produced ADS heavies for U.E. test. No samples taken
Average					86.9	24.9	
<u>Week 36</u>							
Monday	6	30	Clear	113	68.0	18.1	Environmental tests at processing plant
Tuesday	7	1	Clear	114	126.6	29.8	Environmental tests at processing plant
Wednesday	7	2	Clear	115	100.7	25.7	Environmental tests at processing plant
Thursday	7	3	Clear	116	155.4	24.9	Environmental tests at processing plant
Friday	7	4			-	-	Holiday - Independence Day
Average					112.7	24.6	(All RDF landfilled during week 36 due to maintenance outage at power plant)
<u>Week 37</u>							
Monday	7	7	Clear	117	127.5	23.1	
Tuesday	7	8	Clear	118	84.5	33.7	
Wednesday	7	9	Clear	119	167.6	27.9	
Thursday	7	10	Clear	120	158.5	21.1	
Friday	7	11	Clear	121	254.2	33.9	
Average					158.5	27.9	

Table A-9. (Continued)

Week of production	Date 1975		Weather	Test day	Raw refuse processed			Comments
	Month	Day			Mg/day	Mg/hr		
<u>Week 38</u>								
Monday	7	14	Clear	122	211.0	35.2	c/	
Tuesday	7	15		-	0	0	d/	General maintenance at processing plant
Wednesday	7	16	Clear	123	211.9	32.6	c/	Oil leak developed in ADS feed vibrating conveyor
Thursday	7	17	Cloudy	124	198.1	32.6	c/	
Friday	7	18	Clear	125	<u>212.9</u>	<u>34.1</u>	c/	
Average					208.5	33.7		
<u>Week 39</u>								
Monday	7	21		-	0	0	d/	
Tuesday	7	22		-	53.4	18.9	c/	Run to produce ADS heavies for U.E. test. No samples taken
Wednesday	7	23		-	0	0	d/	
Thursday	7	24		-	0	0	d/	
Friday	7	25		-	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	d/	
Average					53.4	18.9		
<u>Week 40</u>								
Monday	7	28			0	0	d/	
Tuesday	7	29			0	0	d/	
Wednesday	7	30	Cloudy	126	155.6	28.7	c/	
Thursday	7	31			0	0	d/	
Friday	8	1	Rain	127	<u>191.5</u>	<u>30.7</u>	c/	
Average					173.5	29.7		
<u>Week 41</u>								
Monday	8	4			0	0	d/	
Tuesday	8	5	Clear	128	177.6	29.2	c/	Hammermill dust collection system discontinued from service
Wednesday	8	6	Cloudy	129	231.2	33.0	c/	
Thursday	8	7	Clear	130	309.5	38.7	c/	
Friday	8	8	Clear	131	<u>309.3</u>	<u>45.8</u>	c/	ADS drag conveyor jammed due to broken chain flight
Average					256.9	36.7		
<u>Week 42</u>								
Monday	8	11	Clear	132	234.9	34.8		
Tuesday	8	12		-	0	0	d/	Replaced blown 60,000 amp buss fuse for hammermill motor
Wednesday	8	13		-	0	0	d/	Replaced blown 60,000 amp buss fuse for hammermill motor
Thursday	8	14	Cloudy	133	269.5	31.3		
Friday	8	15	Cloudy	134	<u>255.9</u>	<u>28.9</u>		
Average					253.5	31.8		
<u>Week 43</u>								
Monday	8	18		-	0	0	d/	General plant maintenance
Tuesday	8	19	Clear	135	170.3	22.7	c/	
Wednesday	8	20	Clear	136	163.6	22.3	c/	
Thursday	8	21	Clear	137	254.4	37.6	c/	
Friday	8	22	Clear	138	<u>226.2</u>	<u>35.2</u>	c/	
Average					203.6	29.5		

Table A-9. (Concluded)

Week of production	Date 1975		Weather	Test day	Raw refuse processed		Comments
	Month	Day			Mg/day	Mg/hr	
<u>Week 44</u>							
Monday	8	25	-	-	0	0	Repair of baffle plates in hammermill
Tuesday	8	26	-	-	0	0	Repair of baffle plates in hammermill
Wednesday	8	27	-	-	0	0	Repair of baffle plates in hammermill
Thursday	8	28	Cloudy	139	248.2	34.2	c/
Friday	8	29	Cloudy	140	<u>239.9</u>	<u>32.0</u>	c/
Average					244.0	33.1	
<u>Week 45</u>							
Monday	9	1	-	-	-	-	Holiday - Labor Day
Tuesday	9	2	Clear	141	214.6	31.8	c/
Wednesday	9	3	Clear	142	268.4	32.8	c/
Thursday	9	4	Clear	143	228.9	33.1	c/
Friday	9	5	Cloudy	144	<u>237.0</u>	<u>29.7</u>	c/
Average					237.2	31.8	
<u>No production this week</u>							
Monday	9	8	-	-	0	0	d/
Tuesday	9	9	-	-	0	0	d/
Wednesday	9	10	-	-	0	0	d/
Thursday	9	11	-	-	0	0	d/
Friday	9	12	-	-	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	d/
Average					0	0	
<u>No production this week</u>							
Monday	9	15	-	-	0	0	d/
Tuesday	9	16	-	-	0	0	d/
Wednesday	9	17	-	-	0	0	d/
Thursday	9	18	-	-	0	0	d/
Friday	9	19	-	-	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	d/
Average					0	0	
<u>No production this week</u>							
Monday	9	22	-	-	0	0	d/
Tuesday	9	23	-	-	0	0	d/
Wednesday	9	24	-	-	0	0	d/
Thursday	9	25	-	-	0	0	d/
Friday	9	26	-	-	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	d/
Average					0	0	
<u>No production this week</u>							
Monday	9	29	-	-	0	0	d/
Tuesday	9	30	-	-	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	Test run for Vulcan Materials Company. Sample of tin cans passed through system to test Fe metal recovery.
Average					0	0	
Total average for 45 weeks of production					168.3	31.0	End of 12-month test and evaluation program
Maximum value					373.8	45.8	
Minimum value					39.1	18.4	

a/ Used to simulate double ground refuse. Normal grates are 76 mm square openings.

b/ Decision not to run to allow highest possible probability of completing environmental tests without further mechanical breakdown. Although not a required maintenance outage, U.E. taking advantage of downtime to repair pneumatic conveying lines from Atlas bin to boiler.

c/ Strike at U.E. power plant. City landfilling refuse fuel produced.

d/ Strike at U.E. power plant. Refuse processing plant not in operation due to this strike.

Table A-10. WEEKLY SUMMARY OF PLANT DOWNTIME DURING PROCESSING DAYS

<u>Week of 1974</u>		<u>Downtime</u>	<u>Equipment</u>	<u>Description</u>
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>	<u>hours</u>		
9	23	1.1		Plant shut down to await tour group from Suwa, Japan
9	30	4.3	Nuggetizer	Sheared bolts on breaker bars
		<u>1.0</u>	<u>Storage bin</u>	Discharge screw conveyor plugged
		5.3	Total	
10	7	1.0	Trucks	Shut down to change mag. belt reject trucks
10	14	0.7	Trucks	Shut down to change mag. belt reject trucks
		0.5	Mag. belt	Reject hopper plugged
		1.5	Vibrating conv.	Replace bearing on mill discharge conv.
		1.5	-	General maintenance
		<u>3.5</u>	<u>ADS</u>	Surge bin plugged due to drive motor mount breaking loose
		7.7	Total	
10	21	2.0	Hammermill	Replace oil pump coupling
		1.2	Storage bin	Overfilled one end - cross belt was not reversed
		<u>1.0</u>	<u>Vibrating conv.</u>	Replace broken spring clamp on mill discharge conv.
		4.2	Total	
10	28	0.8	ADS drag conv.	Remount and tighten loose drive chain
		0.4	ADS fan	Tighten loose mounting bolts
		<u>4.5</u>	<u>Vibrating conv.</u>	Clean out and re-start plugged mill discharge conv.
		5.7	Total	
11	11	0.8	Trucks	Shut down to change mag. belt reject trucks
		0.2	Vibrating conv.	Tighten loose mounting bolts on mill discharge conv.
		<u>1.0</u>	<u>ADS</u>	Surge bin plugged
		2.0	Total	
11	18	0.3	ADS fan	Clean fan - heavy vibration noticed
		0.3	ADS	Surge bin plugged
		<u>1.3</u>	<u>Hammermill</u>	Fire in mill - assume due to hot metal
		1.9	Total	
11	25	1.0	ADS drag conv.	Clean out and re-start plugged conv.
		<u>1.9</u>	<u>ADS</u>	Surge bin plugged
		2.9	Total	

Table A-10. (Continued)

<u>Week of 1974</u>		<u>Downtime</u> <u>hours</u>	<u>Equipment</u>	<u>Description</u>
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>			
12	2	0.4	Truck	Tire change
12	9	0.3	ADS	ADS flight caught in feeder air lock
12	23	7.0	Hammermill feed conv.	Electrical circuit outage
12	30	<u>4.0</u>	<u>Processing plant</u>	General maintenance
		11.7	Total	
<u>Week of 1975</u>		<u>Downtime</u> <u>hours</u>	<u>Equipment</u>	<u>Description</u>
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>			
1	6	0.3	Truck	Change mag. belt reject truck
		<u>3.5</u>	<u>Processing plant</u>	General maintenance
		3.8	Total	
1	13	1.0	Classifier cyclone	Pneumatic lines frozen
		1.0	ADS	Surge bin plugged
		0.4	Storage bin	Overfilled
		<u>0.5</u>	<u>ADS</u>	Surge bin paddle wheel malfunction
		2.9	Total	
1	20	0.3	Hammermill	Low lubrication pressure
1	27	0.8	Vibrating conv.	Check unusual vibration
2	3	1.5	Hammermill feed conv.	Jammed belt
		<u>1.1</u>	<u>Hammermill feed conv.</u>	Fuse blown
		2.6	Total	
2	10	1.0	Hammermill	Delay due to severe cold and malfunction of relays
		<u>0.5</u>	<u>Truck</u>	Change mag. belt reject trucks
		1.5	Total	
2	17	<u>0.2</u>	<u>Conveyor belt</u>	Malfunction of ADS heavies conveyor belt
		0.2	Total	

Table A-10. (Continued)

<u>Week of 1975</u>		<u>Downtime</u>	<u>Equipment</u>	<u>Description</u>
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>	<u>hours</u>		
3	24	0.2	Hammermill feed conv.	Belt jammed due to overload
		0.3	Conveyor belt	Chain off sprocket of ADS heavies conveyor belt
		0.5	ADS	Scalper roll bearing breakage
		<u>1.8</u>	<u>ADS</u>	Vibrator feeder bolts loose
		2.8	Total	
3	31	0.3	ADS	Clean fan
		1.0	Hammermill	Electrical relay outage
		<u>1.0</u>	<u>ADS</u>	Surge bin bearing breakage
		2.3	Total	
4	7	0.3	ADS	Reducer on scalping roll loose
		1.0	Magnetic belt	Excessive shaft play
		<u>0.3</u>	<u>Truck</u>	Change mag. belt reject truck
		1.6	Total	
4	14	1.0	ADS	Hole in cyclone caused refuse build-up resulting in fan misalignment creating sparks in screen house
		1.8	ADS	Clean ADS fan
		0.4	Hammermill	Broken bolt on discharge vibrating conveyor
		0.3	ADS	Clean ADS fan
		<u>0.3</u>	<u>Hammermill</u>	Loose bearing on discharge vibrating conveyor
		3.8	Total	
4	21	0.9	ADS	Clean ADS fan
4	28	0.4	ADS	Clean ADS fan
		0.3	Hammermill	Safety circuit tripped due to high bearing temp.
		<u>0.3</u>	<u>Magnetic belt</u>	Loose belt
		1.0	Total	
5	12	0.3	Nuggetizer	Fe metal jammed nuggetizer
		<u>5.5</u>	<u>ADS</u>	Drag chain bearing failure
		5.8	Total	
5	19	0.8	ADS	Fe metal collected between shaft of surge bin flight and vibrating conveyor
		0.5	Hammermill	Safety circuit tripped due to high bearing temp.
		<u>0.8</u>	<u>Hammermill</u>	Cable in hammermill motor vibrated loose and shorted out
		2.1	Total	

Table A-10. (Concluded)

<u>Week of 1975</u>		<u>Downtime</u>	<u>Equipment</u>	<u>Description</u>
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>	<u>hours</u>		
6	30	2.7	Hammermill	Refuse overload
7	7	1.0		Shortage of labor necessitated shutdown for lunch
7	14	1.2	ADS	Vibrating conveyor oil leak, scalping roll malfunction
7	28	0.5	ADS	Defective surge bin relay
		<u>0.8</u>	-	Shortage of labor necessitated shutdown for lunch
		1.3	Total	
8	4	0.4	ADS	Clean ADS fan
		0.5	-	Shortage of labor necessitated shutdown for lunch
		<u>5.3</u>	ADS	Drag chain flight broke and jammed against side of surge bin
		6.2	Total	
9	1	3.4	Hammermill	Repair seal
		0.6	ADS	Repair drag chain in surge bin
		<u>0.6</u>	Truck	Glass truck overfilled
		4.6	Total	

Table A-11. WEEKLY SUMMARY OF MAJOR PLANT MAINTENANCE NOT COUNTED AS DOWNTIME

<u>Week of 1974</u>		<u>Equipment</u>	<u>Description</u>
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>		
9	23	Hammermill Stationary packer ADS Nuggetizer Magnetic belt	Hammer retipping, replacement of 18 hammers Welded plate on packer Clean fan Clean fan, turn wear plate around, inspection Mistracked and jammed, realigned and reject hopper cleared
9	30	Hammermill	Hammer retipping
10	7	Hammermill	Hammer retipping, replacement of 14 hammers
10	14	Hammermill Magnetic drum	Hammer retipping, hammer replacement Repair hole in feed chute
10	21	Hammermill	Fire in refuse collected behind discharge, hammer retipping
10	28	Hammermill Hammermill feed conv. Nuggetizer Conveyor belts Storage bin Magnetic belt ADS	Replace oil lines, change oil Replace bolt, replace seal Lubricate, tighten bolts, clean fan Clean Install new lugs on auger Lubricate Clean fan
11	4	Hammermill ADS Storage bin Nuggetizer Union Electric Receiving facility Payloader	Hammer retipping, change air filter on oil cooler Clean, parts fabrication Lubricate auger machinery Lubricate, clean fan, tighten bolts Replace conveyor coupling, feeder inspection General maintenance Maintenance and motor repair
11	11	Hammermill Hammermill feed conv. ADS Nuggetizer Storage bin Conveyor belts	Drain water from oil cooler, hammer retipping Adjustments Clean fan, replace inspection door seals Tighten bolts, clean fan Clean auger traversing tracks Replace seals
11	18	Hammermill ADS Nuggetizer Conveyor belts Surge bin Packer truck	Fire in refuse collected behind discharge, hammer retipping Clean fan, clean pneumatic control system Replace anchor bolt, lubricate Replace coverings Remove plastic lining Repair broken oil lines
11	25	Hammermill Hammermill feed conv. ADS  Stationary packer Nuggetizer	Hammer retipping Bolt tightening on vibrator, seal fabrication Air compressor maintenance (pneumatic control system), repair scalping roll on surge bin, fan bearing replacement Change oil, repair hook-up Repair inspection door

Table A-11. (Continued)

<u>Week of 1974</u>		<u>Equipment</u>	<u>Description</u>
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>		
12	2	Hammermill ADS Nuggetizer UE receiving facility  Drive belts	Oil pump failure, retipping, new baffles Clean fan Tighten, grease, and clean fans Fire in Atlas bin due to bearing failure on bin sweep Hammermill receiving vibrating conv., repair bushing in drive sheave
12	9	ADS Hammermill Magnetic belt Hammermill feed conveyors Drive belts ADS vibrating feeder	ADS flight chain broke, waiting for replacement Retipping, new curtain Repair belt, install ribs on magnetic belts Clear jam and new seal Tighten Clear material jam
12	16	Hammermill ADS Magnetic belt conv. Storage bin	Retipping Repair flights, scalping roll Repair reducer Repair screw conveyor, change lugs
12	23	ADS Hammermill	ADS drag chain replaced Retipping
12	30	Hammermill	Retipping
<u>Week of 1975</u>			
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>		
1	6	Nuggetizer  ADS UE receiving facility	Vibrations sheared bolts on breaker bar, tighten and grease, clean fans Clear jam, weld flights, clean pneumatic fan Maintenance outage
1	13	ADS  Nuggetizer Hammermill	Airflow control circuit malfunction, frozen pneumatic lines, alter blower configuration on ADS Excessive vibrations Retipping
1	20	Hammermill Nuggetizer  ADS  Storage bin Conveyor belts	Hammermill performance tests, retipping Excessive vibrations, tighten bolts and grease, clean fans Change flaps on feeder, weld air separator elbow, clean fan Tighten set screen on auger chain drive Clean motor on ADS heavies belt conveyor
1	27	Hammermill Nuggetizer	Retipping, repair seal Bolts holding circular rotating mechanism sheared

Table A-11. (Continued)

<u>Week of 1975</u>		<u>Equipment</u>	<u>Description</u>
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>		
2	3	Hammermill ADS Nuggetizer	Retipping Clean fan, repair air compressor Clean fans, tighten bolts and grease
2	10	Hammermill ADS Nuggetizer	Retipping Clean fan, repair bin level indicator Tighten hammers and bolts, clean fans
2	17	UE receiving facility Hammermill ADS Packer Nuggetizer Conveyor belts	Atlas bin hydraulic system outage Retipping, oil Repair scalper roll, clean fan Repair clamp Clean fan Clean screens on ADS vibrating feeder
2	24	UE receiving facility Hammermill Hammermill feed conv. Packer Classifier cyclone Vibrating conveyors	Repairs continued on Atlas bin Retipping Repair guard Repair hose, oil Wash out pneumatic pipe and patch hole Clean motor 1, tighten bolts
3	3	UE receiving facility Hammermill Packer Hammermill feed conv. ADS Storage bin Nuggetizer	Maintenance outage Retipping Grease Grease Thaw rotary airlock feeder, clean fan Grease screw conveyors Grease, clean fans, tighten bolts
3	10	Nuggetizer UE receiving facility Hammermill Vibrating conveyors ADS Nuggetizer Classifier cyclone	Tighten bolts Maintenance outage Retipping Grease ADS feeder Clean fan Clean fans, tighten bolts and grease Repair elbow on pneumatic pipe
3	17	Nuggetizer  Hammermill Vibrating conveyor	Balance, clean, and grease fan, tighten bolts, tighten U-belts Retipping, install seal Tighten bolts on ADS feeder
3	24	Hammermill ADS  Vibrating conveyor Storage bin Nuggetizer	Retipping Clean fan, weld duct, install coupling, replace screen on discharge collection house Raise ADS feeder 1-1/2 in., clean screens Change lugs on screw conveyor Tighten bolts
3	31	Hammermill Storage bin Nuggetizer	Retipping Clean screw conveyor Tighten and clean fan, grease, tighten drive belt

Table A-11. (Continued)

<u>Week of 1975</u>		<u>Equipment</u>	<u>Description</u>
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>		
4	7	UE receiving facility	Bracket of conveyor drive motor breakage, Atlas bin sweep drive failure
		Hammermill	Retipping
		ADS	Clean fan
		Nuggetizer	Grease and clean fan, tighten bolts
		Packer	Repair backstop and bin
4	14	Storage bin	Electrical failure
		Magnetic belt	Mistrack
		Nuggetizer	Heavy vibrations result in motor off balance, clean and grease fan
		Hammermill	Retipping, install seal, change grates
		ADS	Grease, adjust blades on rotary airlock feeder
		Hammermill feed conv.	Adjust belt
		Vibrating conveyor	Grease
		ADS cyclone	Repair hole in pneumatic pipe
4	21	Storage bin	Shuttle belt conveyor fuses blown
		Hammermill	Retipping, oil, change grates
		Nuggetizer	Clean and grease fan
4	28	UE receiving facility	Screw conveyor bearing repair
		Hammermill	Retipping, change grates
		ADS	Install fan guard, balance rotor
		Nuggetizer	Clean and grease fan
		Conveyor belts	Install wiper on hammermill discharge conveyor
5	5	Hammermill	Hammers reversed, install seals
		Vibrating conveyor	New bushing on hammermill feeder
		Nuggetizer	Clean and grease fan
		ADS	Weld pneumatic pipe elbow
5	12	Nuggetizer	Nuggetizer motor jammed, clean and grease fan
		ADS	Repairs of broken bearings on drag chain
		Hammermill	Retipping, paint bearings
		UE receiving facility	Screw conveyor bearing failure, motor off track
5	19	Hammermill	Hammermill motor repair, retipping
		Packer	Repair backstop
		Nuggetizer	Clean and grease fan
		Vibrating conveyor	Grease ADS feeder
		Storage bin	Repair hole in oil case of screw conveyor drive, change lugs on screw conveyor
5	26	Hammermill	Retipping, waiting for hammermill electrical parts
		UE receiving facility	Repair pneumatic conveying lines
		Hammermill feed conv.	Clean
		Packer	Oil
		ADS	Weld crack, replace worn drive belts on conveyors and feeders
		ADS cyclone	Seal pipe

Table A-11. (Continued)

<u>Week of 1975</u>		<u>Equipment</u>	<u>Description</u>
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>		
6	2	Hammermill ADS ADS vibrating feeder	Repair air filters, motor repair Repair chain on drag conveyor, weld elbow pipe Clean screen
6	9	Hammermill ADS UE receiving facility Conveyor belts	Hammermill electrical repairs completed Replaced broken chain link Repair pneumatic conveying lines Make new motor guard for belt conveyor
6	16	ADS Vibrating conveyor	Turn blades around in rotary airlock feeder Put in bushings in hammermill feeder drive
6	23	Processing plant Hammermill	Electric power off to repair distribution substation Retipping, seals
6	30	Hammermill ADS Packer	Clean fan, add oil Clean fan Weld back stop
7	7	Hammermill Vibratory conveyor ADS	Change oil, retipping Grease ADS feeder Repair track on drag chain conveyor
7	14	ADS Packer Hammermill Nuggetizer	Drag chain had worn holes in bottom of surge bin Malfunctioning electrical connector Retipping Grease and tighten fan
7	21	Hammermill Nuggetizer Vibrating conveyor	Retipping, change grates Tighten bolts, hardface hammers Repair oil leak on ADS feeder drive
7	28	Hammermill Magnetic drum Nuggetizer	Retipping Patch shield hole Grease and tighten fan
8	4	Hammermill Vibrating conveyor ADS cyclone Nuggetizer	Retipping, weld crack, seal weld disks clear chute on ADS feeder, repair seal Inspect pneumatic pipe Grease and tighten fan
8	11	Hammermill ADS	Hammermill fuse blown, change hammers Clear airline
8	18	Hammermill ADS Nuggetizer	Retipping Repair flights on drag chain conveyor, clean fan Grease and tighten fan
8	25	Hammermill	Replace interior baffles

Table A-11. (Concluded)

<u>Week of 1975</u>		<u>Equipment</u>	<u>Description</u>
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>		
9	1	Hammermill ADS Nuggetizer	Hammermill retipping Replace surge bin drag chain, clean pneumatic fan Tighten bolts and grease
9	8	Hammermill ADS Nuggetizer	Repair seal Clean pneumatic fan Tighten bolts and grease
9	15	Magnetic drum ADS	Install new end plates and rubber seals Paint surge bin, install belts on fan
9	22	Hammermill	Retipping, lubricate

Table A-12. DAILY RECORDED VALUES OF PLANT OPERATING CONDITIONS


Date 1974 Month Day			Test day	Electric power used (kw-hr)		Equipment amps daily readings				Midday ambient		Hammermill bearing		ADS fan		
				Total plant	Hammermill	Hammermill	ADS fan	Storage bin screw conveyor	Nuggetizer	Temp. (°C)	% RH	skin temp. (°C) Inboard Outboard	Air flow (actual m <sup>3</sup> /s)	Temp. (°C)	% RH	
9	23	1	7,200	Data	250	145	52	32	19	38	57	57	13.76	17	83	
9	24	2	6,720	not	150	160	52	45	22	32	58	61	14.05	17	78	
9	25	3	6,480	recorded	210	152	100	90	21	64	64	64	14.16	21	90	
9	26	4	6,480		200	150	100	65	29	40	62	67	14.54	24	74	
9	27	5	6,720		230	150	100	70	24	66	69	63	14.51	24	90	
9	30	6	6,720		250	158	90	60	23	36	62	66	15.05	16	77	
10	1	7	7,200		100	150	90	60	21	28	61	62	13.86	21	37	
10	2	8	6,960		125	150	120	42	11	46	48	59	13.56	10	80	
10	3	9	6,720		150	150	75	60	16	50	63	68	13.97	14	76	
10	4	10	6,480		150	150	75	60	22	52	63	68	14.16	21	76	
10	7	11	5,520		75	149	75	65	13	60	56	63	13.66	12	88	
10	8	12	4,320		250	148	70	65	15	58	62	61	14.01	16	95	
10	9	13	4,560		200	150	70	61	18	69	62	66	13.81	19	90	
10	10	14	4,320		300	150	50	90	19	62	62	67	13.89	20	86	
10	11	15	4,320		200	149	70	59	21	59	58	60	13.86	22	85	
10	15	16	4,560		250	149	80	50	15	84	41	50	13.41	16	95	
10	16	17	4,800		150	145	80	45	14	56	51	51	13.23	13	71	
10	17	18	3,840		250	145	90	75	14	78	49	54	13.77	17	100	
10	18	19	5,760		250	150	55	75	17	56	50	51	13.77	17	94	
10	21	20	4,800		175	152	90	70	9	56	46	52	13.63	12	94	
10	22	21	2,880		175	140	90	35	14	52	50	51	12.54	14	56	
10	23	22	4,560		125	140	90	49	16	68	47	54	12.02	17	95	
10	24	23	3,840		300	140	90	60	18	70	53	54	11.75	20	96	
10	25	24	4,320		200	149	75	55	18	75	49	53	14.07	21	95	
11	18	25	1,920		125	149		55	14	62	41	42	13.11	13	100	
11	19	26	6,480		250	150	90	90	15	89	46	52	14.12	15	100	
11	20	27	6,960		225	150	50	65	12	52	47	56	13.10	12	65	
11	21	28	6,240		300	160	60	70	11	44	51	54	13.58	9	93	
11	22	29	5,520		150	150	50	75	16	59	53	48	12.73	12	88	
11	25	30	4,800		175	150	90	100	6	77	47	52	12.57	6	100	
11	27	31	2,400		100	170	90	65	9	55	46	48	13.02	8	79	
12	2	32	5,280		75	175	90	90	3	91	35	49	14.06	2	100	
12	3	33	3,600		150	170	50	60	3	73	44	52	13.04	3	100	
12	4	34	5,520		100	175	50	60	2	70	44	51	13.29	2	100	
12	10	35	5,040		200	170	40	70	11	88	49	50	13.25	11	88	
12	11	36	3,120		100	165	40	60	7	85	44	44	13.24	8	100	
12	30	37	5,520		300	170	55	62	5	84	42	43	12.84	6	100	
12	31	38	6,480		200	178	110	75	6	100	43	43	14.67	6	100	

Table A-12. (Continued)

Date 1975		Test day	Electric power used (kw-hr)		Equipment amps daily readings				Midday ambient		Hammermill bearing skin temp. (°C)		ADS fan		
Month	Day		Total plant	Hammermill	Hammermill	ADS fan	Storage bin screw conveyor	Nuggetizer	Temp. (°C)	% RH	Inboard	Outboard	Air flow (actual m <sup>3</sup> /s)	Temp. (°C)	% RH
1	2	39	5,760	Data	250	180	95	76	1	80	42	49	14.60	2	100
1	3	40	5,280	not	300	170	85	60	3	73	44	46	13.39	6	100
1	6	41	5,280	recorded	275	175	70	85	4	74	54	41	14.22	7	100
1	7	42	3,600	↓	300	180	60	a/	9	72	47	43	14.02	10	88
1	8	43	4,080		300	165	75	a/	9	72	47	38	13.48	9	93
1	9	44	4,080		250	180	120	a/	7	85	43	47	13.67	7	85
1	13	45	4,560		250	185	105	a/	-9	b/	24	36	13.78	-3	b/
1	14	46	6,480		250	175	100	a/	-3	b/	38	36	13.16	-3	b/
1	17	47	7,440		200	165	60	55	0	58	37	32	12.47	1	80
1	20	48	3,840		250	175	50	50	0	78	26	43	14.31	0	100
1	21	49	4,800		200	175	90	55	7	52	41	58	14.70	7	100
1	22	50	5,280		175	175	85	58	-2	88	46	54	13.21	2	100
1	23	51	4,080		175	180	50	65	2	90	46	59	14.11	3	100
1	24	52	5,520	630	175	175	90	70	8	70	54	56	14.48	9	94
1	27	53	4,080	1,050	200	175	55	65	5	66	44	59	14.15	7	100
1	28	54	3,360	1,360	250	175	55	a/	6	85	43	54	15.17	8	100
1	29	55	6,000	1,890	200	175	100	a/	8	60	54	59	13.46	9	100
1	31	56	6,960	2,520	250	175	55	55	4	83	38	43	13.33	5	100
2	3	57	6,480	4,410	225	180	60	90	3	72	41	59	13.88	5	100
2	4	58	5,520	2,940	175	180	a/	65	5	92	38	59	14.15	7	100
2	6	59	5,040	1,470	150	180	70	80	-4	b/	32	36	13.39	-4	b/
2	7	60	4,800	2,520	150	170	70	45	1	62	33	43	12.75	-1	100
2	10	61	3,840	1,680	150	175	75	55	4	58	30	32	13.64	3	82
2	11	62	2,880	840	225	175	75	85	5	100	43	49	14.26	7	100
2	13	63	5,760	1,890	150	180	70	60	-1	81	36	51	13.24	1	100
2	14	64	4,800	630	225	170	65	65	2	100	38	42	13.09	4	100
2	18	65	4,800	2,730	225	220	30	a/	3	82	40	49	13.36	5	84
2	19	66	3,600	840	75	170	30	38	6	68	38	54	12.54	6	92
2	20	67	3,120	1,680	200	165	30	75	11	45	49	43	13.24	11	81
3	3	68	4,800	2,730	225	165	35	55	3	55	38	51	11.92	3	100
3	4	69	4,800	2,100	225	165	70	55	2	63	41	49	11.92	3	100
3	5	70	3,360	1,470	225	165	70	55	2	67	38	46	12.47	9	100
3	7	71	3,600	2,100	200	170	75	a/	3	81	41	41	13.32	4	100

Table A-12. (Continued)

Date 1975		Test day	Electric power used (kw-hr)		Equipment amps daily readings				Midday ambient		Hammermill bearing skin temp. (°C)		ADS fan		
Month	Day		Total plant	Hammermill	Hammermill	ADS fan	Storage bin screw conveyor	Nuggetizer	Temp. (°C)	% RH	Inboard	Outboard	Air flow (actual) m <sup>3</sup> /s	Temp. (°C)	% RH
3	10	72	4,800	1,680	200	165	a/	a/	c/	c/	c/	c/	13.22	c/	c/
3	11	73	2,880	1,890	175	165	55	68	3	72	36	38	11.92	5	100
3	13	74	5,280	1,680	200	170	35	55	-2	b/	41	46	12.67	-1	100
3	14	75	5,040	1,050	200	170	100	75	1	51	40	48	12.71	3	100
3	20	76	4,080	3,780	300	160	a/	80	19	48	60	66	12.56	18	70
3	24	77	6,720	3,570	250	165	85	90	8	38	49	54	12.61	9	100
3	25	78	4,560	2,520	200	160	110	55	0	58	43	43	11.86	1	100
3	26	79	5,760	3,150	200	160	a/	45	6	45	44	54	11.96	7	100
3	27	80	6,480	3,150	200	170	115	85	3	100	43	49	12.51	5	100
3	28	81	8,880	5,250	225	170	95	60	9	100	49	51	12.93	11	100
3	29	82	4,320	1,470	250	170	80	70	3	82	28	27	11.33	5	92
3	31	83	7,920	4,200	200	170	95	70	16	30	51	52	12.17	14	88
4	1	84	7,920	5,040	250	170	100	70	11	75	50	53	12.10	14	95
4	2	85	8,640	5,040	200	160	110	55	10	92	49	52	12.37	14	93
4	3	86	5,520	2,520	200	170	90	70	c/	c/	c/	c/	12.37	c/	c/
4	4	87	10,080	4,410	200	175	45	55	7	58	51	54	12.58	7	93
4	7	88	7,680	4,620	225	170	50	65	11	56	52	54	11.77	11	94
4	8	89	6,720	4,410	175	170	75	70	9	80	43	46	11.43	12	100
4	9	90	2,640	1,260	225	165	25	73	14	72	51	55	11.54	10	100
4	10	91	4,080	1,890	200	165	65	70	14	62	52	56	11.21	14	89
4	11	92	7,440	3,990	200	170	80	75	9	48	51	54	12.05	11	100
4	12	93	6,000	2,730	250	170	70	90	11	63	50	54	11.79	12	81
4	14	94	6,720	3,780	200	165	50	65	9	80	50	52	11.11	12	100
4	15	95	7,440	4,410	200	170	85	65	14	51	51	57	10.52	14	94
4	16	96	6,000	3,990	175	165	80	a/	15	63	50	56	11.55	17	90
4	18	97	5,280	3,570	200	150	35	a/	23	65	46	35	9.98	22	95
4	19	98	6,960	5,460	300	150	50	30	13	70	38	38	9.78	15	78
4	21	99	6,720	4,830	225	150	55	25	21	51	49	51	9.53	19	80
4	22	100	6,960	5,040	200	150	35	20	22	42	51	53	10.68	20	80
4	23	101	6,960	5,460	225	150	a/	25	17	89	46	50	11.29	21	90
4	28	102	5,760	3,150	225	165	25	50	26	31	50	46	10.75	20	100
4	29	103	6,720	4,830	200	175	130	38	26	46	47	50	12.43	23	81
4	30	104	6,720	4,410	200	175	80	55	18	100	41	44	13.98	20	100
5	1	105	4,080	2,520	300	175	a/	35	16	50	56	60	13.63	13	95
5	2	106	7,920	4,410	300	175	75	55	17	56	57	49	13.92	18	89

Table A-12. (Concluded)

Date 1975		Test day	Electric power used (kw-hr)		Equipment amps daily readings				Midday ambient		Hammermill bearing skin temp. (°C)		ADS fan		
Month	Day		Total plant	Hammermill	Hammermill	ADS fan	Storage bin screw conveyor	Nuggetizer	Temp. (°C)	% RH	Inboard	Outboard	Air flow (actual m <sup>3</sup> /s)	Temp. (°C)	% RH
5	9	107	3,840	1,260	200	170	55	25	19	80	49	54	13.73	22	95
5	12	108	8,880	6,300	300	175	50	50	17	79	48	43	13.97	18	100
5	13	109	4,080	2,310	250	175	55	45	18	74	49	51	13.71	19	100
5	16	110	6,480	4,200	225	160	a/	45	22	52	48	49	12.03	17	100
5	19	111	8,160	5,670	225	160	60	55	33	61	53	56	12.60	28	79
5	20	112	5,040	3,570	250	170	a/	50	28	65	66	56	13.95	27	100
6	30	113	3,840	2,310	225	160	90	50	33	37	51	58	12.59	31	84
7	1	114	3,600	2,310	225	170	60	50	31	50	56	66	12.22	32	89
7	2	115	5,520	2,520	250	165	65	51	32	49	54	62	12.56	32	96
7	3	116	5,280	3,150	250	155	75	50	28	62	c/	c/	12.49	27	60
7	7	117	5,280	3,360	225	165	70	50	29	73	c/	c/	12.21	28	87
7	8	118	2,400	1,050	225	170	85	50	31	70	c/	c/	13.48	32	93
7	9	119	6,720	3,150	200	170	55	55	30	50	c/	c/	13.43	31	85
7	10	120	3,360	2,940	250	170	90	55	29	49	c/	c/	13.10	30	87
7	11	121	8,160	3,360	225	170	55	40	26	52	c/	c/	13.31	25	91
7	14	122	6,480	3,990	225	175	60	40	24	62	c/	c/	13.00	26	96
7	16	123	5,520	4,200	200	170	70	45	28	45	57	60	13.37	29	91
7	17	124	5,520	3,360	250	165	90	50	28	79	52	56	11.86	28	96
7	18	125	6,720	2,520	250	170	50	55	32	74	56	59	12.91	31	88
7	30	126	5,040	2,310	250	165	60	50	32	61	53	58	12.88	33	96
8	1	127	6,480	3,990	250	165	75	50	24	95	49	57	13.01	24	100
8	5	128	5,280	3,780	225	170	105	50	28	62	61	61	13.10	32	81
8	6	129	7,200	4,620	225	170	90	50	23	73	58	68	13.54	23	100
8	7	130	7,200	4,620	250	175	50	45	27	45	63	67	13.34	28	62
8	8	131	7,920	5,250	300	170	75	55	d/	d/	d/	d/	13.05	c/	c/
8	11	132	6,480	3,990	225	170	70	60	26	78	66	61	14.18	27	87
8	14	133	7,680	5,040	250	170	50	45	27	79	57	60	12.77	27	87
8	15	134	7,680	5,250	225	170	85	50	24	91	53	57	12.39	26	91
8	19	135	6,720	3,780	250	170	110	45	26	74	63	63	13.32	29	92
8	20	136	6,480	4,620	200	170	90	45	28	69	64	72	13.69	29	92
8	21	137	7,200	5,040	250	170	50	50	32	71	59	72	13.50	33	93
8	22	138	6,960	3,360	250	170	55	50	34	73	66	66	13.27	35	93
8	28	139	6,240	4,200	225	170	50	40	31	64	56	71	14.03	32	93
8	29	140	8,160	4,410	200	170	75	40	33	59	52	68	14.11	34	89
9	2	141	6,000	3,990	225	170	75	45	34	54	57	71	13.84	36	96
9	3	142	6,480	4,830	225	170	60	45	34	60	66	70	14.14	36	85
9	4	143	6,240	3,570	250	170	90	40	27	57	63	69	13.64	29	92
9	5	144	7,440	4,620	225	165	55	45	26	74	60	56	13.05	26	91

a/ Equipment not in operation.

b/ Wet bulb frozen on psychrometer. % RH calculation not possible.

c/ Thermometers broken.

d/ Plant shut down at 11:30 a.m. before readings taken.

Table A-13. TEMPERATURE AND RELATIVE HUMIDITY OF HAMMERMILL  
DUST COLLECTION SYSTEM CYCLONE EXHAUST

<u>Date</u>		<u>Test day</u>	<u>Cyclone exhaust</u>	
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>		<u>Temp. (°C)</u>	<u>% RH</u>
(1974)				
11	21	28	29	100
11	22	29	33	100
(1975)				
4	19	98	46	100
4	21	99	42	100
6	30	113	49	100
7	1	114	49	100
7	2	115	49	100
7	16	123	47	100
7	17	124	50	100
7	18	125	46	100
7	30	126	43	100
8	1	127	43	100

Note: Dust collection system discontinued from service after  
August 1, 1975.

APPENDIX B

TABULATIONS OF DATA ON ANALYSIS OF REFUSE SAMPLES

Table B-1a. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF SEPTEMBER 23, 1974  
(Production week 1)

	S1 Mill discharge	S2 Cyclone discharge	S3 Storage bin discharge	S4 ADS heavies	S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S6 Nuggetizer feed	S7 Magnetic drum rejects	S8 Ferrous metal by-products
Quantity (Mg)	1,387.0	1,075.6	1,052.4	175.5	104.5	71.0	1.1	69.9
Heating value (kJ/kg)	10,697	11,444	11,350		5,971		6,986	5,189
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	120	103	119	626		612	905	937
Moisture (wt. %)	27.96	27.86	27.76	5.57	19.56	0.29	2.75	0.26
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u> (tr = trace)								
Paper	52.0	58.9	62.0	1.0	4.9	tr	0.1	0
Plastic	8.0	3.9	6.8	0.6	3.8	0.1	0.4	0
Wood	1.5	2.1	2.1	2.6	4.3	0	1.0	0
Glass	1.3	1.5	0.7	4.1	17.6	0	0	0
Magnetic metal	1.6	0.2	0.2	76.8	32.2	99.6	80.3	99.3
Other metals	0.6	0.1	0.9	3.2	3.2	0.04	15.6	0.02
Organics	2.5	3.8	0.5	4.1	11.5	0	0.1	0
Miscellaneous	33.9	29.6	26.7	7.5	22.5	0.3	2.5	0.7
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>								
Ash	25.97	18.90	19.06					
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	5.92	1.23	1.13					
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	1.58	1.34	1.41					
Cu (CuO)	0.28	0.37	0.06					
Pb (PbO)	0.06	0.04	0.04					
Ni (NiO)	0.03	0.01	0.02					
Zn (ZnO)	0.27	0.07	0.09					
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>								
Fe				10.82	4.12	10.14	15.58	15.04
Tin cans				51.71	10.37	86.46	59.27	83.62
Al				2.31	3.01	0.10	16.40	0.08
Cu				0.16	0.42	0.002	0.83	0.002
<u>Size (mm)</u>								
Percent larger than 63.5	7.4	3.0		3.2	1.6	1.5		0
Percent less than 63.5	92.6	97.0		96.8	98.4	98.5		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	82.4	92.0		86.0	94.1	78.8		99.5
Percent less than 19.1	59.2	71.2		19.5	64.9	8.6		63.2
Percent less than 9.5	38.7	47.6		6.6	35.7	0.7		9.4
Percent less than 4.8	24.2	31.3		2.1	12.1	0.4		1.0
Percent less than 2.4	16.6	20.0		1.1	5.0	0.1		0.2
<u>Particle size</u>								
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	12.7	9.0		24.4	12.4	29.0		16.3
Geometric standard deviation	3.03	3.00		1.77	2.31	1.43		1.56

Table B-1b. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF SEPTEMBER 30, 1974  
(Production week 2)

	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S3 Storage bin <u>discharge</u>	S4 ADS <u>heavies</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S6 Nuggetizer <u>feed</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferroous metal <u>by-products</u>
Quantity (Mg)	1,400.8	1,084.4	1,055.1	211.6	125.4	86.2	1.1	85.1
Heating value (kJ/kg)	10,809	11,368	11,269	592	6,398		7,390	5,171
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	135	112	141	609	596	622	916	947
Moisture (wt. %)	26.68	26.30	26.94	4.10	13.84	0.33	0.34	0.12
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u>								
(tr = trace)								
Paper	67.4	59.5	64.6	2.0	4.6	0.1	tr	0
Plastic	4.2	5.9	6.1	1.2	2.3	tr	0.2	0
Wood	2.7	2.0	2.6	2.9	11.2	0	0.3	0
Glass	3.2	1.1	1.2	9.0	14.5	0	0	0
Magnetic metal	2.2	0.3	0.04	62.1	28.2	99.9	86.5	98.8
Other metals	0.4	0.5	0.3	4.4	10.2	0	12.7	0.1
Organics	1.7	1.8	0.6	10.9	16.2	0	0.2	0
Miscellaneous	18.6	29.1	24.1	8.3	17.8	tr	0.04	1.1
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>								
Ash	22.91	19.87	19.32					
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	4.66	1.22	1.15					
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	1.83	1.70	1.65					
Cu (CuO)	0.04	0.03	0.04					
Pb (PbO)	0.05	0.09	0.05					
Ni (NiO)	0.06	0.06	0.02					
Zn (ZnO)	0.15	0.12	0.08					
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>								
Fe				7.87	3.02	14.01	13.58	14.60
Tin cans				48.30	19.03	83.89	66.31	84.59
Al				2.29	4.18	0.004	15.90	0.07
Cu				0.43	0.60	0	0.66	0.06
<u>Size (mm)</u>								
Percent larger than 63.5	0	0		0	0.6	0.5		0.1
Percent less than 63.5	100.0	100.0		100.0	99.4	99.5		99.9
Percent less than 38.1	97.0	98.7		96.0	90.6	82.3		99.7
Percent less than 19.1	72.1	83.2		30.7	58.1	13.4		54.6
Percent less than 9.5	45.1	58.6		12.2	29.2	1.3		7.7
Percent less than 4.8	23.7	38.3		3.9	10.2	0.4		0.5
Percent less than 2.4	11.6	24.5		1.7	4.0	0.2		0.2
<u>Particle size</u>								
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	9.9	6.7		19.6	14.2	27.2		17.5
Geometric standard deviation	2.49	2.69		1.86	2.27	1.48		1.57

Table B-1c. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF OCTOBER 7, 1974  
(Production week 3)

	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S3 Storage bin <u>discharge</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
Quantity (Mg)	819.5	652.4	691.0	65.8	1.0	52.7
Heating value (kJ/kg)	12,609	12,926		5,562		5,291
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	112	90		577		993
Moisture (wt. %)	17.34	18.70		12.00		0.09
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u>						
(tr = trace)						
Paper	49.9	57.6		6.6		tr
Plastic	7.4	5.7		6.5		0.04
Wood	2.1	3.3		8.2		0
Glass	4.2	2.5		18.5		0
Magnetic metal	3.9	0.8		15.9		99.7
Other metals	0.3	1.1		7.5		0.1
Organics	3.2	1.2		16.7		0
Miscellaneous	29.1	27.9		20.2		0.02
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Ash	21.94	20.64				
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	1.60	0.88				
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	1.41	1.78				
Cu (CuO)	0.05	0.02				
Pb (PbO)	0.10	0.09				
Ni (NiO)	0.02	0.02				
Zn (ZnO)	0.08	0.09				
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Fe				4.35		12.33
Tin cans				10.85		87.94
Al				1.97		0.08
Cu				2.32		0.03
<u>Size (mm)</u>						
Percent larger than 63.5	0.6	0.2		2.2		0
Percent less than 63.5	99.4	99.8		97.8		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	96.4	96.7		97.8		98.9
Percent less than 19.1	71.6	78.0		71.3		50.8
Percent less than 9.5	45.8	53.3		41.7		8.8
Percent less than 4.8	28.2	34.2		16.2		0.8
Percent less than 2.4	18.1	23.4		6.9		0.2
<u>Particle size</u>						
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	9.1	7.5		10.7		18.0
Geometric standard deviation	2.77	2.84		2.34		1.60

Table B-1d. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF OCTOBER 14, 1974  
(Production week 4)

	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S3 Storage bin <u>discharge</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
Quantity (Mg)	705.1	531.8	519.0	55.1	0.9	34.7
Heating value (kJ/kg)	10,728	11,253		5,834		5,199
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	139	107		500		982
Moisture (wt. %)	25.80	28.98		16.78		0.14
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u>						
Paper	51.6	53.5		12.5		0
Plastic	2.3	5.5		3.2		0
Wood	5.4	3.4		14.4		0
Glass	2.9	1.2		12.3		0
Magnetic metal	7.1	0		21.5		99.7
Other metals	0.2	0.6		2.1		0.1
Organics	3.1	6.6		12.2		0
Miscellaneous	26.1	29.1		23.0		0.2
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Ash	22.19	16.25				
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	0.73	0.59				
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	1.53	1.21				
Cu (CuO)	0.03	0.02				
Pb (PbO)	0.04	0.04				
Ni (NiO)	0.02	0.02				
Zn (ZnO)	0.05	0.05				
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Fe				1.66		10.49
Tin cans				9.54		87.88
Al				2.52		0.08
Cu				0.85		0
<u>Size (mm)</u>						
Percent larger than 63.5	0	0		0		0
Percent less than 63.5	100.0	100.0		100.0		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	98.1	98.5		98.0		100.0
Percent less than 19.1	78.0	81.9		79.9		49.8
Percent less than 9.5	54.2	57.6		38.4		7.8
Percent less than 4.8	33.1	36.9		13.6		0.5
Percent less than 2.4	20.0	23.0		5.5		0.2
<u>Particle size</u>						
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	7.6	6.8		10.7		18.0
Geometric standard deviation	2.70	2.71		2.06		1.56

Table B-1e. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF OCTOBER 21, 1974  
(Production week 5)

	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S3 Storage bin <u>discharge</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
Quantity (Mg)	704.3	567.0	580.1	61.4	1.1	33.7
Heating value (kJ/kg)	11,535	12,356		7,384		5,192
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	107	95		506		1,009
Moisture (wt. %)	18.96	20.60		13.02		0.71
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u>						
Paper	48.1	57.8		7.9		0
Plastic	6.6	4.0		4.5		0.1
Wood	2.2	3.1		4.8		0
Glass	3.7	1.4		15.2		0
Magnetic metal	3.2	0.4		13.0		99.6
Other metals	0.4	0.7		6.5		0.04
Organics	4.3	3.8		27.2		0
Miscellaneous	31.6	28.7		20.8		0.3
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Ash	23.90	18.70				
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	0.49	0.52				
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	1.36	1.42				
Cu (CuO)	0.01	0.01				
Pb (PbO)	0.04	0.07				
Ni (NiO)	0.01	0.02				
Zn (ZnO)	0.05	0.06				
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Fe				5.36		13.66
Tin cans				11.91		85.04
Al				18.07		0.08
Cu				3.23		0.006
<u>Size (mm)</u>						
Percent larger than 63.5	0	0		5.9		0
Percent less than 63.5	100.0	100.0		94.1		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	97.4	96.6		93.4		99.4
Percent less than 19.1	72.8	73.3		61.2		57.1
Percent less than 9.5	47.1	47.2		32.0		7.9
Percent less than 4.8	30.3	30.7		12.2		0.8
Percent less than 2.4	16.1	21.8		5.3		0.1
<u>Particle size</u>						
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	8.4	8.4		13.5		17.3
Geometric standard deviation	2.81	2.87		2.38		1.57

Table B-1f. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF NOVEMBER 18, 1974  
(Production week 8)

	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S3 Storage bin <u>discharge</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
Quantity (Mg)	966.0	815.3	836.5	75.7	1.1	49.8
Heating value (kJ/kg)	12,134	12,071		4,990	6,504	5,201
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	98	75		630	1,008	976
Moisture (wt. %)	18.24	21.84		14.84	0.21	0.09
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u>						
<u>(tr = trace)</u>						
Paper	55.9	65.2		4.0	0	tr
Plastic	5.0	7.2		3.8	0.7	tr
Wood	5.8	2.1		6.4	0.4	0
Glass	1.8	0.5		23.3	0	0
Magnetic metal	5.2	0		3.9	89.8	99.8
Other metals	0.4	0.4		3.5	9.0	0.1
Organics	1.3	2.6		31.8	0	0
Miscellaneous	24.6	22.1		23.3	0.1	0.1
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Ash	22.40	17.46				
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	2.03	0.53				
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	1.05	1.46				
Cu (CuO)	0.02	0.01				
Pb (PbO)	0.03	0.05				
Ni (NiO)	0.01	0.02				
Zn (ZnO)	0.04	0.07				
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Fe				2.00	12.89	60.74
Tin cans				6.87	72.96	68.64
Al				4.06	11.59	0.60
Cu				0.18	0.36	0.04
<u>Size (mm)</u>						
Percent larger than 63.5	0	1.9		0.9		0
Percent less than 63.5	100.0	98.1		99.1		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	97.2	92.4		94.9		97.3
Percent less than 19.1	70.0	65.6		67.7		48.5
Percent less than 9.5	42.3	39.7		34.9		5.8
Percent less than 4.8	24.3	24.0		11.9		0.5
Percent less than 2.4	17.0	16.3		4.5		0.2
<u>Particle size</u>						
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	9.7	10.3		12.4		18.8
Geometric standard deviation	2.69	2.87		2.23		1.58

Table B-1g. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF NOVEMBER 25, 1974  
(Production week 9)

	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S3 Storage bin <u>discharge</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
Quantity (Mg)	420.0	315.6	302.7	31.8	0.5	20.8
Heating value (kJ/kg)	11,778	12,890		8,050	6,454	5,200
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	96	83		556	995	988
Moisture (wt. %)	20.20	17.40		14.90	0.26	0.08
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u>						
Paper	74.5	59.8		7.0	0	0
Plastic	10.6	4.7		2.7	0.5	0
Wood	2.7	2.2		10.3	0	0
Glass	2.7	3.2		27.8	0	0
Magnetic metal	3.2	0		19.6	91.7	99.9
Other metals	0.9	0.5		0.5	7.8	0.1
Organics	0.3	0.2		27.0	0	0
Miscellaneous	5.1	16.8		5.1	0	0
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Ash	19.31	22.30				
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	0.91	1.12				
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	1.20	1.40				
Cu (CuO)	0.04	0.02				
Pb (PbO)	0.03	0.04				
Ni (NiO)	0.02	0.02				
Zn (ZnO)	0.06	0.06				
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Fe				0.68	8.98	9.99
Tin cans				5.28	77.80	88.93
Al				2.89	10.97	0.20
Cu				0.17	0.50	0
<u>Size (mm)</u>						
Percent larger than 63.5	8.2	12.5		6.8		0
Percent less than 63.5	91.8	87.5		93.2		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	90.7	83.3		87.3		96.9
Percent less than 19.1	75.6	61.1		63.7		59.9
Percent less than 9.5	44.2	38.9		37.2		11.4
Percent less than 4.8	24.4	27.8		14.0		1.0
Percent less than 2.4	16.3	19.4		5.3		0.2
<u>Particle size</u>						
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	9.7	11.2		13.0		16.5
Geometric standard deviation	2.93	3.45		2.58		1.67

Table B-1h. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF DECEMBER 2, 1974  
(Production week 10)

	S1 Mill discharge	S2 Cyclone discharge	S3 Storage bin discharge	S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S7 Magnetic drum rejects	S8 Ferrous metal by-products
Quantity (Mg)	476.8	417.8	380.5	32.3	0.9	25.8
Heating value (kJ/kg)	10,177	11,983		6,908	6,273	5,162
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	123	70		465	950	916
Moisture (wt. %)	21.50	24.50		19.60	0.14	0.06
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u>						
(tr = trace)						
Paper	67.6	88.0		5.0	0	0
Plastic	2.8	3.0		0	0.1	0.1
Wood	0.6	tr		0	0	0
Glass	6.0	1.3		6.4	0	0
Magnetic metal	7.6	0		23.1	93.8	99.6
Other metals	0.2	0		0	6.1	0.3
Organics	tr	0		36.4	0	0
Miscellaneous	15.2	7.7		29.1	0	0
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Ash	28.10	18.60				
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	1.25	0.52				
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	2.03	1.14				
Cu (CuO)	0.02	0.05				
Pb (PbO)	0.05	0.12				
Ni (NiO)	0.02	0.05				
Zn (ZnO)	0.07	0.11				
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Fe				5.86	6.99	7.00
Tin cans				9.89	79.89	91.95
Al				2.01	9.99	0.10
Cu				0.06	0.30	0
<u>Size (mm)</u>						
Percent larger than 63.5	0	4.2		0		0
Percent less than 63.5	100.0	95.8		100.0		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	96.6	95.8		100.0		100.0
Percent less than 19.1	69.3	65.3		53.1		44.0
Percent less than 9.5	37.5	38.9		19.7		4.9
Percent less than 4.8	22.7	22.2		6.2		0.3
Percent less than 2.4	14.8	15.3		3.2		0.1
<u>Particle size</u>						
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	10.2	10.4		15.2		19.1
Geometric standard deviation	2.68	2.82		1.98		1.52

Table B-11. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF DECEMBER 9, 1974  
(Production week 11)

	S1 Mill discharge	S2 Cyclone discharge	S3 Storage bin discharge	S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S7 Magnetic drum rejects	S8 Ferrous metal by-products
Quantity (Mg)	252.2	232.9	362.1	10.0	0.5	8.9
Heating value (kJ/kg)	12,404	14,049		5,600	6,639	5,210
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	64	58		646	937	905
Moisture (wt. %)	22.90	11.90		14.50	0.23	0.22
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u> (tr = trace)						
Paper	85.0	84.1		12.8	0	tr
Plastic	2.4	5.0		0.4	1.3	0.2
Wood	0	0.4		0.1	0.1	0
Glass	5.9	1.3		33.6	0	0
Magnetic metal	0.3	0		2.5	86.5	99.8
Other metals	tr	0		3.9	12.0	0
Organics	1.2	0		45.3	0	0
Miscellaneous	5.2	9.2		1.4	0.1	tr
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Ash	16.00	17.37				
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	0.45	0.45				
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	1.33	1.44				
Cu (CuO)	0.01	0.02				
Pb (PbO)	0.03	0.04				
Ni (NiO)	0.02	0.01				
Zn (ZnO)	0.03	0.04				
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Fe				1.28	10.68	8.48
Tin cans				7.87	71.93	90.20
Al				2.99	13.67	0.20
Cu				1.11	0.30	0.01
<u>Size (mm)</u>						
Percent larger than 63.5	3.9	0		0		0
Percent less than 63.5	96.1	100.0		100.0		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	92.1	95.2		90.5		100.0
Percent less than 19.1	68.6	62.9		68.7		52.7
Percent less than 9.5	31.4	30.6		35.5		6.0
Percent less than 4.8	15.7	19.3		11.3		0.1
Percent less than 2.4	11.8	14.5		5.1		0
<u>Particle size</u>						
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	11.9	11.4		11.1		18.0
Geometric standard deviation	2.62	2.70		2.33		1.52

Table B-1j. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF DECEMBER 30, 1974  
(Production week 13)

	S1 Mill discharge	S2 Cyclone discharge	S3 Storage bin discharge	S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S7 Magnetic drum rejects	S8 Ferrous metal by-products
Quantity (Mg)	704.7	531.1	486.1	53.6	1.1	66.6
Heating value (kJ/kg)	10,799	11,459		5,898	6,111	5,239
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	99	80		16	1,014	899
Moisture (wt. %)	31.20	28.70		17.00	0.26	0.16
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u> (tr = trace)						
Paper	42.0	86.5		10.6	0	0
Plastic	2.2	4.2		1.8	0.7	0
Wood	2.4	2.5		13.8	0	0
Glass	0	0		25.8	0	0
Magnetic metal	4.5	0		6.2	90.2	99.9
Other metals	0.4	0		4.4	8.4	tr
Organics	22.2	0		27.6	0.2	0
Miscellaneous	26.3	6.8		9.8	0.5	0.1
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Ash	15.87	14.79				
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	0.43	0.45				
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	1.02	1.25				
Cu (CuO)	0.02	0.03				
Pb (PbO)	0.02	0.04				
Ni (NiO)	0.01	0.01				
Zn (ZnO)	0.03	0.04				
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Fe				0.42	15.06	11.18
Tin cans				7.22	74.90	87.66
Al				2.32	7.68	0.04
Cu				0.42	0.39	0
<u>Size (mm)</u>						
Percent larger than 63.5	0	0.5		0		0
Percent less than 63.5	100.0	99.5		100.0		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	91.7	95.2		93.9		100.0
Percent less than 19.1	59.2	61.9		70.9		63.5
Percent less than 9.5	35.0	35.8		34.3		3.5
Percent less than 4.8	19.2	21.7		7.0		0.1
Percent less than 2.4	13.4	14.5		1.7		0
<u>Particle size</u>						
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	11.7	10.9		12.7		17.0
Geometric standard deviation	2.78	2.76		2.05		1.46

Table B-1k. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF JANUARY 6, 1974  
(Production week 14)

	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S3 Storage bin <u>discharge</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal by-products
Quantity (Mg)	605.3	442.9	455.8	33.3	0.7	23.6
Heating value (kJ/kg)	6,478	13,717		3,768	6,211	5,206
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	104	96		633	1,019	924
Moisture (wt. %)	20.90	23.40		6.90	0.07	0.08
Composition (wt. %)						
(tr = trace)						
Paper	44.3	64.3		1.0	tr	0
Plastic	3.0	14.1		1.0	0.2	0
Wood	3.7	1.0		2.3	0.4	0
Glass	12.5	0.4		13.3	tr	0
Magnetic metal	9.9	0		67.2 <sup>a/</sup>	87.3	100 <sup>a/</sup>
Other metals	1.0	0.8		2.5	11.8	0
Organics	4.8	0		8.4	0	0
Miscellaneous	20.8	19.4		4.3	0.3	tr
Chemical analysis (wt. %)						
Ash	24.28	21.26				
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	1.48	1.39				
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	1.74	1.37				
Cu (CuO)	0.16	0.02				
Pb (PbO)	0.06	0.05				
Ni (NiO)	0.02	0.02				
Zn (ZnO)	0.05	0.05				
Visual analysis (wt. %)						
Fe				6.89	12.09	12.69
Tin cans				52.60	75.35	86.43
Al				1.21	9.69	0.05
Cu				0.47	0.80	0.002
Size (mm)						
Percent larger than 63.5	0	0		12.8		0
Percent less than 63.5	100.0	100.0		87.2		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	100.0	98.9		30.7		99.1
Percent less than 19.1	76.5	64.5		8.3		60.3
Percent less than 9.5	44.9	37.8		2.7		13.0
Percent less than 4.8	26.4	22.2		1.8		1.6
Percent less than 2.4	15.2	15.5		0.9		0.1
Particle size						
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	8.6	10.4		38.9		16.0
Geometric standard deviation	2.56	2.70		1.79		1.66

<sup>a/</sup> Nuggetizer down for 3 days. During these 3 days (Tuesday through Thursday) all S5 was stockpiled and rerun through plant when nuggetizer was back in operation on Friday.

Table B-1f. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF JANUARY 13, 1975  
(Production week 15)

	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S3 Storage bin <u>discharge</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
Quantity (Mg)	463.8	394.6	450.6	41.1	0.1	28.0
Heating value (kJ/kg)	12,757	11,915		5,706	6,347	5,244
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	70	83		711	1,001	1,033
Moisture (wt. %)	21.20	22.50		10.60	0.23	0.11
Composition (wt. %)						
(tr = trace)						
Paper	56.0	86.9		0.1	0	0.1
Plastic	6.6	2.1		0.8	0.5	tr
Wood	0.3	0.7		1.1	0.3	0
Glass	1.6	0.2		17.3	tr	tr
Magnetic metal	12.9	0		56.4	71.9	99.7
Other metals	1.1	0		0.6	23.3	0.1
Organics	4.1	0.5		18.6	0	0
Miscellaneous	17.4	9.6		5.1	4.0	0.1
Chemical analysis (wt. %)						
Ash	16.52	19.81				
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	0.61	0.54				
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	1.22	1.42				
Cu (CuO)	0.02	0.01				
Pb (PbO)	0.03	0.04				
Ni (NiO)	0.01	0.01				
Zn (ZnO)	0.05	0.05				
Visual analysis (wt. %)						
Fe				6.62	9.98	11.79
Tin cans				42.82	70.84	86.80
Al				2.33	12.47	0.07
Cu				0.05	1.50	0
Size (mm)						
Percent larger than 63.5	2.5	0		0		0
Percent less than 63.5	97.5	100.0		100.0		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	88.6	98.8		94.2		100.0
Percent less than 19.1	55.7	69.9		44.1		62.8
Percent less than 9.5	25.3	35.0		15.9		14.2
Percent less than 4.8	13.9	18.1		4.5		0.4
Percent less than 2.4	8.8	13.3		1.8		0.1
Particle size						
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	14.2	10.7		17.5		15.7
Geometric standard deviation	2.59	2.51		1.96		1.62

Table B-1m. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF JANUARY 20, 1975  
(Production week 16)

	S1 Mill discharge	S2 Cyclone discharge	S3 Storage bin discharge	S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S7 Magnetic drum rejects	S8 Ferrous metal by-products
Quantity (Mg)	632.0	533.9	508.1	48.8	0.9	24.7
Heating value (kJ/kg)	14,573	14,260		6,065	6,742	5,213
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	77	83		703	1,020	995
Moisture (wt. %)	9.25	7.92		7.44	0.05	0.03
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u>						
(tr = trace)						
Paper	57.1	64.4		0.4	0	0
Plastic	3.2	1.9		0.9	0.3	0
Wood	3.2	1.7		1.9	0	0
Glass	5.9	4.4		20.8	tr	0
Magnetic metal	7.3	0		44.6	90.7	99.8
Other metals	0.9	0		7.7	8.2	0.2
Organics	1.1	4.2		9.2	tr	0
Miscellaneous	21.3	23.4		14.5	0.8	tr
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Ash	18.70	22.65				
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	0.77	0.67				
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	1.47	1.58				
Cu (Cu <sub>2</sub> O)	0.02	0.02				
Pb (PbO)	0.05	0.05				
Ni (NiO)	0.01	0.02				
Zn (ZnO)	0.05	0.10				
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Fe				2.68	9.90	12.20
Tin cans				28.51	75.26	86.57
Al				7.68	10.60	0.10
Cu				0.19	0.90	0.001
<u>Size (mm)</u>						
Percent larger than 63.5	2.5	0		0		0
Percent less than 63.5	97.5	100.0		100.0		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	96.3	96.2		100.0		98.7
Percent less than 19.1	67.9	66.2		59.1		57.5
Percent less than 9.5	33.3	33.7		28.6		8.0
Percent less than 4.8	18.5	18.7		8.4		0.3
Percent less than 2.4	11.1	12.4		3.4		0
<u>Particle size</u>						
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	11.2	11.2		13.5		17.3
Geometric standard deviation	2.56	2.58		2.08		1.57

Table B-1n. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF JANUARY 27, 1975  
(Production week 17)

	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S3 Storage bin <u>discharge</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
Quantity (Mg)	661.8	541.1	547.6	62.2	0.5	15.5
Heating value (kJ/kg)	10,232	10,339		5,942	7,472	5,203
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	130	104		607	982	956
Moisture (wt. %)	29.90	27.80		6.93	0.58	0.13
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u>						
(tr = trace)						
Paper	55.9	62.0		0.8	tr	0
Plastic	3.5	2.5		1.3	0	0
Wood	0.2	1.2		0.9	0	0
Glass	8.2	3.1		5.9	tr	0
Magnetic metal	8.9	0		69.2	94.3	99.8
Other metals	0.5	0.3		8.5	4.9	tr
Organics	0.2	3.1		9.7	0	0
Miscellaneous	22.6	27.8		3.7	0.8	0.2
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Ash	20.22	22.81				
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	0.30	0.48				
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	1.61	1.67				
Cu (CuO)	0.02	0.02				
Pb (PbO)	0.03	0.04				
Ni (NiO)	0.01	0.01				
Zn (ZnO)	0.04	0.07				
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Fe				4.00	8.65	8.39
Tin cans				54.91	68.60	89.98
Al				1.77	18.39	0.04
Cu				0.65	0.60	0.002
<u>Size (mm)</u>						
Percent larger than 63.5	2.9	0		6.9		0
Percent less than 63.5	97.1	100.0		93.1		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	97.1	92.0		67.9		100.0
Percent less than 19.1	71.4	50.0		37.0		62.0
Percent less than 9.5	52.8	36.4		14.4		7.2
Percent less than 4.8	34.2	20.5		2.0		0.4
Percent less than 2.4	18.5	12.5		0.7		0
<u>Particle size</u>						
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	8.1	12.5		23.1		16.8
Geometric standard deviation	2.91	2.85		2.15		1.53

Table B-10. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF FEBRUARY 3, 1975  
(Production week 18)

	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S3 Storage bin <u>discharge</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
Quantity (Mg)	652.5	492.7	482.5	42.9	0.7	33.7
Heating value (kJ/kg)	11,962	11,822		5,048	6,468	5,343
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	111	64		626	1,033	988
Moisture (wt. %)	21.70	24.40		17.10	0.22	0.18
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u>						
(tr = trace)						
Paper	69.4	75.2		1.1	0	0
Plastic	2.4	3.2		tr	0.7	0
Wood	2.3	0.4		0	0	0
Glass	4.0	1.1		45.2	0.1	0
Magnetic metal	9.7	0		5.6	88.0	98.5
Other metals	0.8	0.1		7.5	10.2	1.3
Organics	0.7	1.1		30.8	0	0
Miscellaneous	10.7	18.9		9.8	1.0	0.2
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Ash	21.53	17.69				
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	1.03	0.35				
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	1.34	1.37				
Cu (CuO)	0.02	0.01				
Pb (PbO)	0.05	0.02				
Ni (NiO)	0.02	0.01				
Zn (ZnO)	0.06	0.08				
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Fe				2.16	11.18	7.19
Tin cans				5.72	74.74	90.44
Al				1.66	10.68	0.60
Cu				0.17	0.50	0.10
<u>Size (mm)</u>						
Percent larger than 63.5	0.7	3.2		0		0
Percent less than 63.5	99.3	96.8		100.0		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	97.4	88.9		100.0		100.0
Percent less than 19.1	36.6	63.5		80.0		55.2
Percent less than 9.5	21.4	36.5		41.9		14.1
Percent less than 4.8	11.6	15.9		10.4		1.8
Percent less than 2.4	7.7	9.6		2.2		0.2
<u>Particle size</u>						
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	16.0	12.2		10.7		16.5
Geometric standard deviation	2.40	2.67		1.95		1.69

Table B-1p. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF FEBRUARY 10, 1975  
(Production week 19)

	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S3 Storage bin <u>discharge</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
Quantity (Mg)	378.0	320.1	372.5	31.0	0.6	26.3
Heating value (kJ/kg)	10,277	11,775		6,456	6,033	5,195
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	123	77		711	1,001	918
Moisture (wt. %)	19.20	17.80		14.10	0.16	0.03
Composition (wt. %)						
(tr = trace)						
Paper	70.9	67.6		0.1	tr	tr
Plastic	1.8	6.6		0.2	0.1	tr
Wood	0.7	0.4		2.3	0	0
Glass	0.4	7.7		38.3	tr	0
Magnetic metal	2.1	0		22.0	93.9	100.0
Other metals	0.4	0.4		5.1	5.3	tr
Organics	4.4	0		27.3	0	0
Miscellaneous	19.3	17.3		4.7	0.7	tr
Chemical analysis (wt. %)						
Ash	22.62	23.30				
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	1.37	1.06				
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	1.11	1.42				
Cu (CuO)	0.02	0.01				
Pb (PbO)	0.04	0.05				
Ni (NiO)	0.02	0.02				
Zn (ZnO)	0.08	0.12				
Visual analysis (wt. %)						
Fe				2.49	13.58	9.00
Tin cans				9.02	76.98	89.37
Al				5.24	5.89	0.07
Cu				0.04	0.30	0
Size (mm)						
Percent larger than 63.5	3.0	0		0		0
Percent less than 63.5	97.0	100.0		100.0		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	91.0	92.9		94.6		97.8
Percent less than 19.1	72.0	74.3		56.0		52.1
Percent less than 9.5	43.0	13.4		24.6		8.0
Percent less than 4.8	25.0	8.4		4.9		0.5
Percent less than 2.4	16.0	6.1		2.0		0.1
Particle size						
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	9.7	14.0		15.2		18.0
Geometric standard deviation	2.88	2.09		2.03		1.60

Table B-1q. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF FEBRUARY 17, 1975  
(1 day only--February 20, 1975)  
(Production week 20)

	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S3 Storage bin <u>discharge</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
Quantity (Mg)	86.9	70.7	70.7	4.6	0.2	5.5
Heating value (kJ/kg)	11,558	13,121		5,866	7,430	5,109
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	90	59		879	1,067	1,149
Moisture (wt. %)	21.50	18.50		12.00	0.08	0.07
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u> (tr = trace)						
Paper	57.4	70.8		0	0	0
Plastic	5.3	4.0		tr	0.2	0
Wood	0.4	0.4		0	0	0
Glass	7.6	7.2		56.5	0.1	0
Magnetic metal	10.0	0.4		2.4	87.7	99.7
Other metals	0.6	0.4		9.9	11.2	0.2
Organics	3.1	0.8		12.0	0	0
Miscellaneous	15.6	16.0		19.2	0.8	0.1
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Ash	24.81	16.63				
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	0.72	1.33				
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	1.20	2.39				
Cu (CuO)	0.02	0.02				
Pb (PbO)	0.06	0.04				
Ni (NiO)	0.02	0.03				
Zn (ZnO)	0.06	0.07				
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Fe				7.13	12.09	3.30
Tin cans				20.68	72.64	95.63
Al				1.14	12.99	0.20
Cu				1.06	0.30	0
<u>Size (mm)</u>						
Percent larger than 63.5	0	0		6.0		0
Percent less than 63.5	100.0	100.0		94.0		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	94.4	78.3		81.2		95.4
Percent less than 19.1	55.5	37.3		52.1		31.6
Percent less than 9.5	39.9	27.7		24.7		4.8
Percent less than 4.8	24.3	15.7		7.4		0.5
Percent less than 2.4	14.3	9.7		3.0		0.3
<u>Particle size</u>						
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	10.9	16.5		16.8		21.3
Geometric standard deviation	2.89	2.87		2.40		1.58

Table B-1r. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF MARCH 3, 1975  
(Production week 21)

	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S3 Storage bin <u>discharge</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
Quantity (Mg)	510.8	433.5	433.5	46.5	0.5	26.1
Heating value (kJ/kg)	11,299	12,634		5,046	5,532	5,158
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	130	77		775	1,036	960
Moisture (wt. %)	17.90	23.50		9.50	0.03	0.12
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u>						
(tr = trace)						
Paper	54.2	71.2		tr	0	0
Plastic	4.1	4.2		0.6	0.1	0
Wood	4.1	0.9		1.0	tr	0
Glass	11.7	8.9		40.5	tr	0
Magnetic metal	12.1	0		28.0	94.7	99.9
Other metals	1.0	0		7.3	4.4	0.1
Organics	0.9	1.6		7.7	0	0
Miscellaneous	11.9	13.2		14.9	0.8	tr
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Ash	30.71	15.84				
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	1.17	0.50				
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	2.04	1.21				
Cu (CuO)	0.04	0.01				
Pb (PbO)	0.05	0.03				
Ni (NiO)	0.02	0.01				
Zn (ZnO)	0.07	0.06				
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Fe				9.77	12.60	6.69
Tin cans				34.03	83.38	92.79
Al				1.81	3.60	0
Cu				0.09	0.06	0
<u>Size (mm)</u>						
Percent larger than 63.5	0	2.0		0		0
Percent less than 63.5	100.0	98.0		100.0		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	99.2	79.0		96.1		99.0
Percent less than 19.1	58.5	67.0		45.1		55.4
Percent less than 9.5	36.9	18.0		15.6		10.0
Percent less than 4.8	22.5	10.0		4.8		1.0
Percent less than 2.4	14.4	7.0		2.3		0.2
<u>Particle size</u>						
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	10.9	15.2		17.3		17.0
Geometric standard deviation	2.73	2.47		1.96		1.63

Table B-1a. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF MARCH 10, 1975  
(Production week 22)

	S1 Mill discharge	S2 Cyclone discharge	S3 Storage bin discharge	S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S7 Magnetic drum rejects	S8 Ferrous metal by-products
Quantity (Mg)	516.8	382.4	330.7	38.4	0.5	22.8
Heating value (kJ/kg)	12,288	12,241		4,354	6,849	5,281
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	109	77		646	1,014	982
Moisture (wt. %)	20.50	26.00		13.90	0.07	0.16
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u> (tr = trace)						
Paper	65.4	76.7		1.3	0	0
Plastic	3.5	2.6		1.2	0.3	0
Wood	0.8	0.6		0.4	0	0
Glass	12.1	3.8		44.2	tr	0
Magnetic metal	11.1	0		10.0	89.0	99.9
Other metals	1.3	0		5.5	10.1	0.1
Organics	0	0		21.4	tr	0
Miscellaneous	5.8	16.3		16.0	0.6	tr
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Ash	24.41	18.65				
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	9.35	2.65				
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	1.71	1.79				
Cu (CuO)	0.12	0.03				
Pb (PbO)	0.14	0.04				
Ni (NiO)	0.02	0.01				
Zn (ZnO)	0.16	0.06				
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Fe				7.32	21.19	8.89
Tin cans				10.76	63.96	90.16
Al				3.87	12.49	0.10
Cu				1.29	0.10	0
<u>Size (mm)</u>						
Percent larger than 63.5	0	11.3		0		0
Percent less than 63.5	100.0	88.7		100.0		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	97.4	76.7		93.1		99.0
Percent less than 19.1	77.4	42.0		66.9		59.3
Percent less than 9.5	49.6	29.3		31.5		8.5
Percent less than 4.8	29.6	18.0		8.6		0.2
Percent less than 2.4	18.3	12.0		3.5		0.1
<u>Particle size</u>						
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	8.1	16.0		13.0		17.0
Geometric standard deviation	2.71	3.17		2.17		1.57

Table B-1t. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF MARCH 17, 1975  
(1 day only--March 20, 1975)  
(Production week 23)

	S1 Mill discharge	S2 Cyclone discharge	S3 Storage bin discharge	S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S7 Magnetic drum rejects	S8 Ferrous metal by-products
Quantity (Mg)	152.4	114.7	107.9	12.4	0.2	8.6
Heating value (kJ/kg)	11,251	10,268		10,830	6,271	4,453
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	117	83		686	1,044	1,008
Moisture (wt. %)	20.80	27.10		0.11	1.18	14.40
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u>						
<u>(tr = trace)</u>						
Paper	53.1	70.3		0	0	0
Plastic	12.5	5.1		0.7	0.8	0
Wood	5.2	3.1		4.2	0.1	0
Glass	1.1	tr		34.0	0.3	0
Magnetic metal	3.9	0		14.8	79.6	99.8
Other metals	0.2	0		6.5	16.1	0.2
Organics	2.6	tr		24.5	0.1	0
Miscellaneous	21.4	21.5		15.3	3.0	tr
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Ash	26.29	24.13				
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	1.39	0.83				
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	1.77	1.70				
Cu (CuO)	0.03	0.02				
Pb (PbO)	0.05	0.05				
Ni (NiO)	0.02	0.02				
Zn (ZnO)	0.11	0.05				
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Fe				1.50	69.37	8.52
Tin cans				10.69	17.99	76.18
Al				10.49	9.19	0.15
Cu				1.10	0.41	0
<u>Size (mm)</u>						
Percent larger than 63.5	0	1.7		0		0
Percent less than 63.5	100.0	98.3		100.0		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	99.5	96.6		93.8		100.0
Percent less than 19.1	71.3	84.7		59.2		62.8
Percent less than 9.5	49.3	59.3		26.6		12.8
Percent less than 4.8	35.4	39.8		7.1		1.7
Percent less than 2.4	25.4	27.1		3.0		0.4
<u>Particle size</u>						
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	7.6	6.4		14.5		15.7
Geometric standard deviation	2.97	2.84		2.13		1.65

Table B-1u. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF MARCH 24, 1975  
(Production week 24)

	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S3 Storage bin <u>discharge</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
Quantity (Mg)	1,224.8	983.6	1,119.6	70.8	1.3	64.4
Heating value (kJ/kg)	11,062	10,787		5,932	6,946	5,259
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	128	91		727	1,041	1,000
Moisture (wt. %)	22.47	25.22		15.29	0.44	0.15
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u>						
(tr = trace)						
Paper	58.5	57.2		1.2	0	0
Plastic	4.1	7.4		1.5	0.8	0.
Wood	2.3	3.2		3.1	0.4	0
Glass	1.8	2.9		31.0	0.1	0
Magnetic metal	7.9	1.4		15.5	86.8	99.8
Other metals	0.5	tr		6.4	10.6	0.1
Organics	2.1	1.8		20.2	0.1	0
Miscellaneous	22.7	26.1		21.0	1.2	0.1
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Ash	26.16	23.35				
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>a/</sup>	0.58	0.48				
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>a/</sup>	1.70	1.35				
Cu (CuO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.11	0.18				
Pb (PbO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.05	0.04				
Ni (NiO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.01	0.01				
Zn (ZnO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.09	0.06				
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Fe				3.51	17.58	16.84
Tin cans				7.23	62.33	83.22
Al				3.52	14.79	0.21
Cu				0.73	0.47	0
<u>Size (mm)</u>						
Percent larger than 63.5	0.0	0.4		2.1		0.0
Percent less than 63.5	100.0	99.6		97.9		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	94.9	92.5		93.3		99.4
Percent less than 19.1	70.1	70.5		66.7		59.7
Percent less than 9.5	44.5	48.0		33.8		13.3
Percent less than 4.8	29.6	31.8		11.7		1.4
Percent less than 2.4	18.5	22.7		5.4		0.2
<u>Particles size</u>						
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	9.1	8.6		12.5		16.2
Geometric standard deviation	2.86	3.06		2.32		1.64

<sup>a/</sup> Data taken from weekly composite.

Table B-iv. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF MARCH 31, 1975  
(Production week 25)

	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S3 Storage bin <u>discharge</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
Quantity (Mg)	1,382.0	1,130.9	1,130.9	54.2	1.5	51.7
Heating value (kJ/kg)	11,265	11,096		5,438	6,301	5,171
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	102	94.5		755	1,052	1,001
Moisture (wt. %)	19.64	24.15		12.21	0.11	0.18
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u>						
(tr = trace)						
Paper	60.1	68.4		0.3	0	0
Plastic	3.9	5.9		2.5	0.2	0
Wood	1.7	3.5		1.8	0.1	0
Glass	3.7	2.4		29.8	tr	0
Magnetic metal	6.4	1.1		15.1	89.7	99.9
Other metals	0.5	0.1		6.3	8.9	0.1
Organics	4.2	2.3		27.4	tr	0
Miscellaneous	19.6	16.3		16.8	1.0	tr
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Ash	25.10	26.55				
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>a/</sup>	1.82	1.12				
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>a/</sup>	2.49	1.72				
Cu (CuO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.03	0.03				
Pb (PbO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.11	0.05				
Ni (NiO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.02	0.02				
Zn (ZnO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.06	0.06				
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Fe				5.83	19.81	15.11
Tin cans				9.99	67.65	84.40
Al				3.87	10.05	0.11
Cu				0.83	0.88	0.03
<u>Size (mm)</u>						
Percent larger than 63.5	0.9	0.3		0.5		0.0
Percent less than 63.5	99.1	99.7		99.5		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	94.1	95.7		90.6		99.2
Percent less than 19.1	63.8	69.3		63.5		55.1
Percent less than 9.5	41.3	50.4		35.6		9.7
Percent less than 4.8	23.6	26.2		12.9		0.6
Percent less than 2.4	15.8	18.4		6.3		0.1
<u>Particle size</u>						
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	10.5	8.9		12.8		17.3
Geometric standard deviation	2.81	2.82		2.39		1.60

<sup>a/</sup> Data taken from weekly composite.

Table B-1w. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF APRIL 7, 1975  
(Production week 26)

	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S3 Storage bin <u>discharge</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
Quantity (Mg)	1,333.2	1,002.7	1,016.3	88.9	1.3	66.8
Heating value (kJ/kg)	10,576	11,492		5,535	6,516	5,147
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	111	86.5		708	1,064	979
Moisture (wt. %)	17.67	15.36		13.02	0.08	0.23
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u>						
(tr = trace)						
Paper	56.4	68.8		0.1	0	0
Plastic	4.5	3.6		1.2	0.5	0
Wood	3.2	4.0		5.2	0.3	0
Glass	2.9	3.4		25.1	0.1	0
Magnetic metal	5.0	0.2		14.1	83.3	99.9
Other metals	0.7	0.3		4.7	14.4	0.1
Organics	6.1	2.1		28.1	0.1	tr
Miscellaneous	21.4	17.6		22.5	1.2	tr
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Ash	31.15	27.67				
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>a/</sup>	1.21	0.99				
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>a/</sup>	1.86	1.83				
Cu (CuO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.02	0.01				
Pb (PbO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.22	0.05				
Ni (NiO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.02	0.01				
Zn (ZnO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.10	0.06				
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Fe				7.62	19.49	16.05
Tin cans				12.72	68.33	82.79
Al				3.28	11.16	0.28
Cu				0.71	0.43	0
<u>Size (mm)</u>						
Percent larger than 63.5	0.7	0.2		1.8		0.0
Percent less than 63.5	99.3	99.8		98.2		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	96.3	95.9		97.0		98.9
Percent less than 19.1	67.1	68.0		68.2		50.0
Percent less than 9.5	47.8	43.8		33.1		8.5
Percent less than 4.8	29.7	27.3		10.5		6.7
Percent less than 2.4	21.3	19.8		4.9		0.1
<u>Particle size</u>						
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	8.9	9.3		12.5		18.0
Geometric standard deviation	2.94	2.87		2.18		1.60

<sup>a/</sup> Data taken from weekly composite.

Table B-1x. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF APRIL 14-16, 1975  
(Production week 27)

	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S3 Storage bin <u>discharge</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
Quantity (Mg)	839.1	688.1	688.1	56.0	0.6	28.7
Heating value (kJ/kg)	9,854	11,274		5,630	6,423	5,170
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	115	91		634	1,100	948
Moisture (wt. %)	22.73	22.67		14.97	0.09	0.11
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u>						
(tr = trace)						
Paper	56.7	62.7		0.4	0	tr
Plastic	5.9	3.6		1.0	0.5	0
Wood	6.2	4.3		3.4	tr	0
Glass	4.6	2.3		19.6	tr	0
Magnetic metal	3.9	0		5.6	91.9	99.8
Other metals	0.3	0.5		6.3	6.5	0.1
Organics	4.4	3.1		26.4	0	0
Miscellaneous	18.0	23.6		37.3	1.1	0.1
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Ash	29.08	22.99				
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>a/</sup>	3.36	2.96				
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>a/</sup>	4.46	5.76				
Cu (CuO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.06	0.05				
Pb (PbO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.23	0.16				
Ni (NiO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.05	0.05				
Zn (ZnO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.16	0.19				
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Fe				4.60	14.35	10.82
Tin cans				12.20	73.27	88.27
Al				2.57	10.39	0.13
Cu				0.64	0.62	0
<u>Size (mm)</u>						
Percent larger than 63.5	0.0	0.0		0.0		0.0
Percent less than 63.5	100.0	100.0		100.0		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	95.7	95.5		92.9		98.6
Percent less than 19.1	76.7	76.0		59.7		52.0
Percent less than 9.5	52.6	49.8		29.7		10.2
Percent less than 4.8	32.2	29.8		11.3		0.8
Percent less than 2.4	22.5	20.6		6.0		0.2
<u>Particle size</u>						
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	7.7	8.1		14.0		17.6
Geometric standard deviation	2.87	2.82		2.22		1.63

<sup>a/</sup> Data taken from weekly composite.

Table B-1y. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF APRIL 18-23, 1975  
FINE GRIND 32 MM DIAMETER HAMMERMILL GRATE OPENINGS  
(Production week 28)

	S1 Mill discharge	S2 Cyclone discharge	S3 Storage bin discharge <sup>a/</sup>	S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S7 Magnetic drum rejects	S8 Ferrous metal by-products
Quantity (Mg)	869.2	641.6	641.6	64.8	0.6	38.9
Heating value (kJ/kg)	9,477	9,631		4,465	8,258	8,368
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	147	135		796	1,376	1,286
Moisture (wt. %)	24.60	25.08		7.17	1.08	0.10
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u> (tr = trace)						
Paper	53.5	58.0		0.5	0	0
Plastic	3.7	3.8		1.6	tr	0
Wood	3.0	2.9		5.6	0.1	0
Glass	2.2	1.8		32.2	0.1	0
Magnetic metal	7.1	0		31.1	98.1	99.9
Other metals	0.6	0.1		5.7	1.3	tr
Organics	6.5	3.4		7.6	tr	0
Miscellaneous	23.8	29.8		26.6	0.4	0.1
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Ash	25.71	26.15				
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>b/</sup>	0.85	0.96				
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>b/</sup>	1.72	1.82				
Cu (CuO) <sup>b/</sup>	0.01	0.02				
Pb (PbO) <sup>b/</sup>	0.03	0.05				
Ni (NiO) <sup>b/</sup>	0.01	0.01				
Zn (ZnO) <sup>b/</sup>	0.07	0.07				
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Fe				4.47	16.60	16.08
Tin cans				23.57	79.72	83.39
Al				3.10	1.01	0.11
Cu				0.54	0.01	0.01
<u>Size (mm)</u>						
Percent larger than 63.5	0.0	0.0		0.0		0.0
Percent less than 63.5	100.0	100.0		100.0		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	99.8	100.0		100.0		100.0
Percent less than 19.1	93.3	87.9		91.7		93.4
Percent less than 9.5	65.2	74.0		50.9		39.6
Percent less than 4.8	41.8	51.1		16.6		3.7
Percent less than 2.4	27.7	36.3		6.0		0.3
<u>Particle size</u>						
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	5.3	4.4		8.6		10.4
Geometric standard deviation	2.33	2.33		1.94		1.59

<sup>a/</sup> Storage bin completely empty at start and finish of fine grind test. Storage bin discharge S3 equals cyclone discharge S2.

<sup>b/</sup> Data taken from weekly composite.

Table B-12. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIALS FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF APRIL 28, 1975  
(Production week 29)

	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S3 Storage bin <u>discharge</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
Quantity (Mg)	1,084.3	859.7	669.2	75.1	0.9	40.3
Heating value (kJ/kg)	8,018	9,210		4,670	6,484	5,127
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	178	120		681	1,048	910
Moisture (wt. %)	31.94	31.48		14.24	0.35	0.09
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u>						
(tr = trace)						
Paper	40.6	54.2		0.6	0	0
Plastic	3.1	2.7		1.4	0.4	0
Wood	5.0	3.7		4.9	0.1	tr
Glass	3.1	3.6		28.2	0.2	0
Magnetic metal	5.5	0		14.6	83.9	99.6
Other metals	0.7	0.1		4.6	13.9	0.1
Organics	8.0	9.3		19.7	tr	0
Miscellaneous	34.0	26.5		26.1	1.5	0.3
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Ash	29.21	23.10				
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>a/</sup>	1.10	1.00				
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>a/</sup>	1.72	1.75				
Cu (CuO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.09	0.03				
Pb (PbO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.04	0.06				
Ni (NiO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.01	0.02				
Zn (ZnO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.13	0.08				
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Fe				8.60	22.16	13.99
Tin cans				7.13	64.23	85.32
Al				3.19	10.23	0.19
Cu				0.51	0.42	0
<u>Size (mm)</u>						
Percent larger than 63.5	0.4	0.0		0.0		0.0
Percent less than 63.5	99.6	100.0		100.0		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	99.4	96.0		95.1		99.4
Percent less than 19.1	87.8	83.1		65.7		49.3
Percent less than 9.5	61.1	57.9		35.6		6.7
Percent less than 4.8	37.4	36.9		11.7		0.7
Percent less than 2.4	23.8	24.7		4.4		0.1
<u>Particle size</u>						
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	6.4	6.9		12.3		18.3
Geometric standard deviation	2.56	2.77		2.24		1.56

<sup>a/</sup> Data taken from weekly composite.

Table B-1aa. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF MAY 5, 1975  
(Production week 30)

	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S3 Storage bin <u>discharge</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
Quantity (Mg)	54.8	44.2	275.5	4.4	0.2	2.1
Heating value (kJ/kg)	8,789	9,815		5,368	5,106	5,020
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	149	123		620	1,240	1,136
Moisture (wt. %)	36.90	30.40		11.70	0.12	0.18
Composition (wt. %)						
(tr = trace)						
Paper	50.3	44.2		0.5	0	0
Plastic	3.1	5.2		0.7	0.1	0
Wood	0.5	6.9		3.3	0	0
Glass	4.4	5.2		22.2	tr	0
Magnetic metal	5.5	0		21.2	98.1	99.8
Other metals	0.5	0		12.2	1.4	0.1
Organics	14.1	8.7		10.9	0	0
Miscellaneous	21.6	29.8		29.0	0.4	0.1
Chemical analysis (wt. %)						
Ash	19.56	19.91				
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>a/</sup>						
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>a/</sup>						
Cu (CuO) <sup>a/</sup>						
Pb (PbO) <sup>a/</sup>						
Ni (NiO) <sup>a/</sup>						
Zn (ZnO) <sup>a/</sup>						
Visual analysis (wt. %)						
Fe				6.18	29.96	18.97
Tin cans				10.51	64.82	78.66
Al				4.77	1.30	0.09
Cu				0.88	0.08	0
Size (mm)						
Percent larger than 63.5	0.0	0.0		5.0		0.0
Percent less than 63.5	100.0	100.0		95.0		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	100.0	100.0		88.2		100.0
Percent less than 19.1	92.3	96.5		56.6		75.8
Percent less than 9.5	69.6	68.1		23.5		14.1
Percent less than 4.8	40.7	48.2		5.7		1.5
Percent less than 2.4	24.2	33.3		2.0		0.0
Particle size						
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	5.0	4.8		16.0		14.3
Geometric standard deviation	2.20	2.46		2.19		1.57

<sup>a/</sup> No composite due to small sample (54.8 Mg processed).

Table B-1bb. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF MAY 12, 1975  
(Production week 31)

	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S3 Storage bin <u>discharge</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal by-products
Quantity (Mg)	725.0	566.8	539.6	50.3	0.5	15.9
Heating value (kJ/kg)	8,428	9,236		5,903	6,576	5,129
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	173	144		602	1,040	985
Moisture (wt. %)	31.23	33.43		17.30	0.32	0.22
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u>						
(tr = trace)						
Paper	33.1	41.3		2.3	tr	0
Plastic	3.9	4.0		0.7	0.3	0
Wood	8.0	4.1		3.5	0.1	0
Glass	2.3	4.8		23.5	tr	0
Magnetic metal	5.7	0		25.1	86.8	99.9
Other metals	0.5	1.1		8.9	10.9	tr
Organics	24.0	15.8		15.3	0.1	tr
Miscellaneous	22.5	28.9		20.6	1.1	0.1
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Ash	26.74	22.25				
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>a/</sup>	1.01	0.91				
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>a/</sup>	1.64	1.48				
Cu (CuO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.03	0.03				
Pb (PbO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.05	0.06				
Ni (NiO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.04	0.01				
Zn (ZnO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.07	0.05				
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Fe				3.23	18.84	16.17
Tin cans				15.76	67.09	82.91
Al				3.06	11.96	0.14
Cu				0.47	0.31	0
<u>Size (mm)</u>						
Percent larger than 63.5	0.7	0.0		1.4		0.0
Percent less than 63.5	99.3	100.0		98.6		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	99.1	100.0		97.6		100.0
Percent less than 19.1	89.8	92.3		68.1		62.3
Percent less than 9.5	63.7	73.8		35.5		11.9
Percent less than 4.8	40.3	51.8		13.8		1.0
Percent less than 2.4	25.0	33.9		5.5		0.2
<u>Particle size</u>						
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	6.0	4.7		12.4		16.0
Geometric standard deviation	2.54	2.50		2.22		1.61

<sup>a/</sup> Data taken from weekly composite.

Table B-1cc. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF MAY 19, 1975  
(Production week 32)

	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S3 Storage bin <u>discharge</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal by-products
Quantity (Mg)	466.7	389.5	389.5	23.4	0.5	17.8
Heating value (kJ/kg)	9,898	10,404		6,756	5,618	5,139
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	139	123		638	1,137	988
Moisture (wt. %)	20.40	22.40		10.15	0.04	0.02
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u>						
(tr = trace)						
Paper	44.3	48.3		0.5	0	0
Plastic	2.9	7.9		1.6	0.3	0
Wood	2.0	3.3		3.1	tr	0
Glass	8.6	3.1		24.1	tr	0
Magnetic metal	5.2	0.9		16.5	95.9	99.9
Other metals	0.5	3.6		10.6	3.4	tr
Organics	8.5	4.5		14.6	tr	0
Miscellaneous	27.8	28.4		27.9	0.4	0.1
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Ash	28.33	26.55				
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>a/</sup>						
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>a/</sup>						
Cu (CuO) <sup>a/</sup>						
Pb (PbO) <sup>a/</sup>						
Ni (NiO) <sup>a/</sup>						
Zn (ZnO) <sup>a/</sup>						
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Fe				4.09	21.89	16.65
Tin cans				13.07	73.13	82.73
Al				3.28	4.3	0.15
Cu				0.25	0.21	0
<u>Size (mm)</u>						
Percent larger than 63.5	0.0	0.0		2.5		0.0
Percent less than 63.5	100.0	100.0		97.5		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	98.5	98.3		87.2		100.0
Percent less than 19.1	93.1	91.9		57.0		63.5
Percent less than 9.5	67.5	57.1		24.7		7.7
Percent less than 4.8	43.8	41.1		8.7		0.7
Percent less than 2.4	28.6	28.3		3.1		0.2
<u>Particle size</u>						
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	5.4	6.1		16.2		16.4
Geometric standard deviation	2.52	2.66		2.15		1.55

<sup>a/</sup> No composite due to hammermill breakdown.

Table B-1dd. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF JUNE 30, 1975  
(Production week 36)

	S1 Mill discharge	S2 Cyclone discharge	S3 Storage bin discharge	S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S7 Magnetic drum rejects	S8 Ferrous metal by-products
Quantity (Mg)	450.7	362.8	390.0	40.8	0.6	28.1
Heating value (kJ/kg)	10,154	10,303		6,730	5,889	5,138
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	131	107		623	1,059	958
Moisture (wt. %)	20.88	23.73		13.82	0.30	0.18
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u> (tr = trace)						
Paper	47.8	68.8		2.4	0	0
Plastic	4.1	3.5		2.4	0.2	0
Wood	3.3	2.5		3.7	tr	0
Glass	3.6	1.9		30.1	tr	0
Magnetic metal	7.2	0		13.8	91.7	99.9
Other metals	1.0	0		4.3	7.6	tr
Organics	5.8	1.8		25.6	0	0
Miscellaneous	27.2	21.3		18.1	0.5	0.3
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Ash	27.32	24.43				
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>a/</sup>	1.14	0.76				
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>a/</sup>	2.32	2.53				
Cu (CuO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.02	0.02				
Pb (PbO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.05	0.04				
Ni (NiO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.03	0.02				
Zn (ZnO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.12	0.08				
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Fe				4.04	14.06	16.82
Tin cans				14.99	78.01	82.43
Al				5.87	6.41	0.16
Cu				0.84	0.25	0
<u>Size (mm)</u>						
Percent larger than 63.5	0	0		3.3		0
Percent less than 63.5	100.0	100.0		96.8		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	95.2	98.0		93.3		99.7
Percent less than 19.1	80.2	87.8		61.8		60.8
Percent less than 9.5	53.5	61.9		29.6		9.7
Percent less than 4.8	34.9	44.0		11.8		1.2
Percent less than 2.4	23.5	30.7		5.1		0.2
<u>Particle size</u>						
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	7.6	5.8		14.0		16.5
Geometric standard deviation	2.80	2.75		2.27		1.59

<sup>a/</sup> Data taken from weekly composite.

Table B-1ee. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF JULY 7, 1975  
(Production week 37)

	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S3 Storage bin <u>discharge</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
Quantity (Mg)	792.2	650.7	705.2	43.1	0.9	15.9
Heating value (kJ/kg)	9,430	8,979		4,956	5,925	5,132
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	142	132		599	989	938
Moisture (wt. %)	31.82	32.58		15.90	0.21	0.18
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u>						
(tr = trace)						
Paper	47.1	62.0		0.4	0	0
Plastic	2.5	2.1		1.2	0.2	0
Wood	5.0	3.4		7.4	tr	0
Glass	1.6	1.8		27.0	0	0
Magnetic metal	5.8	0		11.3	91.5	99.7
Other metals	0.7	0		5.1	7.4	tr
Organics	9.0	5.1		25.3	0	0
Miscellaneous	28.3	25.6		22.2	0.9	0.2
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Ash	21.50	22.02				
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>a/</sup>	1.36	0.77				
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>a/</sup>	1.51	1.29				
Cu (CuO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.03	0.01				
Pb (PbO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.04	0.04				
Ni (NiO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.03	0.02				
Zn (ZnO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.11	0.05				
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Fe				2.59	17.64	15.45
Tin cans				16.05	76.12	84.19
Al				6.94	6.29	0.12
Cu				0.35	0.20	0
<u>Size (mm)</u>						
Percent larger than 63.5	2.0	0		0.8		0
Percent less than 63.5	98.0	100.0		99.2		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	97.7	99.0		95.8		99.7
Percent less than 19.1	86.9	88.0		61.9		56.6
Percent less than 9.5	63.1	62.4		25.3		6.7
Percent less than 4.8	41.5	44.3		9.7		1.0
Percent less than 2.4	27.4	29.1		4.2		0.2
<u>Particle size</u>						
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	6.1	5.8		13.8		17.3
Geometric standard deviation	2.76	2.66		2.16		1.57

<sup>a/</sup> Data taken from weekly composite.

Table B-1ff. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF JULY 14, 1975  
(Production week 38)

	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S3 Storage bin <u>discharge</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
Quantity (Mg)	834.0	739.9	603.8	61.1	1.0	28.6
Heating value (kJ/kg)	9,958	10,120		5,150	6,462	5,057
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	141	109		660	1,008	956
Moisture (wt. %)	27.85	25.58		11.42	0.29	0.19
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u>						
(tr = trace)						
Paper	46.6	52.5		0.7	0.1	tr
Plastic	2.1	7.8		1.0	0.6	0
Wood	7.2	3.8		5.4	0.1	0
Glass	4.5	4.6		38.4	0.2	0
Magnetic metal	4.7	0		12.5	87.3	99.5
Other metals	0.8	0.4		4.6	10.6	0.2
Organics	13.1	3.8		8.1	0.1	0
Miscellaneous	20.9	27.2		29.4	1.1	0.5
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Ash	25.48	16.04				
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>a/</sup>	0.87	0.69				
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>a/</sup>	1.15	1.37				
Cu (CuO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.04	0.01				
Pb (PbO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.07	0.05				
Ni (NiO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.02	0.03				
Zn (ZnO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.10	0.06				
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Fe				7.86	21.52	12.55
Tin cans				14.82	68.03	85.34
Al				4.51	9.64	0.06
Cu				0.58	0.37	0.02
<u>Size (mm)</u>						
Percent larger than 63.5	0	1.0		0		0
Percent less than 63.5	100.0	99.0		100.0		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	99.3	97.0		97.5		100.0
Percent less than 19.1	84.9	72.9		65.8		55.9
Percent less than 9.5	56.7	47.8		32.5		8.0
Percent less than 4.8	35.4	32.8		8.5		0.6
Percent less than 2.4	21.4	21.3		2.7		0.2
<u>Particle size</u>						
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	6.9	8.5		13.2		17.3
Geometric standard deviation	2.58	2.85		2.02		1.56

<sup>a/</sup> Data taken from weekly composite.

Table B-1gg. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF JULY 28, 1975  
(Production week 40)

	S1 Mill discharge	S2 Cyclone discharge	S3 Storage bin discharge	S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S7 Magnetic drum rejects	S8 Ferrous metal by-products
Quantity (Mg)	347.1	308.3	226.6	24.3	0.4	14.2
Heating value (kJ/kg)	10,709	9,938		6,403	6,876	5,121
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	120	111		633	988	918
Moisture (wt. %)	29.40	30.65		15.75	0.28	0.10
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u> (tr = trace)						
Paper	48.9	48.6		2.1	0.1	0
Plastic	2.6	7.1		3.0	0.5	0
Wood	3.2	3.5		7.4	0.3	0
Glass	2.8	4.9		37.2	0.4	0
Magnetic metal	5.0	0		18.4	81.3	99.8
Other metals	0.9	0.7		3.2	15.7	tr
Organics	15.3	12.5		9.0	0.1	0.3
Miscellaneous	21.4	22.8		19.7	1.8	0.1
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Ash	20.01	22.32				
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>a/</sup>						
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>a/</sup>						
Cu (CuO) <sup>a/</sup>						
Pb (PbO) <sup>a/</sup>						
Ni (NiO) <sup>a/</sup>						
Zn (ZnO) <sup>a/</sup>						
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Fe				4.46	15.27	18.63
Tin cans				18.23	68.27	81.07
Al				7.51	14.30	0.25
Cu				0.10	0.40	0
<u>Size (mm)</u>						
Percent larger than 63.5	0	0.4		0		0
Percent less than 63.5	100.0	99.6		100.0		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	97.5	98.7		100.0		100.0
Percent less than 19.1	84.5	77.3		60.2		56.5
Percent less than 9.5	53.8	52.3		25.3		9.2
Percent less than 4.8	34.5	35.9		7.2		0.8
Percent less than 2.4	21.1	24.9		2.2		0.3
<u>Particle size</u>						
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	7.4	7.4		14.0		17.0
Geometric standard deviation	2.67	2.86		1.99		1.59

<sup>a/</sup> No composite due to hammermill breakdown.

Table B-1hh. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF AUGUST 4, 1975  
(Production week 41)

	S1 Mill discharge	S2 Cyclone discharge	S3 Storage bin discharge	S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S7 Magnetic drum rejects	S8 Ferrous metal by-products
Quantity (Mg)	1,027.7	860.2	724.1	66.4	0.9	25.3
Heating value (kJ/kg)	10,468	9,262		6,682	5,798	5,132
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	139	122		601	1,033	956
Moisture (wt. %)	29.33	36.10		20.43	0.16	0.14
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u>						
Paper	47.4	55.6		1.1	0	0
Plastic	3.4	5.0		1.0	0.3	0
Wood	5.4	2.9		5.1	0.1	0
Glass	3.4	3.4		29.7	0	0
Magnetic metal	7.3	0		12.5	92.8	99.7
Other metals	1.1	0.6		11.0	5.4	0.1
Organics	7.5	6.9		19.1	0	0
Miscellaneous	24.6	25.8		20.5	1.4	0.3
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Ash	22.94	21.11				
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>a/</sup>	0.99	0.92				
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>a/</sup>	1.39	1.39				
Cu (CuO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.03	0.03				
Pb (PbO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.04	0.05				
Ni (NiO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.04	0.03				
Zn (ZnO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.05	0.05				
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Fe				3.01	16.40	17.13
Tin cans				11.16	77.45	82.24
Al				4.53	5.14	0.08
Cu				0.24	0.07	0
<u>Size (mm)</u>						
Percent larger than 63.5	5.8	0		0		0
Percent less than 63.5	94.2	100.0		100.0		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	93.1	98.4		96.6		100.0
Percent less than 19.1	68.0	73.6		69.3		63.2
Percent less than 9.5	43.8	51.3		36.6		11.5
Percent less than 4.8	26.5	34.3		11.6		1.0
Percent less than 2.4	15.3	21.2		4.4		0.3
<u>Particle size</u>						
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	10.2	7.9		12.2		16.0
Geometric standard deviation	2.88	2.84		2.18		1.61

<sup>a/</sup> Data taken from weekly composite.

Table B-111. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF AUGUST 11, 1975  
(Production week 42)

	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S3 Storage bin <u>discharge</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
Quantity (Mg)	760.3	567.6	563.0	72.0	0.6	29.7
Heating value (kJ/kg)	9,419	9,078		7,658	5,903	5,130
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	155	141		625	1,027	942
Moisture (wt. %)	30.97	29.70		20.17	0.24	0.20
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u>						
(tr = trace)						
Paper	42.5	53.8		0.2	0	0
Plastic	6.1	4.9		0.9	0.3	0
Wood	4.7	4.0		7.6	tr	0
Glass	3.0	5.3		26.5	0.2	0
Magnetic metal	6.5	0		9.3	88.3	99.4
Other metals	0.8	0.4		6.3	7.4	0.3
Organics	7.5	6.8		28.5	0	0
Miscellaneous	28.9	24.9		20.5	3.8	0.3
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Ash	23.13	25.33				
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>a/</sup>	0.70	0.61				
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>a/</sup>	1.41	1.39				
Cu (CuO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.09	0.05				
Pb (PbO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.05	0.04				
Ni (NiO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.02	0.11				
Zn (ZnO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.11	0.05				
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Fe				5.64	26.90	17.83
Tin cans				10.11	65.41	81.64
Al				4.51	6.92	0.07
Cu				1.09	0.15	0
<u>Size (mm)</u>						
Percent larger than 63.5	0	0		4.2		0
Percent less than 63.5	100.0	100.0		95.8		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	97.8	99.4		94.2		100.0
Percent less than 19.1	78.5	75.9		67.0		52.0
Percent less than 9.5	51.4	53.4		31.4		7.3
Percent less than 4.8	30.7	34.5		11.3		0.8
Percent less than 2.4	18.3	22.4		4.4		0.3
<u>Particle size</u>						
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	8.1	7.5		13.0		17.8
Geometric standard deviation	2.66	2.78		2.25		1.58

<sup>a/</sup> Data taken from weekly composite.

Table B-1jj. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF AUGUST 18, 1975  
(Production week 43)

	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S3 Storage bin <u>discharge</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
Quantity (Mg)	814.4	716.3	716.3	66.0	1.0	27.6
Heating value (kJ/kg)	9,718	9,624		6,874	6,024	5,123
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	146	120		602	1,016	945
Moisture (wt. %)	34.43	35.33		18.98	0.22	0.30
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u> (tr = trace)						
Paper	42.7	52.1		0.6	tr	0
Plastic	6.7	4.1		1.2	0.2	0
Wood	4.1	6.2		4.9	0.1	0
Glass	5.2	2.7		34.5	0.2	0
Magnetic metal	6.8	0.9		9.3	91.1	99.8
Other metals	1.0	0.2		4.9	7.1	0.1
Organics	9.3	7.2		21.7	tr	0
Miscellaneous	24.3	26.8		23.1	1.4	0.2
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Ash	16.69	18.18				
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>a/</sup>	0.99	0.81				
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>a/</sup>	1.13	1.44				
Cu (CuO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.03	0.01				
Pb (PbO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.03	0.07				
Ni (NiO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.03	0.03				
Zn (ZnO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.06	0.07				
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Fe				7.62	22.00	17.28
Tin cans				9.85	68.98	81.88
Al				2.90	7.56	0.08
Cu				0.52	0.46	0
<u>Size (mm)</u>						
Percent larger than 63.5	0	0		0		0
Percent less than 63.5	100.0	100.0		100.0		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	96.3	98.5		94.7		100.0
Percent less than 19.1	74.9	85.4		68.8		58.2
Percent less than 9.5	50.9	58.6		36.6		8.7
Percent less than 4.8	32.7	39.4		12.3		1.1
Percent less than 2.4	19.8	24.0		4.0		0.4
<u>Particle size</u>						
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	8.4	6.6		12.2		16.8
Geometric standard deviation	2.73	2.64		2.20		1.59

<sup>a/</sup> Data taken from weekly composite.

Table B-1kk. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF AUGUST 25, 1975  
(Production week 44)

	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S3 Storage bin <u>discharge</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
Quantity (Mg)	488.1	413.2	270.8	31.6	0.5	18.1
Heating value (kJ/kg)	10,249	9,838		7,310	6,469	5,135
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	152	130		498	1,014	985
Moisture (wt. %)	33.65	39.70		20.80	0.24	0.16
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u>						
Paper	49.4	48.9		0.2	0	0
Plastic	6.0	4.0		1.1	0.1	0
Wood	7.9	6.2		6.3	0.1	0
Glass	2.1	2.9		31.5	0.2	0
Magnetic metal	6.1	0		13.3	93.8	99.6
Other metals	0.8	0.4		3.4	5.0	0.3
Organics	5.7	9.8		24.5	0.1	0
Miscellaneous	22.1	27.9		19.8	0.9	0.2
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Ash	17.52	13.44				
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>a/</sup>	0.68	0.32				
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>a/</sup>	1.18	0.88				
Cu (CuO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.01	0.01				
Pb (PbO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.04	0.02				
Ni (NiO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.01	0.01				
Zn (ZnO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.04	0.04				
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Fe				1.60	24.05	16.18
Tin cans				14.14	62.76	83.02
Al				4.31	11.06	0.08
Cu				0.29	0.51	0
<u>Size (mm)</u>						
Percent larger than 63.5	0	0		0		0
Percent less than 63.5	100.0	100.0		100.0		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	100.0	99.6		97.2		100.0
Percent less than 19.1	82.7	89.6		65.6		55.4
Percent less than 9.5	60.2	65.0		28.3		7.0
Percent less than 4.8	38.0	44.3		11.3		0.7
Percent less than 2.4	21.9	26.8		4.7		0.2
<u>Particle size</u>						
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	6.9	5.9		13.0		17.5
Geometric standard deviation	2.59	2.51		2.17		1.56

<sup>a/</sup> Data taken from weekly composite.

Table B-111. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS AND CHARACTERISTICS FOR WEEK OF SEPTEMBER 1, 1975  
(Production week 45)

	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S3 Storage bin <u>discharge</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
Quantity (Mg)	948.9	822.1	822.1	61.2	1.0	33.0
Heating value (kJ/kg)	11,131	10,362		6,695	6,231	5,113
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	127	122		581	1,000	969
Moisture (wt. %)	28.83	34.13		14.40	0.22	0.25
<u>Composition (wt. %)</u>						
Paper	51.7	59.0		1.5	0	0
Plastic	4.6	5.6		1.8	0.4	0
Wood	1.9	3.4		4.1	0.1	0
Glass	4.8	2.8		38.4	0.2	0
Magnetic metal	7.4	0		9.9	81.5	99.5
Other metals	0.8	0.3		5.5	14.0	0
Organics	6.7	6.4		16.2	0.1	0
Miscellaneous	22.1	22.5		22.7	3.8	0.5
<u>Chemical analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Ash	17.14	18.23				
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>a/</sup>	0.86	0.58				
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <sup>a/</sup>	1.40	1.41				
Cu (CuO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.03	0.05				
Pb (PbO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.06	0.05				
Ni (NiO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.01	0.01				
Zn (ZnO) <sup>a/</sup>	0.10	0.06				
<u>Visual analysis (wt. %)</u>						
Fe				5.01	17.82	16.04
Tin cans				20.94	71.35	83.41
Al				5.45	9.25	0.08
Cu				0.58	0.35	0
<u>Size (mm)</u>						
Percent larger than 63.5	0	0.5		0		0
Percent less than 63.5	100.0	99.5		100.0		100.0
Percent less than 38.1	98.4	98.2		88.9		99.6
Percent less than 19.1	72.4	82.2		53.1		56.4
Percent less than 9.5	48.3	62.7		26.2		11.0
Percent less than 4.8	32.5	44.6		7.5		1.2
Percent less than 2.4	20.9	28.2		2.3		0.3
<u>Particle size</u>						
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	8.4	6.2		15.8		16.8
Geometric standard deviation	2.77	2.81		2.18		1.64

<sup>a/</sup> Data taken from weekly composite.

Table B-1mm. SUMMARY OF PROCESSING PLANT MATERIAL FLOWS DURING PERIODS  
WHEN REFUSE SAMPLES NOT TAKEN  
(Weekly summary - quantity Mg)

<u>Week of production</u>	<u>Week of 1974</u>		<u>S1 Raw refuse to mill</u>	<u>S2 Cyclone separator bottoms</u>	<u>S3 Storage bin discharge</u>	<u>S5 Magnetic belt rejects</u>	<u>S7 Magnetic drum rejects</u>	<u>S8 Ferrous metal by-products</u>
	<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>						
6	10	28	265.7	222.6	261.2	19.3	0.3 <u>a</u> /	13.6
7	11	11	421.6	357.2	284.6	34.7	0.5 <u>a</u> /	22.8
12	12	23	110.8	85.5	72.6	4.4	0.2	5.5
(1975)								
33	6	9	87.0	72.6	0	8.4	0.2	4.3
34	6	16	85.1	67.1	62.6	5.9	0.1	5.0
35	6	23	86.9	67.1	62.6	11.5	0.1	5.4
39	7	21	53.4	40.3	121.9	4.3	0.1	1.8

a/ Estimated value - material not weighed.

Table B-2. WEEKLY SUMMARY OF PROXIMATE AND ULTIMATE ANALYSIS OF REFUSE FUEL PRODUCED

Date 1974 Week of Month Day		Received moisture basis - weekly average									
		Heating value (k.j/kg)	Percent by weight								
			Moisture	Ash	Volatile matter	Fixed carbon	Carbon	Hydrogen <sup>a/</sup>	Oxygen (by difference) <sup>a/</sup>	Sulfur	Nitrogen
Stream S3 - Storage bin discharge											
9	23	11,350	27.76	19.06	46.01	7.17	27.74	3.79	20.84	0.20	0.61
9	30	11,268	26.94	19.32	47.01	6.73	26.35	3.72	22.97	0.15	0.55
Stream S2 - Cyclone discharge											
9	23	11,444	27.86	18.90	46.76	6.48	27.01	3.66	21.75	0.23	0.59
9	30	11,368	26.30	19.87	45.99	7.84	26.58	3.76	22.77	0.19	0.53
10	7	12,926	18.70	20.64	44.69	15.97	28.88	4.05	26.93	0.17	0.63
10	14	11,253	28.98	16.25	45.13	9.64	26.62	3.59	23.88	0.14	0.54
10	21	12,357	20.60	17.66	45.07	15.67	29.58	3.99	26.43	0.14	0.60
11	18	12,071	21.84	17.46	51.54	9.11	30.17	4.62	25.23	0.17	0.51
11	25	12,890	17.40	22.30	50.76	9.54	30.65	6.72	22.17	0.17	0.59
12	2	11,983	24.50	18.60	48.25	8.65	28.18	4.19	23.83	0.17	0.53
12	9	14,049	11.90	17.37	60.48	10.25	34.12	4.92	31.26	0.12	0.31
12	30	11,459	28.70	14.80	47.87	8.63	27.04	3.93	25.00	0.09	0.44
(1975)											
1	6	13,717	23.40	21.26	46.06	9.28	27.71	3.93	22.91	0.17	0.62
1	13	11,915	22.50	19.81	28.36	29.33	29.22	4.45	23.37	0.14	0.51
1	20	14,260	7.92	22.65	59.12	10.31	33.98	4.90	29.73	0.26	0.56
1	27	10,339	27.80	22.81	43.22	6.17	24.55	3.90	20.28	0.20	0.46
2	3	11,822	24.40	17.69	48.93	8.98	28.20	3.83	25.24	0.16	0.48
2	10	11,775	17.80	23.30	50.43	8.47	28.97	4.46	24.71	0.23	0.53
2	17	13,121	18.50	16.63	54.85	10.02	32.22	4.69	27.38	0.17	0.41
3	3	12,634	23.50	15.84	36.86	21.80	30.98	4.79	24.18	0.18	0.53
3	10	12,241	26.00	18.65	47.06	8.29	28.54	4.37	21.89	0.14	0.41
3	17	10,268	27.10	24.13	40.75	8.02	24.35	3.65	20.21	0.11	0.45
3	24	10,786	25.22	23.35	44.31	7.12	24.70	3.63	22.41	0.19	0.50
3	31	11,097	20.22	26.55	45.44	7.79	26.48	3.74	22.25	0.26	0.50
4	7	11,492	15.36	27.67	47.79	9.18	28.50	4.25	23.48	0.25	0.49
4	14	11,273	22.67	22.99	46.73	7.61	27.84	4.01	21.97	0.18	0.34
4	18 <sup>b/</sup>	9,631	25.10	26.15	41.25	7.50	23.92	3.56	20.50	0.23	0.54
4	28	9,210	31.48	23.10	38.76	6.66	23.47	3.53	17.72	0.17	0.53
5	5	9,815	30.40	19.91	42.62	7.07	25.40	4.04	19.65	0.13	0.47
5	12	9,236	33.43	22.25	37.61	6.71	23.59	3.26	16.83	0.17	0.47
5	19	10,404	22.40	26.55	44.79	6.26	25.63	3.89	20.70	0.24	0.59
6	30	10,303	23.73	24.43	45.09	6.75	26.71	4.12	20.36	0.15	0.50
7	7	8,979	32.58	22.02	40.08	5.32	23.39	3.55	17.85	0.13	0.48
7	14	10,120	25.58	21.04	47.14	6.24	26.72	4.06	21.83	0.20	0.57
7	28	9,938	30.65	22.31	40.10	6.94	24.66	3.69	17.90	0.26	0.53
8	4	9,262	36.10	21.11	34.61	8.18	22.50	3.28	16.29	0.16	0.56
8	11	9,078	29.70	25.33	35.33	9.64	23.85	3.38	17.06	0.17	0.51
8	18	9,623	35.33	18.18	41.31	5.18	24.13	3.71	17.98	0.18	0.49
8	25	9,838	39.70	13.44	41.29	5.57	24.09	3.34	18.80	0.13	0.50
9	1	10,362	34.13	18.23	41.91	5.73	25.29	3.74	17.88	0.15	0.58
Average Stream S2		11,167	25.25	20.85	44.75	9.15	27.06	4.03	22.12	0.18	0.51

Note: Results (week of September 23 through November 18 and March 24 through September 1) are arithmetic average of daily sample analyses.

Results (week of November 25 through March 17) are analyses of weekly composite samples.

<sup>a/</sup> Reported hydrogen and oxygen does not include hydrogen and oxygen in the moisture.

<sup>b/</sup> Fine grind

Table B-3a. HEATING VALUE OF MILLED REFUSE STREAMS, kJ/kg  
(Received moisture basis)

Daily samples		S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S7	S8
Date 1974		Mill	Cyclone	Storage bin	ADS	Magnetic belt	Magnetic drum	Ferrous metal
Month	Day	discharge	discharge	discharge	heavies	rejects	rejects	by-products
9	23	11,765	11,588	11,317	6,144	5,291	6,022	5,135
9	24	9,640	11,460	11,028	5,867	6,160	7,615	5,177
9	25	10,345	10,789	10,187	5,881	5,947	7,031	5,174
9	26	10,970	11,587	11,829	5,521	7,378	7,784	5,262
9	27	<u>10,766</u>	<u>11,798</u>	<u>12,390</u>	<u>6,441</u>	<u>4,983</u>	<u>6,476</u>	<u>5,195</u>
Week avg		10,697	11,444	11,350	5,971	5,952	6,986	5,189
9	30	9,243	11,590	11,774	5,810	6,775	6,903	5,152
10	1	10,790	10,097	10,468	5,795	6,193	6,776	5,187
10	2	11,769	10,766	12,236	5,888	6,917	7,490	5,152
10	3	11,255	11,683	10,744	6,623	6,895	7,161	5,199
10	4	<u>10,987</u>	<u>12,702</u>	<u>11,121</u>	<u>5,938</u>	<u>5,208</u>	<u>7,460</u>	<u>5,163</u>
Week avg		10,809	11,368	11,269	6,011	6,398	7,158	5,171
10	7	11,844	12,594			5,354		6,092
10	8	12,085	12,155			5,108		5,071
10	9	13,153	13,613			6,134		5,088
10	10	13,543	13,339			4,292		5,194
10	11	<u>12,420</u>	<u>12,928</u>			<u>6,923</u>		<u>5,012</u>
Week avg		12,609	12,926			5,562		5,291
10	15	10,398	10,670			7,930		5,222
10	16	10,738	10,615			5,308		5,234
10	17	9,886	12,117			3,995		5,190
10	18	<u>11,889</u>	<u>11,611</u>			<u>6,103</u>		<u>5,148</u>
Week avg		10,728	11,253			5,841		5,199
10	21	10,766	11,040			8,857		5,115
10	22	10,672	12,249			6,655		5,128
10	23	12,925	12,608			8,461		5,081
10	24	13,055	13,192			7,635		5,511
10	25	<u>10,258</u>	<u>12,693</u>			<u>5,428</u>		<u>5,124</u>
Week avg		11,535	12,356			7,407		5,192
11	18	9,981	11,247			5,326	6,661	5,129
11	19	11,333	11,937			5,979	7,153	5,123
11	20	12,748	12,249			3,901	6,324	5,154
11	21	11,885	11,722			4,941	6,310	5,172
11	22	<u>14,723</u>	<u>13,198</u>			<u>5,385</u>	<u>6,074</u>	<u>5,425</u>
Week avg		12,134	12,071			5,106	6,504	5,201

Table B-3a. (Continued)

Weekly composite (1974)	S1 Mill discharge	S2 Cyclone discharge	S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S7 Magnetic drum rejects	S8 Ferrous metal by-products
11-25	11,778	12,890	8,050	6,454	5,200
12-2	10,177	11,983	6,908	6,273	5,162
12-9	12,404	14,049	5,600	6,639	5,211
12-30	10,799	11,459	5,898	6,111	5,239
(1975)					
1-6	6,478	13,717	3,768	6,211	5,206
1-13	12,757	11,915	5,706	6,347	5,244
1-20	14,573	14,260	6,065	6,742	5,213
1-27	10,232	10,339	5,943	7,472	5,204
2-3	11,962	11,822	5,048	6,468	5,343
2-10	10,277	11,775	6,456	6,033	5,195
2-17	11,558	13,121	5,866	7,430	5,109
3-3	11,300	12,634	5,098	5,532	5,158
3-10	12,288	12,241	4,354	6,849	5,281
3-17	11,251	10,268	10,830	6,271	4,453
<u>Daily samples</u>					
<u>Date 1975</u>					
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>				
3	24	11,525	10,567	7,345	6,407
3	25	10,973	10,994	5,582	6,925
3	26	10,874	11,633	6,465	6,892
3	27	13,408	10,843	4,377	7,510
3	28	9,835	9,786	6,160	6,883
3	29	<u>9,759</u>	<u>10,897</u>	<u>5,662</u>	<u>7,060</u>
Week avg		11,062	10,787	5,932	6,946
3	31	11,129	11,357	5,771	5,658
4	1	11,674	10,971	5,340	6,894
4	2	10,944	12,563	5,082	6,706
4	3	10,805	9,124	5,102	5,772
4	4	<u>11,773</u>	<u>11,467</u>	<u>5,896</u>	<u>6,474</u>
Week avg		11,265	11,096	5,438	6,301
4	7	9,762	11,712	6,605	7,003
4	8	10,723	11,771	5,772	6,410
4	9	11,737	10,649	5,641	6,385
4	10	11,121	11,489	4,978	6,833
4	11	10,384	12,746	4,776	6,966
4	12	<u>9,730</u>	<u>10,581</u>	<u>5,437</u>	<u>5,495</u>
Week avg		10,576	11,492	5,535	6,515

Table B-3a. (Continued)

<u>Daily samples</u> <u>Date 1975</u>		S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>					
4	14	10,620	11,520	6,127	6,030	5,222
4	15	8,766	11,283	6,040	6,042	5,152
4	16	<u>10,175</u>	<u>11,018</u>	<u>4,724</u>	<u>7,196</u>	<u>5,135</u>
Week avg		9,854	11,274	5,630	6,423	5,170
4	18 <sup>a</sup> /	8,354	10,201	4,252	b/	b/
4	19 <sup>a</sup> /	9,512	10,753	4,455	5,089	5,213
4	21 <sup>a</sup> /	13,227	10,592	6,347	5,286	5,125
4	22 <sup>a</sup> /	9,862	9,248	4,834	5,127	5,057
4	23 <sup>a</sup> /	<u>6,429</u>	<u>7,361</u>	<u>4,596</u>	<u>5,162</u>	<u>5,113</u>
Week avg		9,477	9,631	4,897	5,166	5,127
4	28	6,894	7,970	5,202	7,138	5,164
4	29	7,319	9,966	5,878	5,837	5,133
4	30	7,856	9,314	4,545	5,973	5,161
5	1	8,929	9,546	2,805	6,362	5,125
5	2	<u>9,093</u>	<u>9,254</u>	<u>4,859</u>	<u>7,113</u>	<u>5,054</u>
Week avg		8,018	9,210	4,658	6,477	5,127
5	9	<u>8,789</u>	<u>9,815</u>	<u>5,368</u>	<u>5,106</u>	<u>5,020</u>
Week avg		8,789	9,815	5,368	5,106	5,020
5	12	9,540	9,081	4,873	5,675	5,137
5	13	7,308	8,722	5,626	b/	b/
5	16	<u>8,435</u>	<u>9,904</u>	<u>7,209</u>	<u>7,477</u>	<u>5,121</u>
Week avg		8,428	9,236	5,903	6,576	5,129
5	19	10,207	9,836	7,786	5,542	5,157
5	20	<u>9,588</u>	<u>10,971</u>	<u>5,727</u>	<u>5,695</u>	<u>5,122</u>
Week avg		9,898	10,404	6,757	5,619	5,140
6	30	9,580	10,685	6,153	5,453	5,124
7	1	9,204	11,294	6,003	5,684	5,127
7	2	11,498	8,813	8,010	6,393	5,151
7	3	<u>10,333</u>	<u>10,421</u>	<u>6,753</u>	<u>6,029</u>	<u>5,148</u>
Week avg		10,154	10,303	6,730	5,890	5,138
7	7	8,235	8,800	3,741	6,140	5,134
7	8	10,076	6,932	4,902	6,021	5,121
7	9	10,094	9,689	5,245	5,730	5,118
7	10	10,635	10,657	5,582	5,805	5,149
7	11	<u>8,108</u>	<u>8,815</u>	<u>5,311</u>	<u>5,930</u>	<u>5,138</u>
Week avg		9,430	8,979	4,956	5,925	5,132

Table B-3a. (Concluded)

Daily samples Date 1975		S1	S2	S5	S7	S8
Month	Day	Mill discharge	Cyclone discharge	Magnetic belt rejects	Magnetic drum rejects	Ferrous metal by-products
7	14	10,442	10,402	6,662	6,167	5,141
7	16	9,278	10,784	4,394	7,484	5,126
7	17	10,225	9,383	4,954	5,913	4,837
7	18	<u>9,886</u>	<u>9,911</u>	<u>4,592</u>	<u>6,282</u>	<u>5,124</u>
Week avg		9,958	10,120	5,151	6,462	5,057
7	30	10,432	9,700	6,702	7,649	5,123
8	1	<u>10,986</u>	<u>10,176</u>	<u>6,104</u>	<u>6,103</u>	<u>5,118</u>
Week avg		10,709	9,938	6,403	6,876	5,121
8	5	10,867	9,757	6,357	6,328	5,118
8	6	8,934	8,050	6,995	5,640	5,126
8	7	12,896	9,252	7,769	5,721	5,166
8	8	<u>8,479</u>	<u>9,988</u>	<u>5,607</u>	<u>5,504</u>	<u>5,117</u>
Week avg		10,294	9,262	6,682	5,798	5,132
8	11	10,608	8,170	8,957	6,431	5,147
8	14	9,052	8,985	7,491	5,586	5,136
8	15	<u>8,595</u>	<u>10,078</u>	<u>6,526</u>	<u>5,691</u>	<u>5,105</u>
Week avg		9,418	9,078	7,658	5,903	5,129
8	19	9,621	10,010	6,123	5,735	5,121
8	20	9,001	8,309	7,754	5,689	5,092
8	21	9,963	10,323	6,627	6,709	5,118
8	22	<u>10,286</u>	<u>9,853</u>	<u>6,991</u>	<u>5,963</u>	<u>5,160</u>
Week avg		9,718	9,624	6,874	6,024	5,123
8	28	9,354	9,758	6,697	7,214	5,128
8	29	<u>11,144</u>	<u>9,917</u>	<u>7,922</u>	<u>5,724</u>	<u>5,142</u>
Week avg		10,249	9,838	7,310	6,469	5,135
9	2	10,818	9,826	6,924	5,779	5,114
9	3	10,528	11,553	5,945	6,153	5,113
9	4	11,186	10,488	6,575	6,871	5,102
9	5	<u>11,992</u>	<u>9,581</u>	<u>7,334</u>	<u>6,121</u>	<u>5,125</u>
Week avg		11,131	10,362	6,695	6,231	5,114
Total average <sup>c/</sup>		10,656	11,167	6,080	6,486	5,239

a/ Fine grind.

b/ Nuggetizer down.

c/ Average includes weekly composites November 25, 1974, through March 17, 1975.

Table B-3b. BULK DENSITY OF MILLED REFUSE STREAMS, kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
(Received moisture basis)

Daily samples		S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8
Date 1974		Mill	Cyclone	Storage bin	ADS	Magnetic belt	Nuggetizer	Magnetic drum	Ferrous metal
Month	Day	discharge	discharge	discharge	heavies	rejects	feed	rejects	by-products
9	23	117	95	123	615	602	620	918	931
9	24	111	104	117	641	599	657	884	964
9	25	130	111	109	582	564	599	891	944
9	26	136	98	123	615	666	614	891	918
9	27	104	104	123	678	631	612	944	937
Week avg		120	82	119	626	612	620	906	939
9	30	143	136	136	639	588	569	950	990
10	1	122	111	143	633	556	607	912	950
10	2	135	102	142	607	524	582	897	894
10	3	136	109	136	599	595	665	915	944
10	4	136	102	149	569	718	684	910	956
Week avg		134	112	141	609	596	621	917	947
10	7	130	102			594			945
10	8	117	90			626			984
10	9	83	90			471			995
10	10	117	90			594			1,008
10	11	112	77			594			1,036
Week avg		112	90			576			994
10	15	143	123			349			950
10	16	123	102			530			932
10	17	155	93			537			1,024
10	18	136	109			586			1,024
Week avg		139	107			501			983
10	21	123	90			439			1,091
10	22	109	83			620			1,001
10	23	90	71			433			953
10	24	109	83			413			1,001
10	25	102	90			626			1,001
Week avg		107	83			506			1,009
11	18	123	83			684		937	988
11	19	111	77			543		937	924
11	20	90	77			646		1,046	976
10	21	102	77			626		1,059	969
10	22	64	64			646		1,059	1,020
Week avg		98	76			629		1,008	975

Table B-3b. (Continued)

Weekly composite (1974)	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
11-25	96	83	556	995	988
12-2	123	71	465	950	916
12-9	64	58	646	937	905
12-30	99	80	594	1,014	899
(1975)					
1-6	104	96	633	1,019	924
1-13	71	83	711	1,001	1,033
1-20	77	83	703	1,020	995
1-27	130	104	607	982	956
2-3	111	64	626	1,033	988
2-10	123	77	711	1,001	918
2-17	90	59	879	1,067	1,149
3-3	130	77	775	1,036	960
3-10	109	77	646	1,014	982
3-17	117	83	686	1,044	1,008

<u>Daily samples</u>						
<u>Date 1975</u>						
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>					
3	24	136	90	684	1,033	905
3	25	119	77	678	1,059	982
3	26	90	83	763	944	1,020
3	27	130	111	823	944	956
3	28	155	96	678	1,065	1,059
3	29	<u>143</u>	<u>96</u>	<u>743</u>	<u>1,208</u>	<u>1,078</u>
Week avg		129	92	728	1,042	1,000
3	31	104	90	815	1,040	1,008
4	1	117	83	646	944	956
4	2	98	90	743	1,052	976
4	3	99	119	766	1,027	913
4	4	<u>91</u>	<u>91</u>	<u>807</u>	<u>1,195</u>	<u>1,150</u>
Week avg		102	95	755	1,052	1,001
4	7	102	90	652	1,014	905
4	8	143	90	743	1,027	1,027
4	9	111	98	737	1,001	939
4	10	98	71	690	1,163	1,008
4	11	102	90	708	1,067	977
4	12	<u>111</u>	<u>83</u>	<u>718</u>	<u>1,112</u>	<u>1,020</u>
Week avg		111	87	708	1,064	979

Table B-3b. (Continued)

<u>Daily samples</u>		S1	S2	S5	S7	S8
<u>Date 1975</u>		Mill	Cyclone	Magnetic	Magnetic	Ferrous
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>	<u>discharge</u>	<u>discharge</u>	<u>rejects</u>	<u>rejects</u>	<u>by-products</u>
4	14	117	90	633	1,125	937
4	15	117	90	582	1,125	944
4	16	<u>111</u>	<u>96</u>	<u>690</u>	<u>1,052</u>	<u>963</u>
Week avg		115	92	635	1,101	948
4	18 <sup>a</sup> /	149	130	814	<u>b/</u>	<u>b/</u>
4	19 <sup>a</sup> /	111	104	905	1,434	1,557
4	21 <sup>a</sup> /	104	149	601	1,408	1,169
4	22 <sup>a</sup> /	162	123	814	1,395	1,253
4	23 <sup>a</sup> /	<u>213</u>	<u>168</u>	<u>846</u>	<u>1,266</u>	<u>1,163</u>
Week avg		148	135	796	1,376	1,286
4	28	258	143	724	1,008	912
4	29	162	123	569	1,084	878
4	30	175	111	724	1,033	891
5	1	136	104	639	1,084	891
5	2	<u>162</u>	<u>117</u>	<u>750</u>	<u>1,027</u>	<u>982</u>
Week avg		179	120	681	1,047	911
5	9	<u>149</u>	<u>123</u>	<u>620</u>	<u>1,240</u>	<u>1,136</u>
Week avg		149	123	620	1,240	1,136
5	12	175	149	671	995	963
5	13	181	168	750	<u>b/</u>	<u>b/</u>
5	16	<u>162</u>	<u>117</u>	<u>388</u>	<u>1,086</u>	<u>1,008</u>
Week avg		173	145	603	1,044	986
5	19	104	111	660	1,163	944
5	20	<u>175</u>	<u>136</u>	<u>614</u>	<u>1,112</u>	<u>1,033</u>
Week avg		140	124	637	1,138	989
6	30	143	130	503	1,059	969
7	1	143	104	690	1,104	937
7	2	96	96	671	1,001	944
7	3	<u>141</u>	<u>96</u>	<u>626</u>	<u>1,072</u>	<u>982</u>
Week avg		131	107	623	1,059	958
7	7	143	136	633	1,101	905
7	8	141	162	490	918	995
7	9	143	149	671	1,014	891
7	10	143	102	594	903	937
7	11	<u>141</u>	<u>111</u>	<u>607</u>	<u>1,008</u>	<u>963</u>
Week avg		142	132	599	989	938

Table B-3b. (Concluded)

<u>Daily samples</u> <u>Date 1975</u>		<u>S1</u> <u>Mill</u>	<u>S2</u> <u>Cyclone</u>	<u>S5</u> <u>Magnetic</u>	<u>S7</u> <u>Magnetic</u>	<u>S8</u> <u>Ferrous</u>
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>	<u>discharge</u>	<u>discharge</u>	<u>rejects</u>	<u>drum</u> <u>rejects</u>	<u>metal</u> <u>by-products</u>
7	14	142	102	569	1,001	903
7	16	123	96	775	1,001	931
7	17	123	77	711	1,059	1,084
7	18	<u>175</u>	<u>162</u>	<u>582</u>	<u>969</u>	<u>905</u>
Week avg		141	109	659	1,008	956
7	30	123	102	678	903	931
8	1	<u>117</u>	<u>117</u>	<u>588</u>	<u>1,072</u>	<u>905</u>
Week avg		120	110	633	988	918
8	5	123	136	556	891	912
8	6	168	136	665	963	884
8	7	123	143	562	1,001	918
8	8	<u>141</u>	<u>122</u>	<u>601</u>	<u>1,033</u>	<u>956</u>
Week avg		139	134	596	972	918
8	11	155	123	582	976	918
8	14	194	168	582	1,059	944
8	15	<u>117</u>	<u>130</u>	<u>711</u>	<u>1,046</u>	<u>963</u>
Week avg		155	140	625	1,027	942
8	19	149	130	614	1,020	905
8	20	162	123	607	982	918
8	21	123	123	607	1,020	1,001
8	22	<u>149</u>	<u>104</u>	<u>582</u>	<u>1,040</u>	<u>956</u>
Week avg		146	120	603	1,016	945
8	28	168	149	452	931	944
8	29	<u>136</u>	<u>111</u>	<u>543</u>	<u>1,097</u>	<u>1,027</u>
Week avg		152	130	498	1,014	986
9	2	155	130	517	1,078	995
9	3	143	102	614	1,008	956
9	4	117	117	652	918	931
9	5	<u>90</u>	<u>136</u>	<u>543</u>	<u>995</u>	<u>995</u>
Week avg		126	121	582	1,060	969
Total average <sup>c/</sup>		122	99	638	1,033	980

<sup>a/</sup> Fine grind.

<sup>b/</sup> Nuggetizer down.

<sup>c/</sup> Average includes weekly composites November 25, 1974, through March 17, 1975.

Table B-3c. MOISTURE ANALYSIS OF MILLED REFUSE STREAMS, wt. %

Daily samples		S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8
Date 1974		Mill	Cyclone	Storage	ADS	Magnetic	Nuggetizer	Magnetic	Ferrous
Month	Day	discharge	discharge	bin	heavies	belt	feed	drum	metal
				discharge		rejects		rejects	by-products
9	23	20.60	27.10	28.80	8.00	32.80	0.10	10.60	0.10
9	24	31.00	26.30	31.10	7.40	12.20	0.60	0.40	0.60
9	25	31.90	32.80	31.60	6.70	26.10	0.40	0.30	0.20
9	26	27.50	27.80	24.90	4.67	12.60	0.30	0.16	0.26
9	27	<u>28.80</u>	<u>25.30</u>	<u>22.40</u>	<u>1.10</u>	<u>14.10</u>	<u>0.07</u>	<u>2.28</u>	<u>0.12</u>
Week avg		27.96	27.86	27.76	5.57	19.56	0.29	2.75	0.26
9	30	32.30	28.80	25.20	0.32	12.00	0.14	0.11	0.14
10	1	32.00	31.00	33.00	7.00	17.90	0.30	0.20	0.10
10	2	23.90	29.40	25.40	4.80	17.00	0.40	0.50	0.10
10	3	18.00	24.50	27.00	1.30	14.70	0.40	0.51	0.20
10	4	<u>27.20</u>	<u>17.80</u>	<u>24.10</u>	<u>7.10</u>	<u>7.59</u>	<u>0.40</u>	<u>0.40</u>	<u>0.07</u>
Week avg		26.68	26.30	26.94	4.10	13.84	0.33	0.34	0.12
10	7	15.60	17.00			8.30			0.07
10	8	18.70	20.10			13.10			0.10
10	9	19.50	23.90			16.70			0.04
10	10	17.60	18.20			12.00			0.10
10	11	<u>15.30</u>	<u>14.30</u>			<u>9.92</u>			<u>0.14</u>
Week avg		17.34	18.70			12.00			0.09
10	15	29.20	31.80			23.20			0.13
10	16	27.60	32.30			14.50			0.16
10	17	26.50	24.10			15.40			0.16
10	18	<u>19.90</u>	<u>27.70</u>			<u>14.00</u>			<u>0.12</u>
Week avg		25.80	28.98			16.78			0.14
10	21	23.90	23.20			7.80			0.10
10	22	23.70	23.10			13.30			0.20
10	23	17.50	22.50			15.50			3.00
10	24	10.10	15.10			17.40			0.15
10	25	<u>19.60</u>	<u>19.10</u>			<u>11.10</u>			<u>0.10</u>
Week avg		18.96	20.60			13.02			0.71
11	18	25.50	27.40			15.20		0.31	0.06
11	19	19.20	22.10			16.70		0.29	0.13
11	20	20.50	24.40			14.00		0.26	0.13
11	21	18.30	23.60			15.50		0.19	0.07
11	22	<u>7.70</u>	<u>11.70</u>			<u>12.80</u>		<u>0.02</u>	<u>0.08</u>
Week avg		18.24	21.84			14.84		0.21	0.09

Table B-3c. (Continued)

Weekly composite (1974)	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
11-25	20.20	17.40	14.90	0.26	0.08
12-2	21.50	24.50	19.60	0.14	0.06
12-9	22.90	11.90	14.50	0.23	0.22
12-30	31.20	28.70	17.00	0.26	0.16
(1975)					
1-6	20.90	23.40	6.90	0.07	0.08
1-13	21.20	22.50	10.60	0.23	0.11
1-20	9.3	7.92	7.44	0.05	0.03
1-27	29.90	27.80	6.93	0.58	0.13
2-3	21.70	24.40	17.10	0.22	0.18
2-10	19.20	17.80	14.10	0.16	0.03
2-17	21.50	18.50	12.00	0.08	0.07
3-3	17.90	23.50	9.50	0.03	0.12
3-10	20.50	26.00	13.90	0.07	0.16
3-17	20.80	27.10	0.11 <sup>a/</sup>	1.18	14.40 <sup>a/</sup>
<u>Daily samples</u>					
<u>Date 1975</u>					
<u>Month</u> <u>Day</u>					
3      24	19.20	20.80	14.50	0.05	0.05
3      25	13.80	18.40	9.54	0.10	0.04
3      26	18.80	18.70	17.60	0.13	0.65
3      27	24.80	33.00	14.20	1.84	0.09
3      28	27.40	28.90	25.10	0.28	0.07
3      29	<u>30.80</u>	<u>31.50</u>	<u>10.80</u>	<u>0.26</u>	<u>0.02</u>
Week avg	22.47	25.22	15.29	0.44	0.15
3      31	22.90	25.50	18.70	0.01	0.11
4      1	23.70	21.00	11.10	0.04	0.18
4      2	19.00	19.50	13.00	0.17	0.49
4      3	19.50	19.40	8.17	0.21	0.04
4      4	<u>13.10</u>	<u>15.70</u>	<u>10.10</u>	<u>0.12</u>	<u>0.08</u>
Week avg	19.64	20.22	12.21	0.11	0.18
4      7	18.50	18.20	17.50	0.18	1.02
4      8	11.80	17.50	10.80	0.11	0.18
4      9	18.60	18.50	17.70	0.03	0.03
4      10	18.00	17.40	13.70	0.01	0.01
4      11	19.70	2.25	9.59	0.06	0.03
4      12	<u>19.40</u>	<u>18.30</u>	<u>8.90</u>	<u>0.06</u>	<u>0.11</u>
Week avg	17.67	15.36	13.02	0.08	0.23
4      14	21.30	20.30	16.00	0.09	0.08
4      15	23.30	24.40	17.20	0.07	0.15
4      16	<u>23.60</u>	<u>23.30</u>	<u>11.70</u>	<u>0.10</u>	<u>0.10</u>
Week avg	22.73	22.67	14.97	0.09	0.11

Table B-3c. (Continued)

<u>Daily samples</u>		S1	S2	S5	S7	S8
<u>Date 1975</u>		<u>Mill</u>	<u>Cyclone</u>	<u>Magnetic</u>	<u>Magnetic</u>	<u>Ferrous</u>
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>	<u>discharge</u>	<u>discharge</u>	<u>rejects</u>	<u>drum</u>	<u>metal</u>
					<u>rejects</u>	<u>by-products</u>
4	18 <sup>b</sup> /	29.05	22.50	3.07	c/	c/
4	19 <sup>b</sup> /	29.05	22.50	7.61	0.00	0.13
4	21 <sup>b</sup> /	14.90	24.30	11.20	0.04	0.02
4	22 <sup>b</sup> /	18.40	19.50	5.44	1.04	0.10
4	23 <sup>b</sup> /	<u>31.60</u>	<u>36.70</u>	<u>8.53</u>	<u>3.22</u>	<u>0.15</u>
Week avg		24.60	25.10	7.17	1.08	0.10
4	28	29.10	30.20	12.70	0.14	0.06
4	29	32.20	28.70	13.40	0.11	0.06
4	30	35.30	35.90	17.50	0.47	0.13
5	1	31.10	29.10	16.30	0.13	0.19
5	2	<u>32.00</u>	<u>33.50</u>	<u>11.30</u>	<u>0.91</u>	<u>0.02</u>
Week avg		31.94	31.48	14.24	0.35	0.09
5	9	<u>36.90</u>	<u>30.40</u>	<u>11.70</u>	<u>0.12</u>	<u>0.18</u>
Week avg		36.90	30.40	11.70	0.12	0.18
5	12	28.20	31.10	17.20	0.25	0.39
5	13	33.70	34.50	13.50	c/	c/
5	16	<u>31.80</u>	<u>34.70</u>	<u>21.20</u>	<u>0.38</u>	<u>0.05</u>
Week avg		31.23	33.43	17.30	0.32	0.22
5	19	18.60	25.40	10.20	0.06	0.03
5	20	<u>22.20</u>	<u>19.40</u>	<u>10.10</u>	<u>0.01</u>	<u>0.01</u>
Week avg		20.40	22.40	10.15	0.04	0.02
6	30	20.20	29.60	23.80	0.16	0.18
7	1	19.90	18.80	7.57	0.09	0.12
7	2	20.80	25.90	11.00	0.16	0.25
7	3	<u>22.60</u>	<u>20.60</u>	<u>12.90</u>	<u>0.78</u>	<u>0.17</u>
Week avg		20.88	23.73	13.82	0.30	0.18
7	7	34.80	36.20	16.10	0.39	0.26
7	8	31.30	34.00	22.80	0.17	0.30
7	9	32.90	32.20	11.60	0.13	0.08
7	10	25.90	25.40	16.90	0.20	0.12
7	11	<u>34.20</u>	<u>35.10</u>	<u>12.10</u>	<u>0.18</u>	<u>0.15</u>
Week avg		31.82	32.58	15.90	0.21	0.18
7	14	26.70	27.40	19.50	0.16	0.16
7	16	28.90	25.10	9.04	0.66	0.25
7	17	22.20	16.50	4.83	0.08	0.21
7	18	<u>33.60</u>	<u>33.30</u>	<u>12.30</u>	<u>0.26</u>	<u>0.15</u>
Week avg		27.85	25.58	11.42	0.29	0.19

Table B-3c. (Concluded)

<u>Daily samples</u>		S1	S2	S5	S7	S8
<u>Date 1975</u>		Mill	Cyclone	Magnetic	Magnetic	Ferrous
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>	<u>discharge</u>	<u>discharge</u>	<u>belt</u>	<u>drum</u>	<u>metal</u>
				<u>rejects</u>	<u>rejects</u>	<u>by-products</u>
7	30	27.60	31.40	14.60	0.43	0.08
8	1	<u>31.20</u>	<u>29.90</u>	<u>16.90</u>	<u>0.12</u>	<u>0.11</u>
Week avg		29.40	30.65	15.75	0.28	0.10
8	5	29.70	37.10	22.90	0.19	0.18
8	6	34.10	39.90	27.20	0.17	0.09
8	7	20.50	33.90	17.00	0.09	0.13
8	8	<u>33.00</u>	<u>33.50</u>	<u>14.60</u>	<u>0.20</u>	<u>0.16</u>
Week avg		29.33	36.10	20.43	0.16	0.14
8	11	28.40	27.80	23.10	0.18	0.26
8	14	33.70	30.40	20.70	0.29	0.12
8	15	<u>30.80</u>	<u>30.90</u>	<u>16.70</u>	<u>0.25</u>	<u>0.23</u>
Week avg		30.97	29.70	20.17	0.24	0.20
8	19	30.60	36.90	20.40	0.12	0.25
8	20	40.10	42.20	25.80	0.33	0.63
8	21	34.00	31.30	15.80	0.35	0.20
8	22	<u>33.00</u>	<u>30.90</u>	<u>13.90</u>	<u>0.08</u>	<u>0.10</u>
Week avg		34.43	35.33	18.98	0.22	0.30
8	28	34.40	39.20	23.00	0.42	0.27
8	29	<u>32.90</u>	<u>40.20</u>	<u>18.60</u>	<u>0.05</u>	<u>0.04</u>
Week avg		33.65	39.70	20.80	0.24	0.16
9	2	32.30	35.60	16.80	0.08	0.12
9	3	26.40	31.30	14.10	0.25	0.31
9	4	31.10	35.40	14.70	0.44	0.35
9	5	<u>25.50</u>	<u>34.20</u>	<u>12.00</u>	<u>0.09</u>	<u>0.23</u>
Week avg		28.83	34.13	14.40	0.22	0.25
Total average <sup>d/</sup>		24.43	25.25	13.75	0.33	0.53

<sup>a/</sup> No reason found for unusually low S5 moisture content and unusually high S8 moisture content. Plant operated only 1 day during week of March 17 after several days of maintenance. Maintenance may have left debris in process line which appeared in S8 and S5 samples.

<sup>b/</sup> Fine grind.

<sup>c/</sup> Nuggetizer down.

<sup>d/</sup> Average includes weekly composites November 25, 1974, through March 17, 1975.

Table B-3d. ANALYSIS OF MILLED REFUSE STREAMS PAPER BY VISUAL ANALYSIS, wt. %  
(Received moisture basis)

Daily samples		S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8
Date 1974		Mill	Cyclone	Storage bin	ADS	Magnetic belt	Nuggetizer	Magnetic drum	Ferrous metal
Month	Day	discharge	discharge	discharge	heavies	rejects	feed	rejects	by-products
9	23	47.0	64.6	59.3	1.7	2.5	0	0	0
9	24	54.9	55.2	57.9	0.6	8.3	tr	0	0
9	25	43.7	39.7	50.5	0.5	4.2	0	0	0
9	26	52.6	69.9	68.8	0.4	4.0	0	0	0
9	27	61.6	69.9	73.5	2.0	5.6	0	0.4	0
Week avg		52.0	58.9	62.0	1.0	4.9	tr	0.1	0
9	30	62.0	53.9	69.0	3.0	0.8	0.6	tr	0
10	1	64.9	65.6	64.5	1.6	6.1	tr	tr	0
10	2	63.4	55.3	63.5	0.5	3.6	0	0	0
10	3	73.7	56.6	65.0	3.4	9.6	0.1	0	0
10	4	72.0	66.3	61.3	1.0	3.0	tr	tr	0
Week avg		67.4	59.5	64.6	2.0	4.6	0.1	tr	0
10	7	47.5	42.4			9.6			tr
10	8	46.8	65.9			9.3			0
10	9	68.2	70.6			9.4			0
10	10	20.7	60.8			3.2			tr
10	11	66.4	48.3			1.5			0
Week avg		49.9	57.6			6.6			tr
10	15	38.9	52.5			9.7			0
10	16	53.4	45.6			9.0			0
10	17	50.9	67.2			22.0			0
10	18	63.4	48.8			9.4			0
Week avg		51.6	53.5			12.5			0
10	21	63.4	56.2			5.4			0
10	22	41.7	52.6			10.8			0
10	23	23.6	63.3			5.2			0
10	24	52.8	55.7			10.3			0
10	25	59.0	61.4			7.8			0
Week avg		48.1	57.8			7.9			0
11	18	58.3	70.1			1.3		0	0
11	19	54.5	71.8			6.6		0	0
11	20	27.5	68.5			1.7		0	0
11	21	73.3	46.7			4.7		0	tr
11	22	65.8	68.8			5.7		0	0
Week avg		55.9	65.2			4.0		0	tr

Table B-3d. (Continued)

Weekly composite (1974)	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
11-25	74.5	59.8	7.0	0	0
12-2	67.6	88.0	5.0	0	0
12-9	85.0	84.1	12.8	0	tr
12-30	42.0	86.5	10.6	0	0
(1975)					
1-6	44.3	64.3	1.0	tr	0
1-13	56.0	86.9	0.1	0	0.1
1-20	57.1	64.4	0.4	0	0
1-27	55.9	62.0	0.8	tr	0
2-3	69.4	75.2	1.1	0	0
2-10	70.9	67.6	0.1	tr	tr
2-17	57.4	70.8	0	0	0
3-3	54.2	71.2	tr	0	0
3-10	65.4	76.7	1.3	0	0
3-17	53.1	70.3	0	0	0
<u>Daily samples</u>					
<u>Date 1975</u>					
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>				
3	24	50.8	58.5	0	0
3	25	59.6	57.9	1.7	0
3	26	61.0	38.9	0.05	0
3	27	63.5	63.7	0.3	0
3	28	61.3	62.4	5.4	0
3	29	<u>54.6</u>	<u>61.6</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		58.5	57.2	1.2	0
3	31	68.5	68.8	0.5	0
4	1	66.1	61.4	1.2	0
4	2	52.1	63.6	0	0
4	3	54.1	60.4	0	0
4	4	<u>59.6</u>	<u>87.8</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		60.1	68.4	0.3	0
4	7	51.6	62.7	0	0
4	8	51.9	75.2	0.1	0
4	9	46.9	69.1	0	0
4	10	64.5	60.5	0.3	0
4	11	65.0	68.3	0	0
4	12	<u>58.2</u>	<u>77.1</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		56.4	68.8	0.1	0

Table B-3d. (Continued)

<u>Daily samples</u> <u>Date 1975</u>		<u>S1</u> <u>Mill</u> <u>discharge</u>	<u>S2</u> <u>Cyclone</u> <u>discharge</u>	<u>S5</u> <u>Magnetic</u> <u>belt</u> <u>rejects</u>	<u>S7</u> <u>Magnetic</u> <u>drum</u> <u>rejects</u>	<u>S8</u> <u>Ferrous</u> <u>metal</u> <u>by-products</u>
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>					
4	14	52.8	50.5	0	0	0
4	15	58.0	63.8	1.2	0	0
4	16	<u>59.2</u>	<u>73.8</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		56.7	62.7	0.4	0	0
4	18 <sup>a/</sup>	54.1	63.4	0.8	b/	b/
4	19 <sup>a/</sup>	68.6	68.0	0	0	0
4	21 <sup>a/</sup>	63.2	63.7	1.4	0	0
4	22 <sup>a/</sup>	52.7	49.7	0.4	0	0
4	23 <sup>a/</sup>	<u>29.0</u>	<u>45.1</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		53.5	58.0	0.5	0	0
4	28	36.6	34.9	0.2	0	0
4	29	39.5	59.9	1.7	0	0
4	30	36.0	46.4	0.7	0	0
5	1	53.6	69.2	0.1	0	0
5	2	<u>37.3</u>	<u>60.5</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		40.6	54.2	0.6	0	0
5	9	<u>50.3</u>	<u>44.2</u>	<u>0.5</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		50.3	44.2	0.5	0	0
5	12	38.7	38.7	1.4	0.1	0
5	13	42.9	56.4	0.3	b/	b/
5	16	<u>17.7</u>	<u>28.9</u>	<u>5.3</u>	<u>tr</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		33.1	41.3	2.3	tr	0
5	19	54.2	47.9	0.4	0	0
5	20	<u>34.5</u>	<u>48.8</u>	<u>0.6</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		44.3	48.3	0.5	0	0
6	30	43.5	58.1	8.9	0	0
7	1	57.7	65.3	0.2	0	0
7	2	49.8	76.7	0.3	0	0
7	3	<u>40.3</u>	<u>75.2</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		47.8	68.8	2.4	0	0
7	7	45.9	63.2	0.8	0	0
7	8	37.9	61.8	0.7	0	0
7	9	56.3	56.2	0.1	0	0
7	10	53.9	64.9	0.3	0	0
7	11	<u>41.7</u>	<u>64.0</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		47.1	62.0	0.4	0	0

Table B-3d. (Concluded)

Daily samples		S1	S2	S5	S7	S8
Date 1974		Mill	Cyclone	Magnetic	Magnetic	Ferrous
Month	Day	discharge	discharge	belt	drum	metal
				rejects	rejects	by-products
7	14	48.8	47.1	2.2	tr	tr
7	16	48.3	56.5	0.1	0.1	0
7	17	49.5	58.5	0.2	0.3	0.1
7	18	39.9	47.7	0.2	0.1	0
Week avg		46.6	52.5	0.7	0.1	tr
7	30	50.7	48.5	0.4	0.1	0
8	1	47.0	48.7	3.8	0	0
Week avg		48.9	48.6	2.1	0.1	0
8	5	43.1	53.4	0.2	0	0
8	6	57.8	46.0	3.4	0	0
8	7	42.8	58.8	0.6	0	0
8	8	45.7	64.3	0.3	0	0
Week avg		47.4	55.6	1.1	0	0
8	11	46.6	58.6	0.2	0	0
8	14	42.0	52.9	0.3	0	0
8	15	39.0	49.8	0.2	0	0
Week avg		42.5	53.8	0.2	0	0
8	19	38.9	49.5	0.1	0.1	0
8	20	44.3	47.0	1.8	0	0
8	21	38.0	54.3	0.3	0	0
8	22	49.5	57.4	0.2	tr	0
Week avg		42.7	52.1	0.6	tr	0
8	28	50.4	46.2	0.2	tr	0
8	29	48.4	51.5	0.1	0	0
Week avg		49.4	48.9	0.2	0	0
9	2	57.2	62.7	1.1	0.1	0
9	3	50.0	50.9	3.4	tr	0
9	4	54.1	65.8	0.7	0	0.1
9	5	45.5	56.5	0.8	0	0
Week avg		51.7	59.0	1.5	0	0
Total average <sup>c/</sup>		54.1	62.8	2.5	0.01	tr

a/ Fine grind.

b/ Nuggetizer down.

c/ Average includes weekly composites November 25, 1974, through March 17, 1975.

Table B-3e. ANALYSIS OF MILLED REFUSE STREAMS PLASTIC BY VISUAL ANALYSIS, wt. %  
(Received moisture basis)

Daily samples		S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8
Date 1974		Mill	Cyclone	Storage bin	ADS	Magnetic belt	Nuggetizer	Magnetic drum	Ferrous metal
Month	Day	discharge	discharge	discharge	heavies	rejects	feed	rejects	by-products
9	23	7.8	2.4	1.8	0	1.0	0.2	0	0
9	24	6.4	4.2	4.0	0.7	4.9	0.1	0.7	0
9	25	12.5	4.8	16.5	1.5	1.1	0	0.5	0
9	26	9.5	5.1	9.9	1.0	5.1	0	0.2	0
9	27	<u>3.7</u>	<u>3.0</u>	<u>1.9</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>7.1</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0.7</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		8.0	3.9	6.8	0.6	3.8	0.1	0.4	0
9	30	3.9	7.5	3.8	0.5	1.5	tr	tr	0
10	1	2.2	3.4	7.7	3.5	0.9	0	0	0
10	2	2.1	4.5	11.7	0	4.0	0	0	0
10	3	7.0	3.5	2.8	2.2	1.8	0	0.6	0
10	4	<u>5.8</u>	<u>10.6</u>	<u>4.5</u>	<u>tr</u>	<u>3.4</u>	<u>tr</u>	<u>0.6</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		4.2	5.9	6.1	1.2	2.3	tr	0.2	0
10	7	5.4	12.1			9.0			0
10	8	13.8	3.1			1.2			0
10	9	1.2	2.4			8.0			0
10	10	9.9	5.0			10.8			0.2
10	11	<u>6.5</u>	<u>5.7</u>			<u>3.3</u>			<u>0</u>
Week avg		7.4	5.7			6.5			0.04
10	15	3.6	5.7			2.7			0
10	16	1.2	4.9			7.4			0
10	17	2.1	8.1			1.2			0
10	18	<u>2.3</u>	<u>3.3</u>			<u>1.0</u>			<u>0</u>
Week avg		2.3	5.5			3.2			0
10	21	1.2	4.2			0.6			0.3
10	22	11.5	5.5			0			0
10	23	10.6	3.1			9.0			0
10	24	5.7	3.7			12.6			0
10	25	<u>4.2</u>	<u>3.7</u>			<u>0.4</u>			<u>0</u>
Week avg		6.6	4.0			4.5			0.1
11	18	6.1	8.7			3.3		0	0
11	19	6.0	4.8			13.7		0	0
11	20	8.2	6.0			1.0		3.3	0
11	21	2.2	10.3			0.6		0.2	tr
11	22	<u>2.3</u>	<u>6.0</u>			<u>0.3</u>		<u>0.1</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		5.0	7.2			3.8		0.7	tr

Table B-3e. (Continued)

Weekly composite (1974)	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>	
11-25	10.6	4.7	2.7	0.5	0	
12-2	2.8	3.0	0	0.1	0.1	
12-9	2.4	5.0	0.4	1.3	0.2	
12-30	2.2	4.2	1.8	0.7	0	
(1975)						
1-6	3.0	14.1	1.0	0.2	0	
1-13	6.6	2.1	0.8	0.5	tr	
1-20	3.2	1.9	0.9	0.3	0	
1-27	3.5	2.5	1.3	0	0	
2-3	2.4	3.2	tr	0.7	0	
2-10	1.8	6.6	0.2	0.1	tr	
2-17	5.3	4.0	tr	0.2	0	
3-3	4.1	4.2	0.6	0.1	0	
3-10	3.5	2.6	1.2	0.3	0	
3-17	12.5	5.1	0.7	0.8	0	
<u>Daily samples</u>						
<u>Date 1975</u>						
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>					
3	24	2.5	2.6	0	1.0	0
3	25	2.3	3.6	1.5	0.1	0
3	26	2.4	26.7	0.15	1.5	0
3	27	5.7	5.9	3.2	0.9	0
3	28	8.2	3.5	3.7	0.6	0
3	29	<u>3.6</u>	<u>2.3</u>	<u>0.3</u>	<u>0.4</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		4.1	7.4	1.5	0.8	0
3	31	5.9	5.0	2.7	0.1	0
4	1	3.5	3.2	0.8	0.2	0
4	2	2.5	2.7	2.1	0.2	0
4	3	3.2	14.4	7.0	0.3	0
4	4	<u>4.3</u>	<u>4.0</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>0.2</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		3.9	5.9	2.5	0.2	0
4	7	4.0	4.4	0.7	1.8	0
4	8	4.3	4.2	0.8	0.4	0
4	9	5.1	5.0	0.3	0	0
4	10	5.5	2.4	2.5	0.2	0
4	11	4.2	3.1	1.9	0	0
4	12	<u>4.2</u>	<u>2.8</u>	<u>1.2</u>	<u>0.7</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		4.5	3.6	1.2	0.5	0

Table B-3e. (Continued)

<u>Daily samples</u>		S1	S2	S5	S7	S8
<u>Date 1975</u>		Mill	Cyclone	Magnetic	Magnetic	Ferrous
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>	<u>discharge</u>	<u>discharge</u>	<u>rejects</u>	<u>rejects</u>	<u>by-products</u>
4	14	12.1	5.7	1.6	0.4	0
4	15	3.3	2.9	0.6	0.2	tr
4	16	<u>2.5</u>	<u>2.3</u>	<u>0.8</u>	<u>0.8</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		5.9	3.6	1.0	0.5	tr
4	18a/	2.4	2.4	1.1	b/	b/
4	19a/	2.5	4.5	0.5	0.1	0
4	21a/	6.6	2.2	5.5	tr	0
4	22a/	5.1	6.3	0.6	0	0
4	23a/	<u>1.9</u>	<u>3.6</u>	<u>0.2</u>	<u>tr</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		3.7	3.8	1.6	tr	0
4	28	3.4	1.3	2.6	1.0	0
4	29	2.0	3.0	1.5	0.2	0
4	30	2.4	2.9	1.5	0	0
5	1	4.7	4.0	1.1	0.3	0
5	2	<u>2.8</u>	<u>2.2</u>	<u>0.2</u>	<u>0.3</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		3.1	2.7	1.4	0.4	0
5	9	<u>3.1</u>	<u>5.2</u>	<u>0.7</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		3.1	5.2	0.7	0.1	0
5	12	2.2	5.3	0.2	0.1	0
5	13	5.3	3.1	1.4	b/	b/
5	16	<u>4.2</u>	<u>3.6</u>	<u>0.4</u>	<u>0.7</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		3.9	4.0	0.7	0.3	0
5	19	3.8	9.8	1.4	tr	0
5	20	<u>1.9</u>	<u>5.9</u>	<u>1.8</u>	<u>0.6</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		2.9	7.9	1.6	0.3	0
6	30	4.3	5.2	7.4	0.1	0
7	1	3.7	2.8	1.3	tr	0
7	2	3.4	2.7	0.3	0.5	0
7	3	<u>4.8</u>	<u>3.3</u>	<u>0.7</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		4.1	3.5	2.4	0.2	0
7	7	1.4	1.4	1.9	0.2	0
7	8	2.8	2.0	0.1	0	0
7	9	3.5	1.6	0.4	0.2	0
7	10	3.2	2.6	3.0	0.3	0
7	11	<u>1.6</u>	<u>2.9</u>	<u>0.7</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		2.5	2.1	1.2	0.2	0

Table B-3e. (Concluded)

<u>Daily samples</u> <u>Date 1975</u>		<u>S1</u> <u>Mill</u>	<u>S2</u> <u>Cyclone</u>	<u>S5</u> <u>Magnetic</u>	<u>S7</u> <u>Magnetic</u>	<u>S8</u> <u>Ferrous</u>
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>	<u>discharge</u>	<u>discharge</u>	<u>rejects</u>	<u>rejects</u>	<u>by-products</u>
7	14	1.8	7.9	0.6	0.6	0
7	16	1.7	3.5	1.9	0.4	0
7	17	2.3	4.2	tr	0.6	tr
7	18	<u>2.7</u>	<u>15.6</u>	<u>1.4</u>	<u>0.6</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		2.1	7.8	1.0	0.6	0
7	30	3.2	7.3	3.0	0.8	0
8	1	<u>2.0</u>	<u>6.9</u>	<u>3.0</u>	<u>0.2</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		2.6	7.1	3.0	0.5	0
8	5	1.3	2.9	2.1	0.5	0
8	6	3.1	9.6	0.1	0.1	0
8	7	3.5	3.1	0.3	0.1	0
8	8	<u>5.8</u>	<u>4.2</u>	<u>1.6</u>	<u>0.3</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		3.4	5.0	1.0	0.3	0
8	11	4.5	5.3	1.6	0.6	0
8	14	6.1	3.2	0.1	0.2	0
8	15	<u>7.6</u>	<u>6.1</u>	<u>1.1</u>	<u>tr</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		6.1	4.9	0.9	0.3	0
8	19	11.7	3.7	1.2	0.4	0
8	20	6.2	4.8	1.0	0.1	0
8	21	5.1	4.0	1.7	tr	0
8	22	<u>3.9</u>	<u>3.7</u>	<u>0.7</u>	<u>0.3</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		6.7	4.1	1.2	0.2	0
8	28	8.5	5.5	1.3	0.2	0
8	29	<u>3.5</u>	<u>2.5</u>	<u>0.9</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		6.0	4.0	1.1	0.1	0
9	2	2.9	3.0	2.8	0.3	0
9	3	2.6	12.7	1.3	0.8	0
9	4	8.6	5.3	1.1	0.2	0
9	5	<u>4.3</u>	<u>1.4</u>	<u>1.8</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		4.6	5.6	1.8	0.4	0
Total average <sup>c/</sup>		4.5	4.8	1.6	0.37	0.01

a/ Fine grind.

b/ Nuggetizer down.

c/ Average includes weekly composites November 25, 1974, through March 17, 1975.

Table B-3f. ANALYSIS OF MILLED REFUSE STREAMS WOOD BY VISUAL ANALYSIS, wt. %  
(Received moisture basis)

Daily samples		S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8
Date 1974		Mill	Cyclone	Storage	ADS	Magnetic	Nuggetizer	Magnetic	Ferrous
Month	Day	discharge	discharge	bin	heavyies	rejects	feed	drum	metal
				discharge				rejects	by-products
9	23	0.9	0.9	3.4	2.6	2.4	0	0	0
9	24	0.9	1.6	3.5	0.3	6.9	0	0.1	0
9	25	3.0	5.3	1.4	6.0	5.0	0	4.6	0
9	26	trace	1.9	1.8	4.3	2.1	0	0	0
9	27	<u>2.6</u>	<u>0.6</u>	<u>0.4</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>5.0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		1.5	2.1	2.1	2.6	4.3	0	1.0	0
9	30	2.9	1.1	3.1	5.8	2.9	0	tr	0
10	1	3.2	0	0.3	5.0	16.1	0	0	0
10	2	1.7	1.3	1.4	2.3	14.0	0	1.2	0
10	3	4.6	2.9	4.3	0.4	5.5	0	0.4	0
10	4	<u>1.3</u>	<u>2.8</u>	<u>3.8</u>	<u>1.0</u>	<u>17.3</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		2.7	2.0	2.6	2.9	11.2	0	0.3	0
10	7	0.9	1.1			1.3			0
10	8	2.7	1.8			15.1			0
10	9	1.4	2.4			3.5			0
10	10	2.7	4.1			16.2			0
10	11	<u>2.7</u>	<u>7.2</u>			<u>5.0</u>			<u>0</u>
Week avg		2.1	3.3			8.2			0
10	15	15.1	7.5			3.2			0
10	16	3.8	1.2			6.4			0
10	17	0.8	3.0			23.0			0
10	18	<u>2.0</u>	<u>2.1</u>			<u>24.9</u>			<u>0</u>
Week avg		5.4	3.4			14.4			0
10	21	3.0	tr			3.0			0
10	22	2.2	2.1			4.5			0
10	23	3.2	2.3			6.1			0
10	24	0	1.4			2.4			0
10	25	<u>2.6</u>	<u>9.5</u>			<u>8.2</u>			<u>0</u>
Week avg		2.2	3.1			4.8			0
11	18	0	0			0.2		0.6	0
11	19	0.9	0			2.0		0	0
11	20	22.4	1.8			4.0		0	0
11	21	2.2	6.7			20.2		0	0
11	22	<u>3.3</u>	<u>1.8</u>			<u>5.7</u>		<u>1.3</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		5.8	2.1			6.4		0.4	0

Table B-3f. (Continued)

Weekly composite (1974)	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>	
11-25	2.7	2.2	10.3	0	0	
12-2	0.6	tr	0	0	0	
12-9	0	0.4	0.1	0.1	0	
12-30	2.4	2.5	13.8	0	0	
(1975)						
1-6	3.7	1.0	2.3	0.4	0	
1-13	0.3	0.7	1.1	0.3	0	
1-20	3.2	1.7	1.9	0	0	
1-27	0.2	1.2	0.9	0	0	
2-3	2.3	0.4	0	0	0	
2-10	0.7	0.4	2.3	0	0	
2-17	0.4	0.4	0	0	0	
3-3	4.1	0.9	1.0	tr	0	
3-10	0.8	0.6	0.4	0	0	
3-17	5.2	3.1	4.2	0.1	0	
<u>Daily samples</u>						
<u>Date 1975</u>						
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>					
3	24	3.1	3.7	5.8	0.1	0
3	25	4.6	2.4	2.5	0.1	0
3	26	1.8	2.2	3.5	0.9	0
3	27	2.3	1.2	1.4	0.5	0
3	28	0	2.9	4.4	0.7	0
3	29	2.1	6.9	1.1	tr	0
Week avg		2.3	3.2	3.1	0.4	0
3	31	0.3	0	0.5	0	0
4	1	2.9	1.0	3.5	0.2	0
4	2	4.0	6.6	1.2	0.1	0
4	3	0.8	6.2	1.5	0	0
4	4	0.6	3.5	2.1	0	0
Week avg		1.7	3.5	1.8	0.1	0
4	7	4.2	1.8	10.9	0.9	0
4	8	2.4	6.9	2.8	0	0
4	9	2.4	0.7	6.5	0	0
4	10	4.0	6.5	1.7	0	0
4	11	3.5	4.6	5.8	0	0
4	12	2.8	3.3	3.5	0.8	0
Week avg		3.2	4.0	5.2	0.3	0

Table B-3f. (Continued)

<u>Daily samples</u> <u>Date 1975</u>		<u>S1</u>	<u>S2</u>	<u>S5</u>	<u>S7</u>	<u>S8</u>
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>	<u>Mill</u> <u>discharge</u>	<u>Cyclone</u> <u>discharge</u>	<u>Magnetic</u> <u>belt</u> <u>rejects</u>	<u>Magnetic</u> <u>drum</u> <u>rejects</u>	<u>Ferrous</u> <u>metal</u> <u>by-products</u>
4	14	2.9	8.1	3.0	0	0
4	15	1.0	0.7	6.4	0	0
4	16	14.6	4.0	0.9	tr	0
Week avg		6.2	4.3	3.4	tr	0
4	18a/	2.4	2.4	3.8	b/	b/
4	21a/	1.6	3.1	2.6	0.2	0
4	22a/	1.2	1.8	9.8	0.2	0
4	22a/	1.8	3.5	1.7	0	0
4	23a/	5.9	3.3	5.3	tr	0
Week avg		2.6	2.6	5.6	0.1	0
4	28	4.0	1.7	5.8	0.1	0
4	29	3.3	2.3	0.9	tr	0
4	30	4.3	1.7	4.1	tr	0
5	1	2.9	4.7	3.6	tr	0
5	2	10.6	8.0	10.2	0.4	tr
Week avg		5.0	3.7	4.9	0.1	tr
5	9	0.5	6.9	3.3	0	0
Week avg		0.5	6.9	3.3	0	0
5	12	4.2	8.1	0.1	0	0
5	13	3.7	1.0	3.2	b/	b/
5	16	16.1	3.1	7.2	0.2	0
Week avg		8.0	4.1	3.5	0.1	0
5	19	2.4	2.1	4.1	0	0
5	20	1.7	4.5	4.2	tr	0
Week avg		2.0	3.3	3.1	tr	0
6	30	3.2	1.8	3.9	0	0
7	1	2.6	4.7	3.0	tr	0
7	2	5.2	2.7	1.9	tr	0
7	3	2.2	0.9	6.1	0	0
Week avg		3.3	2.5	3.7	tr	0
7	7	5.9	3.3	2.6	0.1	0
7	8	10.8	7.8	8.9	0	0
7	9	1.2	1.9	10.8	0	0
7	10	2.7	3.2	7.8	0	0
7	11	4.2	0.6	7.1	0.1	0
Week avg		5.0	3.4	7.4	tr	0

Table B-3f. (Concluded)

<u>Daily samples</u> <u>Date 1975</u>		S1	S2	S5	S7	S8
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>	<u>Mill</u> <u>discharge</u>	<u>Cyclone</u> <u>discharge</u>	<u>Magnetic</u> <u>belt</u> <u>rejects</u>	<u>Magnetic</u> <u>drum</u> <u>rejects</u>	<u>Ferrous</u> <u>metal</u> <u>by-products</u>
7	14	3.2	1.2	2.2	0.1	0
7	16	11.5	6.3	7.1	0	0
7	17	7.1	4.6	4.6	0.1	0
7	18	<u>7.0</u>	<u>3.0</u>	<u>7.5</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		7.2	3.8	5.4	0.1	0
7	30	2.0	1.6	3.7	0.5	0
8	1	<u>4.4</u>	<u>5.4</u>	<u>11.1</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		3.2	3.5	7.4	0.3	0
8	5	5.4	3.4	4.2	0.2	0
8	6	7.2	1.6	5.4	0	0
8	7	7.4	2.2	8.7	tr	0
8	8	<u>1.6</u>	<u>4.2</u>	<u>2.0</u>	<u>tr</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		5.4	2.9	5.1	0.1	0
8	11	1.6	2.7	5.3	0	0
8	14	6.8	4.9	4.6	0	0
8	15	<u>5.7</u>	<u>4.4</u>	<u>12.9</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		4.7	4.0	7.6	0.03	0
8	19	2.0	10.7	4.4	tr	0
8	20	3.3	6.0	7.9	0	0
8	21	6.0	4.9	4.8	0	0
8	22	<u>4.9</u>	<u>3.0</u>	<u>2.5</u>	<u>0.4</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		4.1	6.2	4.9	0.1	0
8	28	11.4	8.4	9.8	0.2	0
8	29	<u>4.4</u>	<u>4.1</u>	<u>2.9</u>	<u>tr</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		7.9	6.2	6.3	0.1	0
9	2	1.8	5.7	2.3	0.1	0
9	3	1.2	3.8	5.2	0.1	0
9	4	0.6	1.3	2.4	0.1	0
9	5	<u>4.0</u>	<u>2.6</u>	<u>6.3</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		1.9	3.4	4.1	0.1	0
Total average <sup>c/</sup>		3.2	2.7	4.6	0.13	0

<sup>a/</sup> Fine grind.<sup>b/</sup> Nuggetizer down.<sup>c/</sup> Average includes weekly composites November 25, 1974, through March 17, 1975.

Table B-3g. ANALYSIS OF MILLED REFUSE STREAMS GLASS BY VISUAL ANALYSIS, wt. %  
(Received moisture basis)

Daily samples		S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8
Date 1974		Mill	Cyclone	Storage bin	ADS	Magnetic belt	Nuggetizer	Magnetic drum	Ferrous metal
Month	Day	discharge	discharge	discharge	heavies	rejects	feed	rejects	by-products
9	23	1.7	1.1	1.0	5.1	18.2	0	0	0
9	24	1.2	1.3	tr	5.8	7.0	0	0	0
9	25	0.9	0.8	0.8	3.0	24.1	0	0	0
9	26	1.8	0.9	0.7	0.9	21.1	0	0	0
9	27	0.8	3.3	1.0	5.6	17.8	0	0	0
Week avg		1.3	1.5	0.7	4.1	17.6	0	0	0
9	30	5.1	0.4	0.3	19.4	5.5	0	0	0
10	1	3.2	0	0.3	5.0	16.1	0	0	0
10	2	4.2	0.6	1.8	3.4	4.3	0	0	0
10	3	3.3	4.0	1.9	15.6	29.5	0	0	0
10	4	tr	0.6	1.7	1.9	17.3	0	0	0
Week avg		3.2	1.1	1.2	9.0	14.5	0	0	0
10	7	11.8	1.6			19.5			0
10	8	3.8	2.9			22.2			0
10	9	0.4	1.6			18.4			0
10	10	2.0	0.9			15.6			0
10	11	3.0	5.3			16.6			0
Week avg		4.2	2.5			18.5			0
10	15	0.5	2.5			3.0			0
10	16	2.7	0			13.1			0
10	17	2.5	1.0			17.1			0
10	18	6.0	1.2			15.9			0
Week avg		2.9	1.2			12.3			0
10	21	1.2	5.0			19.1			0
10	22	9.8	0.8			13.5			0
10	23	3.2	0			14.5			0
10	24	0	0			8.7			0
10	25	4.1	1.2			20.0			0
Week avg		3.7	1.4			15.2			0
11	18	1.7	0			36.9		0	0
11	19	6.9	1.0			18.4		0	0
11	20	0	1.2			23.7		0	0
11	21	0.4	0.5			11.4		0	0
11	22	0	0			26.2		0	0
Week avg		1.8	0.5			23.3		0	0

Table B-3g. (Continued)

Weekly composite (1974)	S1 Mill discharge	S2 Cyclone discharge	S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S7 Magnetic drum rejects	S8 Ferrous metal by-products	
11-25	2.7	3.2	27.8	0	0	
12-2	6.0	1.3	6.4	0	0	
12-9	5.9	1.3	33.6	0	0	
12-30	0	0	25.8	0	0	
(1975)						
1-6	12.5	0.4	13.3	tr	0	
1-13	1.6	0.2	17.3	tr	tr	
1-20	5.9	4.4	20.8	tr	0	
1-27	8.2	3.1	5.9	tr	0	
2-3	4.0	1.1	45.2	0.1	0	
2-10	0.4	7.7	38.3	tr	0	
2-17	7.6	7.2	56.5	0.1	0	
3-3	11.7	8.9	40.5	tr	0	
3-10	12.1	3.8	44.2	tr	0	
3-17	1.1	tr	34.0	0.3	0	
Daily samples						
Date 1975						
Month	Day					
3	24	0.4	1.9	22.0	tr	0
3	25	1.4	1.6	33.7	0.3	0
3	26	4.1	1.8	37.5	0.2	0
3	27	0	5.9	36.5	0.1	0
3	28	tr	2.3	30.6	0	0
3	29	5.0	3.7	25.8	tr	0
Week avg		1.8	2.9	31.0	0.1	0
3	31	6.9	2.0	21.6	0	0
4	1	2.9	5.4	25.0	tr	0
4	2	1.8	2.3	39.3	0	0
4	3	3.2	2.1	27.6	0	0
4	4	3.5	0.4	35.4	0.1	0
Week avg		3.7	2.4	29.8	tr	0
4	7	5.6	4.4	13.6	0.1	0
4	8	1.9	4.9	36.0	0.3	0
4	9	3.0	2.1	13.7	0	0
4	10	1.7	1.6	30.3	0.2	0
4	11	3.6	4.1	29.4	0.2	0
4	12	1.4	3.1	27.5	0	0
Week avg		2.9	3.4	25.1	0.1	0

Table B-3g. (Continued)

Daily samples Date 1975		S1 Mill discharg.	S2 Cyclone discharge	S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S7 Magnetic drum rejects	S8 Ferrous metal by-products
Month	Day					
4	14	2.1	3.4	24.0	0	0
4	15	9.9	2.9	33.4	0	0
4	16	1.8	0.6	1.4	tr	0
Week avg		4.6	2.3	19.6	tr	0
4	18 <sup>a/</sup>	1.2	1.3	12.4	b/	b/
4	19 <sup>a/</sup>	0.8	1.8	30.5	tr	0
4	21 <sup>a/</sup>	0.8	1.4	16.0	0.1	0
4	22 <sup>a/</sup>	3.2	2.4	27.7	0.05	0
4	23 <sup>a/</sup>	4.8	1.9	24.2	0.1	0
Week avg		2.2	1.8	22.2	0.1	0
4	28	2.5	7.7	31.5	0.3	0
4	29	1.3	1.9	22.5	0.1	0
4	30	2.9	3.5	26.4	0.2	0
5	1	2.0	2.9	27.3	0.1	0
5	2	6.6	2.0	33.2	0.1	0
Week avg		3.1	3.6	28.2	0.2	0
5	9	4.4	5.2	22.2	tr	0
Week avg		4.4	5.2	22.2	tr	0
5	12	2.7	5.5	26.6	tr	0
5	13	1.9	5.2	16.5	b/	b/
5	16	2.4	3.6	27.5	tr	0
Week avg		2.3	4.8	23.5	tr	0
5	19	3.8	4.1	22.9	tr	0
5	20	13.4	2.1	25.3	tr	0
Week avg		8.6	3.1	24.1	tr	0
6	30	5.7	1.4	27.4	tr	0
7	1	1.7	2.6	27.5	tr	0
7	2	1.0	1.2	31.7	0.1	0
7	3	6.1	2.4	33.8	0	0
Week avg		3.6	1.9	30.1	0.025	0
7	7	1.0	1.4	34.6	tr	0
7	8	1.5	2.2	31.7	tr	0
7	9	2.0	1.3	25.2	0	0
7	10	0.9	2.6	12.5	0	0
7	11	2.8	1.7	31.1	tr	0
Week avg		1.6	1.8	27.0	0	0

Table B-3g. (Concluded)

<u>Daily samples</u> <u>Date 1975</u>		S1	S2	S5	S7	S8
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>	<u>Mill</u> <u>discharge</u>	<u>Cyclone</u> <u>discharge</u>	<u>Magnetic</u> <u>belt</u> <u>rejects</u>	<u>Magnetic</u> <u>drum</u> <u>rejects</u>	<u>Ferrous</u> <u>metal</u> <u>by-products</u>
7	14	5.0	9.6	41.0	tr	0
7	16	7.8	4.5	43.1	0.2	0
7	17	1.3	1.3	37.1	0.4	0
7	18	<u>4.0</u>	<u>3.0</u>	<u>32.5</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		4.5	4.6	38.4	0.2	0
7	30	2.0	5.7	41.4	0.7	0
8	1	<u>3.6</u>	<u>4.0</u>	<u>33.0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		2.8	4.9	37.2	0.4	0
8	5	2.6	2.4	14.2	0.1	0
8	6	2.5	5.6	41.6	tr	0
8	7	2.8	2.6	24.1	0	0
8	8	<u>5.6</u>	<u>2.8</u>	<u>39.0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		3.4	3.4	29.7	0.05	0
8	11	3.2	5.9	20.7	0.4	0
8	14	3.0	3.2	34.7	0.2	0
8	15	<u>2.8</u>	<u>6.7</u>	<u>24.2</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		3.0	5.3	26.5	0.2	0
8	19	13.5	3.4	35.1	0.2	0
8	20	2.3	2.4	36.1	0.2	0
8	21	3.0	2.1	32.0	0.1	0
8	22	<u>1.8</u>	<u>3.0</u>	<u>34.6</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		5.2	2.7	34.5	0.2	0
8	28	1.4	3.6	32.4	0.1	0
8	29	<u>2.8</u>	<u>2.1</u>	<u>30.6</u>	<u>0.2</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		2.1	2.9	31.5	0.2	0
9	2	5.7	3.0	41.7	0.3	0
9	3	5.4	2.0	47.0	0.3	0
9	4	5.4	4.4	30.9	0.1	0
9	5	<u>2.5</u>	<u>1.9</u>	<u>34.0</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		4.8	2.8	38.4	0.2	0
Total average <sup>c/</sup>		4.2	2.9	27.4	0.07	0

<sup>a/</sup> Fine grind.

<sup>b/</sup> Nuggetizer down.

<sup>c/</sup> Average includes weekly composites November 25, 1974, through March 17, 1975.

Table B-3h. ANALYSIS OF MILLED REFUSE STREAMS MAGNETIC METAL BY VISUAL ANALYSIS, wt. %  
(Received moisture basis)

Daily samples		S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8
Date 1974		Mill	Cyclone	Storage bin	ADS	Magnetic belt	Nuggetizer	Magnetic drum	Ferrous metal
Month	Day	discharge	discharge	discharge	heavies	rejects	feed	rejects	by-products
9	23	<u>a/</u>	0	0	71.2	20.3	98.7	85.0	99.8
9	24	<u>a/</u>	0.8	0	73.7	40.2	99.7	79.4	99.9
9	25	<u>a/</u>	0	0	74.7	38.4	99.9	74.2	99.9
9	26	1.4	0	1.2	83.1	36.9	99.6	80.3	97.0
9	27	<u>1.8</u>	<u>0.3</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>81.5</u>	<u>25.0</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>82.7</u>	<u>99.7</u>
Week avg		1.6	0.2	0.2	76.8	32.2	99.6	80.3	99.3
9	30	2.9	1.3	0	24.7	40.1	99.4	91.9	99.9
10	1	1.5	0	0.2	77.3	55.4	100	87.6	96.2
10	2	1.5	0	0	69.7	4.6	100	82.7	99.4
10	3	2.1	0	tr	54.5	16.7	99.9	80.9	98.6
10	4	<u>2.4</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>tr</u>	<u>84.5</u>	<u>24.4</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>89.2</u>	<u>99.9</u>
Week avg		2.1	0.3	0.04	62.1	28.2	99.9	86.5	98.8
10	7	6.6	4.0			38.0			100
10	8	2.1	0			11.2			99.9
10	9	1.8	0			0			99.1
10	10	6.3	0			7.0			99.7
10	11	<u>2.7</u>	<u>0</u>			<u>23.4</u>			<u>99.9</u>
Week avg		3.9	0.8			15.9			99.7
10	15	3.5	0			14.9			99.7
10	16	3.3	0			43.5			99.8
10	17	17.5	0			0			99.8
10	18	<u>4.1</u>	<u>0</u>			<u>27.6</u>			<u>99.6</u>
Week avg		7.1	0			21.5			99.7
10	21	1.6	0			26.8			99.7
10	22	1.0	0			10.1			99.1
10	23	2.5	0			6.6			99.5
10	24	5.0	0			0			90.8
10	25	<u>5.8</u>	<u>2.0</u>			<u>21.6</u>			<u>99.9</u>
Week avg		3.2	0.4			13.0			99.6
11	18	2.5	0			2.3		87.5	100
11	19	5.3	0			13.5		85.7	100
11	20	3.0	0			0		89.8	99.8
11	21	5.4	0			3.7		94.4	99.8
11	22	<u>9.9</u>	<u>0</u>			<u>0.1</u>		<u>91.6</u>	<u>99.4</u>
Week avg		5.2	0			3.9		89.8	99.8

Table B-3h. (Continued)

Weekly composite (1974)	S1 Mill discharge	S2 Cyclone discharge	S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S7 Magnetic drum rejects	S8 Ferrous metal by-products
11-25	3.2	0	19.6	91.7	99.9
12-2	7.6	0	23.1	93.8	99.6
12-9	0.3	0	2.5	86.5	99.8
12-30	4.5	0	6.2	90.2	99.9
(1975)					
1-6	9.9	0	67.2 <sup>b/</sup>	87.3	100 <sup>b/</sup>
1-13	12.9	0	56.4	71.9	99.7
1-20	7.3	0	44.6	90.7	99.8
1-27	8.9	0	69.2	94.3	99.8
2-3	9.7	0	5.6	88.0	98.5
2-10	2.1	0	22.0	93.9	100
2-17	10.0	0.4	2.4	87.7	99.7
3-3	12.1	0	28.0	94.7	99.9
3-10	11.1	0	10.0	89.0	99.9
3-17	3.9	0	14.8	79.6	99.8
<u>Daily samples</u>					
<u>Date 1975</u>					
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>				
3	24	7.0	0	23.5	86.2
3	25	11.0	0	6.2	97.0
3	26	3.3	0	11.1	78.6
3	27	13.1	1.0	9.5	72.2
3	28	9.0	7.2	5.1	89.3
3	29	4.3	0	37.6	97.8
Week avg		7.9	1.4	15.5	86.8
3	31	5.3	0.3	28.0	96.9
4	1	7.4	5.1	4.3	85.8
4	2	4.2	0	19.5	90.1
4	3	5.7	0	17.5	89.5
4	4	9.4	0	6.4	86.4
Week avg		6.4	1.1	15.1	89.7
4	7	4.6	0	37.6	81.9
4	8	7.7	0	13.2	80.0
4	9	5.6	0.3	1.6	81.9
4	10	3.4	0	15.9	85.1
4	11	6.2	0	12.8	83.4
4	12	2.5	0.7	3.6	87.7
Week avg		5.0	0.2	14.1	83.3
4	14	4.5	0	11.8	91.7
4	15	1.6	0	1.9	97.6
4	16	5.5	0	3.2	86.4
Week avg		3.9	0	5.6	91.9

Table B-3h. (Continued)

<u>Daily samples</u> <u>Date 1975</u>		<u>S1</u> <u>Mill</u>	<u>S2</u> <u>Cyclone</u>	<u>S5</u> <u>Magnetic</u>	<u>S7</u> <u>Magnetic</u>	<u>S8</u> <u>Ferrous</u>
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>	<u>discharge</u>	<u>discharge</u>	<u>rejects</u>	<u>drum</u> <u>rejects</u>	<u>metal</u> <u>by-products</u>
4	18 <sup>b</sup> /	3.6	0	48.1	c/	c/
4	19 <sup>b</sup> /	4.8	0	24.7	98.5	100
4	21 <sup>b</sup> /	10.9	0	33.9	97.7	100
4	22 <sup>b</sup> /	10.6	0	26.4	98.7	99.8
4	23 <sup>b</sup> /	5.4	0	22.6	97.6	99.8
Week avg		7.1	0	31.1	98.1	99.8
4	28	3.9	0	7.6	74.9	99.7
4	29	5.6	0	29.8	92.2	99.3
4	30	3.0	0	19.3	90.9	99.6
5	1	8.4	0	10.5	82.7	99.8
5	2	6.8	0	6.0	78.9	99.7
Week avg		5.5	0	14.6	83.9	99.6
5	9	5.5	0	21.2	98.1	99.8
Week avg		5.5	0	21.2	98.1	99.8
5	12	7.1	0	28.1	92.0	99.9
5	13	4.8	0	45.5	c/	c/
5	16	5.2	0	1.6	81.5	99.9
Week avg		5.7	0	25.1	86.8	99.9
5	19	5.8	0	9.7	96.8	99.8
5	20	4.6	1.7	23.2	94.9	99.9
Week avg		5.2	0.9	16.5	95.9	99.9
6	30	8.9	0	4.0	96.7	99.8
7	1	7.6	0	32.5	95.0	99.8
7	2	4.7	0	7.9	86.0	99.9
7	3	7.5	0	8.9	89.1	99.9
Week avg		7.2	0	13.8	91.7	99.9
7	7	5.6	0	5.7	90.2	99.7
7	8	5.6	0	5.8	82.5	99.4
7	9	6.3	0	32.3	95.9	99.7
7	10	3.6	0	5.9	93.6	99.9
7	11	8.0	0	6.9	95.3	99.8
Week avg		5.8	0	11.3	91.5	99.7
7	14	9.1	0	11.6	90.6	99.8
7	16	2.6	0	16.3	91.4	99.7
7	17	2.8	0	14.8	76.7	99.5
7	18	4.4	0	7.2	90.6	99.8
Week avg		4.7	0	12.5	87.3	99.5

Table B-3h. (Concluded)

<u>Daily samples</u> <u>Date 1975</u>		S1	S2	S5	S7	S8
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>	<u>Mill</u> <u>discharge</u>	<u>Cyclone</u> <u>discharge</u>	<u>Magnetic</u> <u>belt</u> <u>rejects</u>	<u>Magnetic</u> <u>drum</u> <u>rejects</u>	<u>Ferrous</u> <u>metal</u> <u>by-products</u>
7	30	6.1	0	20.3	69.2	99.7
8	1	4.0	0	16.5	93.3	99.4
Week avg		5.0	0	18.4	81.3	99.8
8	5	8.6	0	24.0	88.0	99.7
8	6	6.5	0	4.4	94.0	99.4
8	7	7.2	0	11.3	96.4	99.8
8	8	6.9	0	10.2	92.9	99.7
Week avg		7.3	0	12.5	92.8	99.7
8	11	7.7	0	12.9	85.1	99.6
8	14	6.7	0	10.0	87.2	99.4
8	15	5.1	0	5.1	92.6	99.2
Week avg		6.5	0	9.3	88.3	99.4
8	19	7.6	3.4	11.0	93.7	99.7
8	20	6.7	0	8.2	91.4	99.8
8	21	8.5	0	7.0	91.9	99.8
8	22	4.4	0	11.0	87.3	99.6
Week avg		6.8	0.9	9.3	91.1	99.8
8	28	6.2	0	9.4	97.2	99.6
8	29	6.0	0	17.1	90.4	99.5
Week avg		6.1	0	13.3	93.8	99.6
9	2	6.6	0	2.5	65.4	98.7
9	3	9.3	0	11.3	76.8	99.9
9	4	7.4	0	17.7	88.8	99.6
9	5	6.4	0	8.1	92.9	99.6
Week avg		7.4	0	9.9	81.5	99.5
Total average <sup>d/</sup>		6.2	0.17	19.9	88.9	99.7

a/ Changed inspection method to pick up metal in S1 average for 2 days only.

b/ Fine grind.

c/ Nuggetizer down.

d/ Average includes weekly composites November 25, 1974, through March 17, 1975.

Table B-3i. ANALYSIS OF MILLED REFUSE STREAMS NONMAGNETIC METAL BY VISUAL ANALYSIS, wt. %  
(Received moisture basis)

Daily samples		S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8
Date 1974		Mill	Cyclone	Storage	ADS	Magnetic	Nuggetizer	Magnetic	Ferrous
Month	Day	discharge	discharge	bin	heavies	belt	feed	drum	metal
				discharge		rejects		rejects	by-products
9	23	a/	0	0	2.5	3.0	0	14.3	0
9	24	a/	0.5	0	6.3	2.7	0	18.8	0
9	25	a/	0	0	3.9	6.0	0	15.8	0.1
9	26	0.9	0	0	3.4	1.2	0.2	19.0	0
9	27	0.3	tr	4.6	0	3.0	0	10.1	0
Week avg		0.6	0.1	0.9	3.2	3.2	0.04	15.6	0.02
9	30	0.4	2.4	0.8	8.2	9.4	0	7.9	0.1
10	1	0.2	0	0.5	2.8	2.9	0	12.4	0
10	2	0.9	0	0	5.6	24.2	0	15.0	0.1
10	3	0.3	0	0	2.0	0	0	18.1	0
10	4	tr	0.2	0	3.4	14.6	0	10.2	0.1
Week avg		0.4	0.5	0.3	4.4	10.2	0	12.7	0.1
10	7	0.7	0			0			0
10	8	0.1	0			3.8			0.1
10	9	0.4	0			18.7			0.1
10	10	0	0			2.8			0
10	11	0.1	5.7			12.3			0.1
Week avg		0.3	1.1			7.5			0.1
10	15	tr	0.9			7.9			0.1
10	16	0.2	1.6			0.5			0.1
10	17	0.4	0			0			tr
10	18	0.2	0			0			0.1
Week avg		0.2	0.6			2.1			0.1
10	21	0.3	0			3.8			0
10	22	0	0			1.5			0
10	23	0.2	0			14.7			0.2
10	24	1.0	3.7			1.3			0
10	25	0.4	0			11.4			0
Week avg		0.4	0.7			6.5			0.04
11	18	0.3	0			0		11.7	0
11	19	0.3	0			4.2		14.3	0
11	20	0	1.8			6.1		6.7	0.2
11	21	1.1	0			3.5		5.4	tr
11	22	0.4	0			3.5		7.0	0.5
Week avg		0.4	0.4			3.5		9.0	0.1

Table B-3i. (Continued)

	S1	S2	S5	S7	S8	
Weekly composite	Mill	Cyclone	Magnetic	Magnetic	Ferrous	
(1974)	discharge	discharge	belt	drum	metal	
			rejects	rejects	by-products	
11-25	0.9	0.5	0.5	7.8	0.1	
12-2	0.2	0	0	6.1	0.3	
12-9	tr	0	3.9	12.0	0	
12-30	0.4	0	4.4	8.4	tr	
(1975)						
1-6	1.0	0.8	2.5	11.8	0	
1-13	1.1	0	0.6	23.3	0.1	
1-20	0.9	0	7.7	8.2	0.2	
1-27	0.5	0.3	8.5	4.9	tr	
2-3	0.8	0.1	7.5	10.2	1.3	
2-10	0.4	0.4	5.1	5.3	tr	
2-17	0.6	0.4	9.9	11.2	0.2	
3-3	1.0	0	7.3	4.4	0.1	
3-10	1.3	0	5.5	10.1	0.1	
3-17	0.2	0	6.5	16.1	0.2	
Daily samples						
Date 1975						
Month	Day					
3	24	0.9	0	5.5	11.7	0
3	25	1.0	0	4.0	0.6	0.4
3	26	0.1	0.2	8.5	17.6	0.2
3	27	0.3	0	11.6	24.3	0.1
3	28	0.8	0	5.9	9.4	0
3	29	tr	0	3.0	tr	tr
Week avg	0.5	tr	6.4	10.6	0.1	
3	31	0.8	0.3	4.5	2.8	0.1
4	1	0.2	0	6.9	12.9	0.2
4	2	0.1	0	2.2	9.0	0.1
4	3	0.2	0	9.7	8.3	0
4	4	1.4	0.4	8.1	11.7	0.1
Week avg	0.5	0.1	6.3	8.9	0.1	
4	7	1.0	0.4	1.9	14.5	0.05
4	8	0.7	0	2.7	17.9	0.2
4	9	0.2	tr	2.3	15.9	0
4	10	0.5	0.8	6.0	13.2	0.1
4	11	0.3	0.4	4.3	14.6	0
4	12	0.6	0	5.4	10.1	0.1
Week avg	0.7	0.3	4.7	14.4	0.1	

Table B-31. (Continued)

<u>Daily samples</u> <u>Date 1975</u>		S1	S2	S5	S7	S8
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>	<u>Mill</u> <u>discharge</u>	<u>Cyclone</u> <u>discharge</u>	<u>Magnetic</u> <u>belt</u> <u>rejects</u>	<u>Magnetic</u> <u>drum</u> <u>rejects</u>	<u>Ferrous</u> <u>metal</u> <u>by-products</u>
4	14	0.3	0.8	3.9	7.5	0
4	15	0.4	0	3.0	2.1	0.2
4	16	0.2	0.6	11.9	10.0	tr
Week avg		0.3	0.5	6.3	6.5	0.1
4	18 <sup>b</sup> /	0.6	0	2.4	c/	c/
4	19 <sup>b</sup> /	0.4	1.4	11.8	1.1	0
4	21 <sup>b</sup> /	1.0	0	2.9	1.5	tr
4	22 <sup>b</sup> /	0.7	0.7	9.5	1.0	0
4	23 <sup>b</sup> /	0.5	0	1.8	1.5	tr
Week avg		0.6	0.1	5.7	1.3	tr
4	28	0.4	0.3	5.1	22.0	0.1
4	29	0.9	0	0.7	6.7	tr
4	30	0.3	0	2.6	8.0	0.1
5	1	0.8	0	3.6	15.5	0.2
5	2	0.9	0	10.9	17.5	0.1
Week avg		0.7	0.1	4.6	13.9	0.1
5	9	0.5	0	12.2	1.4	0.1
Week avg		0.5	0	12.2	1.4	0.1
5	12	0.7	1.8	1.9	7.6	tr
5	13	0.6	0	1.1	c/	c/
5	16	0.2	1.5	23.9	14.2	tr
Week avg		0.5	1.1	8.9	10.9	tr
5	19	0.2	0.3	16.6	2.7	tr
5	20	0.9	6.9	4.6	4.2	0
Week avg		0.5	3.6	10.6	3.4	tr
6	30	1.6	0	1.0	3.1	tr
7	1	0.7	0	5.9	4.6	0.1
7	2	0.9	0	5.6	12.2	0.03
7	3	0.8	0.6	4.8	10.3	tr
Week avg		1.0	0	4.3	7.6	tr
7	7	0.7	0	1.1	8.5	tr
7	8	0.7	0	11.7	15.1	0.3
7	9	0.9	0	0	3.7	tr
7	10	0.4	0	7.2	5.5	tr
7	11	0.9	0	5.3	4.1	0
Week avg		0.7	0	5.1	7.4	tr

Table B-31. (Concluded)

<u>Daily samples</u>		S1	S2	S5	S7	S8
<u>Date 1975</u>		Mill	Cyclone	Magnetic	Magnetic	Ferrous
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>	<u>discharge</u>	<u>discharge</u>	<u>rejects</u>	<u>rejects</u>	<u>by-products</u>
7	14	0.8	0.4	3.0	7.8	tr
7	16	1.0	1.0	7.8	7.3	0.4
7	17	0.6	0	4.4	19.3	0.2
7	18	0.8	0	3.1	7.9	tr
Week avg		0.8	0.4	4.6	10.6	0.2
7	30	0.7	1.3	5.2	25.3	0.1
8	1	1.0	0	1.2	6.1	SW
Week avg		0.9	0.7	3.2	15.7	tr
8	5	2.0	1.0	5.5	8.5	0.2
8	6	0.5	0.8	2.2	5.5	0.2
8	7	0.9	0	31.4	3.3	tr
8	8	1.1	0.4	4.9	4.4	tr
Week avg		1.1	0.6	11.0	5.4	0.1
8	11	1.0	0.6	6.6	9.5	0.1
8	14	0.9	0	2.5	7.0	0.3
8	15	0.6	0.6	9.9	5.8	0.5
Week avg		0.8	0.4	6.3	7.4	0.3
8	19	1.1	0.3	2.6	3.9	0.1
8	20	0.9	0.6	3.4	6.9	0.1
8	21	1.1	0	6.4	7.5	0.1
8	22	0.8	0	7.0	10.0	0.2
Week avg		1.0	0.2	4.9	7.1	0.1
8	28	0.8	0.8	3.8	2.1	0.2
8	29	0.8	0	3.1	7.8	0.3
Week avg		0.8	0.4	3.5	5.0	0.3
9	2	0.8	0	1.2	24.4	0
9	3	0.8	0.5	3.1	16.5	tr
9	4	0.9	0	10.3	9.2	0
9	5	0.8	0.7	7.5	6.0	0.1
Week avg		0.8	0.3	5.5	14.0	0
Total average <sup>d/</sup>		0.63	0.39	5.7	9.4	0.13

a/ Changed inspection method to pick up metal in S1. Average for 2 days only.

b/ Fine grind.

c/ Nuggetizer down.

d/ Average includes weekly composites November 25, 1974, through March 17, 1975.

Table B-3j. ANALYSIS OF MILLED REFUSE STREAMS ORGANICS BY VISUAL ANALYSIS, wt. %  
(Received moisture basis)

Daily samples		S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8
Date 1974		Mill	Cyclone	Storage bin	ADS	Magnetic belt	Nuggetizer	Magnetic drum	Ferrous metal
Month	Day	discharge	discharge	discharge	heavies	rejects	feed	rejects	by-products
9	23	1.4	0.2	0	4.8	6.0	0	0	0
9	24	3.8	5.5	0.8	1.6	8.1	0	0	0
9	25	0.3	12.0	0.6	2.6	7.8	0	0	0
9	26	7.0	0.5	0.9	5.0	12.8	0	0	0
9	27	0	0.6	0	6.3	22.8	0	0.5	0
Week avg		2.5	3.8	0.5	4.1	11.5	0	0.1	0
9	30	0	4.0	0	18.5	26.8	0	0	0
10	1	0	1.4	0	5.8	4.1	0	0	0
10	2	4.2	2.3	0	13.1	20.1	0	1.1	0
10	3	4.4	0	2.3	10.0	16.3	0	0	0
10	4	0	1.5	0.9	7.0	13.7	0	0	0
Week avg		1.7	1.8	0.6	10.9	16.2	0	0.2	0
10	7	1.5	0			12.5			0
10	8	2.4	2.1			25.2			0
10	9	4.6	trace			14.8			0
10	10	7.3	0.7			18.5			0
10	11	0	3.0			7.3			0
Week avg		3.2	1.2			16.7			0
10	15	0.8	2.0			10.0			0
10	16	5.0	21.5			14.4			0
10	17	4.6	3.0			14.3			0
10	18	2.0	0			9.5			0
Week avg		3.1	6.6			12.2			0
10	21	2.5	2.1			28.0			0
10	22	10.9	9.3			34.4			0
10	23	4.9	4.7			19.4			0
10	24	0	1.4			40.0			0
10	25	3.1	1.6			14.4			0
Week avg		4.3	3.8			27.2			0
11	18	0	1.2			29.0		0	0
11	19	0	2.4			29.7		0	0
11	20	2.0	1.8			35.8		0	0
11	21	0.4	5.6			31.0		0	0
11	22	4.2	1.8			33.7		0	0
Week avg		1.3	2.6			31.8		0	0

Table B-3j. (Continued)

Weekly composite (1974)	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
11-25	0.3	0.2	27.0	0	0
12-2	tr	0	36.4	0	0
12-9	1.2	0	45.3	0	0
12-30	22.2	0	27.6	0.2	0
(1975)					
1-6	4.8	0	8.4	0	0
1-13	4.1	0.5	18.6	0	0
1-20	1.1	4.2	9.2	tr	0
1-27	0.2	3.1	9.7	0	0
2-3	0.7	1.1	30.8	0	0
2-10	4.4	0	27.3	0	0
2-17	3.1	0.8	12.0	0	0
3-3	0.9	1.6	7.7	0	0
3-10	0	0	21.4	tr	0
3-17	2.6	tr	24.5	0.1	0
<u>Daily samples</u>					
<u>Date 1975</u>					
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>				
3	24	0.2	0	21.5	0
3	25	0	0.9	23.3	0.3
3	26	0	3.1	21.0	0.4
3	27	1.7	4.0	12.8	0.1
3	28	tr	tr	19.5	0
3	29	<u>10.8</u>	<u>2.7</u>	<u>23.1</u>	<u>tr</u>
Week avg		2.1	1.8	20.2	0.1
3	31	3.0	1.4	29.3	0
4	1	3.2	2.9	36.7	tr
4	2	9.3	2.1	17.5	0
4	3	4.7	4.6	27.3	0
4	4	<u>0.6</u>	<u>0.4</u>	<u>26.1</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		4.2	2.3	27.4	tr
4	7	3.8	2.9	22.1	0
4	8	6.7	2.3	22.5	0
4	9	3.9	1.4	50.6	0.8
4	10	7.9	0.4	26.4	0
4	11	5.0	0.9	28.9	0
4	12	<u>9.2</u>	<u>5.0</u>	<u>17.9</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		6.1	2.1	28.1	0.1
4	14	4.7	4.3	30.7	0
4	15	4.4	1.2	27.2	0
4	16	<u>4.1</u>	<u>3.7</u>	<u>21.3</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		4.4	3.1	26.4	0

Table B-3j. (Continued)

Daily samples		S1	S2	S5	S7	S8
Date 1975		Mill	Cyclone	Magnetic	Magnetic	Ferrous
Month	Day	discharge	discharge	belt rejects	drum rejects	metal by-products
4	18	4.2	4.0	6.5	b/	b/
4	19	2.5	2.7	4.6	0	0
4	21	2.1	4.0	13.7	tr	0
4	22	0.9	2.4	4.5	tr	0
4	23	23.0	4.0	8.7	0	0
Week avg		6.5	3.4	7.6	tr	0
4	28	3.1	18.8	10.7	0	0
4	29	8.1	6.8	20.8	tr	0
4	30	12.4	9.0	13.4	0	0
5	1	6.2	1.4	32.5	tr	0
5	2	10.3	10.3	20.9	tr	0
Week avg		8.0	9.3	19.7	tr	0
5	9	14.1	8.7	10.9	0	0
Week avg		14.1	8.7	10.9	0	0
5	12	17.4	6.5	24.4	tr	tr
5	13	11.2	4.5	10.0	b/	b/
5	16	43.4	36.5	11.6	0.3	0
Week avg		24.0	15.8	15.3	0.1	tr
5	19	3.0	3.8	18.2	tr	0
5	20	14.0	5.2	11.1	tr	0
Week avg		8.5	4.5	14.6	tr	0
6	30	6.7	4.0	31.0	0	0
7	1	3.1	2.3	24.5	0	0
7	2	8.4	0.9	24.7	0	0
7	3	5.0	0	22.3	0	0
Week avg		5.8	1.8	25.6	0	0
7	7	9.3	5.6	27.1	tr	0
7	8	9.4	9.0	16.8	0	0
7	9	5.9	4.8	18.5	0	0
7	10	8.4	3.5	26.5	0	0
7	11	12.1	2.6	27.6	0	0
Week avg		9.0	5.1	25.3	0	0
7	14	21.6	1.7	7.0	0	0
7	16	10.2	4.9	0	0	0
7	17	10.7	5.1	3.8	0.2	0
7	18	10.0	3.5	21.7	tr	0
Week avg		13.1	3.8	8.1	0.1	0

Table B-3j. (Concluded)

<u>Daily samples</u> <u>Date 1975</u>		S1	S2	S5	S7	S8
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>	<u>Mill</u> <u>discharge</u>	<u>Cyclone</u> <u>discharge</u>	<u>Magnetic</u> <u>belt</u> <u>rejects</u>	<u>Magnetic</u> <u>drum</u> <u>rejects</u>	<u>Ferrous</u> <u>metal</u> <u>by-products</u>
7	30	17.0	16.4	5.4	6.1	0
8	1	<u>13.5</u>	<u>8.7</u>	<u>12.6</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0.6</u>
Week avg		15.3	12.5	9.0	0.1	0.3
8	5	11.9	8.6	32.6	0	0
8	6	2.8	7.6	14.8	0	0
8	7	8.1	7.4	12.6	0	0
8	8	<u>7.0</u>	<u>3.9</u>	<u>16.3</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		7.5	6.9	19.1	0	0
8	11	3.2	4.9	28.9	0	0
8	14	10.5	7.6	29.5	0	0
8	15	<u>8.8</u>	<u>7.9</u>	<u>27.1</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		7.5	6.8	28.5	0	0
8	19	7.1	4.5	21.7	tr	0
8	20	8.8	5.1	18.4	0	0
8	21	10.9	9.5	22.0	tr	0
8	22	<u>10.5</u>	<u>9.6</u>	<u>24.5</u>	<u>tr</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		9.3	7.2	21.7	tr	0
8	28	5.0	8.4	18.5	0	0
8	29	<u>6.3</u>	<u>11.2</u>	<u>30.4</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		5.7	9.8	24.5	0.1	0
9	2	4.0	7.8	14.4	0.2	0
9	3	6.8	5.4	13.6	0	0
9	4	7.2	5.2	17.9	0	0
9	5	<u>8.8</u>	<u>7.4</u>	<u>18.8</u>	<u>tr</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		6.7	6.4	16.2	0.1	0
Total average <sup>c/</sup>		5.8	3.8	20.3	0.04	0.01

a/ Fine grind.

b/ Nuggetizer down.

c/ Average includes weekly composites November 25, 1974, through March 17, 1975

Table B-3k. ANALYSIS OF MILLED REFUSE STREAMS MISCELLANEOUS MATERIAL BY VISUAL ANALYSIS  
(NOT OTHERWISE CLASSIFIED AS PAPER, PLASTIC, WOOD, GLASS, METAL, OR ORGANICS), wt. %  
(Received moisture basis)

Daily samples		S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8
Date 1974		Mill	Cyclone	Storage	ADS	Magnetic	Nuggetizer	Magnetic	Ferrous
Month	Day	discharge	discharge	bin	heavies	belt	feed	drum	metal
				discharge		rejects		rejects	by-product
9	23	41.2	30.8	34.3	12.1	46.6	1.1	0.7	0.2
9	24	32.8	30.9	33.8	11.0	21.9	0.2	1.0	0.1
9	25	39.4	37.4	30.2	7.8	13.4	0.1	4.9	0
9	26	26.8	21.7	16.7	1.9	16.8	0.2	0	3.0
9	27	<u>29.2</u>	<u>27.3</u>	<u>18.6</u>	<u>4.6</u>	<u>13.7</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>6.0</u>	<u>0.3</u>
Week avg		33.9	29.6	26.7	7.5	22.5	0.3	2.5	0.7
9	30	22.0	29.4	23.0	19.9	14.0	0	0.2	0
10	1	26.6	29.0	24.5	4.0	10.6	0	0	3.8
10	2	22.0	36.0	21.6	5.4	25.1	tr	0	0.5
10	3	4.6	33.0	23.7	11.4	20.6	0	0	1.4
10	4	<u>18.0</u>	<u>18.0</u>	<u>27.8</u>	<u>0.9</u>	<u>18.7</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>tr</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		18.6	29.1	24.1	8.3	17.8	tr	0.04	1.1
10	7	25.6	38.8			10.1			0
10	8	28.3	24.2			12.0			0
10	9	22.0	23.0			22.2			tr
10	10	51.1	28.5			25.9			0.1
10	11	<u>18.6</u>	<u>24.8</u>			<u>30.6</u>			<u>0</u>
Week avg		29.1	27.9			20.2			0.02
10	15	32.0	28.9			47.9			0.2
10	16	30.4	25.2			10.2			0.1
10	17	21.2	17.7			22.4			0.2
10	18	<u>20.1</u>	<u>44.6</u>			<u>11.7</u>			<u>0.3</u>
Week avg		26.1	29.1			23.1			0.2
10	21	26.8	32.5			13.3			0
10	22	22.9	29.7			25.2			0.9
10	23	51.8	26.6			24.5			0.3
10	24	35.5	34.1			24.7			0.2
10	25	<u>20.8</u>	<u>20.6</u>			<u>16.2</u>			<u>0.1</u>
Week avg		31.6	28.7			20.8			0.3
11	18	31.1	20.0			27.0		0.2	0
11	19	26.1	20.0			11.9		0	0
11	20	36.9	18.9			27.7		0.2	0
11	21	15.0	30.2			24.9		0	0
11	22	<u>14.1</u>	<u>21.6</u>			<u>24.8</u>		<u>tr</u>	<u>0.1</u>
Week avg		24.6	22.1			23.3		0.1	0.02

Table B-3k. (Continued)

Weekly composite (1974)	S1 Mill discharge	S2 Cyclone discharge	S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S7 Magnetic drum rejects	S8 Ferrous metal by-products
11-25	5.1	16.8	5.1	0	0
12-2	15.2	7.7	29.1	0	0
12-9	5.2	9.2	1.4	0.1	tr
12-30	26.3	6.8	9.8	0.5	0.1
(1975)					
1-6	20.8	19.4	4.3	0.3	tr
1-13	17.4	9.6	5.1	4.0	0.1
1-20	21.3	23.4	14.5	0.8	tr
1-27	22.6	27.8	3.7	0.8	0.2
2-3	10.7	18.9	9.8	1.0	0.2
2-10	19.3	17.3	4.7	0.7	tr
2-17	15.6	16.0	19.2	0.8	0.1
3-3	11.9	13.2	14.9	0.8	tr
3-10	5.8	16.3	16.0	0.6	tr
3-17	21.4	21.5	15.3	3.0	tr
<u>Daily samples</u>					
<u>Date 1975</u>					
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>				
3	24	35.1	33.3	21.7	1.0
3	25	20.1	33.6	27.1	1.6
3	26	27.3	27.1	18.2	0.8
3	27	13.4	18.3	24.7	1.9
3	28	20.7	21.7	25.4	0
3	29	19.6	22.8	9.1	1.7
Week avg		22.7	26.1	21.0	1.2
3	31	9.3	22.2	12.9	0.2
4	1	13.8	21.0	21.6	0.9
4	2	26.0	22.7	18.2	0.6
4	3	28.1	12.3	9.4	1.9
4	4	20.6	3.5	21.8	1.6
Week avg		19.6	16.3	16.8	1.0
4	7	25.2	23.4	13.2	0.8
4	8	24.4	6.5	21.9	1.4
4	9	32.9	21.4	25.3	1.1
4	10	12.5	27.8	16.9	1.5
4	11	12.2	18.6	16.9	1.8
4	12	21.3	8.0	40.9	0.7
Week avg		21.4	17.6	22.5	1.2

Table B-3k. (Continued)

Daily samples Date 1975		S1 Mill discharge	S2 Cyclone discharge	S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S7 Magnetic drum rejects	S8 Ferrous metal by-products
Month	Day					
4	14	20.6	27.2	25.2	0.4	0
4	15	21.4	28.5	26.3	0.1	0.2
4	16	<u>12.1</u>	<u>15.0</u>	<u>60.4</u>	<u>2.8</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		18.0	23.6	37.3	1.1	0.1
4	18 <sup>a</sup> / <sub>1</sub>	31.5	26.5	24.9	b/	b/
4	19 <sup>a</sup> / <sub>1</sub>	18.8	18.5	25.3	0.3	tr
4	21 <sup>a</sup> / <sub>1</sub>	14.2	26.9	16.8	0.4	0
4	22 <sup>a</sup> / <sub>1</sub>	25.0	35.0	29.2	0.15	0.2
4	23 <sup>a</sup> / <sub>1</sub>	<u>29.5</u>	<u>42.1</u>	<u>37.2</u>	<u>0.8</u>	<u>0.2</u>
Week avg		23.8	29.8	26.6	0.4	0.1
4	28	46.1	35.3	36.5	1.7	0.2
4	29	39.3	26.1	22.1	0.8	0.7
4	30	38.6	36.5	32.0	0.9	0.3
5	1	21.4	17.8	21.3	1.4	tr
5	2	<u>24.7</u>	<u>17.0</u>	<u>18.5</u>	<u>2.6</u>	<u>0.2</u>
Week avg		34.0	26.5	26.1	1.5	0.3
5	9	<u>21.6</u>	<u>29.8</u>	<u>29.0</u>	<u>0.4</u>	<u>0.1</u>
Week avg		21.6	29.8	29.0	0.4	0.1
5	12	27.0	34.1	17.3	0.2	0
5	13	29.6	29.8	22.0	b/	b/
5	16	<u>10.8</u>	<u>22.8</u>	<u>22.5</u>	<u>3.1</u>	<u>0.1</u>
Week avg		22.5	28.9	20.6	1.1	0.1
5	19	26.8	32.0	26.7	0.5	0.2
5	20	<u>28.9</u>	<u>24.9</u>	<u>29.2</u>	<u>0.3</u>	<u>0.1</u>
Week avg		27.8	28.4	27.9	0.4	0.1
6	30	26.1	29.5	16.4	0.1	0.2
7	1	22.9	22.3	5.1	0.3	0.1
7	2	26.6	15.8	27.6	1.2	0.07
7	3	<u>33.3</u>	<u>17.6</u>	<u>23.4</u>	<u>0.5</u>	<u>0.1</u>
Week avg		27.2	21.3	18.1	0.5	0.3
7	7	30.2	25.1	26.2	1.0	0.3
7	8	31.7	17.2	24.3	2.4	0.3
7	9	23.9	34.2	12.7	0.2	0.3
7	10	26.9	23.2	26.8	0.6	0.1
7	11	<u>28.7</u>	<u>28.2</u>	<u>21.2</u>	<u>0.4</u>	<u>0.2</u>
Week avg		28.3	25.6	22.2	0.9	0.2

Table B-3k. (Concluded)

<u>Daily samples</u> <u>Date 1975</u>		<u>S1</u> <u>Mill</u>	<u>S2</u> <u>Cyclone</u>	<u>S5</u> <u>Magnetic</u>	<u>S7</u> <u>Magnetic</u>	<u>S8</u> <u>Ferrous</u>
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>	<u>discharge</u>	<u>discharge</u>	<u>rejects</u>	<u>rejects</u>	<u>by-products</u>
7	14	9.7	32.1	32.4	0.9	0.9
7	16	16.9	22.3	23.7	0.6	0.6
7	17	25.7	26.3	35.1	2.4	0.2
7	18	31.2	27.2	26.4	0.6	0.2
Week avg		20.9	27.2	29.4	1.1	0.5
7	30	18.3	19.2	20.6	3.3	0.2
8	1	24.5	26.3	18.8	0.3	0
Week avg		21.4	22.8	19.7	1.8	0.1
8	5	25.1	28.3	17.2	2.7	0.1
8	6	19.6	28.8	28.1	0.4	0.4
8	7	27.3	25.9	11.0	0.2	0.2
8	8	26.3	20.2	25.7	2.4	0.3
Week avg		24.6	25.8	20.5	1.4	0.3
8	11	32.2	22.0	23.8	4.4	0.3
8	14	24.0	28.2	18.3	5.4	0.3
8	15	30.4	24.5	19.5	1.5	0.3
Week avg		28.9	24.9	20.5	3.8	0.3
8	19	18.1	24.5	23.9	1.7	0.2
8	20	27.5	34.1	23.2	1.4	0.1
8	21	27.4	25.2	25.8	0.5	0.1
8	22	24.2	23.2	19.5	1.9	0.2
Week avg		24.3	26.8	23.1	1.4	0.2
8	28	16.3	27.1	24.6	0.2	0.2
8	29	27.8	28.6	14.9	1.5	0.2
Week avg		22.1	27.9	19.8	0.9	0.2
9	2	21.0	17.8	34.0	9.2	1.3
9	3	23.9	24.7	15.1	3.5	0.1
9	4	15.8	18.0	19.0	1.6	0.3
9	5	27.7	29.5	22.7	0.9	0.3
Week avg		22.1	22.5	22.7	3.8	0.5
Total average <sup>c/</sup>		21.4	22.2	18.5	1.1	0.18

a/ Fine grind.

b/ Nuggetizer down.

c/ Average includes weekly composites November 25, 1974, through March 17, 1975.

Table B-3 $\ell$ . ASH ANALYSIS OF MILLED REFUSE STREAMS, wt. %  
(Received moisture basis)

<u>Daily samples</u>		<u>S1</u>	<u>S2</u>	<u>S3</u>
<u>Date 1974</u>		<u>Mill</u>	<u>Cyclone</u>	<u>Storage bin</u>
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>	<u>discharge</u>	<u>discharge</u>	<u>discharge</u>
9	23	33.44	21.14	18.96
9	24	26.55	20.43	17.67
9	25	21.12	15.88	18.19
9	26	27.18	17.54	20.14
9	27	<u>21.57</u>	<u>19.51</u>	<u>20.32</u>
Week avg		25.97	18.90	19.06
9	30	25.12	19.92	20.85
10	1	20.94	22.76	18.59
10	2	19.48	16.01	18.93
10	3	29.00	21.80	18.90
10	4	<u>19.99</u>	<u>18.87</u>	<u>19.35</u>
Week avg		22.91	19.87	19.32
10	7	23.75	23.41	
10	8	23.49	20.70	
10	9	16.57	18.96	
10	10	22.35	19.23	
10	11	<u>23.53</u>	<u>20.90</u>	
Week avg		21.94	20.64	
10	15	20.36	16.40	
10	16	20.08	15.96	
10	17	26.73	17.61	
10	18	<u>21.64</u>	<u>15.04</u>	
Week avg		22.19	16.25	
10	21	24.45	21.93	
10	22	26.69	17.29	
10	23	20.30	15.55	
10	24	30.03	20.23	
10	25	<u>18.01</u>	<u>18.30</u>	
Week avg		23.90	18.66	
11	18	24.56	17.05	
11	19	24.85	18.56	
11	20	18.60	15.54	
11	21	24.76	19.25	
11	22	<u>19.21</u>	<u>16.89</u>	
Week avg		22.40	17.46	

Table B-3ℓ. (Continued)

Weekly composite (1974)	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>
11-25	19.31	22.30
12-2	28.10	18.60
12-9	16.00	17.37
12-30	15.87	14.80
(1975)		
1-6	24.28	21.26
1-13	16.52	19.81
1-20	18.70	22.65
1-27	20.22	22.81
2-3	21.53	17.69
2-10	22.62	23.30
2-17	24.81	16.63
3-3	30.71	15.84
3-10	24.41	18.65
3-17	26.29	24.13
<u>Daily samples</u>		
<u>Date 1975</u>		
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>	
3	24	27.63
3	25	34.65
3	26	30.04
3	27	18.80
3	28	26.06
3	29	19.79
Week avg		26.16
3	31	27.37
4	1	18.16
4	2	27.62
4	3	24.55
4	4	27.81
Week avg		25.10
4	7	33.99
4	8	33.90
4	9	26.62
4	10	21.73
4	11	33.89
4	12	31.76
Week avg		31.15
		27.67

Table B-3ℓ. (Continued)

<u>Daily samples</u> <u>Date 1975</u>		<u>S1</u> <u>Mill</u> <u>discharge</u>	<u>S2</u> <u>Cyclone</u> <u>discharge</u>
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>		
4	14	26.76	23.67
4	15	33.52	22.38
4	16	<u>26.97</u>	<u>22.93</u>
Week avg		29.08	22.99
4	18 <sup>a/</sup>	29.44	27.75
4	19 <sup>a/</sup>	18.52	27.13
4	21 <sup>a/</sup>	19.06	22.86
4	22 <sup>a/</sup>	33.05	31.64
4	23 <sup>a/</sup>	<u>28.45</u>	<u>21.40</u>
Week avg		25.71	26.15
4	28	35.73	27.57
4	29	31.26	23.89
4	30	26.27	18.73
5	1	26.73	24.74
5	2	<u>26.07</u>	<u>20.56</u>
Week avg		29.73	23.10
5	9	<u>19.56</u>	<u>19.91</u>
Week avg		19.56	19.91
5	12	29.80	26.04
5	13	28.18	23.44
5	16	<u>22.23</u>	<u>17.28</u>
Week avg		26.74	22.25
5	19	26.78	24.17
5	20	<u>29.88</u>	<u>28.94</u>
Week avg		28.33	26.55
6	30	36.27	21.68
7	1	27.80	27.04
7	2	24.08	22.01
7	3	<u>21.13</u>	<u>27.00</u>
Week avg		27.32	24.43

Table B-3ℓ. (Continued)

<u>Daily samples</u>		S1	S2
<u>Date 1975</u>		<u>Mill</u>	<u>Cyclone</u>
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>	<u>discharge</u>	<u>discharge</u>
7	7	22.49	18.95
7	8	17.86	24.75
7	9	17.58	19.93
7	10	26.68	22.98
7	11	<u>22.90</u>	<u>23.49</u>
Week avg		21.50	22.02
7	14	25.88	20.91
7	16	25.31	23.44
7	17	26.76	21.54
7	18	<u>23.96</u>	<u>18.28</u>
Week avg		25.48	21.04
7	30	21.50	23.53
8	1	<u>18.51</u>	<u>21.10</u>
Week avg		20.01	22.31
8	5	18.00	17.17
8	6	23.72	20.73
8	7	21.54	23.00
8	8	<u>28.48</u>	<u>23.54</u>
Week avg		22.94	21.11
8	11	21.84	25.63
8	14	26.52	28.12
8	15	<u>21.04</u>	<u>22.25</u>
Week avg		23.13	25.33
8	19	16.03	16.09
8	20	16.89	14.86
8	21	17.36	21.78
8	22	<u>16.48</u>	<u>19.97</u>
Week avg		16.69	18.18
8	28	20.80	16.05
8	29	<u>14.23</u>	<u>10.82</u>
Week avg		17.52	13.44

Table B-3 $\ell$ . (Concluded)

<u>Daily samples</u>		S1	S2
<u>Date 1975</u>		Mill	Cyclone
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>	<u>discharge</u>	<u>discharge</u>
9	2	13.88	17.65
9	3	21.57	16.83
9	4	17.02	17.70
9	5	<u>16.09</u>	<u>20.73</u>
Week avg		17.14	18.23
Total avg <sup>b/</sup>		23.19	20.85

a/ Fine grind.

b/ Average includes weekly composites November 25, 1974, through March 17, 1975.

Table B-3m. ANALYSIS OF MILLED REFUSE STREAMS FERROUS BY CHEMICAL ANALYSIS ( $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ )  
ALUMINUM BY CHEMICAL ANALYSIS ( $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ ), wt. %  
(Received moisture basis)

		Ferrous ( $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ )			Aluminum ( $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ )		
Daily samples		S1	S2	S3	S1	S2	S3
Date 1974		Mill	Cyclone	Storage bin	Mill	Cyclone	Storage bin
Month	Day	discharge	discharge	discharge	discharge	discharge	discharge
9	23	10.30	0.85	0.77	1.69	1.41	1.76
9	24	5.84	1.42	0.65	1.37	1.43	1.36
9	25	3.74	0.77	0.66	1.50	1.16	1.20
9	26	5.33	1.75	1.14	1.29	0.90	1.07
9	27	<u>4.40</u>	<u>1.37</u>	<u>2.42</u>	<u>2.04</u>	<u>1.79</u>	<u>1.68</u>
Week avg		5.92	1.23	1.13	1.58	1.34	1.41
9	30	4.82	1.00	1.11	1.72	1.55	2.32
10	1	6.62	2.75	1.45	2.66	2.71	1.63
10	2	2.50	0.67	1.36	1.42	1.17	1.37
10	3	8.27	0.91	0.92	1.71	1.61	1.37
10	4	<u>1.08</u>	<u>0.78</u>	<u>0.90</u>	<u>1.63</u>	<u>1.47</u>	<u>1.57</u>
Week avg		4.66	1.22	1.15	1.83	1.70	1.65

Table B-3m. (Continued)

Weekly composite (1974)	Ferrous ( $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ )		Aluminum ( $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ )	
	S1 Mill discharge	S2 Cyclone discharge	S1 Mill discharge	S2 Cyclone discharge
10-7	1.60	0.88	1.41	1.78
10-15	0.73	0.59	1.53	1.21
10-21	0.49	0.52	1.36	1.42
11-18	2.03	0.53	1.05	1.46
11-25	0.91	1.12	1.20	1.40
12-2	1.25	0.52	2.03	1.14
12-9	0.45	0.45	1.33	1.44
12-30	0.43	0.45	1.02	1.25
(1975)				
1-6	1.48	1.39	1.74	1.37
1-13	0.61	0.54	1.22	1.42
1-20	0.77	0.67	1.47	1.58
1-27	0.30	0.48	1.61	1.67
2-3	1.03	0.35	1.34	1.37
2-10	1.37	1.06	1.11	1.42
2-17	0.72	1.33	1.20	2.39
3-3	1.17	0.50	2.04	1.21
3-10	9.35	2.65	1.71	1.79
3-17	1.39	0.83	1.77	1.70
3-24	0.58	0.48	1.70	1.35
3-31	1.82	1.12	2.49	1.72
4-7	1.21	0.99	1.86	1.83
4-14 to 4-16	3.36	2.96	4.46	5.76
4-18 to 4-23 <sup>a</sup> /	0.85	0.96	1.72	1.82
4-28	1.10	1.00	1.72	1.75

Table B-3m. (Concluded)

Weekly composite (1975)	Ferrous ( $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ )		Aluminum ( $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ )	
	S1 Mill discharge	S2 Cyclone discharge	S1 Mill discharge	S2 Cyclone discharge
5-5	NA <sup>b/</sup>	NA	NA	NA
5-12	1.01	0.91	1.64	1.48
5-19	NA	NA	NA	NA
6-30	1.14	0.76	2.32	2.53
7-7	1.36	0.77	1.51	1.29
7-14	0.87	0.69	1.15	1.37
7-28	NA	NA	NA	NA
8-4	0.99	0.92	1.39	1.39
8-11	0.70	0.61	1.41	1.39
8-18	0.99	0.81	1.13	1.44
8-25	0.68	0.32	1.18	0.88
9-1	0.86	0.58	1.40	1.41
Total avg <sup>c/</sup>	1.55	0.89	1.62	1.64

<sup>a/</sup> Fine grind.<sup>b/</sup> NA = Data not available.<sup>c/</sup> Average includes weekly composites October 7, 1974, through September 1, 1975, except those weeks where data was not available.

Table B-3n. ANALYSIS OF MILLED REFUSE STREAMS COPPER BY CHEMICAL ANALYSIS (CuO)  
LEAD BY CHEMICAL ANALYSIS (PbO), wt. %  
(Received moisture basis)

Daily samples Date 1974		Copper (CuO)			Lead (PbO)		
		S1	S2	S3	S1	S2	S3
Month	Day	Mill discharge	Cyclone discharge	Storage bin discharge	Mill discharge	Cyclone discharge	Storage bin discharge
9	23	0.17	0.03	0.04	0.06	0.07	0.05
9	24	0.03	0.07	0.02	0.03	0.05	0.03
9	25	0.46	1.67	0.15	0.14	0.04	0.01
9	26	0.07	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.02	0.05
9	27	<u>0.68</u>	<u>0.04</u>	<u>0.04</u>	<u>0.05</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>0.04</u>
Week avg		0.28	0.37	0.06	0.06	0.04	0.04
9	30	0.03	0.06	0.08	0.06	0.05	0.06
10	1	0.07	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.04
10	2	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.04
10	3	0.04	0.02	0.01	0.05	0.05	0.06
10	4	<u>0.04</u>	<u>0.03</u>	<u>0.03</u>	<u>0.07</u>	<u>0.24</u>	<u>0.05</u>
Week avg		0.04	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.09	0.05

Table B-3n. (Continued)

Weekly composite (1974)	Copper (CuO)		Lead (PbO)	
	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>
10-7	0.05	0.02	0.10	0.09
10-15	0.03	0.02	0.04	0.04
10-21	0.01	0.01	0.04	0.07
11-18	0.02	0.01	0.03	0.05
11-25	0.04	0.02	0.03	0.04
12-2	0.02	0.05	0.05	0.12
12-9	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.04
12-30	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.04
(1975)				
1-6	0.16	0.02	0.06	0.05
1-13	0.02	0.01	0.03	0.04
1-20	0.02	0.02	0.05	0.05
1-27	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.04
2-3	0.02	0.01	0.05	0.02
2-10	0.02	0.01	0.04	0.05
2-17	0.02	0.02	0.06	0.04
3-3	0.04	0.01	0.05	0.03
3-10	0.12	0.03	0.14	0.04
3-17	0.03	0.02	0.05	0.05
3-24	0.11	0.18	0.05	0.04
3-31	0.03	0.03	0.11	0.05
4-7	0.02	0.01	0.22	0.05
4-14 to 4-16	0.06	0.05	0.23	0.16
4-18 to 4-23 <sup>a/</sup>	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.05
4-28	0.09	0.03	0.04	0.06

Table B-3n. (Concluded)

Weekly composite (1975)	Copper (CuO)		Lead (PbO)	
	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>
5-5	NA <sup>b/</sup>	NA	NA	NA
5-12	0.03	0.03	0.05	0.06
5-19	NA	NA	NA	NA
6-30	0.02	0.02	0.05	0.04
7-7	0.03	0.01	0.04	0.04
7-14	0.04	0.01	0.07	0.05
7-28	NA	NA	NA	NA
8-4	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.05
8-11	0.09	0.05	0.05	0.04
8-18	0.03	0.01	0.03	0.07
8-25	0.01	0.01	0.04	0.02
9-1	0.03	0.05	0.06	0.05
Total avg <sup>c/</sup>	0.05	0.04	0.06	0.05

<sup>a/</sup> Fine grind.

<sup>b/</sup> NA = data not available.

<sup>c/</sup> Average includes weekly composites October 7, 1974, through September 1, 1975 except those weeks where data are not available.

Table B-3o. ANALYSIS OF MILLED REFUSE STREAMS NICKEL BY CHEMICAL ANALYSIS (NiO)  
 ZINC BY CHEMICAL ANALYSIS (ZnO), wt. %  
 (Received moisture basis)

<u>Daily samples</u> <u>Date 1974</u>		<u>Nickel (NiO)</u>			<u>Zinc (ZnO)</u>		
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>	<u>S1</u>	<u>S2</u>	<u>S3</u>	<u>S1</u>	<u>S2</u>	<u>S3</u>
		<u>Mill</u> <u>discharge</u>	<u>Cyclone</u> <u>discharge</u>	<u>Storage bin</u> <u>discharge</u>	<u>Mill</u> <u>discharge</u>	<u>Cyclone</u> <u>discharge</u>	<u>Storage bin</u> <u>discharge</u>
9	23	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.13	0.14	0.06
9	24	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.04	0.05	0.16
9	25	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.60	0.05	0.06
9	26	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.11	0.07	0.08
9	27	<u>0.07</u>	<u>0.03</u>	<u>0.03</u>	<u>0.46</u>	<u>0.06</u>	<u>0.08</u>
Week avg		0.03	0.01	0.02	0.27	0.07	0.09
9	30	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.24	0.09	0.08
10	1	0.04	0.03	0.02	0.09	0.08	0.08
10	2	0.15	0.01	0.01	0.08	0.05	0.08
10	3	0.05	0.17	0.01	0.25	0.11	0.07
10	4	<u>0.02</u>	<u>0.07</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>0.10</u>	<u>0.29</u>	<u>0.08</u>
Week avg		0.06	0.06	0.02	0.15	0.12	0.08

Table B-3o. (Continued)

Weekly composite (1974)	Nickel (NiO)		Zinc (ZnO)	
	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>
10-7	0.02	0.02	0.09	0.09
10-15	0.02	0.02	0.05	0.05
10-21	0.01	0.02	0.05	0.06
11-18	0.01	0.02	0.04	0.07
11-25	0.02	0.02	0.06	0.06
12-2	0.02	0.05	0.07	0.11
12-9	0.02	0.01	0.03	0.04
12-30	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.04
(1975)				
1-6	0.02	0.02	0.05	0.05
1-13	0.01	0.01	0.05	0.05
1-20	0.01	0.02	0.05	0.10
1-27	0.01	0.01	0.04	0.07
2-3	0.02	0.01	0.06	0.08
2-10	0.02	0.02	0.08	0.12
2-17	0.02	0.03	0.06	0.07
3-3	0.02	0.01	0.07	0.06
3-10	0.02	0.01	0.16	0.06
3-17	0.02	0.02	0.11	0.05
3-24	0.01	0.01	0.09	0.06
3-31	0.02	0.02	0.06	0.06
4-7	0.02	0.01	0.10	0.06
4-14 to 4-16	0.05	0.05	0.16	0.19
4-18 to 4-23 <sup>a</sup> /	0.01	0.01	0.07	0.07
4-28	0.01	0.02	0.13	0.08

Table B-3o. (Concluded)

Weekly composite (1975)	Nickel (NiO)		Zinc (ZnO)	
	S1 Mill discharge	S2 Cyclone discharge	S1 Mill discharge	S2 Cyclone discharge
5-5	NA <sup>b/</sup>	NA	NA	NA
5-12	0.04	0.01	0.07	0.05
5-19	NA	NA	NA	NA
6-30	0.03	0.02	0.12	0.08
7-7	0.03	0.02	0.11	0.05
7-14	0.02	0.03	0.10	0.06
7-28	NA	NA	NA	NA
8-4	0.04	0.03	0.05	0.05
8-11	0.02	0.11	0.03	0.05
8-18	0.03	0.03	0.06	0.07
8-25	0.01	0.01	0.04	0.04
9-1	0.01	0.01	0.10	0.06
Total avg <sup>c/</sup>	0.02	0.02	0.08	0.07

<sup>a/</sup> Fine grind.

<sup>b/</sup> NA = Data not available.

<sup>c/</sup> Average includes weekly composites October 7, 1974, through September 1, 1975, except those weeks where data are not available.

Table B-3p. ANALYSIS OF MILLED REFUSE STREAMS FERROUS METAL  
BY VISUAL ANALYSIS, wt. % (Received moisture basis)

Daily samples		S4	S5	S6	S7	S8
Date 1974		ADS	Magnetic belt	Nuggetizer	Magnetic drum	Ferrous metal
Month	Day	heavies	rejects	feed	rejects	by-products
9	23	21.53	3.43	16.98	17.88	18.08
9	24	10.19	9.04	4.17	11.95	13.22
9	25	8.02	4.21	11.16	14.96	18.56
9	26	10.39	1.01	9.90	22.86	11.17
9	27	3.96	2.92	8.49	10.26	14.18
Week avg		10.82	4.12	10.14	15.58	15.04
9	30	5.98	3.87	11.08	13.59	15.78
10	1	8.93	5.01	20.54	17.07	13.99
10	2	9.23	2.08	8.67	14.93	12.49
10	3	7.50	2.39	17.03	9.95	13.77
10	4	7.71	1.76	12.75	12.35	16.69
Week avg		7.87	3.02	14.01	13.58	14.60
10	7		6.88			12.99
10	8		8.69			11.89
10	9		1.08			10.00
10	10		2.56			16.78
10	11		2.52			9.99
Week avg			4.35			12.33
10	15		0.02			11.98
10	16		2.85			9.98
10	17		1.61			8.99
10	18		2.15			10.99
Week avg			1.66			10.49
10	21		18.81			12.99
10	22		0.87			12.23
10	23		2.79			11.07
10	24		1.67			18.67
10	25		2.67			13.29
Week avg			5.36			13.66
11	18		2.37		8.97	10.99
11	19		1.08		15.36	11.98
11	20		0.77		11.97	7.99
11	21		2.28		14.07	15.99
11	22		3.49		14.10	13.79
Week avg			2.00		12.89	12.15

Table B-3p. (Continued)

Weekly composite (1974)	S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S7 Magnetic drum rejects	S8 Ferrous metal by-products
11-25	0.68	8.98	9.99
12-2	5.86	6.99	7.00
12-9	1.28	10.68	8.48
12-30	0.42	15.06	11.18
(1975)			
1-6	6.89	12.09	12.69
1-13	6.62	9.98	11.79
1-20	2.68	9.90	12.20
1-27	4.00	8.65	8.39
2-3	2.16	11.18	7.19
2-10	2.49	13.58	9.00
2-17	7.13	12.09	3.30
3-3	9.77	12.60	6.69
3-10	7.32	21.19	8.89
3-17	1.50	69.37	8.52
<u>Daily samples</u>			
<u>Date 1975</u>			
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>		
3	24	2.83	19.69
3	25	3.49	10.20
3	26	4.03	21.66
3	27	7.14	14.29
3	28	0.98	18.19
3	29	<u>2.57</u>	<u>17.00</u>
Week avg		3.51	16.84
3	31	5.45	9.85
4	1	5.61	11.48
4	2	8.29	9.35
4	3	5.03	13.99
4	4	<u>4.77</u>	<u>30.88</u>
Week avg		5.83	15.11

Table B-3p. (Continued)

<u>Daily samples</u> <u>Date 1975</u>		S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>			
4	7	2.56	16.47	13.96
4	8	3.48	16.88	20.36
4	9	1.89	16.20	14.40
4	10	11.91	22.80	12.60
4	11	7.96	18.89	11.90
4	12	<u>17.95</u>	<u>25.69</u>	<u>23.08</u>
Week avg		7.62	19.49	16.05
4	14	4.96	15.09	10.09
4	15	7.62	12.69	11.38
4	16	<u>1.24</u>	<u>15.29</u>	<u>10.99</u>
Week avg		4.60	14.35	10.82
4	18 <sup>a/</sup>	6.69	<u>b/</u>	<u>b/</u>
4	19 <sup>a/</sup>	4.62	14.60	21.97
4	21 <sup>a/</sup>	2.31	16.79	8.60
4	22 <sup>a/</sup>	3.69	16.63	16.39
4	23 <sup>a/</sup>	<u>5.03</u>	<u>18.39</u>	<u>17.37</u>
Week avg		4.47	16.60	16.08
4	28	11.70	20.47	8.40
4	29	12.82	20.68	12.39
4	30	9.57	22.39	11.98
5	1	1.17	22.07	18.57
5	2	<u>7.72</u>	<u>25.17</u>	<u>18.60</u>
Week avg		8.60	22.16	13.99
5	9	<u>6.18</u>	<u>29.96</u>	<u>18.97</u>
Week avg		6.18	29.96	18.97
5	12	1.57	18.45	13.65
5	13	6.92	<u>b/</u>	<u>b/</u>
5	16	<u>1.18</u>	<u>19.23</u>	<u>18.69</u>
Week avg		3.23	18.84	16.17
5	19	3.86	23.09	17.00
5	20	<u>4.32</u>	<u>20.70</u>	<u>16.30</u>
Week avg		4.09	21.89	16.65

Table B-3p. (Continued)

<u>Daily samples</u> <u>Date 1975</u>		S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>			
6	30	0.91	15.78	21.86
7	1	3.42	13.99	13.68
7	2	7.21	15.88	15.26
7	3	<u>4.62</u>	<u>10.62</u>	<u>16.47</u>
Week avg		4.04	14.06	16.82
7	7	2.60	19.52	21.74
7	8	1.24	11.58	12.46
7	9	2.65	14.28	11.39
7	10	2.83	18.26	15.08
7	11	<u>3.52</u>	<u>24.56</u>	<u>16.58</u>
Week avg		2.59	17.64	15.45
7	14	2.58	22.66	10.68
7	16	6.73	17.58	15.96
7	17	20.27	20.28	14.87
7	18	<u>1.84</u>	<u>25.53</u>	<u>8.69</u>
Week avg		7.86	21.52	12.55
7	30	4.44	10.65	22.08
8	1	<u>4.49</u>	<u>19.88</u>	<u>15.18</u>
Week avg		4.46	15.27	18.63
8	5	1.39	11.78	15.47
8	6	4.73	11.18	16.69
8	7	1.66	16.99	14.28
8	8	<u>4.27</u>	<u>25.65</u>	<u>22.07</u>
Week avg		3.01	16.40	17.13
8	11	4.46	29.85	14.46
8	14	5.71	24.73	16.68
8	15	<u>6.75</u>	<u>26.13</u>	<u>22.35</u>
Week avg		5.64	26.90	17.83

Table B-3p. (Concluded)

<u>Daily samples</u> <u>Date 1975</u>		S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>			
8	19	5.49	16.48	14.46
8	20	3.41	30.60	15.50
8	21	12.88	15.15	18.06
8	22	<u>8.70</u>	<u>25.78</u>	<u>21.08</u>
Week avg		7.62	22.00	17.28
8	28	1.08	21.71	13.66
8	29	<u>2.12</u>	<u>26.39</u>	<u>18.69</u>
Week avg		1.60	24.05	16.18
9	2	4.16	16.49	17.48
9	3	0.69	18.25	12.86
9	4	3.16	13.44	13.75
9	5	<u>2.02</u>	<u>23.08</u>	<u>20.05</u>
Week avg		5.01	17.82	16.04
Total avg <sup>c/</sup>		4.45	17.74	14.23

a/ Fine grind.

b/ Nuggetizer down.

c/ Average includes weekly composites November 25, 1974, through  
March 17, 1975.

Table B-3q. ANALYSIS OF MILLED REFUSE STREAMS TIN CANS  
BY VISUAL ANALYSIS, wt. % (Received moisture basis)

Daily samples		S4	S5	S6	S7	S8
Date 1974		ADS	Magnetic belt	Nuggetizer	Magnetic drum	Ferrous metal
Month	Day	heavies	rejects	feed	rejects	by-products
9	23	37.90	7.39	71.73	52.75	80.02
9	24	42.60	12.73	94.33	62.75	85.38
9	25	51.04	12.93	87.25	67.80	80.54
9	26	51.86	5.99	88.47	59.01	87.45
9	27	<u>75.16</u>	<u>12.80</u>	<u>90.54</u>	<u>54.04</u>	<u>84.70</u>
Week avg		51.71	10.37	88.46	59.27	83.62
9	30	45.85	30.45	86.88	67.13	83.18
10	1	48.08	23.97	78.07	62.38	85.01
10	2	53.50	14.86	87.05	65.17	86.81
10	3	51.13	9.13	81.67	70.64	85.33
10	4	<u>42.92</u>	<u>16.73</u>	<u>85.76</u>	<u>66.23</u>	<u>82.64</u>
Week avg		48.30	19.03	83.89	66.31	84.59
10	7		10.91			36.04
10	8		7.65			85.91
10	9		7.41			87.96
10	10		11.34			82.92
10	11		<u>16.94</u>			<u>86.88</u>
Week avg			10.85			87.94
10	15		3.67			85.89
10	16		16.87			88.86
10	17		1.10			89.86
10	18		<u>16.50</u>			<u>86.90</u>
Week avg			9.54			87.88
10	21		12.08			85.91
10	22		12.48			87.13
10	23		7.69			84.97
10	24		5.95			80.77
10	25		<u>10.67</u>			<u>86.41</u>
Week avg			11.91			85.04
11	18		5.60		73.77	86.95
11	19		5.58		65.61	0.20
11	20		4.30		75.40	90.88
11	21		7.01		73.76	83.44
11	22		<u>11.86</u>		<u>76.28</u>	<u>81.73</u>
Week avg			6.87		72.96	68.64

Table B-3q. (Continued)

Weekly composite (1974)	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
11-25	5.28	77.80	88.93
12-2	9.89	79.89	91.95
12-9	7.87	71.93	90.20
12-30	7.22	74.90	87.66
(1975)			
1-6	52.60	75.35	86.43
1-13	42.82	70.84	86.80
1-20	28.51	75.26	86.57
1-27	54.91	68.60	89.98
2-3	5.72	74.74	90.44
2-10	9.02	76.98	89.37
2-17	20.68	72.64	95.63
3-3	34.03	83.38	92.79
3-10	10.76	63.96	90.16
3-17	10.69	17.99	76.18
<u>Daily samples</u>			
<u>Date 1974</u>			
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>		
3	24	7.67	75.46
3	25	11.13	89.86
3	26	6.41	88.52
3	27	5.01	82.53
3	28	6.54	80.74
3	29	<u>6.64</u>	<u>82.18</u>
Week avg		7.23	83.22
3	31	5.37	89.50
4	1	7.06	88.04
4	2	11.40	89.76
4	3	6.72	85.77
4	4	<u>19.42</u>	<u>68.95</u>
Week avg		9.99	84.40

Table B-3q. (Continued)

Daily samples Date 1974		S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S7 Magnetic drum rejects	S8 Ferrous metal by-products
Month	Day			
4	7	7.76	66.08	84.83
4	8	6.96	70.52	77.46
4	9	7.90	72.08	84.68
4	10	33.31	61.79	86.89
4	11	11.12	69.06	86.37
4	12	<u>9.29</u>	<u>70.46</u>	<u>76.52</u>
Week avg		12.72	68.33	82.79
4	14	8.65	76.13	88.13
4	15	4.54	77.95	88.07
4	16	<u>23.40</u>	<u>65.73</u>	<u>88.61</u>
Week avg		12.20	73.27	88.27
4	18 <sup>a/</sup>	36.45	<u>b/</u>	<u>b/</u>
4	19 <sup>a/</sup>	21.62	79.40	76.70
4	21 <sup>a/</sup>	15.81	81.57	91.28
4	22 <sup>a/</sup>	22.41	81.64	83.32
4	23 <sup>a/</sup>	<u>21.59</u>	<u>76.26</u>	<u>82.28</u>
Week avg		23.57	79.72	83.39
4	28	12.57	60.22	91.55
4	29	10.83	72.12	87.45
4	30	3.30	68.78	87.29
5	1	4.86	65.42	81.05
5	2	<u>4.08</u>	<u>54.60</u>	<u>79.28</u>
Week avg		7.13	64.23	85.32
5	9	<u>10.51</u>	<u>64.82</u>	<u>78.66</u>
Week avg		10.51	64.82	78.66
5	12	13.08	75.81	85.57
5	13	30.19	<u>b/</u>	<u>b/</u>
5	16	<u>4.02</u>	<u>58.38</u>	<u>80.26</u>
Week avg		15.76	67.09	82.91
5	19	20.03	72.86	82.48
5	20	<u>6.11</u>	<u>73.39</u>	<u>82.99</u>
Week avg		13.07	73.13	82.73

Table B-3q. (Continued)

<u>Daily samples</u> <u>Date 1974</u>		<u>S5</u> <u>Magnetic</u> <u>belt</u> <u>rejects</u>	<u>S7</u> <u>Magnetic</u> <u>drum</u> <u>rejects</u>	<u>S8</u> <u>Ferrous</u> <u>metal</u> <u>by-products</u>
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>			
6	30	10.94	80.27	77.56
7	1	20.06	80.23	85.80
7	2	13.88	71.59	83.79
7	3	<u>15.07</u>	<u>79.97</u>	<u>82.56</u>
Week avg		14.99	78.01	82.43
7	7	19.30	79.99	77.60
7	8	15.59	78.47	86.74
7	9	18.48	79.80	88.13
7	10	13.63	75.35	85.70
7	11	<u>13.27</u>	<u>66.98</u>	<u>82.78</u>
Week avg		16.05	76.12	84.19
7	14	5.07	67.29	88.56
7	16	16.65	69.14	83.29
7	17	18.18	72.14	78.73
7	18	<u>19.38</u>	<u>63.53</u>	<u>90.76</u>
Week avg		14.82	68.03	85.34
7	30	23.66	65.32	77.54
8	1	<u>12.80</u>	<u>71.21</u>	<u>84.61</u>
Week avg		18.23	68.27	81.07
8	5	9.87	77.85	84.05
8	6	6.99	84.56	82.73
8	7	12.20	77.13	84.79
8	8	<u>15.88</u>	<u>70.26</u>	<u>77.38</u>
Week avg		11.16	77.45	82.24
8	11	6.08	57.80	85.18
8	14	11.10	70.69	82.80
8	15	<u>13.16</u>	<u>67.73</u>	<u>76.92</u>
Week avg		10.11	65.41	81.64

Table B-3q. (Concluded)

<u>Daily samples</u>		S5	S7	S8
<u>Date 1974</u>		Magnetic	Magnetic	Ferrous
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>	<u>belt</u>	<u>drum</u>	<u>metal</u>
		<u>rejects</u>	<u>rejects</u>	<u>by-products</u>
8	19	9.31	77.01	84.69
8	20	5.27	63.59	83.27
8	21	12.13	70.05	81.34
8	22	<u>12.66</u>	<u>65.25</u>	<u>78.22</u>
Week avg		9.85	68.98	81.88
8	28	12.24	57.86	85.37
8	29	<u>16.04</u>	<u>67.67</u>	<u>80.67</u>
Week avg		14.14	62.76	83.02
9	2	14.23	77.24	82.00
9	3	23.19	71.22	86.63
9	4	25.93	69.59	85.60
9	5	<u>20.42</u>	<u>67.34</u>	<u>79.42</u>
Week avg		20.94	71.35	83.41
Total avg <sup>c/</sup>		16.08	69.71	85.20

a/ Fine grind.

b/ Nuggetizer down.

c/ Average includes weekly composite November 25, 1974, through March 17, 1975.

Table B-3r. ANALYSIS OF MILLED REFUSE STREAMS ALUMINUM  
BY VISUAL ANALYSIS, wt. % (Received moisture basis)

Daily samples		S4	S5	S6	S7	S8
Date 1974		ADS	Magnetic	Nuggetizer	Magnetic	Ferrous
Month	Day	heavies	belt rejects	feed	drum rejects	metal by-products
9	23	1.84	2.49	0	13.41	0.10
9	24	2.78	2.81	0	20.92	0.05
9	25	3.36	2.36	0	15.95	0.10
9	26	2.57	4.63	0	17.27	0.10
9	27	0.99	2.75	0	14.46	0.04
Week avg		2.31	3.01	0	16.40	0.08
9	30	1.99	6.86	0	13.90	0.10
10	1	2.51	2.46	0	14.97	0.05
10	2	1.71	3.57	0	17.31	0.08
10	3	1.78	3.50	0	15.92	0.004
10	4	3.44	4.53	0.02	17.33	0.10
Week avg		2.99	4.18	0.004	15.90	0.07
10	7		1.47			0.06
10	8		2.09			0.06
10	9		1.50			0.10
10	10		1.30			0.09
10	11		3.51			0.10
Week avg			1.97			0.08
10	15		1.69			0.10
10	16		1.72			0.10
10	17		2.79			0.10
10	18		3.87			0
Week avg			2.52			0.08
10	21		2.67			0.10
10	22		3.38			0.10
10	23		2.28			0.10
10	24		3.96			0.001
10	25		5.78			0.10
Week avg			3.61			0.08
11	18		4.49		13.96	0.20
11	19		6.16		16.85	0
11	20		3.44		9.67	0.08
11	21		1.69		9.58	0.10
11	22		4.53		7.90	2.60
Week avg			4.06		11.59	0.60

Table B-3r. (Continued)

<u>Weekly composite</u> <u>(1974)</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>	
11-25	2.89	10.97	0.20	
12-2	2.01	9.99	0.10	
12-9	2.99	13.67	0.20	
12-30	2.32	7.68	0.04	
(1975)				
1-6	1.21	9.69	0.05	
1-13	2.33	12.47	0.07	
1-20	7.68	10.60	0.10	
1-27	1.77	18.39	0.04	
2-3	1.66	10.68	0.60	
2-10	5.24	5.89	0.07	
2-17	1.14	12.99	0.20	
3-3	1.81	3.60	0	
3-10	3.87	12.49	0.10	
3-17	10.49	9.19	0.15	
<u>Daily samples</u>				
<u>Date 1975</u>				
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>			
3	24	3.90	8.90	0.17
3	25	4.25	12.49	0.30
3	26	4.03	21.07	0.20
3	27	2.19	19.04	0.19
3	28	4.54	12.27	0.35
3	29	<u>2.22</u>	<u>14.96</u>	<u>0.07</u>
Week avg		3.52	14.79	0.21
3	31	4.36	4.30	0.16
4	1	0.81	15.39	0.06
4	2	3.55	12.48	0.11
4	3	6.77	5.68	0.09
4	4	<u>3.87</u>	<u>12.39</u>	<u>0.14</u>
Week avg		3.87	10.05	0.11

Table B-3r. (Continued)

<u>Daily samples</u> <u>Date 1975</u>		S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>			
4	7	3.80	15.87	0
4	8	3.66	10.89	0.15
4	9	4.69	10.30	0.68
4	10	3.52	13.20	0.42
4	11	3.35	13.39	0.07
4	12	<u>0.69</u>	<u>3.30</u>	<u>0.34</u>
Week avg		3.28	11.16	0.28
4	14	1.51	7.59	0.08
4	15	3.73	7.60	0.20
4	16	<u>2.47</u>	<u>15.98</u>	<u>0.10</u>
Week avg		2.57	10.39	0.13
4	18 <sup>a/</sup>	1.16	<u>b/</u>	<u>b/</u>
4	19 <sup>a/</sup>	3.60	0.80	0.39
4	21 <sup>a/</sup>	3.73	1.00	0
4	22 <sup>a/</sup>	3.97	0.59	0.02
4	23 <sup>a/</sup>	<u>3.02</u>	<u>1.65</u>	<u>0.03</u>
Week avg		3.10	1.01	0.11
4	28	2.62	17.28	0.20
4	29	2.86	6.49	0.09
4	30	2.81	0.27	0.40
5	1	1.93	10.29	0.13
5	2	<u>5.77</u>	<u>16.85</u>	<u>0.12</u>
Week avg		3.19	10.23	0.19
5	9	<u>4.77</u>	<u>1.30</u>	<u>0.09</u>
Week avg		4.77	1.30	0.09
5	12	4.72	4.59	0.12
5	13	1.47	<u>b/</u>	<u>b/</u>
5	16	<u>2.99</u>	<u>19.33</u>	<u>0.15</u>
Week avg		3.06	11.96	0.14
5	19	3.95	3.60	0.20
5	20	<u>2.61</u>	<u>5.00</u>	<u>0.10</u>
Week avg		3.28	4.30	0.15

Table B-3r. (Continued)

<u>Daily samples</u> <u>Date 1975</u>		S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>			
6	30	2.82	2.80	0.04
7	1	9.15	4.80	0.10
7	2	8.46	10.88	0.30
7	3	<u>3.05</u>	<u>7.14</u>	<u>0.20</u>
Week avg		5.87	6.41	0.16
7	7	10.66	6.18	0.10
7	8	4.71	7.49	0.10
7	9	5.83	5.19	0.10
7	10	3.66	5.39	0.09
7	11	<u>9.85</u>	<u>7.19</u>	<u>0.20</u>
Week avg		6.94	6.29	0.12
7	14	6.04	8.39	0.08
7	16	6.64	15.60	0.01
7	17	2.47	6.10	0.07
7	18	<u>2.89</u>	<u>8.48</u>	<u>0.08</u>
Week avg		4.51	9.64	0.06
7	30	11.44	20.81	0.50
8	1	<u>3.57</u>	<u>7.79</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		7.51	14.30	0.25
8	5	4.01	8.78	0.07
8		3.06	3.69	0.07
8	7	7.30	4.90	0.10
8	8	<u>3.76</u>	<u>3.19</u>	<u>0.07</u>
Week avg		4.53	5.14	0.08
8	11	4.04	11.08	0.07
8	14	6.74	4.19	0
8	15	<u>2.75</u>	<u>5.49</u>	<u>0.07</u>
Week avg		4.51	6.92	0.07

Table B-3r. (Concluded)

<u>Daily samples</u> <u>Date 1975</u>		S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>			
8	19	2.07	5.49	0.03
8	20	1.93	5.18	0.06
8	21	3.03	12.46	0.11
8	22	<u>4.56</u>	<u>7.09</u>	<u>0.10</u>
Week avg		2.90	7.56	0.08
8	28	4.31	16.83	0.07
8	29	<u>4.31</u>	<u>5.30</u>	<u>0.08</u>
Week avg		4.31	11.06	0.08
9	2	4.99	5.10	0.08
9	3	5.07	8.68	0.09
9	4	4.69	14.93	0.08
9	5	<u>7.04</u>	<u>8.29</u>	<u>0.05</u>
Week avg		5.45	9.25	0.08
Total avg <sup>c/</sup>		4.17	9.83.	0.14

a/ Fine grind.

b/ Nuggetizer down.

c/ Average includes weekly composites November 25, 1974, through March 17, 1975.

Table B-3s. ANALYSIS OF MILLED REFUSE STREAMS COPPER  
BY VISUAL ANALYSIS, wt. % (Received moisture basis)

Daily samples		S4	S5	S6	S7	S8
Date 1974		ADS	Magnetic	Nuggetizer	Magnetic	Ferrous
Month	Day	heavies	belt rejects	feed	drum rejects	metal by-products
9	23	0.46	0.20	0	2.68	0
9	24	0.19	1.23	0	0.20	0
9	25	0	0.30	0	0.50	0
9	26	0.10	0.29	0.01	0.20	0
9	27	0.04	0.09	0	0.58	0.01
Week avg		0.16	0.42	0.002	0.83	0.002
9	30	0.40	0.79	0	1.00	0.30
10	1	1.49	0.08	0	0.70	0
10	2	0.10	1.08	0	0.40	0.005
10	3	0.05	0.60	0	0.30	0
10	4	0.09	0.46	0	0.90	0
Week avg		0.43	0.60	0	0.66	0.06
10	7		0.92			0
10	8		0.09			0
10	9		8.41			0
10	10		1.08			0.15
10	11		1.08			0
Week avg			2.32			0.03
10	15		0.69			0
10	16		0.57			0
10	17		0.17			0
10	18		1.98			0
Week avg			0.85			0
10	21		0.18			0
10	22		1.13			0
10	23		0.51			0
10	24		0.08			0
10	25		1.33			0.03
Week avg			3.23			0.006
11	18		0.25		0.40	0
11	19		0.25		0.30	0
11	20		0.17		0.30	0
11	21		0.08		0.40	0
11	22		0.17		0.40	0.20
Week avg			0.18		0.36	0.04

Table B-3s. (Continued)

<u>Weekly composite</u> <u>(1974)</u>	<u>S5</u> <u>Magnetic</u> <u>belt</u> <u>rejects</u>	<u>S7</u> <u>Magnetic</u> <u>drum</u> <u>rejects</u>	<u>S8</u> <u>Ferrous</u> <u>metal</u> <u>by-products</u>	
11-25	0.17	0.50	0	
12-2	0.06	0.30	0	
12-9	1.11	0.30	0.01	
12-30	0.42	0.39	0	
(1975)				
1-6	0.47	0.80	0.002	
1-13	0.05	1.50	0	
1-20	0.19	0.90	0.001	
1-27	0.65	0.60	0.002	
2-3	0.17	0.50	0.10	
2-10	0.04	0.30	0	
2-17	1.06	0.30	0	
3-3	0.09	0.06	0	
3-10	1.29	0.10	0	
3-17	1.10	0.41	0	
<u>Daily samples</u>				
<u>Date 1975</u>				
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>			
3	24	0.75	0.37	0
3	25	0.35	0.89	0
3	26	0.40	0.22	0
3	27	1.08	0.54	0
3	28	0.85	0.21	0
3	29	<u>0.97</u>	<u>0.59</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		0.73	0.47	0
3	31	0.59	0.04	0.16
4	1	0.58	2.12	0
4	2	1.48	0.63	0
4	3	0.82	0.78	0
4	4	0.68	0.86	0
4	5	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Week avg		0.83	0.88	0.03

Table B-3s. (Continued)

<u>Daily samples</u> <u>Date 1975</u>		S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>			
4	7	0.99	0.58	0
4	8	1.43	0.77	0
4	9	0.72	0.40	0
4	10	0.86	0.43	0
4	11	0	0.26	0
4	12	<u>0.26</u>	<u>0.13</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		0.07	0.43	0
4	14	0.92	0.32	0
4	15	0.25	1.00	0
4	16	<u>0.75</u>	<u>0.54</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		0.64	0.62	0
4	18 <sup>a/</sup>	0.27	<u>b/</u>	<u>b/</u>
4	19 <sup>a/</sup>	0.17	0	0
4	21 <sup>a/</sup>	0.12	0	0
4	22 <sup>a/</sup>	0.95	0	0
4	23 <sup>a/</sup>	<u>1.19</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>0.03</u>
Week avg		0.54	0.01	0.01
4	28	0.46	0.43	0
4	29	0.69	0.09	0
4	30	0	0.27	0
5	1	0.44	0.60	0
5	2	<u>0.98</u>	<u>0.69</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		0.51	0.42	0
5	9	<u>0.88</u>	<u>0.08</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		0.88	0.08	0
5	12	1.41	0	0
5	13	0	<u>b/</u>	<u>b/</u>
5	16	<u>0</u>	<u>0.63</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		0.47	0.31	0

Table B-3s. (Continued)

<u>Daily samples</u> <u>Date 1975</u>		S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>			
5	19	0	0.09	0
5	20	<u>0.49</u>	<u>0.33</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		0.25	0.21	0
6	30	0.31	0.10	0
7	1	0.46	0.30	0
7	2	2.58	0.30	0
7	3	<u>0</u>	<u>0.20</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		0.84	0.25	0
7	7	0	0.08	0
7	8	0.62	0.30	0
7	9	0.04	0.07	0
7	10	0.58	0.04	0
7	11	<u>0.53</u>	<u>0.50</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		0.35	0.20	0
7	14	0.81	0.50	0.08
7	16	0.73	0.50	0
7	17	0.19	0.30	0
7	18	<u>0.61</u>	<u>0.20</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		0.58	0.37	0.02
7	30	0.09	0.78	0
8	1	<u>0.10</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		0.10	0.40	0
8	5	0.15	0.03	0
8	6	0	0.07	0
8	7	0.07	0.14	0
8	8	<u>0.73</u>	<u>0.05</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		0.24	0.07	0
8	11	2.23	0.25	0
8	14	0.14	0.12	0
8	15	<u>0.92</u>	<u>0.09</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		1.09	0.15	0

Table B-3s. (Concluded)

<u>Daily samples</u> <u>Date 1975</u>		S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S7 Magnetic drum <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>			
8	19	1.04	0.42	0
8	20	0.50	0.07	0
8	21	0.32	0.27	0
8	22	<u>0.23</u>	<u>1.10</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		0.52	0.46	0
8	28	0.12	0.84	0
8	29	<u>0.46</u>	<u>0.18</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		0.29	0.51	0
9	2	0.13	0.21	0
9	3	1.80	0.79	0
9	4	0.25	0.26	0
9	5	<u>0.12</u>	<u>0.15</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		0.58	0.35	0
Total avg <sup>c/</sup>		0.66	0.43	0.01

a/ Fine grind.

b/ Nuggetizer down.

c/ Average includes weekly composites November 25, 1974, through March 17, 1975.

Table B-3t. ANALYSIS OF MILLED REFUSE STREAMS SQUARE SCREEN SIZE, wt. %  
(Received moisture basis)

Daily samples <u>Date 1974</u> <u>Month</u> <u>Day</u>		Larger than 63.5 mm					
		S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S4 ADS <u>heavies</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S6 Nuggetizer <u>feed</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
9	23	0	0	0	0	7.4	0
9	24	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	25	10.9	8.7	15.9	0	0	0
9	26	0	6.3	0	0	0	0
9	27	<u>26.0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>8.1</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		7.4	3.0	3.2	1.6	1.5	0
9	30	0	0	0	0	2.3	0.7
10	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	2	0	0	0	3.1	0	0
10	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	4	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		0	0	0	0.6	0.5	0.1
10	7	0	0		11.0		0
10	8	0	1.0		0		0
10	9	0	0		0		0
10	10	2.9	0		0		0
10	11	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>		<u>0</u>		<u>0</u>
Week avg		0.6	0.2		2.2		0
10	15	0	0		0		0
10	16	0	0		0		0
10	17	0	0		0		0
10	18	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>		<u>0</u>		<u>0</u>
Week avg		0	0		0		0
10	21	0	0		5.4		0
10	22	0	0		0		0
10	23	0	0		24.2		0
10	24	0	0		0		0
10	25	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>		<u>0</u>		<u>0</u>
Week avg		0	0		5.9		0
11	18	0	0		4.7		0
11	19	0	2.6		0		0
11	20	0	1.3		0		0
11	21	0	0		0		0
11	22	<u>0</u>	<u>5.8</u>		<u>0</u>		<u>0</u>
Week avg		0	1.9		0.9		0

Table B-3t. (Continued)

Weekly composite (1974)	Larger than 63.5 mm				
	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>	
11-25	8.2	12.5	6.8	0	
12-2	0	4.2	0	0	
12-9	3.9	0	0	0	
12-30	0	0.5	0	0	
(1975)					
1-6	0	0	12.8	0	
1-13	2.5	0	0	0	
1-20	2.5	0	0	0	
1-27	2.9	0	6.9	0	
2-3	0.7	3.2	0	0	
2-10	3.0	0	0	0	
2-17	0	0	6.0	0	
3-3	0	2.0	0	0	
3-10	0	11.3	0	0	
3-17	0	1.7	0	0	
Daily samples					
Date 1975					
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>				
3	24	0	0	2.3	0
3	25	0	1.5	5.5	0
3	26	0	0	0	0
3	27	0	0	3.0	0
3	28	0	1.1	0	0
3	29	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1.9</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		0	0.4	2.1	0
3	31	0	0	0	0
4	1	2.2	0.6	0	0
4	2	0	0.9	0	0
4	3	2.2	0	2.3	0
4	4	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		0.9	0.3	0.5	0
4	7	0	0	0	0
4	8	0	0	1.2	0
4	9	0	0	3.0	0
4	10	2.6	1.3	0	0
4	11	0	0	3.6	0
4	12	<u>1.4</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>3.0</u>	<u>0</u>
Week avg		0.7	0.2	1.8	0

Table B-3t. (Continued)

Daily samples Date 1975		Larger than 63.5 mm			
Month	Day	S1 Mill discharge	S2 Cyclone discharge	S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S8 Ferrous metal by-products
4	14	0	0	0	0
4	15	0	0	0	0
4	16	0	0	0	0
Week avg		0	0	0	0
4	18 <sup>a</sup> /	0	0	0	b/
4	19 <sup>a</sup> /	0	0	0	0
4	21 <sup>a</sup> /	0	0	0	0
4	22 <sup>a</sup> /	0	0	0	0
4	23 <sup>a</sup> /	0	0	0	0
Week avg		0	0	0	0
4	28	0	0	0	0
4	29	0	0	0	0
4	30	2.1	0	0	0
5	1	0	0	0	0
5	2	0	0	0	0
Week avg		0.4	0	0	0
5	9	0	0	5.0	0
Week avg		0	0	5.0	0
5	12	0	0	4.3	0
5	13	2.2	0	0	b/
5	16	0	0	0	0
Week avg		0.7	0	1.4	0
5	19	0	0	5.0	0
5	20	0	0	0	0
Week avg		0	0	2.5	0
6	30	0	0	0	0
7	1	0	0	0	0
7	2	0	0	13.0	0
7	3	0	0	0	0
Week avg		0	0	3.3	0
7	7	0	0	1.1	0
7	8	0	0	0	0
7	9	0	0	0	0
7	10	0	0	0	0
7	11	10.1	0	2.8	0
Week avg		2.0	0	0.8	0

Table B-3t. (Continued)

<u>Daily samples</u> <u>Date 1975</u>		<u>Larger than 63.5 mm</u>			
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>	<u>S1</u> <u>Mill</u> <u>discharge</u>	<u>S2</u> <u>Cyclone</u> <u>discharge</u>	<u>S5</u> <u>Magnetic</u> <u>belt</u> <u>rejects</u>	<u>S8</u> <u>Ferrous</u> <u>metal</u> <u>by-products</u>
7	14	0	0	0	0
7	16	0	0	0	0
7	17	0	3.1	0	0
7	18	0	0.9	0	0
Week avg		0	1.0	0	0
7	30	0	0	0	0
8	1	0	0.8	0	0
Week avg		0	0.4	0	0
8	5	23.0	0	0	0
8	6	0	0	0	0
8	7	0	0	0	0
8	8	0	0	0	0
Week avg		5.8	0	0	0
8	11	0	0	12.5	0
8	14	0	0	0	0
8	15	0	0	0	0
Week avg		0	0	4.2	0
8	19	0	0	0	0
8	20	0	0	0	0
8	21	0	0	0	0
8	22	0	0	0	0
Week avg		0	0	0	0
8	28	0	0	0	0
8	29	0	0	0	0
Week avg		0	0	0	0
9	2	0	0	0	0
9	3	0	0	0	0
9	4	0	0	0	0
9	5	0	2.0	0	0
Week avg		0	0.5	0	0
Total average <sup>c/</sup>		1.1	1.1	1.7	0

Table B-3t. (Continued)

Daily samples Date 1974		Smaller than 63.5 mm					
		S1 Mill discharge	S2 Cyclone discharge	S4 ADS heavies	S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S6 Nuggetizer feed	S8 Ferrous metal by-products
9	23	100	100	100	100	92.6	100
9	24	100	100	100	100	100	100
9	25	89.1	91.3	84.1	100	100	100
9	26	100	93.7	100	100	100	100
9	27	74.0	100	100	91.9	100	100
Week avg		92.6	97.0	96.8	98.4	98.5	100
9	30	100	100	100	100	97.7	99.3
10	1	100	100	100	100	100	100
10	2	100	100	100	96.9	100	100
10	3	100	100	100	100	100	100
10	4	100	100	100	100	100	100
Week avg		100	100	100	99.4	99.5	99.9
10	7	100	100		89.0		100
10	8	100	99.0		100		100
10	9	100	100		100		100
10	10	97.1	100		100		100
10	11	100	100		100		100
Week avg		99.4	99.8		97.8		100
10	15	100	100		100		100
10	16	100	100		100		100
10	17	100	100		100		100
10	18	100	100		100		100
Week avg		100	100		100		100
10	21	100	100		94.6		100
10	22	100	100		100		100
10	23	100	100		75.8		100
10	24	100	100		100		100
10	25	100	100		100		100
Week avg		100	100		94.1		100
11	18	100	100		95.3		100
11	19	100	97.4		100		100
11	20	100	98.7		100		100
11	21	100	100		100		100
11	22	100	94.2		100		100
Week avg		100	98.1		99.1		100

Table B-3t. (Continued)

Weekly composite (1974)	Smaller than 63.5 mm				
	S1 Mill discharge	S2 Cyclone discharge	S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S8 Ferrous metal by-products	
11-25	91.8	87.5	93.2	100.0	
12-2	100.0	95.8	100.0	100.0	
12-9	96.1	100.0	100.0		
12-30	100.0	95.5	100.0	100.0	
(1975)					
1-6	100.0	100.0	87.2	100.0	
1-13	97.5	100.0	100.0	100.0	
1-20	97.5	100.0	100.0	100.0	
1-27	97.1	100.0	93.1	100.0	
2-3	99.3	96.8	100.0	100.0	
2-10	97.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
2-17	100.0	100.0	94.0	100.0	
3-3	100.0	98.0	100.0	100.0	
3-10	100.0	88.7	100.0	100.0	
3-17	100.0	98.3	100.0	100.0	
Daily samples					
Date 1975					
Month	Day				
3	24	100	100	97.7	100
3	25	100	98.5	94.5	100
3	26	100	100	100	100
3	27	100	100	97.0	100
3	28	100	98.9	100	100
3	29	100	100	98.1	100
Week avg		100	99.6	97.9	100
3	31	100	100	100	100
4	1	97.8	99.4	100	100
4	2	100	99.1	100	100
4	3	97.8	100	97.7	100
4	4	100	100	100	100
Week avg		99.1	99.7	99.5	100
4	7	100	100	100	100
4	8	100	100	98.8	100
4	9	100	100	97.0	100
4	10	97.4	98.7	100	100
4	11	100	100	96.4	100
4	12	98.6	100	97.0	100
Week avg		99.3	99.8	98.2	100

Table B-3t. (Continued)

		Smaller than 63.5 mm			
Daily samples Date 1975		S1	S2	S5	S8
Month	Day	Mill discharge	Cyclone discharge	Magnetic belt rejects	Ferrous metal by-products
4	14	100	100	100	100
4	15	100	100	100	100
4	16	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>
Week avg		100	100	100	100
4	18 <sup>a</sup> /	100	100	100	b/
4	19 <sup>a</sup> /	100	100	100	100
4	21 <sup>a</sup> /	100	100	100	100
4	22 <sup>a</sup> /	100	100	100	100
4	23 <sup>a</sup> /	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>
Week avg		100	100	100	100
4	28	100	100	100	100
4	29	100	100	100	100
4	31	97.9	100	100	100
5	1	100	100	100	100
5	2	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>
Week avg		99.6	100	100	100
5	9	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>95.0</u>	<u>100</u>
Week avg		100	100	95.0	100
5	12	100	100	95.7	100
5	13	97.8	100	100	b/
5	16	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>
Week avg		99.3	100	98.6	100
5	19	100	100	95.0	100
5	20	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>
Week avg		100	100	97.5	100
6	30	100	100	100	100
7	1	100	100	100	100
7	2	100	100	87.0	100
7	3	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>
Week avg		100	100	96.8	100
7	7	100	100	98.9	100
7	8	100	100	100	100
7	9	100	100	100	100
7	10	100	100	100	100
7	11	<u>89.9</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>97.2</u>	<u>100</u>
Week avg		98.0	100	99.2	100

Table B-3t. (Continued)

Daily samples Date 1975		Smaller than 63.5 mm			
		S1 Mill discharge	S2 Cyclone discharge	S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S8 Ferrous metal by-products
Month	Day				
7	14	100	100	100	100
7	16	100	100	100	100
7	17	100	96.9	100	100
7	18	<u>100</u>	<u>99.1</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>
Week avg		100	99.0	100	100
7	30	100	100	100	100
8	1	<u>100</u>	<u>99.2</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>
Week avg		100	99.6	100	100
8	5	77.0	100	100	100
8	6	100	100	100	100
8	7	100	100	100	100
8	8	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>
Week avg		94.3	100	100	100
8	11	100	100	87.5	100
8	14	100	100	100	100
8	15	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>
Week avg		100	100	95.8	100
8	19	100	100	100	100
8	20	100	100	100	100
8	21	100	100	100	100
8	22	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>
Week avg		100	100	100	100
8	28	100	100	100	100
8	29	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>
Week avg		100	100	100	100
9	2	100	100	100	100
9	3	100	100	100	100
9	4	100	100	100	100
9	5	<u>100</u>	<u>98.0</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>
Week avg		100	99.5	100	100
Total average <sup>c/</sup>		98.9	98.9	98.3	100

Table B-3t. (Continued)

Daily samples Date 1974 Month Day		Smaller than 38.1 mm					
		S1 Mill discharge	S2 Cyclone discharge	S4 ADS heavies	S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S6 Nuggetizer feed	S8 Ferrous metal by-products
9	23	100	97.1	100	88.9	74.5	100
9	24	89.2	100	87.7	100	100	97.7
9	25	61.0	83.5	72.7	100	91.8	100
9	26	89.9	86.3	82.2	89.9	71.2	100
9	27	<u>71.9</u>	<u>93.2</u>	<u>87.2</u>	<u>91.9</u>	<u>56.7</u>	<u>100</u>
Week avg		82.4	92.0	86.0	94.1	78.8	99.5
9	30	100	100	92.7	100	94.3	99.3
10	1	95.4	99.2	98.0	86.4	69.9	100.0
10	2	100	100	94.7	88.8	67.6	100.0
10	3	97.3	99.1	100	84.8	85.1	99.2
10	4	<u>92.4</u>	<u>95.3</u>	<u>94.6</u>	<u>93.2</u>	<u>94.4</u>	<u>100.0</u>
Week avg		97.0	98.7	96.0	90.6	82.3	99.7
10	7	100	99.0		89.0		98.4
10	8	96.7	99.0		100		100
10	9	96.4	95.7		100		96.2
10	10	92.1	100		100		100
10	11	<u>96.9</u>	<u>89.7</u>		<u>100</u>		<u>100</u>
Week avg		96.4	96.7		97.8		98.9
10	15	96.1	100		99.0		100
10	16	98.9	100		98.6		100
10	17	97.2	97.2		99.6		100
10	18	<u>100</u>	<u>96.7</u>		<u>94.6</u>		<u>100</u>
Week avg		98.1	98.5		98.0		100
10	21	99.1	93.5		94.5		100
10	22	100	96.6		100		97.0
10	23	93.2	98.7		75.8		100
10	24	96.0	97.5		99.1		100.0
10	25	<u>98.8</u>	<u>96.5</u>		<u>97.5</u>		<u>100.0</u>
Week avg		97.4	96.6		93.4		99.4
11	18	98.0	93.7		93.8		100.0
11	19	97.6	93.6		97.5		98.0
11	20	95.5	92.6		97.8		95.4
11	21	98.8	93.4		93.1		97.5
11	22	<u>96.1</u>	<u>91.2</u>		<u>92.2</u>		<u>95.6</u>
Week avg		97.2	92.4		94.9		97.3

Table B-3r. (Continued)

	Smaller than 38.1 mm			
	S1	S2	S5	S8
Weekly composite	Mill	Cyclone	Magnetic	Ferrous
(1974)	<u>discharge</u>	<u>discharge</u>	<u>belt</u>	<u>metal</u>
			<u>rejects</u>	<u>by-products</u>
11-25	90.7	83.3	87.3	96.9
12-2	96.6	95.8	100.0	100.0
12-9	92.1	95.2	90.5	100.0
12-30	91.7	95.2	93.9	100.0
(1975)				
1-6	100.0	98.9	30.7	99.1
1-13	88.6	98.8	94.2	100.0
1-20	96.3	96.2	100.0	98.7
1-27	97.1	92.0	67.9	100.0
2-3	97.4	88.9	100.0	100.0
2-10	91.0	92.9	94.6	97.8
2-17	94.4	78.3	81.2	95.4
3-3	99.2	79.0	96.1	99.0
3-10	97.4	76.7	93.1	99.0
3-17	99.5	96.6	93.8	100.0
<u>Daily samples</u>				
<u>Date 1975</u>				
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>			
3	24	98.1	93.8	92.5
3	25	100	89.3	87.5
3	26	99.4	91.8	96.6
3	27	94.0	95.3	93.3
3	28	78.2	86.1	95.7
3	29	100	98.8	94.4
Week avg		94.9	92.5	93.3
3	31	84.2	94.8	84.2
4	1	95.6	91.8	98.6
4	2	100	96.1	91.2
4	3	95.6	97.5	95.8
4	4	95.2	98.3	83.2
Week avg		94.1	95.7	90.6
4	7	95.6	98.5	100
4	8	100	96.0	96.3
4	9	96.0	87.7	97.0
4	10	94.1	95.2	96.7
4	11	93.3	98.7	96.4
4	12	98.6	99.3	95.6
Week avg		96.3	95.9	97.0

Table B-3t. (Continued)

		Smaller than 38.1 mm			
Daily samples		S1	S2	S5	S8
Date 1975		Mill	Cyclone	Magnetic	Ferrous
Month	Day	discharge	discharge	belt	metal
				rejects	by-products
4	14	98.4	97.1	100	100
4	15	91.9	93.0	80.4	100
4	16	96.8	96.4	98.3	95.9
Week avg		95.7	95.5	92.9	98.6
4	18 <sup>a</sup> /	100	100	100	b/
4	19 <sup>a</sup> /	100	100	100	100
4	21 <sup>a</sup> /	100	100	100	100
4	22 <sup>a</sup> /	100	100	100	100
4	23 <sup>a</sup> /	99.1	100	100	100
Week avg		99.8	100	100	100
4	28	100	100	99.3	100
4	29	100	100	99.4	100
4	30	97.9	92.3	99.2	98.9
5	1	99.1	87.9	77.7	100
5	2	100	100	100	98.1
Week avg		99.4	96.0	95.1	99.4
5	9	100	100	88.2	100
Week avg		100	100	88.2	100
5	12	99.4	100	95.1	100
5	13	97.8	100	97.8	b/
5	16	100	100	100	100
Week avg		99.1	100	97.6	100
5	19	97.8	100	80.5	100
5	20	99.2	96.5	93.8	100
Week avg		98.5	98.3	87.2	100
6	30	80.7	100	98.0	98.7
7	1	100	98.3	97.9	100
7	2	100	93.7	82.0	100
7	3	100	100	95.1	100
Week avg		95.2	98.0	93.3	99.7
7	7	100	97.8	98.9	100
7	8	100	99.1	99.6	98.3
7	9	100	98.8	100	100
7	10	98.5	99.2	92.9	100
7	11	89.9	100	87.7	100
Week avg		97.7	99.0	95.8	99.7

Table B-3t. (Continued)

		Smaller than 38.1 mm			
Daily samples		S1	S2	S5	S8
Date 1975		Mill	Cyclone	Magnetic	Ferrous
Month	Day	discharge	discharge	belt	metal
				rejects	by-products
7	14	98.0	100	93.4	100
7	16	99.2	95.0	96.7	100
7	17	100	93.8	100	100
7	18	100	99.1	100	100
Week avg		99.3	97.0	97.5	100
7	30	100	99.0	100	100
8	1	95.0	98.4	100	100
Week avg		97.5	98.7	100	100
8	5	76.3	98.3	100	100
8	6	98.7	96.1	93.7	100
8	7	99.2	99.2	92.5	100
8	8	98.2	100	100	100
Week avg		93.1	98.4	96.6	100
8	11	94.9	98.2	86.8	100
8	14	98.4	100	95.8	100
8	15	100	100	100	100
Week avg		97.8	99.4	94.2	100
8	19	99.0	94.5	86.4	100
8	20	86.6	99.3	100	100
8	21	99.4	100	100	100
8	22	100	100	92.5	100
Week avg		96.3	98.5	94.7	100
8	28	100	100	97.3	100
8	29	100	99.2	97.0	100
Week avg		100	99.6	97.2	100
9	2	97.2	96.9	86.7	100
9	3	100	98.6	79.5	98.5
9	4	99.7	99.1	95.5	100
9	5	96.5	98.0	93.8	100
Week avg		98.4	98.2	88.9	99.6
Total average <sup>c/</sup>		96.2	95.0	91.9	99.4

Table B-3t. (Continued)

Daily samples		Smaller than 19.1 mm					
		S1	S2	S4	S5	S6	S8
Date 1974		Mill	Cyclone	ADS	Magnetic	Nuggetizer	Ferrous
Month	Day	discharge	discharge	heavies	belt rejects	feed	metal by-products
9	23	77.9	71.4	14.8	59.9	1.9	85.6
9	24	71.4	82.3	20.7	71.3	11.8	46.9
9	25	37.0	60.2	16.4	60.0	18.4	58.6
9	26	63.1	68.4	17.4	65.4	2.5	65.5
9	27	<u>46.5</u>	<u>73.5</u>	<u>28.1</u>	<u>67.9</u>	<u>8.3</u>	<u>59.6</u>
Week avg		59.2	71.2	19.5	64.9	8.6	63.2
9	30	77.2	86.5	17.4	55.6	12.3	61.0
10	1	65.9	84.7	26.7	47.8	11.1	60.4
10	2	84.7	81.4	39.0	59.7	10.7	47.7
10	3	61.3	84.5	21.7	50.0	26.0	53.2
10	4	<u>71.4</u>	<u>79.1</u>	<u>48.6</u>	<u>77.3</u>	<u>6.9</u>	<u>50.5</u>
Week avg		72.1	83.2	30.7	58.1	13.4	54.6
10	7	57.5	74.7		65.4		56.4
10	8	84.6	82.8		71.9		63.2
10	9	83.3	83.9		80.0		39.6
10	10	50.0	78.3		77.1		45.0
10	11	<u>82.6</u>	<u>70.5</u>		<u>62.2</u>		<u>49.0</u>
Week avg		71.6	78.0		71.3		50.8
10	15	83.1	86.9		82.9		46.0
10	16	87.6	81.2		95.0		50.1
10	17	72.6	78.9		75.2		39.0
10	18	<u>68.7</u>	<u>80.4</u>		<u>66.4</u>		<u>64.0</u>
Week avg		78.0	81.9		79.9		49.8
10	21	76.8	68.5		41.3		53.7
10	22	60.2	69.5		66.1		60.4
10	23	75.7	84.8		62.1		63.2
10	24	67.3	69.1		72.4		58.5
10	25	<u>84.1</u>	<u>74.7</u>		<u>64.2</u>		<u>49.8</u>
Week avg		72.8	73.3		61.2		57.1
11	18	84.0	75.2		59.6		50.0
11	19	61.7	55.1		86.2		45.2
11	20	65.8	67.0		66.4		55.9
11	21	82.7	64.1		65.7		42.2
11	22	<u>55.9</u>	<u>66.6</u>		<u>60.0</u>		<u>49.2</u>
Week avg		70.0	65.6		67.7		48.5

Table B-3t. (Continued)

Weekly composite (1974)	Smaller than 19.1 mm			
	S1 Mill discharge	S2 Cyclone discharge	S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S8 Ferrous metal by-products
11-25	75.6	61.1	63.7	59.9
12-2	69.3	65.3	53.1	44.0
12-9	68.6	62.9	68.7	52.7
12-30	59.2	61.9	70.9	63.5
(1975)				
1-6	76.5	64.5	8.3	60.3
1-13	55.7	69.9	44.1	62.8
1-20	67.9	66.2	59.1	57.5
1-27	71.4	50.0	37.0	62.0
2-3	36.6	63.5	80.0	55.2
2-10	72.0	74.3	56.0	52.1
2-17	55.5	37.3	52.1	31.6
3-3	58.5	67.0	45.1	55.4
3-10	77.4	42.0	66.9	59.3
3-17	71.3	84.7	59.2	62.8
Daily samples				
Date 1975				
Month	Day			
3	24	72.9	77.8	67.3
3	25	71.1	54.7	54.0
3	26	66.8	62.3	63.8
3	27	72.6	78.7	71.9
3	28	66.5	69.9	71.3
3	29	70.7	79.9	72.1
Week avg		70.1	70.5	66.7
3	31	50.3	63.6	50.3
4	1	74.3	59.7	73.6
4	2	66.2	82.9	72.8
4	3	74.3	63.2	76.3
4	4	54.1	77.3	44.7
Week avg		63.8	69.3	63.5
4	7	70.5	61.7	83.9
4	8	60.8	76.8	74.6
4	9	57.0	52.5	69.2
4	10	63.6	76.6	60.8
4	11	84.8	66.5	60.3
4	12	65.9	73.7	60.5
Week avg		67.1	68.0	68.2

Table B-3t. (Continued)

		Smaller than 19.1 mm			
Daily samples		S1	S2	S5	S8
Date 1975		Mill	Cyclone	Magnetic	Ferrous
Month	Day	discharge	discharge	belt	metal
				rejects	by-products
4	14	77.9	73.1	92.3	56.5
4	15	73.1	73.9	47.2	54.2
4	16	<u>79.2</u>	<u>80.9</u>	<u>39.7</u>	<u>45.3</u>
Week avg		76.7	76.0	59.7	52.0
4	18 <sup>a</sup> /	74.1	72.8	87.6	b/
4	19 <sup>a</sup> /	98.4	68.8	91.3	95.1
4	21 <sup>a</sup> /	96.0	100.0	96.1	99.2
4	22 <sup>a</sup> /	98.7	98.2	95.1	91.3
4	23 <sup>a</sup> /	<u>99.1</u>	<u>99.5</u>	<u>88.5</u>	<u>88.1</u>
Week avg		93.3	87.9	91.7	93.4
4	28	84.1	88.7	62.6	58.6
4	29	91.0	89.7	73.3	47.0
4	30	90.1	75.9	68.8	38.3
5	1	78.3	77.4	63.7	43.3
5	2	<u>95.6</u>	<u>83.6</u>	<u>60.0</u>	<u>59.1</u>
Week avg		87.8	83.1	65.7	49.3
5	9	<u>92.3</u>	<u>96.5</u>	<u>56.6</u>	<u>75.8</u>
Week avg		92.3	96.5	56.6	75.8
5	12	90.2	89.3	73.9	64.5
5	13	92.0	92.7	53.4	b/
5	16	<u>87.2</u>	<u>94.9</u>	<u>76.9</u>	<u>60.1</u>
Week avg		89.8	92.3	68.1	62.3
5	19	92.6	96.5	40.4	68.0
5	20	<u>93.6</u>	<u>87.2</u>	<u>73.6</u>	<u>58.9</u>
Week avg		93.1	91.9	57.0	63.5
6	30	64.4	92.2	72.5	52.0
7	1	91.6	87.4	60.7	63.5
7	2	85.8	85.3	41.4	67.7
7	3	<u>78.8</u>	<u>86.2</u>	<u>72.6</u>	<u>59.8</u>
Week avg		80.2	87.8	61.8	60.8
7	7	90.3	88.3	59.9	58.5
7	8	90.8	94.7	62.3	51.3
7	9	88.5	81.4	63.4	57.2
7	10	82.5	81.6	69.0	62.5
7	11	<u>82.2</u>	<u>93.8</u>	<u>55.1</u>	<u>53.5</u>
Week avg		86.9	88.0	61.9	56.6

Table B-3t. (Continued)

		Smaller than 19.1 mm			
Daily samples		S1	S2	S5	S8
Date 1975		Mill	Cyclone	Magnetic	Ferrous
Month	Day	discharge	discharge	belt rejects	metal by-products
7	14	82.2	86.2	83.3	51.4
7	16	85.0	71.0	69.6	59.9
7	17	77.0	52.3	41.0	67.1
7	18	<u>95.4</u>	<u>81.9</u>	<u>69.4</u>	<u>45.0</u>
Week avg		84.9	72.9	65.8	55.9
7	30	83.2	84.1	62.2	61.6
8	1	<u>85.8</u>	<u>70.4</u>	<u>58.2</u>	<u>51.4</u>
Week avg		84.5	77.3	60.2	56.5
8	5	57.2	67.3	81.4	65.0
8	6	69.6	72.1	70.3	56.8
8	7	66.4	80.3	61.8	64.9
8	8	<u>78.6</u>	<u>74.5</u>	<u>63.8</u>	<u>66.1</u>
Week avg		68.0	73.6	69.3	63.2
8	11	73.2	77.3	58.6	48.2
8	14	89.0	61.3	65.7	54.8
8	15	<u>73.3</u>	<u>89.1</u>	<u>76.7</u>	<u>53.0</u>
Week avg		78.5	75.9	67.0	52.0
8	19	67.9	84.8	74.4	46.2
8	20	63.2	82.0	76.7	69.8
8	21	75.2	93.2	72.2	53.6
8	22	<u>93.3</u>	<u>81.5</u>	<u>51.7</u>	<u>63.0</u>
Week avg		74.9	85.4	68.8	58.2
8	28	90.3	95.1	54.0	55.8
8	29	<u>75.0</u>	<u>84.0</u>	<u>77.1</u>	<u>55.0</u>
Week avg		82.7	89.6	65.6	55.4
9	2	91.2	88.9	61.5	58.6
9	3	77.7	85.3	41.0	50.9
9	4	67.5	65.2	59.8	60.0
9	5	<u>53.2</u>	<u>89.3</u>	<u>50.2</u>	<u>56.2</u>
Week avg		72.4	82.2	53.1	56.4
Total average <sup>c</sup> /		73.3	73.5	61.5	57.4

Table B-3t. (Continued)

Daily samples Date 1974 Month Day		Smaller than 9.5 mm					
		S1 Mill discharge	S2 Cyclone discharge	S4 ADS heavies	S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S6 Nuggetizer feed	S8 Ferrous metal by-products
9	23	53.3	50.0	5.5	29.9	0.7	14.4
9	24	50.5	58.3	7.0	34.3	0.9	4.5
9	25	22.4	38.8	4.6	26.8	0.8	5.7
9	26	39.9	45.3	4.7	49.2	0.5	9.4
9	27	<u>27.6</u>	<u>45.4</u>	<u>11.0</u>	<u>38.3</u>	<u>0.4</u>	<u>13.0</u>
Week avg		38.7	47.6	6.6	35.7	0.7	9.4
9	30	52.2	64.7	17.1	22.5	2.2	9.9
10	1	46.6	62.1	11.5	21.6	1.3	6.4
10	2	52.5	55.8	11.3	36.0	0.6	6.6
10	3	30.6	62.7	6.6	22.6	1.6	7.7
10	4	<u>43.8</u>	<u>47.7</u>	<u>14.7</u>	<u>43.3</u>	<u>1.0</u>	<u>7.9</u>
Week avg		45.1	58.6	12.2	29.2	1.3	7.1
10	7	35.9	50.5	52.2	52.2		13.1
10	8	51.6	60.0	40.1	40.1		18.8
10	9	51.2	58.1	45.1	45.1		2.9
10	10	35.0	51.8	42.6	42.6		4.3
10	11	<u>55.1</u>	<u>46.1</u>	<u>28.6</u>	<u>28.6</u>		<u>5.1</u>
Week avg		45.8	53.3	41.7	41.7		8.8
10	15	58.4	66.3		45.7		10.7
10	16	61.8	54.7		50.4		2.1
10	17	50.0	55.0		39.0		6.8
10	18	<u>46.5</u>	<u>54.3</u>		<u>18.3</u>		<u>11.4</u>
Week avg		54.2	57.6		38.4		7.8
10	21	55.3	43.5		29.4		11.2
10	22	37.3	44.1		40.3		12.6
10	23	47.3	55.7		29.1		4.3
10	24	39.6	45.7		34.4		6.4
10	25	<u>56.1</u>	<u>47.1</u>		<u>35.7</u>		<u>4.9</u>
Week avg		47.1	47.2		32.0		7.9
11	18	53.2	49.3		33.3		7.3
11	19	39.6	34.6		48.5		11.0
11	20	38.2	37.7		35.1		5.8
11	21	49.4	38.0		28.2		2.0
11	22	<u>31.2</u>	<u>39.1</u>		<u>29.5</u>		<u>3.0</u>
Week avg		42.3	39.7		34.4		5.8

Table B-3t. (Continued)

Weekly composite (1974)	Smaller than 9.5 mm			
	S1 Mill discharge	S2 Cyclone discharge	S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S8 Ferrous metal by-products
11-25	44.2	38.9	37.2	11.4
12-2	37.5	38.9	19.7	4.9
12-9	31.4	30.6	35.5	6.0
12-30	35.0	35.8	34.3	3.5
(1975)				
1-6	44.9	37.8	2.7	13.0
1-13	25.3	35.0	15.9	14.2
1-20	33.3	33.7	28.6	8.0
1-27	52.8	36.4	14.4	7.2
2-3	21.4	36.5	41.9	14.1
2-10	43.0	13.4	24.6	8.0
2-17	39.9	27.7	24.7	4.8
3-3	36.9	18.0	15.6	10.0
3-10	49.6	29.3	31.5	8.5
3-17	49.3	59.3	26.6	12.8
<u>Daily samples</u>				
<u>Date 1975</u>				
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>			
3	24	50.3	53.7	31.1
3	25	33.6	41.6	28.6
3	26	46.9	47.9	28.2
3	27	47.0	48.1	37.1
3	28	44.7	48.1	33.6
3	29	44.4	48.8	44.1
Week avg		44.5	48.0	33.8
3	31	34.5	46.1	34.5
4	1	46.9	39.6	43.6
4	2	46.1	64.2	40.2
4	3	46.9	50.6	40.9
4	4	32.2	51.3	18.9
Week avg		41.3	50.4	35.6
4	7	50.3	45.2	44.0
4	8	42.6	49.6	35.0
4	9	39.5	42.0	37.5
4	10	42.4	23.4	31.8
4	11	59.5	47.4	24.1
4	12	52.4	55.3	25.9
Week avg		47.8	43.8	33.1

Table B-3t. (Continued)

		Smaller than 9.5 mm			
Daily samples		S1	S2	S5	S8
Date 1975		Mill	Cyclone	Magnetic	Ferrous
Month	Day	discharge	discharge	belt	metal
				rejects	by-products
4	14	54.9	49.8	43.4	16.6
4	15	51.6	46.1	23.1	5.9
4	16	<u>51.2</u>	<u>53.6</u>	<u>22.5</u>	<u>8.2</u>
Week avg		52.6	49.8	29.7	10.2
4	18a/	74.1	72.3	56.0	b/
4	19a/	59.7	68.3	49.5	34.3
4	21a/	50.0	72.3	64.8	41.9
4	22a/	62.7	70.3	41.7	42.7
4	23a/	<u>79.4</u>	<u>86.9</u>	<u>42.3</u>	<u>39.5</u>
Week avg		65.2	74.0	50.9	39.6
4	28	60.3	64.1	27.3	8.8
4	29	63.0	64.5	40.7	6.2
4	30	65.5	54.3	37.6	3.4
5	1	50.9	50.8	38.8	5.5
5	2	<u>65.9</u>	<u>56.0</u>	<u>33.4</u>	<u>9.6</u>
Week avg		61.1	57.9	35.6	6.7
5	9	<u>69.6</u>	<u>68.1</u>	<u>23.5</u>	<u>14.1</u>
Week avg		69.6	68.1	23.5	14.1
5	12	60.1	71.2	39.0	12.9
5	13	67.4	74.4	20.9	b/
5	16	<u>63.5</u>	<u>75.9</u>	<u>46.6</u>	<u>10.8</u>
Week avg		63.7	73.8	35.5	11.9
5	19	61.3	50.5	9.0	7.0
5	20	<u>73.6</u>	<u>63.6</u>	<u>40.4</u>	<u>8.4</u>
Week avg		67.5	57.1	24.7	7.7
6	30	41.3	61.0	37.8	7.9
7	1	63.5	67.2	30.2	12.4
7	2	57.4	55.2	14.0	15.8
7	3	<u>51.7</u>	<u>64.2</u>	<u>36.2</u>	<u>2.6</u>
Week avg		53.5	61.9	29.6	9.7
7	7	63.9	66.4	22.8	6.4
7	8	70.0	50.7	23.7	4.1
7	9	59.8	62.8	21.8	3.6
7	10	52.7	57.6	34.7	9.0
7	11	<u>69.3</u>	<u>74.4</u>	<u>23.5</u>	<u>10.3</u>
Week avg		63.1	62.4	25.3	6.7

Table B-3t. (Continued)

		Smaller than 9.5 mm			
Daily samples		S1	S2	S5	S8
Date 1975		Mill	Cyclone	Magnetic	Ferrous
Month	Day	discharge	discharge	belt rejects	metal by-products
7	14	51.9	57.9	45.1	7.4
7	16	58.2	48.0	29.1	15.7
7	17	52.2	35.4	18.0	6.2
7	18	<u>64.6</u>	<u>50.0</u>	<u>37.7</u>	<u>2.7</u>
Week avg		56.7	47.8	32.5	8.0
7	30	52.2	54.4	24.4	10.0
8	1	<u>55.3</u>	<u>50.1</u>	<u>26.2</u>	<u>8.4</u>
Week avg		53.8	52.3	25.3	9.2
8	5	34.8	44.0	41.8	13.3
8	6	48.7	53.5	40.4	10.5
8	7	39.1	54.5	37.9	10.4
8	8	<u>52.7</u>	<u>53.3</u>	<u>26.3</u>	<u>11.8</u>
Week avg		43.8	51.3	36.6	11.5
8	11	46.4	50.0	22.9	5.3
8	14	61.8	44.6	35.0	6.6
8	15	<u>45.9</u>	<u>65.7</u>	<u>36.4</u>	<u>10.0</u>
Week avg		51.4	53.4	31.4	7.3
8	19	36.8	63.0	40.4	5.2
8	20	43.7	58.3	50.0	12.4
8	21	49.7	72.9	32.5	9.2
8	22	<u>73.3</u>	<u>40.3</u>	<u>23.6</u>	<u>8.0</u>
Week avg		50.9	58.6	36.6	8.7
8	28	68.4	76.3	27.0	7.6
8	29	<u>51.9</u>	<u>53.6</u>	<u>29.5</u>	<u>6.3</u>
Week avg		60.2	65.0	28.3	7.0
9	2	64.3	66.8	28.9	13.3
9	3	54.7	60.9	16.2	6.8
9	4	33.4	53.8	30.0	14.4
9	5	<u>40.6</u>	<u>69.3</u>	<u>29.5</u>	<u>9.3</u>
Week avg		48.3	62.7	26.2	11.0
Total average <sup>c/</sup>		47.7	47.7	30.0	9.9

Table B-3t. (Continued)

Daily samples Date 1974		Smaller than 4.8 mm					
Month	Day	S1 Mill discharge	S2 Cyclone discharge	S4 ADS heavies	S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S6 Nuggetizer feed	S8 Ferrous metal by-products
9	23	35.3	34.3	1.9	10.0	0.6	0.9
9	24	33.5	40.6	1.9	12.1	0.3	0.3
9	25	12.5	23.3	2.1	6.9	0.4	1.1
9	26	23.8	29.5	1.1	17.1	0.3	0.9
9	27	<u>15.7</u>	<u>28.8</u>	<u>3.5</u>	<u>14.2</u>	<u>0.3</u>	<u>1.9</u>
Week avg		24.2	31.3	2.1	12.1	0.4	1.0
9	30	31.6	47.4	5.4	7.9	0.5	0.7
10	1	28.4	40.3	2.8	7.6	0.3	0.4
10	2	32.3	36.0	3.2	14.8	0.3	0.6
10	3	11.7	40.0	3.4	7.6	0.4	0.3
10	4	<u>14.3</u>	<u>27.9</u>	<u>4.9</u>	<u>13.1</u>	<u>0.3</u>	<u>0.3</u>
Week avg		23.7	38.3	3.9	10.2	0.4	0.5
10	7	22.2	34.3		23.6		0.9
10	8	33.0	39.0		13.9		1.5
10	9	29.8	33.3		17.8		0.3
10	10	26.4	34.9		16.1		0.4
10	11	<u>29.7</u>	<u>29.5</u>		<u>9.5</u>		<u>0.7</u>
Week avg		28.2	34.2		16.2		0.8
10	15	37.7	44.6		21.5		0.6
10	16	37.1	34.4		14.9		0.3
10	17	29.2	35.8		12.7		0.3
10	18	<u>28.3</u>	<u>32.6</u>		<u>5.4</u>		<u>0.8</u>
Week avg		33.1	36.9		13.6		0.5
10	21	37.5	27.2		8.0		0.9
10	22	21.7	28.8		14.3		0.8
10	23	32.4	35.4		13.4		0.4
10	24	25.7	30.9		12.9		1.1
10	25	<u>34.1</u>	<u>31.0</u>		<u>12.4</u>		<u>0.3</u>
Week avg		30.3	30.7		12.2		0.8
11	18	30.8	30.8		13.4		0.7
11	19	23.6	21.8		16.8		1.0
11	20	22.3	21.9		11.4		0.5
11	21	26.4	23.9		8.0		0.2
11	22	<u>18.2</u>	<u>21.7</u>		<u>10.0</u>		<u>0.2</u>
Week avg		24.3	24.0		11.9		0.5

Table B-3t. (Continued)

Weekly composite (1974)	Smaller than 4.8 mm			
	S1 Mill discharge	S2 Cyclone discharge	S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S8 Ferrous metal by-products
11-25	24.4	27.8	14.0	1.0
12-2	22.7	22.2	6.2	0.3
12-9	15.7	19.3	11.3	0.1
12-30	19.2	21.7	7.0	0.1
(1975)				
1-6	26.4	22.2	1.8	1.6
1-13	13.9	18.1	4.5	0.4
1-20	18.5	18.7	8.4	0.3
1-27	34.2	20.5	2.0	0.4
2-3	11.6	15.9	10.4	1.8
2-10	25.0	8.4	4.9	0.5
2-17	24.3	15.7	7.4	0.5
3-3	22.5	10.0	4.8	1.0
3-10	29.6	18.0	8.6	0.2
3-17	35.4	39.8	7.1	1.7
<u>Daily samples</u>				
<u>Date 1975</u>				
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>			
3	24	32.9	35.8	10.4
3	25	29.3	30.8	13.5
3	26	31.4	35.6	9.0
3	27	22.0	28.4	12.2
3	28	27.1	30.8	11.4
3	29	25.0	29.3	13.7
Week avg		29.6	31.8	11.7
4	31	18.1	24.7	18.1
4	1	28.4	26.4	13.8
4	2	26.0	13.2	14.1
4	3	28.4	35.4	12.5
4	4	17.1	31.1	6.2
Week avg		23.6	26.2	12.9
4	7	31.6	27.1	16.7
4	8	25.6	28.8	10.5
4	9	24.2	27.8	11.6
4	10	24.5	14.3	9.2
4	11	38.3	30.9	6.5
4	12	34.0	34.9	8.4
Week avg		29.7	27.3	10.5
4	14	33.6	30.5	17.2
4	15	33.5	27.0	10.1
4	16	29.6	31.8	6.5
Week avg		32.2	29.8	11.3

Table B-3t. (Continued)

		Smaller than 4.8 mm			
Daily samples		S1	S2	S5	S8
Date 1975		Mill	Cyclone	Magnetic	Ferrous
Month	Day	discharge	discharge	belt	metal
				rejects	by-products
4	18 <sup>a</sup> /	47.8	51.2	22.3	b/
4	19 <sup>a</sup> /	38.7	46.2	17.3	2.7
4	21 <sup>a</sup> /	30.7	48.2	29.5	3.3
4	22 <sup>a</sup> /	40.3	49.7	5.1	3.7
4	23 <sup>a</sup> /	51.4	59.5	8.8	5.1
Week avg		41.8	51.1	16.6	3.7
4	28	38.7	41.3	6.3	1.5
4	29	40.2	43.0	14.8	0.7
4	30	38.7	33.6	12.3	0.3
5	1	27.3	32.3	16.1	0.2
5	2	42.0	34.3	9.1	0.6
Week avg		37.4	36.9	11.7	0.7
5	9	40.7	48.2	5.7	1.5
Week avg		40.7	48.2	5.7	1.5
5	12	36.4	49.7	13.3	0.9
5	13	42.0	51.8	6.4	b/
5	16	42.5	54.0	21.8	1.0
Week avg		40.3	51.8	13.8	1.0
5	19	39.6	36.4	3.6	0.6
5	20	48.0	45.7	13.7	0.8
Week avg		43.8	41.1	8.7	0.7
6	30	29.9	43.3	18.4	1.1
7	1	40.7	47.9	10.4	1.3
7	2	37.5	39.1	5.1	1.3
7	3	31.4	45.5	13.2	0.9
Week avg		34.9	44.0	11.8	1.2
7	7	43.3	47.4	14.1	2.0
7	8	45.8	35.1	8.2	0.8
7	9	37.7	44.8	6.3	0.4
7	10	35.1	39.2	13.3	1.1
7	11	45.8	55.0	6.4	0.9
Week avg		41.5	44.3	9.7	1.0

Table B-3t. (Continued)

		Smaller than 4.8 mm			
Daily samples Date 1975		S1	S2	S5	S8
Month	Day	Mill discharge	Cyclone discharge	Magnetic belt rejects	Ferrous metal by-products
7	14	29.5	41.2	14.9	0.5
7	16	38.5	34.0	4.3	0.8
7	17	32.7	23.9	3.6	0.6
7	18	<u>40.8</u>	<u>31.9</u>	<u>11.3</u>	<u>0.3</u>
Week avg		35.4	32.8	8.5	0.6
7	30	33.6	38.6	6.3	0.3
8	1	<u>35.4</u>	<u>33.2</u>	<u>8.0</u>	<u>1.3</u>
Week avg		34.5	35.9	7.2	0.8
8	5	21.6	28.5	14.4	1.0
8	6	30.3	38.8	18.5	0.5
8	7	25.8	34.8	7.8	1.7
8	8	<u>28.2</u>	<u>35.1</u>	<u>5.6</u>	<u>0.9</u>
Week avg		26.5	34.3	11.6	1.0
8	11	22.3	32.7	6.1	0.4
8	14	38.8	33.3	14.6	0.8
8	15	<u>31.1</u>	<u>37.6</u>	<u>13.1</u>	<u>1.2</u>
Week avg		30.7	34.5	11.3	0.8
8	19	25.6	41.2	13.9	0.7
8	20	26.4	38.2	16.0	1.5
8	21	31.2	49.2	12.6	0.9
8	22	<u>47.4</u>	<u>28.9</u>	<u>6.7</u>	<u>1.1</u>
Week avg		32.7	39.4	12.3	1.1
8	28	44.5	53.4	11.6	0.7
8	29	<u>31.4</u>	<u>35.2</u>	<u>11.0</u>	<u>0.7</u>
Week avg		38.0	44.3	11.3	0.7
9	2	42.8	46.6	9.2	1.8
9	3	36.7	42.7	4.5	0.5
9	4	21.8	39.7	7.1	1.9
9	5	<u>28.7</u>	<u>49.3</u>	<u>9.0</u>	<u>0.6</u>
Week avg		32.5	44.6	7.5	1.2
Total average <sup>c/</sup>		29.3	30.8	9.7	1.0

Table B-3t. (Continued)

Daily samples Date 1974		Smaller than 2.4 mm					
Month	Day	S1 Mill discharge	S2 Cyclone discharge	S4 ADS heavies	S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S6 Nuggetizer feed	S8 Ferrous metal by-products
9	23	24.6	22.2	1.3	4.8	0.2	0.4
9	24	23.4	24.1	1.0	5.4	0.1	0.2
9	25	8.3	14.6	1.2	1.1	0.2	0.1
9	26	15.5	21.1	0.6	6.6	0.1	0.1
9	27	<u>11.4</u>	<u>18.2</u>	<u>1.5</u>	<u>6.9</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>0.4</u>
Week avg		16.6	20.0	1.1	5.0	0.1	0.2
9	30	18.4	29.5	2.0	2.3	0.2	0.1
10	1	18.2	25.0	1.0	3.6	0.1	0.2
10	2	19.6	22.1	1.5	6.1	0.2	0.2
10	3	0.9	27.3	2.1	3.5	0.2	0.1
10	4	<u>1.0</u>	<u>18.6</u>	<u>2.0</u>	<u>4.3</u>	<u>0.2</u>	<u>0.2</u>
Week avg		11.6	24.5	1.7	4.0	0.2	0.2
10	7	14.4	23.2		12.0		0.3
10	8	20.9	26.7		4.9		0.1
10	9	17.9	21.5		7.3		0.2
10	10	18.6	25.3		5.4		0.2
10	11	<u>18.7</u>	<u>20.5</u>		<u>5.1</u>		<u>0.1</u>
Week avg		18.1	23.4		6.9		0.2
10	15	23.4	27.2		9.6		0.2
10	16	22.5	20.3		5.2		0.2
10	17	17.0	22.9		4.4		0.2
10	18	<u>17.2</u>	<u>21.7</u>		<u>2.7</u>		<u>0.2</u>
Week avg		20.0	23.0		5.5		0.2
10	21	24.1	19.6		3.5		0.1
10	22	15.7	20.3		5.4		0.2
10	23	23.0	25.3		7.3		0.1
10	24	18.8	22.2		5.7		0.1
10	25	<u>23.2</u>	<u>21.8</u>		<u>4.6</u>		<u>0.1</u>
Week avg		21.0	21.8		5.3		0.1
11	18	19.6	22.2		5.7		0.1
11	19	16.0	14.1		6.2		0.3
11	20	18.1	15.8		3.8		0.2
11	21	18.4	16.3		3.0		0.1
11	22	<u>13.0</u>	<u>13.0</u>		<u>3.4</u>		<u>0.1</u>
Week avg		17.0	16.3		4.5		0.2

Table B-3t. (Continued)

Weekly composite (1974)	Smaller than 2.4 mm				
	S1 Mill discharge	S2 Cyclone discharge	S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S8 Ferrous metal by-products	
11-25	16.3	19.4	5.3	0.2	
12-2	14.8	15.3	3.2	0.1	
12-9	11.8	14.5	5.1	0	
12-30	13.4	14.5	1.7	0	
(1975)					
1-6	15.2	15.5	0.9	0.1	
1-13	8.8	13.3	1.8	0.1	
1-20	11.1	12.4	3.4	0	
1-27	18.5	12.5	0.7	0	
2-3	7.7	9.6	2.2	0.2	
2-10	16.0	6.1	2.0	0.1	
2-17	14.3	9.7	3.0	0.3	
3-3	14.4	7.0	2.3	0.2	
3-10	18.3	12.0	3.5	0.1	
3-17	25.4	27.1	3.0	0.4	
<u>Daily samples</u>					
<u>Date 1975</u>					
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>				
3	24	23.2	30.4	4.6	0.2
3	25	20.3	23.9	7.3	0.2
3	26	22.0	26.0	4.8	0.0
3	27	13.1	16.0	5.4	0.2
3	28	18.1	20.7	4.8	0.2
3	29	14.2	18.9	5.4	0.2
Week avg		18.5	22.7	5.4	0.2
3	31	11.7	17.5	11.7	0.1
4	1	18.5	18.2	5.7	0.2
4	2	18.2	9.4	6.0	0.2
4	3	18.5	25.8	4.9	0.1
4	4	12.3	21.0	3.4	0.0
Week avg		15.8	18.4	6.3	0.1
4	7	23.2	19.6	8.1	0.2
4	8	18.8	19.2	4.5	0.1
4	9	16.2	21.0	4.9	0.2
4	10	17.2	10.8	4.4	0.0
4	11	26.7	23.0	3.2	0.1
4	12	25.5	25.0	4.0	0.2
Week avg		21.3	19.8	4.9	0.1

Table B-3t. (Continued)

		Smaller than 2.4 mm			
Daily samples Date 1975		S1	S2	S5	S8
Month	Day	Mill discharge	Cyclone discharge	Magnetic belt rejects	Ferrous metal by-products
4	14	24.6	20.0	9.0	0.3
4	15	22.8	20.0	5.4	0.1
4	16	<u>20.0</u>	<u>21.8</u>	<u>3.5</u>	<u>0.1</u>
Week avg		22.5	20.6	6.0	0.2
4	18a/	31.7	39.8	7.0	b/
4	19a/	27.4	31.7	4.9	0.4
4	21a/	20.7	36.7	11.7	0.2
4	22a/	26.7	37.0	4.2	0.1
4	23a/	<u>32.1</u>	<u>36.3</u>	<u>2.1</u>	<u>0.3</u>
Week avg		27.7	36.3	6.0	0.3
4	28	25.0	26.3	2.4	0.2
4	29	25.9	30.4	6.6	0.2
4	30	23.9	22.4	4.9	0.0
5	1	16.9	22.6	4.8	0.1
5	2	<u>27.5</u>	<u>21.6</u>	<u>3.3</u>	<u>0.0</u>
Week avg		23.8	24.7	4.4	0.1
5	9	<u>24.2</u>	<u>33.3</u>	<u>2.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>
Week avg		24.2	33.3	2.0	0.0
5	12	22.0	31.1	4.3	0.1
5	13	26.1	33.5	2.9	b/
5	16	<u>27.0</u>	<u>37.2</u>	<u>9.3</u>	<u>0.2</u>
Week avg		25.0	33.9	5.5	0.2
5	19	27.6	25.8	1.8	0.1
5	20	<u>29.6</u>	<u>30.7</u>	<u>4.3</u>	<u>0.3</u>
Week avg		28.6	28.3	3.1	0.2
6	30	21.6	28.9	8.6	0.4
7	1	26.3	32.8	4.3	0.2
7	2	24.8	27.9	2.9	0.2
7	3	<u>21.2</u>	<u>33.3</u>	<u>4.6</u>	<u>0.1</u>
Week avg		23.5	30.7	5.1	0.2
7	7	29.7	29.9	4.6	0.4
7	8	27.5	21.8	3.5	0.1
7	9	24.6	29.3	3.0	0.1
7	10	23.7	26.4	6.6	0.3
7	11	<u>31.5</u>	<u>38.0</u>	<u>3.2</u>	<u>0.2</u>
Week avg		27.4	29.1	4.2	0.2

Table B-3t. (Concluded)

		Smaller than 2.4 mm			
Daily samples		S1	S2	S5	S8
Date 1975		Mill	Cyclone	Magnetic	Ferrous
Month	Day	discharge	discharge	belt	metal
				rejects	by-products
7	14	17.0	26.0	4.6	0.2
7	16	25.1	23.0	1.1	0.1
7	17	19.4	16.2	1.3	0.2
7	18	<u>23.9</u>	<u>19.8</u>	<u>3.9</u>	<u>0.1</u>
Week avg		21.4	21.3	2.7	0.2
7	30	20.3	26.7	2.0	0.2
8	1	<u>21.9</u>	<u>23.0</u>	<u>2.4</u>	<u>0.3</u>
Week avg		21.1	24.9	2.2	0.3
8	5	14.4	19.0	4.7	0.2
8	6	17.0	24.8	8.2	0.3
8	7	15.6	19.6	2.5	0.4
8	8	<u>14.1</u>	<u>21.2</u>	<u>2.1</u>	<u>0.2</u>
Week avg		15.3	21.2	4.4	0.3
8	11	12.1	22.7	2.3	0.2
8	14	22.0	22.6	6.4	0.4
8	15	<u>20.7</u>	<u>22.0</u>	<u>4.4</u>	<u>0.4</u>
Week avg		18.3	22.4	4.4	0.3
8	19	18.5	23.6	4.1	0.3
8	20	15.1	22.4	4.7	0.4
8	21	19.7	30.5	5.1	0.3
8	22	<u>25.9</u>	<u>19.4</u>	<u>2.1</u>	<u>0.4</u>
Week avg		19.8	24.0	4.0	0.4
8	28	25.8	31.9	4.7	0.2
8	29	<u>17.9</u>	<u>21.6</u>	<u>4.6</u>	<u>0.2</u>
Week avg		21.9	26.8	4.7	0.2
9	2	26.9	28.8	3.2	0.4
9	3	22.3	27.3	1.9	0.2
9	4	14.1	26.0	1.7	0.4
9	5	<u>20.3</u>	<u>30.6</u>	<u>2.2</u>	<u>0.2</u>
Week avg		20.9	28.2	2.3	0.3
Total average <sup>c/</sup>		18.5	20.6	3.9	0.2

<sup>a/</sup> Fine grind.

<sup>b/</sup> Nuggetizer down.

<sup>c/</sup> Average includes weekly composites November 25, 1974, through March 17, 1975.

Table B-3u. ANALYSIS OF MILLED REFUSE STREAMS PARTICLE SIZE  
GEOMETRIC MEAN DIAMETER - mm, wt. %  
(Received moisture basis)

Daily samples		S1	S2	S4	S5	S6	S8
Date 1974		Mill	Cyclone	ADS	Magnetic belt	Nuggetizer	Ferrous
Month	Day	discharge	discharge	heavies	rejects	feed	metal
							by-products
9	23	7.1	7.9	22.9	14.0	31.5	13.5
9	24	8.4	6.6	23.4	11.4	24.6	19.1
9	25	20.3	11.9	28.5	14.0	24.6	17.0
9	26	10.7	9.7	25.4	10.9	31.2	16.0
9	27	17.3	8.9	21.3	11.9	32.8	16.0
Week avg		12.8	9.0	24.3	12.4	28.9	16.3
9	30	7.9	5.6	21.1	14.7	25.4	16.5
10	1	9.1	6.4	20.3	16.8	29.5	16.8
10	2	7.4	6.9	19.1	13.0	30.2	18.3
10	3	13.2	6.1	21.3	16.5	24.1	17.8
10	4	11.4	8.4	17.0	10.7	26.2	18.0
Week avg		9.8	6.7	20.0	14.3	27.1	17.5
10	7	10.9	7.6		10.4		16.8
10	8	7.4	6.4		10.9		15.0
10	9	7.9	7.1		9.4		20.6
10	10	11.7	7.1		10.2		19.1
10	11	7.6	9.1		13.0		18.5
Week avg		9.1	7.5		10.8		18.0
10	15	6.9	5.6		8.9		18.0
10	16	6.4	7.1		8.6		18.8
10	17	8.6	7.1		10.9		19.6
10	18	8.9	7.4		14.7		16.0
Week avg		7.7	6.8		10.8		18.1
10	21	7.1	9.4		17.0		17.0
10	22	10.7	8.9		11.2		16.5
10	23	8.1	6.9		15.5		16.8
10	24	9.7	8.6		11.4		17.0
10	25	6.9	8.1		12.2		18.3
Week avg		8.5	8.4		13.5		17.1
11	18	7.4	8.1		13.0		18.0
11	19	10.2	11.9		9.1		18.3
11	20	10.2	10.4		12.2		18.0
11	21	7.9	10.4		13.5		20.1
11	22	12.2	10.4		13.7		19.3
Week avg		9.6	10.3		12.3		18.7

Table B-3u. (Continued)

Weekly composite (1974)	S1 Mill <u>discharge</u>	S2 Cyclone <u>discharge</u>	S5 Magnetic belt <u>rejects</u>	S8 Ferrous metal <u>by-products</u>
11-25	9.7	11.2	13.0	16.5
12-2	10.2	10.4	15.2	19.1
12-9	11.9	11.4	11.2	18.0
12-30	11.7	10.9	12.7	17.0
(1975)				
1-6	8.6	10.4	38.9	16.0
1-13	14.2	10.7	17.5	15.8
1-20	11.2	11.2	13.5	17.3
1-27	8.1	12.5	23.1	16.8
2-3	16.0	12.2	10.7	16.5
2-10	9.7	14.0	15.2	18.0
2-17	10.9	16.5	16.8	21.3
3-3	10.9	15.2	17.3	17.0
3-10	8.1	16.0	13.0	17.0
3-17	7.6	6.4	14.5	15.8
<u>Daily samples</u>				
<u>Date 1975</u>				
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>			
3	24	7.9	7.1	13.0
3	25	9.1	10.2	14.5
3	26	8.4	8.6	13.2
3	27	9.7	8.4	11.7
3	28	10.4	9.1	11.9
3	29	<u>9.1</u>	<u>8.4</u>	<u>10.9</u>
Week avg		9.1	8.6	12.5
3	31	13.5	9.7	13.5
4	1	8.6	10.4	10.7
4	2	9.1	8.4	11.2
4	3	8.6	8.1	10.9
4	4	<u>12.5</u>	<u>7.9</u>	<u>18.0</u>
Week avg		10.5	8.9	12.9
4	7	8.1	9.4	9.4
4	8	9.7	8.1	11.7
4	9	10.7	10.7	11.7
4	10	10.2	11.7	13.2
4	11	6.6	8.4	14.5
4	12	<u>7.9</u>	<u>7.4</u>	<u>14.5</u>
Week avg		8.9	9.3	12.5

Table B-3u. (Continued)

<u>Daily samples</u> <u>Date 1975</u>		S1	S2	S5	S8
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>	<u>Mill</u> <u>discharge</u>	<u>Cyclone</u> <u>discharge</u>	<u>Magnetic belt</u> <u>rejects</u>	<u>Ferrous</u> <u>metal</u> <u>by-products</u>
4	14	7.4	8.1	8.9	16.0
4	15	8.1	8.9	16.8	17.8
4	16	<u>7.9</u>	<u>7.4</u>	<u>16.5</u>	<u>19.1</u>
Week avg		7.8	8.1	14.1	17.6
4	18 <sup>a/</sup>	4.6	4.3	8.1	b/
4	19 <sup>a/</sup>	5.6	4.8	8.6	10.7
4	21 <sup>a/</sup>	6.9	4.6	6.6	9.9
4	22 <sup>a/</sup>	5.6	4.6	9.9	10.4
4	23 <sup>a/</sup>	<u>4.3</u>	<u>3.8</u>	<u>10.2</u>	<u>10.7</u>
Week avg		5.4	4.4	8.7	10.4
4	28	6.4	5.8	13.7	16.8
4	29	5.8	5.6	10.7	18.5
4	30	6.1	7.9	11.4	20.3
5	1	8.1	8.1	13.2	19.3
5	2	<u>5.3</u>	<u>6.9</u>	<u>13.0</u>	<u>16.8</u>
Week avg		6.3	6.9	12.4	18.3
5	9	<u>5.1</u>	<u>4.8</u>	<u>16.0</u>	<u>14.2</u>
Week avg		5.1	4.8	16.0	14.2
5	12	6.4	5.1	12.7	15.8
5	13	5.6	4.6	15.2	b/
5	16	<u>6.1</u>	<u>4.3</u>	<u>9.1</u>	<u>16.3</u>
Week avg		6.0	4.7	12.3	16.1
5	19	5.8	6.4	21.1	16.0
5	20	<u>5.1</u>	<u>5.8</u>	<u>11.2</u>	<u>16.8</u>
Week avg		5.5	6.1	16.2	16.4
6	30	10.2	5.6	10.4	17.8
7	1	5.8	5.3	13.2	15.8
7	2	6.6	6.6	20.3	15.0
7	3	<u>7.6</u>	<u>5.6</u>	<u>11.4</u>	<u>17.3</u>
Week avg		7.6	5.8	13.8	16.5
7	7	5.6	5.6	13.5	17.0
7	8	5.3	6.6	13.7	18.5
7	9	6.4	6.1	14.0	17.5
7	10	7.1	6.6	11.9	16.3
7	11	<u>6.1</u>	<u>4.3</u>	<u>16.0</u>	<u>17.3</u>
Week avg		6.1	5.8	13.8	17.3

Table B-3u. (Concluded)

<u>Daily samples</u>		S1	S2	S5	S8
<u>Date 1975</u>		<u>Mill</u>	<u>Cyclone</u>	<u>Magnetic belt</u>	<u>Ferrous</u>
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>	<u>discharge</u>	<u>discharge</u>	<u>rejects</u>	<u>metal</u>
					<u>by-products</u>
7	14	7.9	6.4	10.2	17.8
7	16	6.4	8.1	13.5	15.8
7	17	7.6	11.7	17.3	16.3
7	18	5.6	7.6	11.4	19.3
Week avg		6.9	8.5	13.1	17.3
7	30	7.4	6.6	14.0	16.3
8	1	7.1	8.1	14.0	17.5
Week avg		7.3	7.4	14.0	16.9
8	5	14.0	9.1	10.2	15.5
8	6	8.6	7.4	10.9	16.2
8	7	9.9	7.4	14.2	15.8
8	8	8.1	7.6	13.7	15.5
Week avg		10.2	7.9	12.3	15.9
8	11	9.7	7.6	16.3	18.5
8	14	6.4	8.9	11.9	17.5
8	15	8.1	6.1	10.9	17.3
Week avg		8.1	7.5	13.0	17.8
8	19	9.7	6.4	11.7	18.8
8	20	10.4	6.9	9.7	15.0
8	21	8.1	4.8	11.4	17.3
8	22	5.1	8.4	15.8	16.3
Week avg		8.3	6.6	12.2	16.9
8	28	5.6	4.6	14.0	17.3
8	29	7.9	7.1	11.7	17.5
Week avg		6.8	5.9	12.9	17.4
9	2	5.8	5.6	14.2	16.2
9	3	7.1	6.1	19.6	18.0
9	4	10.4	7.6	14.0	15.8
9	5	10.2	5.3	15.0	17.0
Week avg		8.4	6.2	15.7	16.8
Total avg <sup>c/</sup>		8.9	8.9	14.2	16.5

a/ Fine grind.

b/ Nuggetizer down.

c/ Average included weekly average November 25, 1974, through March 17, 1975.

Table B-3v. ANALYSIS OF MILLED REFUSE STREAMS  
PARTICLE SIZE - GEOMETRIC STANDARD DEVIATION

<u>Daily samples</u>		S1	S2	S4	S5	S6	S8
<u>Date 1974</u>		<u>Mill</u>	<u>Cyclone</u>	<u>ADS</u>	<u>Magnetic belt</u>	<u>Nuggetizer</u>	<u>Ferrous</u>
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>	<u>discharge</u>	<u>discharge</u>	<u>heavies</u>	<u>rejects</u>	<u>feed</u>	<u>metal</u>
							<u>by-products</u>
9	23	2.80	2.95	1.59	2.35	1.47	1.49
9	24	3.16	2.71	1.74	2.14	1.31	1.55
9	25	2.99	3.18	1.91	1.95	1.45	1.54
9	26	2.92	3.28	1.67	2.56	1.40	1.56
9	27	<u>3.30</u>	<u>2.86</u>	<u>1.92</u>	<u>2.55</u>	<u>1.52</u>	<u>1.67</u>
Week avg		3.03	3.00	1.77	2.31	1.43	1.56
9	30	2.66	2.69	2.02	2.01	1.45	1.60
10	1	2.91	2.67	1.77	2.26	1.54	1.53
10	2	2.55	2.68	1.85	2.57	1.52	1.56
10	3	2.11	2.71	1.72	2.29	1.57	1.57
10	4	<u>2.23</u>	<u>2.72</u>	<u>1.95</u>	<u>2.23</u>	<u>1.33</u>	<u>1.57</u>
Week avg		2.49	2.69	1.86	2.27	1.48	1.57
10	7	2.72	2.86		3.02		1.68
10	8	2.68	2.78		2.17		1.70
10	9	2.62	2.70		2.20		1.54
10	10	3.18	2.82		2.16		1.52
10	11	<u>2.63</u>	<u>3.05</u>		<u>2.14</u>		<u>1.54</u>
Week avg		2.77	2.84		2.34		1.60
10	15	2.77	2.62		2.29		1.63
10	16	2.56	2.64		1.92		1.48
10	17	2.75	2.82		2.10		1.56
10	18	<u>2.74</u>	<u>2.76</u>		<u>1.95</u>		<u>1.59</u>
Week avg		2.70	2.71		2.06		1.56
10	21	2.84	2.94		2.23		1.63
10	22	2.72	2.90		2.25		1.67
10	23	2.98	2.71		3.00		1.49
10	24	2.86	2.95		2.17		1.55
10	25	<u>2.67</u>	<u>2.87</u>		<u>2.24</u>		<u>1.52</u>
Week avg		2.81	2.87		2.38		1.57
11	18	2.60	2.93		2.45		1.57
11	19	2.79	2.88		2.14		1.67
11	20	2.82	2.82		2.17		1.60
11	21	2.55	2.86		2.13		1.50
11	22	<u>2.68</u>	<u>2.85</u>		<u>2.26</u>		<u>1.55</u>
Week avg		2.69	2.87		2.23		1.58

Table B-3v. (Continued)

	S1	S2	S5	S8
Weekly composite	Mill	Cyclone	Magnetic belt	Ferrous
(1974)	discharge	discharge	rejects	metal
				by-products
11-25	2.93	3.45	2.58	1.67
12-2	2.68	2.82	1.98	1.52
12-9	2.62	2.70	2.33	1.52
12-30	2.78	2.76	2.05	1.46
(1975)				
1-6	2.56	2.70	1.79	1.66
1-13	2.59	2.51	1.96	1.62
1-20	2.56	2.58	2.08	1.57
1-27	2.91	2.85	2.15	1.53
2-3	2.40	2.67	1.95	1.69
2-10	2.88	2.09	2.03	1.60
2-17	2.89	2.87	2.40	1.58
3-3	2.73	2.47	1.96	1.63
3-10	2.71	3.17	2.17	1.57
3-17	2.97	2.84	2.13	1.65
Daily samples				
Date 1975				
Month	Day			
3	24	2.90	3.09	2.28
3	25	2.81	3.40	2.62
3	26	2.94	3.33	2.16
3	27	2.64	2.67	2.33
3	28	3.26	3.18	2.19
3	29	2.60	2.66	2.33
Week avg		2.86	3.06	2.32
3	31	2.90	2.89	2.90
4	1	2.84	3.05	2.21
4	2	2.78	2.24	2.37
4	3	2.84	3.16	2.23
4	4	2.68	2.76	2.24
Week avg		2.81	2.82	2.39
4	7	2.99	2.93	2.16
4	8	2.86	2.76	2.15
4	9	2.89	3.31	2.26
4	10	2.94	2.37	2.20
4	11	2.88	2.98	2.10
4	12	3.09	2.89	2.21
Week avg		2.94	2.87	2.18

Table B-3v. (Continued)

<u>Daily samples</u> <u>Date 1975</u>		S1	S2	S5	S8
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>	<u>Mill</u> <u>discharge</u>	<u>Cyclone</u> <u>discharge</u>	<u>Magnetic belt</u> <u>rejects</u>	<u>Ferrous</u> <u>metal</u> <u>by-products</u>
4	14	2.83	2.83	2.07	1.71
4	15	3.05	2.88	2.48	1.53
4	16	<u>2.73</u>	<u>2.76</u>	<u>2.11</u>	<u>1.64</u>
Week avg		2.87	2.82	2.22	1.63
4	18 <sup>a/</sup>	2.27	2.40	2.12	
4	19 <sup>a/</sup>	2.40	2.36	1.97	1.54
4	21 <sup>a/</sup>	2.37	2.36	2.08	1.50
4	22 <sup>a/</sup>	2.36	2.44	1.72	1.62
4	23 <sup>a/</sup>	<u>2.25</u>	<u>2.11</u>	<u>1.81</u>	<u>1.62</u>
Week avg		2.33	2.33	1.94	1.59
4	28	2.67	2.57	1.98	1.60
4	29	2.52	2.62	2.23	1.56
4	30	2.58	2.97	2.18	1.50
5	1	2.59	3.06	2.68	1.53
5	2	<u>2.42</u>	<u>2.61</u>	<u>2.12</u>	<u>1.61</u>
Week avg		2.56	2.77	2.24	1.56
5	9	<u>2.20</u>	<u>2.46</u>	<u>2.19</u>	<u>1.57</u>
Week avg		2.20	2.46	2.19	1.57
5	12	2.49	2.58	2.29	1.61
5	13	2.58	2.48	2.02	-
5	16	-	<u>2.45</u>	<u>2.35</u>	<u>1.61</u>
Week avg		2.54	2.50	2.22	1.61
5	19	2.59	2.49	2.04	1.51
5	20	<u>2.44</u>	<u>2.81</u>	<u>2.26</u>	<u>1.58</u>
Week avg		2.52	2.66	2.15	1.55
6	30	3.36	2.57	2.38	1.62
7	1	2.51	2.75	2.19	1.62
7	2	2.64	2.92	2.27	1.64
7	3	<u>2.68</u>	<u>2.76</u>	<u>2.23</u>	<u>1.46</u>
Week avg		2.80	2.75	2.27	1.59
7	7	2.60	2.70	2.23	1.59
7	8	2.50	2.47	2.03	1.55
7	9	2.57	2.85	1.95	1.49
7	10	2.74	2.79	2.36	1.58
7	11	<u>3.40</u>	<u>2.51</u>	<u>2.24</u>	<u>1.62</u>
Week avg		2.76	2.66	2.16	1.57

Table B-3v. (Concluded)

<u>Daily samples</u>		S1	S2	S5	S8
<u>Date 1975</u>		<u>Mill</u>	<u>Cyclone</u>	<u>Magnetic belt</u>	<u>Ferrous</u>
<u>Month</u>	<u>Day</u>	<u>discharge</u>	<u>discharge</u>	<u>rejects</u>	<u>metal</u>
					<u>by-products</u>
7	14	2.57	2.67	2.19	1.57
7	16	2.69	3.03	1.90	1.66
7	17	2.69	3.02	1.87	1.51
7	18	<u>2.37</u>	<u>2.66</u>	<u>2.12</u>	<u>1.48</u>
Week avg		2.58	2.85	2.02	1.56
7	30	2.61	2.77	1.94	1.57
8	1	<u>2.73</u>	<u>2.95</u>	<u>2.03</u>	<u>1.61</u>
Week avg		2.67	2.86	1.99	1.59
8	5	3.47	2.85	2.06	1.62
8	6	2.77	3.04	2.48	1.61
8	7	2.72	2.67	2.23	1.61
8	8	<u>2.55</u>	<u>2.79</u>	<u>1.93</u>	<u>1.59</u>
Week avg		2.88	2.84	2.18	1.61
8	11	2.65	2.82	2.31	1.54
8	14	2.55	3.05	2.35	1.57
8	15	<u>2.79</u>	<u>2.46</u>	<u>2.08</u>	<u>1.63</u>
Week avg		2.66	2.78	2.25	1.58
8	19	2.78	2.78	2.39	1.55
8	20	3.03	2.69	2.15	1.61
8	21	2.74	2.45	2.13	1.61
8	22	<u>2.38</u>	<u>2.62</u>	<u>2.11</u>	<u>1.57</u>
Week avg		2.73	2.64	2.20	1.59
8	28	2.50	2.37	2.26	1.57
8	29	<u>2.68</u>	<u>2.65</u>	<u>2.08</u>	<u>1.53</u>
Week avg		2.59	2.51	2.17	1.56
9	2	2.61	2.69	2.29	1.68
9	3	2.76	2.74	2.14	1.58
9	4	2.59	3.12	2.08	1.69
9	5	<u>3.11</u>	<u>2.70</u>	<u>2.21</u>	<u>1.59</u>
Week avg		2.77	2.81	2.18	1.64
Total avg <sup>b/</sup>		2.73	2.75	2.11	1.59

<sup>a/</sup> Fine grind.<sup>b/</sup> Average includes weekly composites November 25, 1974, through March 17, 1975.

Table B-3w. DAILY RESULTS - PROXIMATE AND ULTIMATE ANALYSIS OF REFUSE FUEL, wt. %  
(Received Moisture Basis)

Date 1974		Volatile	Fixed			Oxygen (by		
Month	Day	matter	carbon	Carbon	Hydrogen	difference)	Sulfur	Nitrogen
Stream S3 - Storage bin discharge								
9	23	47.39	4.85	28.64	3.66	19.10	0.21	0.63
9	24	46.77	4.46	26.71	3.64	20.09	0.18	0.61
9	25	47.28	2.93	24.25	3.26	21.88	0.16	0.66
9	26	43.73	11.23	29.84	4.24	20.10	0.21	0.57
9	27	<u>44.91</u>	<u>12.37</u>	<u>29.27</u>	<u>4.13</u>	<u>23.07</u>	<u>0.24</u>	<u>0.57</u>
Week avg		46.01	7.17	27.74	3.79	20.85	0.20	0.61
9	30	45.97	7.98	26.46	3.99	22.74	0.17	0.59
10	1	48.41	0.00	23.64	3.22	20.89	0.15	0.51
10	2	47.23	8.44	28.04	4.07	22.94	0.10	0.52
10	3	46.30	7.80	26.76	3.66	23.01	0.15	0.52
10	4	<u>47.12</u>	<u>9.43</u>	<u>26.83</u>	<u>3.65</u>	<u>25.26</u>	<u>0.20</u>	<u>0.61</u>
Week avg		47.01	6.73	26.35	3.72	22.97	0.15	0.55
Stream S2- Cyclone discharge								
9	23	48.53	3.23	26.81	3.68	20.44	0.20	0.63
9	24	48.11	5.16	27.19	3.54	21.74	0.18	0.62
9	25	45.55	5.77	25.94	3.63	21.30	0.15	0.60
9	26	45.73	8.93	27.83	3.62	22.48	0.22	0.51
9	27	<u>45.88</u>	<u>9.31</u>	<u>27.58</u>	<u>3.82</u>	<u>22.78</u>	<u>0.40</u>	<u>0.61</u>
Week avg		46.76	6.48	27.01	3.66	21.75	0.23	0.59
9	30	47.53	3.75	26.34	3.66	20.50	0.18	0.60
10	1	46.24	0.00	21.98	3.24	20.36	0.21	0.45
10	2	45.10	9.49	26.45	3.85	23.69	0.11	0.49
10	3	47.84	5.86	27.47	3.77	21.77	0.16	0.53
10	4	<u>43.22</u>	<u>20.11</u>	<u>30.64</u>	<u>4.30</u>	<u>27.49</u>	<u>0.30</u>	<u>0.60</u>
Week avg		45.99	7.84	26.58	3.76	22.76	0.19	0.53
10	7	46.73	12.86	29.93	4.08	24.63	0.23	0.72
10	8	44.65	14.55	29.30	4.09	25.14	0.11	0.56
10	9	46.13	11.01	27.32	3.85	25.23	0.14	0.60
10	10	42.76	19.81	30.37	4.31	27.08	0.20	0.61
10	11	<u>43.20</u>	<u>21.60</u>	<u>27.48</u>	<u>3.93</u>	<u>32.57</u>	<u>0.16</u>	<u>0.66</u>
Week avg		44.69	15.97	28.88	4.05	26.93	0.17	0.63
10	15	46.46	5.34	25.53	3.51	22.13	0.16	0.47
10	16	45.56	6.18	26.29	3.34	21.46	0.16	0.49
10	17	45.25	13.04	27.32	3.87	26.38	0.10	0.62
10	18	<u>43.26</u>	<u>14.00</u>	<u>27.35</u>	<u>3.64</u>	<u>25.55</u>	<u>0.13</u>	<u>0.59</u>
Week avg		45.13	9.64	26.62	3.59	23.88	0.14	0.54
10	21	49.57	5.30	26.33	3.65	24.22	0.12	0.55
10	22	44.26	15.35	29.19	3.75	25.97	0.15	0.55
10	23	43.13	18.82	29.92	3.96	27.39	0.08	0.60
10	24	45.15	19.52	30.84	4.11	28.89	0.17	0.66
10	25	<u>43.22</u>	<u>19.38</u>	<u>31.62</u>	<u>4.48</u>	<u>25.67</u>	<u>0.18</u>	<u>0.65</u>
Week avg		45.07	15.67	29.58	3.99	26.43	0.14	0.60
11	18	47.31	8.24	28.66	4.00	22.28	0.15	0.46
11	19	50.85	8.49	30.86	4.74	22.96	0.19	0.59
11	20	51.34	8.72	29.93	4.51	25.01	0.17	0.44
11	21	48.11	9.04	28.84	3.74	23.88	0.14	0.55
11	22	<u>60.36</u>	<u>11.05</u>	<u>32.56</u>	<u>6.13</u>	<u>32.02</u>	<u>0.18</u>	<u>0.52</u>
Week avg		51.59	9.11	30.17	4.62	25.23	0.17	0.51

Table B-3w. (Continued)

Weekly composite (1974)	Volatile matter	Fixed carbon	Carbon	Hydrogen	Oxygen (by difference)	Sulfur	Nitrogen
11-25	50.76	9.54	30.65	6.72	22.17	0.17	0.59
12-2	48.25	8.65	28.18	4.19	23.83	0.17	0.53
12-9	60.48	10.25	34.12	4.92	31.26	0.12	0.31
12-30	47.87	8.63	27.04	3.93	25.00	0.09	0.44
(1975)							
1-6	46.06	9.28	27.71	3.93	22.91	0.17	0.62
1-13	28.36	29.33	29.22	4.45	23.37	0.14	0.51
1-20	59.12	10.31	33.98	4.90	29.37	0.26	0.56
1-27	43.22	6.17	24.55	3.90	20.28	0.20	0.46
2-3	48.93	8.98	28.20	3.83	25.24	0.16	0.48
2-10	50.43	8.47	28.97	4.46	24.71	0.23	0.53
2-17	54.85	10.02	32.22	4.69	27.38	0.17	0.41
3-3	38.86	21.80	30.98	4.79	24.18	0.18	0.53
3-10	47.06	8.29	28.54	4.37	21.89	0.14	0.41
3-17	40.75	8.02	24.35	3.65	20.21	0.11	0.45
Daily samples							
Date 1975							
Month	Day						
3	24	43.94	7.14	25.00	3.64	21.66	0.15
3	25	46.35	6.44	23.48	3.54	24.91	0.26
3	26	45.40	7.53	27.82	4.01	20.41	0.14
3	27	44.93	7.87	24.05	3.50	24.69	0.15
3	28	39.80	6.34	22.97	3.70	18.81	0.24
3	29	45.50	7.38	24.90	3.38	24.04	0.19
Week avg		44.31	7.12	24.70	3.63	22.42	0.19
3	31	43.77	10.91	26.14	3.79	24.03	0.28
4	1	42.09	9.28	26.91	3.67	20.12	0.17
4	2	53.85	7.41	29.95	4.14	26.33	0.35
4	3	40.72	6.23	23.35	3.32	19.41	0.28
4	4	46.82	5.11	26.07	3.77	21.36	0.24
Week avg		45.44	7.79	26.48	3.74	22.25	0.26
4	7	39.69	15.69	28.19	4.31	22.19	0.20
4	8	50.17	7.33	29.86	4.22	22.67	0.24
4	9	46.31	7.64	26.61	3.81	22.75	0.23
4	10	51.25	7.40	27.90	4.18	25.68	0.41
4	11	53.85	9.39	32.12	4.74	25.69	0.24
4	12	45.44	7.66	26.25	4.22	21.98	0.20
Week avg		47.79	9.18	28.50	4.25	23.48	0.25
4	14	48.10	7.93	29.31	4.35	21.80	0.18
4	15	45.75	7.47	27.38	3.81	21.58	0.17
4	16	46.35	7.42	26.83	3.86	22.54	0.19
Week avg		46.73	7.61	27.84	4.01	21.97	0.18
4	18a/	41.84	7.91	24.41	3.38	21.09	0.26
4	19a/	43.53	6.84	22.01	3.51	24.08	0.19
4	21a/	43.99	8.85	27.31	4.01	20.74	0.24
4	22a/	40.33	8.53	24.74	3.90	19.44	0.22
4	23a/	36.51	5.39	21.11	3.02	17.08	0.26
Week avg		41.25	7.50	23.92	3.56	20.50	0.23

Table B-3w. (Continued)

Daily samples Date 1975		Volatile matter	Fixed carbon	Carbon	Hydrogen	Oxygen (by difference)	Sulfur	Nitrogen
Month	Day							
4	28	36.59	5.64	21.29	3.06	17.20	0.18	0.50
4	29	40.62	6.79	27.02	3.92	15.76	0.17	0.54
4	30	38.27	7.10	22.31	3.54	18.82	0.15	0.55
5	1	39.76	6.40	23.65	3.54	18.26	0.18	0.53
5	2	<u>38.58</u>	<u>7.36</u>	<u>23.08</u>	<u>3.60</u>	<u>18.55</u>	<u>0.17</u>	<u>0.54</u>
Week avg		38.76	6.66	23.47	3.53	17.72	0.17	0.53
5	9	<u>42.62</u>	<u>7.07</u>	<u>25.40</u>	<u>4.04</u>	<u>19.65</u>	<u>0.13</u>	<u>0.47</u>
Week avg		42.62	7.07	25.40	4.04	19.65	0.13	0.47
5	12	35.94	6.92	22.45	3.54	16.20	0.23	0.44
5	13	35.42	6.64	22.99	2.64	15.76	0.13	0.54
5	16	<u>41.44</u>	<u>6.58</u>	<u>25.34</u>	<u>3.61</u>	<u>18.51</u>	<u>0.14</u>	<u>0.42</u>
Week avg		37.61	6.71	23.59	3.26	16.83	0.17	0.47
5	19	44.49	5.94	24.99	3.69	20.98	0.19	0.58
5	20	<u>45.08</u>	<u>6.58</u>	<u>26.28</u>	<u>4.09</u>	<u>20.40</u>	<u>0.30</u>	<u>0.59</u>
Week avg		44.79	6.26	25.63	3.89	20.70	0.24	0.59
6	30	42.66	6.06	25.98	3.99	16.07	0.17	0.51
7	1	47.50	6.66	28.34	4.16	21.01	0.15	0.50
7	2	45.05	7.04	25.25	4.08	22.10	0.13	0.53
7	3	<u>45.18</u>	<u>7.23</u>	<u>27.28</u>	<u>4.24</u>	<u>20.27</u>	<u>0.14</u>	<u>0.47</u>
Week avg		45.09	6.75	26.71	4.12	20.36	0.15	0.50
7	7	38.85	6.00	22.38	3.29	18.60	0.15	0.43
7	8	34.91	6.34	21.43	3.18	16.03	0.10	0.51
7	9	43.05	4.81	24.33	3.95	19.01	0.10	0.48
7	10	46.25	5.37	26.71	4.03	20.16	0.20	0.52
7	11	<u>37.25</u>	<u>4.15</u>	<u>22.11</u>	<u>3.30</u>	<u>15.44</u>	<u>0.09</u>	<u>0.47</u>
Week avg		40.08	5.32	23.39	3.55	17.85	0.13	0.48
7	14	45.38	6.32	25.44	3.83	21.66	0.17	0.50
7	16	45.61	5.84	25.64	3.98	21.07	0.18	0.59
7	17	54.28	7.68	30.50	4.48	26.18	0.19	0.59
7	18	<u>43.29</u>	<u>5.14</u>	<u>25.31</u>	<u>3.96</u>	<u>18.40</u>	<u>0.25</u>	<u>0.50</u>
Week avg		47.14	6.24	26.72	4.06	21.83	0.20	0.57
7	30	38.07	7.00	23.80	3.53	17.01	0.19	0.54
8	1	<u>42.13</u>	<u>6.87</u>	<u>25.52</u>	<u>3.86</u>	<u>18.79</u>	<u>0.32</u>	<u>0.51</u>
Week avg		40.10	6.94	24.66	3.69	17.90	0.26	0.53
8	5	39.75	5.98	23.65	3.42	18.07	0.13	0.46
8	6	34.02	5.35	20.61	3.10	14.98	0.14	0.54
8	7	37.35	5.75	22.28	3.27	16.79	0.17	0.59
8	8	<u>27.33</u>	<u>15.63</u>	<u>23.47</u>	<u>3.35</u>	<u>15.32</u>	<u>0.19</u>	<u>0.63</u>
Week avg		34.61	8.18	22.50	3.28	16.29	0.16	0.56
8	11	28.89	17.69	24.56	3.58	17.77	0.18	0.48
8	14	37.86	3.62	21.16	3.16	16.45	0.17	0.54
8	15	<u>39.25</u>	<u>7.60</u>	<u>25.84</u>	<u>3.39</u>	<u>16.95</u>	<u>0.17</u>	<u>0.50</u>
Week avg		35.33	9.64	23.85	3.38	17.06	0.17	0.51

Table B-3w. (Concluded)

Daily samples Date 1975		Volatile matter	Fixed carbon	Carbon	Hydrogen	Oxygen (by difference)	Sulfur	Nitrogen
Month	Day							
8	19	43.51	3.50	24.92	3.72	17.77	0.15	0.45
8	20	37.28	5.66	21.79	3.21	17.31	0.14	0.49
8	21	41.29	5.66	24.53	4.09	17.65	0.16	0.49
8	22	<u>43.19</u>	<u>5.94</u>	<u>25.29</u>	<u>3.81</u>	<u>19.24</u>	<u>0.25</u>	<u>0.54</u>
Week avg		41.32	5.18	24.13	3.71	17.98	0.18	0.49
8	28	39.70	5.05	23.83	3.06	17.25	0.16	0.44
8	29	<u>42.88</u>	<u>6.10</u>	<u>24.34</u>	<u>3.61</u>	<u>20.38</u>	<u>0.10</u>	<u>0.55</u>
Week avg		41.29	5.57	24.09	3.34	18.80	0.13	0.50
9	2	40.96	5.80	23.83	3.54	18.07	0.17	0.54
9	3	47.61	4.26	27.34	3.99	19.79	0.18	0.57
9	4	40.44	6.46	25.65	3.93	16.60	0.07	0.65
9	5	<u>38.69</u>	<u>6.38</u>	<u>24.35</u>	<u>3.51</u>	<u>16.48</u>	<u>0.16</u>	<u>0.57</u>
Week avg		41.91	5.73	25.29	3.74	17.88	0.15	0.58

a/ Fine grind.

Table B-3x. PROXIMATE AND ULTIMATE ANALYSIS OF  
REFUSE FUEL PRODUCED  
REGRIND TEST - FEBRUARY 19, 1975  
(Material reground through same 3-in. sq. grate as  
used on first grind)

<u>Received moisture basis</u>	
Heating value (Btu/lb)	6,075.7
Moisture (wt. %)	24.90
Ash (wt. %)	17.95
Volatile matter (wt. %)	48.44
Fixed carbon (wt. %)	8.71
Carbon (wt. %)	29.82
Hydrogen (wt. %)	4.51
Oxygen (wt. % by difference)	22.20
Sulfur (wt. %)	0.17
Nitrogen (wt. %)	0.45

Table B-4a. WEEKLY SUMMARY PLANT ENERGY BALANCE, kJ  $\times 10^6$ <sup>a/</sup>  
(Total heat energy kJ  $\times 10^6$ )

Week of production	Plant input	Plant output				Total	Energy loss
	S1 Mill discharge	S2 RDF produced	S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S7 Magnetic drum rejects	S8 Ferrous metal by-products		
1	14,819	12,292	575	7	363	13,238	1,582
2	15,136	12,339	797	7	440	13,582	1,553
3	10,342	8,390	356	b/	281	9,034	1,307
4	7,546	5,951	322	b/	180	6,453	1,093
5	8,219	7,049	474	b/	176	7,699	520
6	c/						
7	c/						
8	11,861	9,882	382	8	258	10,531	1,330
9	4,942	4,068	256	3	108	4,435	506
10	4,853	5,007	223	5	133	5,368	+ 515
11	3,128	3,272	56	3	46	3,377	+ 249
12	c/						
13	7,610	6,086	317	6	349	6,758	852
14	3,921	6,075	126	4	122	6,327	+ 2,407
15	5,917	4,701	234	1	147	5,083	833
16	9,211	7,613	296	6	129	8,045	1,166
17	6,771	5,595	370	3	81	6,050	722
18	7,805	5,825	216	4	180	6,226	1,579
19	3,885	3,769	200	4	137	4,110	+ 226
20	1,004	927	27	1	28	984	20
21	5,772	5,478	234	3	135	5,850	+ 78
22	6,350	4,680	167	3	120	4,970	1,380
23	1,714	1,177	135	1	38	1,352	363
24	16,838	10,643	432	8	339	11,422	5,416
25	15,623	12,752	294	9	267	13,323	2,300
26	12,502	11,618	494	8	343	12,463	39
27	8,128	6,594	321	4	149	7,068	1,060
28	8,115	6,011	310	3	113	6,437	1,679
29	8,616	7,964	368	6	207	8,545	71
30	481	434	23	0	11	467	14
31	6,286	5,362	291	3	81	5,737	549
32	4,652	4,041	158	2	92	4,293	359
33	c/						
34	c/						
35	c/						
36	4,580	3,751	277	4	145	4,177	403
37	7,339	5,970	212	5	135	6,322	1,017
38	8,300	7,487	313	6	142	7,949	351
39	c/						
40	3,726	3,077	153	2	73	3,304	422
41	10,611	8,042	457	5	130	8,634	1,977
42	7,131	5,139	555	4	152	5,850	1,281
43	7,971	6,846	456	6	188	7,496	475
44	4,995	4,054	233	3	93	4,383	612
45	10,550	8,476	409	6	169	9,061	1,489
Total	287,251	238,444	11,520	153	6,441	256,405	37,794

a/ Heat energy (kJ  $\times 10^6$ ) calculated from daily heating value (kJ/kg) times daily weight (kg) for test days when daily samples taken. During test period when only weekly composite samples were taken (weeks 9 through 23) heat energy calculated from weekly composite heating value and weekly total weight.

b/ Heating value of magnetic drum rejects not determined. Calculated energy loss therefore includes magnetic drum rejects.

c/ Samples not taken. Therefore, no heating value data available.

Table B-4b. WEEKLY SUMMARY OF PLANT ENERGY BALANCE<sup>a/</sup>  
(Expressed as percent of hammermill discharge)

Week of production	Plant input	Plant output				Total	Energy loss
	S1 Mill discharge	S2 RDF produced	S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S7 Magnetic drum rejects	S8 Ferrous metal by-products		
1	100	82.95	4.24	0.05	2.45	89.69	10.31
2	100	81.52	5.27	0.05	2.91	89.75	10.25
3	100	81.21	3.44	b/	2.71	87.36	12.64
4	100	78.85	4.26	b/	2.40	85.51	14.49
5	100	85.76	5.77	b/	2.14	93.67	6.33
6	c/						
7	c/						
8	100	83.31	3.22	0.07	2.18	88.78	11.22
9	100	82.32	5.19	0.06	2.18	89.75	10.25
10	100	103.18 <sup>d/</sup>	4.58	0.11	2.74	110.61	+ 10.61
11	100	104.59 <sup>d/</sup>	1.79	0.10	1.48	107.96	+ 7.96
12	c/						
13	100	79.97	4.16	0.08	4.59	88.80	11.20
14	100	154.95 <sup>d/</sup>	3.20	0.11	3.12	161.38	+ 61.38
15	100	79.45	3.96	0.02	2.48	85.91	14.09
16	100	82.65	3.22	0.07	1.40	87.34	12.66
17	100	82.62	5.47	0.05	1.20	89.34	10.66
18	100	74.63	2.77	0.05	2.31	79.76	20.24
19	100	97.01	5.16	0.11	3.53	105.81	+ 5.81
20	100	92.32	2.73	0.11	2.84	98.00	2.00
21	100	94.90	4.06	0.05	2.34	101.35	+ 1.35
22	100	73.70	2.63	0.05	1.89	78.27	21.73
23	100	68.67	7.88	0.06	2.22	78.83	21.17
24	100	63.22	2.56	0.05	2.01	67.84	32.16
25	100	81.62	1.90	0.06	1.71	85.29	14.71
26	100	92.93	4.00	0.07	2.74	99.74	0.26
27	100	81.11	3.95	0.05	1.83	86.94	13.06
28	100	74.06	3.82	0.04	1.39	79.31	20.69
29	100	92.43	4.28	0.07	2.40	99.18	0.82
30	100	90.05	4.85	0.02	2.18	97.10	2.90
31	100	85.29	4.64	0.05	1.30	91.28	8.72
32	100	86.87	3.40	0.05	1.97	92.29	7.71
33	c/						
34	c/						
35	c/						
36	100	81.90	6.06	0.08	3.16	91.20	8.80
37	100	81.34	2.89	0.07	1.85	86.15	13.85
38	100	90.20	3.78	0.08	1.71	95.77	4.23
39	c/						
40	100	82.54	4.11	0.07	1.94	88.66	11.34
41	100	75.79	4.31	0.05	1.22	81.37	18.63
42	100	72.07	7.79	0.05	2.13	82.04	17.96
43	100	85.88	5.72	0.08	2.36	94.04	5.96
44	100	81.15	4.66	0.06	1.86	87.73	12.27
45	100	80.34	3.88	0.06	1.60	85.88	14.12
Average based on total weights (Table B-4a)	100	83.01	4.01	0.06	2.24	89.26	13.16

<sup>a/</sup> Based on data presented in Table B-4a.

<sup>b/</sup> Heating valve of magnetic drum rejects was not determined. Calculated energy loss therefore includes magnetic drum rejects.

<sup>c/</sup> Samples not taken. Therefore, no heating value data available.

<sup>d/</sup> Values about 100% due to larger than normal difference between S1 and S2 heading values. Assume nonrepresentative sample of S1 or S2 or both. Values not plotted in Figure 12.

Table B-5. WEEKLY SUMMARY OF PLANT FERROUS METAL RECOVERY<sup>a/</sup>

Week of production	Magnetic metal (Mg)					Recovery ferrous metal (%)
	S1 RDF produced	S5 Magnetic belt rejects	S7 Magnetic drum rejects	S8 Ferrous metal by-products	Total	
1	3.23	34.43	0.84	69.17	107.67	64.2
2	2.17	38.09	0.94	84.07	125.27	67.7
3	6.52	12.08	0.83 <sup>b/</sup>	52.50	71.93	73.0
4	0	11.52	0.82 <sup>b/</sup>	34.64	46.96	73.7
5	2.27	7.93	0.92 <sup>b/</sup>	32.91	44.03	74.7
6	c/					
7	c/					
8	0	3.63	0.94	49.70	54.29	91.6
9	0	5.44	0.48	20.76	26.68	77.8
10	0	7.46	0.85	25.66	33.97	75.5
11	0	0.25	0.39	8.87	9.52	93.2
12	c/					
13	0	3.32	0.98	66.52	70.82	93.9
14	0	22.38	0.64	23.59	46.60	50.6
15	0	23.18	0.06	27.95	51.19	54.6
16	0	21.76	0.83	24.63	47.22	52.2
17	0	43.06	0.43	15.49	47.32	32.7
18	0	2.40	0.64	33.24	36.28	91.6
19	0	6.82	0.60	26.31	33.73	78.0
20	0.28	0.10	0.16	5.52	6.07	90.9
21	0	13.03	0.52	26.10	39.64	65.8
22	0	3.84	0.41	22.74	26.99	84.3
23	0	1.84	0.15	8.60	10.59	81.2
24	2.76	9.74	1.17	64.32	77.99	82.5
25	13.14	8.75	1.36	51.68	74.93	69.0
26	1.52	14.70	1.06	66.71	84.00	79.4
27	0	2.85	0.51	28.71	32.07	89.5
28	0	20.98	0.64	21.94	43.55	50.4
29	0	13.11	0.77	40.10	53.98	74.3
30	0	0.93	0.02	2.17	3.11	69.7
31	0	12.36	0.40	15.87	28.63	55.4
32	3.14	3.84	0.44	17.77	25.18	70.6
33	c/					
34	c/					
35	c/					
36	0	6.27	0.59	28.09	34.94	80.4
37	0	4.94	0.84	26.33	32.11	82.0
38	0	7.55	0.86	28.15	36.56	77.0
39	c/					
40	0	4.31	0.30	14.09	18.70	75.4
41	0	7.91	0.84	25.23	33.98	74.2
42	0	6.85	0.56	29.49	36.90	79.9
43	6.31	6.03	0.91	35.82	49.08	73.0
44	0	4.33	0.43	17.97	22.72	79.1
45	0	6.60	0.83	32.82	40.25	81.5
Total	41.34	404.63	24.94	1,206.22	1,665.4	72.4

a/ Megagrams of magnetic metal calculated from weekly sum of daily percent ferrous metal times daily weight (Mg) for test days when daily samples were taken. During test period when only weekly composite samples were taken (weeks 9-23) recovery calculated from weekly composite percent ferrous metal and weekly total weight. Weighted average percent ferrous metal would be weekly megagrams ferrous metal divided by total weekly megagrams.

b/ Assumes 86.3% magnetic material. Samples not taken of stream S7.

c/ Samples not taken. Therefore no percent magnetic metal available.

Table B-6. DAILY SAMPLES OF REFUSE DERIVED FUEL (STREAM S2)  
(Daily composite of four subsamples equally spaced throughout the day)

Daily samples		Moisture % as received	Ash %		Heating value (kJ/kg)		
Date 1974			As received	Moisture free	As received	Moisture free	Moisture and ash free
Month	Day						
9	23	27.10	21.14	29.00	11,588	15,895	22,388
9	24	26.30	20.43	27.72	11,460	15,549	21,507
9	25	32.80	15.88	23.63	10,789	16,054	21,014
9	26	27.80	17.54	24.30	11,587	16,049	21,201
9	27	25.30	19.51	26.12	11,798	15,794	21,378
9	30	28.80	19.92	27.98	11,590	16,278	22,602
10	1	31.00	22.76	32.98	10,097	14,632	21,833
10	2	29.40	16.01	22.67	10,766	15,250	19,720
10	3	24.50	21.80	28.87	11,683	15,474	21,754
10	4	17.80	18.87	22.96	12,702	15,453	20,058
10	7	17.00	23.41	28.20	12,594	15,173	21,132
10	8	20.10	20.70	25.91	12,155	15,212	20,532
10	9	23.90	18.96	24.91	13,613	17,888	23,822
10	10	18.20	19.23	23.51	13,339	16,307	21,319
10	11	14.30	20.90	24.39	12,928	15,086	19,952
10	15	31.80	16.40	24.05	10,670	15,646	20,600
10	16	32.30	15.96	23.57	10,615	15,680	20,516
10	17	24.10	17.61	23.20	12,117	15,871	20,666
10	18	27.70	15.04	20.80	11,611	16,059	20,277
10	21	23.20	21.93	28.56	11,040	14,207	19,887
10	22	23.10	17.29	22.48	12,249	15,929	20,548
10	23	22.50	15.55	20.06	12,608	16,268	20,351
10	24	15.10	20.23	23.83	13,192	15,538	20,400
10	25	19.10	18.30	22.62	12,693	15,690	20,276
11	18	27.40	17.05	23.48	11,247	15,491	20,245
11	19	22.10	18.56	23.82	11,937	15,324	20,115
11	20	24.40	15.54	20.55	12,249	16,203	20,394
11	21	23.60	19.25	25.20	11,722	15,344	20,513
11	22	11.70	16.89	19.13	13,198	14,947	18,483
(1975)							
3	24	20.80	28.12	35.50	10,567	13,342	20,685
3	25	18.40	28.80	35.30	10,994	13,473	20,823
3	26	18.70	28.37	34.90	11,633	14,309	21,980
3	27	33.00	14.20	21.20	10,843	16,183	20,537
3	28	28.90	24.96	35.10	9,786	13,764	21,208
3	29	31.50	15.62	22.80	10,897	15,908	20,606
3	31	25.50	19.82	26.60	11,357	15,244	20,769
4	1	21.00	27.25	35.00	10,971	13,888	21,366
4	2	19.50	19.24	23.90	12,563	15,607	20,508
4	3	19.40	33.65	41.75	9,124	11,320	19,433
4	4	15.70	32.37	38.40	11,467	13,603	22,083
4	7	18.20	26.42	32.30	11,712	14,318	21,150
4	8	17.50	24.99	30.30	11,771	14,268	20,470
4	9	18.50	27.55	33.80	10,649	13,067	19,738
4	10	17.40	23.95	29.00	11,489	13,910	19,591
4	11	2.25	34.51	35.30	12,746	13,039	20,154
4	12	18.30	28.59	35.00	10,581	12,951	19,925
4	14	20.30	23.67	29.70	11,520	14,454	20,560
4	15	24.40	22.38	29.60	11,283	14,924	21,199
4	16	23.30	22.93	29.90	11,018	14,365	20,492
4	18	22.50	27.75	35.80	10,201	13,163	20,503

Table B-6. (Concluded)

Daily samples		Moisture % as received	Ash %		Heating value (kJ/kg)		
Date 1975			As received	Moisture free	As received	Moisture free	Moisture and ash free
Month	Day						
4	19	22.50	27.13	35.00	10,753	13,875	21,346
4	21	24.30	22.86	30.20	10,592	13,992	20,046
4	22	19.50	31.64	39.30	9,248	11,488	18,926
4	23	36.70	21.39	33.80	7,361	11,628	17,566
4	28	30.20	27.57	39.50	7,970	11,418	18,873
4	29	28.70	23.88	33.50	9,966	13,978	21,020
4	30	35.90	18.73	29.22	9,314	14,531	20,530
5	1	29.10	24.74	34.90	9,546	13,464	20,683
5	2	33.50	20.55	30.91	9,254	13,915	20,141
5	9	30.40	19.91	28.61	9,815	14,103	19,754
5	12	31.10	26.04	37.80	9,081	13,179	21,188
5	13	34.50	23.45	35.78	8,722	13,317	20,736
5	16	34.70	17.28	26.46	9,904	15,166	20,623
5	19	25.40	24.17	32.40	9,836	13,185	19,505
5	20	19.40	28.93	35.90	10,971	13,612	21,235
6	30	29.60	21.68	30.80	10,685	15,178	21,934
7	1	18.80	27.04	33.30	11,294	13,909	20,853
7	2	25.90	22.01	29.70	8,813	11,894	16,919
7	3	20.60	27.00	34.00	10,421	13,125	19,886
7	7	36.20	18.95	29.70	8,800	13,793	19,620
7	8	34.00	24.75	37.50	6,932	10,503	16,805
7	9	32.20	19.93	29.40	9,689	14,291	20,242
7	10	25.40	22.98	30.80	10,657	14,285	20,644
7	11	35.10	23.49	36.20	8,815	13,582	21,288
7	14	27.40	20.91	28.80	10,402	14,328	20,124
7	16	25.10	23.44	31.30	10,784	14,398	20,957
7	17	16.50	21.54	25.80	9,383	11,237	15,145
7	18	33.30	18.28	27.40	9,911	14,859	20,467
7	30	31.40	23.53	34.30	9,700	14,140	21,522
8	1	29.90	21.10	30.10	10,176	14,516	20,766
8	5	37.10	17.17	27.30	9,757	15,512	21,337
8	6	39.90	20.73	34.50	8,050	13,394	20,445
8	7	33.90	23.00	34.80	9,252	13,997	21,467
8	8	33.50	23.54	35.40	9,988	15,020	23,250
8	11	27.80	25.63	35.50	8,170	11,316	17,544
8	14	30.40	28.12	40.40	8,985	12,793	21,465
8	15	30.90	22.25	32.20	10,078	14,584	21,510
8	19	36.90	16.09	25.50	10,010	15,863	21,293
8	20	42.20	14.86	25.70	8,309	14,375	19,347
8	21	31.30	21.78	31.70	10,323	15,026	22,000
8	22	30.90	19.97	28.90	9,853	14,258	20,054
8	28	39.20	16.05	26.40	9,758	16,049	21,806
8	29	40.20	10.82	18.10	9,917	16,584	20,250
9	2	35.60	17.65	27.40	9,826	15,259	21,017
9	3	31.30	16.83	24.50	11,553	16,816	22,274
9	4	35.40	17.70	27.40	10,488	16,236	22,363
9	5	34.20	20.73	31.50	9,581	14,561	21,257
n		97	97	97	97	97	97
X̄		26.55	21.71	29.54	10,636	14,494	20,570
Sx		7.275	4,610	5,348	1,370.3	1,400.5	1,264.2
C.V. %		27.40	21.23	18.10	12.88	9.98	6.15

Table B-7a. WEEKLY MATERIAL BALANCE, Mg

Week of production	Plant input raw refuse received	Plant output				Total	Material loss
		RDF produced	Magnetic belt rejects	Magnetic drum rejects	Ferrous metal by-products		
1	1,387.0	1,075.6	104.5	1.1	69.9	1,251.1	136.0
2	1,400.8	1,064.4	125.4	1.1	85.1	1,296.0	104.8
3	819.5	652.4	65.8	1.0	52.7	771.8	47.6
4	705.1	531.8	55.1	0.9	34.7	622.5	82.6
5	704.3	567.0	61.4	1.1	33.7	663.2	41.1
6	265.7	222.6	19.3	0.3	13.6	255.8	9.9
7	421.6	357.2	34.7	0.5	22.8	415.1	6.4
8	966.0	815.3	75.7	1.1	49.8	941.9	24.0
9	420.0	315.6	31.8	0.5	20.8	368.8	51.3
10	476.8	417.8	32.3	0.9	25.8	476.8	0
11	252.2	232.9	10.0	0.5	8.9	252.2	0
12	110.8	85.5	4.4	0.2	5.5	95.5	15.2
13	704.7	531.1	53.6	1.1	66.6	652.4	52.3
14	605.3	442.9	33.3	0.7	23.6	500.5	104.8
15	463.8	394.6	41.1	0.1	28.0	463.8	0
16	632.0	533.9	48.8	0.9	24.7	608.3	23.8
17	661.8	541.1	62.2	0.5	15.5	619.3	42.5
18	652.5	492.7	42.9	0.7	33.7	570.1	82.5
19	378.0	320.1	31.0	0.6	26.3	378.0	0
20	86.9	70.7	4.6	0.2	5.5	81.0	5.9
21	510.8	433.5	46.5	0.5	26.1	506.8	4.1
22	516.8	382.4	38.4	0.5	22.8	444.0	72.8
23	152.4	114.7	12.4	0.2	8.6	135.9	16.5
24	1,224.8	983.6	70.8	1.3	64.4	1,120.0	104.8
25	1,382.0	1,130.9	54.2	1.5	51.7	1,238.3	143.7
26	1,333.2	1,002.7	88.9	1.3	66.8	1,159.7	173.5
27	839.1	688.1	56.0	0.6	28.7	773.4	65.8
28	869.2	641.6	64.8	0.6	38.9	745.9	123.3
29	1,084.3	859.7	75.1	0.9	40.3	976.0	108.2
30	54.8	44.2	4.4	0.2	2.1	50.7	4.1
31	725.0	566.8	50.3	0.5	15.9	633.4	91.6
32	466.7	389.5	23.4	0.5	17.8	431.1	35.3
33	87.0	72.6	8.4	0.2	4.3	85.5	1.5
34	85.1	67.1	5.9	0.1	5.0	78.1	7.0
35	86.9	67.1	11.5	0.1	5.4	84.2	2.7
36	450.7	362.8	40.8	0.6	28.1	432.4	18.3
37	792.2	650.7	43.1	0.9	15.9	710.6	81.6
38	834.0	739.9	61.1	1.0	28.6	830.6	3.4
39	53.4	40.3	4.3	0.1	1.8	46.4	7.0
40	347.1	308.3	24.3	0.4	14.2	347.1	0
41	1,027.7	860.2	66.4	0.9	25.3	952.8	74.9
42	760.3	567.6	72.0	0.6	29.7	669.9	90.4
43	814.4	716.3	66.0	1.0	27.6	810.9	3.4
44	488.1	413.2	31.6	0.5	18.1	463.3	24.8
45	948.9	822.1	61.2	1.0	33.0	917.3	31.6
Total	28,052.6	22,611.1	2,019.8	29.7	1,268.2	25,928.5	2,124.1
Total corrected							
weight	(27,794.5)	(22,258.1)	(2,092.9)	(29.7)	(1,314.1)	(25,694.8)	(2,099.7)
basis known							- 420.8 less moisture
scale error							(1,678.9) and particulate loss net material loss

a/ Estimated value - material not weighed.

Table B-7b. WEEKLY MATERIAL BALANCE (Expressed as percent of raw refuse received)

Week of production	Plant input raw refuse received	Plant output				Material loss	
		RDF produced	Magnetic belt rejects	Magnetic drum rejects	Ferrous metal by-product		Total
1	100	77.54	7.53	0.08	5.04	90.19	9.81
2	100	77.42	8.95	0.08	6.07	92.52	7.48
3	100	79.61	8.03	0.12	6.43	94.19	5.81
4	100	75.42	7.81	0.13	4.93	88.29	11.71
5	100	80.50	8.72	0.15	4.79	94.16	5.84
6	100	83.78	7.27	0.10	5.12	96.27	3.73
7	100	84.74	8.22	0.11	5.40	98.47	1.53
8	100	84.40	7.84	0.11	5.16	97.51	2.49
9	100	75.14	7.58	0.13	4.95	87.80	12.20
10	100	87.63	6.77	0.19	5.41	100.00	0
11	100	92.34	3.96	0.17	3.53	100.00	0
12	100	77.15	3.93	0.16	5.00	86.24	13.76
13	100	75.36	7.61	0.15	9.45	92.57	7.43
14	100	73.17	5.50	0.12	3.90	82.69	17.31
15	100	85.08	8.86	0.02	6.04	100.00	0
16	100	84.47	7.72	0.14	3.90	96.23	3.77
17	100	81.77	9.40	0.07	2.34	93.58	6.42
18	100	75.50	6.58	0.11	5.17	87.36	12.64
19	100	84.67	8.21	0.16	6.96	100.00	0
20	100	81.32	5.32	0.21	6.37	93.22	6.78
21	100	84.87	9.11	0.11	5.11	99.20	0.80
22	100	73.99	7.42	0.09	4.41	85.91	14.09
23	100	75.24	8.15	0.12	5.65	89.16	10.84
24	100	80.31	5.78	0.10	5.26	91.45	8.55
25	100	81.83	3.92	0.11	3.74	89.60	10.40
26	100	75.21	6.67	0.10	5.01	86.89	13.01
27	100	82.00	6.67	0.08	3.42	92.17	7.83
28	100	73.81	7.45	0.07	4.48	85.81	14.19
29	100	79.29	6.93	0.08	3.71	90.01	9.99
30	100	80.63	7.95	0.16	3.81	92.55	7.45
31	100	78.18	6.93	0.06	2.19	87.36	12.64
32	100	82.97	4.99	0.10	3.79	91.85	8.15
33	100	83.42	9.70	0.21	4.90	98.23	1.77
34	100	78.89	6.93	0.11	5.86	91.79	8.21
35	100	77.24	13.26	0.10	6.26	96.86	3.14
36	100	80.50	9.06	0.14	6.24	95.94	4.06
37	100	82.14	5.44	0.11	2.00	89.69	10.31
38	100	88.72	7.33	0.12	3.43	99.60	0.40
39	100	75.38	7.98	0.17	3.40	86.93	13.07
40	100	88.81	7.00	0.11	4.08	100.00	0
41	100	83.70	6.46	0.09	2.46	92.71	7.29
42	100	74.65	9.47	0.08	3.90	88.10	11.90
43	100	87.96	8.11	0.12	3.39	99.58	0.42
44	100	84.67	6.47	0.09	3.70	94.93	5.07
45	100	86.63	6.45	0.11	3.48	96.67	3.33
Average based on total weight (Table A-1)	100	80.60	7.20	0.11	4.52	92.43	7.57
Average based on corrected weight (Table A-1)	(100)	(80.08)	(7.53)	(0.11)	(4.73)	(92.45)	(7.55) - 1.51 less moisture and particulate loss 6.04 net material loss

Table B-8. SAMPLE VARIABILITY OF MILLED REFUSE--RESULTS BY WEIGHT (Received moisture basis)

Spectrum	Date 1974		Time for eight sub- samples (hr)	Stream	Mean	Individual subsamples							
	Month	Day				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Moisture (%)	10	1	2	S1	31.23	33.10	11.10	33.50	33.10	36.80	37.50	33.20	31.50
				S2	30.63	30.10	22.90	35.90	33.80	25.50	34.20	33.10	29.50
	9	26	1	S2	27.63	27.10	30.50	27.00	29.70	32.20	24.20	24.20	26.10
				S3	29.36	30.20	30.10	30.00	28.80	28.00	30.40	28.00	29.40
Heating value (kJ/kg)	10	1	2	S1	10,888	10,048	17,170	8,444	10,659	8,737	9,562	10,514	11,967
				S2	10,215	10,363	11,279	9,081	10,469	10,381	10,170	9,649	10,332
	9	26	1	S2	11,144	9,769	11,442	11,624	11,132	10,810	12,014	10,232	12,129
				S3	11,417	11,484	11,889	12,155	11,407	10,908	10,986	11,556	10,951
Ash (%)	10	1	2	S1	19.17	18.16	24.81	25.93	18.40	16.80	16.62	18.27	14.37
				S2	19.91	19.49	23.94	21.32	16.14	24.42	16.13	18.48	19.39
	9	26	1	S2	19.84	19.84	16.69	20.71	18.50	17.25	18.72	28.98	18.04
				S3	18.47	18.91	17.98	11.31	20.19	22.31	20.79	16.21	20.04
Metal content by chemical analysis (%)													
Fe (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	10	1	2	S1	1.17	0.81	1.24	2.23	1.01	1.01	1.00	0.91	1.17
				S2	0.78	0.68	1.21	1.21	0.59	0.79	0.55	0.47	0.74
	9	26	1	S2	1.56	2.34	2.09	1.45	1.01	0.94	1.06	2.06	1.54
				S3	1.71	2.69	2.64	1.03	1.67	1.42	1.46	0.82	1.97
Al (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	10	1	2	S1	1.36	1.10	1.57	1.63	1.06	1.23	1.21	1.40	1.65
				S2	1.38	1.22	1.56	2.21	1.04	1.53	1.10	1.08	1.30
	9	26	1	S2	1.76	1.41	1.57	1.70	1.63	1.63	1.55	2.64	1.93
				S3	1.99	2.83	2.20	1.25	1.87	2.81	1.94	1.23	1.79
Cu (CuO)	10	1	2	S1	0.06	0.01	0.05	0.14	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.01	0.15
				S2	0.03	0.01	0.02	0.04	0.05	0.04	0.01	0.01	0.02
	9	26	1	S2	0.06	0.05	0.03	0.14	0.03	0.06	0.03	0.11	0.04
				S3	0.04	0.06	0.06	0.04	0.03	0.05	0.04	0.02	0.04
Pb (PbO)	10	1	2	S1	0.06	0.09	0.01	0.10	0.03	0.07	0.07	0.05	0.03
				S2	0.08	0.21	0.07	0.06	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.10
	9	26	1	S2	0.04	0.06	0.01	0.09	0.03	0.05	0.01	0.07	0.02
				S3	0.04	0.04	0.03	0.01	0.04	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.05
Ni (NiO)	10	1	2	S1	0.02	0.01	0.03	0.05	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.01	0.01
				S2	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
	9	26	1	S2	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
				S3	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.03

Table B-8. (Continued)

Spectrum	Date 1974		Time for eight sub- samples (hr)	Stream	Mean	Individual subsamples							
	Month	Day				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Zn (ZnO)	10	1	2	S1	0.10	0.10	0.20	0.11	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.09	0.14
				S2	0.08	0.18	0.08	0.10	0.05	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.06
	9	26	1	S2	0.09	0.08	0.10	0.07	0.12	0.07	0.09	0.08	0.07
				S3	0.07	0.07	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.08	0.10
Proximate and ultimate analysis (%)													
Volatile matter	10	1	2	S2	47.20	48.79	49.68	42.78	45.55	50.08	45.70	48.42	46.60
	9	26	1	S2	46.58	46.99	45.31	46.22	46.53	46.48	47.98	46.82	46.36
				S3	46.31	47.46	45.40	41.20	47.56	49.24	47.95	44.35	47.31
Fixed carbon	10	1	2	S2	2.26	1.62	3.48	0.00	4.51	0.00	3.97	0.00	4.51
	9	26	1	S2	5.95	6.07	7.50	6.07	5.27	4.07	9.10	0.00	9.50
				S3	5.86	3.43	6.52	17.49	3.45	0.45	0.86	11.44	3.25
Carbon	10	1	2	S2	23.57	23.40	26.51	20.26	23.69	24.50	23.59	22.04	24.60
	9	26	1	S2	26.16	28.22	27.40	26.43	25.28	24.75	26.08	24.11	27.03
				S3	25.91	26.20	26.86	27.94	25.49	25.08	24.34	26.21	25.16
Hydrogen <sup>a</sup> /	10	1	2	S2	3.39	3.40	3.96	2.82	3.26	3.58	3.37	3.12	3.55
	9	26	1	S2	3.77	3.89	3.84	4.32	3.56	3.55	3.10	3.92	3.92
				S3	3.73	3.53	3.94	4.10	3.70	3.52	3.64	3.82	3.62
Oxygen <sup>a</sup> / (by difference)	10	1	2	S2	21.86	22.89	22.01	18.89	22.44	21.47	22.18	22.68	22.35
	9	26	1	S2	21.84	20.18	20.80	20.86	22.06	21.62	27.11	17.90	24.21
				S3	21.79	20.44	20.32	25.92	21.06	20.35	20.02	25.06	21.15
Sulfur	10	1	2	S2	0.16	0.13	0.22	0.30	0.14	0.10	0.11	0.13	0.13
	9	26	1	S2	0.23	0.20	0.13	0.22	0.42	0.14	0.21	0.33	0.21
				S3	0.15	0.19	0.19	0.11	0.13	0.12	0.23	0.12	0.10
Nitrogen	10	1	2	S2	0.48	0.59	0.46	0.51	0.53	0.43	0.42	0.45	0.48
	9	26	1	S2	0.53	0.57	0.64	0.46	0.48	0.49	0.58	0.56	0.49
				S3	0.59	0.53	0.61	0.62	0.63	0.62	0.58	0.58	0.53
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	10	1	2	S1	146	117	130	194	136	157	130	165	143
				S2	114	104	104	141	109	109	111	104	123
	9	26	1	S2	109	104	114	104	98	117	104	136	96
				S3	122	111	117	104	117	136	136	117	136

Table B-8. (Continued)

Spectrum	Date 1974		Time for eight sub- samples (hr)	Stream	Mean	Individual subsamples							
	Month	Day				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Composition by visual analysis (%)													
Paper	10	1	2	S1	56.5	53.0	44.7	52.3	64.3	58.2	48.5	59.9	71.4
				S2	67.1	65.6	66.6	41.4	64.3	85.8	81.3	61.4	70.1
	9	26	1	S2	62.8	66.5	67.0	66.8	55.9	62.3	60.5	53.3	70.3
				S3	64.1	81.3	67.9	57.6	57.4	63.4	61.1	58.6	65.4
Plastic	10	1	2	S1	7.2	2.4	4.1	4.6	0.6	9.9	33.0	1.3	1.6
				S2	4.5	5.6	9.0	12.4	2.8	1.7	0.7	2.5	1.6
	9	26	1	S2	8.6	11.0	3.9	13.7	5.9	11.4	15.9	3.3	3.5
				S3	5.9	12.1	13.7	2.9	2.6	1.7	5.4	2.7	6.4
Wood	10	1	2	S1	4.6	15.3	3.2	2.0	7.0	2.7	1.0	2.0	3.4
				S2	2.2	1.6	2.5	0.0	0.5	1.4	2.5	4.2	4.9
	9	26	1	S2	3.3	2.6	2.0	0.8	4.9	3.8	1.6	3.3	7.4
				S3	2.6	4.0	1.0	2.9	3.3	1.9	2.2	2.0	3.8
Glass	10	1	2	S1	1.1	0.8	0.0	1.0	1.5	3.3	0.8	1.1	tr
				S2	0.9	1.2	tr	0.0	tr	1.9	0.0	2.2	1.6
	9	26	1	S2	0.4	1.1	0.8	0.8	tr	tr	0.0	0.6	tr
				S3	1.3	1.2	1.4	tr	0.5	3.0	2.5	1.5	0.5
Fe metal	10	1	2	S1	2.8	3.8	3.7	1.7	1.8	0.7	2.0	2.1	6.5
				S2	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.4	1.4
	9	26	1	S2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
				S3	0.7	0.0	0.0	5.4	0.4	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0
Other metals	10	1	2	S1	1.1	1.6	2.8	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	4.6	0.0
				S2	0.1	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	9	26	1	S2	tr	tr	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0
				S3	0.1	tr	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.9	0.0
Organics	10	1	2	S1	1.7	2.4	1.0	3.1	2.7	3.6	0.0	0.5	0.0
				S2	1.9	7.4	tr	1.9	0.9	tr	0.0	3.9	1.2
	9	26	1	S2	0.7	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	2.5	2.2	0.0	0.0
				S3	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Miscellaneous	10	1	2	S1	25.1	20.7	40.5	35.3	22.0	21.6	14.7	28.5	17.1
				S2	21.2	18.6	21.5	44.3	30.8	9.2	15.5	10.4	19.2
	9	26	1	S2	23.9	17.9	25.3	16.9	33.3	20.0	19.5	39.5	18.8
				S3	24.8	1.4	16.0	31.2	34.1	29.6	28.0	34.3	23.9

Table B-8. (Concluded)

Spectrum	Date 1974		Time for eight sub- samples (hr)	Stream	Mean	Individual subsamples							
	Month	Day				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<u>Square screen size (mm)</u>													
Larger than 63.5	10	1	2	S1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
				S2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	9	26	1	S2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Less than 63.5	10	1	2	S1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
				S2	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	9	26	1	S2	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 38.1	10	1	2	S1	97.0	98.2	87.7	99.1	96.6	97.2	97.2	100.0	100.0
				S2	98.6	100.0	98.2	100.0	97.7	99.1	100.0	99.0	94.4
	9	26	1	S2	92.3	96.0	95.5	96.9	94.8	99.6	99.2	100.0	96.4
Less than 19.1	10	1	2	S1	70.5	50.4	46.1	87.5	73.7	77.4	77.4	87.0	62.6
				S2	82.0	81.3	79.6	81.2	80.8	86.9	83.6	78.6	84.1
	9	26	1	S2	75.8	75.2	84.9	73.5	79.4	49.8	81.7	88.5	73.2
Less than 9.5	10	1	2	S1	48.5	37.9	21.9	62.5	48.3	54.7	54.7	64.7	43.3
				S2	58.5	57.1	56.6	61.6	56.1	60.9	59.6	55.3	60.7
	9	26	1	S2	51.0	48.5	57.5	45.9	57.3	33.2	51.6	65.6	48.2
Less than 4.8	10	1	2	S1	30.8	25.3	14.2	39.6	30.5	34.0	34.0	42.4	26.3
				S2	36.4	39.6	39.8	42.0	37.7	43.5	38.5	35.9	38.3
	9	26	1	S2	35.1	31.7	38.0	22.4	39.7	21.1	33.3	45.8	33.0
Less than 2.4	10	1	2	S1	18.7	17.5	10.5	23.6	17.8	19.8	19.8	24.5	16.4
				S2	25.8	28.6	28.3	26.8	23.5	27.6	25.0	24.3	21.5
	9	26	1	S2	21.6	20.8	25.7	9.2	26.5	13.0	22.2	22.3	23.2
<u>Particle size</u>													
Geometric mean diameter (mm)	10	1	2	S1	8.9	10.8	15.3	6.2	8.4	7.5	7.5	5.9	9.6
				S2	6.5	6.4	6.6	6.2	6.9	5.9	6.4	7.1	6.7
	9	26	1	S2	8.4	8.1	6.6	9.6	6.8	15.3	7.3	5.4	8.0
Geometric standard deviation	10	1	2	S1	2.73	2.95	2.65	2.58	2.78	2.77	2.77	2.58	2.78
				S2	2.78	2.82	2.90	2.77	2.80	2.70	2.68	2.80	2.75
	9	26	1	S2	2.85	2.86	2.80	2.47	2.96	3.38	2.70	2.67	2.95

a/ Reported hydrogen and oxygen does not include elemental hydrogen and oxygen contained in the moisture:

Proximate analysis:

Moisture

Ash

Volatile matter

Fixed carbon

100

Ultimate analysis:

Moisture

Ash

Carbon

Hydrogen

Oxygen

Sulfur

Nitrogen

100

## APPENDIX C

### ENVIRONMENTAL TEST PROCEDURES AND DATA

#### TEST PROCEDURES FOR AIR EMISSION SAMPLING

Visual observation of the effluent from the ADS cyclone had indicated that it contained some large particles (pieces of paper, etc.) and was perhaps one of the more significant sources of debris that occurs in and around the plant. However, some windblown debris also undoubtedly occurs from the semi-enclosed conveyors and spillage from loading of packer trucks, etc.

Since it was obvious that the ADS cyclone discharge contained these large particles, it was considered impractical to sample the effluent using EPA Method 5 sampling trains because the small probe tips that are required would very likely be plugged by the large particles. The same would have been true for the cascade impactors that are usually used to determine particle size distribution of particulate matter in effluent streams. Therefore, it was necessary to utilize high volume sampling techniques with their larger probes about 25-mm (1-in.) diameter. Both a high volume mass train and high volume cascade impactor, equipped with a precyclone, were provided by EPA for this work.

#### ADS CYCLONE TEST PROCEDURES

Sampling of the ADS cyclone discharge was carried out in the 1.07-m (42-in.) diameter horizontal duct at the inlet to the ADS fan as shown in Figure C-1. Two 102-mm (4-in.) diameter sampling ports had been installed in the top and side of this duct. The nearest flow disturbance, relative to the sampling ports, was five duct diameters upstream (a 90-degree elbow) and two diameters downstream (air flow control vanes and fan).

Particulate sampling of the emissions from the ADS cyclone was carried out with a high volume sampler of approximately  $0.007 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$  (15 cfm). Sampling was conducted using a 23-mm (0.91-in.) diameter probe tip and sampling for 2 min at 14 points along each of the two duct traverses. Configuration of the mass sampling equipment is shown in Figure C-2. Isokinetic sampling was carried out, but it was necessary to determine the proper sampling rate based on a preliminary velocity traverse.

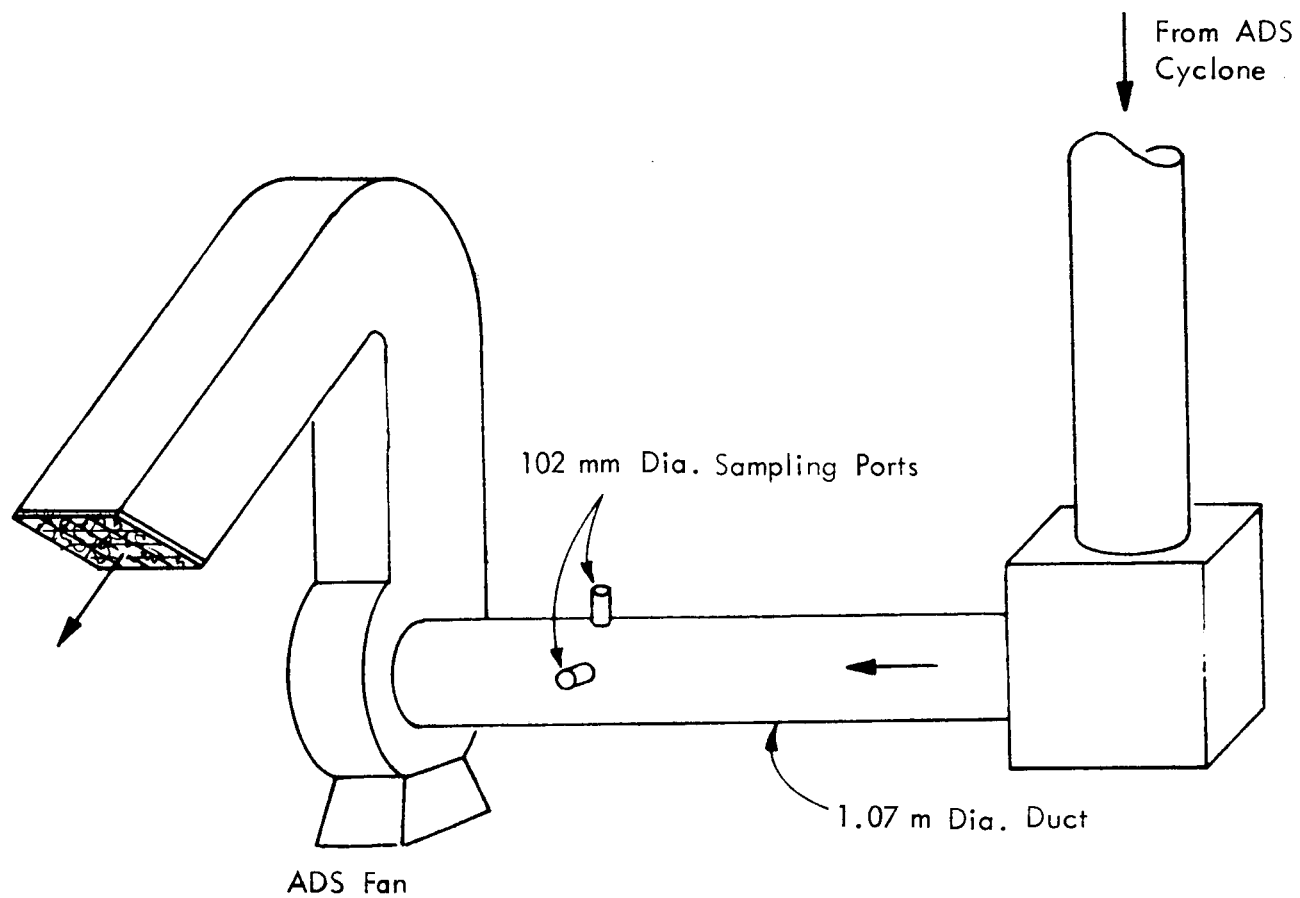
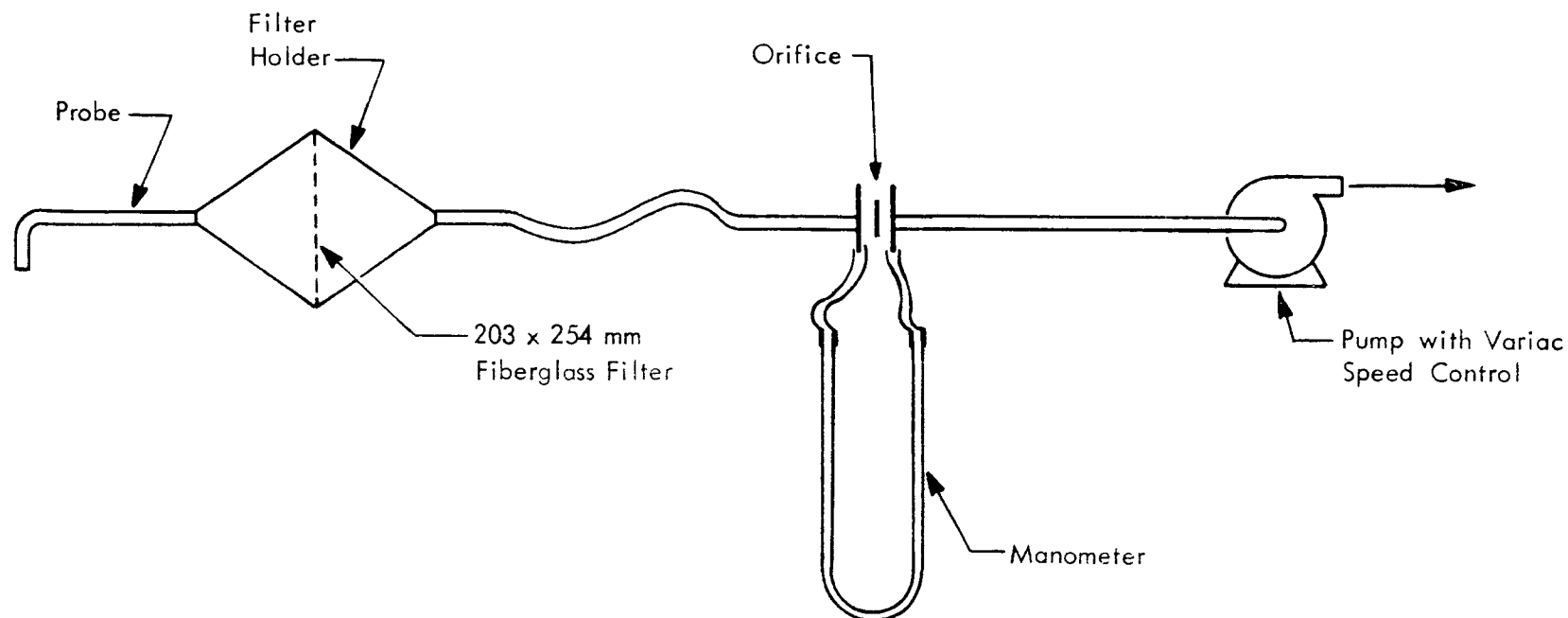


Figure C-1. Diagram of ADS cyclone discharge sampling locations



Note:

A preliminary velocity traverse was made of gas flow in duct in order to determine proper sampling rate at each sample point. Average sampling rate was about  $0.007 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$

During tests at Hammermill Cyclone, heated probe and filter holder were used, along with ice cooled condenser preceeding the orifice.

Figure C-2. Diagram of particulate mass sampling equipment

Particle size distribution of the ADS cyclone discharge was determined using the Anderson Hi-Volume cascade impactor and precyclone provided by EPA as depicted in Figure C-3. A 29-mm (1.125-in.) diameter probe tip was used and the sampling was conducted for 30 min at a single point near the center of the duct.

#### HAMMERMILL CYCLONE TEST PROCEDURE

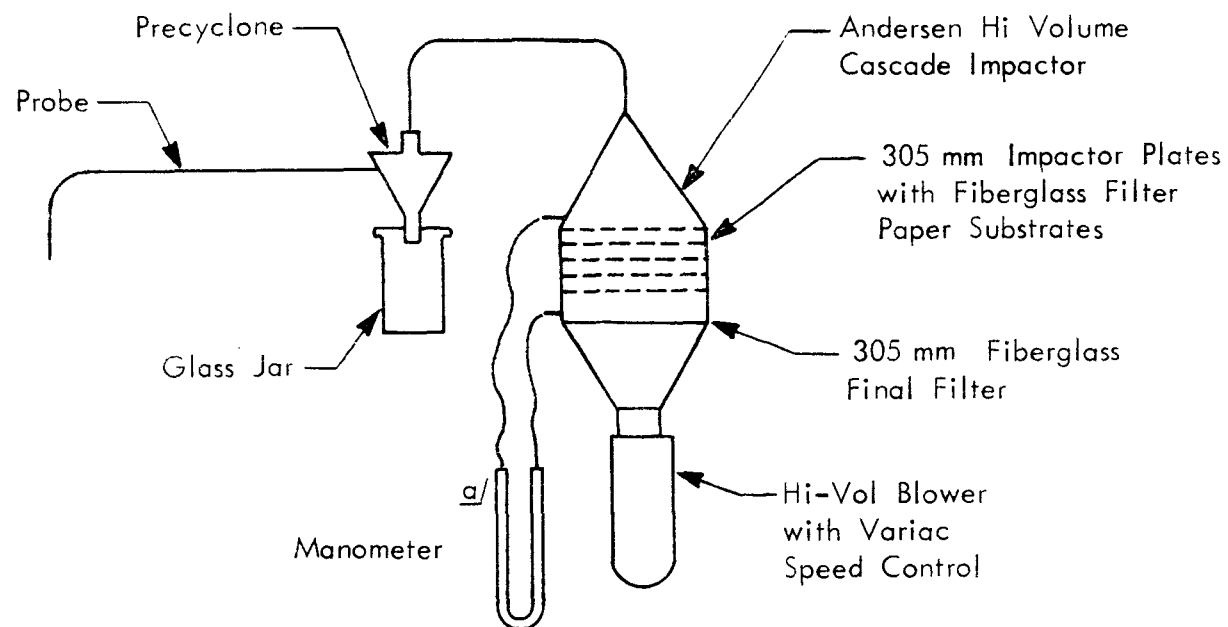
Sampling of the hammermill cyclone discharge was carried out in a 0.3-m (12-in.) diameter vertical duct extension equipped with two sampling ports 90 degrees apart. The end of this duct extension was two duct diameters downstream of the sampling ports and there were in excess of 10 duct diameters upstream of the ports before any flow disturbance.

Particulate sampling of emissions from the HM cyclone was carried out using the same equipment as for sampling of the ADS system (see Figure C-2). The only differences were the selection of the 29-mm (1.125-in.) diameter probe tip and use of the probe heater, heating jacket for the filter holder, and moisture trap ahead of the orifice, in order to minimize problems due to high moisture content of the effluent stream. Sampling was conducted for 5 min at four points along each of the two duct traverses. Again, sampling rate at each point was based on a preliminary velocity traverse.

Particle size distribution tests on the HM cyclone discharge were done using the same high volume cascade impactor used for sampling the ADS system (Figure C-3). The 29-mm (1.125-in.) diameter probe tip was used and the sampling was conducted for 1 hr at a single point near the center of the duct. However, because of the high moisture content of this stream, the heated probe and heating jacket for the impactor were used.

The effective cutoff for the impactor stages are noted in the attached tables. In considering these values, it was assumed that the cutoff diameter for the precyclone was  $\sim 10 \mu\text{m}$ . However, the cutoff diameter for the impactor stages strictly applies only to spherical particles of density 1.0, which undoubtedly is not the case for the particles in these effluent streams. In this regard, visual inspection of the material caught on the mass train filter and in the precyclone showed much of it to be of a fibrous linty nature, similar in appearance to material collected in a household vacuum cleaner. Small pieces of paper and plastic approximately 25 mm by 25 mm (1 in. by 1 in.) in size were also observed.

Bearing in mind the considerations discussed above, it is significant to note that the data indicate that most of the particulate matter ( $> 80\%$ ) was caught in the precyclone.



a/  
 Constant flow at  $0.009 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$  maintained by adjusting  
 blower speed to keep manometer reading constant  
 at  $1.44 \text{ kPa}$  (5.8 inches water column)

Figure C-3. Diagram of particle size sampling equipment.

## HAZARDOUS TESTS

Mass emission test data for the July 1975 hazardous tests were not tabulated as in previous tests because samples were split in the field for bacteria and virus analysis. No particle size tests were conducted during the July 1975 tests. Procedures for hazardous tests are contained in the body of this report under the section entitled "Potentially Hazardous Air Emissions."

Table C-1. MASS EMISSION TEST DATA

Run No. Date	ADS cyclone discharge					HM cyclone discharge	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	November 19, 1974	November 20, 1974	November 20, 1974	November 20, 1974	November 20, 1974	November 21, 1974	November 21, 1974
Probe tip diameter (mm)	23	23	23	23	23	29	29
Net time of run (min)	56.50	56.18	56.28	55.94	56.22	40.0	40.0
Barometric pressure (kPa)	99.50	99.53	100.61	100.61	100.61	100.78	100.55
Average orifice vacuum (kPa)	4.84	3.93	4.27	5.25	4.88	3.08	3.22
Orifice pressure absolute (kPa)	94.66	95.60	96.34	95.36	95.73	97.70	97.33
Average orifice temperature (°C)	18	13	14	12	12	5	12
Volume condensate (ml)	0	0	0	0	0	178	223
Percent moisture by volume	2.1	1.3	1.1	1.3	1.4	3.9	5.0
Moisture content after condenser	1.1	1.3	1.1	1.3	1.4	2.7	3.5
Volume gas sampled, standard condition (Nm <sup>3</sup> )	20.6	17.6	23.3	23.9	23.4	19.9	18.9
Volume gas sampled, dry standard condition (dNm <sup>3</sup> )	20.1	17.4	23.1	23.6	23.5	19.1	18.0
Molecular weight dry stack gas (g/g mole)	29.0	29.0	29.0	29.0	29.0	29.0	29.0
Molecular weight wet stack gas (g/g mole)	28.77	28.86	28.88	28.86	28.85	28.57	28.45
Molecular weight stack gas at orifice (g/g mole)	28.77	28.86	28.88	28.86	28.85	28.70	28.62
Pitot tube coefficient	0.85	0.85	0.826	0.826	0.826	0.826	0.826
Average stack velocity head (kPa)	0.187	0.153	0.243	0.256	0.251	0.146	0.143
Average square root stack velocity head (kPa <sup>1/2</sup> )	0.427	0.373	0.492	0.507	0.503	0.381	0.376
Average stack temperature (°C)	16	12	13	12	12	29	33
Average square root stack temperature (°K <sup>1/2</sup> )	17.00	16.88	16.92	16.89	16.88	17.38	17.51
Static pressure stack (kPa)	-2.07	-2.07	-2.07	-2.07	-2.07	-0.10	-0.10
Stack pressure absolute (kPa)	97.63	97.46	98.54	98.54	98.54	100.67	100.75
Stack diameter (m)	1.041	1.041	1.041	1.041	1.041	0.198	0.198
Stack area (m <sup>2</sup> )	0.852	0.852	0.852	0.852	0.852	0.070	0.070
Average stack gas velocity (m/s)	14.99	13.00	16.61	11.99	11.84	13.16	13.11
Average stack gas velocity, standard condition (m/s)	14.73	12.90	16.61	17.12	17.02	12.75	12.50
Stack gas flow rate, stack condition (actual m <sup>3</sup> /s)	12.77	11.08	14.15	14.54	14.41	0.92	0.92
Stack gas flow rate, standard condition (Nm <sup>3</sup> /s)	12.53	11.00	14.16	14.59	14.47	0.89	0.87
Stack gas flow rate, dry standard condition (dNm <sup>3</sup> /s)	12.27	10.86	14.00	14.40	14.27	0.86	0.83
Particulate weight (mg)	4,124.7	11,122.8	8,928.0	13,125.3	14,144.8	357.0	49.4
Particulate concentration, dry standard condition (gr/dscf)	[0.0893]	[0.1802]	[0.1687]	[0.1429]	[0.1628]	[0.0087]	[0.0012]
Particulate concentration, dry standard condition (mg/Nm <sup>3</sup> )	204	541	386	556	501	18.67	2.74
Particulate emission rate, dry standard condition (lb/hr)	[19.93]	[55.32]	[42.95]	[63.60]	[68.18]	[0.1274]	[0.0131]
Particulate emission rate, dry standard condition (kg/hr)	9.0	25.1	19.5	28.8	30.9	0.0578	0.0082
Percent isokinetic	98.5	96.9	99.5	99.4	99.2	101.2	98.5

Table C-1. (Continued)

Run No.	ADS cyclone discharge			HM cyclone discharge		
	20	21	22	23	24	25
Date	April 18, 1975	April 19, 1975	April 19, 1975	April 19, 1975	April 21, 1975	April 21, 1975
Probe tip diameter (mm)	23	23	23	28	28	28
Net time of run (min)	56.62	54.97	56.57	38	40	40
Barometric pressure (kPa)	97.53	99.56	99.56	99.73	101.25	101.25
Average orifice vacuum (kPa)	3.69	3.59	3.52	4.17	2.81	3.12
Orifice pressure absolute (kPa)	93.84	95.97	96.04	95.56	98.44	98.14
Average orifice temperature (°C)	23	11	20	16	12	18
Volume condensate (ml)	0	0	0	350	275	400
Percent moisture by volume (gas stream)	2.4	1.3	2.0	10.0	6.4	10.0
Moisture content after condenser (Nm <sup>3</sup> )	2.4	1.3	2.0	7.0	4.1	6.8
Volume gas sampled, standard condition (dNm <sup>3</sup> )	15.2	17.9	18.1	14.7	15.3	15.6
Volume gas sampled, dry standard condition (g/g mole)	14.8	17.6	17.8	13.3	14.6	14.2
Molecular weight dry stack gas (g/g mole)	29.0	29.0	29.0	29.0	29.0	29.0
Molecular weight wet stack gas (g/g mole)	28.74	28.86	28.78	27.9	28.30	27.9
Molecular weight stack gas at orifice (g/g mole)	28.74	28.86	28.78	28.23	28.55	28.25
Pitot tube coefficient	0.83	0.83	0.83	0.83	0.83	0.83
Average stack velocity head (kPa)	0.121	0.141	0.147	0.091	0.086	0.086
Average square root stack velocity head (kPa <sup>1/2</sup> )	0.347	0.374	0.383	0.301	0.291	0.292
Average stack temperature (°C)	21	10	18	46	38	46
Average square root stack temperature (°K <sup>1/2</sup> )	17.16	16.83	17.08	17.88	17.64	17.88
Static pressure stack (kPa)	-1.46	-1.42	-1.29	-0.03	-0.03	-0.03
Stack pressure absolute (kPa)	96.07	98.14	98.27	99.70	101.22	101.22
Stack diameter (m)	1.041	1.041	1.041	0.298	0.298	0.298
Stack area (m <sup>2</sup> )	0.852	0.852	0.852	0.070	0.070	0.070
Average stack gas velocity, stack condition (m/s)	12.14	12.65	13.16	10.92	10.26	10.52
Average stack gas velocity, standard condition (m/s)	11.48	12.75	12.85	9.91	9.70	9.70
Stack gas flow rate, stack condition (actual m <sup>3</sup> /s)	10.32	10.79	11.20	0.76	0.72	0.74
Stack gas flow rate, standard condition (Nm <sup>3</sup> /s)	9.79	10.86	10.97	0.69	0.68	0.68
Stack gas flow rate, dry standard condition (dNm <sup>3</sup> /s)	9.55	10.72	10.75	0.62	0.64	0.61
Particulate weight (mg)	22,264.8	23,521.6	31,378.3	16,481.3	17,308.6	19,450.2
Particulate concentration, dry standard condition [gr/dscf]	[0.6543]	[0.5814]	[0.7670]	[0.5400]	[0.5227]	[0.5991]
Particulate concentration, dry standard condition (mg/Nm <sup>3</sup> )	1,497	1,331	1,755	1,236	1,196	1,371
Particulate emission rate, dry standard condition [lb/hr]	[113.6]	[113.3]	[149.9]	[6.116]	[6.054]	[6.631]
Particulate emission rate, dry standard condition (kg/hr)	51.5	51.4	68.0	2.774	2.746	3.008
Percent isokinetic	93.3	101.6	99.4	105.6	102.4	104.3

Table C-1. (Continued)

## Particle Sizing Data (November 1974)

Run No./date	Stage	Dp ( $\mu$ )	Filter		Final wt. (g)	Tare wt. (g)	Diff. (g)	Less blank (g)	Net wt. (g)	Stages 1-4		Stages 1-4 + filter		Cyclone + Stages 1-4		Entire unit	
			No.	mm						Wt. %	Cum. wt. %	Wt. %	Cum. wt. %	Wt. %	Cum. wt. %	Wt. %	Cum. wt. %
P-8 (ADS)	Cyclone	10			6.3521	0	6.3521	0	6.3521					97.32	97.32	96.82	96.82
November 21, 1974	1	7.0	21	305	4.7821	4.6444	0.1377	0.0005	0.1372	78.45	78.45	65.71	65.71	2.10	99.42	2.09	98.91
	2	3.3	1	305	4.6396	4.6186	0.0212	0.0027	0.0185	10.58	89.03	8.86	74.57	0.28	99.70	0.28	99.19
	3	2.0	22	305	4.7562	4.7413	0.0149	0.0003	0.0144	8.23	97.26	6.90	81.47	0.22	99.92	0.22	99.41
	4	1.1	2	305	4.6040	4.5965	0.0075	0.0027	0.0048	2.74	100.00	2.30	83.77	0.08	100.00	0.07	99.48
	Filter		9	203 x 254	3.6595	3.6251	0.0344	0.0005	0.0339			16.23	100.00			0.52	100.00
									6.5609	100.00		100.00	100.00	100.00			100.00
Particulate concentration: 367.4 mg/nm <sup>3</sup>																	
P-9 (ADS)	Cyclone	10			2.9519	0	2.9519	0	2.9519					81.37	81.37	80.87	80.87
November 21, 1974	1	7.0	23	305	3.3556	4.7253	0.6303	0.0005	0.6298	93.18	93.18	90.20	90.20	17.36	98.73	17.26	98.13
	2	3.3	3	305	4.6002	4.5755	0.0247	0.0027	0.0220	3.25	96.43	3.15	93.35	0.61	99.34	0.60	98.73
	3	2.0	24	305	4.7551	4.7375	0.0176	0.0005	0.0171	2.53	98.96	2.45	95.80	0.47	99.81	0.47	99.20
	4	1.1	4	305	4.6203	4.6106	0.0097	0.0027	0.0070	1.04	100.00	1.00	96.80	0.19	100.00	0.19	99.39
	Filter		10	203 x 254	3.6643	3.6415	0.0228	0.0005	0.0223			3.20	100.00			0.61	100.00
									3.6501	100.00		100.00	100.00	100.00			100.00
Particulate concentration: 204.1 mg/nm <sup>3</sup>																	
P-10 (HM)	Cyclone	10			0.3751	0	0.3751	0	0.3751					93.40	93.40	88.59	88.59
November 22, 1974	1	7.0	25	305	4.7628	4.7511	0.0117	0.0005	0.0112	42.26	42.26	23.19	23.19	2.79	96.19	2.64	91.23
	2	3.3	5	305	4.6616	4.6557	0.0059	0.0027	0.0032	12.08	54.34	6.63	29.82	0.80	96.99	0.76	91.99
	3	2.0	26	305	4.7382	4.7314	0.0068	0.0005	0.0063	23.77	78.11	13.04	42.86	1.57	98.56	1.49	93.48
	4	1.1	6	305	4.6546	4.6461	0.0085	0.0027	0.0058	21.89	100.00	12.01	54.87	1.44	100.00	1.37	94.85
	Filter		11	203 x 254	3.6601	3.6378	0.0223	0.0005	0.0218			45.13	100.00			5.15	100.00
									0.4254	100.00		100.00	100.00	100.00			100.00
Particulate concentration: 12.38 mg/nm <sup>3</sup>																	
P-11 (HM)	Cyclone	10			0.4294	0	0.4294	0	0.4294					95.17	95.17	90.94	90.94
November 22, 1974	1	7.0	27	305	4.7257	4.7173	0.0084	0.0005	0.0079	36.24	36.24	18.46	18.46	1.75	96.92	1.67	92.61
	2	3.3	7	305	4.6437	4.6363	0.0074	0.0027	0.0047	21.56	57.80	10.98	29.44	1.04	97.96	0.99	93.60
	3	2.0	28	305	4.7192	4.7144	0.0048	0.0005	0.0043	19.72	77.52	10.05	39.49	0.95	98.91	0.91	94.51
	4	1.1	8	305	4.6516	4.6440	0.0076	0.0027	0.0049	22.48	100.00	11.45	50.94	1.09	100.00	1.04	95.55
	Filter		12	203 x 254	3.6783	3.6568	0.0215	0.0005	0.0210			49.06	100.00			4.45	100.00
									0.4722	100.00		100.00	100.00	100.00			100.00
Particulate concentration: 14.17 mg/nm <sup>3</sup>																	

Table C-1. (Concluded)

## Particle Sizing Data (April 1975) Fine Grind

Run No./date	Stage	Dp ( $\mu$ )	Sample No./ Filter No. (mm)	Final wt. (g)	Tare wt. (g)	Diff. (g)	Less blank (g)	Net wt. (g)	Stages 1-4		Stages 1-4 + filter		Cyclone + Stages 1-4		Entire unit	
									Wt. %	Cum. wt. %	Wt. %	Cum. wt. %	Wt. %	Cum. wt. %	Wt. %	Cum. wt. %
P-26 (ADS)	Cyclone	10	150	9.40057	0	9.40057	0	9.40057					99.60	99.60	99.41	99.41
April 21, 1975	1	7.0	151/31 (305)	4.74293	4.7153	0.02763	0.00620	0.02143	56.93	56.93	38.60	38.60	0.23	99.83	0.23	99.64
	2	3.3	152/11 (305)	4.68238	4.6673	0.01508	0.00620	0.00888	23.59	80.52	15.99	54.59	0.09	99.92	0.09	99.73
	3	2.0	153/32 (305)	4.71048	4.7013	0.00918	0.00620	0.00298	7.92	88.44	5.37	59.96	0.03	99.95	0.03	99.76
	4	1.1	154/12 (305)	4.68585	4.6753	0.01055	0.00620	0.00435	11.56	100.00	7.84	67.80	0.05	100.00	0.05	99.81
	Filter		155/26 (203 x 254)	3.66596	3.6470	0.01896	0.00108	0.01788			32.20	100.00			0.19	100.00
								9.45609	100.00		100.00		100.00		100.00	
Particulate concentration: 822 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>																
P-27 (ADS)	Cyclone	10	156	14.34108	0	14.34108	0	14.34108					96.72	96.72	96.52	96.52
April 21, 1975	1	7.0	157/33 (305)	5.16039	4.7243	0.43609	0.00620	0.42989	88.34	88.34	83.12	83.12	2.90	99.62	2.89	99.41
	2	3.3	158/13 (305)	4.73042	4.6952	0.03528	0.00620	0.02908	5.98	94.32	5.63	88.85	0.20	99.82	0.20	99.61
	3	2.0	159/34 (305)	4.72180	4.6956	0.02620	0.00620	0.02000	4.11	98.43	3.88	92.73	0.13	99.95	0.14	99.75
	4	1.1	160/14 (305)	4.66464	4.6508	0.01384	0.00620	0.00764	1.57	100.00	1.48	94.21	0.05	100.00	0.05	99.80
	Filter		161/27 (203 x 254)	3.88445	3.8500	0.03445	0.00452	0.02993			5.79	100.00			0.20	100.00
								14.85762	100.00		100.00		100.00		100.00	
Particulate concentration: 861 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>																
P-29 (ADS)	Cyclone	10	168	10.37800	0	10.37800	0	10.37800					97.56	97.56	97.29	97.29
April 22, 1975	1	7.0	169/37 (305)	4.94390	4.7062	0.23770	0.00620	0.23150	89.30	89.30	80.15	80.15	2.18	99.74	2.17	99.46
	2	3.3	170/17 (305)	4.65753	4.6409	0.01673	0.00620	0.01053	4.06	93.36	3.65	83.80	0.10	99.84	0.10	99.56
	3	2.0	171/38 (305)	4.72404	4.7064	0.01764	0.00620	0.01144	4.41	97.77	3.96	87.76	0.11	99.95	0.11	99.67
	4	1.1	172/18 (305)	4.67637	4.6644	0.01197	0.00620	0.00577	2.23	100.00	2.00	89.76	0.05	100.00	0.05	99.72
	Filter		173/29 (203 x 254)	3.87866	3.8480	0.03066	0.00108	0.02958			10.24	100.00			0.28	100.00
								10.66682	100.00		100.00		100.00		100.00	
Particulate concentration: 938 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>																
P-28 (HM)	Cyclone	10	162	8.86540	0	8.86540	0	8.86540					96.95	96.95	96.90	96.90
April 22, 1975	1	7.0	163/35 (305)	4.96516	4.7050	0.26016	0.00620	0.25396	91.11	91.11	89.63	89.63	2.78	99.73	2.78	99.68
	2	3.3	164/15 (305)	4.6735	4.6553	0.01820	0.00620	0.01200	4.31	95.42	4.24	93.87	0.13	99.86	0.13	99.81
	3	2.0	165/36 (305)	4.73981	4.7260	0.01381	0.00620	0.00761	2.73	98.15	2.69	96.56	0.08	99.94	0.08	99.85
	4	1.1	166/16 (305)	4.67866	4.6673	0.01136	0.00620	0.00516	1.85	100.00	1.81	98.37	0.06	100.00	0.06	99.95
	Filter		167/28 (203 x 254)	3.67370	3.6680	0.00570	0.00108	0.00462			1.63	100.00			0.05	100.00
								9.14875	100.00		100.00		100.00		100.00	

Particulate concentration: 571 mg/Nm<sup>3</sup>

## APPENDIX D

### STATISTICAL EVALUATION OF PROCESS STREAM SAMPLES

It was realized that the sampling methodology for characterizing the process streams might involve considerable error and not yield representative results. Therefore, a statistical evaluation of certain data was performed. The methods used to perform these statistical evaluations and the results are discussed in the following paragraphs.

STATISTICAL DIFFERENCE BETWEEN REFUSE FUEL ENTERING  
AND LEAVING THE STORAGE BIN

The daily sample analysis results for the 10-day period of September 23 through October 4, 1974, of refuse fuel entering the storage bin (S2) and refuse fuel leaving the storage bin (S3) were subjected to statistical analysis.

At 95% statistical confidence coefficient, there was no significant difference between S2 and S3 for any of the sample spectrums except bulk density. The bulk density data were reanalyzed and found to be significantly higher in S3 even at 99% confidence coefficient.

Bulk density is higher in the storage bin discharge due to the bin packing factor. Weight of material in the bin causes material compaction at the lower bin elevations. Since the bin was designed to discharge the material at the bin bottom, this discharged material is always more compressed and has a higher  $\text{kg/m}^3$  ( $\text{lb/ft}^3$ ) bulk density than the material entering the bin from the top.

## SAMPLE VARIABILITY

Two tests were performed to determine sample variance. First, eight subsamples evenly spaced over a 2-hr period were taken of the milled raw refuse (S1) and the cyclone discharge (S2). Second, eight subsamples evenly spaced over a 1-hr period were taken of the refuse fuel entering the storage bin (S2) and leaving the storage bin (S3). Each individual subsample was analyzed. The individual results are shown in Appendix B (Table B-8).

The sample results were subjected to statistical analysis. It was determined that there was no significant difference in sample variability between samples taken over a 1-hr interval and those taken over a 2-hr interval. Whatever short term time trends may be present, they do not affect the variability or dispersion of the sample data.

Daily samples of the various plant refuse streams were composed of four subsamples taken at 2-hr intervals which were composited to form one daily sample that was inspected and analyzed. Daily sample results are therefore the mean of four subsamples. The precision of such a mean can be calculated from the pooled sample variance of the previously mentioned test data listed in Table B-8. Table 23 shows the variability for each analysis spectrum category based on 95% confidence coefficient for a sample size of four. In general, the data in Table 23 indicated that results obtained by the normal sampling method (i.e., sample size of four) could be expected, with 95% confidence, to be within  $\pm 10$  to 15% of the actual mean value for most analysis spectra (e.g., heating value, moisture, etc.).

# TECHNICAL REPORT DATA

(Please read Instructions on the reverse before completing)

1. REPORT NO. EPA-600/2-77-155a		2.		3. RECIPIENT'S ACCESSION NO.	
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE St. Louis Demonstration Final Report: Refuse Processing Plant Equipment, Facilities, and Environmental Evaluations				5. REPORT DATE September 1977 (Issuing Date)	
				6. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION CODE	
7. AUTHOR(S) D.E. Fiscus M.P. Schrag P.G. Gorman L.J. Shannon				8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NO.	
9. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS Midwest Research Institute 425 Volker Boulevard Kansas City, Missouri 64110				10. PROGRAM ELEMENT NO. 1DC-618	
				11. CONTRACT/GRANT NO. 68-02-1324 68-02-1871	
12. SPONSORING AGENCY NAME AND ADDRESS Municipal Environmental Research Laboratory--Cin., OH Office of Research and Development U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Cincinnati, Ohio 45268				13. TYPE OF REPORT AND PERIOD COVERED Final-Sept. 1974-Sept. 1975	
				14. SPONSORING AGENCY CODE EPA/600/14	
15. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES One of two final reports. Project Officer: Carlton Wiles (513-684-7881)					
16. ABSTRACT This report presents the results of processing plant evaluations of the St. Louis-Union Electric Refuse Fuel Project, including equipment and facilities as well as assessment of environmental emissions at both the processing and power plants. Data on plant material flows and operating parameters, plant operating costs, characteristics of plant material flows, and emissions from various processing operations were obtained during a testing program encompassing 53 calendar weeks.  Refuse derived fuel (RDF) is the major product (80.6% by weight) of the refuse processing plant, the other being ferrous metal scrap, a marketable by-product. Average operating costs for the entire evaluation period were \$8.26/Mg (\$7.49/ton). The average overall processing rate for the period was 168 Mg/8-hr day (185.5 tons/8-hr day) at 31.0 Mg/hr (34.2 tons/hr).  Future plants using an air classification system of the type used at the ST. Louis demonstration plant will need an emissions control device for particulates from the large de-entrainment cyclone. Also in the air exhaust from the cyclone were total counts of bacteria and viruses several times higher than those of suburban ambient air. No water effluent or noise exposure problems were encountered, although land-fill leachate mixed with groundwater could result in contamination, given low dilution rates.					
17. KEY WORDS AND DOCUMENT ANALYSIS					
a. DESCRIPTORS		b. IDENTIFIERS/OPEN ENDED TERMS		c. COSATI Field/Group	
Wastes Refuse disposal Materials recovery Power Reclamation		Refuse derived fuels Waste as energy Resource recovery		13B	
18. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT Release to Public		19. SECURITY CLASS (This Report) Unclassified		21. NO. OF PAGES 347	
		20. SECURITY CLASS (This page) Unclassified		22. PRICE	