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APEX-371



"MONTE CARLO RESEARCH SERIES:
MONTE CARLO PROGRAM FOR A LINEAR REACTOR
WITH VOID GAPS"

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November 13, 1957

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ABSTRACT OF REPORT NO. XDC 57-11-121

TITLE: Monte Carlo Research Series: Monte Carlo Program for a
Linear Reactor with Void Gaps

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DATE: November 13, 1957

A Monte Carlo calculation for computing the diffusion coefficient and diffusion length in a linear system, with alternate solid and void segments, is described in this report. The program code is for the IBM 704.

MONTE CARLO PROGRAM FOR A LINEAR REACTOR
WITH VOID GAPS

1.0 INTRODUCTION

In January, 1956, one of us was asked to investigate the effect of void regions on the behavior of a reactor. The first published work on this problem was done by D. J. Behrens in 1949.¹ Behrens' paper was concerned with an infinite system of homogeneous solid material, in which closed, void regions were interspersed. His calculations indicated that the effect of void regions on the migration length squared, M^2 , was two-fold:

- 1) An isotropic increase in M^2 proportional to the inverse square of the over all density of the reactor material (homogenized density)
- 2) A correction, in addition to the density effect, depending upon the ratio of the void volume to the product of the mean free path, (in the solid regions) and the surface of the void region

Behrens' work is not applicable to small reactors or (what amounts to the same thing) to reactors with large void regions. The "void" correction presently used in ANPD diffusion theory reactor programs is due to D. S. Selengut and R. M. Cohen, Reactor Analysis Unit. The Selengut-Cohen correction is, apparently, a successful recipe. It performs a Behrens' correction by modifying the product of the diffusion coefficient and the buckling with an energy dependent factor. Absorption effects are treated using a transmission factor for the neutron energy concerned.

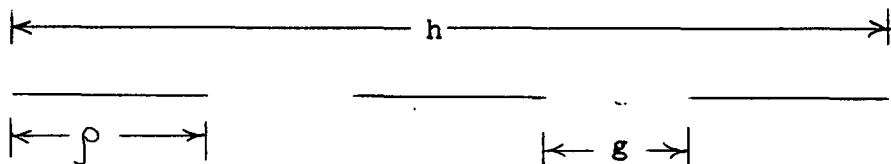
¹ D. J. Behrens, Proc. Phys. Soc. London A, 62 - pp. 607-16 (Oct. 1949)

2.0 BARE LINEAR REACTOR PROGRAM

2.1 Geometry

The subject of this report is a Monte Carlo computation for a bare linear reactor. In what follows, this program will be referred to as P(1-D) Bare.

The system concerned, is a finite sequence of void and solid material segments, so arranged that the terminal segments are solid material segments, and that void and solid segments alternate with one another. The void segments have a common length g , and the solid segments a common length ρ . One specifies such a system, in P(1-D) Bare, by assigning particular values to g , h , and n where g is the gap length, h is the length of the system, and n is the number of gaps.



2.2 Quantities Computed

P(1-D) Bare computes the diffusion length, diffusion coefficient and crow flight distance from emission to capture of monoenergetic particles in the linear system, defined in (2.1). The Green's Function for a given point source location is presented in histogram form.

2.3 Computation Method

A given number of particles are started from a specified emission point, and their scattering histories are developed. The direction of emission and scattering is assumed to be distributed uniformly over a space with two sample points; namely, positive and negative direction. The free path length between collisions is sampled from the exponential distribution. The individual jump

lengths and their squares, and the emission point to capture point distance and its square, are tallied for diffusion length and diffusion coefficient computation. The capture point locations are counted in the appropriate histogram interval.

The details of particle tracing and counting operations are described in five flow charts. The general flow chart is Figure 1. Figures 2, 3, 4 and 5 present a refined description of the Direction, Jump Length, Capture-Scatter and Histogram blocks.

3.0 PURPOSE

This program was constructed for two reasons:

- 1) The Theoretical Physics Unit could educate itself in the use of the Monte Carlo method by writing P(1-D) Bare.
- 2) P(1-D) Bare was simple enough that its running time would be short. It would provide an inexpensive tool to block out areas for detailed study on Behrens' correction with more complex and expensive Monte Carlo codes.

4.0 OUTPUT

Output for the program consists of the following:

- (1) Average jump length of each particle
- (2) Average jump length squared of each particle
- (3) Migration distance (labeled W in program) for each particle
- (4) Migration distance squared for each particle
- (5) The segment and subsegment location of each particle
- (6) Total number of escapes to the right
- (7) Total number of escapes to the left

- (8) Total average jump length
- (9) Total average jump length squared
- (10) Total average migration distance
- (11) Total average migration distance squared
- (12) Histogram - (giving the total number of particles in each subsegment of n number of fuel segments)

The program is set up in such a way as to enable the person running the program to skip over the items 1 through 5 that are concerned with the output of each individual particle. This is done by putting an unconditioned jump from location 04641₍₈₎ to location 04675₍₈₎ into the program by means of an octal correction card. The remaining output for the total number of particles will not be changed.

5.0 INPUT

The program is read in from cards with the data cards behind the program deck. Sense switches 1 and 2 are down. Tapes 1 and 3 are used. Tape 1 is Gecop and the output is on Tape 3.

INPUT FORM:

Card 1

C2661, - LAMM,

(Card enters machine in floating point form) LAMM is the negative of the mean free path.

Card 2

C2669, H, G, N, P, XOFJ, SIGC, SIG, PART,

(Card enters the machine in floating point form)

H length of the reactor

G gap length

N number of gaps

P solid segment length
XOFJ starting point of each particle
SIGC capture cross section
SIG total cross section
PART number of particles started

Card 3

D2678, 35, SEG, SSEG, IR2

(Card enters machine in fixed point form with scaling factor of
35 as the numbers are integers)

SEG number of fuels segments in histogram
SSEG number of subsegments contained in each fuel segment
IR2 number of particles started (same number as PART)

Card 4

12783, γ ,

(This card enters the machine as a floating point, end of record card
since it is the last card of the case)

γ is the reciprocal of the number of histogram subsegments per solid
segment. An end of file card (8 punch in column one) should follow
the last card of the final case.

DL9C DATA INPUT FORM

NAME _____ PHONE _____ CHARGE _____ DATE AND TIME RECEIVED BY KEYPUNCH _____

☐ Must be verified☐ Verify if time allows

1															
C	2661	,	- LAMM	,		,		,		,		,		,	
C	2669	,	H	,	G	,	N	,	P	,	XOFJ	,	SIGC	,	SIG
	PART	,		,		,		,		,		,		,	
D	2678	,	35	,	SEG	,	SSEG	,	IR2	,		,		,	
.	2783	,	8	,		,		,		,		,		,	
8															

1-D MONTE CARLO PROGRAM FOR A BARE LINEAR REACTOR

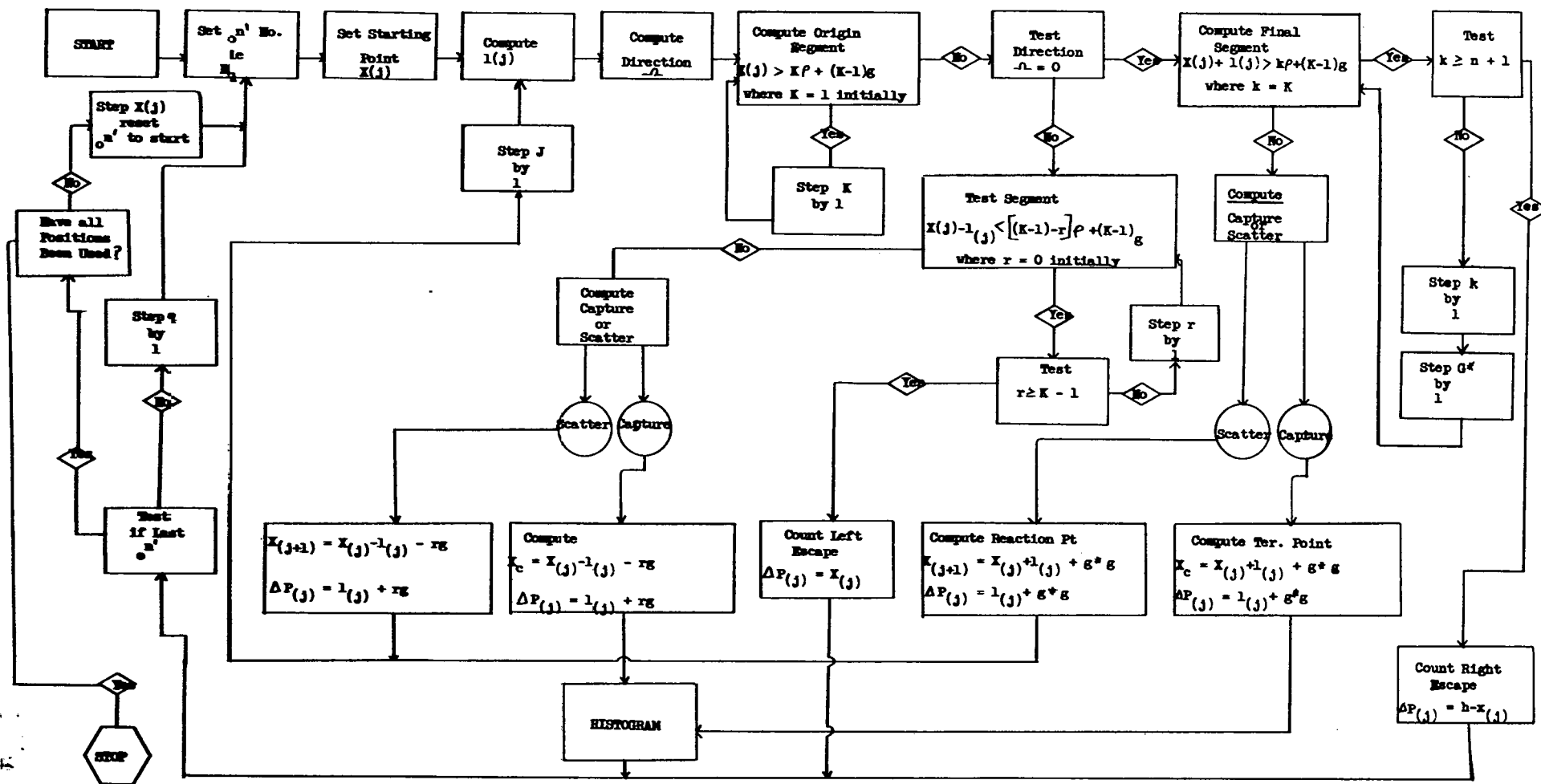


Figure 1

COMPUTE DIRECTION

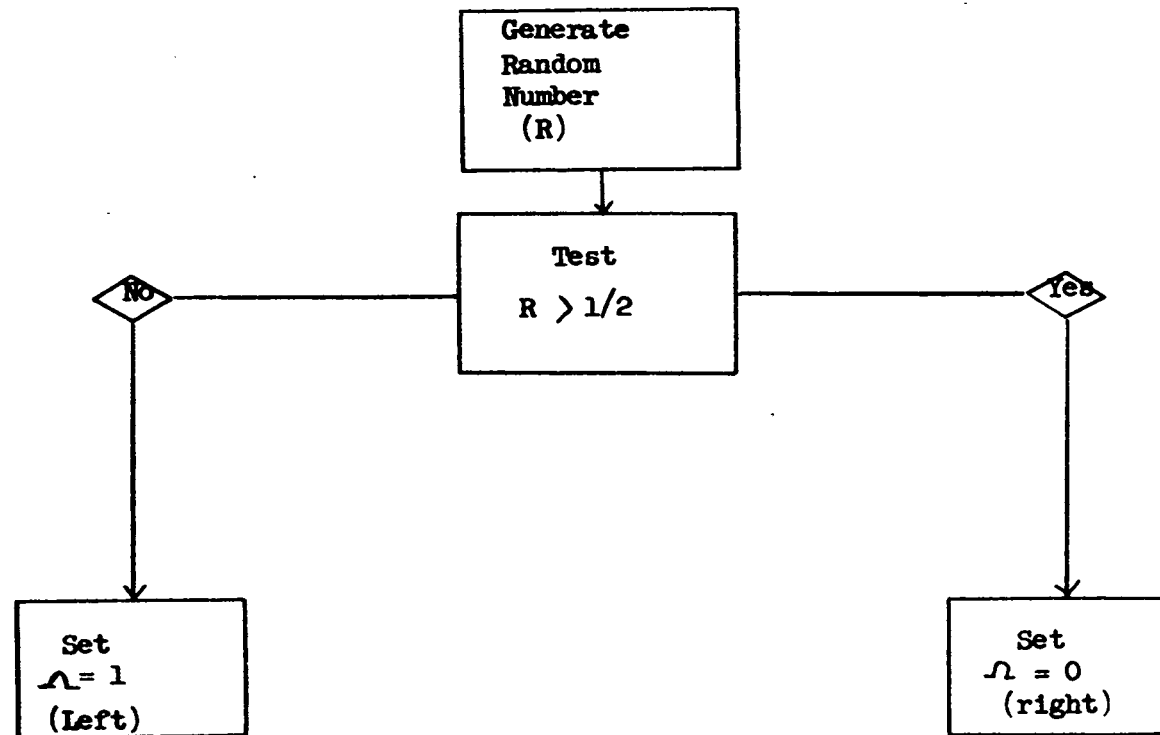


Figure 2

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COMPUTING JUMP LENGTH

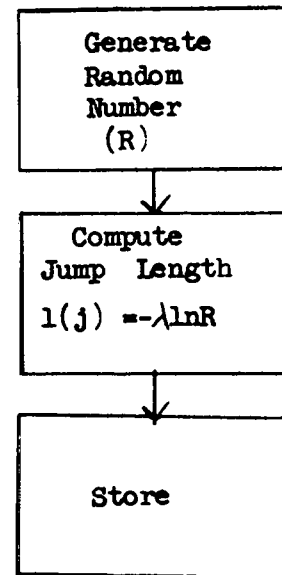


Figure 3

COMPUTE CAPTURE OR SCATTER

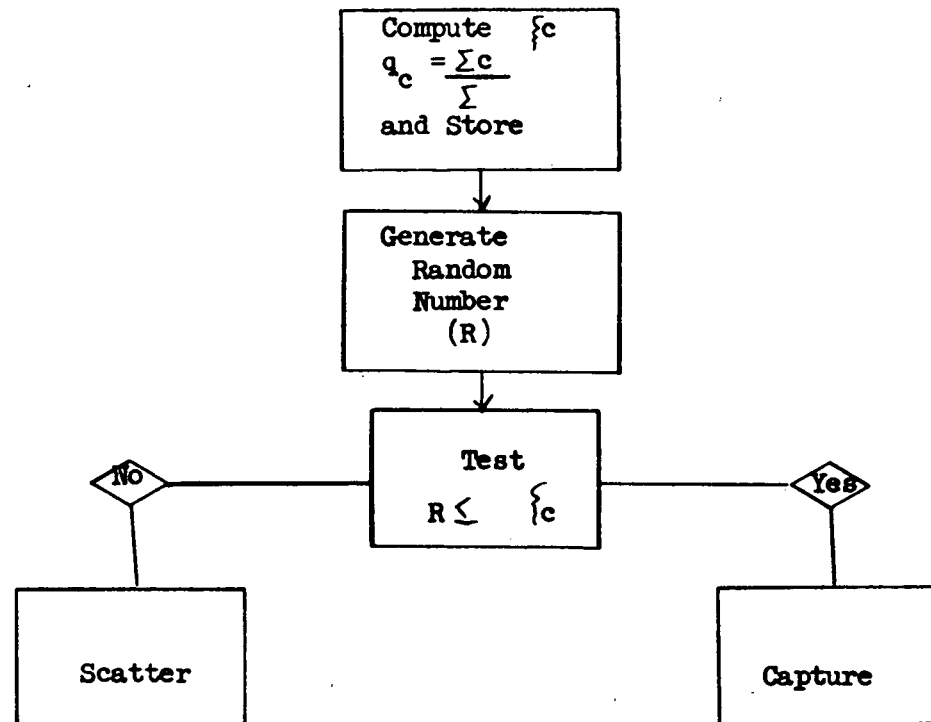


Figure 4

HISTORGRAM

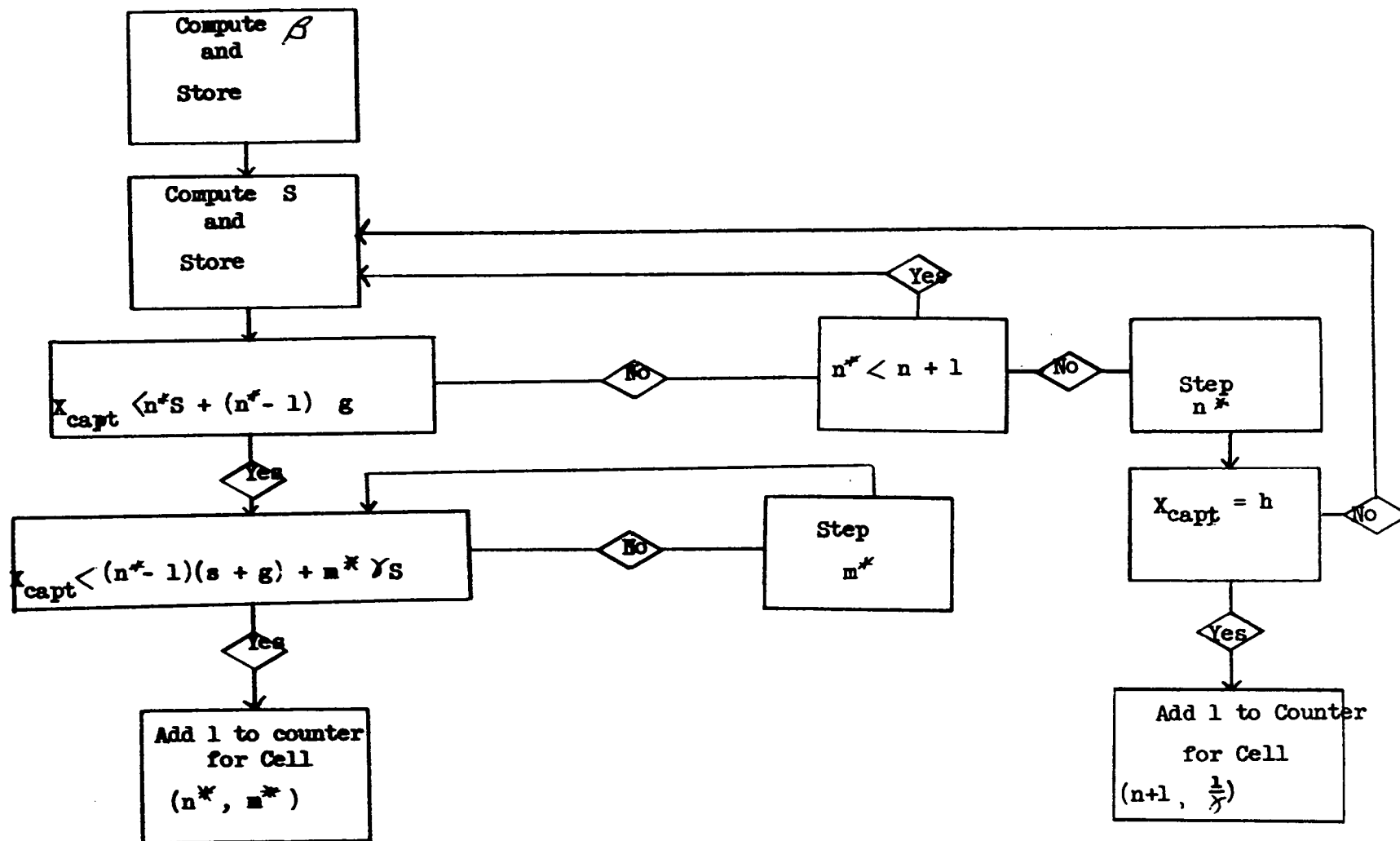


Figure 5

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```

* 1-D MONTE CARLO PROGRAM
* TASK NUMBER 7276
* START PROGRAM
START SXJ DL9C,4
    ZER
    ZER
    HTJ
    CLA FL1
    STR NSQ
    STR J
    CLA XOFJ
    STR XOFJ2
    LDQ SEG
    MPY SSEG
    STQ IR4
    LXA IR2,2
    LXA IR1,1
    LXA IR4,4
    SXD SAVE,4
    SXD SAVE2,1
    SXD SAV3,1
    SXD SAVE6,1
* COMPUTE L LOG METHOD
    CLA TABLE
    SXJ RANO+1,4
    ZER 33
COMLJ SXJ RANO,4
    STR RAN
    SXJ LN,4
    HTJ
    STR TEMP
    LDQ LAMM
    FNM TEMP
    NOP
    STR LJ
* COMPUTE DIRECTION OMEGA
    SXJ RANO,4
    STR RAN+1
    SGA HALF
    UNJ PD1
    UNJ PD2
PD2   CLA FX1
PD3   STR OMEGA
    UNJ PD4
PD1   PXD 0,0
    UNJ PD3
*COMPUTE ORIGIN AND TEST SEGMENT
PD4   CLA XOFJ
    STR XJ1
* TEST SEGMENT
PD6   LDQ K
    FNM P
    STR TEMP
    CLA K
    FNS FL1
    STR NORE

```

```

LDQ G
FNM NORE
FNA TEMP
SGA XJ1
UNJ PD5
UNJ PD5
CLA K
FNA FL1
STR K
UNJ PD6
* TEST DIRECTION
PD5 CLA OMEGA
ZEJ PD7
PD17 CLA XJ1
FNS LJ
STR DEAR
CLA NORE
FNS R
STR TEMP
LDQ P
FNM TEMP
STR TEMP
LDQ G
FNM NORE
FNA TEMP
SGA DEAR
UNJ PD8
UNJ PD9
* COMPUTE CAPTURE OR SCATTER
PD9 CLA SIGC
FDH SIG
STQ SSIG
SXJ RANO,4
STR RAN+2
SGA SSIG
UNJ PD10
UNJ PD11
PD11 CLA CAPT
FNA FL1
STR CAPT
LDQ R
FNM G
STR TEMP
CLA XJ1
FNS LJ
FNS TEMP
STR XCT
CLA LJ
FNA TEMP
STR DPJC1
CLA DELP
FNA DPJC1
STR DELP
LDQ DPJC1
FNM DPJC1
STR NPER

```

```

SCATTER
CAPTURE
CAPTURE

```

```

CLA DELP2
FNA NPER
STR DELP2
CLA XCT
FNS XOFJ2
STR W
LDQ W
FNM W
STR WSQ
CLA AVGW
FNA W
STR AVGW
CLA AVGW2
FNA WSQ
STR AVGW2
* DETERMINE SEGMENT AND SUB-SEGMENT
PD20 LDQ G
      FNM N
      FDH H
      STQ BETA
      CLA N
      FNA FL1
      STR TEMPS
      CLA FL1
      FNS BETA
      STR TEMP
      LDQ TEMP
      FNM H
      FDH TEMPS
      STQ S
      CLA SSFG
      SUB FX1
      STR SSGM1
PD14 LDQ N*
      FNM S
      STR TEMP
      CLA N*
      FNS FL1
      STR TEMPS
      LDQ G
      FNM TEMPS
      FNA TEMP
      SGA XCT
      UNJ PD12
      UNJ PD13
PD13 CLA N
      FNA FL1
      SGA N*
      UNJ STEPN
      UNJ TXC
TXC  CLA XCT
      SGA H
      UNJ PD14
      UNJ TE
      UNJ PD14
STEPN CLA N*

```

	FNA	FL1
	STR	N*
	CLA	N*D
	ADD	FX1
	STR	N*D
	UNJ	PD14
TE	LDQ	SEG
	MPY	SSEG
	STR	HERE
	CLA	AAA
	ADD	HERE
	SUB	FX1
	STA	FIX
	STA	FIX2
	UNJ	FIX
PD12	CLA	N*
	FNS	FL1
	STR	TEMP
	CLA	S
	FNA	G
	STR	TEMPS
	LDQ	TEMP
	FNM	TEMPS
	STR	TEMP
	LDQ	M*
	FNM	GAMA
	STR	TEMPS
	LDQ	S
	FNM	TEMPS
	FNA	TEMP
	SGA	XCT
	UNJ	PD15
	UNJ	PD16
PD16	CLA	M*
	FNA	FL1
	STR	M*
	CLA	M*D
	ADD	FX1
	STR	M*D
	UNJ	PD12
PD15	LDQ	N*D
	MPY	SSEG
	STQ	TEM
	CLA	TEM
	SUB	SSGM1
	ADD	M*D
	SUB	FX1
	STR	STAY
	CLA	AAA
	ADD	STAY
	SUB	FX1
	STA	FIX
	STA	FIX2
FIX	CLA	--
	FNA	FL1
FIX2	STR	--

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```

PD10  UNJ PD24
      CLA SCAT
      FNA FL1
      STR SCAT
      LDQ G
      FNM R
      STR TEMP
      CLA XJ1
      FNS LJ
      FNS TEMP
      STR XJP1
      STR XOFJ
      CLA LJ
      FNA TEMP
      STR DPJS1
      CLA DELP
      FNA DPJS1
      STR DELP
      LDQ DPJS1
      FNM DPJS1
      STR NPER
      CLA DELP2
      FNA NPER
      STR DELP2
      UNJ PD23
PD8   CLA K
      FNS FL1
      SGA R
      UNJ STRO
      UNJ *+1
      UNJ ESCL
STRO  CLA R
      FNA FL1
      STR R
      UNJ PD17
ESCL  CLA LESC
      FNA FL1
      STR LESC
      CLA XJ1
      STR DPJLE
      CLA DELP
      FNA DPJLE
      STR DELP
      LDQ DPJLE
      FNM DPJLE
      STR NPER
      CLA DELP2
      FNA NPER
      STR DELP2
      UNJ PD24
* COMPUTE YES DIRECTION
PD7   CLA XJ1
      FNA LJ
      STR TEST
      CLA K
      STR WEEK

```

PD28 LDQ P
 FNM WEEK
 STR TEMP
 CLA K
 FNS FL1
 STR NORE
 LDQ NORE
 FNM G
 FNA TEMP
 SGA TEST
 UNJ PD18
 UNJ PD18
 CLA N
 FNA FL1
 SGA WEEK
 UNJ STKO
 UNJ PD19
 UNJ PD19
 STKO CLA WEEK
 FNA FL1
 STR WEEK
 °CLA G*
 FNA FL1
 STR G*
 UNJ PD28
 PD19 CLA RESC
 FNA FL1
 STR RESC
 CLA H
 FNS XJ1
 STR DPJRE
 CLA DELP
 FNA DPJRE
 STR DELP
 LDQ DPJRE
 FNM DPJRE
 STR NPER
 CLA DELP2
 FNA NPER
 STR DELP2
 UNJ PD24
 PD18 CLA SIGC
 FDH SIG
 STQ SSIG
 SXJ RANO,4
 STR RAN+3
 SGA SSIG
 UNJ PD21
 UNJ PD22
 PD22 CLA CAPT
 FNA FL1
 STR CAPT
 LDQ G*
 FNM G
 FNA LJ
 FNA XJ1

SCATTER
 CAPTURE
 CAPTURE

STR XCT
LDQ G*
FNM G
FNA LJ
STR DPJCO
CLA DELP
FNA DPJCO
STR DELP
LDQ DPJCO
FNM DPJCO
STR NPER
CLA DELP2
FNA NPER
STR DELP2
CLA XCT
FNS XOFJ2
STR W
LDQ W
FNM W
STR WSQ
CLA AVGW
FNA W
STR AVGW
CLA AVGW2
FNA WSQ
STR AVGW2
UNJ PD20
PD21 CLA SCAT
FNA FL1
STR SCAT
LDQ G*
FNM G
FNA LJ
FNA XJ1
STR XJP1
STR XOFJ
LDQ G*
FNM G
FNA LJ
STR DPJSO
CLA DELP
FNA DPJSO
STR DELP
LDQ DPJSO
FNM DPJSO
STR NPER
CLA DELP2
FNA NPER
STR DELP2
UNJ PD23
PD23 CLA J
FNA FL1
STR J
CLA FL1
STR K
STR M*


```

STR N*
CLA R0
STR R
STR G*
UNJ COMLJ
PD24 CLA DELP
FDH J
STQ DAVG
CLA DELP2
FDH J
STQ DAVG2
CLA DVGT
FNA DAVG
STR DVGT
CLA DVGT2
FNA DAVG2
STR DVGT2
LXD SAVE6,1
IXJ PRINT,1,1
SXD SAVE6,1
UNJ JUMP
PRINT SXJ RESTO,4
SXJ PRSET,4
ZER HEAD,3,18
SXJ WRITE,4
SXJ WRITE,4
SXJ PRSET,4
ZER HEAD1,1,6
CLA H
SXJ ENFLO,4
ZER 12,2
SXJ WRITE,4
SXJ PRSET,4
ZER HEAD2,1,6
CLA G
SXJ ENFLO,4
ZER 12,2
SXJ WRITE,4
SXJ PRSET,4
ZER HEAD3,1,6
CLA N
SXJ ENFLO,4
ZER 12,0
SXJ WRITE,4
SXJ PRSET,4
ZER HEAD4,1,6
CLA P
SXJ ENFLO,4
ZER 12,2
SXJ WRITE,4
SXJ PRSET,4
ZER HEAD5,3,18
CLA XOPJ2
SXJ ENFLO,4
ZER 24,2
SXJ WRITE,4

```

INPUT DATA

(H)

```

SXJ PRSET,4
ZER HEAD6,2,12
CLA SIGC
SXJ ENFLO,4
ZER 18,3
SXJ WRITE,4
SXJ PRSET,4
ZER HEAD7,2,12
CLA SIG
SXJ ENFLO,4
ZER 18,3
SXJ WRITE,4
SXJ PRSET,4
ZER HEAD8,3,18
CLA PART
SXJ ENFLO,4
ZER 24,0
SXJ WRITE,4
SXJ PRSET,4
ZER HEAD9,3,18
CLA TABLE
SXJ ENSCN,4
ZER 30,7,27
SXJ WRITE,4
SXJ WRITE,4
SXJ WRITE,4
SXJ WRITE,4
SXD SAVE6,1
JUMP NOP
LXD SAV3,1
IXJ PR,1,1
UNJ STAR
PR SXJ PRSET,4
ZER HED20
SXJ WRITE,4
SXJ WRITE,4
STAR CLA N*
SXJ ENFLO,4
ZER 6,0
CLA M*
SXJ ENFLO,4
ZER 12,0
CLA DAVG
SXJ ENFLN,4
ZER 30,6
CLA DAVG2
SXJ ENFLN,4
ZER 48,6
CLA W
SXJ ENFLN,4
ZER 60,5
CLA WSQ
SXJ ENFLN,4
ZER 72,5
SXJ WRITE,4
SXD SAV3,1

```

NO OF PARTICLES

IXJ TESTN,2,1
CLA DVGT
FDH PART
STQ AJUM
CLA DVGT2
FDH PART
STQ AJUM2
CLA AVGW
FDH CAPT
STQ TAW
CLA AVGW2
FDH CAPT
STQ TAWSQ
SXJ RESTO,4
SXJ PRSET,4
ZER HED21
SXJ WRITE,4
SXJ WRITE,4
SXJ WRITE,4
CLA RESC
SXJ ENFLO,4
ZER 12,0
CLA LESC
SXJ ENFLO,4
ZER 42,0
SXJ WRITE,4
SXJ WRITE,4
SXJ WRITE,4
SXJ PRSET,4
ZER HED22
SXJ WRITE,4
SXJ WRITE,4
CLA AJUM
SXJ ENFLN,4
ZER 18,6
CLA AJUM2
SXJ ENFLN,4
ZER 48,6
SXJ WRITE,4
SXJ WRITE,4
SXJ WRITE,4
SXJ PRSET,4
ZER HED23,7,42
SXJ WRITE,4
CLA TAW
SXJ ENFLN,4
ZER 18,6
CLA TAWSQ
SXJ ENFLN,4
ZER 36,6
SXJ WRITE,4
SXJ RESTO,4
SXJ PRSET,4
ZER HED24,6,36
SXJ WRITE,4
SXJ WRITE,4

-CLEAR AFTER EACH SET
-CLEAR AFTER EACH SET

A JUM

A JUM 2

```

SXJ WRITE,4
SXJ PRSET,4
ZER HED25
SXJ WRITE,4
SXJ WRITE,4
SXD PUT,2
SXD PUTT,1
CLA SEG
ADD FX1
STR SEG1
CLA SSEG
ADD FX1
STR SSEG1
LXA SEG1,2
LXA SSEG1,1
DEF  CLA FX11
      IXJ DEF1,2,1
      LXD PUT,2
      LXD PUTT,1
      UNJ TESD
DEF1  CLA FX12
      IXJ PRIN,1,1
      UNJ OVER
PRIN  CLA FX11
      SXJ ENINT,4
      ZER 12
PRIN1 CLA FX12
      SXJ ENINT,4
      ZER 24
PRIN2 CLA HIS
      SXJ ENFLO,4
      ZER 36,0
      SXJ WRITE,4
      CLA PRIN2
      ADD FX1
      STR PRIN2
      CLA FX12
      ADD FX1
      STR FX12
      UNJ DEF1
OVER  LXA SSEG1,1
      CLA FX1
      STR FX12
      CLA FX11
      ADD FX1
      STR FX11
      SXJ WRITE,4
      UNJ DEF
TESD  CLA FL1
      STR NSQ
      CLA FX1
      STR FX11
      STR FX12
      LXA IR1,1
      LXA IR4,4
      SXD SAVE,4

```

```

        SXD SAV3,1
        CLA XOFJ2
        STR XOFJ
        UNJ TESDD
PD25    CLA FL1
        STR J
        STR K
        STR M*
        STR N*
        CLA FX1
        STR M*D
        STR N*D
        CLA R0
        STR R
        STR G*
        STR DELP
        STR DELP2
        STR DAVG
        STR DAVG2
        STR W
        STR WSQ
        UNJ COMLJ
TESTN   CLA NSQ
        FNA FL1
        STR NSQ
        CLA XOFJ2
        STR XOFJ
        UNJ PD25
TESDD   CLA FL1
        STR J
        STR K
        STR M*
        STR N*
        CLA FX1
        STR M*D
        STR N*D
        CLA R0
        STR R
        STR G*
        STR W
        STR WSQ
        STR AVGW
        STR AVGW2
        STR DELP
        STR DELP2
        STR DAVG
        STR DAVG2
        STR DVGT
        STR DVGT2
        CLA AAA
        ADD D299
        STA TT
        LXA D299,1
TT       STZ --,1
        IXJ TT,1,1
        UNJ START

```

LAMM FLO -1
HALF FLO .5
K FLO 1
FL1 FLO 1
N* FLO 1
M* FLO 1
FIVE FLO 5
LAMDA ZER
H ZER
G ZER
N ZER
P ZER
XOFJ ZER
SIGC ZER
SIG ZER
PART ZER
TABLE DEC 3.1415927
SEG ZER
SSEG ZER
IR2 ZER
IR4 ZER
FX1 DEC 1
FX2 DEC 2
L3 DEC 3
D199 DEC 199
D299 DEC 299
IR1 DEC 2
M*D DEC 1
N*D DEC 1
FX11 DEC 1
FX12 DEC 1
PUT ZER
PUTT ZER
BETA ZER
STAY ZER
SAVE ZER
SAVE1 ZER
SAVE2 ZER
SAV3 ZER
RAN ZER
LOC L+10
LN SRT
TEMP ZER
OMEGA ZER
XJ1 ZER
NORE ZER
DEAR ZER
SSIG ZER
CAPT ZER
XC1 ZER
DPJC1 ZER
TEMPS ZER
G# ZER
S ZER
SCAT ZER
DPJS1 ZER

```

LESC ZER
DPJLE ZER
TEST ZER
WEEK ZER
RESC ZER
DPJRE ZER
TEM ZER
XCO ZER
GAMA ZER
SAVE6 ZER
DPJCO ZER
XJP1 ZER
DPJS0 ZER
R0 ZER
DELP ZER
DELP2 ZER
DAVG ZER
DAVG2 ZER
NPER ZER
XCT ZER
DVGT ZER
DVGT2 ZER
J ZER
R ZER
NSQ ZER
XOFJ2 ZER
LJ ZER
W ZER
WSQ ZER
AVGW ZER
AVGW2 ZER
SSGM1 ZER
HERE ZER
AJUM ZER
AJUM2 ZER
TAW ZER
TAWSQ ZER
SSEG1 ZER
SEG1 ZER
AAA ZER HIS
HIS ZER
LOC L+299
HEAD BCI 3, INPUT DATA
HEAD1 BCI 1, H=
HEAD2 BCI 1, G=
HEAD3 BCI 1, N=
HEAD4 BCI 1, P=
HEAD5 BCI 3, STARTING POINT=
HEAD6 BCI 2, SIGMA C =
HEAD7 BCI 2, SIGMA =
HEAD8 BCI 3, NO. OF PARTICLES=
HEAD9 BCI 3, RANDOM NO. GEN.=
HED20 BCI 9, SEG. SUB-SEG. JUMP LENGTH JUMP LENGTH SQ.
BCI 3, W W SQ.
HED21 BCI 9, NO. OF RIGHT ESCAPES NO. OF LEFT ESCAPES
BCI 3,

```

		TOTAL AVG. JUMP LENGTH	TOTAL AVG. JUMP LENGTH
HED22	BCI 9,		
	BCI 3, SQ.		
HED23	BCI 7,	TOTAL AVG. W	TOTAL AVG. W SQ.
HED24	BCI 6,		HISTOGRAM
HED25	BCI 9,	SEG.	SUB-SEG. NO OF PARTICLES
	BGI 3,		
DL9C	EQU 33		
PRSET	EQU 34		
ENFLO	EQU 35		
WRITE	EQU 39		
RESTO	EQU 40		
ENFLN	EQU 43		
ENINT	EQU 36		
ENSCN	EQU 37		
* RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR			
* CALLING SEQUENCE TO SET UP			
* SXJ RANO+1,4			
* ZERN (N IS NUMBER OF BITS IN RNUM.)			
* INITIAL RNUM IS IN AC			
* CALLING SEQUENCE TO USE			
* SXJ RANO,4			
* RESULTING RNUM IS IN FIRST N BITS OF AC			
* THIS PROGRAM HAS 60 INSTRUCTIONS AND USES ONE FREE STORAGE LOCATION			
RANO	UNJ RN2		
	STR 1R	STORES INITIAL RNUM	
	CLA 1,4	PUTS N IN AC	
	SGA L33	NUMBER 33 IS COMPARED TO N	
	CLA L33		
	NOP		
	SUB L33	FORMS N-33	
	STA RN4		
	STA RN1		
	STA RN5		
* SET MASK			
	LDQ ONES	PUTS ONE IN ALL BITS OF Q-REG	
RN1	LLS -		
	STQ MASK		
	CLA MASK	FILLS FIRST N BITS AC WITH ONES	
	ANS 1R	FORMS N BIT RNUM	
	CLA L2		
RN4	ALS -		
	ORS 1R		
* SET UP MPY			
	CLA 1MPY	PUTS K IN AC	
RN5	ARS -		
	ALS 3	FORMS 8K	
	ADD L5	FORMS(8K+5)	
	STR MPY		
	UNJ 2,4		
L5	DEC 5		
ONES	OCT 377777777774		
I 33	DEC 33		
MASK	ZER		
L2	DEC 2		
1R	ZER		
MPY	ZER		

1MPY OCT 24420404020

* COMPUTE RNUM

RN2 LDQ 1R

MPY MPY

FORMS RN-1R

STQ 1R

SXD ERAS8,1

CLA 1R

ANA MASK

STR FREE

OVJ RN6

RN6 LXA RN9,1

PUTS A ONE IN INDEX 1

RN7 CLA FREE

ALS 1

OVJ RN8

STR FREE

RXJ RN7,1,1

ADD A ONE TO INDEX 1

RN8 LRS 36

PUTS FRATIONAL PART IN Q-REGISTER

PXD 0,1

ALS 9

SUB RN10

SSP

STR FREE

STORES EXPONENT

LLS 27

ADD FREE

COMPLETES FLOATING OPERATION

LXD ERAS8,1

UNJ 1,4

RN9 ZER 1

RN10 OCT 201000000000

ERAS8 ZER

*

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