

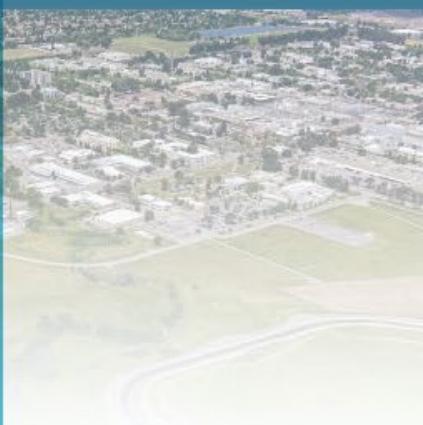


Sandia
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Atomic Precision Advanced Manufacturing (APAM) devices for quantum sensing

Juan P. Mendez and Denis Mamaluy
Sandia National Laboratories, Albuquerque, New Mexico

2023 WINDS, December 3-8, 2023



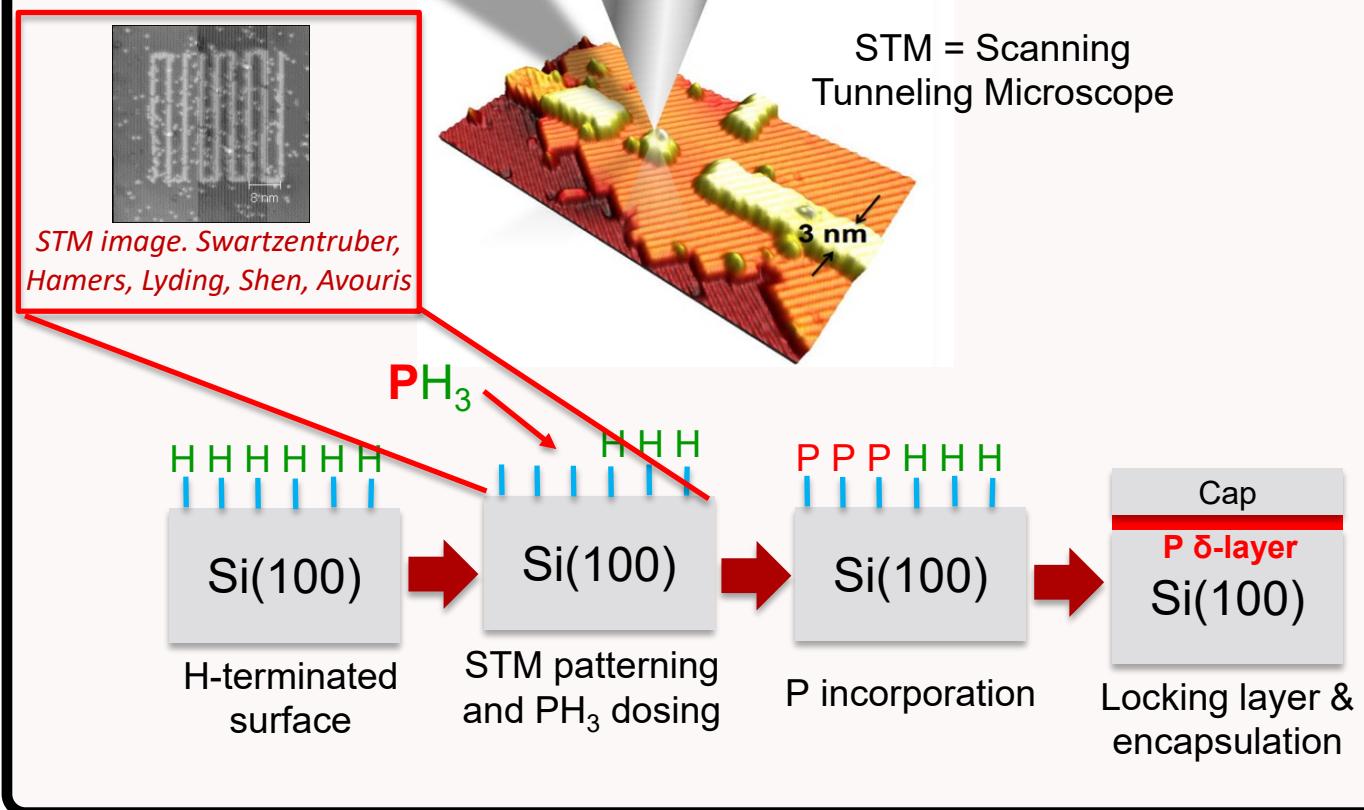
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Atomic Precision Advanced Manufacturing (APAM)

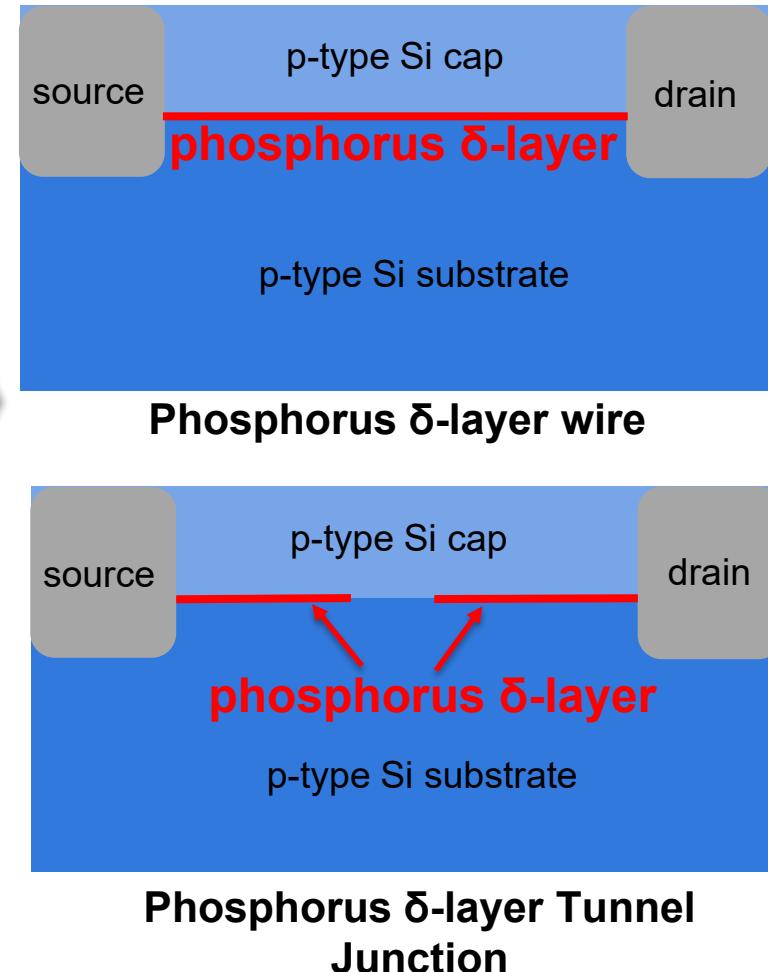


APAM

Manufacturing process of dopant incorporation with atomic precision to create planar structures (δ -layers) in semiconductors



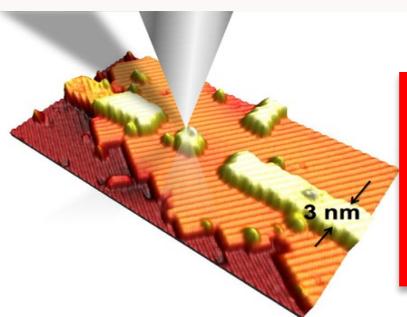
APAM devices



Atomic Precision Advanced Manufacturing (APAM)

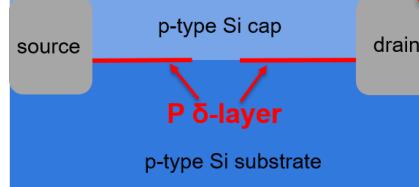
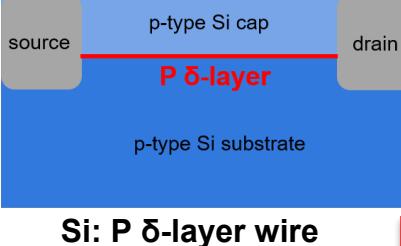


APAM



STM = Scanning Tunneling Microscope

APAM devices



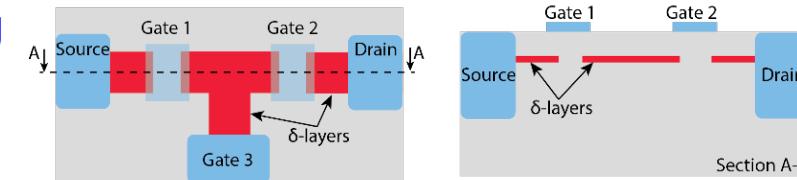
APAM Applications

Beyond Moore Computing

NANO
LETTERS

Monolithic Three-Dimensional Tuning of an Atomically Defined Silicon Tunnel Junction

Matthew B. Donnelly,^b Joris G. Keizer, Yousun Chung, and Michelle Y. Simmons



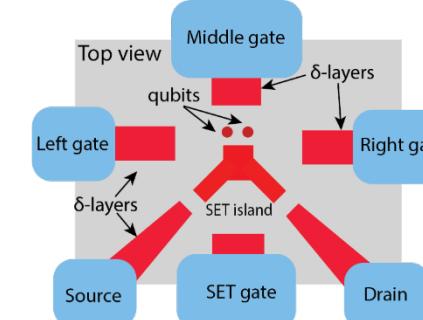
Quantum Computing

LETTER

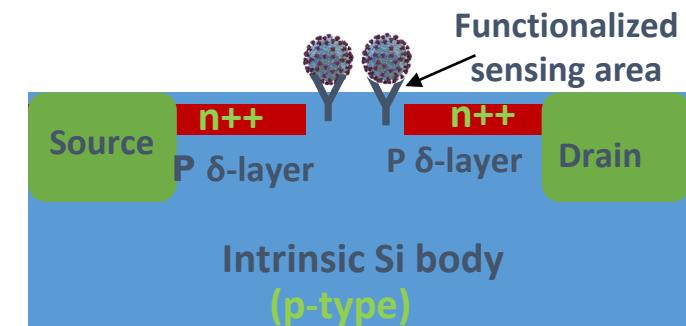
<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41586-019-1381-2>

A two-qubit gate between phosphorus donor electrons in silicon

Y. He^{1,2}, S. K. Gorman^{1,2}, D. Keith¹, L. Kranz¹, J. G. Keizer¹ & M. Y. Simmons^{1,a}



Novel quantum sensing



FET-based sensors



Advantages of FET-based sensors:

- Label-free electrical detection
- Small size and weight
- Low-cost mass production
- Possibility of on-chip integration

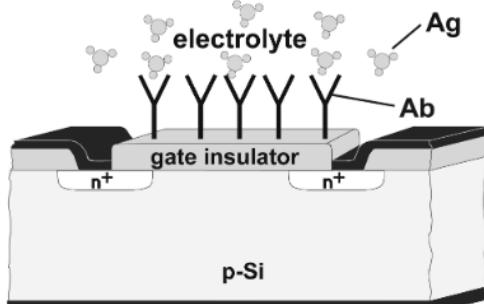


Fig. 6 Schematic structure of an ImmunoFET with immobilised antibody (Ab) molecules. Ag, antigen molecules.

Recent advances in biologically sensitive field-effect transistors (BioFETs)

Michael J. Schöning^{a,b} and Arshak Poghosian^b

^a University of Applied Sciences Aachen, Ginnweg 1, D-52428 Jülich, Germany

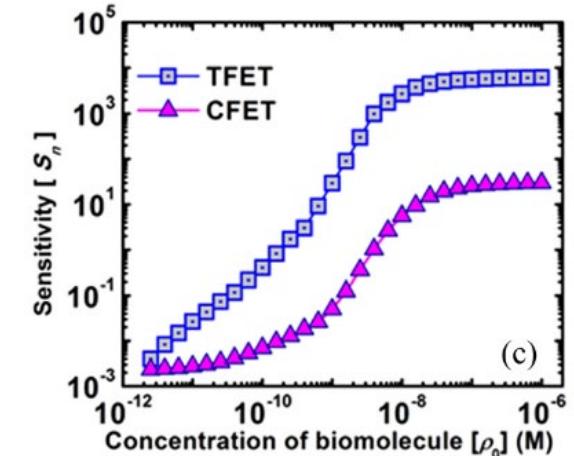
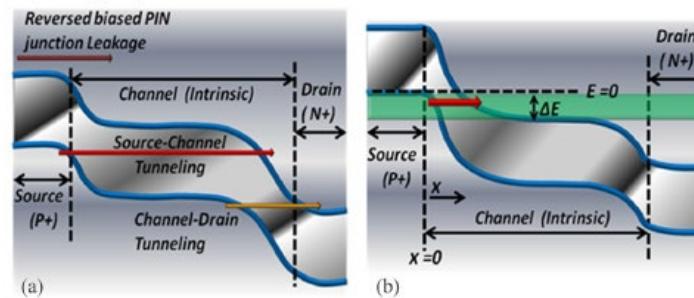
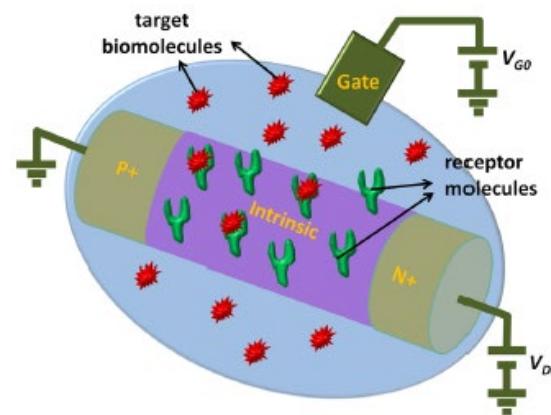
^b Institute of Thin Films and Interfaces, Research Centre Jülich GmbH, D-52425 Jülich, Germany. E-mail: m.j.schoening@fz-juelich.de. E-mail: a.poghosian@fz-juelich.de; Fax: +49 2461612940; Tel: +49 2461612973

APPLIED PHYSICS LETTERS 100, 143108 (2012)

Proposal for tunnel-field-effect-transistor as ultra-sensitive and label-free biosensors

Deblina Sarkar^{a)} and Kaustav Banerjee^{a)}

Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering, University of California, Santa Barbara, California 93106, USA

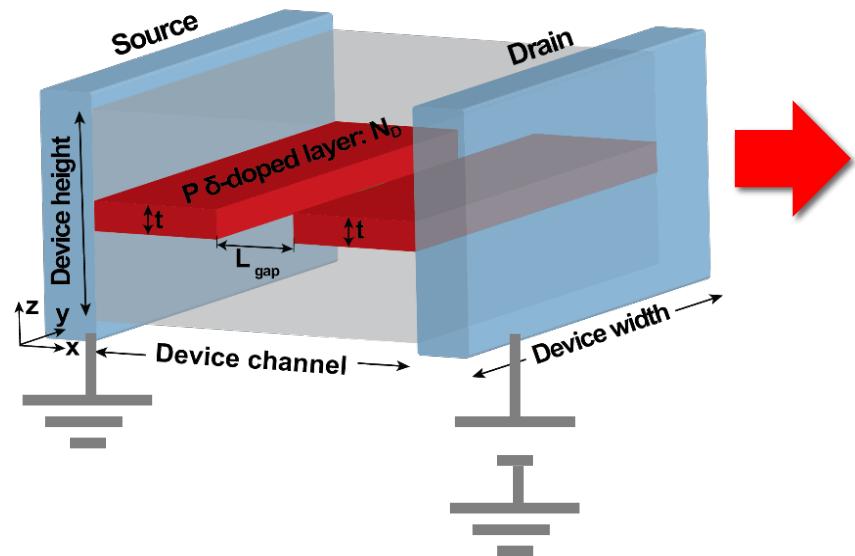


TFET based-sensors can reach a sensitivity of up to 1000, but for molar concentration higher than 10^{-8} mol/L

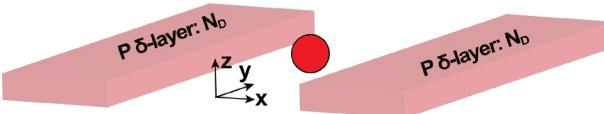
Tunneling current is strongly affected by impurities



Si: P δ -layer tunnel junction



Single impurity



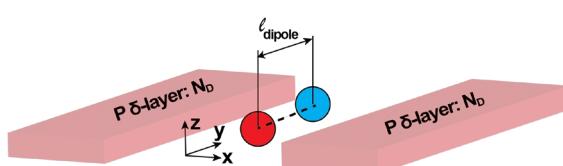
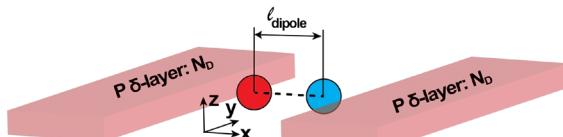
- tunneling current can increase up to 60 times higher ($L_{\text{gap}} = 12 \text{ nm}$) !!

PHYSICAL REVIEW APPLIED 20, 054021 (2023)

Influence of imperfections on tunneling rate in δ -layer junctions

Juan P. Mendez[✉], Shashank Misra, and Denis Mamaluy^{✉†}
Sandia National Laboratories, Albuquerque, New Mexico 87123, USA

Electric dipole



- high-moment dipoles exhibit anisotropic behavior !!



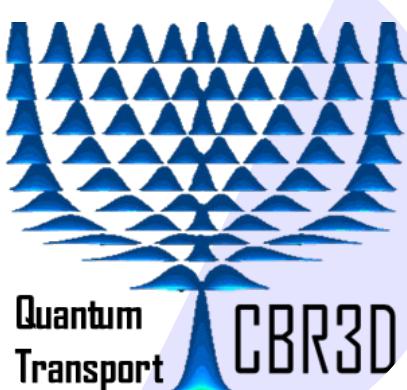
Condensed Matter > Mesoscale and Nanoscale Physics

[Submitted on 10 Oct 2023 (v1), last revised 11 Oct 2023 (this version, v2)]

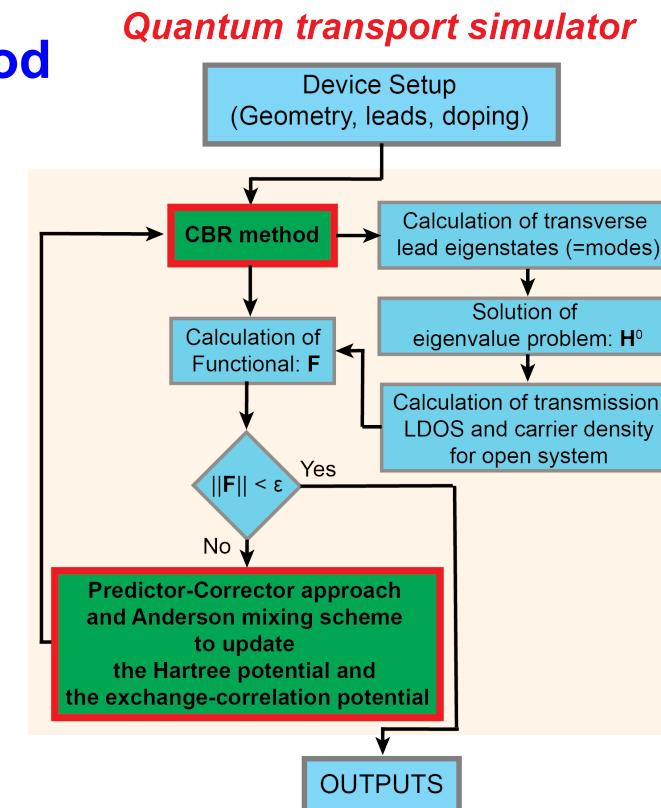
Uncovering anisotropic effects of electric high-moment dipoles on the tunneling current in δ -layer tunnel junctions

Juan P. Mendez, Denis Mamaluy

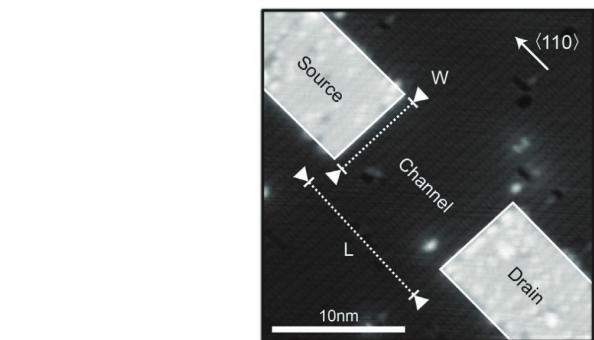
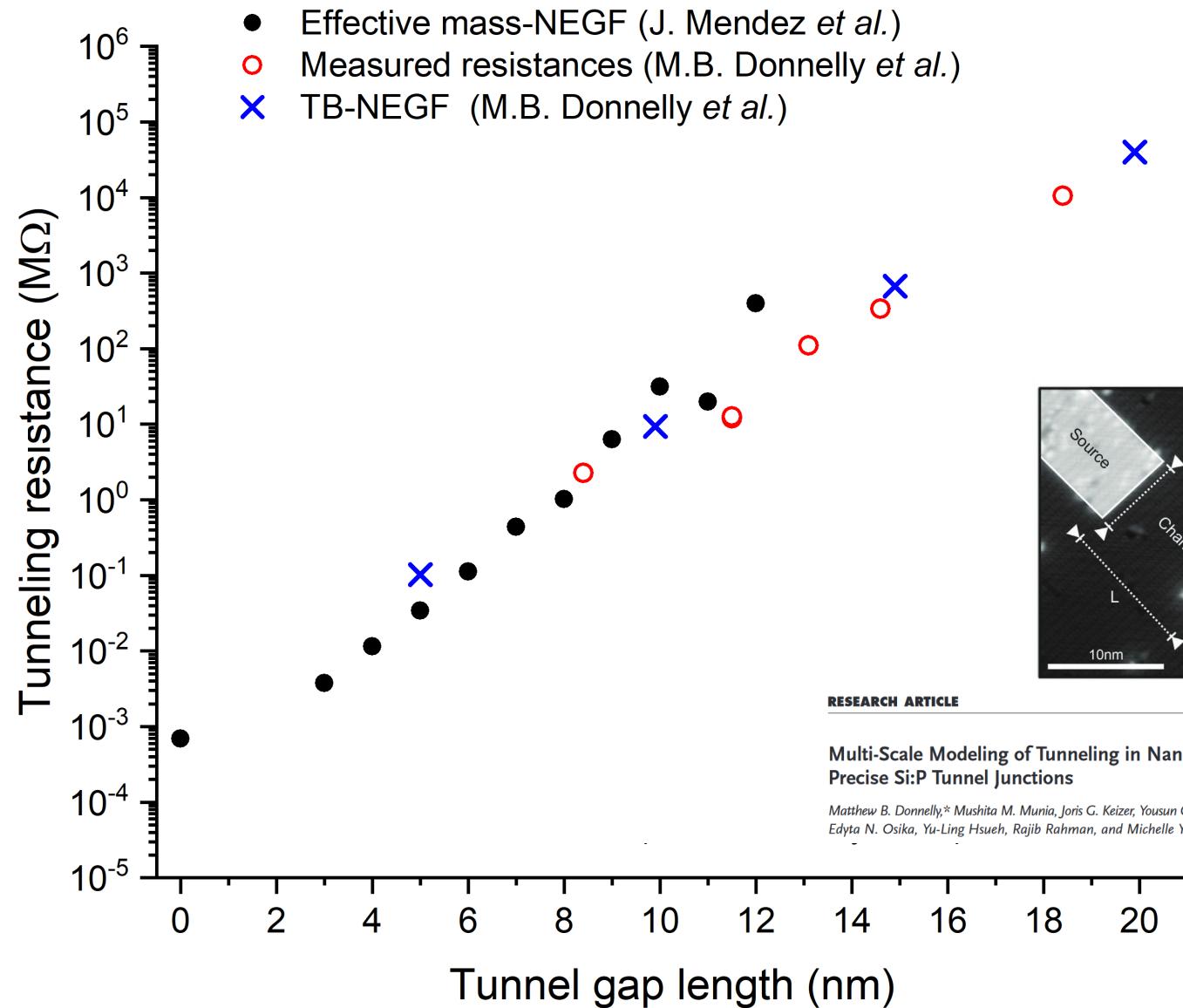
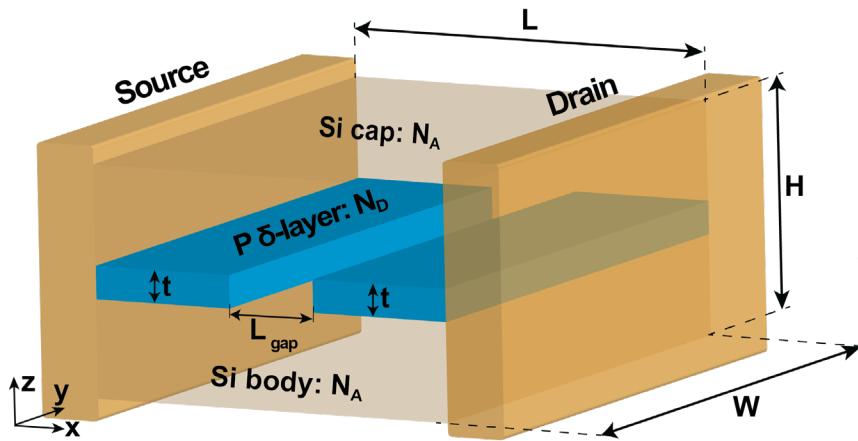
Open-system quantum transport simulator



- ❑ Our quantum transport simulator is based on **Non-Equilibrium Green's function (NEGF)** formalism
- ❑ **Contact Block Reduction (CBR) method** for fast numerical efficiency
- ❑ Fully charge self-consistent solution of Poisson-open system Schrödinger equation
- ❑ Predictor-corrector approach and Anderson mixing scheme



Excellent agreement with experiments!



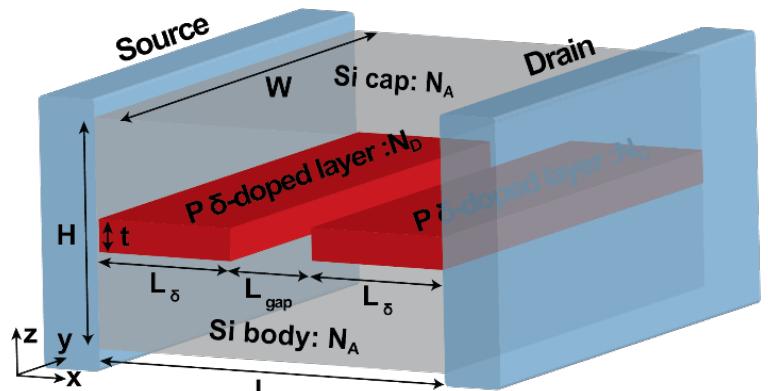
RESEARCH ARTICLE

Multi-Scale Modeling of Tunneling in Nanoscale Atomically Precise Si:P Tunnel Junctions

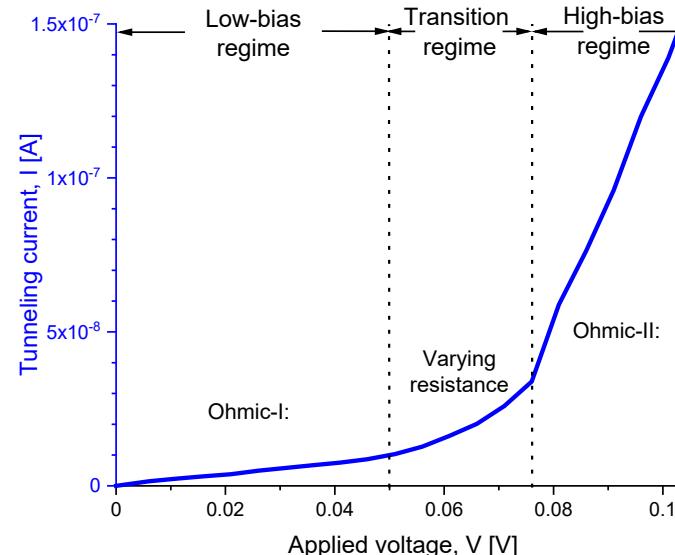
Matthew B. Donnelly,* Mushita M. Munia, Joris G. Keizer, Yousun Chung, A. M. Saffat-Eh Huq, Edyta N. Osika, Yu-Ling Hsueh, Rajib Rahman, and Michelle Y. Simmons*

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δ -layer tunnel junctions: two conductivity regimes



$N_D = 1.0 \times 10^{14} \text{ cm}^{-2}$,
 $N_A = 5.0 \times 10^{17} \text{ cm}^{-3}$,
 $t = 1.0 \text{ nm}$, $L_{\text{gap}} = 10 \text{ nm}$



scientific reports

OPEN [Conductivity and size quantization effects in semiconductor \$\delta\$ -layer systems](#)

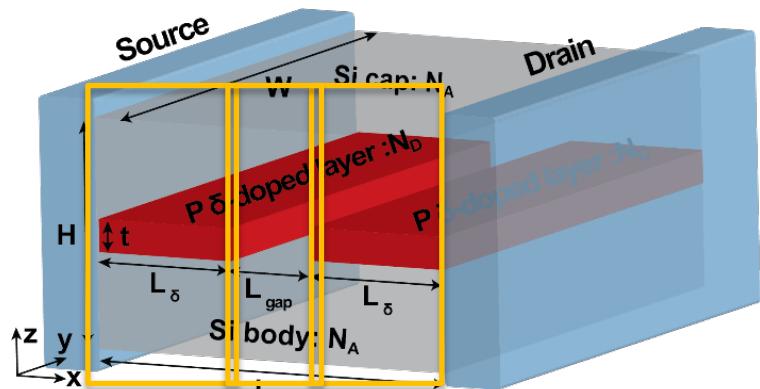
Juan P. Mendez[✉] & Denis Mamalyu[✉]

PHYSICAL REVIEW APPLIED 20, 054021 (2023)

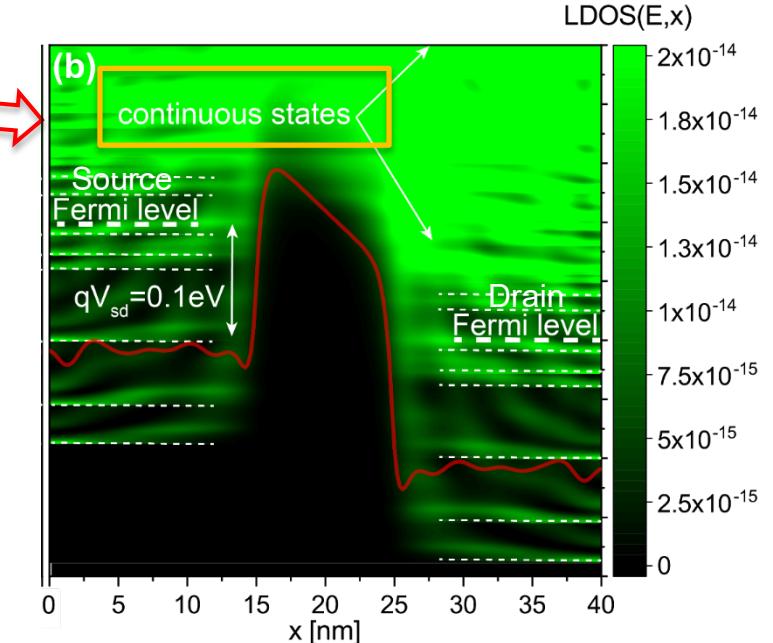
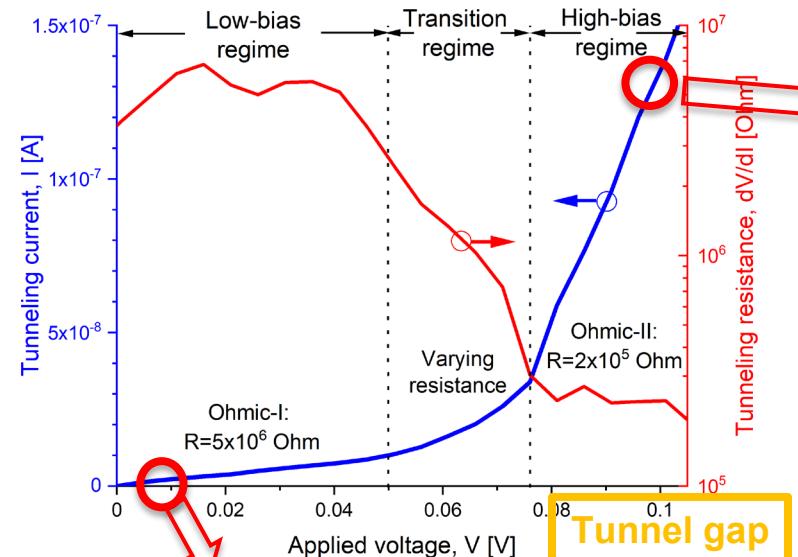
Influence of imperfections on tunneling rate in δ -layer junctions

Juan P. Mendez[✉], Shashank Misra, and Denis Mamalyu^{✉†}
 Sandia National Laboratories, Albuquerque, New Mexico 87123, USA

δ -layer tunnel junctions: two conductivity regimes



$N_D = 1.0 \times 10^{14} \text{ cm}^{-2}$,
 $N_A = 5.0 \times 10^{17} \text{ cm}^{-3}$,
 $t = 1.0 \text{ nm}$, $L_{\text{gap}} = 10 \text{ nm}$



Left δ -layer



Right δ -layer

scientific reports



OPEN Conductivity and size quantization effects in semiconductor δ -layer systems

Juan P. Mendez[✉] & Denis Mamalyu[✉]

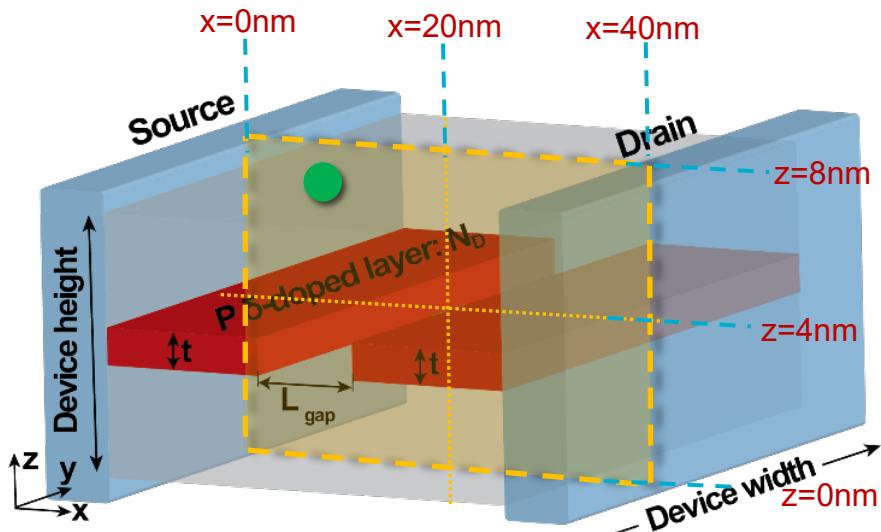
PHYSICAL REVIEW APPLIED 20, 054021 (2023)

Influence of imperfections on tunneling rate in δ -layer junctions

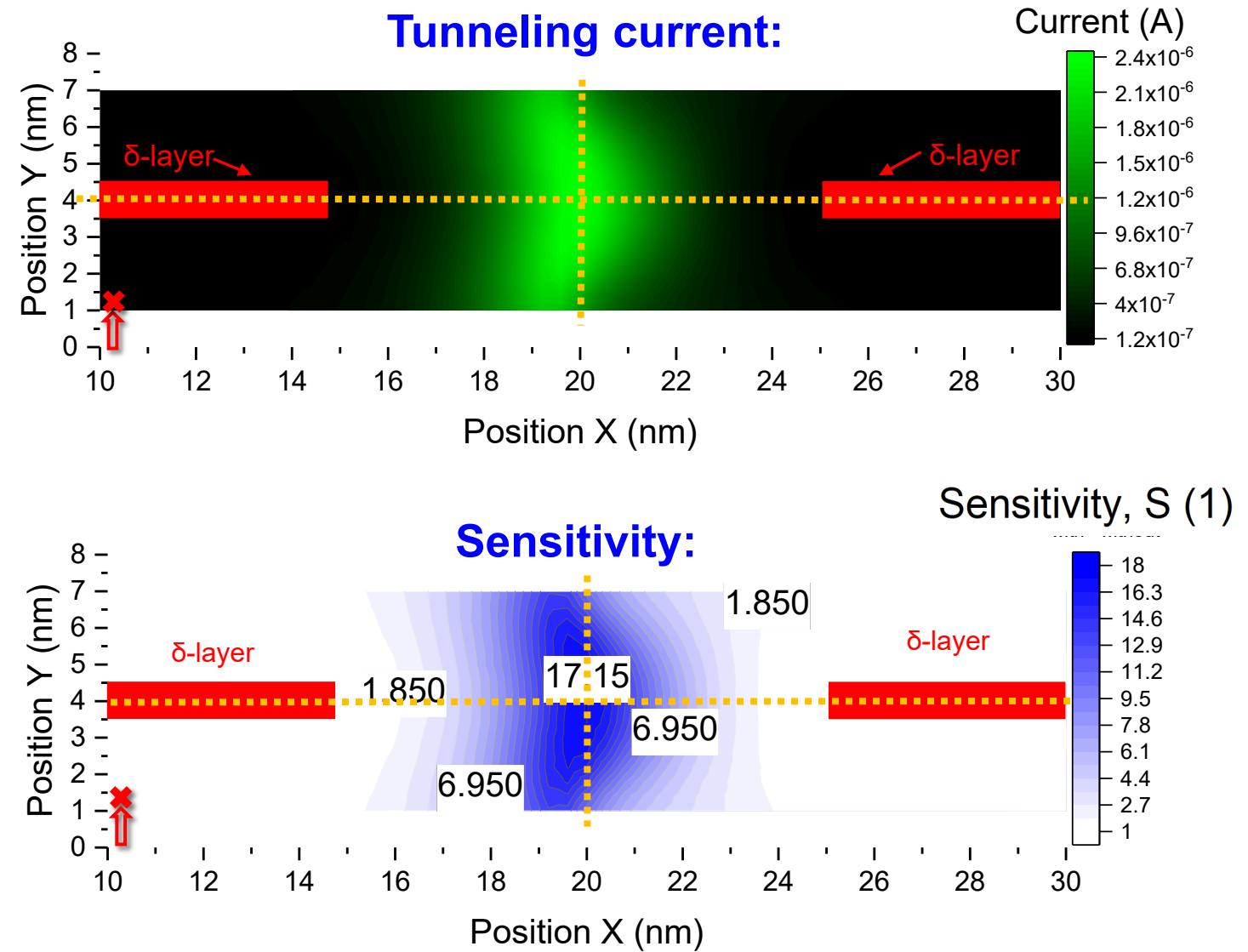
Juan P. Mendez[✉], Shashank Misra, and Denis Mamalyu^{✉,†}

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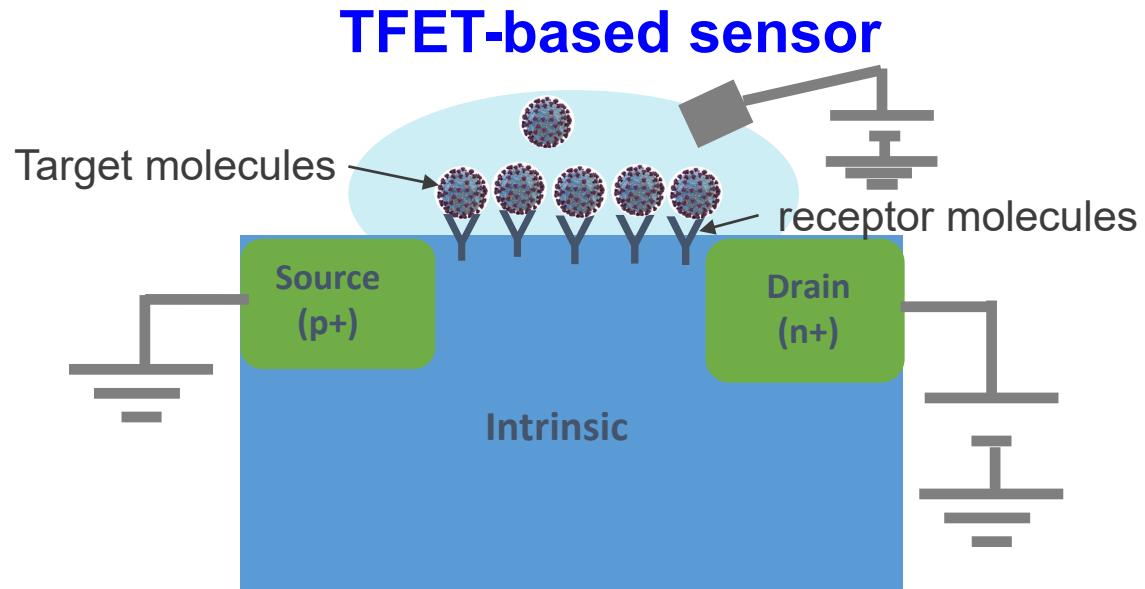
δ -layer TJs are ultrasensitive to charges!



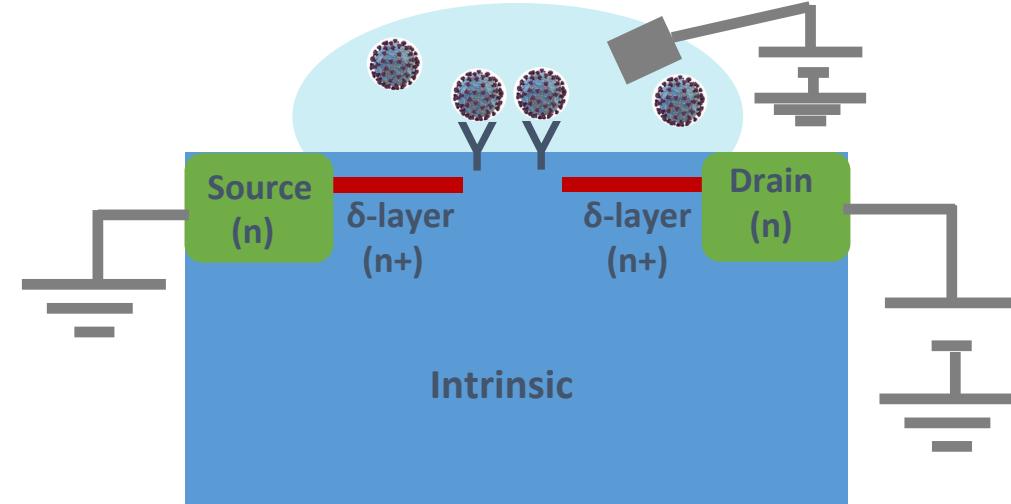
$$\text{Sensitivity, } S = \frac{I_{\text{with charge}} - I_{\text{without charge}}}{I_{\text{without charge}}}$$



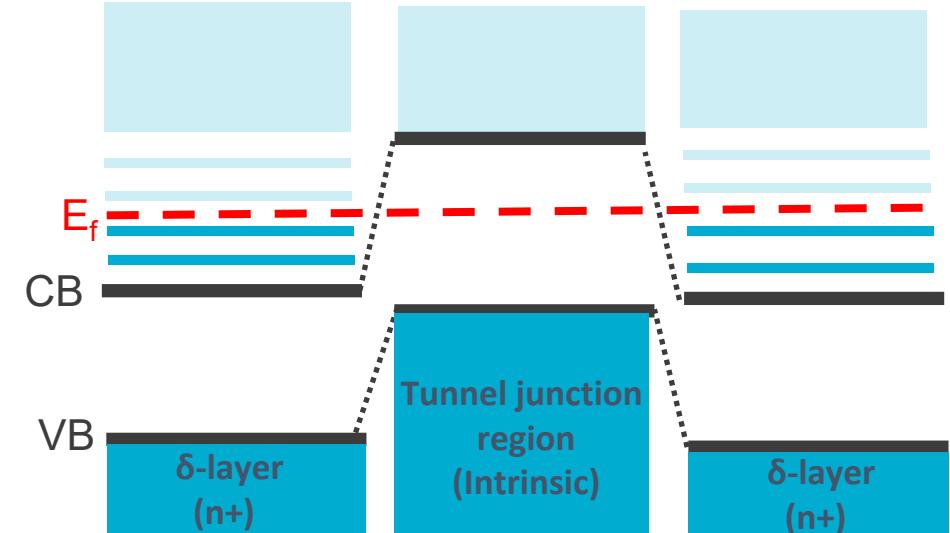
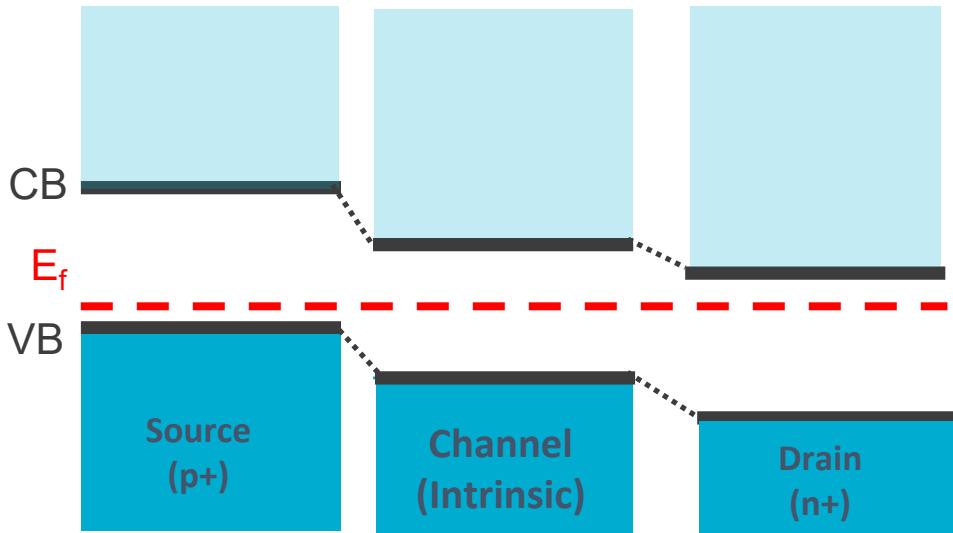
Why is a δ -layer based FET highly sensitive to charges?



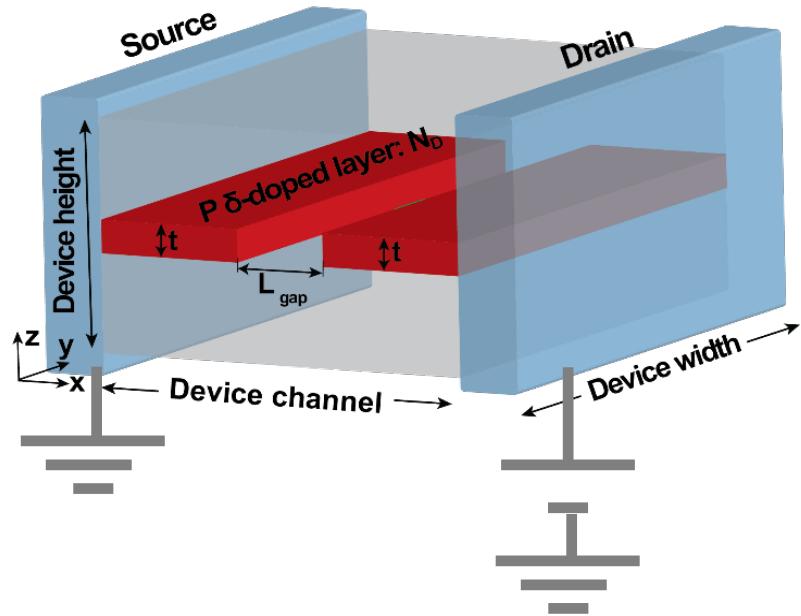
δ -layer based FET sensor



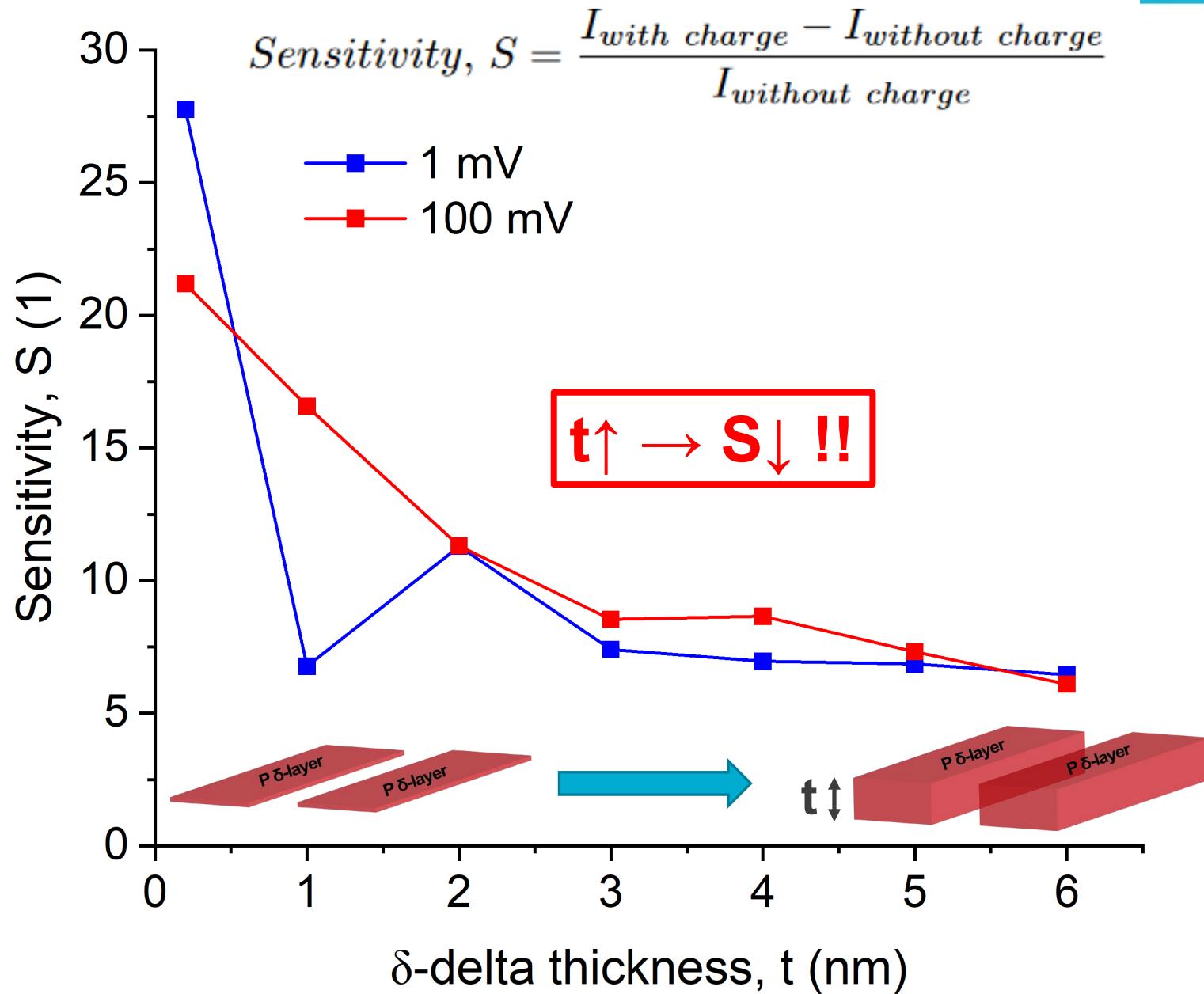
versus



Influence of the δ -layer thickness



- The thinner δ -layer, the more sensitive to the presence of charges





- Atomic Precision Advanced Manufacturing (**APAM**) opens new opportunities to fabricate nanoscale devices for charge sensing
- We have used our **Quantum Transport Simulator** (based on NEGF+Contact Block Reduction method) to investigate FET sensors based on δ -layer tunnel junctions
- We have found that the presence of a single charge near the tunnel junction results in a significant variation of the tunneling current
- FETs based on δ -layers could detect small signals, thus significantly enhancing sensitivity for low concentrations compared to TFET-based sensors
- Applications: chemical/biological detection, gas detection, and radiation detection



THANK YOU

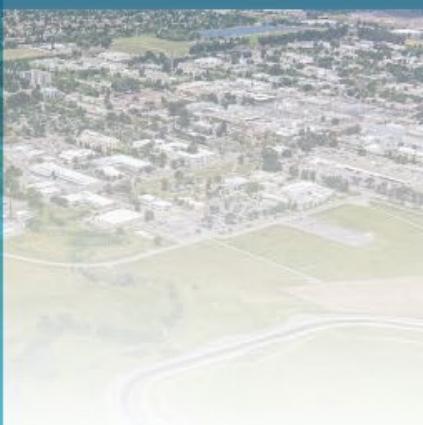


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