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KLAMATH FALLS 1° x 2° NTMS AREA OREGON

DATA REPORT (ABBREVIATED)

NATIONAL URANIUM RESOURCE
EVALUATION PROGRAM

HYDROGEOCHEMICAL AND STREAM
SEDIMENT RECONNAISSANCE

G. R. KOLLER



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PREPARED FOR THE U. S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY UNDER CONTRACT DE-AC09-76SR00001

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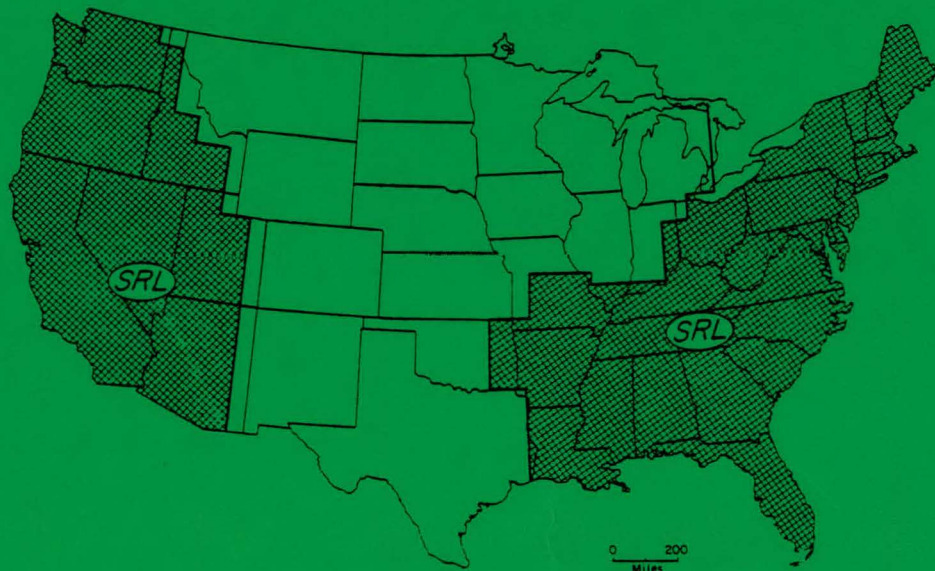
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ABSTRACT

This abbreviated data report presents results of ground water and stream/surface sediment reconnaissance in the National Topographic Map Series (NTMS) Klamath Falls 1° x 2° quadrangle. Surface sediment samples were collected at 1413 sites, at a target sampling density of one site per 13 square kilometers (five square miles). Ground water samples were collected at 150 sites. Neutron activation analysis (NAA) results are given for uranium and 16 other elements in sediments, and for uranium and 9 other elements in ground water. Mass spectrometry results are given for helium in ground water. Field measurements and observations are reported for each site. Analytical data and field measurements are presented in tables and maps.

Data from ground water sites (on microfiche in pocket) include (1) water chemistry measurements (pH, conductivity, and alkalinity), (2) physical measurements where applicable (water temperature, well description, and scintillometer reading), and (3) elemental analyses (U, Al, Br, Cl, Dy, F, He, Mg, Mn, Na, and V).

Data from sediment sites (also on microfiche in pocket) include (1) stream water chemistry measurements from sites where water was available (pH, conductivity, and alkalinity), and (2) elemental analyses for sediment samples (U, Th, Hf, Al, Ce, Dy, Eu, Fe, La, Lu, Mn, Sc, Sm, Na, Ti, V, and Yb). Sample site descriptors (stream characteristics, vegetation, etc.) are also tabulated. Areal distribution maps, histograms, and cumulative frequency plots for most elements; U/Th and U/Hf ratios; and scintillometer readings at sediment sample sites are included on the microfiche.

Uranium concentrations in sediments of the Klamath Falls quadrangle are relatively low, with a maximum value of 17 ppm. Highest values occur in tertiary volcanic rocks in the uranium-producing area near the town of Lakeview and in Quaternary volcanics in the north-central part of the quadrangle.

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KLAMATH FALLS TABLES

Tabulated reconnaissance data and elemental concentrations in surface sediment samples and ground water samples (Tables A-1, A-2, B-1, B-2, and B-3).

KLAMATH FALLS SEDIMENT PLOTS

Areal distribution maps, histograms, and cumulative frequency plots for elemental U, Th, Hf, La, Ce, Sm, Eu, Dy, Yb, Lu, Al, V, Ti, Mn, Fe, Sc, and Na; for conductivity, alkalinity, and pH; for log (U/Hf) and log (U/Th) ratios; and for scintillometer readings at sediment sampling sites.

KLAMATH FALLS GROUND-WATER PLOTS

Areal distribution maps, histograms, and frequency distribution plots for elemental U, F, Na, Mg, Al, Cl, Mn, Br, Dy, V, and He; for conductivity, alkalinity, pH, and $U \times 1000/\text{conductivity}$; and for scintillometer readings at ground water sampling sites.

KLAMATH FALLS GEOLOGIC MAP**KLAMATH FALLS MINERAL LOCATION MAP****SURFACE SITE LOCATIONS IN THE KLAMATH FALLS QUADRANGLE****GROUND-WATER SITE LOCATIONS IN THE KLAMATH FALLS QUADRANGLE****USER'S GUIDE**

DATA REPORT: KLAMATH FALLS 1° x 2° NTMS QUADRANGLE

INTRODUCTION

The National Uranium Resource Evaluation (NURE) program was established to evaluate domestic uranium resources in the continental United States and to identify areas favorable for uranium exploration. The Grand Junction Office (GJO) of the Department of Energy (DOE) is responsible for administering the program. The Savannah River Laboratory (SRL) is responsible for hydrogeochemical and surface sediment reconnaissance (HSSR) of 3.9 million square kilometers (1,500,000 square miles) in 37 eastern and western states.

The data presented here are reconnaissance data intended for use in identifying broad areas for further study. While care has been taken to provide reliable sampling and analyses, verification of individual analyses is beyond the scope of this report. The data should be viewed statistically because "one-point anomalies" may be misleading. Regional trends, however, should be reliable.

This report is one of a series presenting data obtained by SRL reconnaissance. Additional analyses may be released in later Supplemental Data Reports. All data will be available on magnetic tape from:

GJOIS Project
UCC-ND Computer Applications Department
4500 North Building
Oak Ridge National Laboratory
P.O. Box X
Oak Ridge, TN 37830

Sampling procedures are described in a field manual assembled specifically for this program (Price and Jones, 1979). A summary of the SRL development program in support of the reconnaissance is available in SRL-NURE progress reports (SRL-138). SRL data reports (SRL-146) have been open-filed for other western quadrangles (Figure 1).

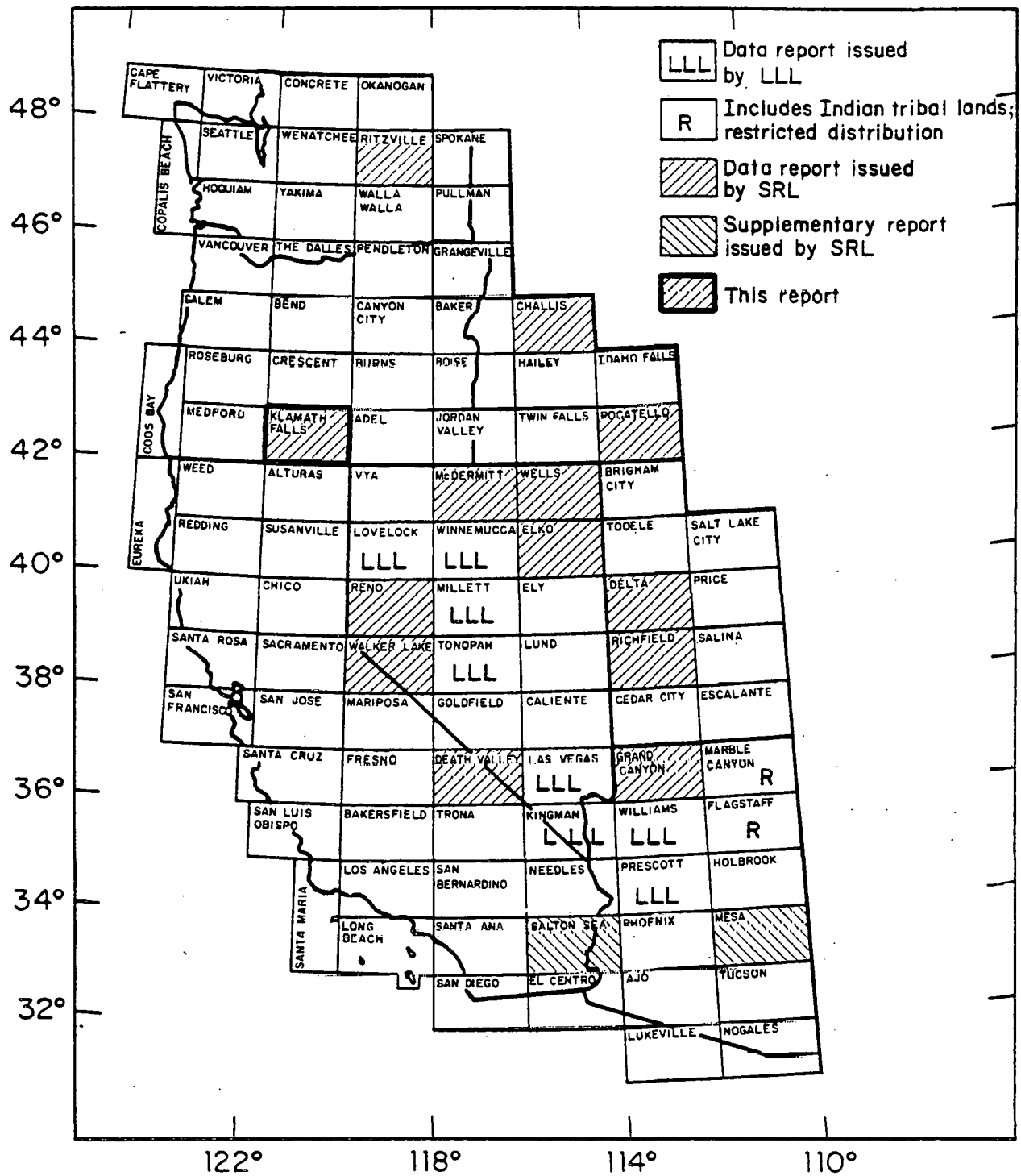


FIGURE 1. Location Map for the Klamath Falls 1° x 2° NTMS Quadrangle

SRL reports titled **Basic Data Report** or **Data Report** include geologic descriptions and a somewhat more complete description of the HSSR program. These reports and reports titled **Data Report (Abbreviated)** include neutron activation analyses (NAA) done at SRL. Reports titled **Supplemental Data Report** include analyses done by methods other than NAA. Not every quadrangle will be described in both **Data Reports** [or **Data Reports (Abbreviated)**] and **Supplemental Reports**.

FACTORS AFFECTING THE DATA

General

Sediment and ground-water samples were collected during the summer and fall of 1979. The arid climate (NOAA, 1977) of the Klamath Falls quadrangle accounts for the lack of surface-water samples. The scarcity of ground-water samples is due to both the aridity and the low population density of the area.

Quality Assurance

Sample Collection

Sampling teams marked each sampling site on an SRL-approved map and completed a field data form for every sample. An SRL subcontractor checked 97 sediment and 23 ground-water sampling sites during July 1980. No evidence was discovered of deliberate malfeasance by the sampling teams. More than ninety-five percent of the sites checked were found to be located within 800 m (0.5 mi) of the locations plotted on sample maps. Thus, the goals of a regional reconnaissance have not been compromised by map errors. Details of the quality assurance program are given elsewhere (SRL-138).

Analytical Standards

Sediment Standards SRL 2.2, 3.1, and 4.1 were analyzed along with NURE sediment samples. Analyses of these standards provide routine checks of the analytical equipment and software. Tables 1a, 1b, and 1c contain the results from the standards run during the same time period as the sediment samples. These results give a good estimate of the precision of the data and can be used in estimating bias between this and other SRL reports.

TABLE 1

Accuracy and Precision of Analyses of SRL Standards

a. SRL 2.2 Standard

<u>Element</u>	<u>Number*</u>	<u>Mean, ppm</u>	<u>Standard Deviation</u>	<u>Coefficient of Variation, %</u>	<u>Nominal Value, ppm**</u>
U	38	22.1	1.1	4.9	22.2
Th	38	114	11.1	9.7	125
Hf	38	158	17.4	11.1	173
Al	38	8220	5380	65.4	6500
Ce	38	539	58.5	10.9	614
Fe	38	7550	1640	21.7	6700
Mn	37	284	88.6	31.2	300
Sc	38	4.1	5.9	142	3.9
Na	37	203	150	73.9	145
Ti	38	13,500	3200	23.7	13,200
V	38	33.7	5.3	15.7	34.7
Dy	37	24.8	9.1	36.6	<22
Eu	29	2.7	1.1	40.3	2.5
La	38	311	77.8	25.0	301
Lu	38	2.5	0.3	13.1	2.9
Sm	38	28.8	7.7	26.8	51.3
Yb	38	16.7	3.5	20.7	18.2

* Number of determinations.

** See Reference SRL-138, No. 16 [GJBX-160(79)], pp. 20-22.

TABLE 1

b. SRL 3.1 Standard

<u>Element</u>	<u>Number*</u>	<u>Mean, ppm</u>	<u>Standard Deviation</u>	<u>Coefficient of Variation, %</u>	<u>Nominal Value, ppm**</u>
U	36	43.3	2.5	5.7	41.3
Th	34	155	14.3	9.2	162
Hf	15	7.9	4.5	57.5	7.4
Al	37	36,300	3600	9.9	30,600
Ce	32	857	86.2	10.1	903
Fe	35	16,400	2450	15.0	15,200
Mn	36	283	150	53.0	289
Sc	36	4.3	1.1	25.1	4.2
Na	36	1040	319	30.6	901
Ti	31	5720	1120	19.6	6100
V	37	64.4	97.3	151	54.4
Dy	37	142	593	418	50†
Eu	31	4.5	1.8	38.9	3.9
La	36	442	60.8	13.7	443.
Lu	35	4.2	0.9	20.6	4.4
Sm	35	51.4	16.9	32.9	69.2
Yb	33	30.2	4.1	13.6	29.9

* Number of determinations.

** See Reference SRL-138, No. 16 [GJBX-160(79)]; pp. 20-22.

† Only one laboratory reported a value for dysprosium.

TABLE 1

c. SRL 4.1 Standard

<u>Element</u>	<u>Number*</u>	<u>Mean, ppm</u>	<u>Standard Deviation</u>	<u>Coefficient of Variation, %</u>	<u>Nominal Value, ppm**</u>
U	37	0.6	0.1	10.4	0.58
Th	12	2.0	0.5	25.0	2.1
Hf	31	3.1	1.1	36.0	4.4
Al	37	66,500	8,900	13.4	66,700
Ca	25	47.6	13.5	28.3	44
Fe	37	80,900	9060	11.2	87,300
Mn	37	1810	248	13.7	1970
Sc	37	16.1	3.0	18.6	21
Na	37	18,000	2510	14.0	15,100
Ti	36	25,900	3700	14.3	25,200
V	37	261	43.3	16.6	273
Dy	8	6.2	5.4	86.8	<22
Eu	22	1.3	0.5	37.1	1.2
La	35	15.3	4.0	26.4	18.6
Lu	17	0.2	0.1	39.5	0.28
Sm	35	2.7	0.7	24.5	4.2
Yb	5	3.2	2.2	68.1	1.6

* Number of determinations.

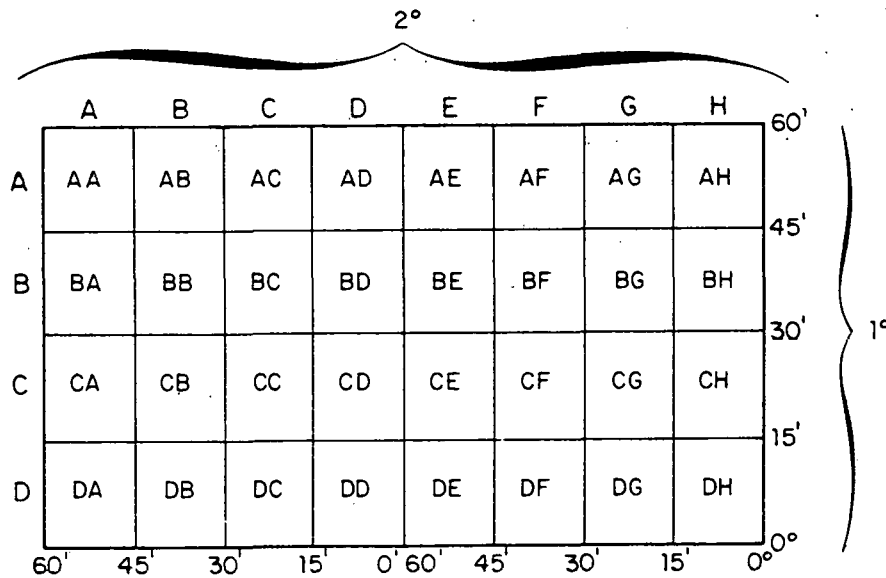
** See Reference SRL-138, No. 16 [GJBX-160(79)], pp. 20-22.

Periodically, DOE intersite comparison standards are analyzed. An independent quality assurance program based on these standards is conducted for DOE by Ames (Iowa) Laboratory (D'Silva, et al.).

DESCRIPTION OF DATA TABLES

This section of the report summarizes the type of data tabulated on microfiche. Ground-water analyses and site descriptions are tabulated in Tables A-1 and A-2, both of which can be found on the microfiche titled **KLAMATH FALLS TABLES**. Sediment analyses and site descriptions are tabulated in Tables B-1, B-2, and B-3, which are also on the microfiche titled **KLAMATH FALLS TABLES**.

Table A-1 begins with the sample's SRL identification number, which is composed of four letters and a three-digit number. The first two letters identify the quadrangle. KF is the two-letter designator for the Klamath Falls 1° x 2° NTMS quadrangle. The third and fourth letters define which 15-minute quadrangle contains the sampling site (see chart below).



Numbers from 001 to 499 designate surface sites. Numbers from 501 to 999 designate ground-water sites. The first sediment sample, therefore, taken from the extreme northeastern portion of the Klamath Falls 1° x 2° NTMS quadrangle would be KFAH001.

Other entries on Table A-1 include a DOE identification number; pH, conductivity, alkalinity, and scintillometer readings; analyses for U, Br, Cl, F, He, Mn, Na, and V; and the ratio of uranium-to-conductivity (multiplied by 1000 for convenience; U x 1000/cond.). All entries are self-explanatory except those noted below (see also the **USER'S GUIDE**).

DOE ID is a 28-digit number that includes the following parts:

Digit Number

1-2	State (See Table 1 in the USER'S GUIDE)
4-10	Latitude of site
12-19	Longitude of site
21	Laboratory code (4 = SRL)
23-24	Sample type (See Table 2 in the USER'S GUIDE).
26-28	Replication code. Generally only original samples (-000) are reported in the Data Reports.

Table A-2 shows SRL identification number; concentrations of Al, Dy, and Mg; sampling date; sample collection team number; and the following characteristics of the well or spring that was sampled:

WATRTEMP	Water Temperature, in °C.
WELDEPTH	Depth of well in feet.
DPTHCONF	Confidence in depth measurement.*
WELCLASS	Classification of well use.*

* Definitions of entries under these headings are detailed in the **USER'S GUIDE**.

SMPPPOINT	Point in plumbing system where water was taken.*
WELLODOR	Presence of hydrogen sulfide or other odor.

Sediment analyses and site descriptions are tabulated in Tables B-1, B-2, and B-3, which are on the microfiche labeled **KLAMATH FALLS TABLES**.

Table B-1 includes SRL and DOE identification numbers similar to those described above for ground-water sites. Table B-1 also includes scintillometer readings, pH, conductivity, and alkalinity of stream water, plus elemental concentrations of U, Th, Hf, Ce, Fe, Mn, Na, Sc, Ti, and V.

Table B-2 (Supplementary Data - Sediments) includes the SRL identification number and concentrations of Al, Dy, Eu, La, Sm, Yb, and Lu.

Table B-3 (Supplementary Data - Sediments) includes the SRL identification number of the following entries:

SAMPTYPE	Type of soil, sediment, etc., sampled (See Table 2 in the USER'S GUIDE).
ROCKTYPE	Type of rock underlying sampling site.*
SEDSIZE	Dominant size of particles in sediment at site.*
STRWIDTH STRDEPTH STRFLOW STRLEVEL	Size and flow rate of stream at sampling site.*
VEGTYPE	Dominant type of vegetation at site.*
VEGDENS	Vegetation density at site.*
RELIEF	Local relief at site.*
COMPOSIT	Number of subsamples blended into sample.

* Definitions of entries under these headings are detailed in the **USER'S GUIDE**.

CONTAMN1	Activities or contaminants that may affect
CONTAMN2	the material sampled.*
CONTAMN3	
CONTAMN4	
FRMATION	The rock formation that underlies the site.*
ODOR	Odors detected in sampled material.*
WATRTEMP	Water temperature in °C.
SAMPDATE	Date sample was collected.
TEAM	Numerical designator of sample collection team.

Further details of how the field data are recorded can be found in the **USER'S GUIDE** and in Price and Jones (1979).

Elemental Analyses

Concentrations of each element are reported in parts per million (ppm) by weight for sediments, and in parts per billion (ppb) for water. Values have been rounded to appropriate significant figures. Note that elemental (not oxide) concentrations are quoted in this table. Values below detection limits are indicated by a minus (-). For example, -3 means that the sample contains less than 3 ppm of that element. If background is high, a period (.) is used to indicate that the element was not detected, and that the detection limit is not estimated for that element. Missing data are indicated by "M". All analytical results are missing when there was insufficient sample for analysis.

* Definitions of entries under these headings are detailed in the **USER'S GUIDE**.

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D'Silva, A. P., Floyd, M. A., and Haas, W. J., Jr., **Multilaboratory Analytical Quality Control for the Hydrogeochemical and Stream Sediment Reconnaissance**: Iowa State University, Ames Laboratory, Ames, Ia. A series of monthly reports sponsored by USDOE. Available from NTIS, Springfield, Va.

NOAA, 1977, **Records of Annual Precipitation**, U.S. Department of Commerce, National Climatic Center, Asheville, N.C.

Price, V., and Jones, P. L., 1979, **Training Manual for Water and Sediment Geochemical Reconnaissance**: SRL Internal Doc. DPST-79-219, E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co., Savannah River Laboratory, Aiken, S.C.

SRL-138, **Savannah River Laboratory Quarterly and Semiannual Reports, Hydrogeochemical and Stream Sediment Reconnaissance, National Uranium Resource Evaluation Program**: E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co., Savannah River Laboratory, Aiken, S.C.

No.	Period	SRL Doc. No.	DOE-GJO Doc. No.*
1	January-March 1975	DPST-75-138-1	GJBX-5(76)
2	April-June 1975	DPST-75-138-2	GJBX-6(76)
3	July-September 1975	DPST-75-138-3	GJBX-7(76)
4	October-December 1975	DPST-75-138-4	GJBX-8(76)
5	January-March 1976	DPST-76-138-1	GJBX-17(76)
6	April-June 1976	DPST-76-138-2	GJBX-27(76)
7	July-September 1976	DPST-76-138-3	GJBX-63(76)
8	October-December 1976	DPST-76-138-4	GJBX-6(77)
9	January-March 1977	DPST-77-138-1	GJBX-35(77)
10	April-June 1977	DPST-77-138-2	GJBX-55(77)
11	July-September 1977	DPST-77-138-3	GJBX-90(77)
12	October-December 1977	DPST-77-138-4	GJBX-37(78)
13	January-March 1978	DPST-78-138-1	GJBX-66(78)
14	April-September 1978	DPST-78-138-2	GJBX-13(79)
15	October 1978-March 1979	DPST-79-138-1	GJBX-86(79)
16	April-September 1979	DPST-79-138-2	GJBX-160(79)
17	October 1979-March 1980	DPST-80-138-1	(in process)

* DOE-GJO reports are available on microfiche from the Grand Junction Office, DOE, for \$6.00. Prepaid orders should be sent to: Bendix Field Engineering Corporation, Technical Library, P.O. Box 1569, Grand Junction, CO 91501. Checks or money orders should be made out to Bendix Field Engineering Corp., the operations contractor for DOE's Grand Junction Office.

SRL-146, **SRL-NURE Data Reports**, E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co.,
Savannah River Laboratory, Aiken, S.C.

No.	NTMS 1° x 2° Quadrangle	SRL Doc. No.	DOE-GJO Doc. No.*
1	Winston-Salem†	DPST-77-146-1	GJBX-6(77)
2	Spartanburg	DPST-77-146-2	GJBX-09(78)
3	Charlotte	DPST-78-146-1	GJBX-40(78)
4	Greenville	DPST-78-146-2	GJBX-47(78)
5	Winston-Salem††	DPST-78-146-3	GJBX-58(78)
6	Greensboro	DPST-78-146-4	GJBX-74(78)
7	Knoxville	DPST-78-146-5	GJBX-75(79)
8	Scranton	DPST-78-146-6	GJBX-02(79)
9	Athens	DPST-78-146-7	GJBX-20(79)
10	Harrisburg	DPST-79-146-1	GJBX-31(79)
11	Portland	DPST-79-146-2	GJBX-28(79)
12	Glens Falls	DPST-79-146-3	GJBX-44(79)
13	Augusta	DPST-79-146-4	GJBX-45(79)
14	Dyersburg	DPST-79-146-5	GJBX-58(79)
15	Poplar Bluff	DPST-79-146-6	GJBX-63(79)
16	Hartford	DPST-79-146-7	GJBX-94(79)
17	Williamsport	DPST-79-146-8	GJBX-152(79)
18	Newark	DPST-79-146-9	GJBX-128(80)
19	Albany	DPST-79-146-10	GJBX-140(79)
20	Atlanta	DPST-79-146-11	GJBX-129(79)
21	Delta, Richfield†††	DPST-79-146-12	GJBX-161(79)
22	Walker Lake	DPST-79-146-13	GJBX-107(80)
23	McDermitt, Wells†††	DPST-79-146-14	GJBX-117(80)
24	Reno	DPST-79-146-15	GJBX-108(80)
25	Death Valley	DPST-79-146-16	GJBX-135(80)
26	Flagstaff††††	DPST-79-146-17	(I)
27	Marble Canyon	DPST-79-146-18	(I)
28	Grand Canyon	DPST-79-146-19	(in process)
29	Pocatello	DPST-79-146-20	(in process)
30	Mesa	DPST-80-146-1S	GJBX-81(80)
31	Salton Sea	DPST-80-146-2S	GJBX-113(80)
32	Ritzville	DPST-80-146-3	(in process)
33	Elko	DPST-80-146-4	(in process)
34	Challis	DPST-80-146-5	GJBX-91(80)
35	Klamath Falls	DPST-80-146-6	(this report)

- † Sediment only.
- †† Ground water only.
- ††† SRL analyses of samples collected by Lawrence Livermore Laboratory.
- †††† Abbreviated report; geology, hydrology, and data discussion sections are omitted.
- S Supplemental Data Reports. (I) Indian tribal lands; restricted distribution.