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Transport, interfaces and degradation in thin film solid state batteries



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Livermore



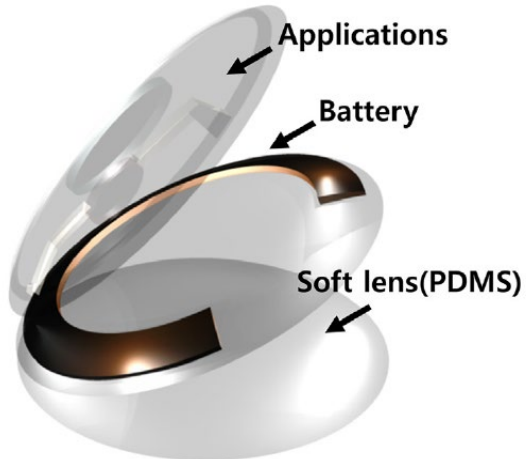
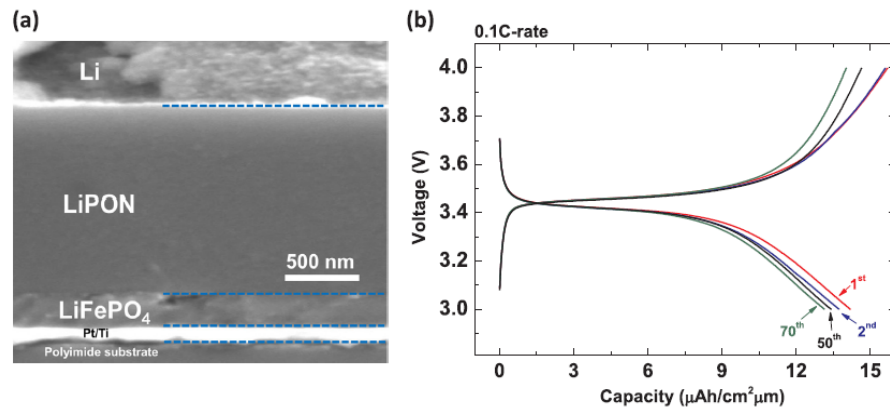
Albuquerque



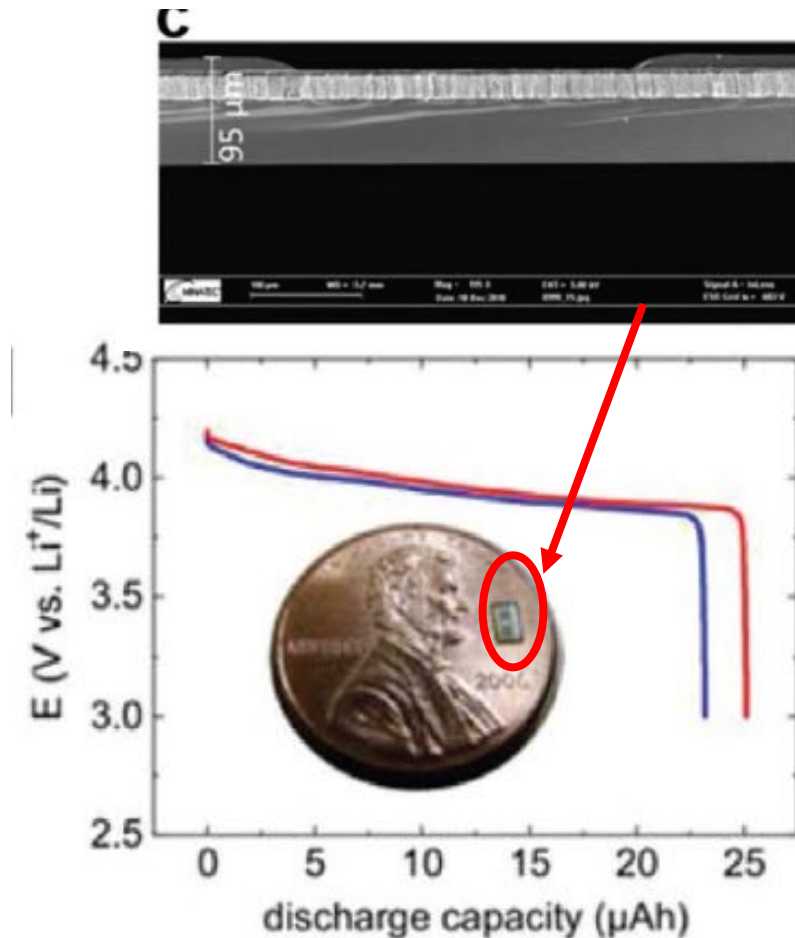
Part I: Thin film batteries with inorganic electrolytes



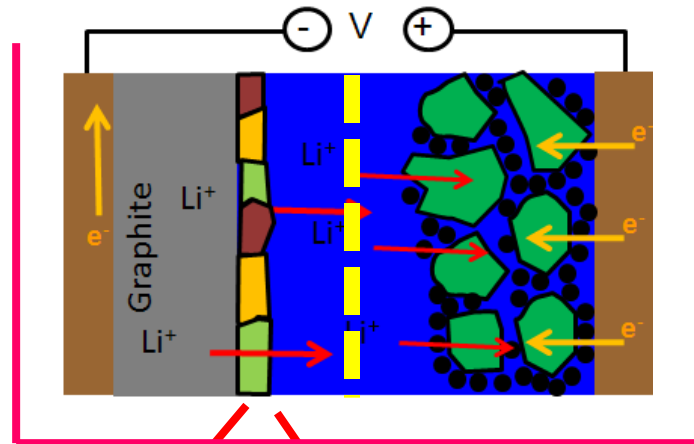
1. **Technology impact:** safe, long lasting power for consumer electronics, IoT, ...
2. **Science Impact:** validate models through precision fabrication, characterization tools



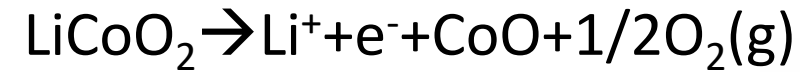
H. Lee, S. Kim, K. B. Kim, J. W. Choi, *Nano Energy* **2018**, 53, 225



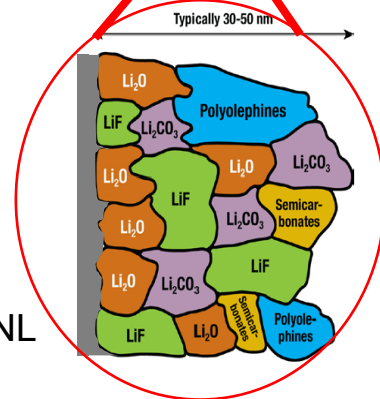
Liquid electrolytes degrade safety, lifetime



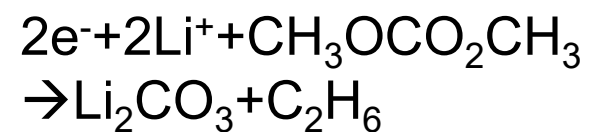
Overcharge



+organic +heat



Argonne NL



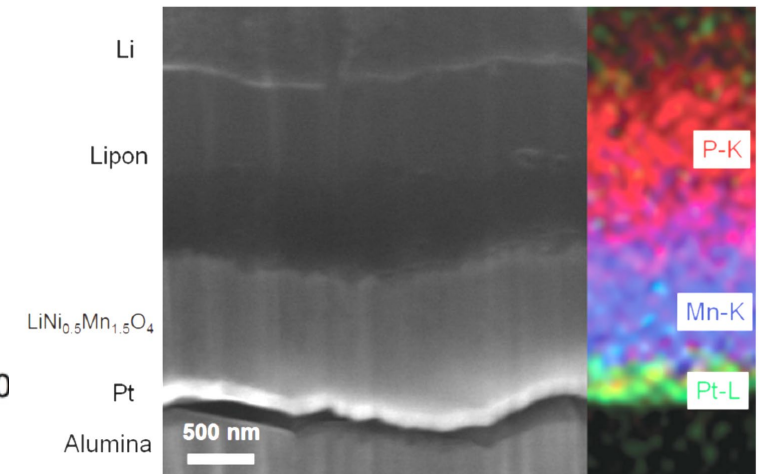
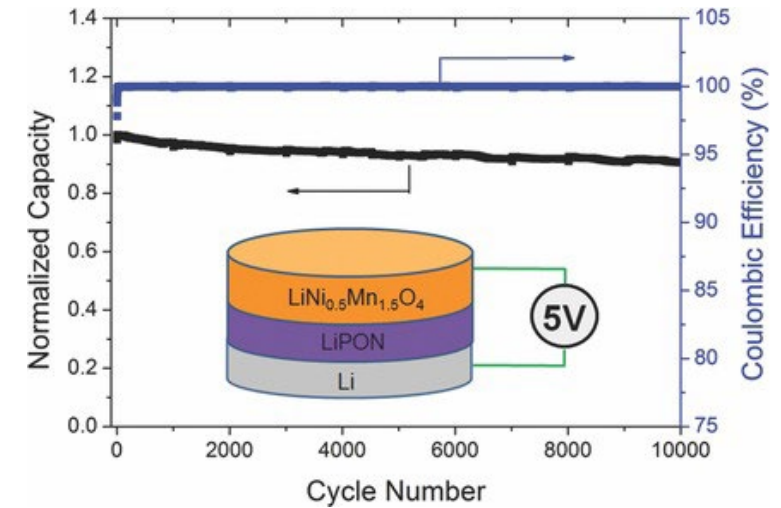
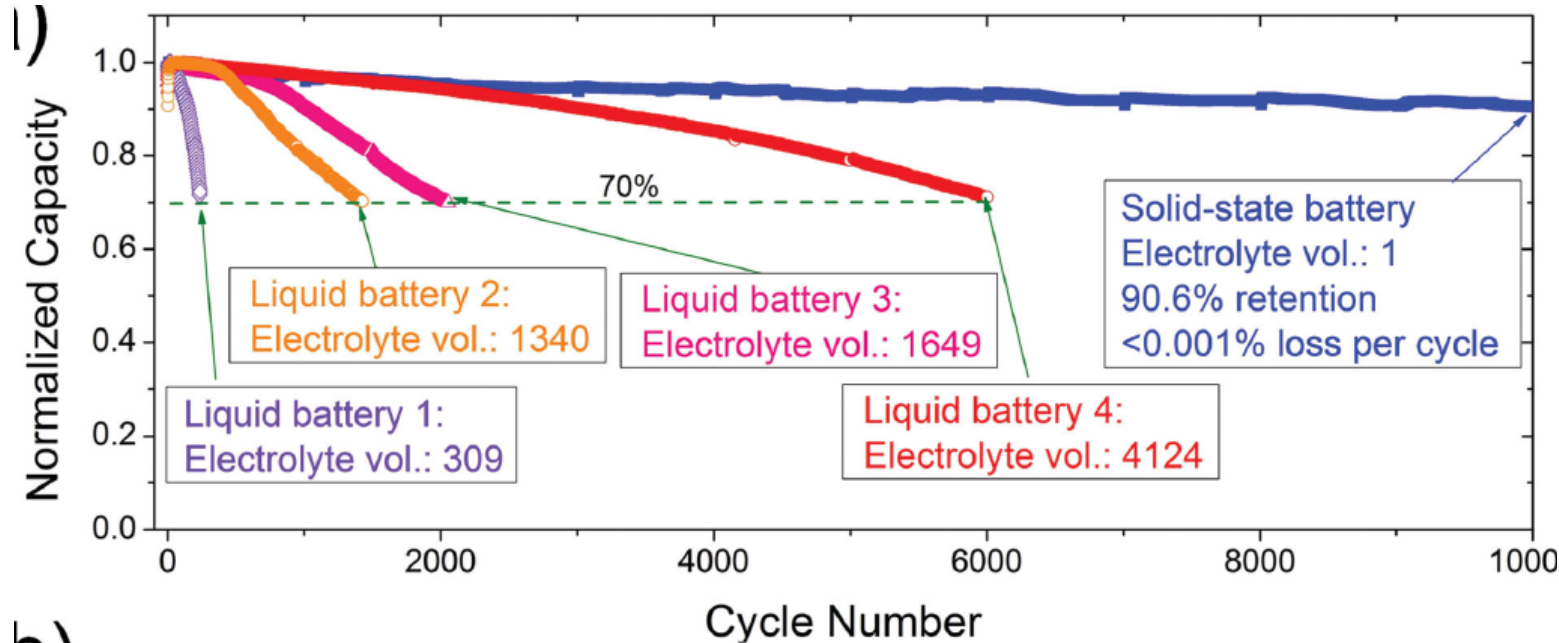
Dave Brown



Solid Electrolyte: the Key for High-Voltage Lithium Batteries

Juchuan Li,* Cheng Ma, Miaofang Chi, Chengdu Liang, and Nancy J. Dudney*

Adv. Energy Mater. **2015**, 5, 1401408

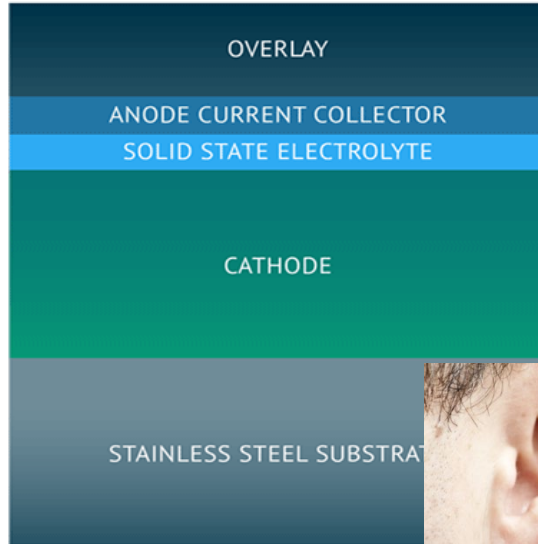


Part I: Thin film batteries with inorganic electrolytes

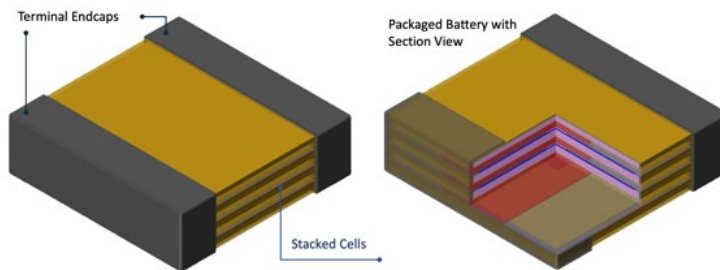


- 1. Technology impact:** safe, long lasting power for consumer electronics, IoT, ...
- 2. Science Impact:** validate models through precision fabrication, characterization tools

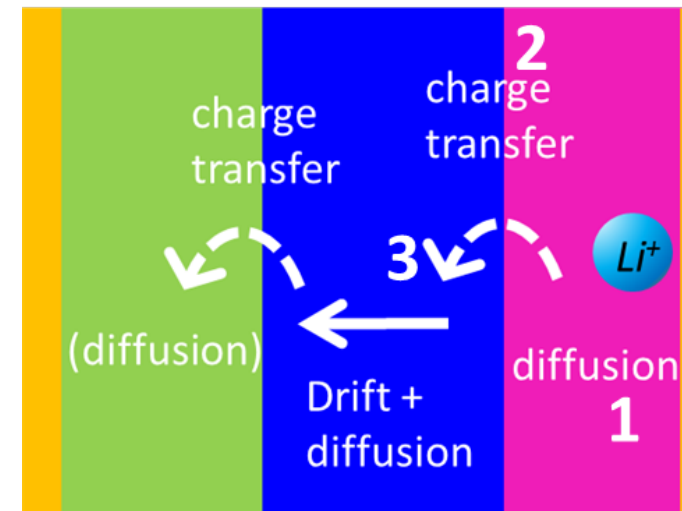
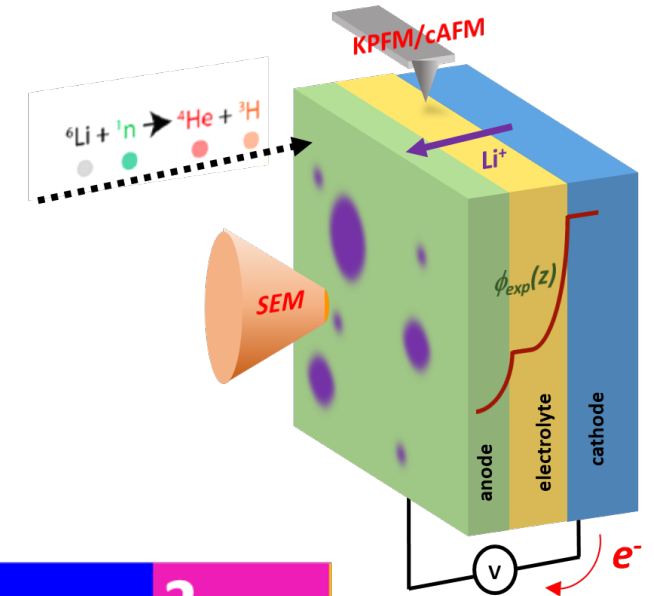
As Manufactured at Ensurge



<https://product.tdk.com/en/products/solid-state-batt/>



<https://www.ensurge.com/>



Manufacturing Scale-Up of Anodeless Solid-State Lithium Thin-Film Batteries for High Volumetric Energy Density Applications

Diyi Cheng, Khanh Tran, Shoba Rao, Zhongchun Wang, Richard van der Linde, Shahid Pirzada, Hui Yang, Alex Yan, Arvind Kamath,* and Ying Shirley Meng*

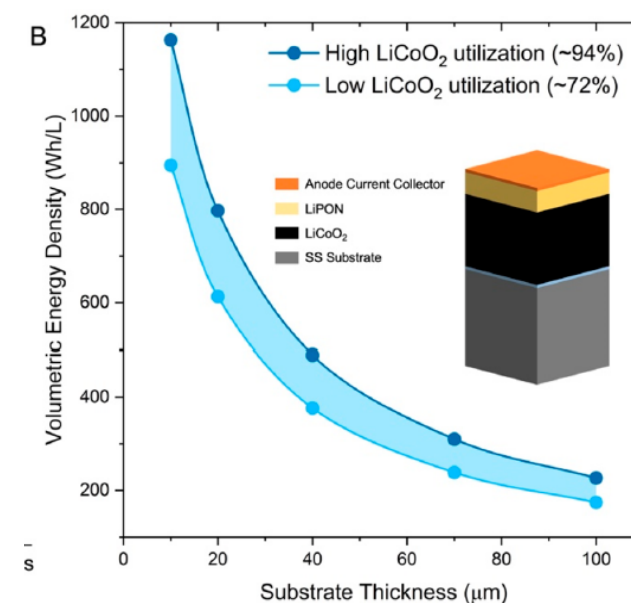
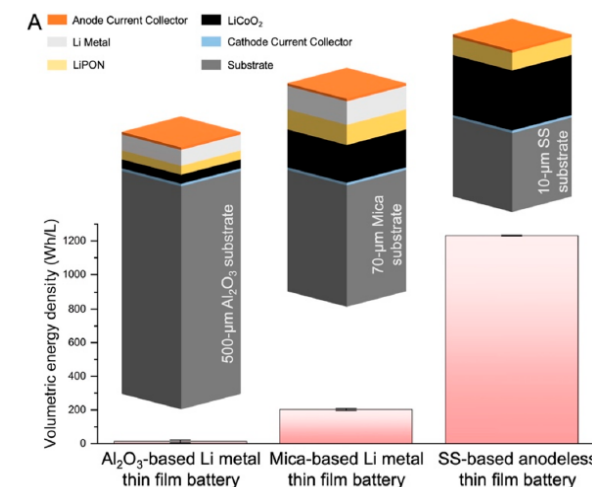
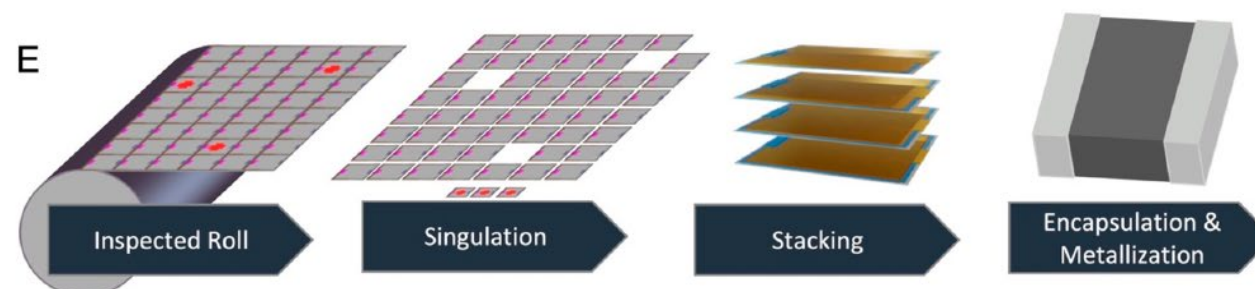
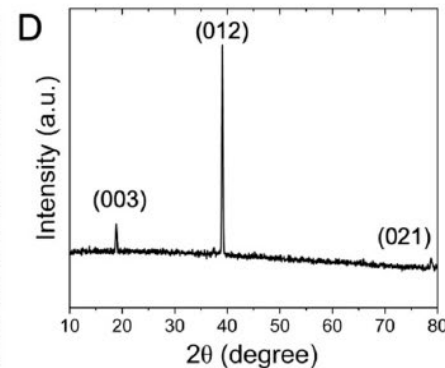
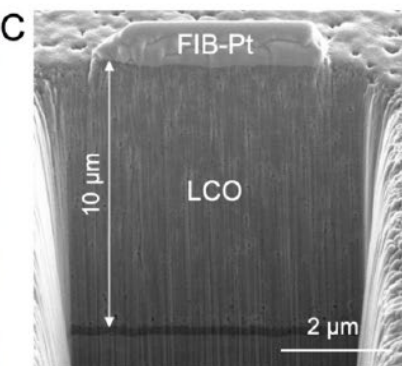
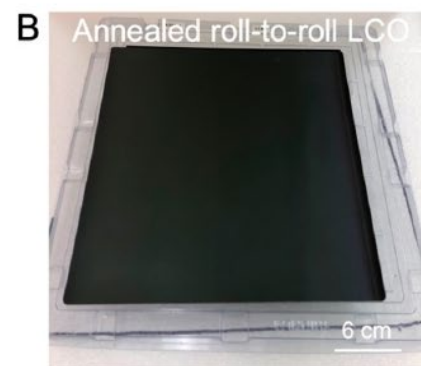
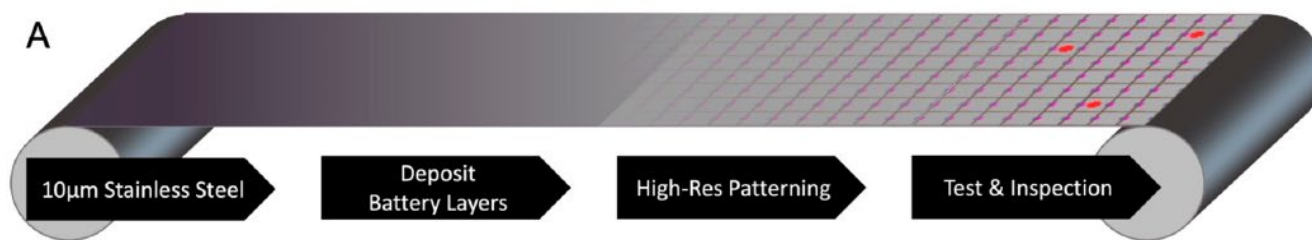
Cite This: *ACS Energy Lett.* 2023, 8, 4768–4774

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<http://pubs.acs.org/journal/aelccp>

Perspective



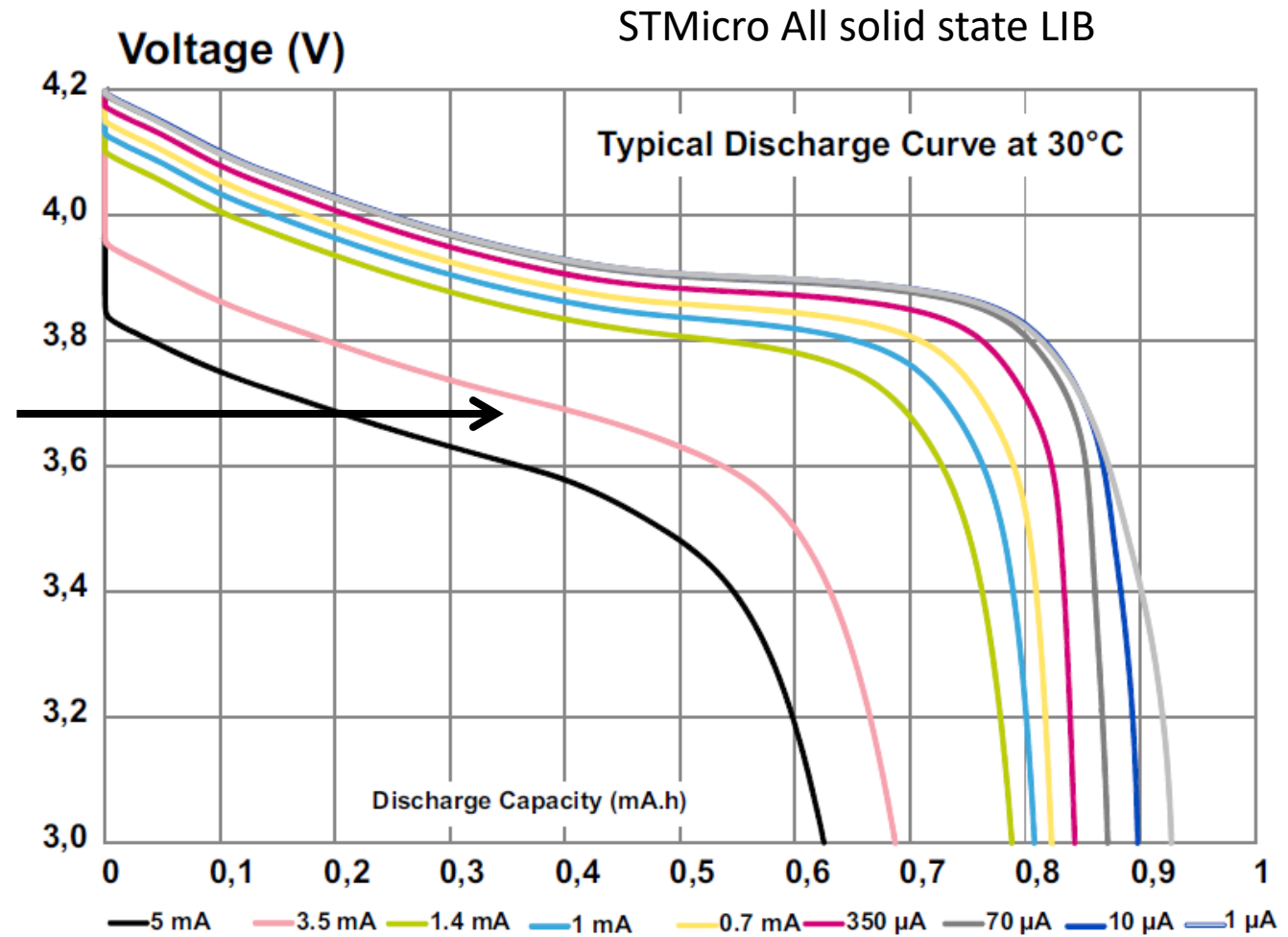
What limits power for thin film SSBs?



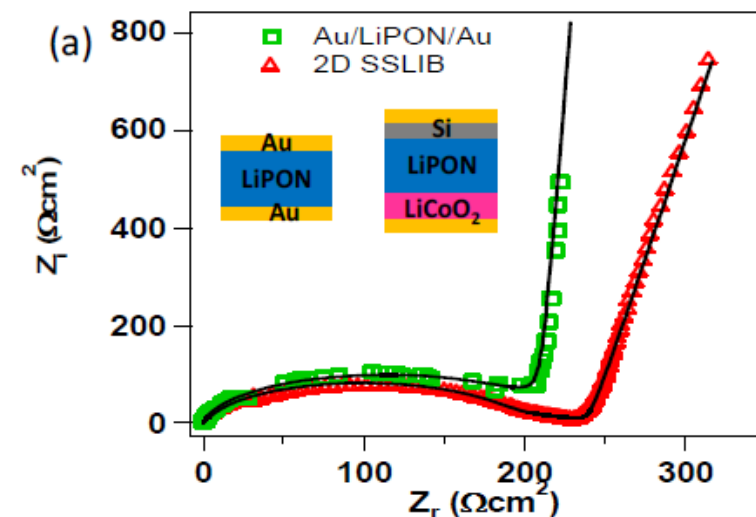
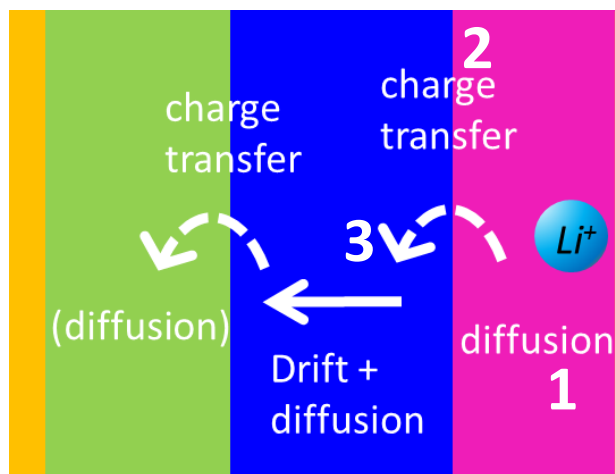
0.5 mA/cm^2



50 mA/cm^2



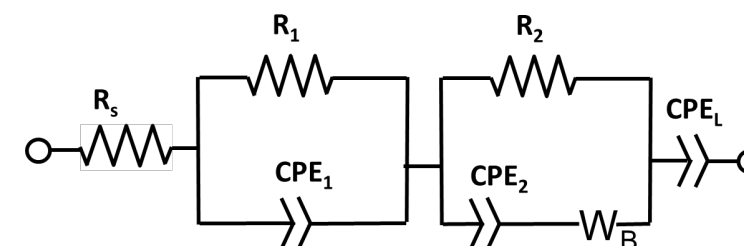
Interfaces, electrolyte, Li diffusion can limit power



A. A Talin, D. Ruzmetov, A. Kolmakov, K. McKelvey, N. Ware, F. El Gabaly, B. Dunn, and H. S. White, ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces 2016, 8, 32385

Table 1. Summary of the Conductivities (σ_{EL}) of Electrolytes (EL), and the Interface Resistances (R_i) and Activation Energies (E_a) of EL/LiCoO₂ Interfaces

sputtering position	EL	σ_{EL} [S cm ⁻¹]	R_i [Ω cm ²]	E_a [eV]
on-axis	Li ₃ PO ₄	2.3×10^{-8}	~200	0.38
	LiPON	1.8×10^{-6}	880	0.46
off-axis	LiPON	7.1×10^{-7}	8.6	0.38
references	Li ₃ PO ₄ ^a	4.6×10^{-7}	90	
	LiPON ^b		125	0.59
	PC ^{c,d}		25	0.64

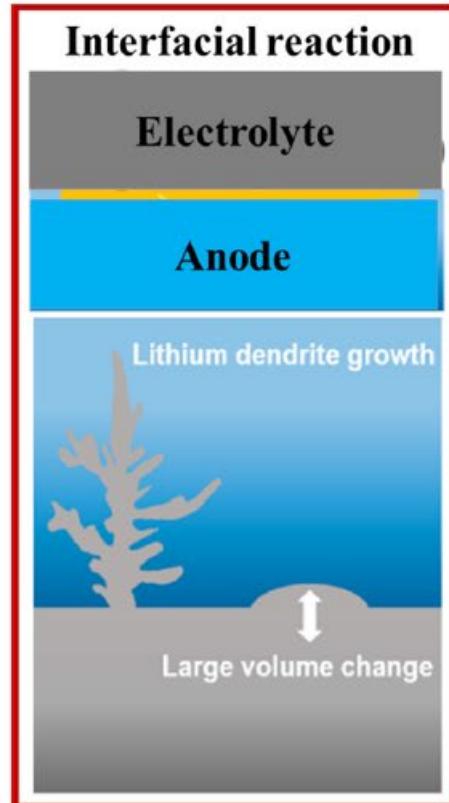


Haruta et al., Nano Lett. 15, 1498 (2015)

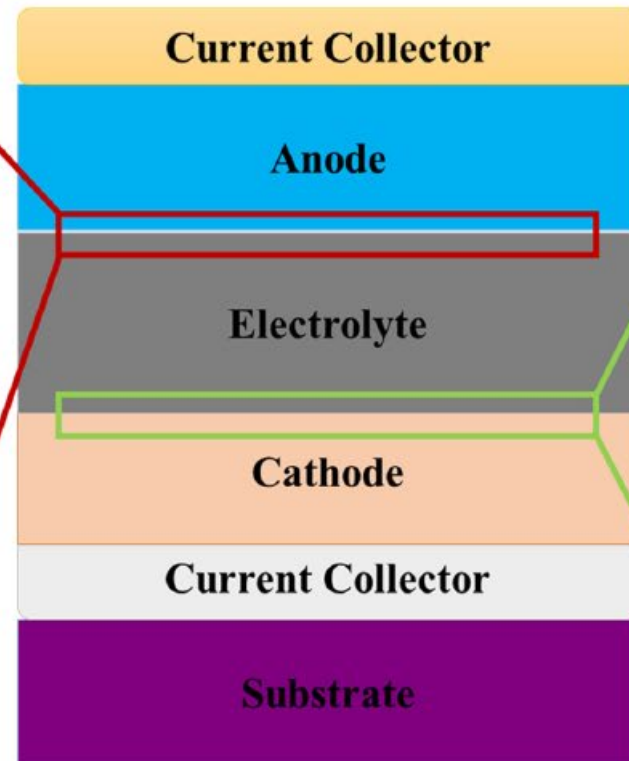
Space-charge layers, interface reactions, dendrites



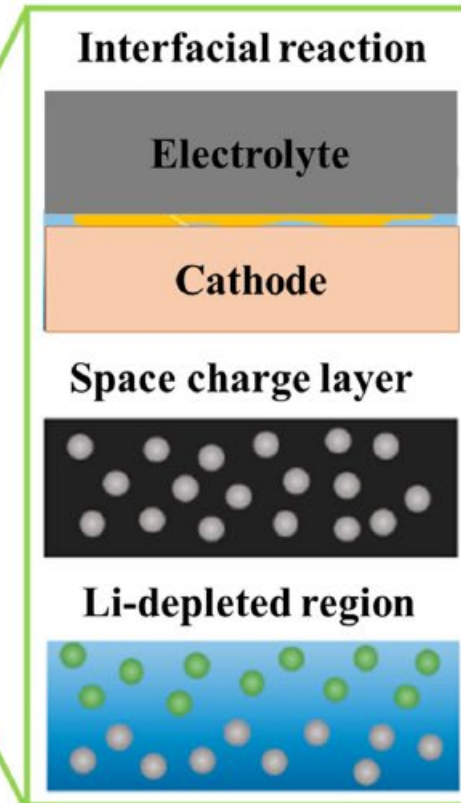
SSEs/Anode Interface



FILBs



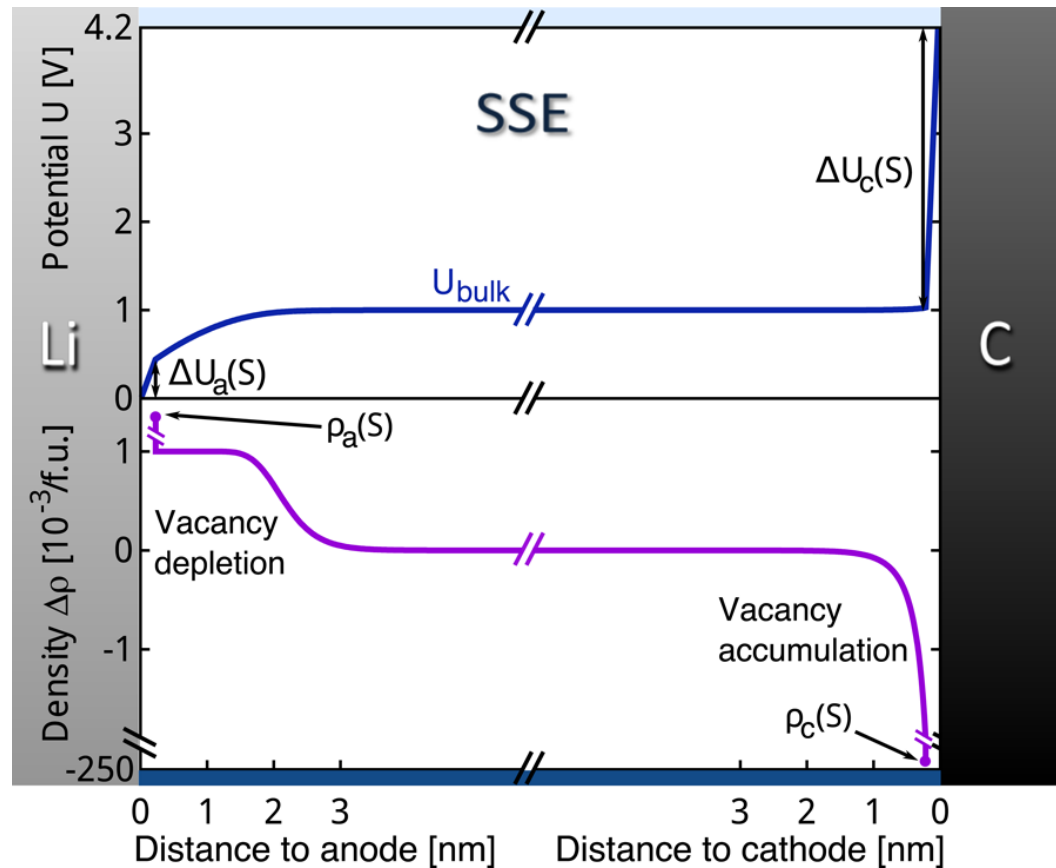
SSEs/Cathode Interface



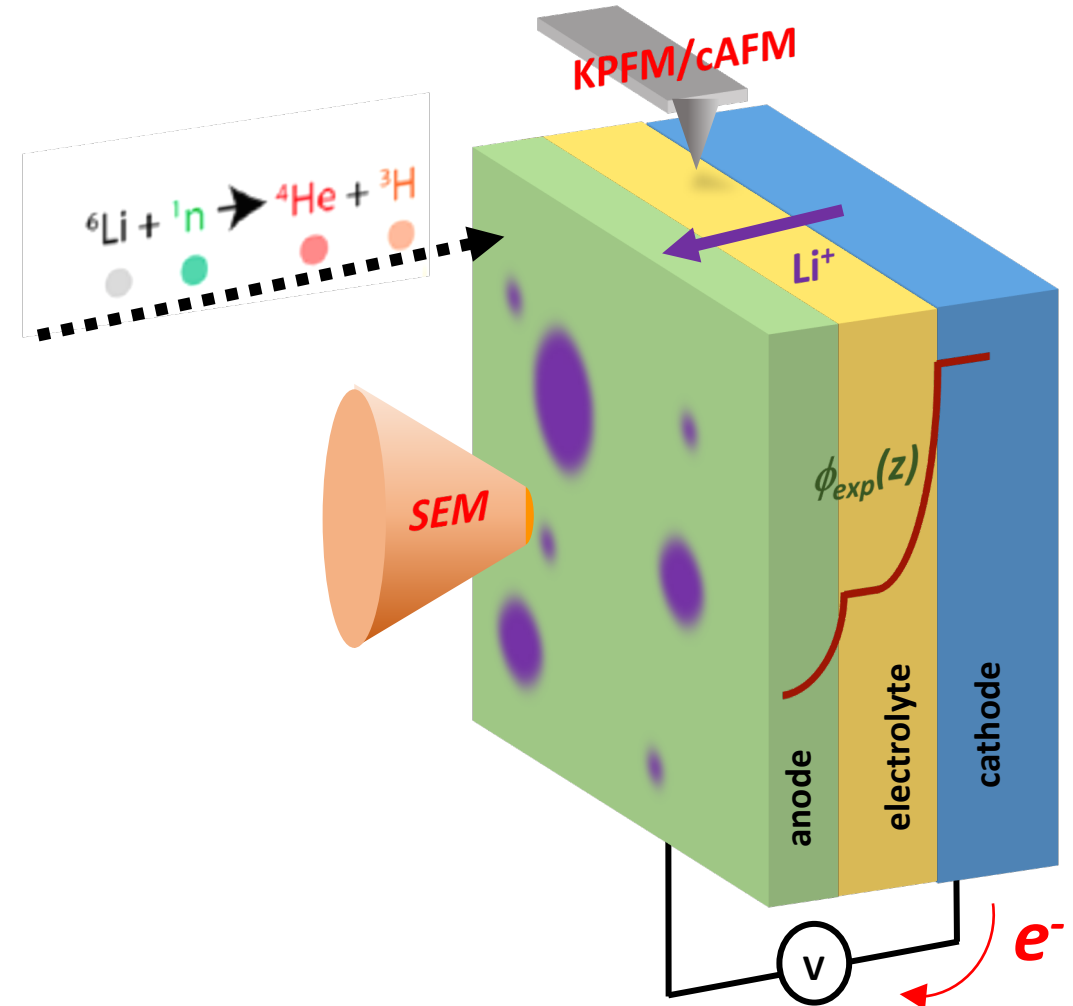
Interface potentials determine performance & stability, but are generally unknown



Calculated potential and [Li] profile



A. C. Luntz, J. Voss, K. Reuter, J. Phys. Chem. Lett. 6, 4599 (2015)

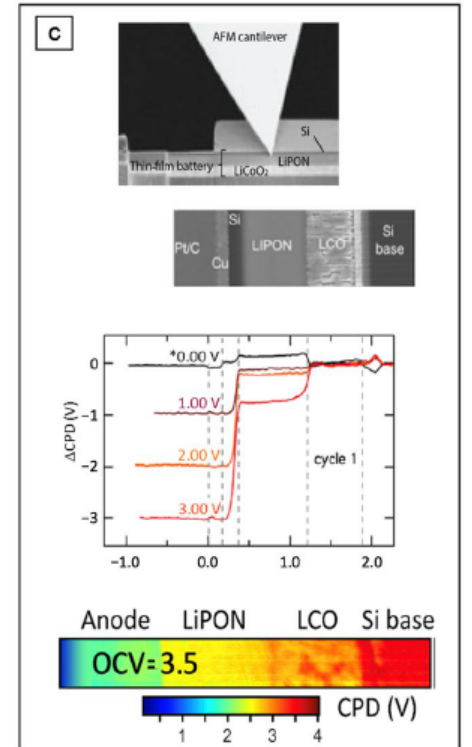
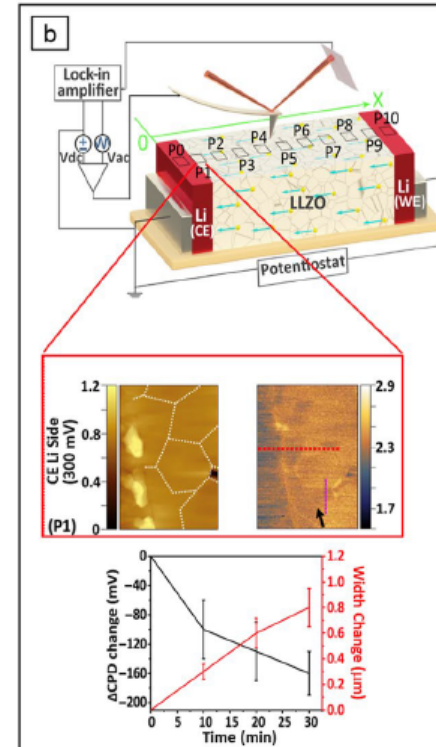
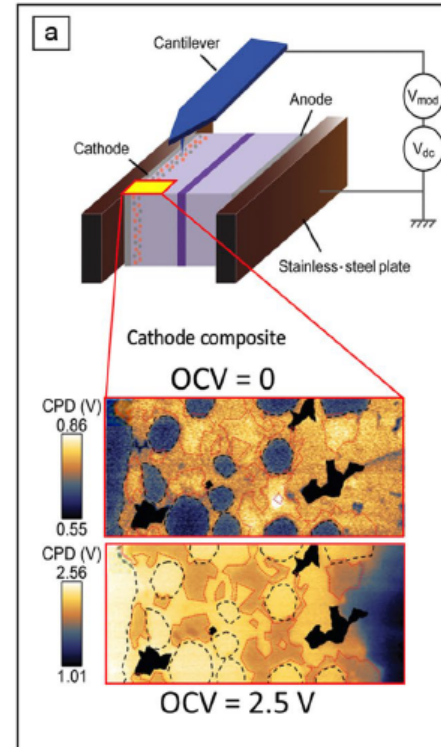
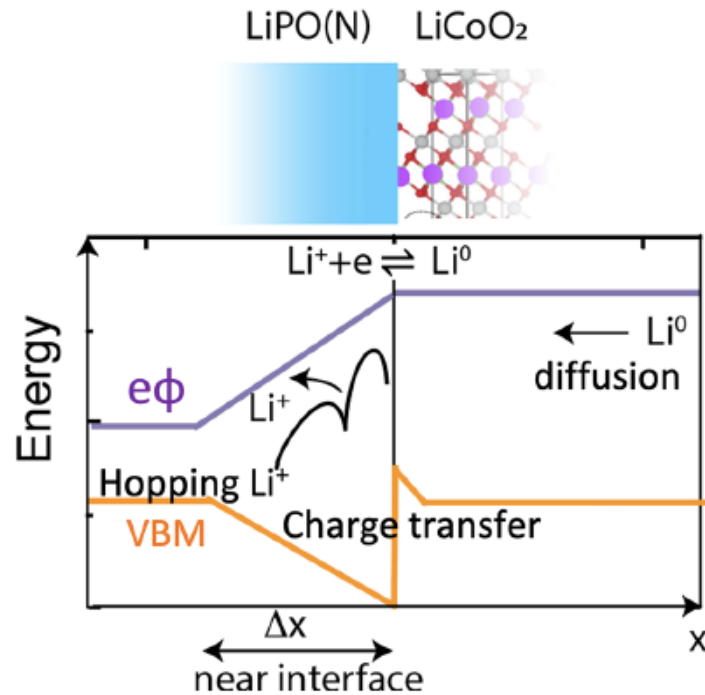


E. J. Fuller, E. Strelcov, J. L. Weaver, M. W. Swift, J. D. Sugar, A. Kolmakov, N. Zhitenev, J. J. McClelland, Y. Qi, J. A. Dura, A. . Talin, ACS Energy Lett. 6, 3944, 2021

Interface potentials inside solid-state batteries: Origins and implications

Yue Qi,^{*} Michael W. Swift, Elliot J. Fuller, and A. Alec Talin

MRS BULLETIN • VOLUME 48 • DECEMBER 2023 • mrs.org/bulletin ■ 1

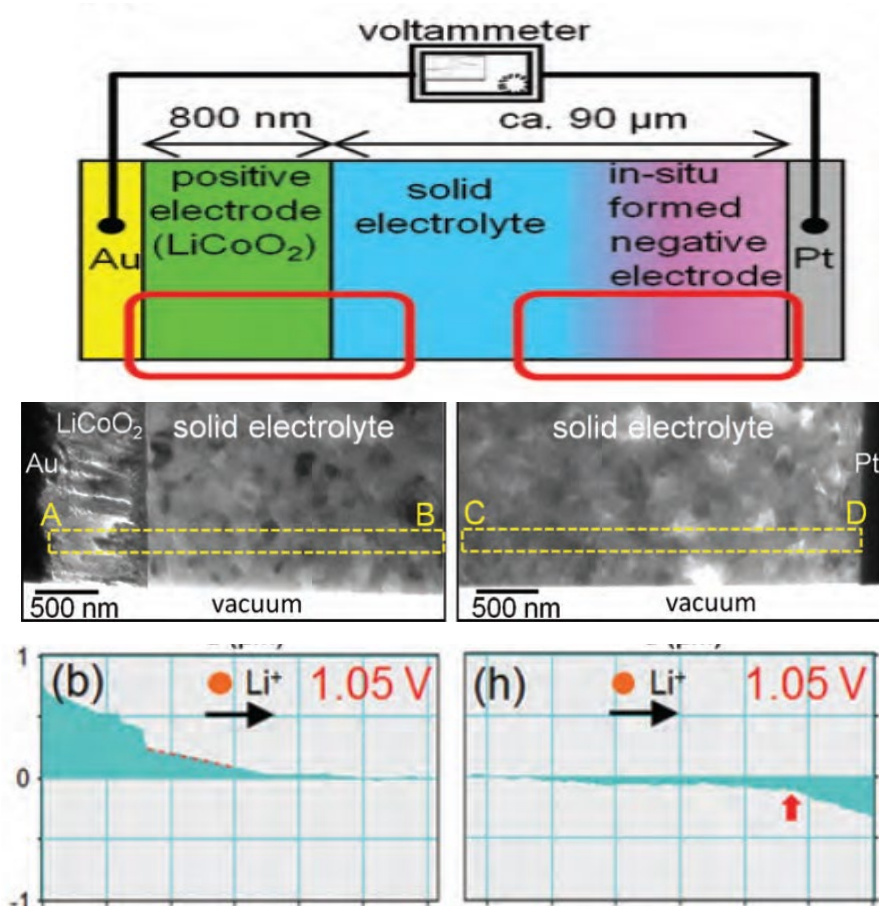


Few methods to measure local potential



Electron holography

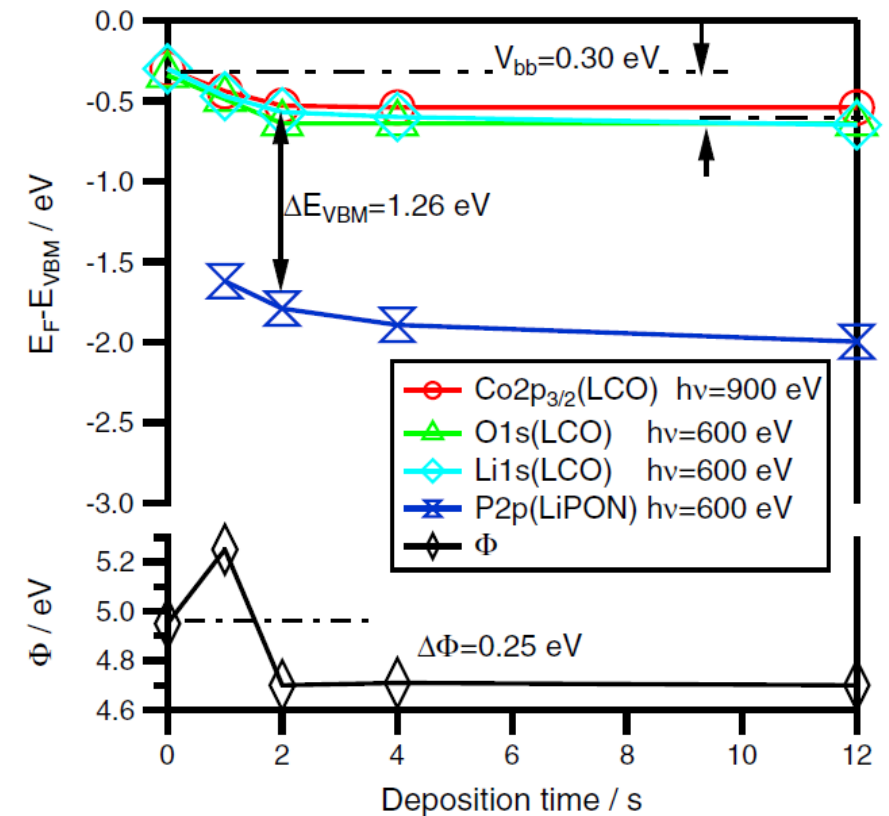
- Requires specimen thinning
- Complicated interpretation
- Beam effects
- Few results to date



K. Yamamoto, T. Hirayama, T. Tanji, Microscopy 62, S29, 2013

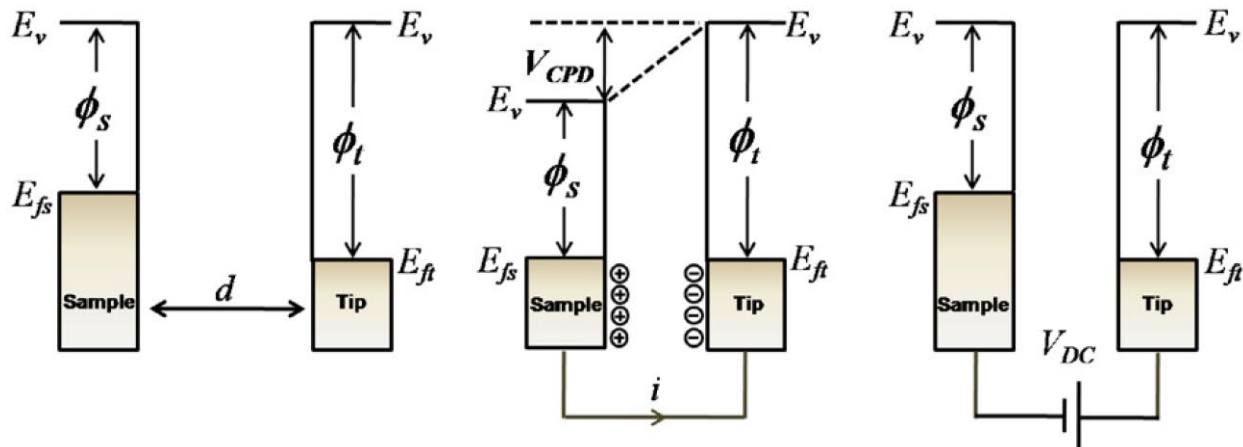
XPS

- Limited to very thin overlayers
- Need synchrotron for lateral resolution
- Operando studies very challenging

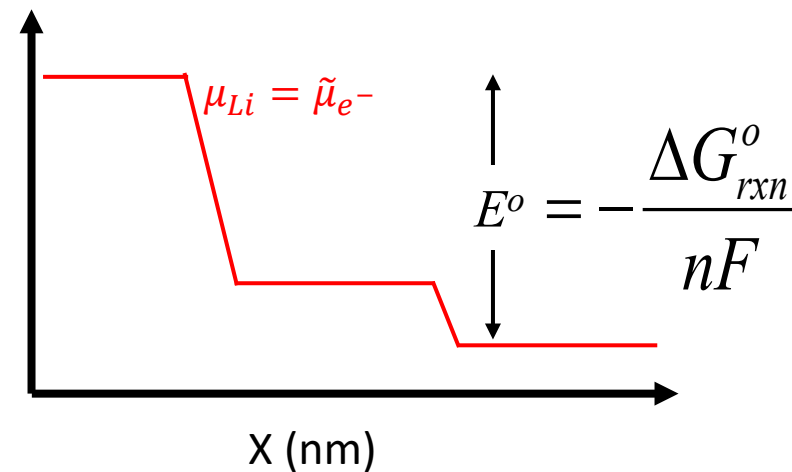
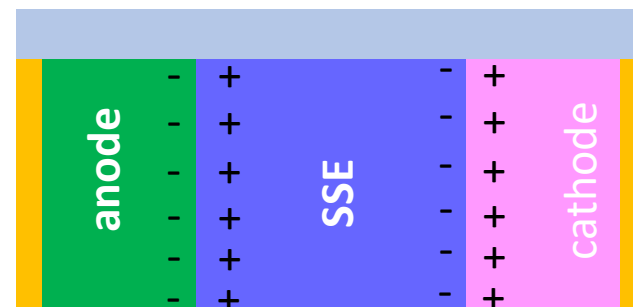


A. Schwöbel, W. Jaegermann, R. Hausbrand, Solid State Ionics 288, 244, 2016

Kelvin Probe Force Microscopy



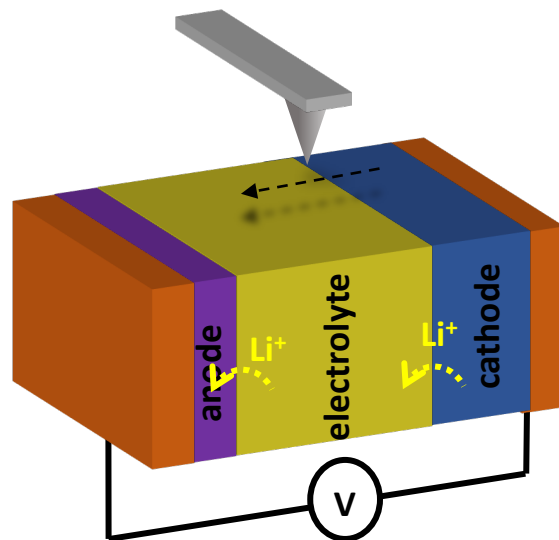
W. Melitz, J. Shena, A. C. Kummel, S. Lee Surf. Sci. Reports 66, 1, 2011



$$CPD = \frac{\Delta\Phi}{e}$$

$$\downarrow$$

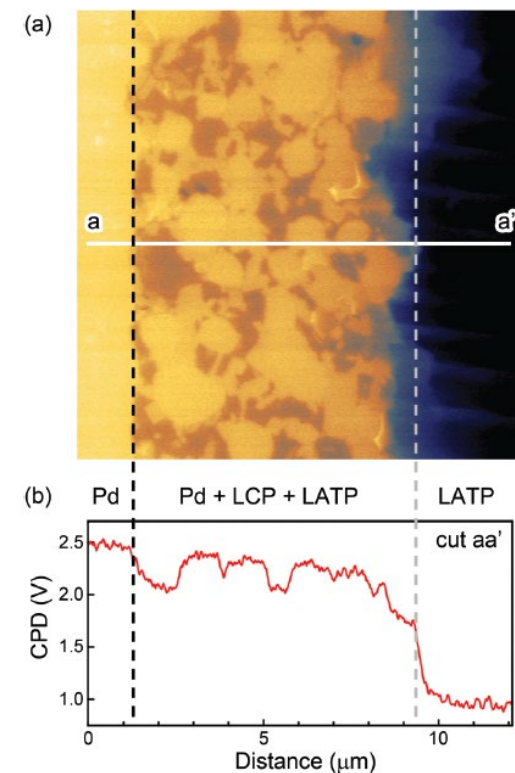
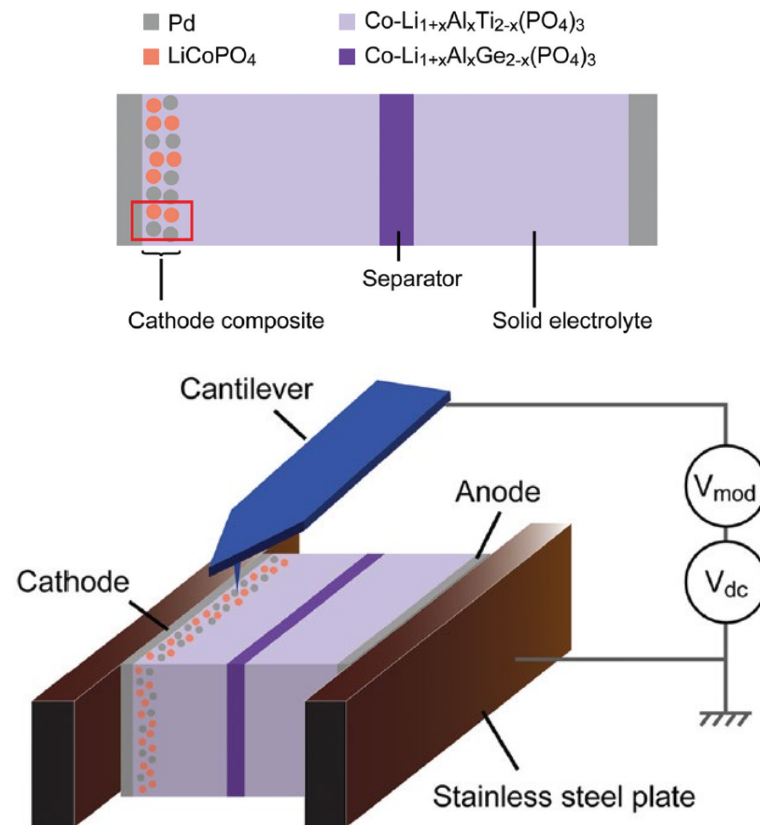
$$CPD = \frac{\Delta\Phi}{e} - \frac{\tilde{\mu}_{e^-}}{e}$$



Previous KPFM potential profiling of SSBs

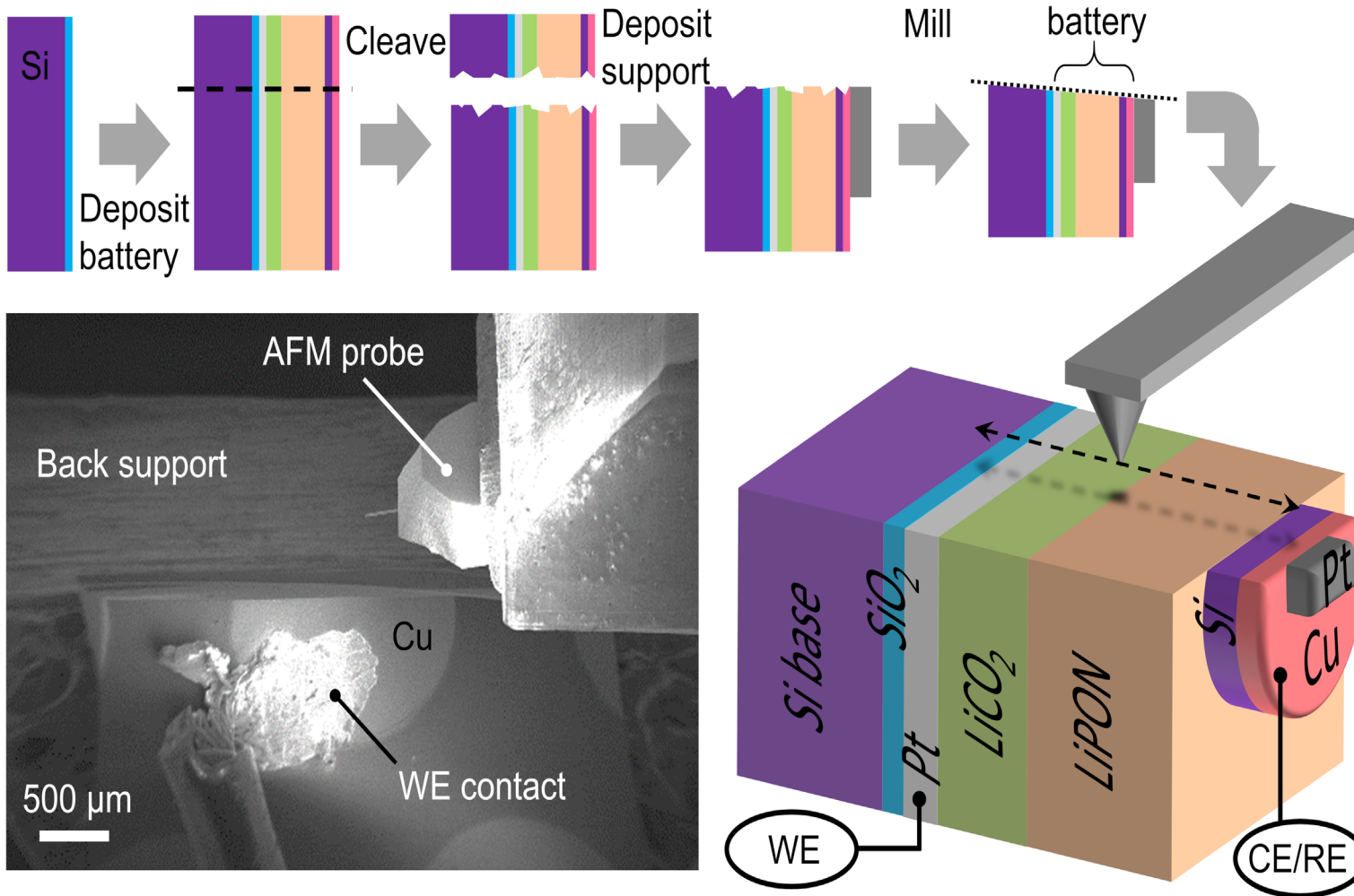


- Not done under inert ambient (~ 1000 ppm O_2 , 250 ppm H_2O)
- Composite cathode (metal, cathode, SSE)
- Rough interface
- No profile of complete cell
- Challenging for model validation

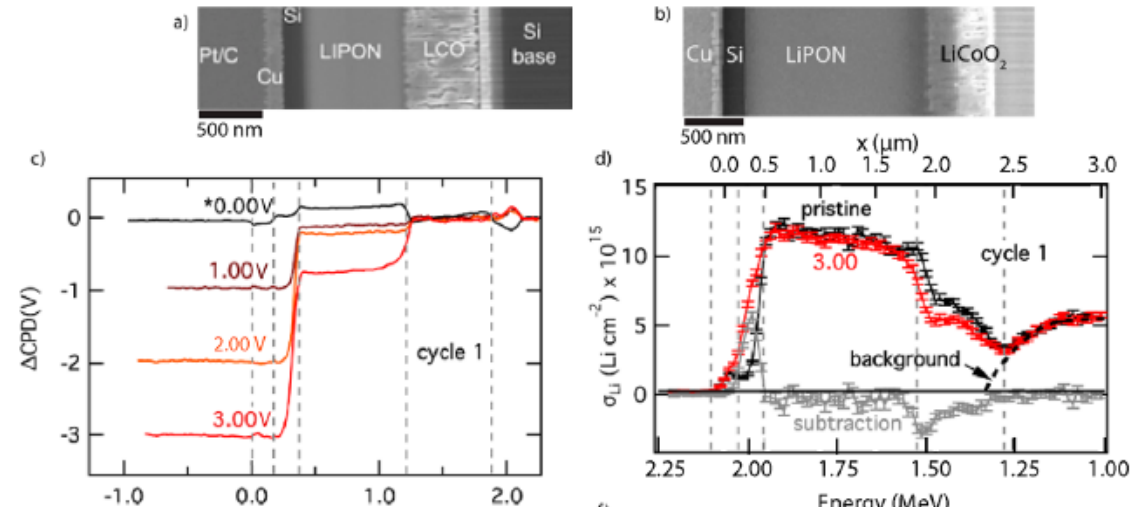
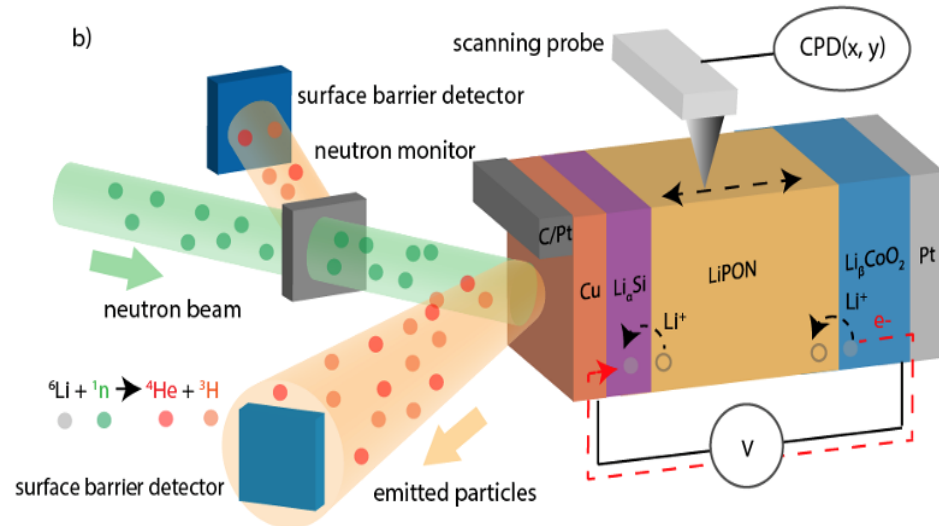


H. Masuda, N. Ishida, Y. Ogata, D. Itoc, Daisuke Fujita, Nanoscale 9, 893, 2017

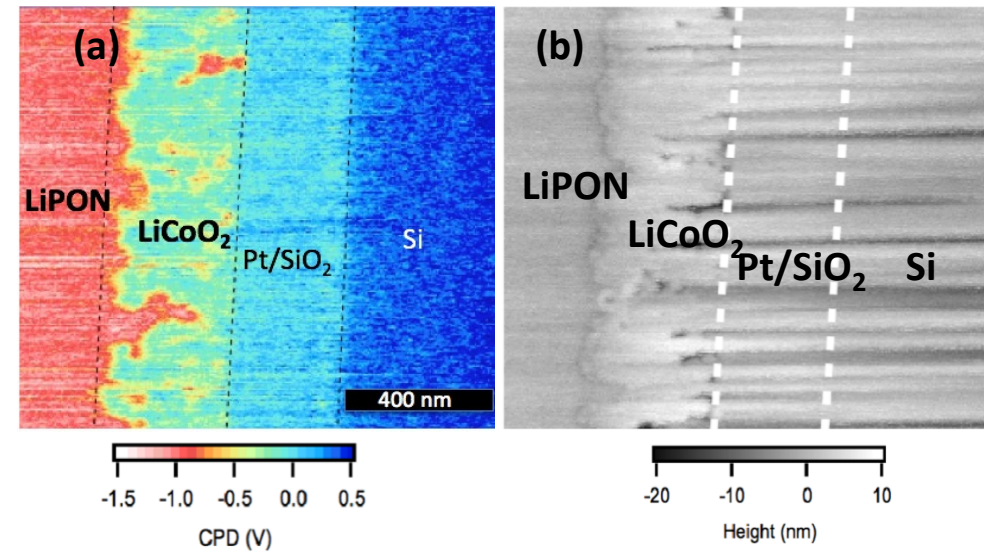
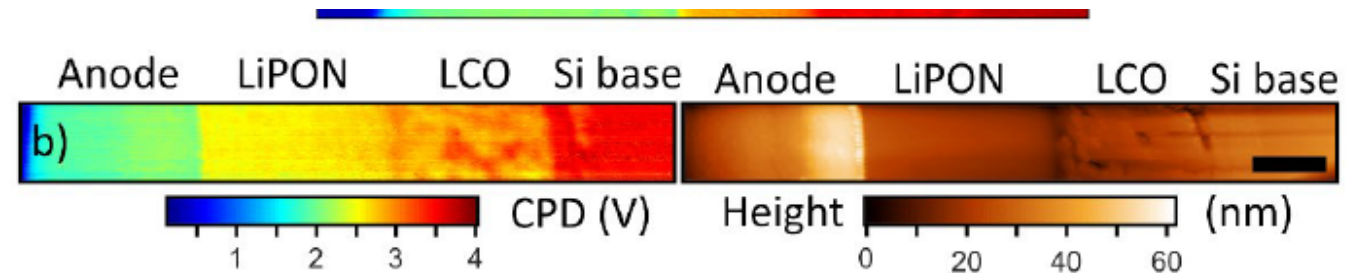
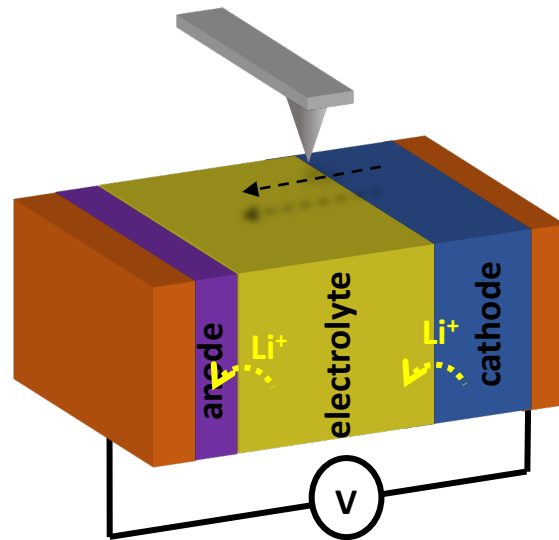
In situ cross section SSLIB to avoid contamination



Operando measurement of potential, [Li] across SSB



Local potential inhomogeneous at LiPON/LCO interface

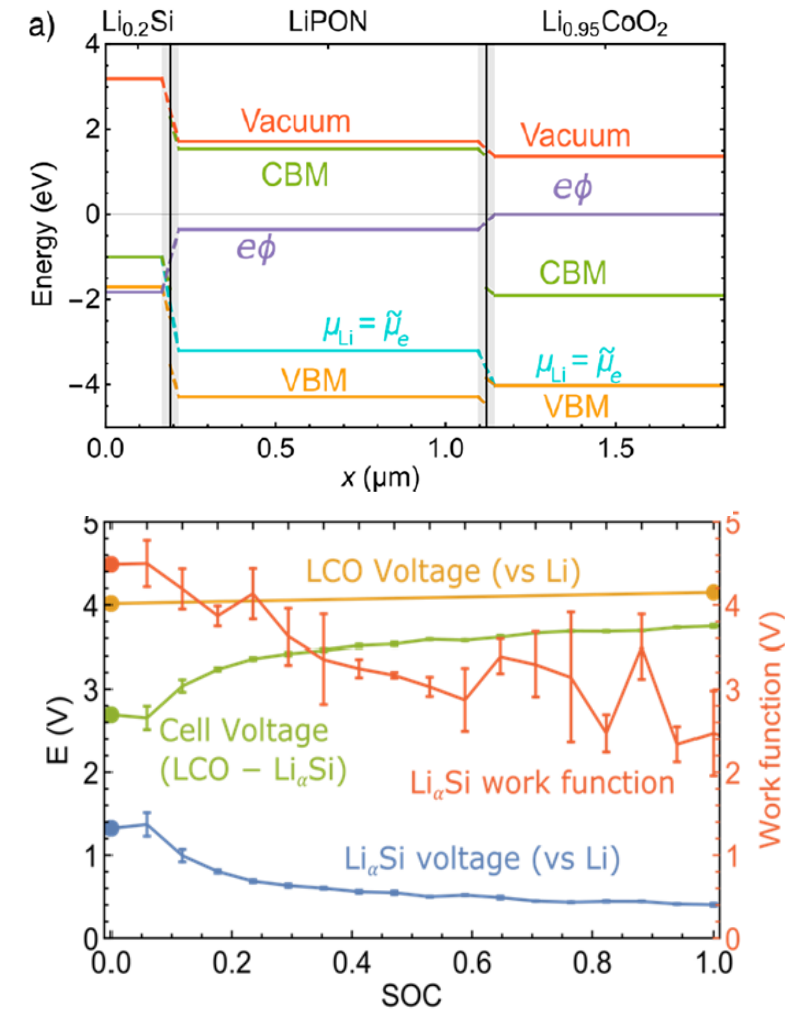


A first-principles informed model of a Si/LiPON/LCO SSB



- *Ab initio* framework to calculate thermodynamic driving forces and interface potential drops at open circuit equilibrium
 - Model system Li / LiPON / Li_xCoO₂
- Open circuit voltage V from chemical potential energetics at equilibrium
 - Electronic and ionic components
 - Resulting V consistent with prior DFT and experiment
- Electronic E_F changes and drives battery operation
- Calculate defect formation energies, electronic band alignments, interface energy barriers

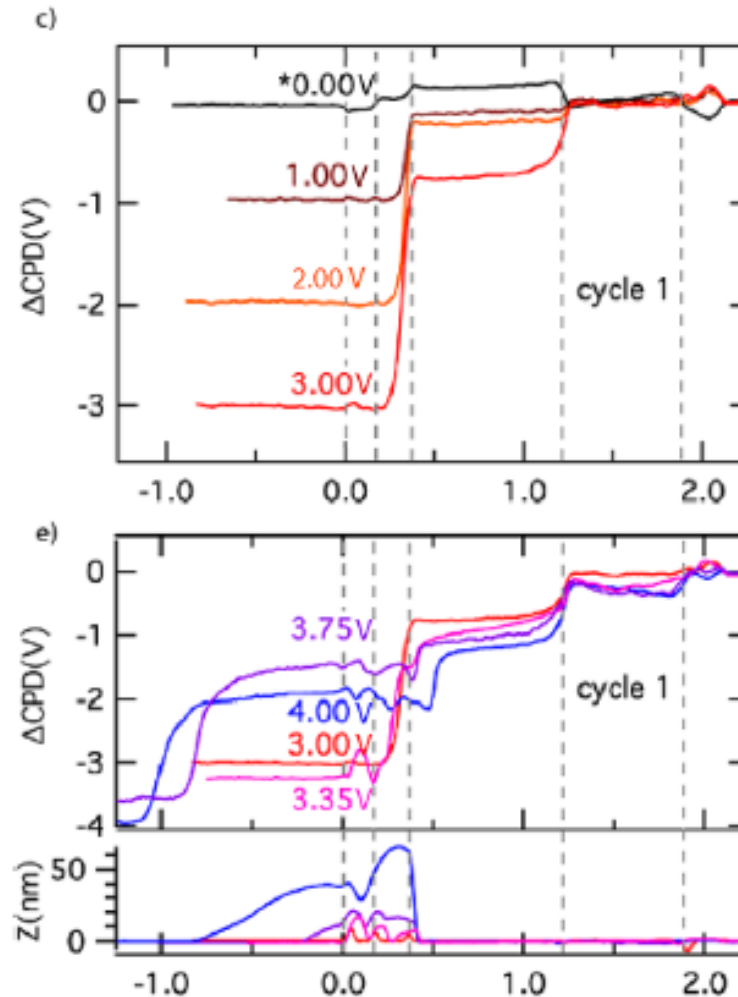
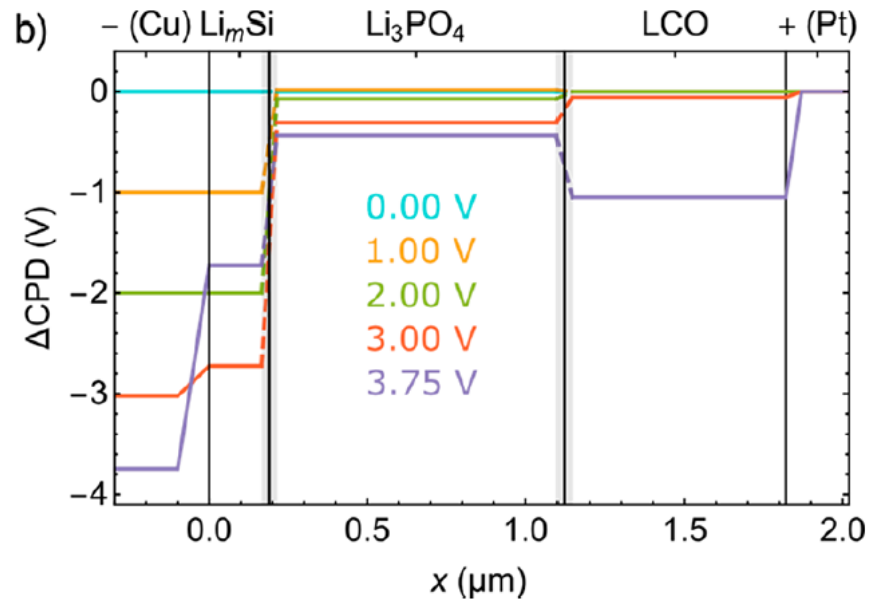
$$\tilde{\mu}_{\text{Li}^+} = \mu_{\text{Li}} - (E_F - IP + \psi^a - e\phi) = 0.$$



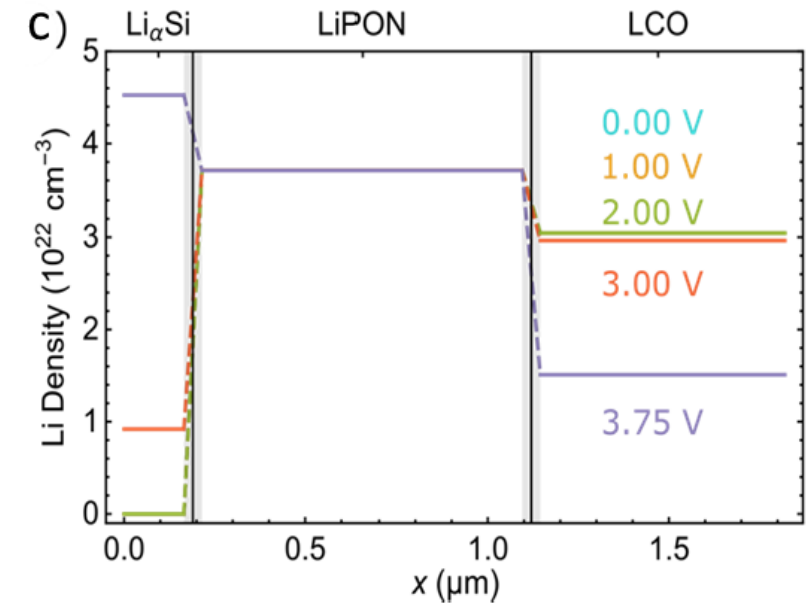
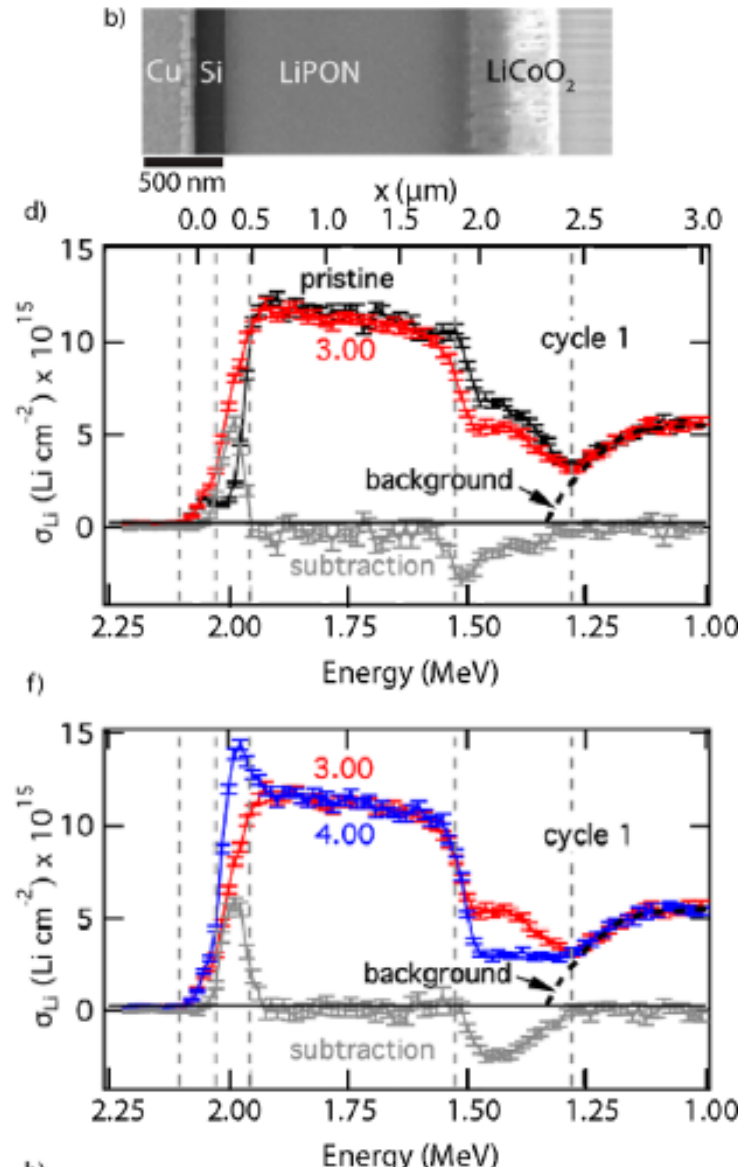
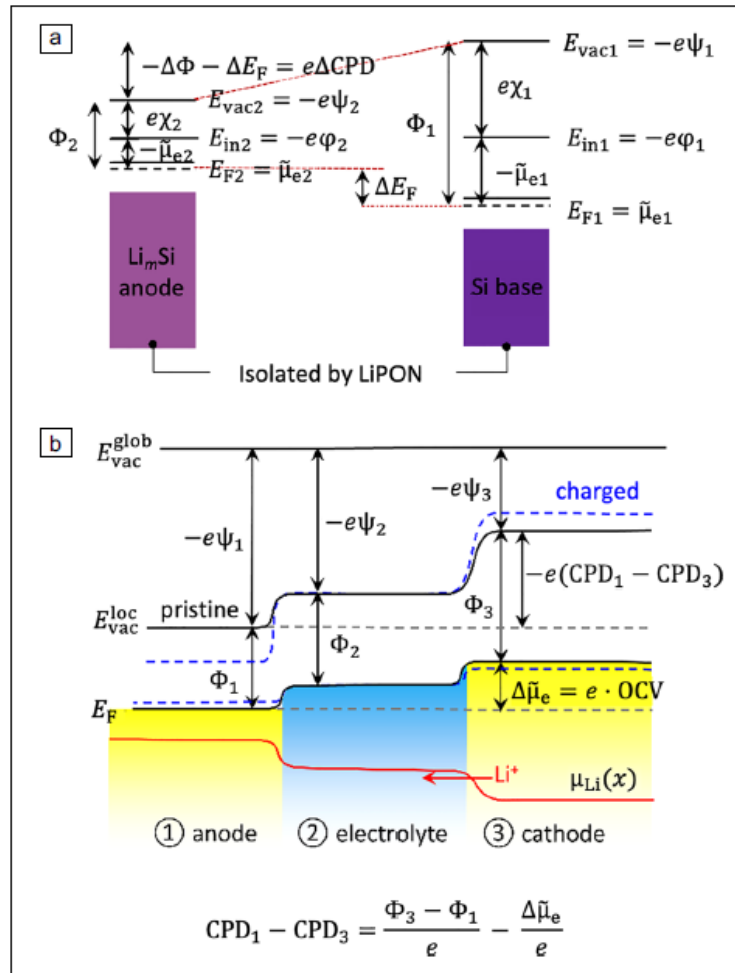
Good agreement for calculated vs. measured Δ CPD



model Δ CPD



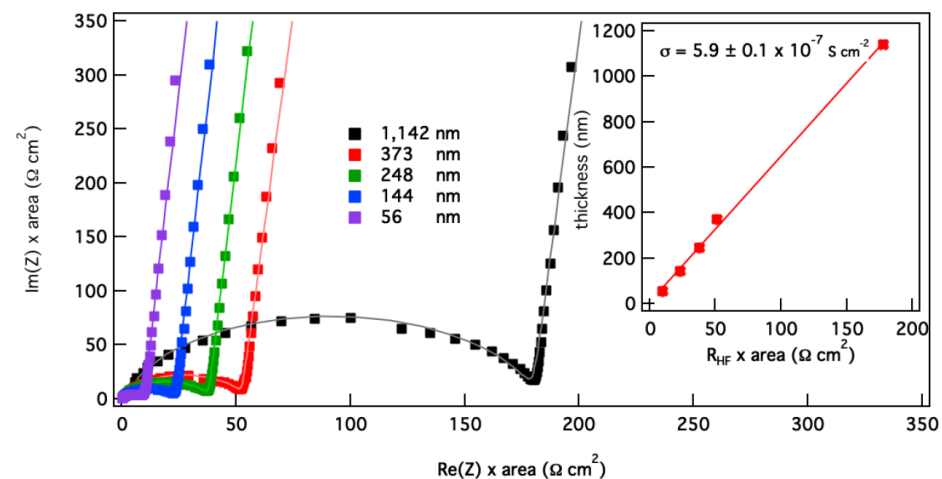
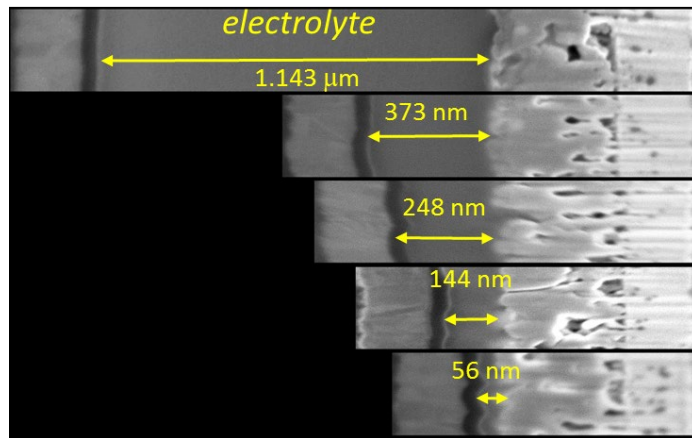
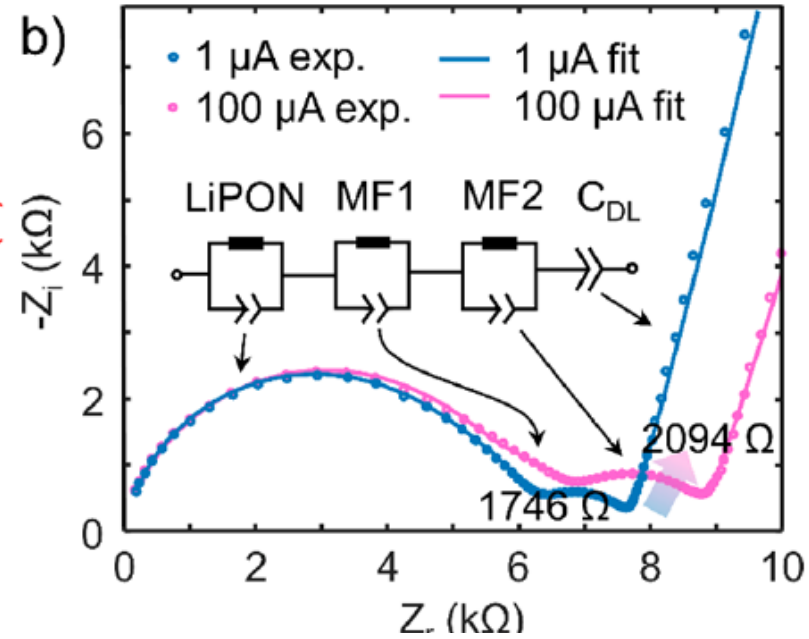
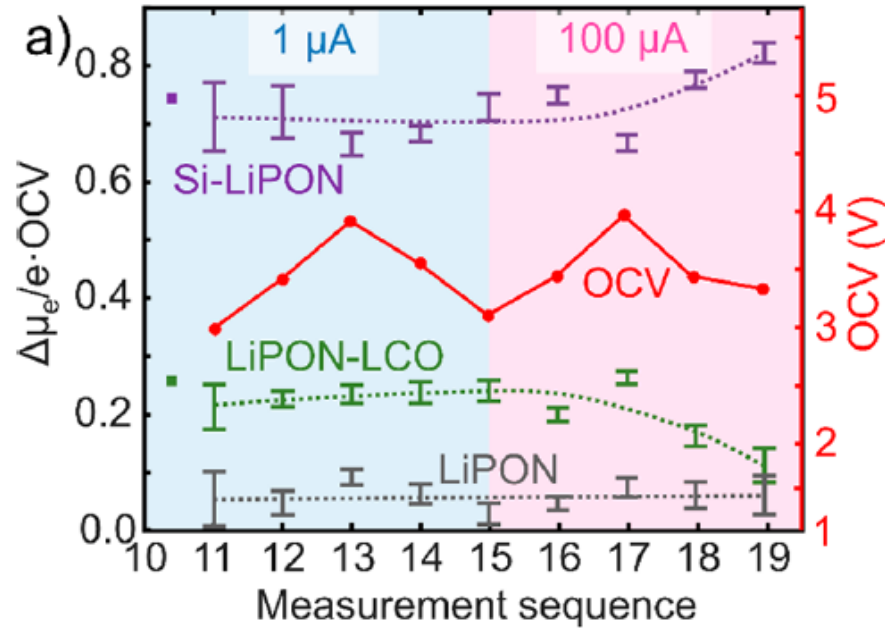
...and for calculated vs. measured [Li] profile



High current cycling leads to change in EIS



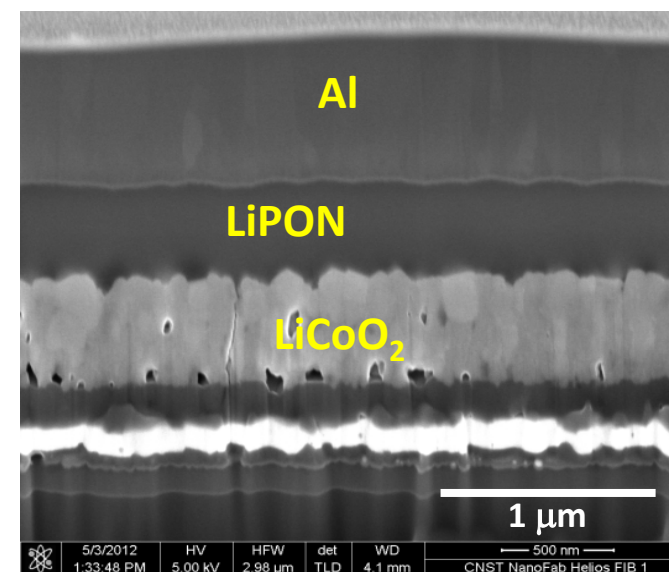
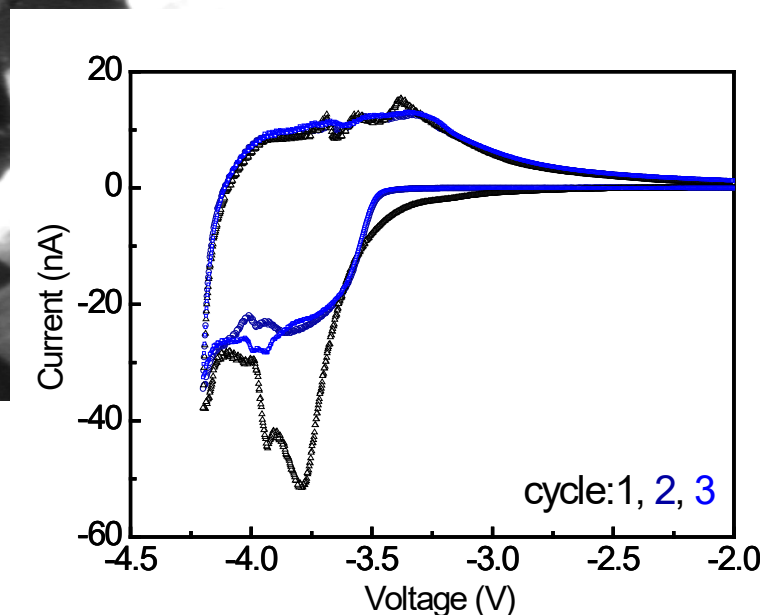
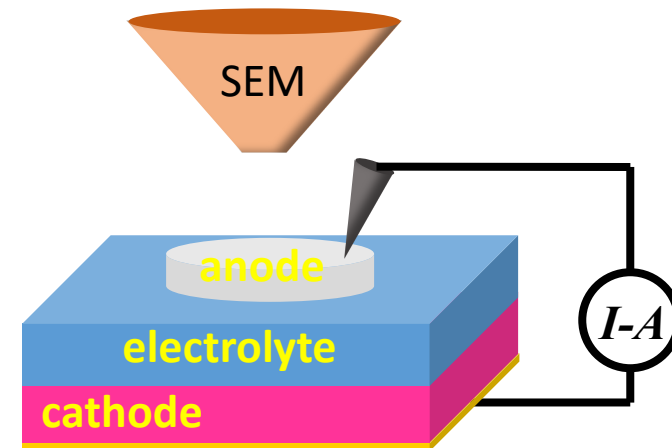
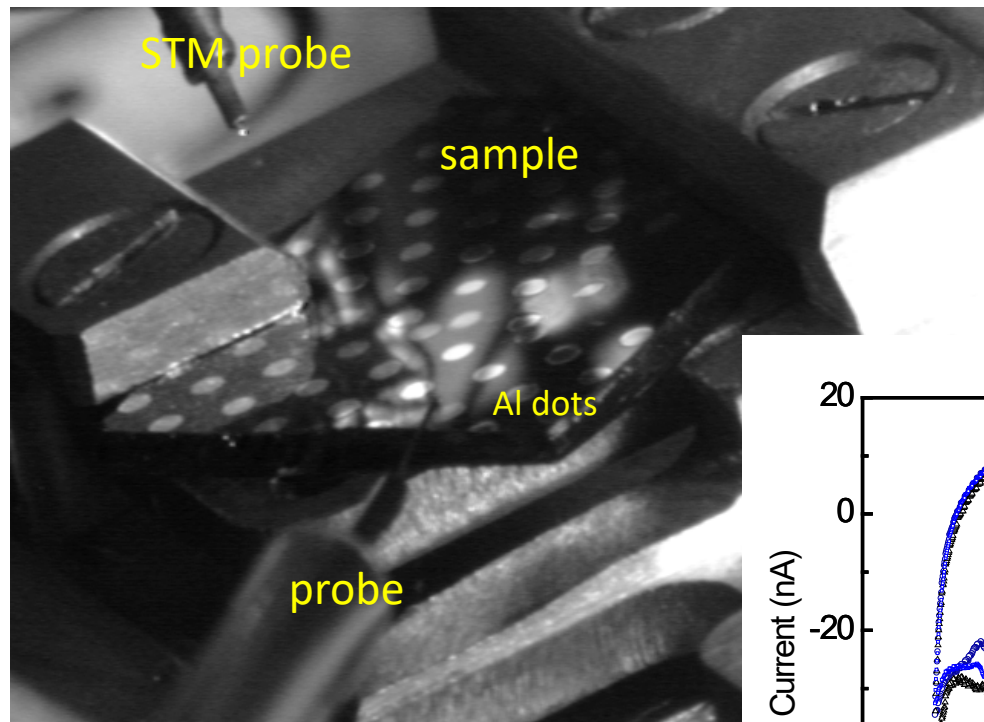
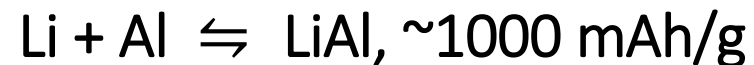
KPFM helps identify the interface responsible for change in EIS



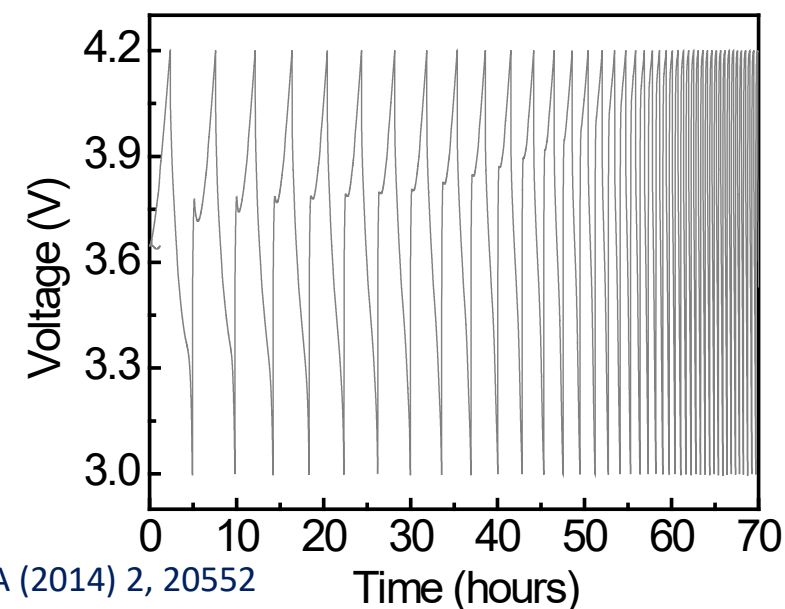
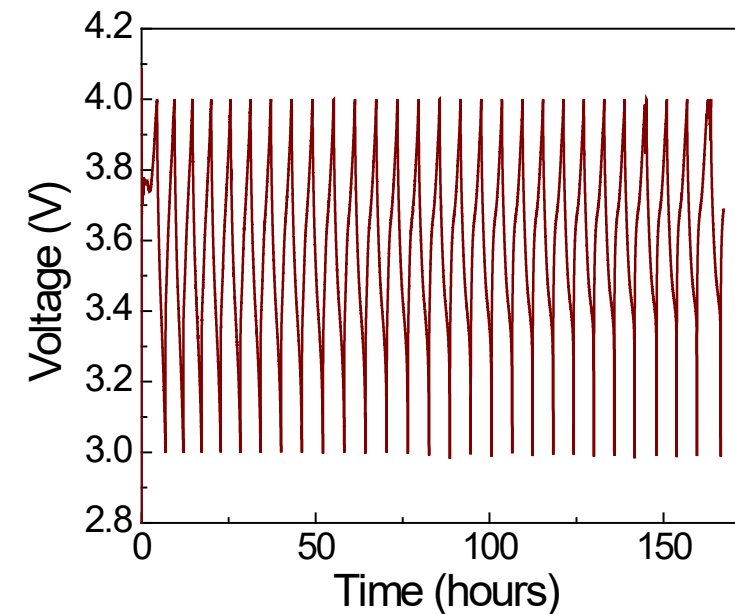
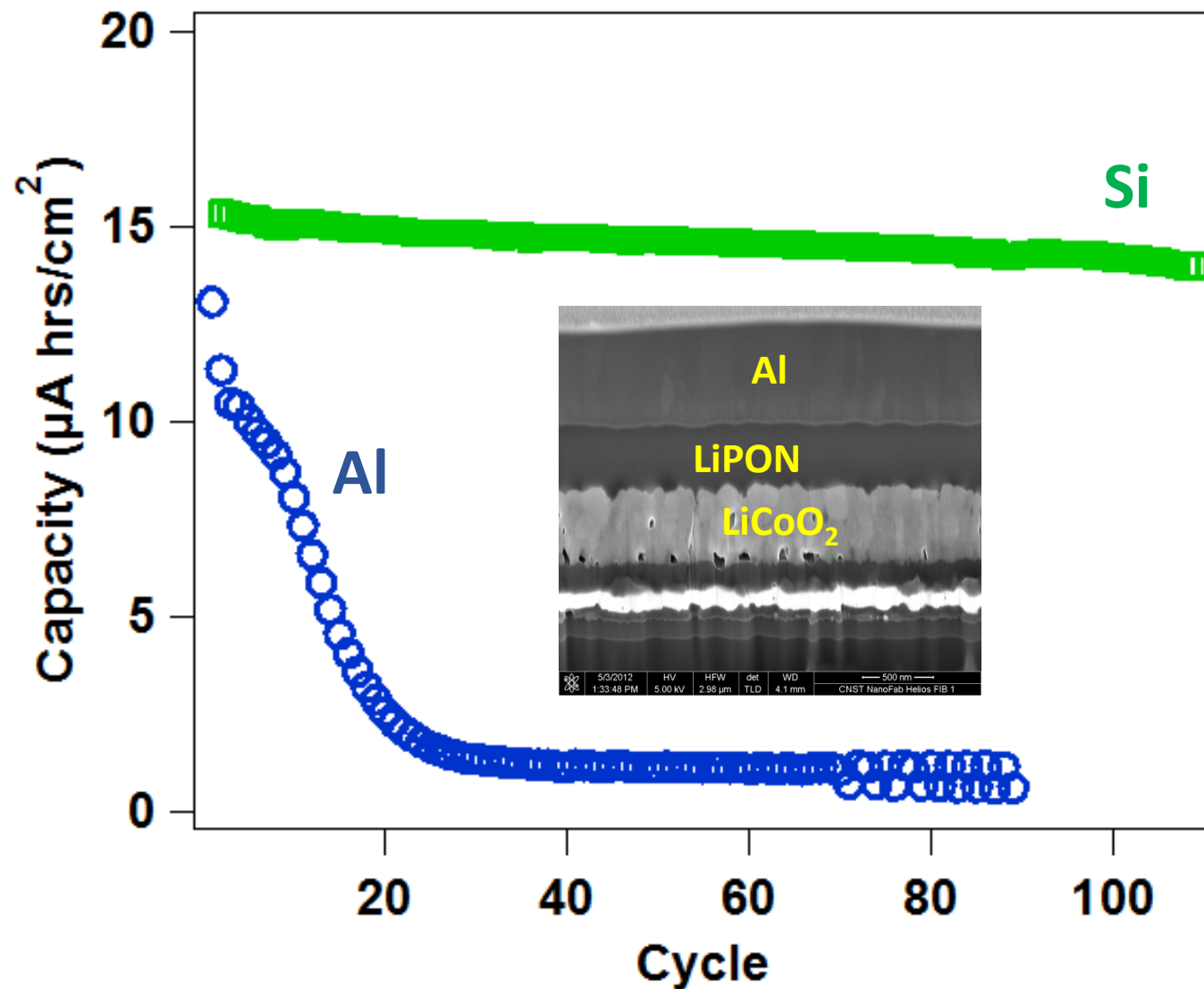
In situ characterization of Al anode thin film LIBs



Al is conducting, high capacity, and cheap

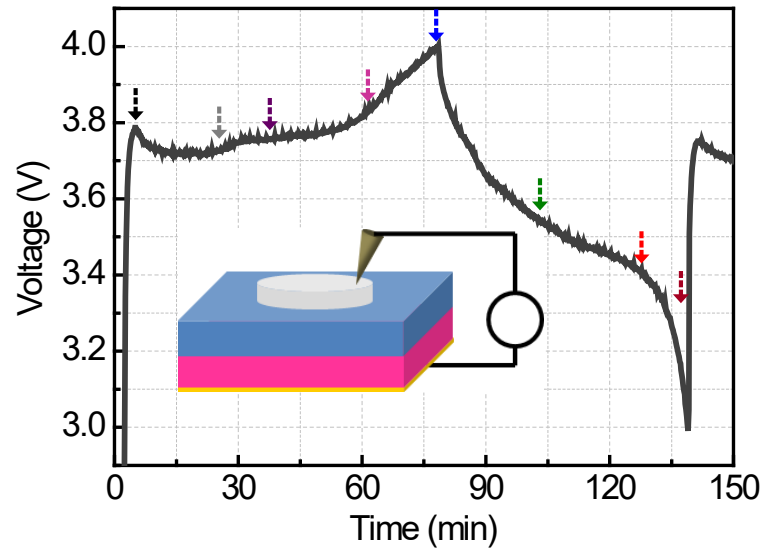


What is the origin of rapid capacity loss for Al anodes?



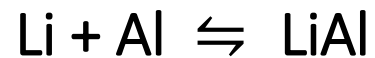
Morphology correlated with charge/discharge plot

$I=30\text{nA}$ or $15.3\text{ }\mu\text{A}/\text{cm}^2$

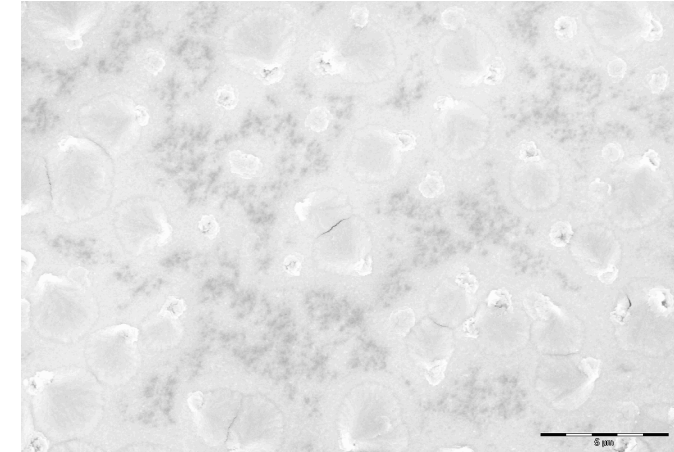
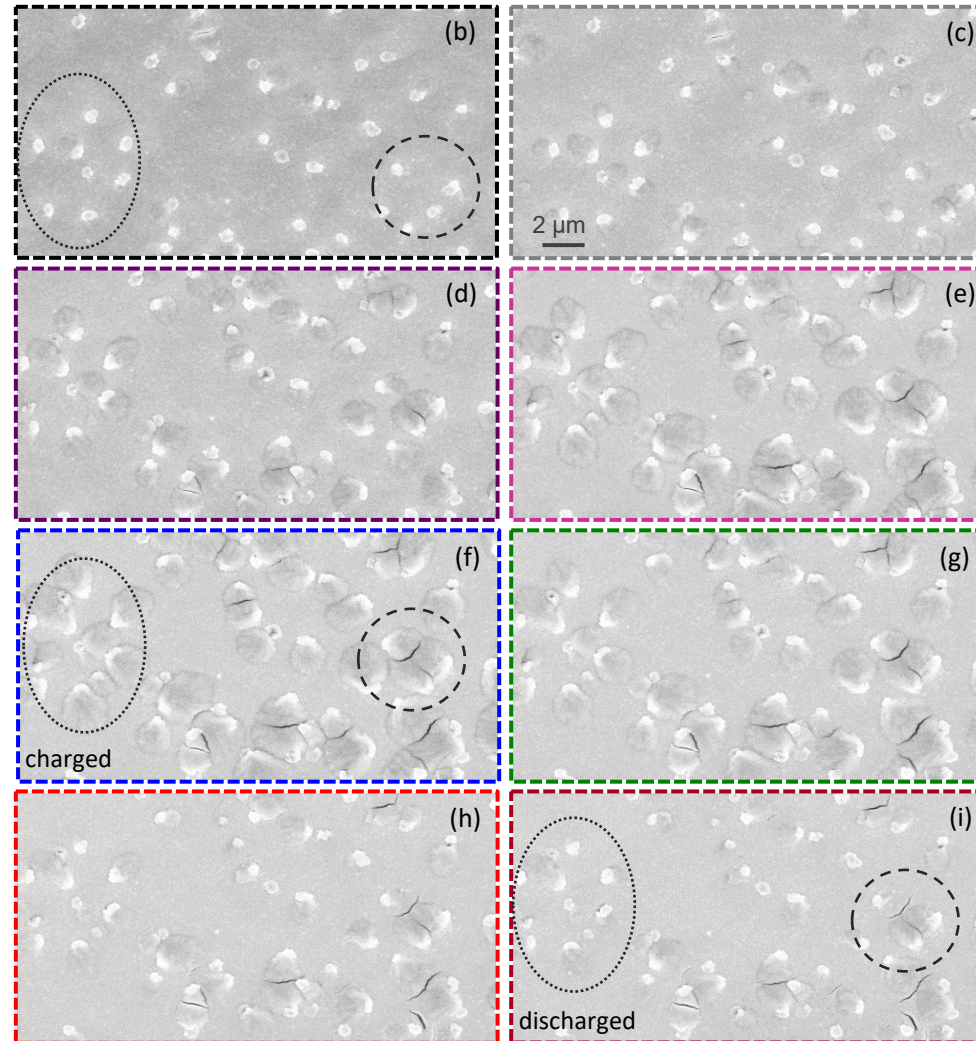


Al moles/dot: 1.09×10^{-8}

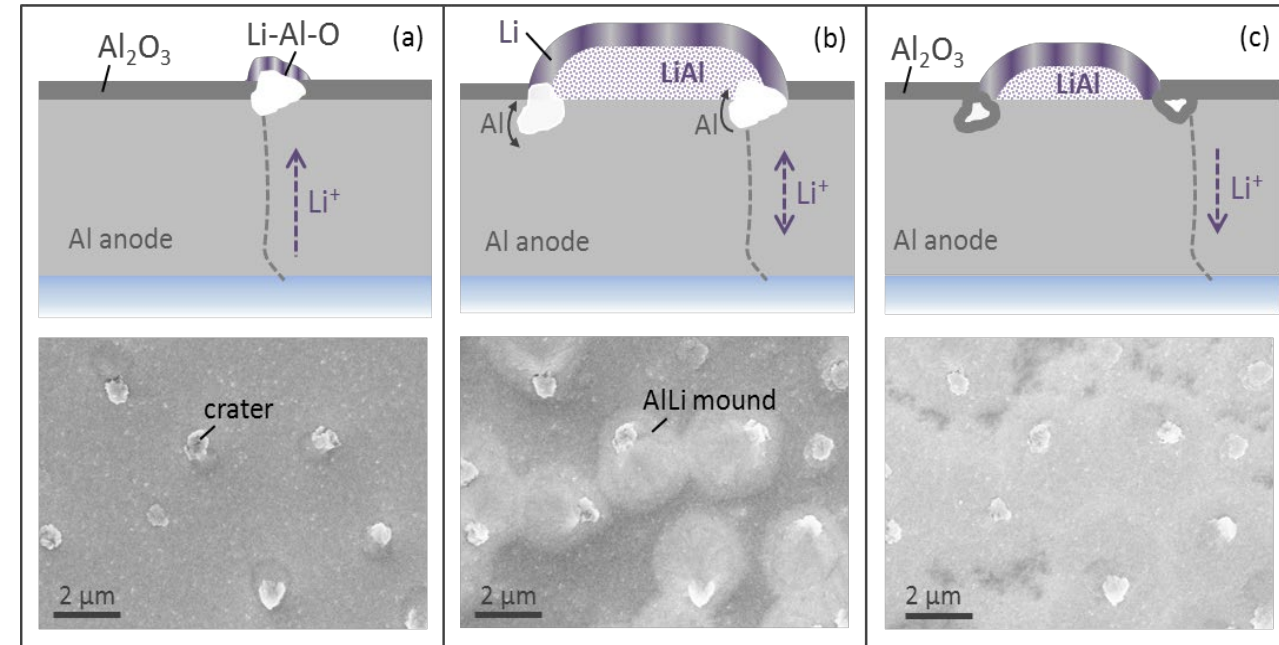
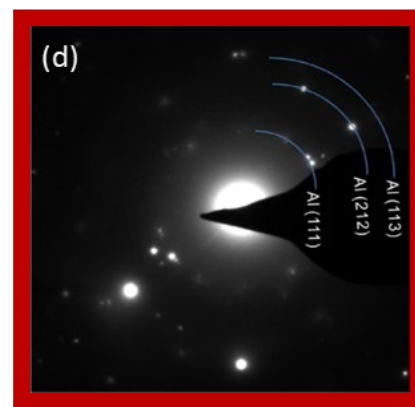
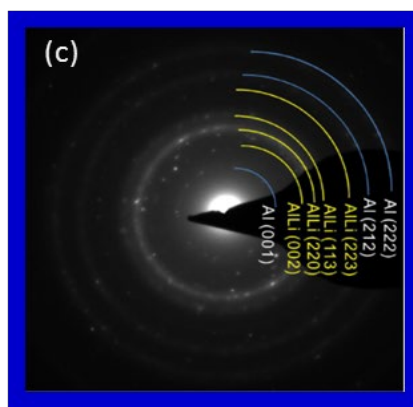
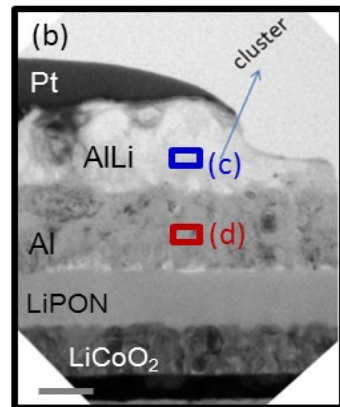
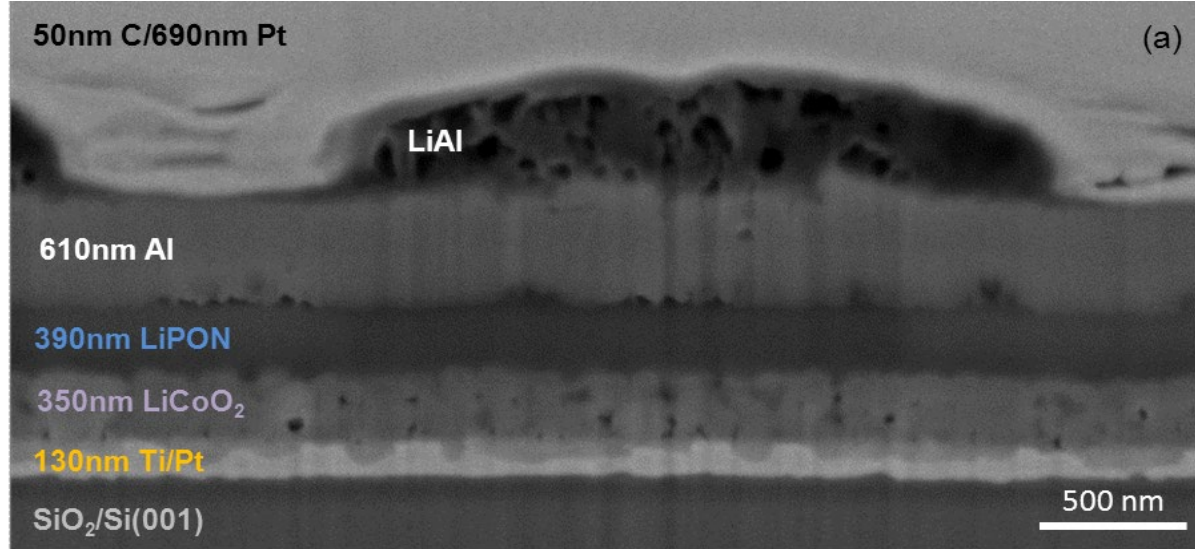
Li moles/hr: 1.19×10^{-9}



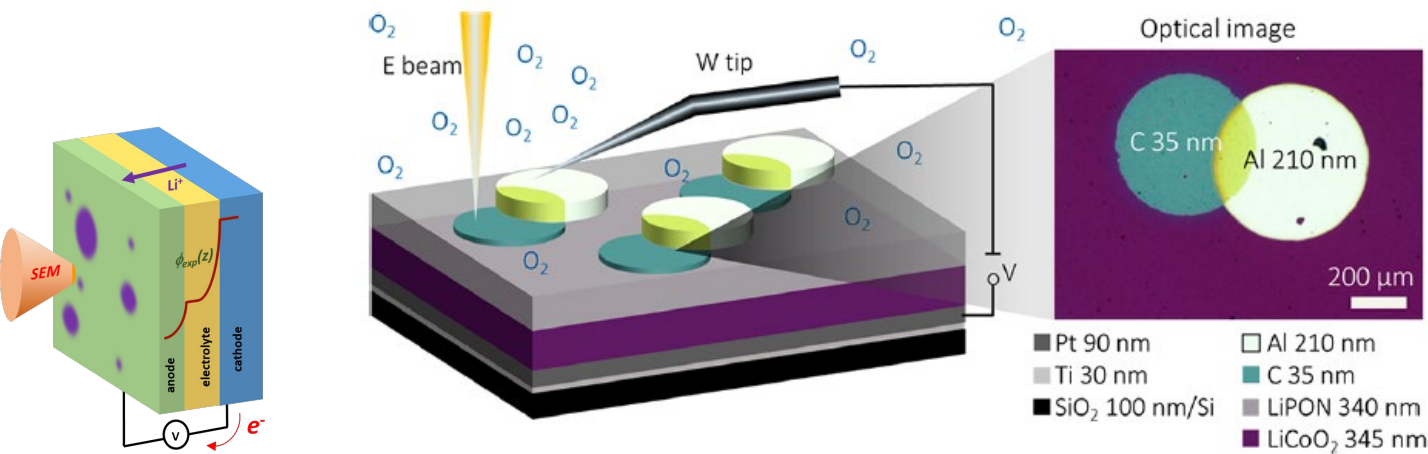
~11% lithiation w.r.t anode



LiAl mounds appear on the surface to accommodate volume increase



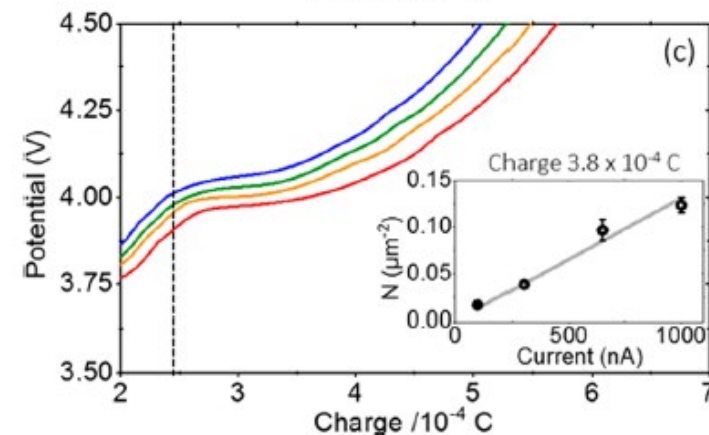
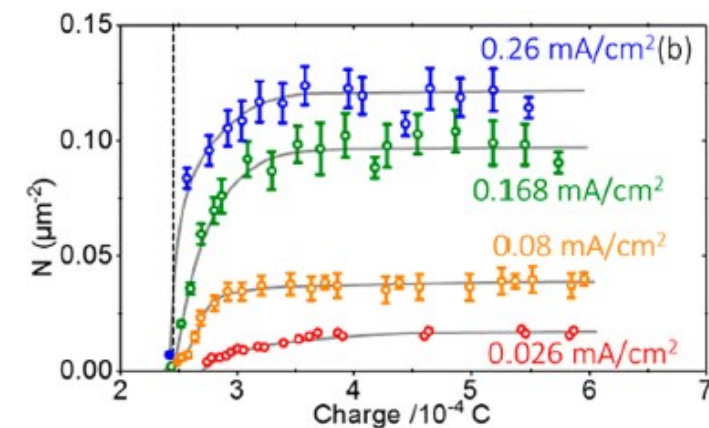
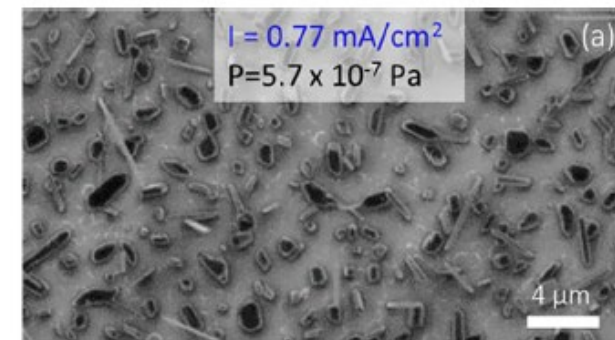
Graphene current collector enables imaging of Li plating



- Close analogy Li plating $\leftrightarrow$ film growth by PVD
- Model behavior implies uniform Li transport at $J < 0.3 \text{ mA/cm}^2$

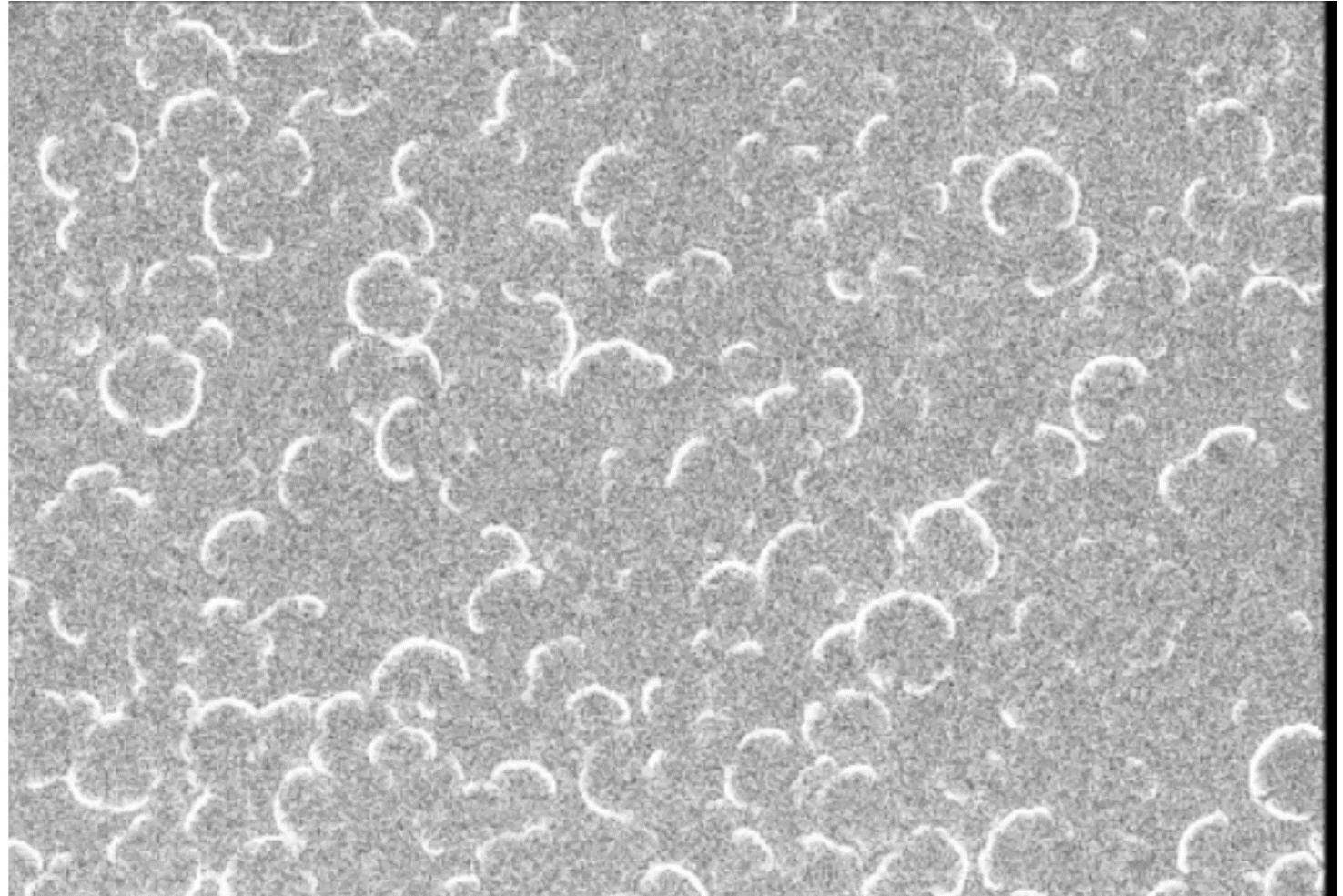
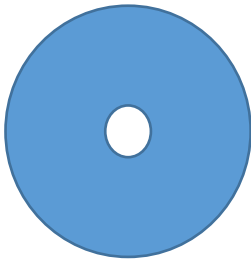
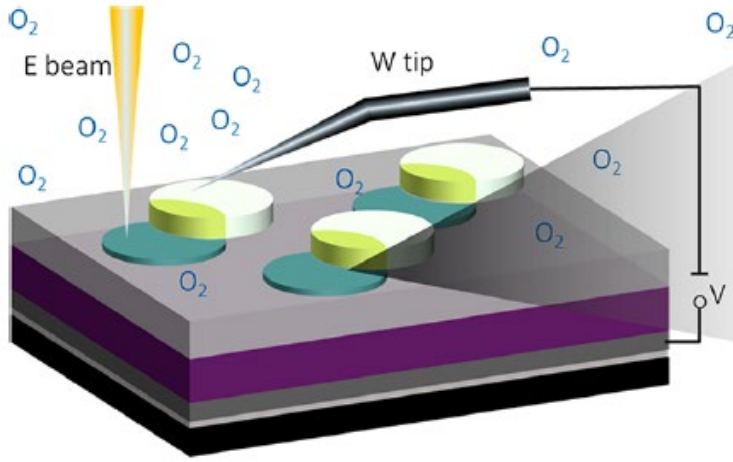
$$\# \text{ of Li clusters} \propto \left(\frac{J}{D} \right)^{z/z+2}$$

z-critical # of Li atoms in cluster
D-Li surface diffusion
J-current density

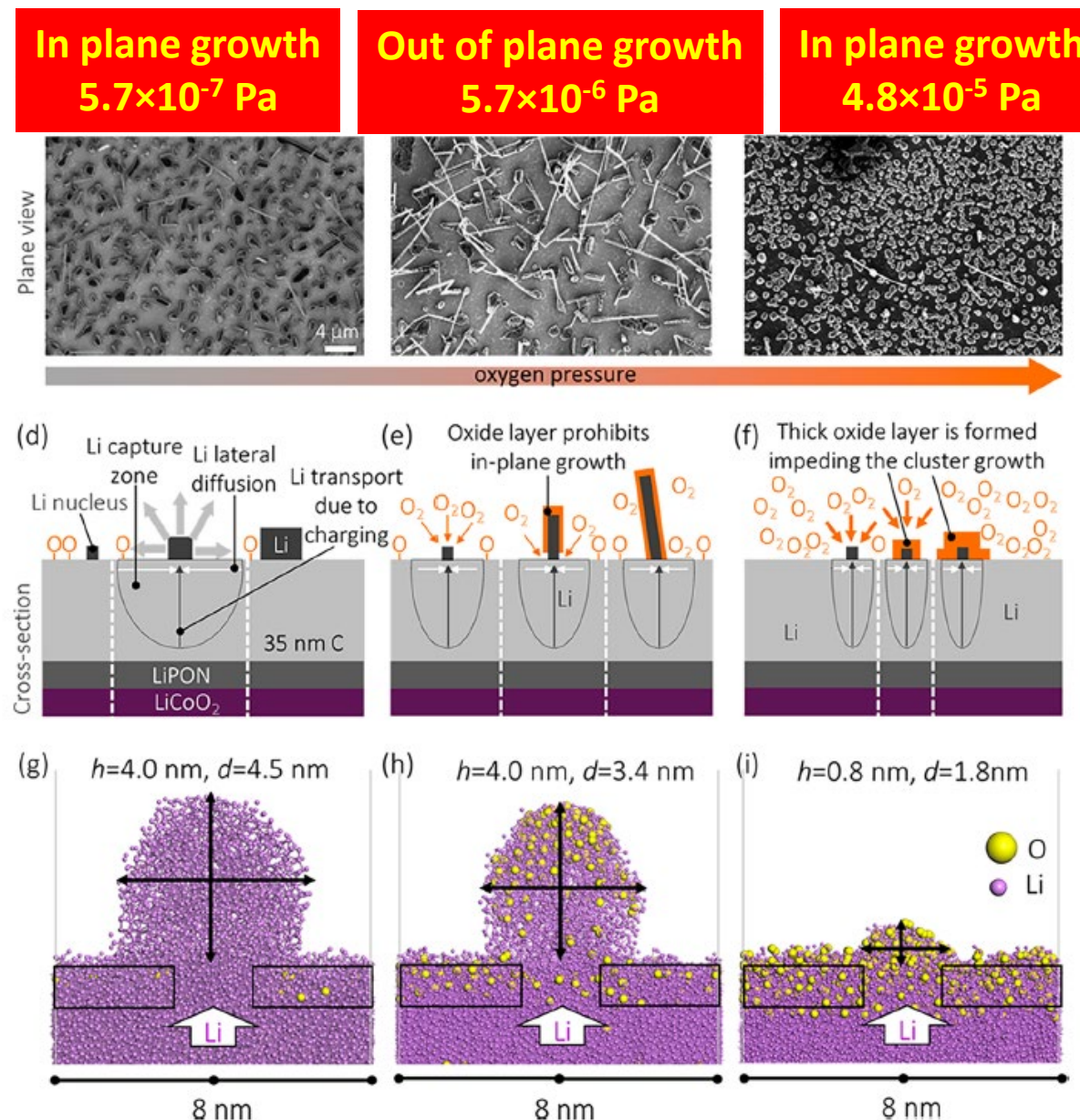


LCO morphology drives Li whisker formation at @ $J > 1 \text{ mA/cm}^2$

- Li lateral diffusion too slow to match incoming flux



Reaction with residual O₂ determines Li growth morphology



Manufacturing Scale-Up of Anodeless Solid-State Lithium Thin-Film Batteries for High Volumetric Energy Density Applications

Diyi Cheng, Khanh Tran, Shoba Rao, Zhongchun Wang, Richard van der Linde, Shahid Pirzada, Hui Yang, Alex Yan, Arvind Kamath,* and Ying Shirley Meng*

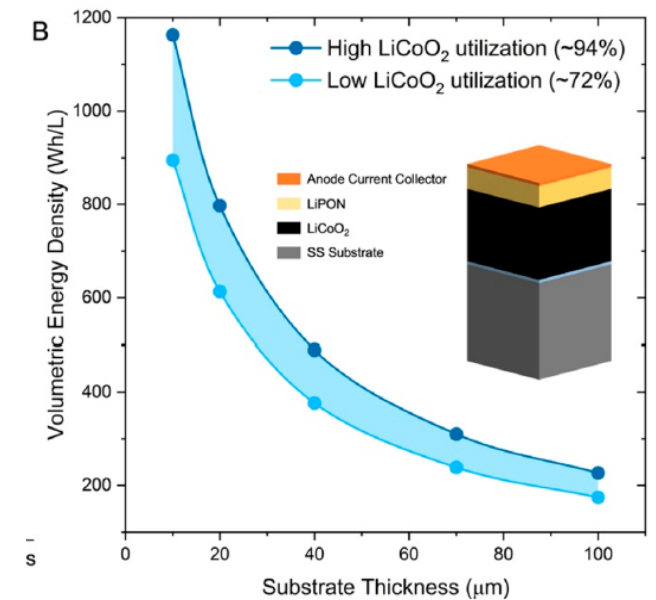
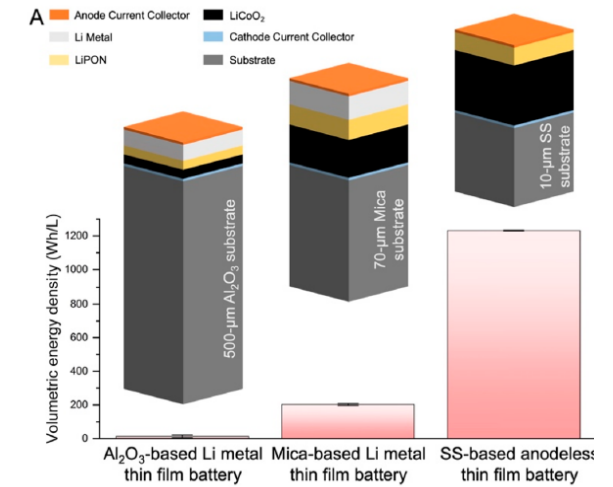
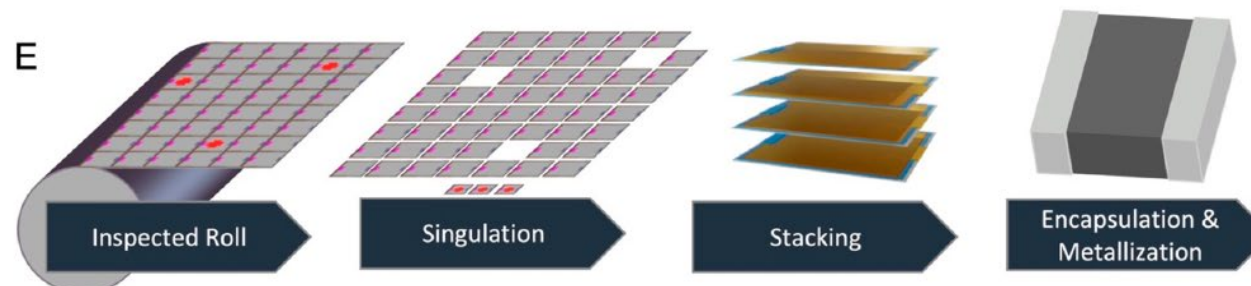
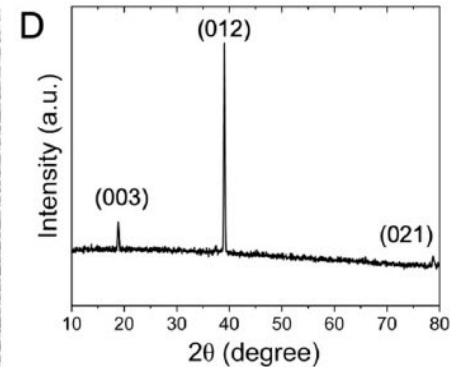
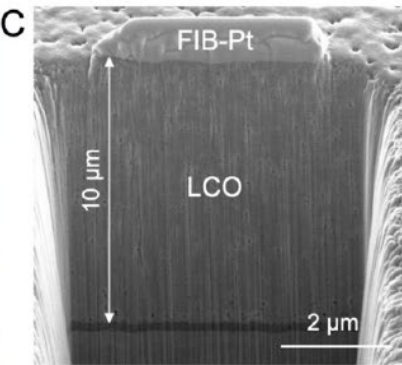
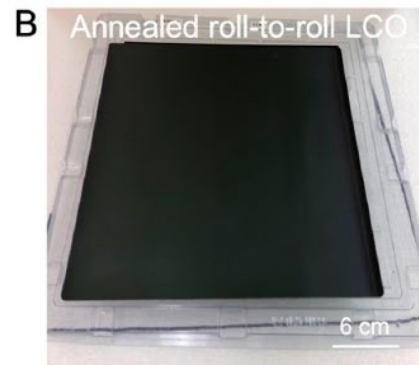
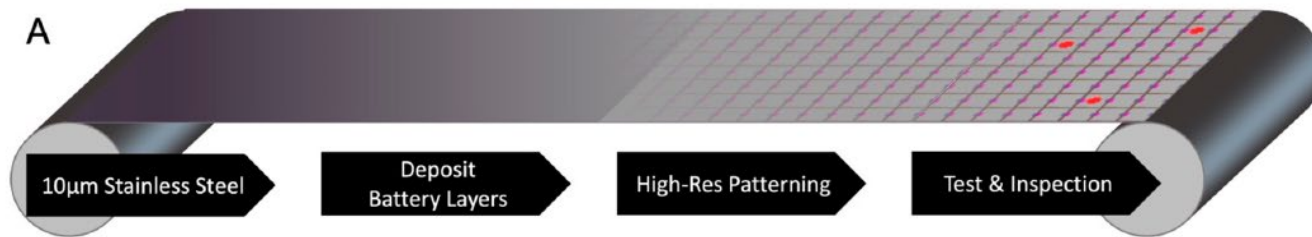
Cite This: *ACS Energy Lett.* 2023, 8, 4768–4774

Read Online

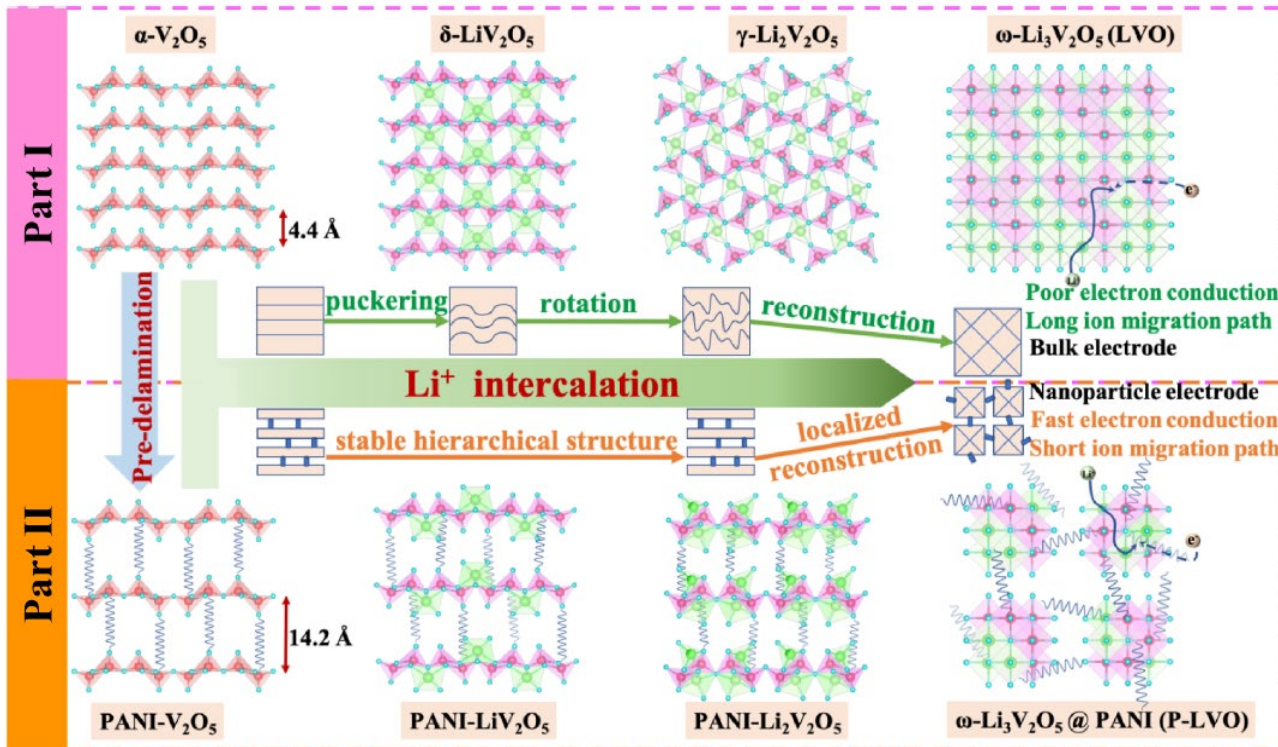
ACS Energy Letters

<http://pubs.acs.org/journal/aelccp>

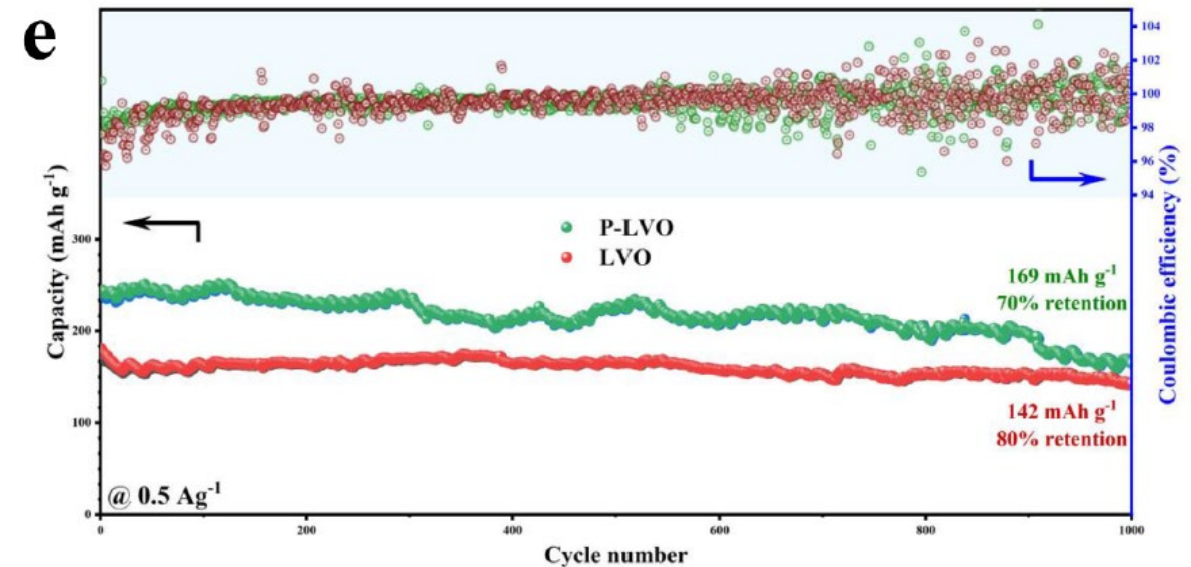
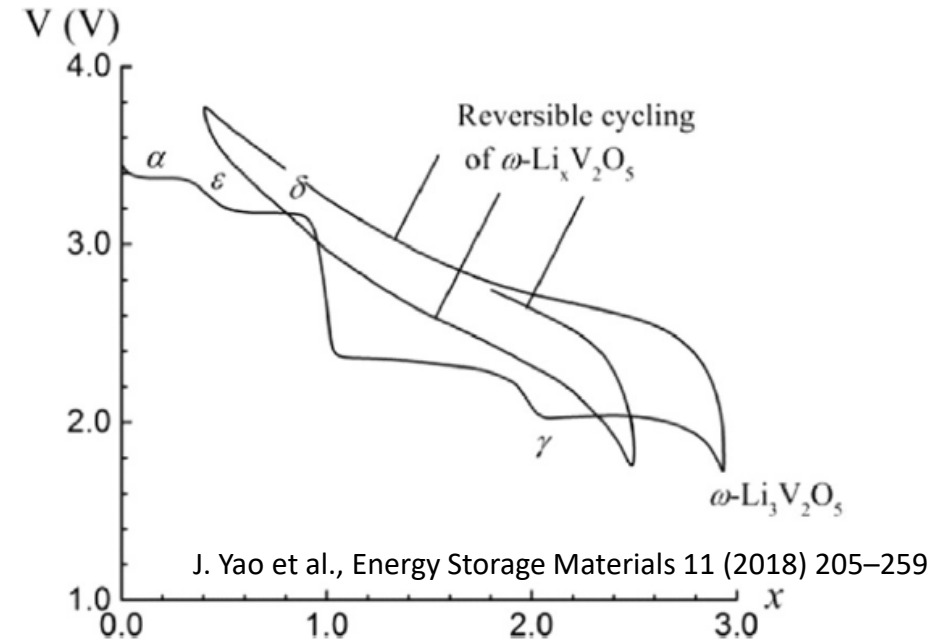
Perspective



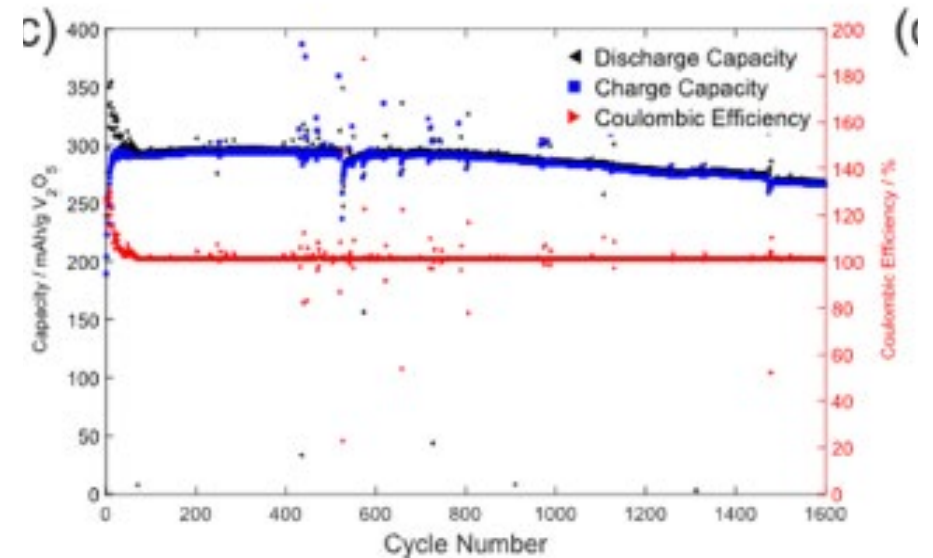
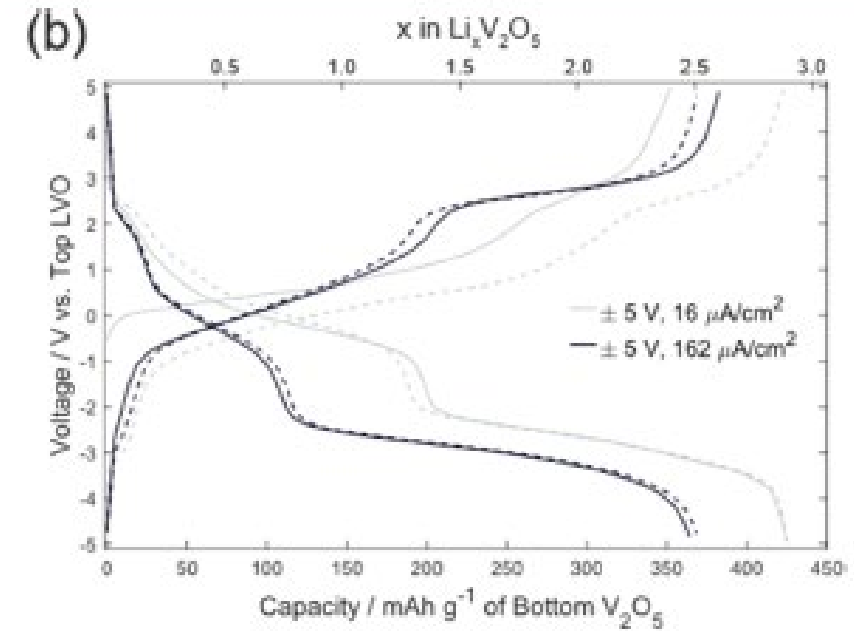
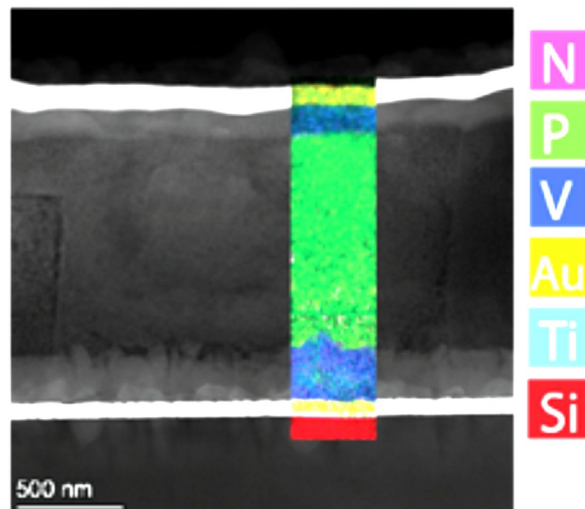
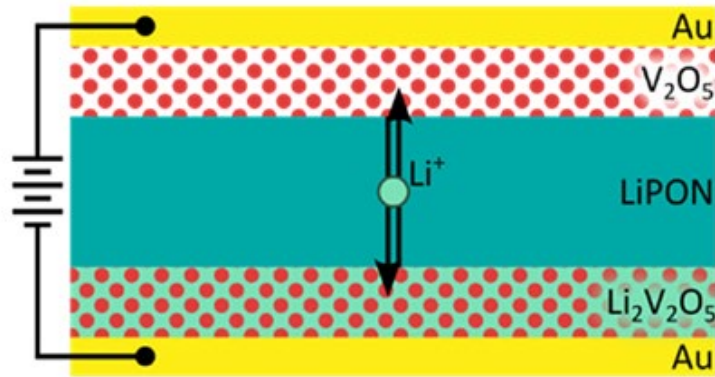
$\text{Li}_x\text{V}_2\text{O}_5$: abundant, non-toxic, and high capacity, but...



Z. Wang et al., Energy Storage Materials 54 (2023) 284–293



High capacity, endurance for symmetric TFSSB: $\text{Li}_x\text{V}_2\text{O}_5/\text{LiPON}/\text{Li}_x\text{V}_2\text{O}_5$

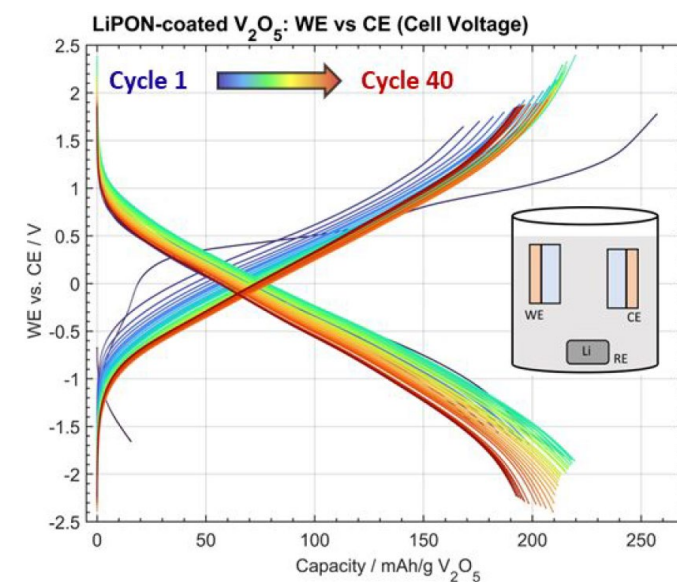
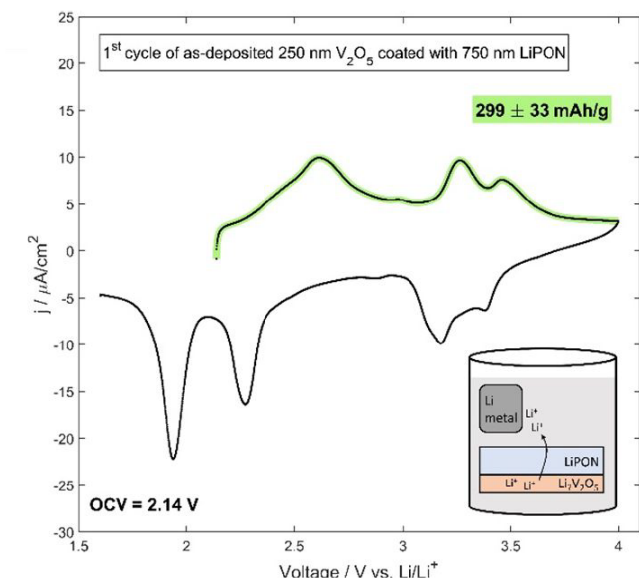
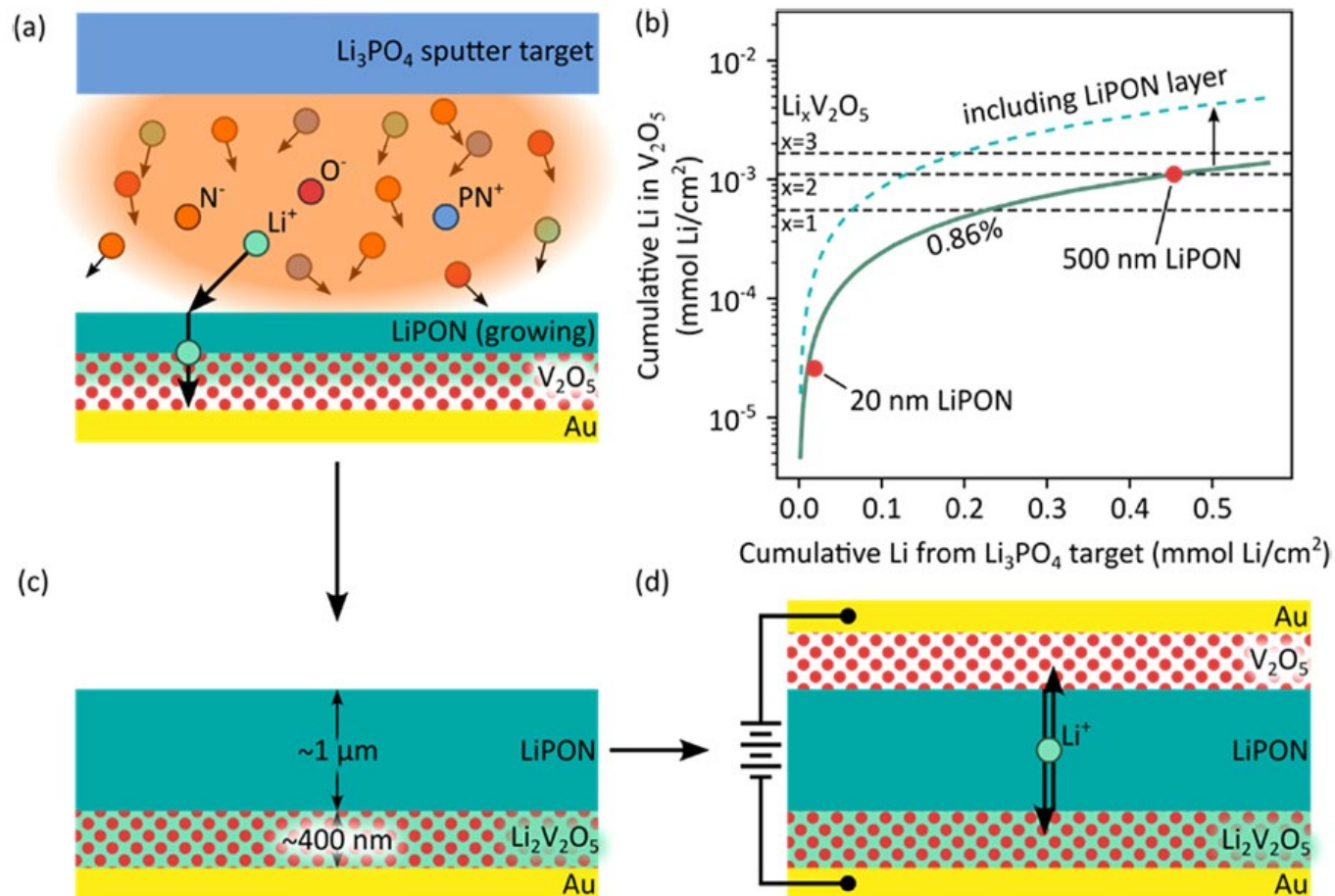


Simultaneous Solid Electrolyte Deposition and Cathode Lithiation for Thin Film Batteries and Lithium Iontronic Devices

Zoey Warecki, Victoria Castagna Ferrari, Donald A. Robinson, Joshua D. Sugar, Jonathan Lee, Anton V. Ievlev, Nam Soo Kim, David Murdock Stewart, Sang Bok Lee, Paul Albertus, Gary Rubloff, and A. Alec Talin*

Cite This: *ACS Energy Lett.* 2024, 9, 2065–2074

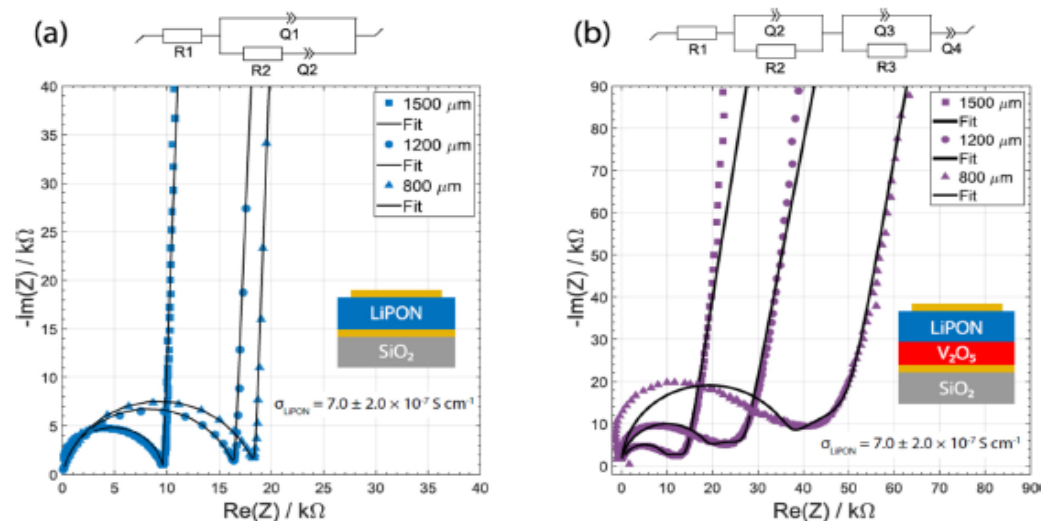
Read Online



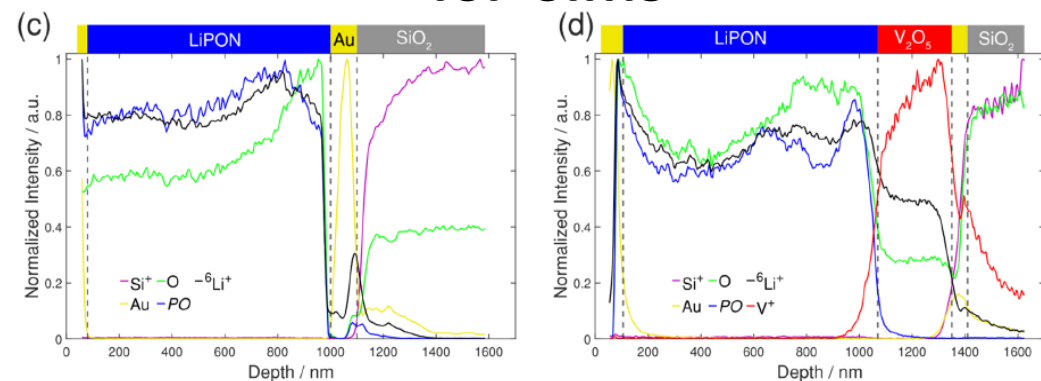
σ , [Li] ~same for LiPON/Au vs LiPON/V₂O₅ → Li comes from plasma



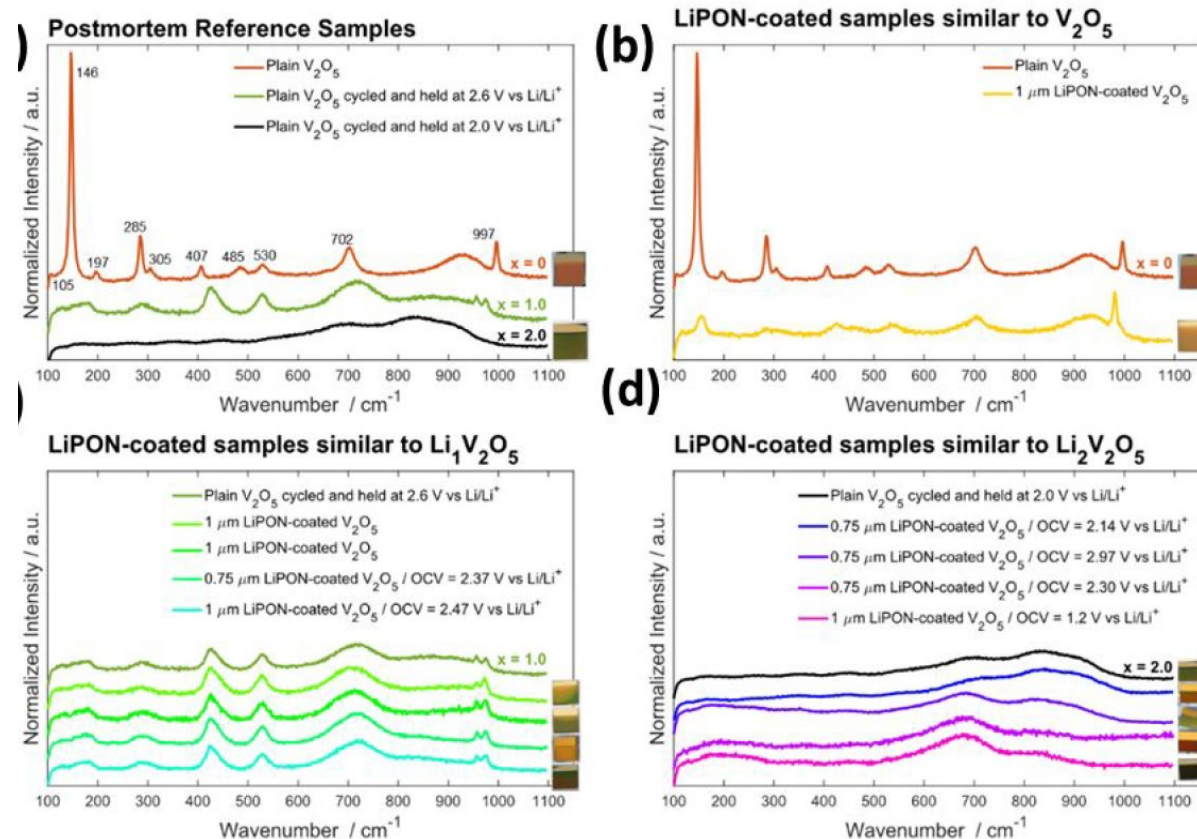
EIS



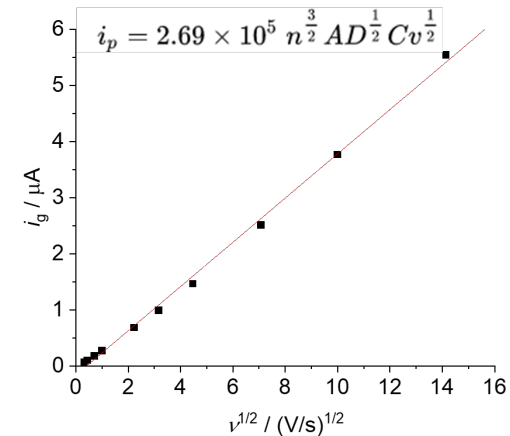
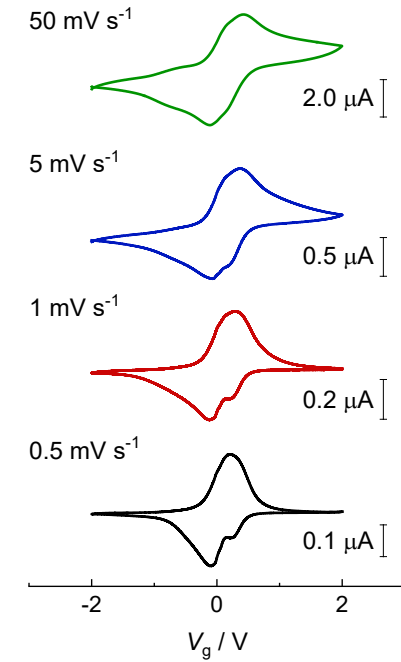
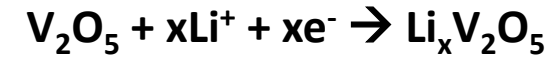
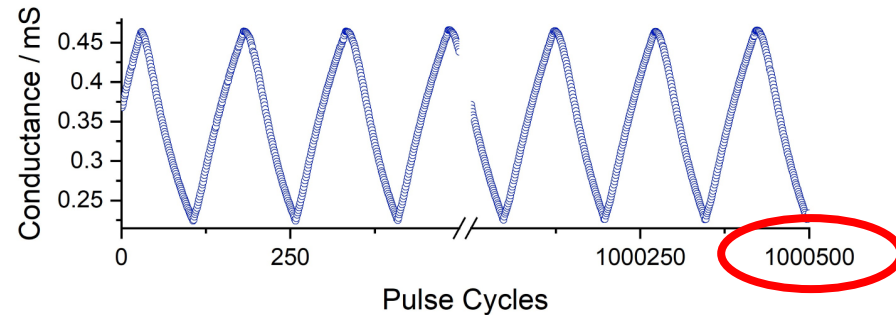
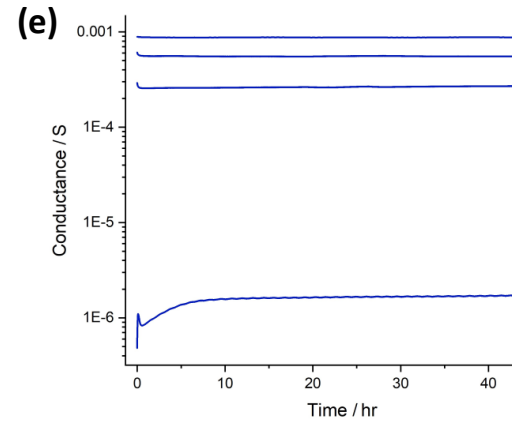
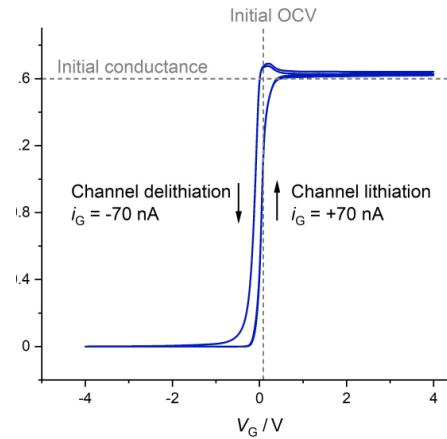
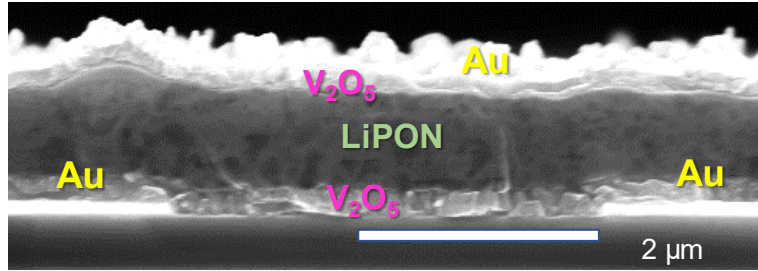
ToF-SIMS



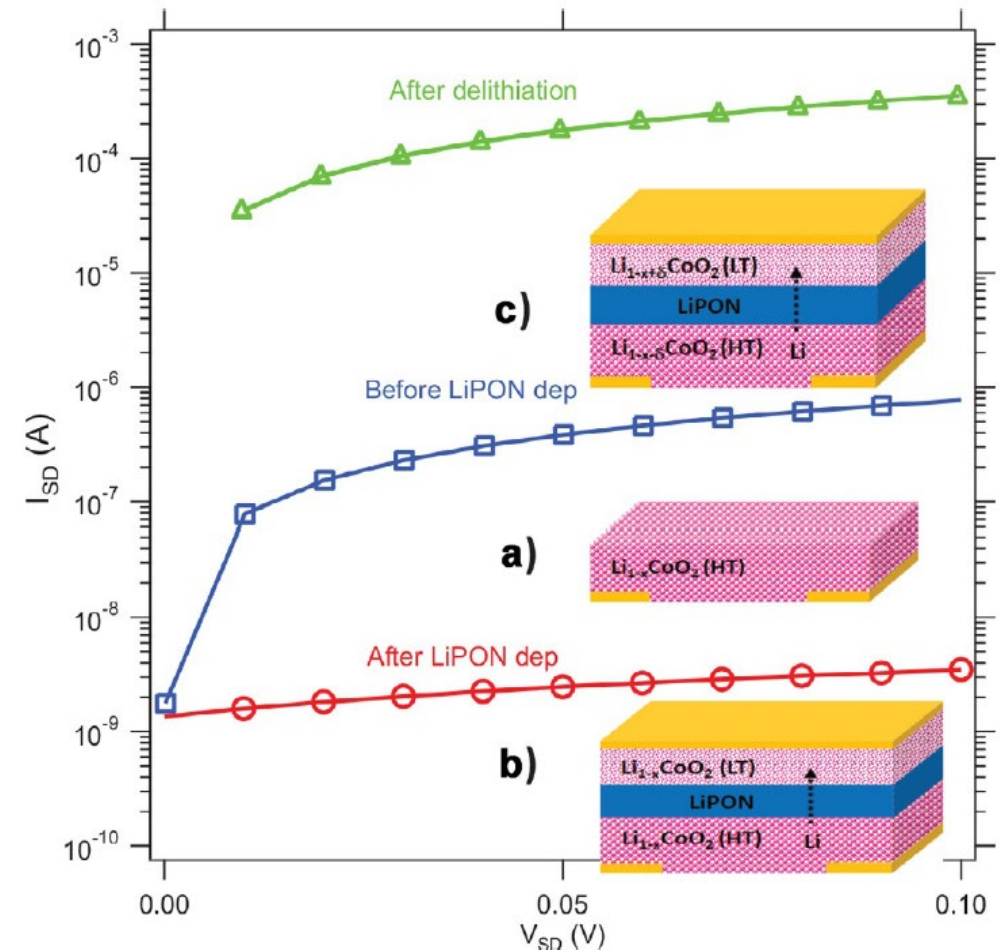
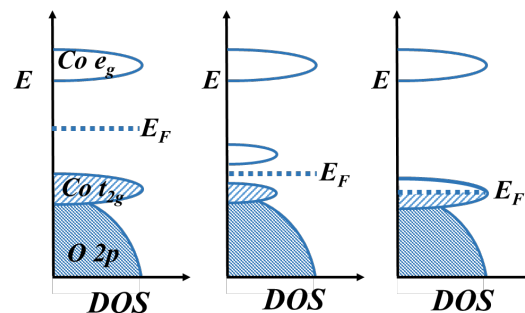
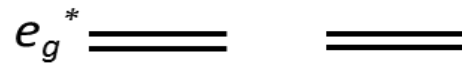
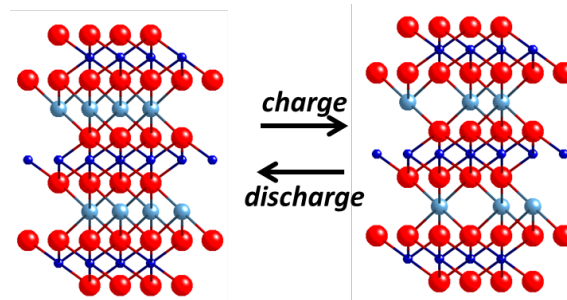
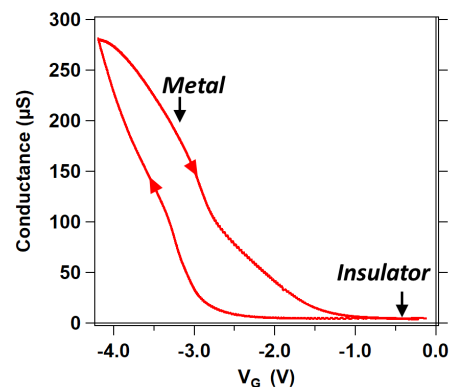
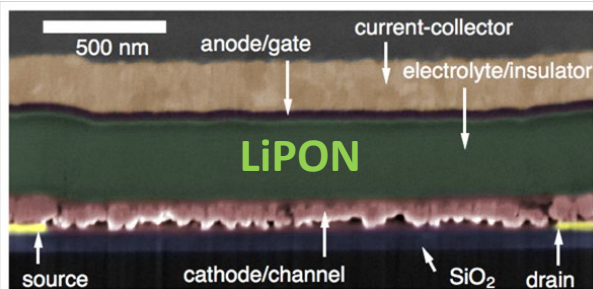
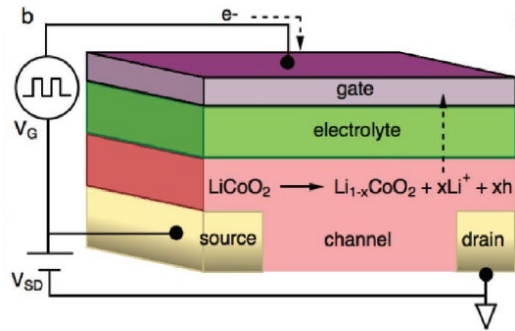
Raman



Autolithiation confirmed with ECRAM



Autolithiation with LiCoO_2 previously not fully appreciated



E. J. Fuller, F. El Gabaly, F. Léonard, S. Agarwal, S. J. Plimpton, R. B. Jacobs-Gedrim, C. D. James, M. J. Marinella, A. A. Talin, Adv. Mat., 29, 1604310, 2017

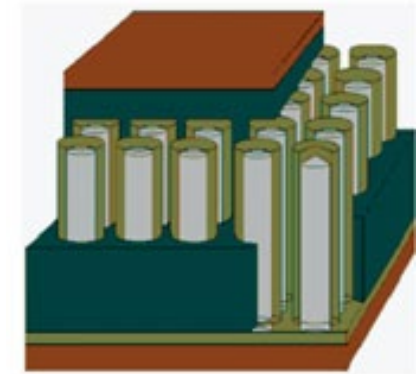
K. Leung, A. J. Pearse, A. A. Talin, E. J. Fuller, G. W. Rubloff, N. A. Modine, ChemSusChem 11, 1956, 2018

Summary Part I



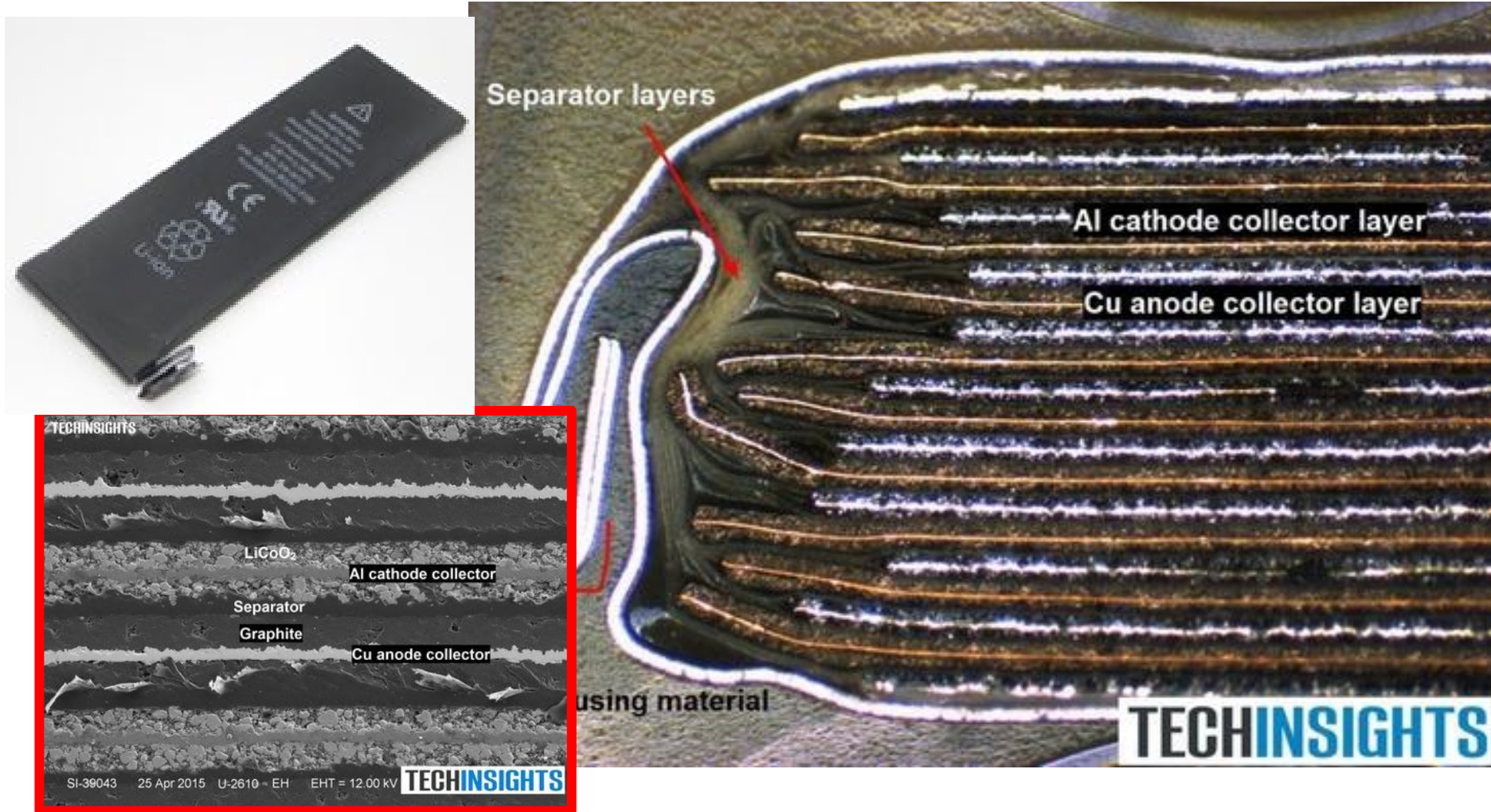
- Thin film batteries offer safe, high energy density, long-lasting energy storage solutions
- Stacked multilayer TFSSBs coming to markets, may widen applications space
- Excellent systems for fundamental studies
- Massive Li incorporation during deposition discovered, may simplify TFSSB fabrication
- Electronic conductivity is a sensitive in situ probe for Li incorporation

Part 2: ionogels, composites, and 3D-architectures



Arthur et al., MRS Bull. 2011

3D structure key for high power and energy density

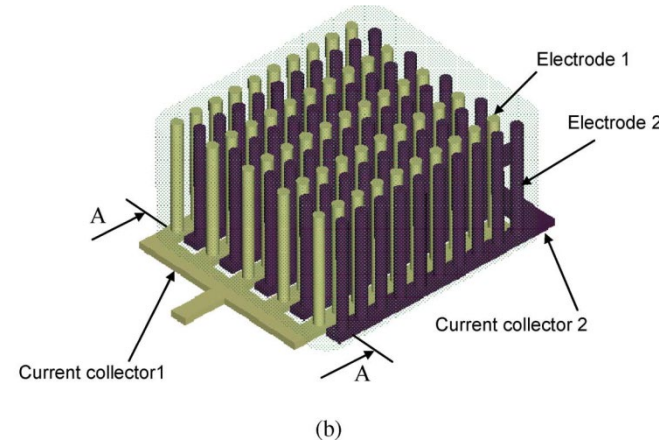
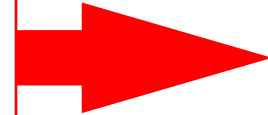
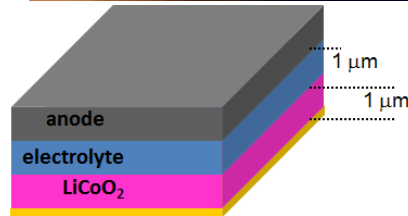


<http://www.techinsights.com/Blog.aspx?id=27917288231&blogid=2147484418>

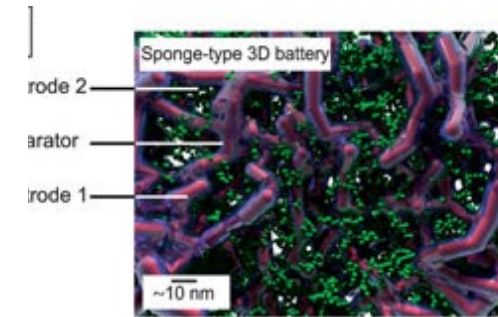
3D LIB designs for higher power, energy density



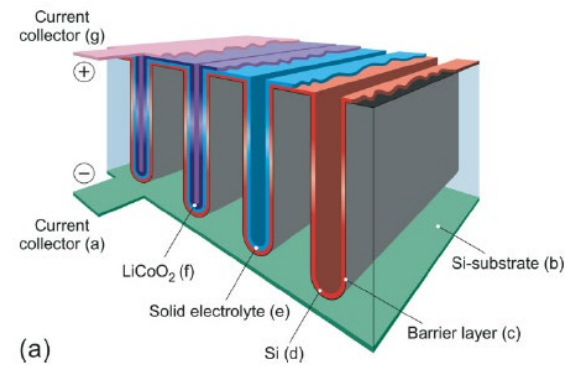
Planar (2D) battery



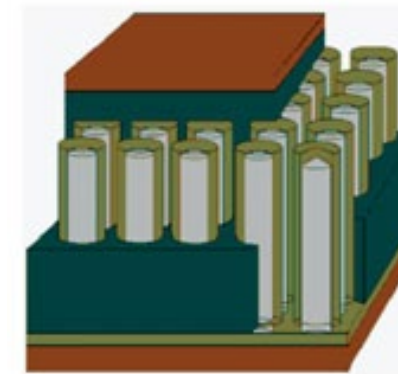
Fardad et al, J. MEMS
16, 2007



Long, Rolison, Acc. Chem. Res. 2007



Notten et al., Adv. Mat. 2007

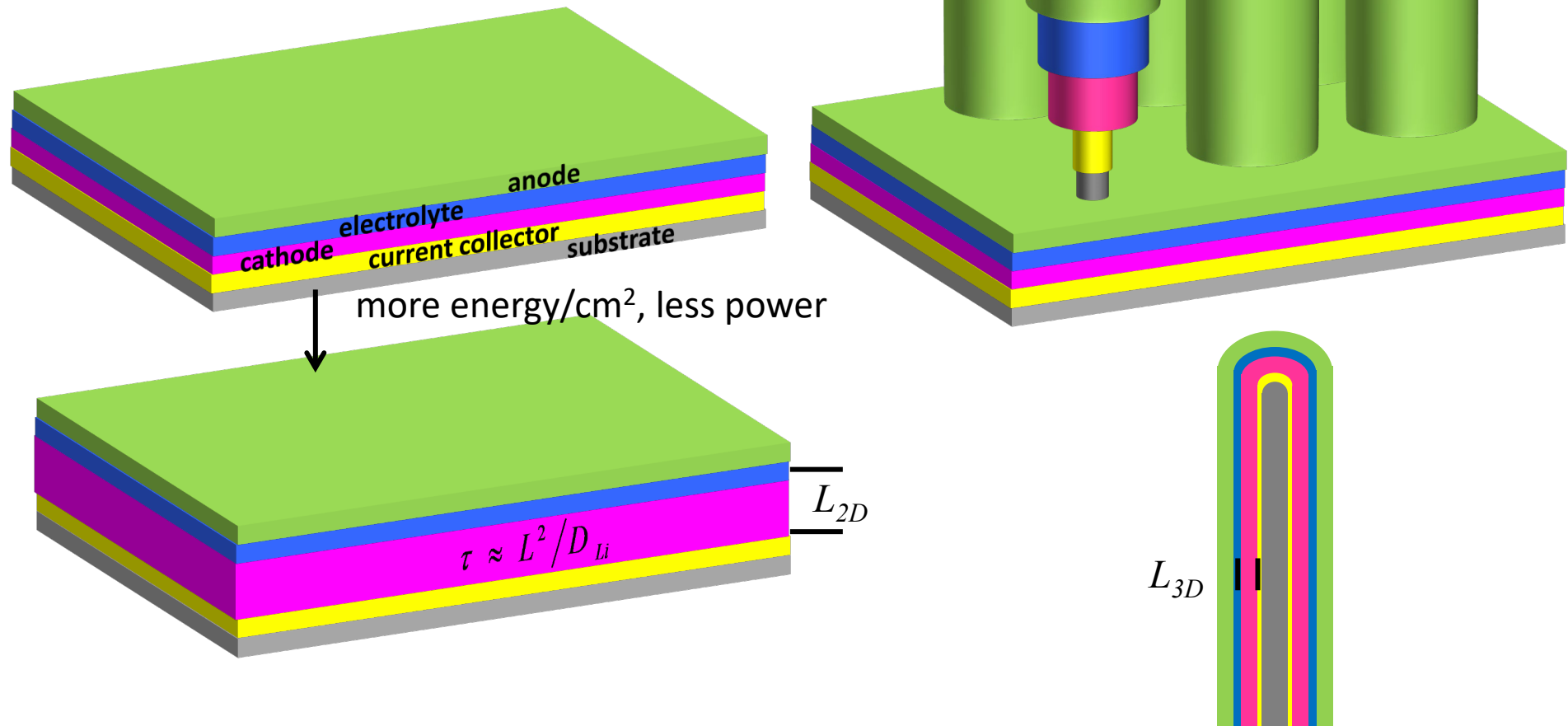


Arthur et al., MRS Bull. 2011

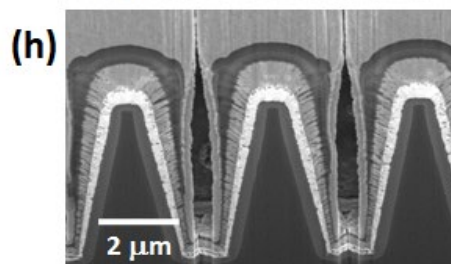
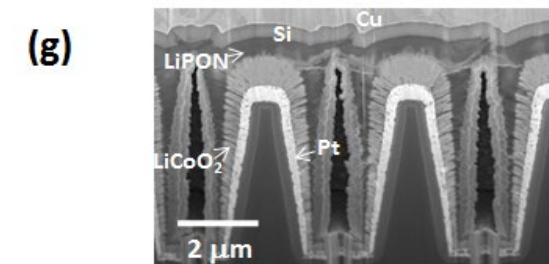
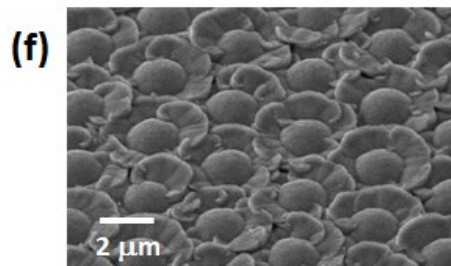
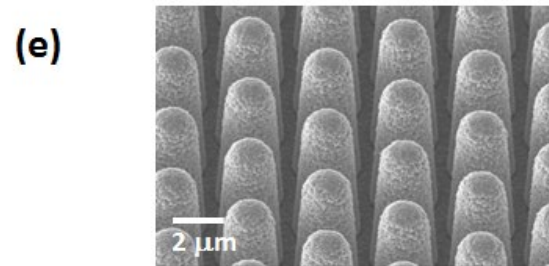
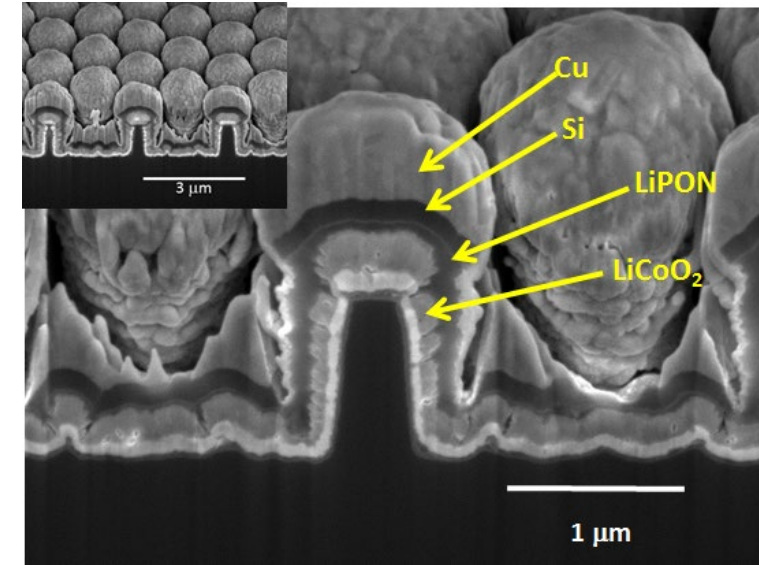
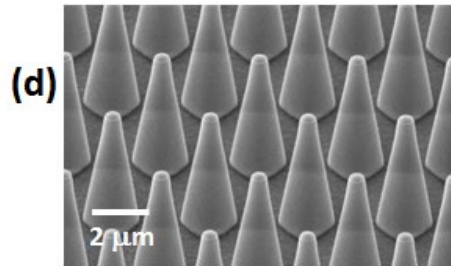
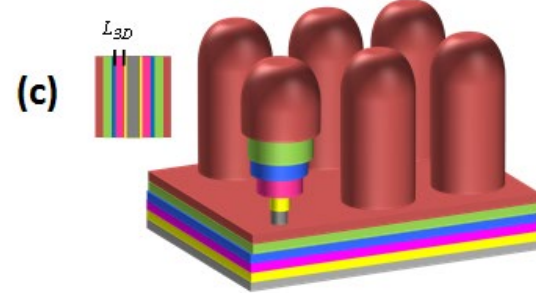
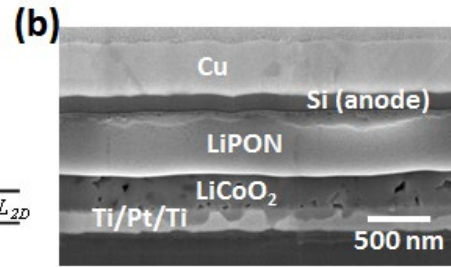
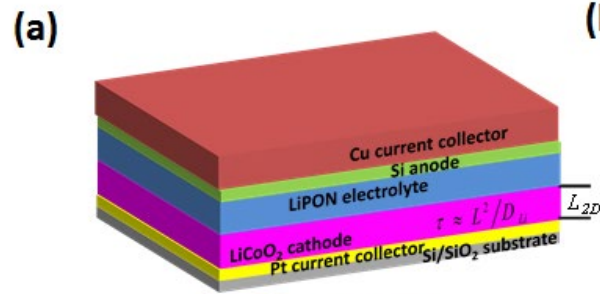
3D LIB designs for higher power, energy density



- *Decrease diffusion length*
- *Increase interface area*



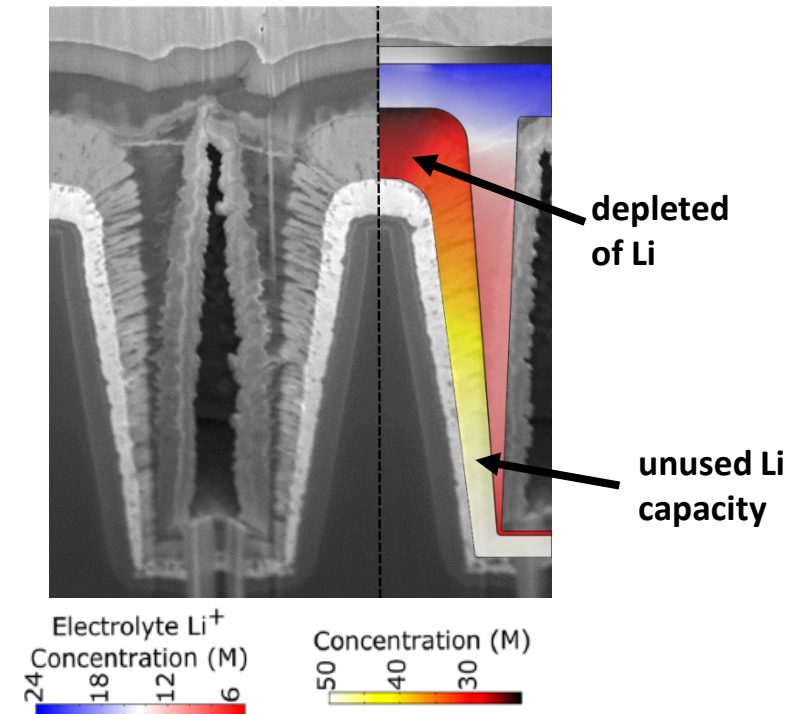
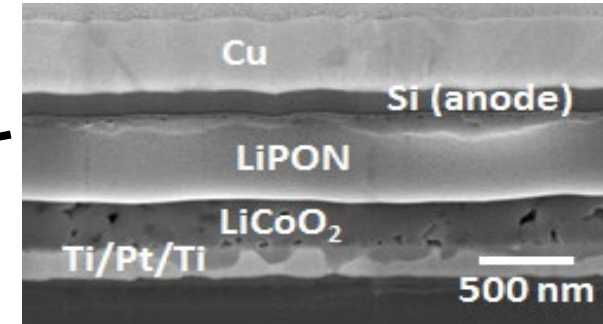
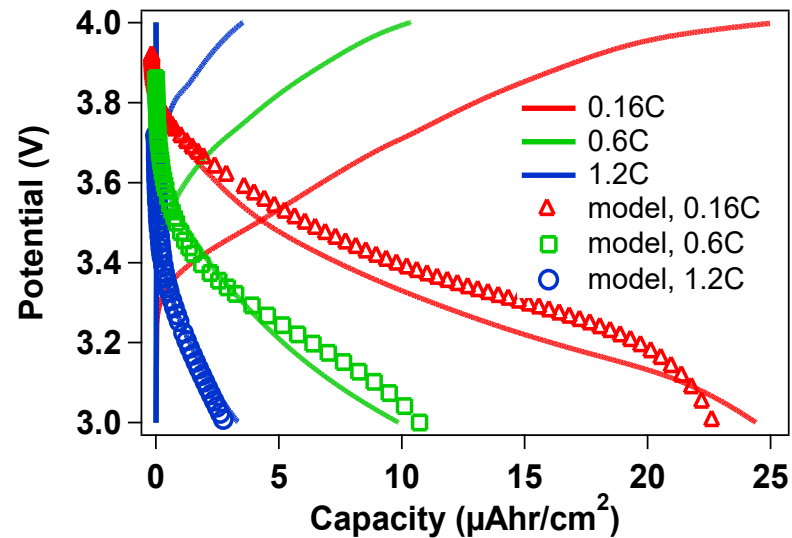
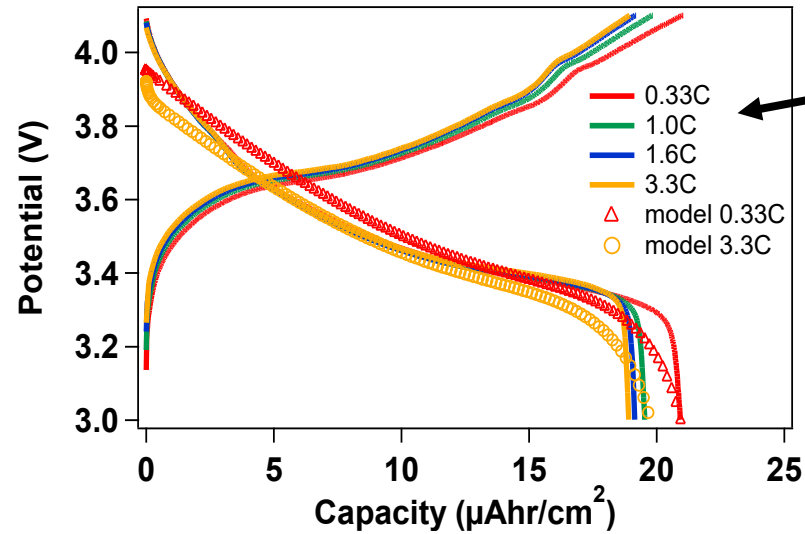
First all solid state 3D LIBs



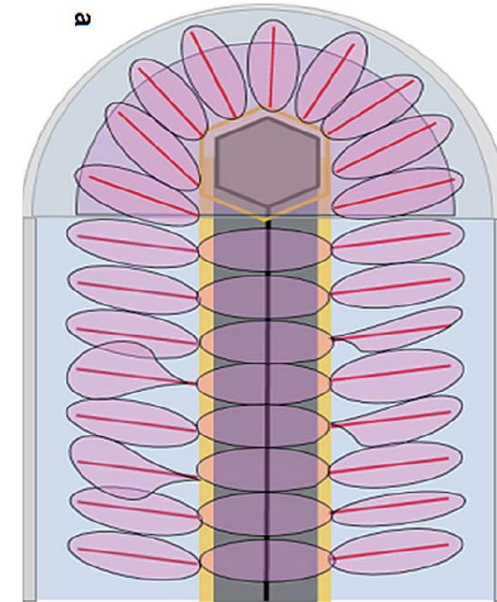
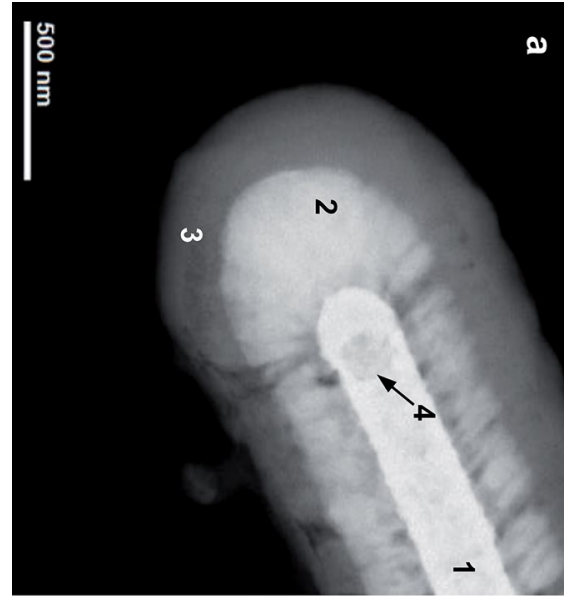
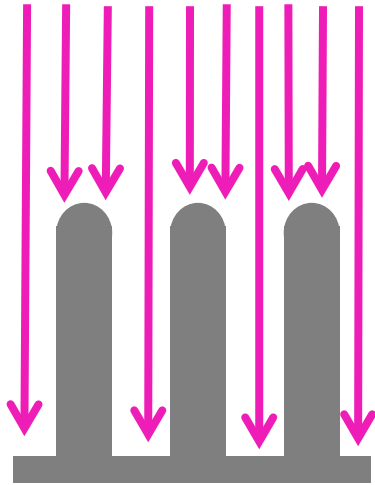
A. A Talin, D. Ruzmetov, A. Kolmakov, K. McKelvey, N. Ware, F. El Gabaly, B. Dunn, and H. S. White, ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces 2016, 8, 32385

Planar battery works BETTER than 3D!

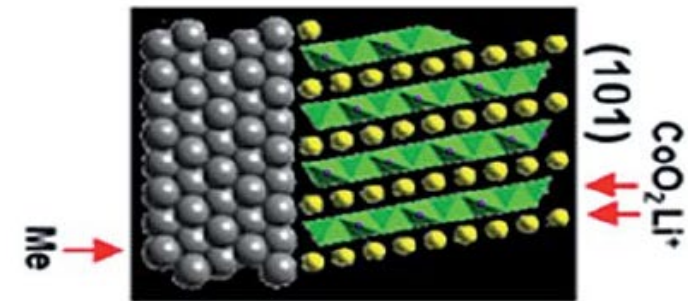
Non-uniformity causes Li depletion, poor performance



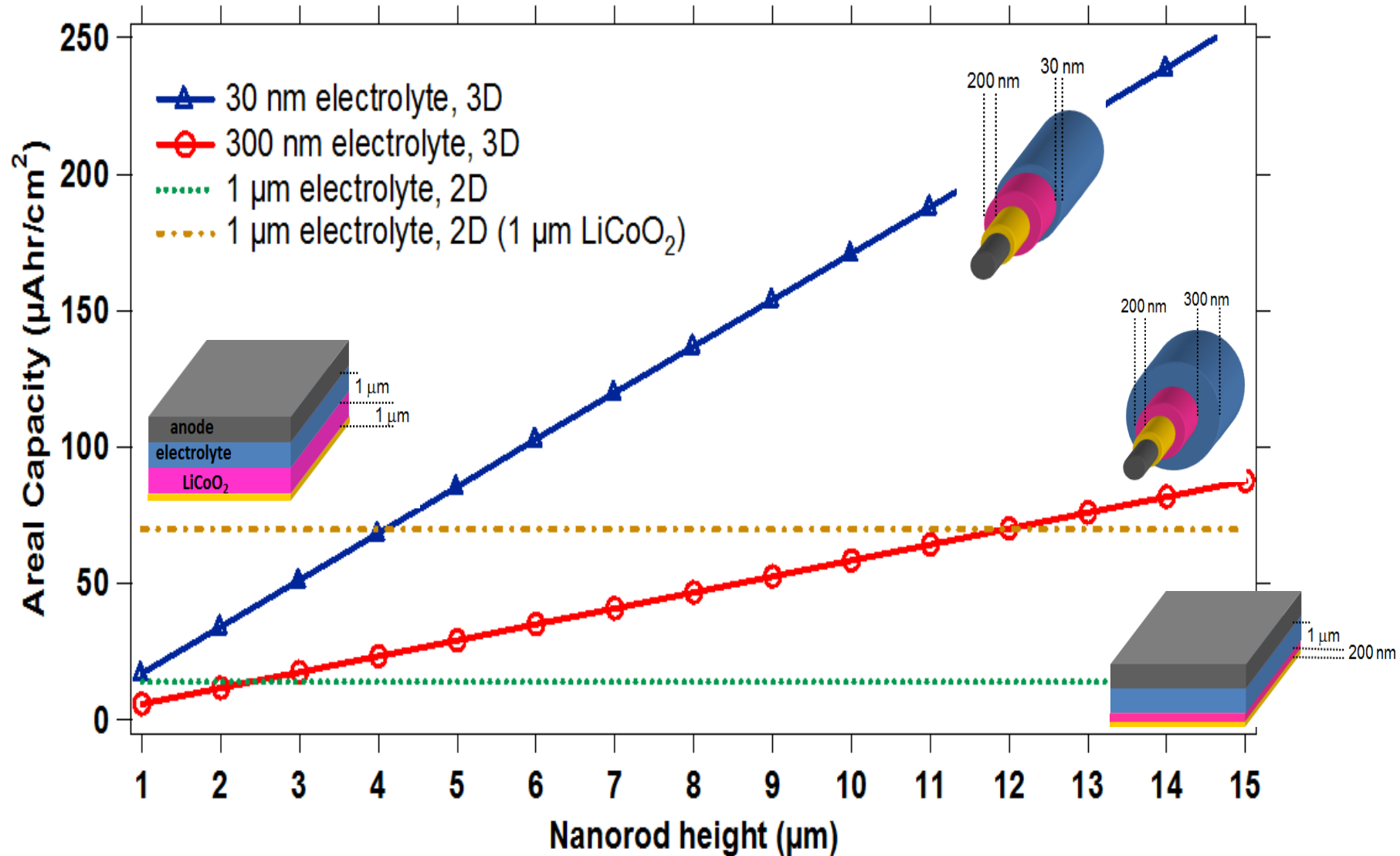
Glancing angle deposition affects LiCoO_2 microstructure



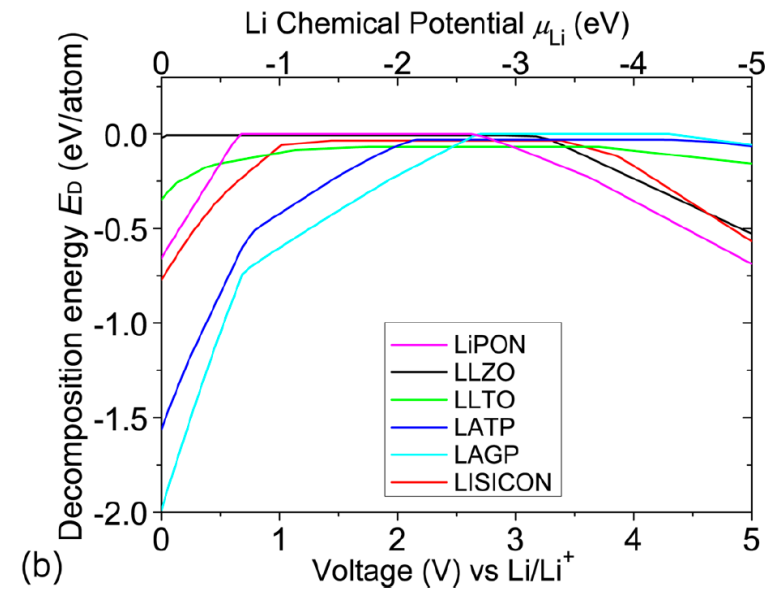
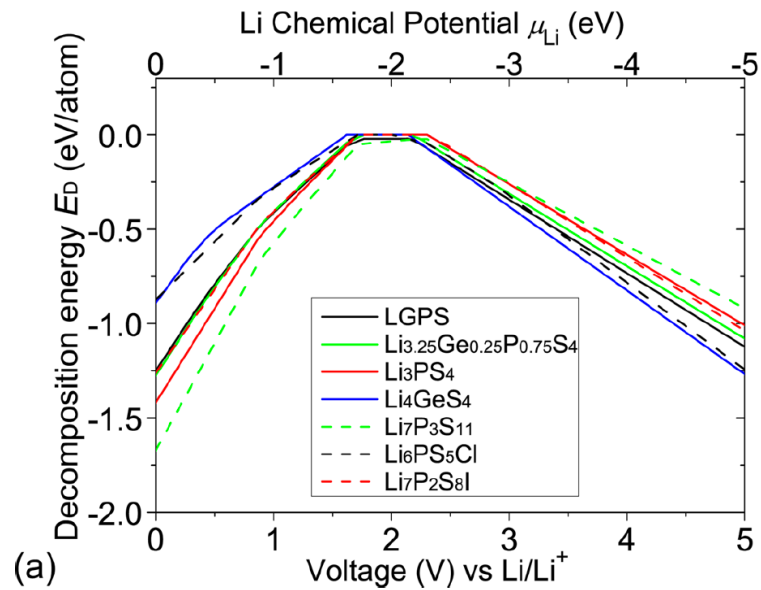
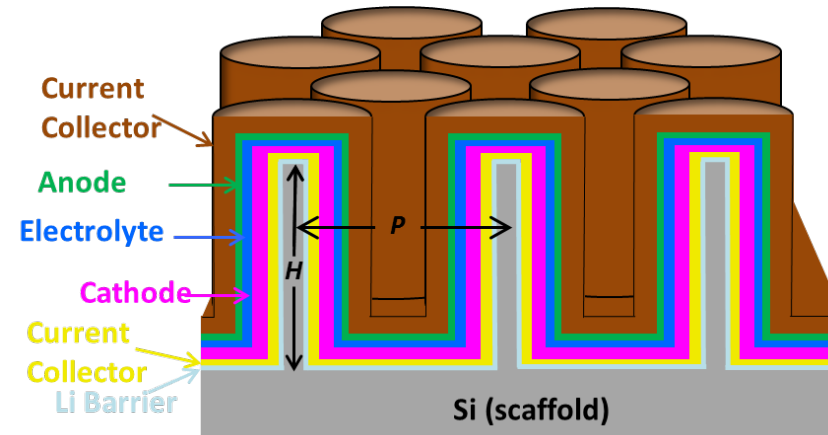
V. P. Oleshko, T. Lam, D. Ruzmetov, P. Haney, H. J. Lezec, A. V. Davydov, S. Krylyuk, J. Cumings and A. A. Talin, *Nanoscale* 6, 11756 (2014)



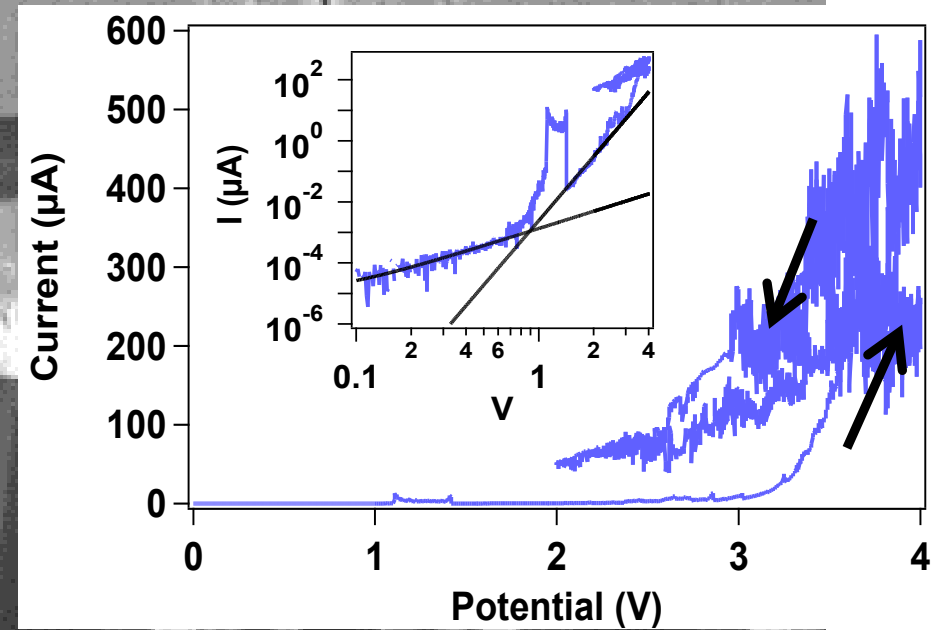
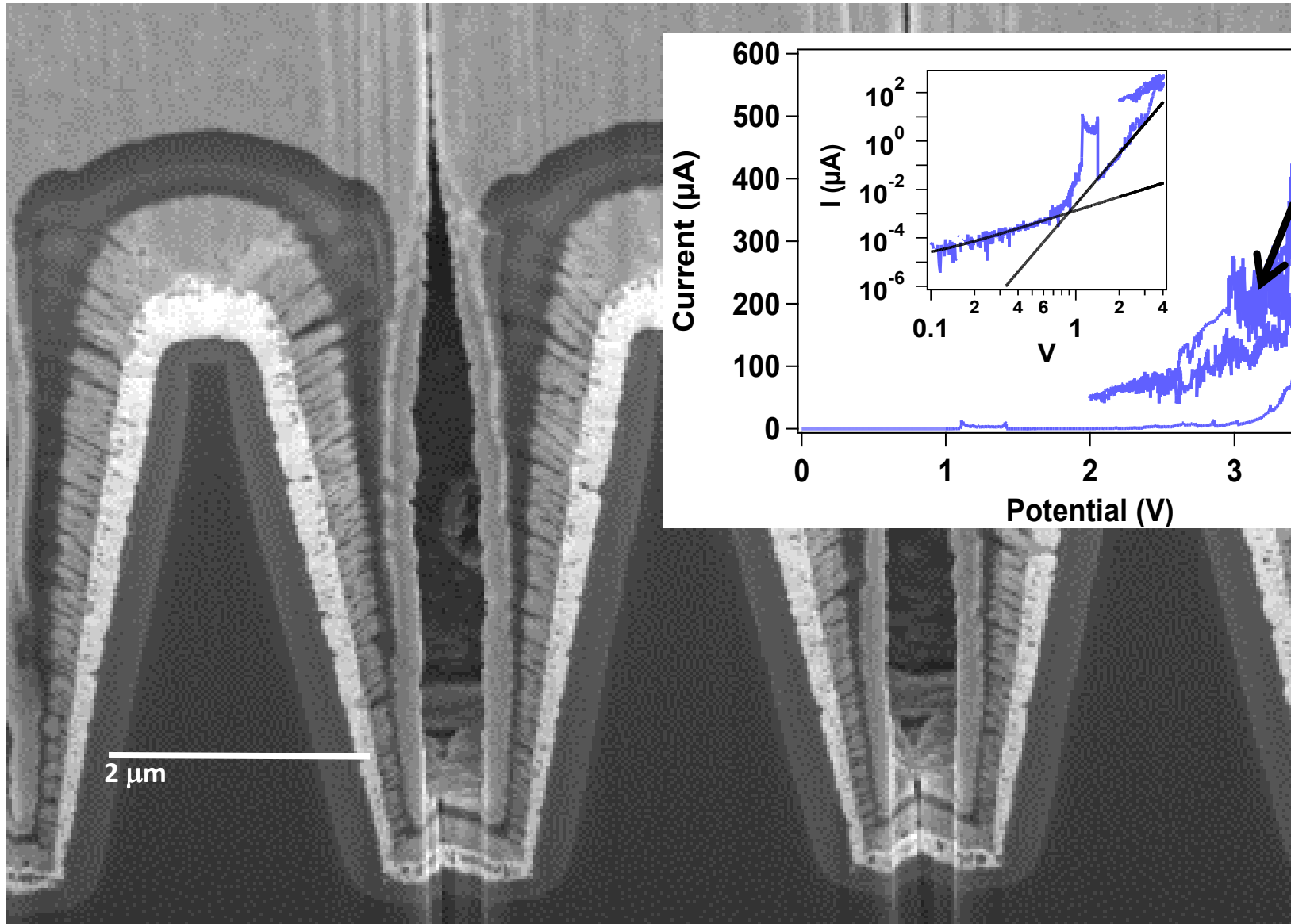
High energy density needs thin SSE, high aspect ratio



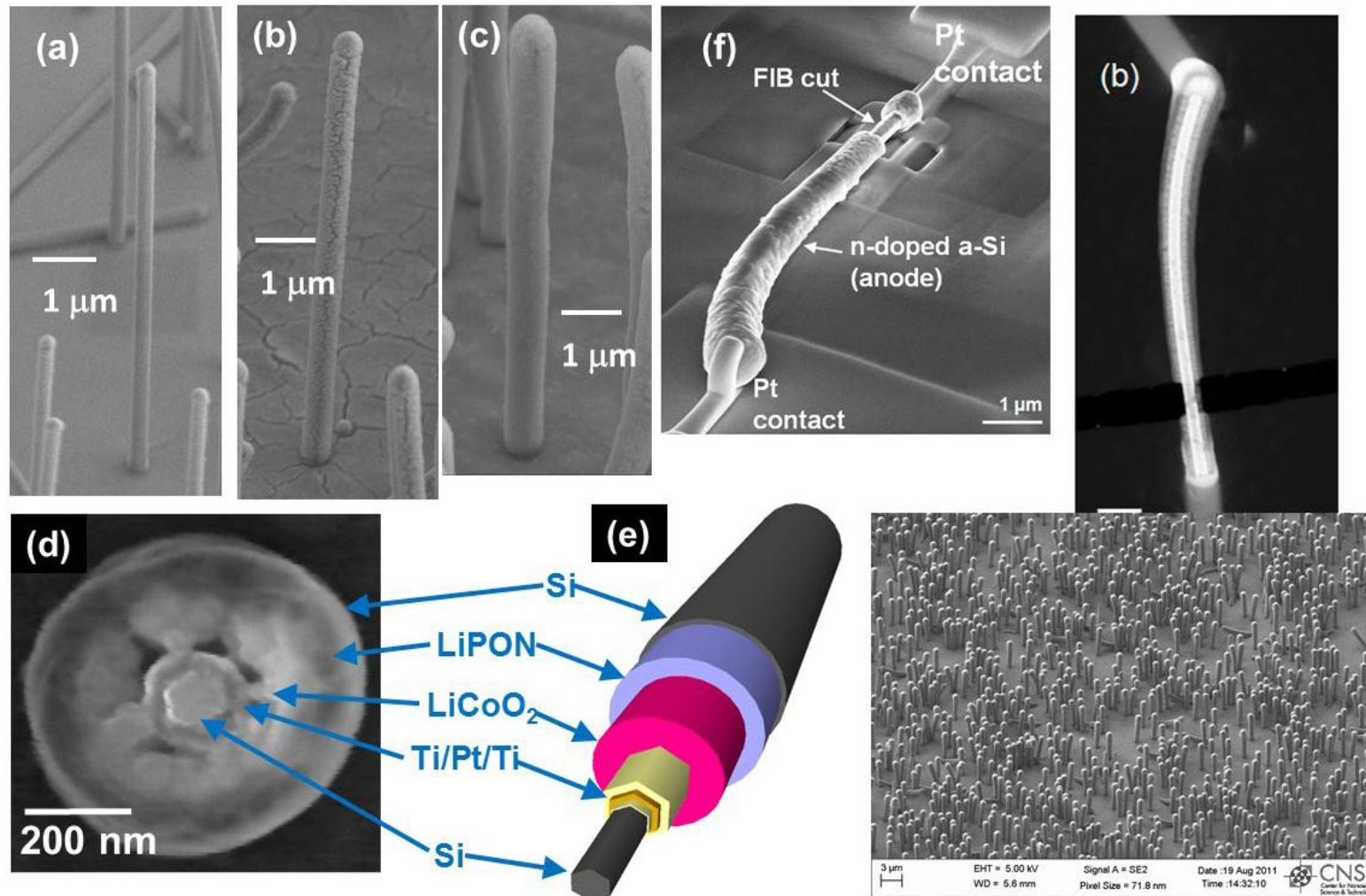
High interface area requires stable interfaces



Sputtered LiPON breakdown for thickness <100 nm

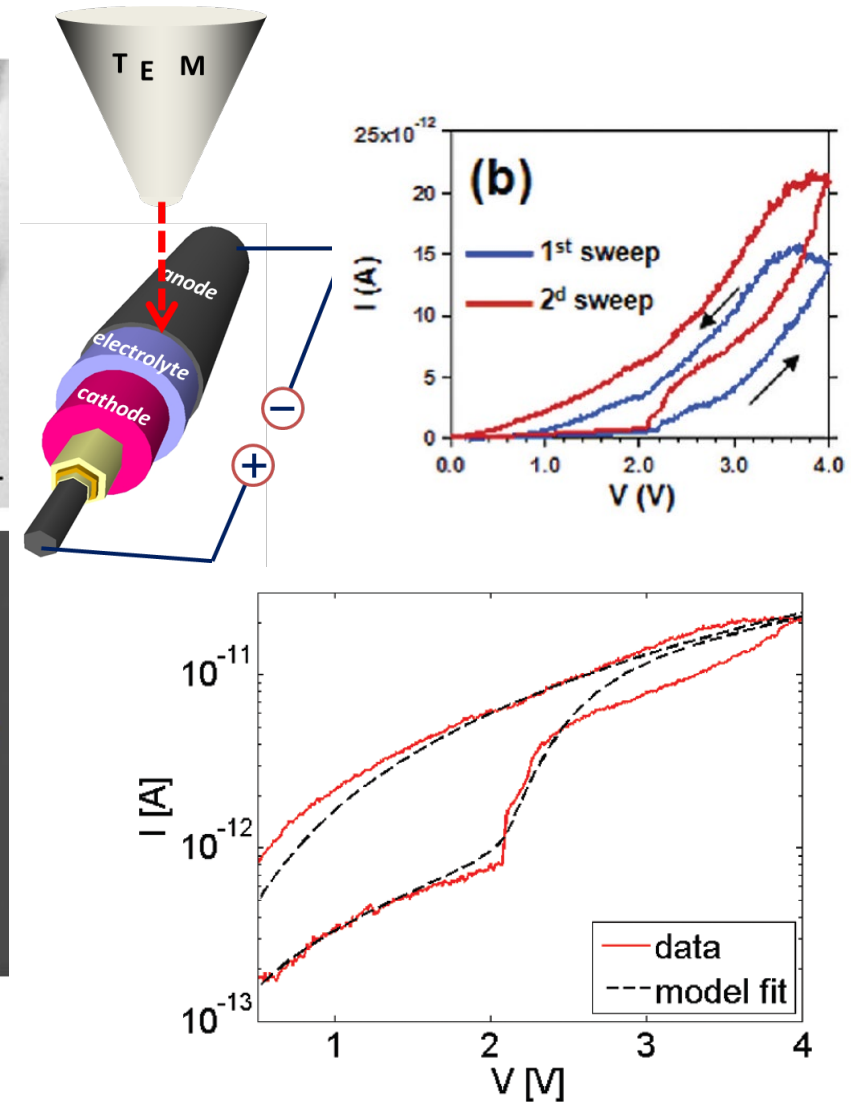
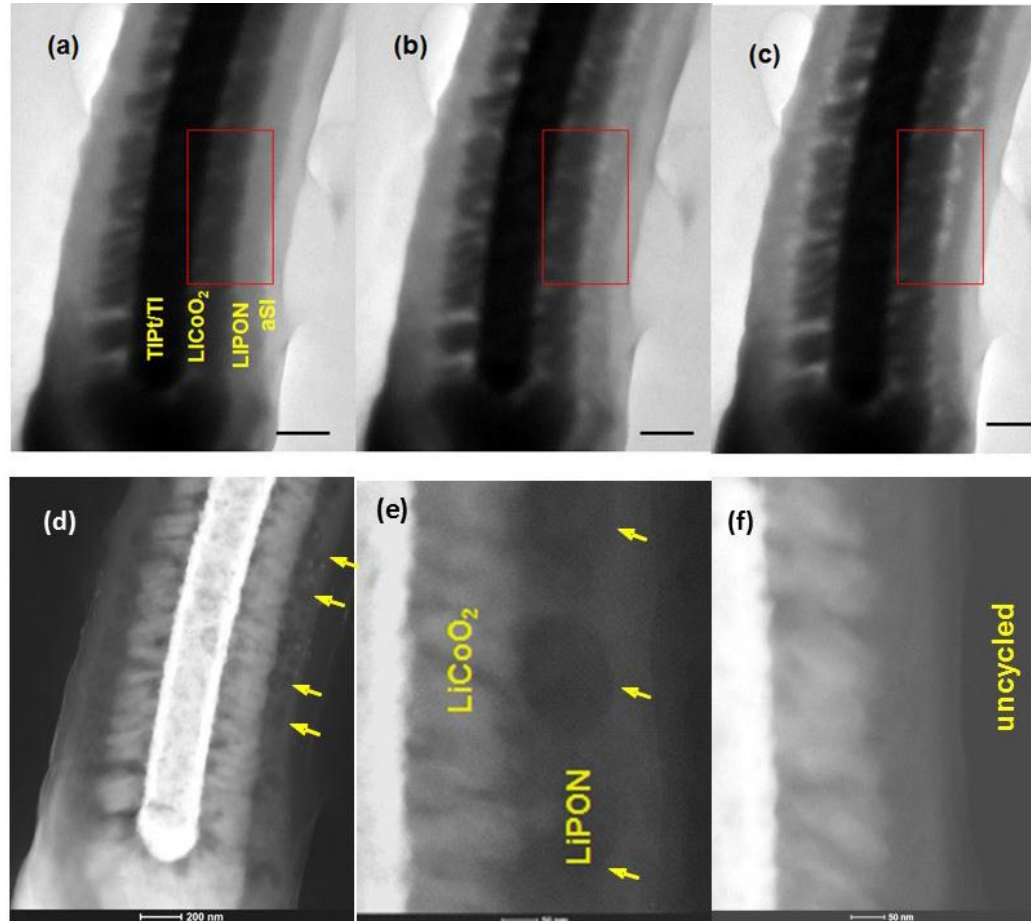


Nanowire LiBs excellent test-bed for 3D LiBs



Ruzmetov et al. *Nano Letters* 12, 505, (2012)

Sputtered LiPON breakdown for thickness <100 nm

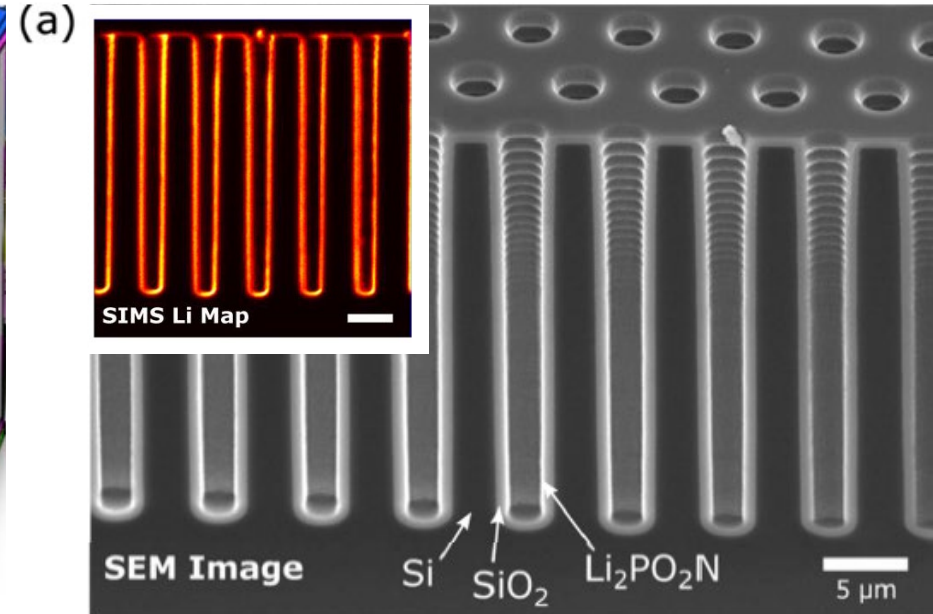
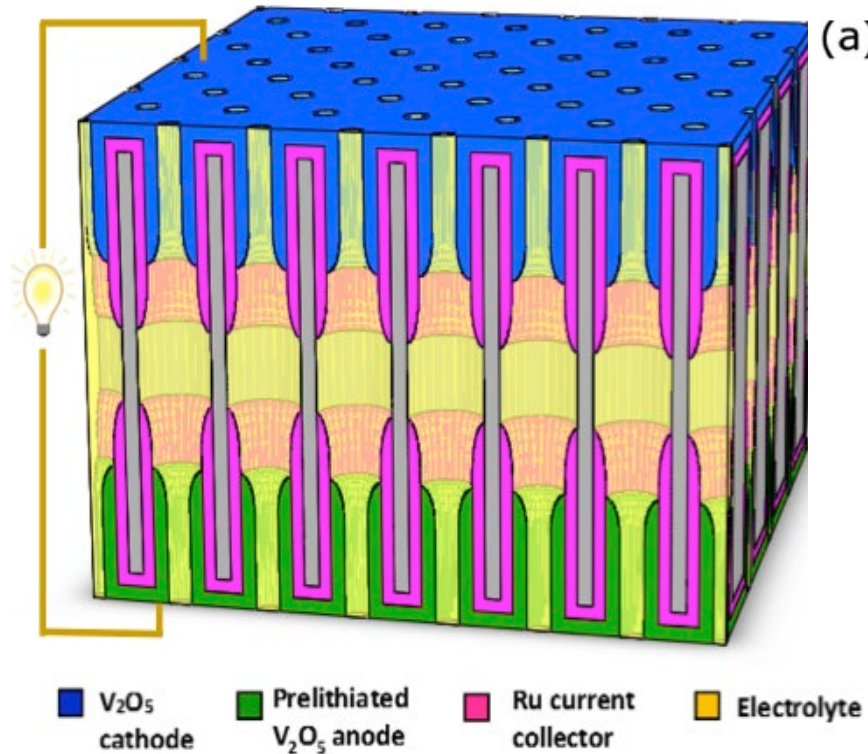


Ruzmetov et al. *Nano Letters* 12, 505, (2012)

Can a 3D SSLIB be fabricated by ALD?



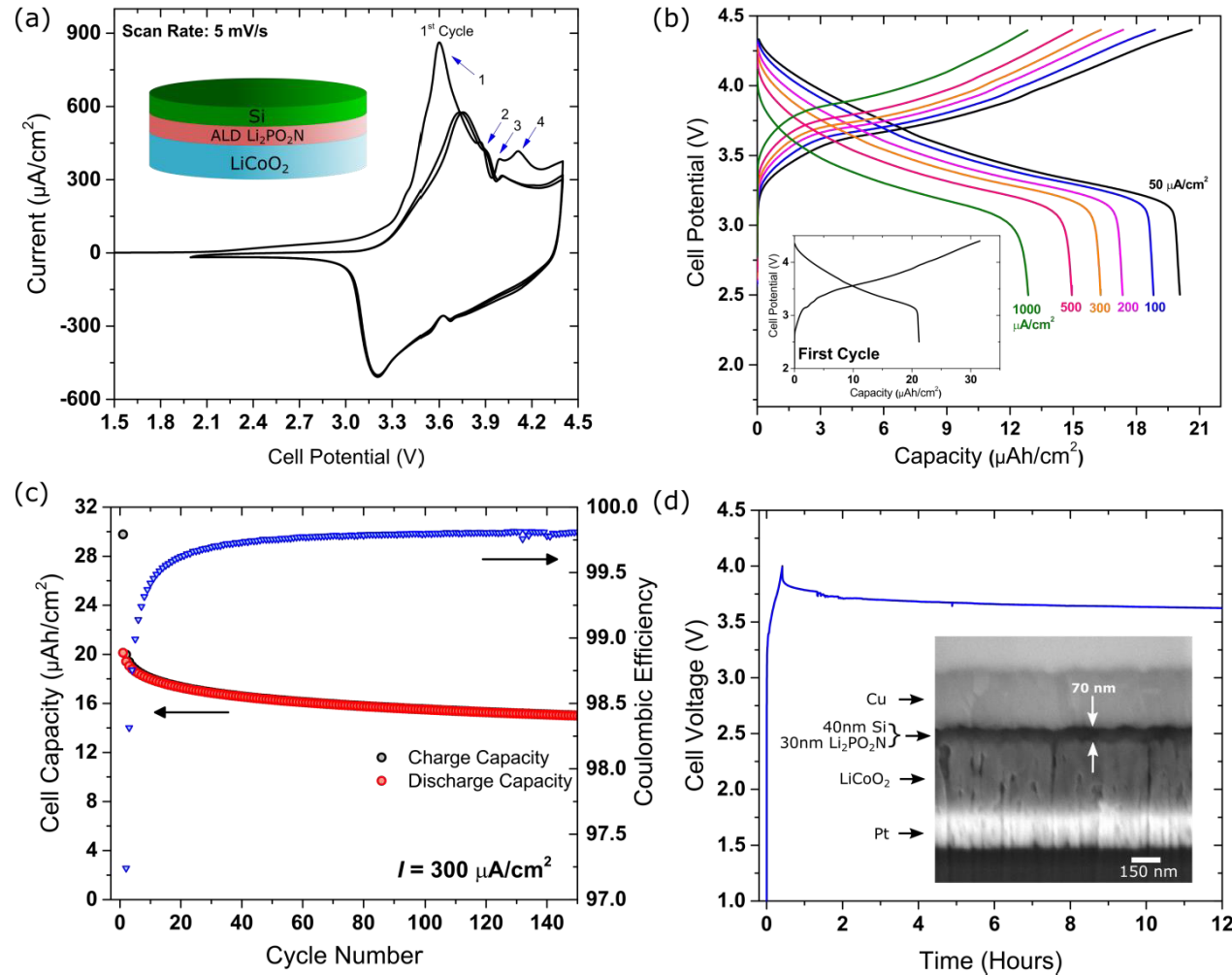
(LiOtBu) + diethyl phosphoramidate (DEPA)
@250 °C



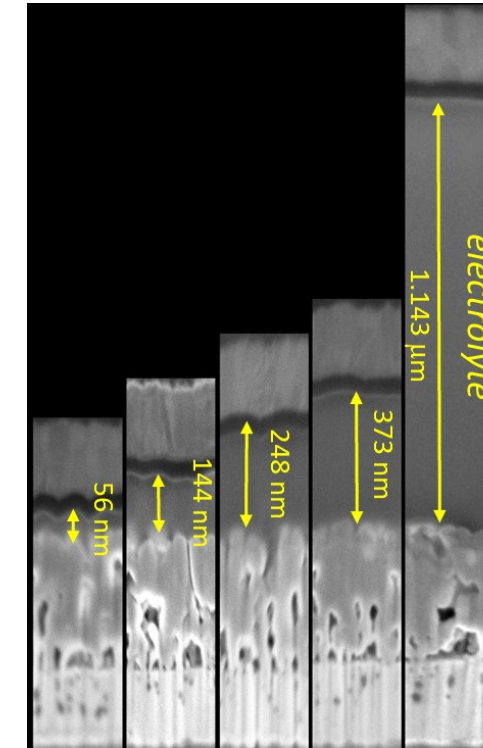
C. Liu, E.I. Gillette, X. Chen, A.J. Pearse, A.C. Kozen, M.A. Schroeder, K.E. Gregorczyk, S.B. Lee, G.W. Rubloff, Nature Nanotechnology doi: 10.1038/nnano.2014.247.

A. Pearse, T. Schmitt, E. Sahadeo, D. M. Stewart, A. Kozen, K. Gerasopoulos, A. A. Talin, S. B. Lee, G. W. Rubloff, and K. E. Gregorczyk, ACS Nano 12 (5), 4286 (2018)

ALD LiPON works great at 30 nm thickness!



Sputtered LiPON



breakdown → stable

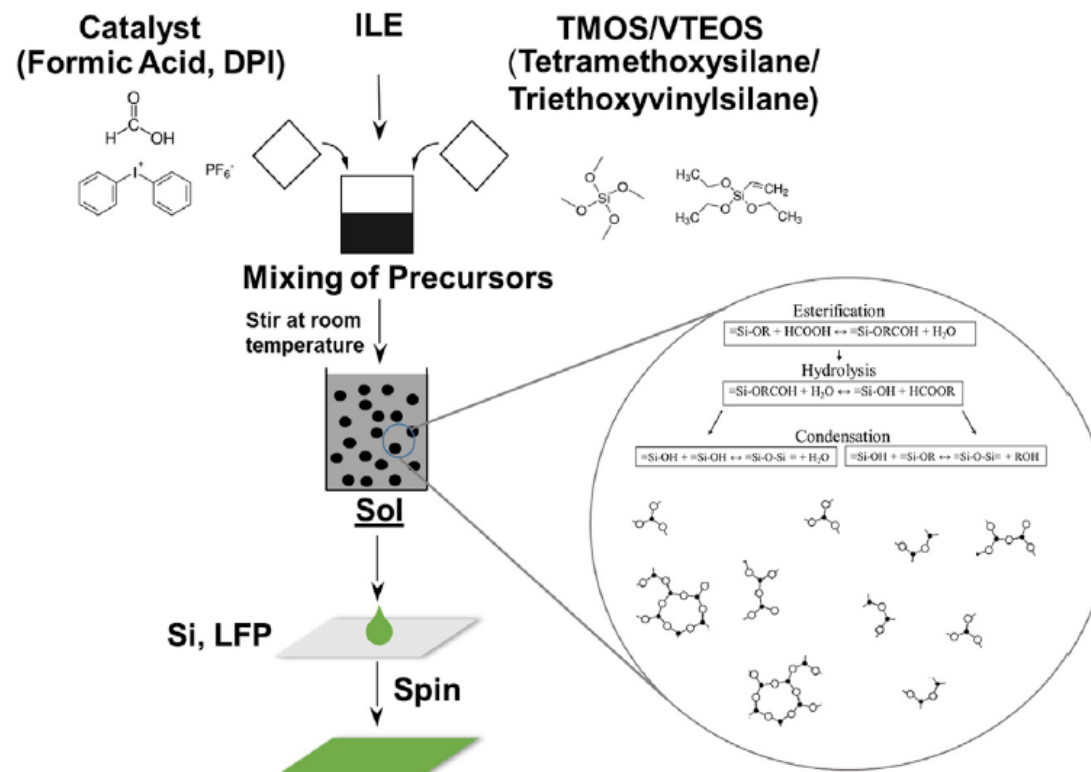
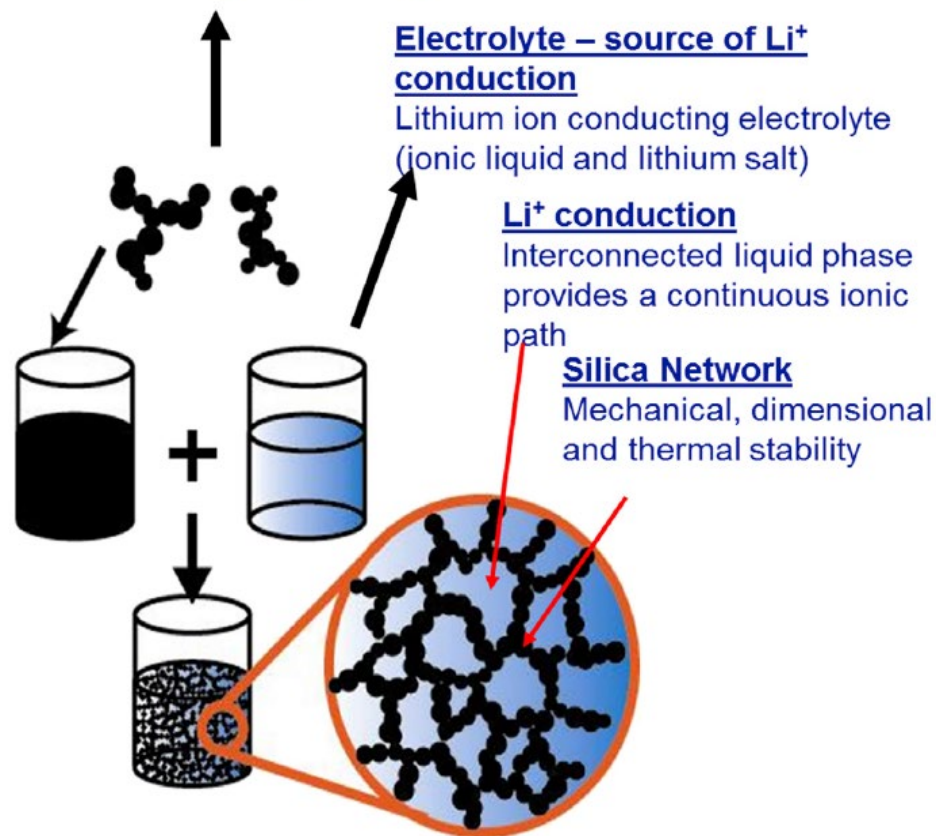
A. J. Pearse, T. E. Schmitt, E. J. Fuller, F. El-Gabaly, C-F Lin, K. Gerasopoulos, A. C. Kozen, A. A. Talin, G. Rubloff, K. E. Gregorczyck, Chemistry of Materials, 29, 3740, 2017

Ionogels: nanoporous matrix filled with ionic liquid electrolyte

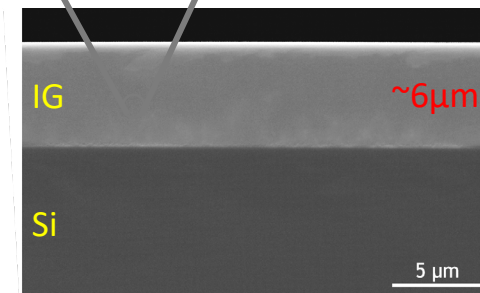
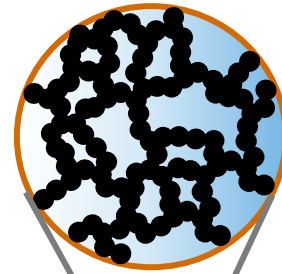
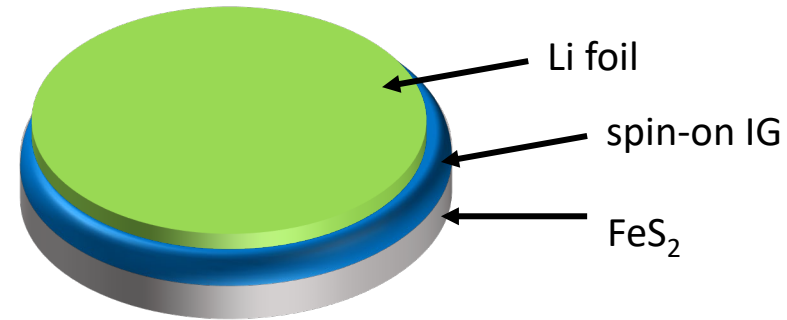
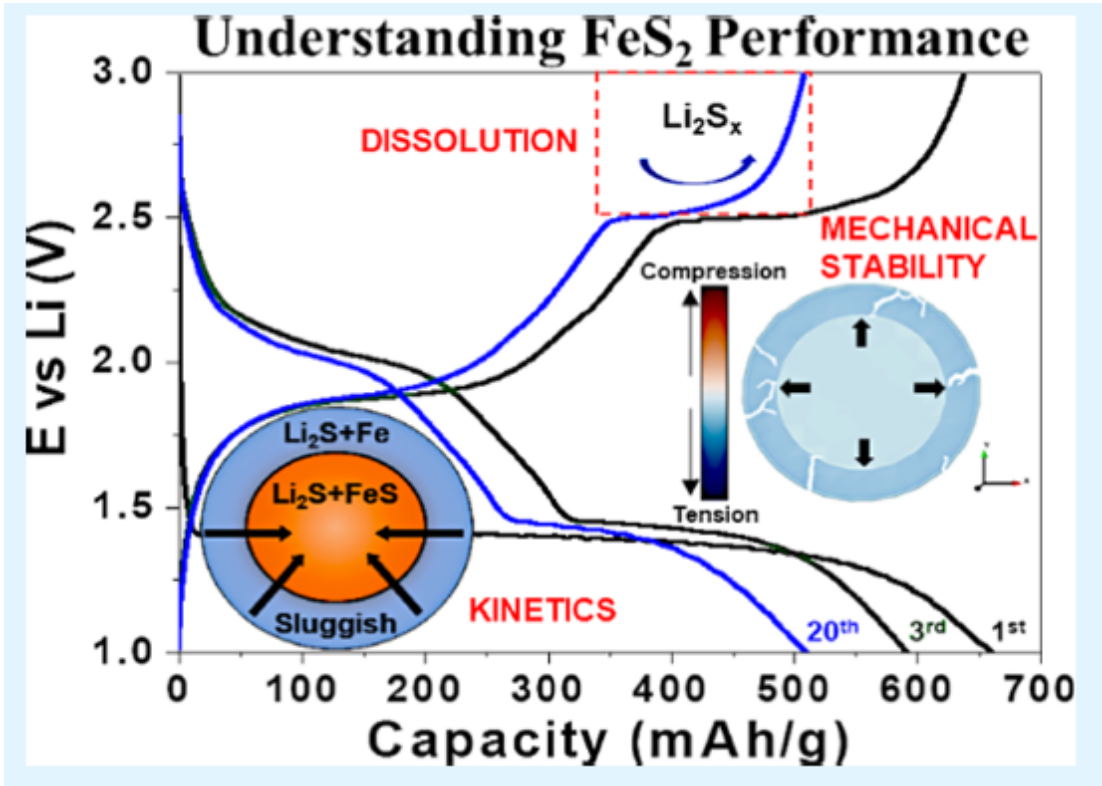


Precursor to form Silica Network

Use of non-hydrolytic sol-gel route



Ionogels: nanoporous matrix filled with ionic liquid electrolyte



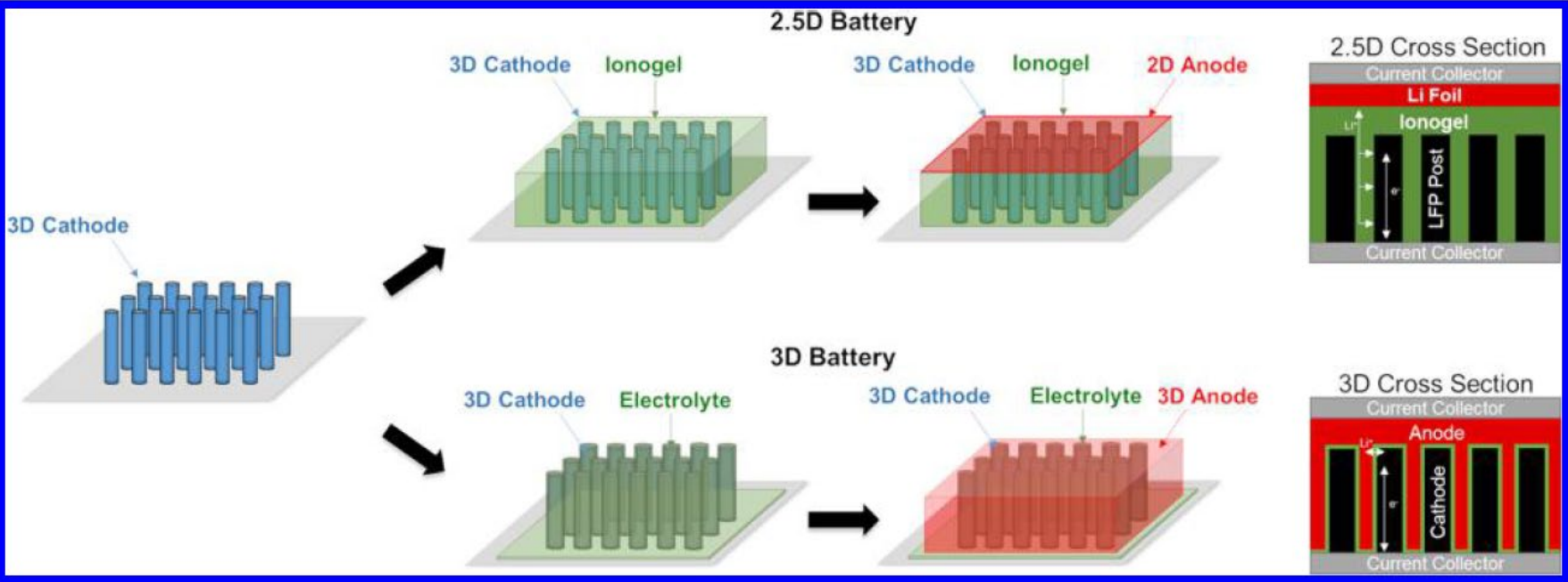
High-Performance Solid-State Lithium-Ion Battery with Mixed 2D and 3D Electrodes

David S. Ashby,* Christopher S. Choi, Martin A. Edwards, A. Alec Talin, Henry S. White, and Bruce S. Dunn*

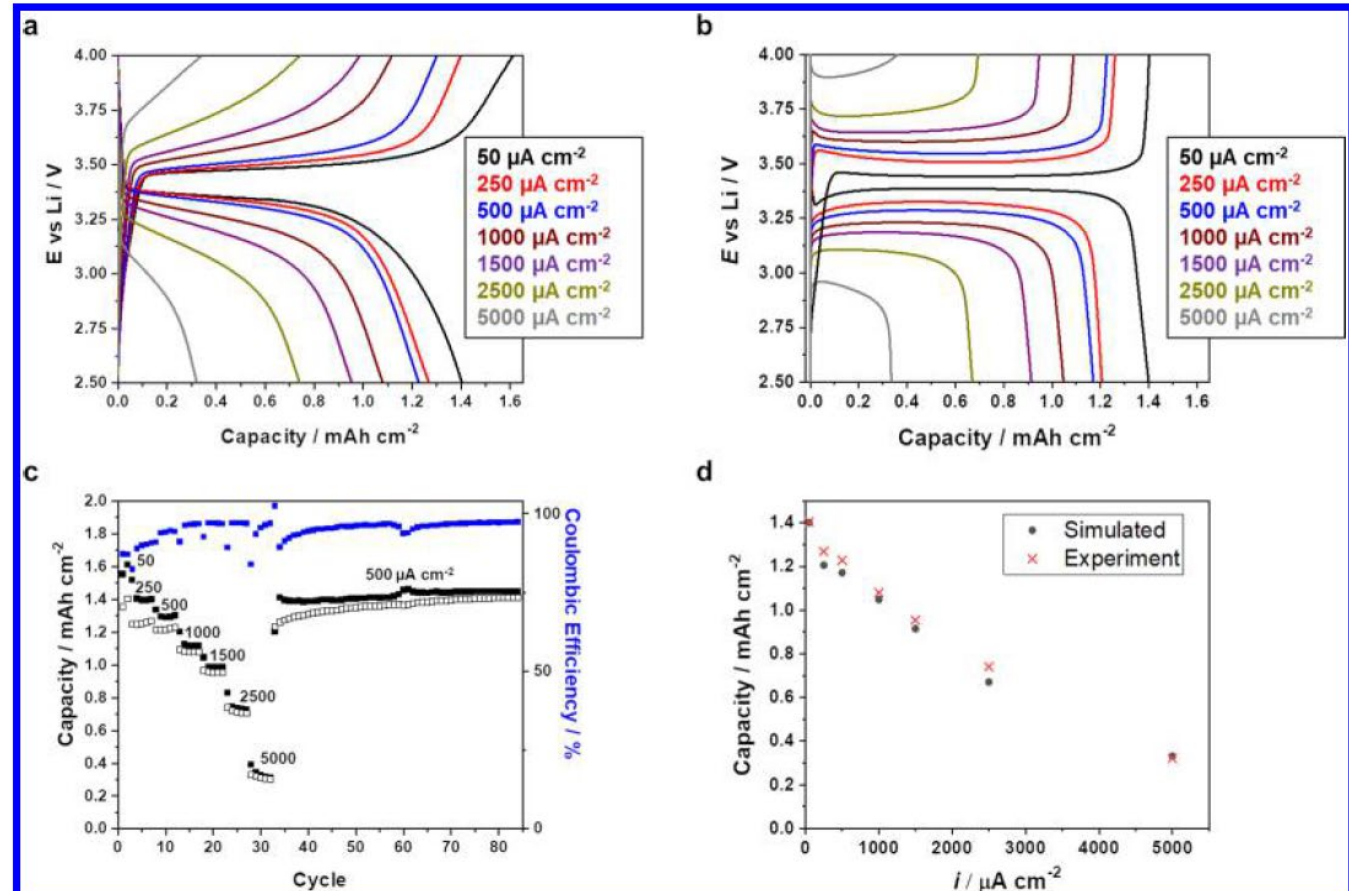
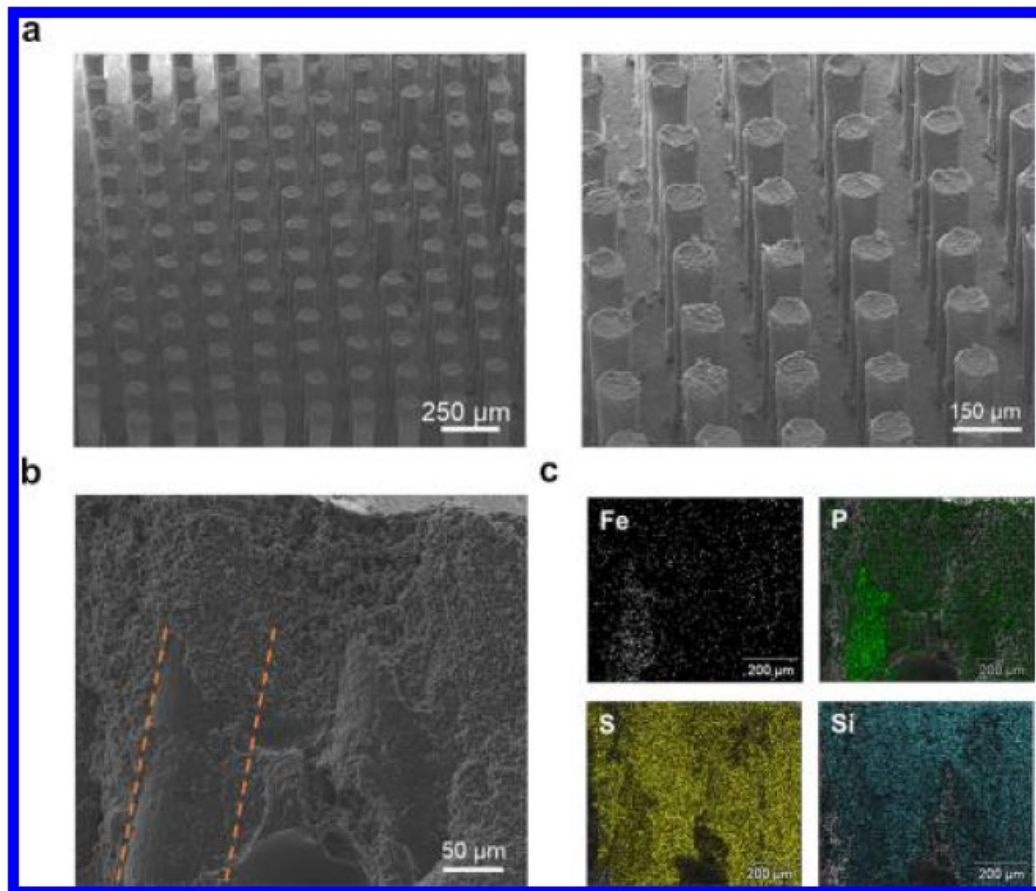
Cite This: <https://dx.doi.org/10.1021/acsaem.0c01029> Read Online

Table 1. Electrolytes for 3D Architectures^a

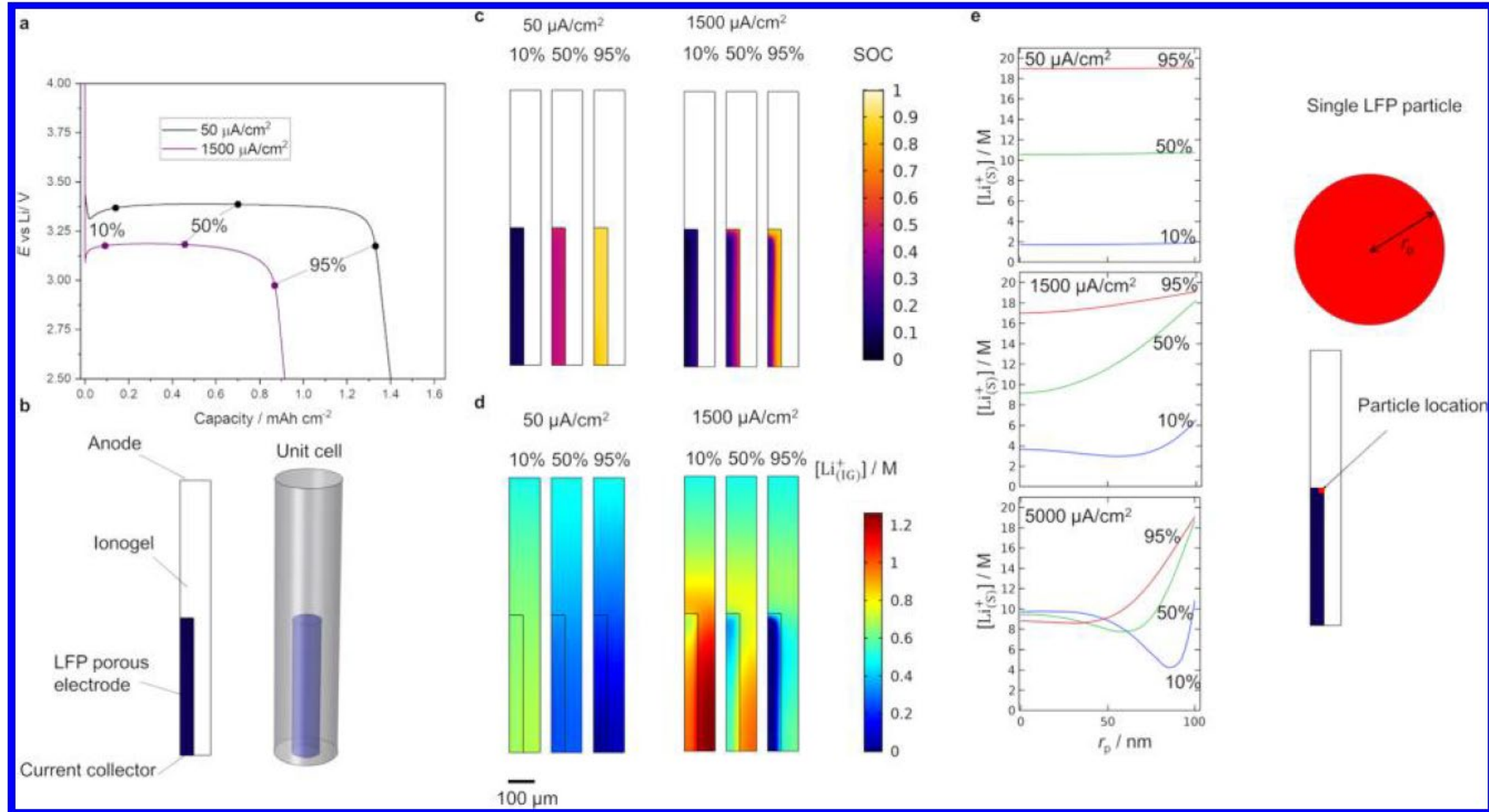
electrolyte	σ_i (S cm ⁻¹)	fabrication method	electrolyte–electrode Interface
ionogel	2×10^{-3}	liquid casting	liquid-particle
LiPON	$\sim 10^{-7}$	ALD, sputtering	conformal
SU8	2×10^{-7}	UV lithography	conformal
SPE	10^{-5} – 10^{-3}	liquid casting	conformal/particle-particle
LLZO	3.5×10^{-4}	powder pressing	particle–particle
LLT	1.1×10^{-3}	commercial	particle–particle
LAGP	3×10^{-5}	EPD	particle–particle



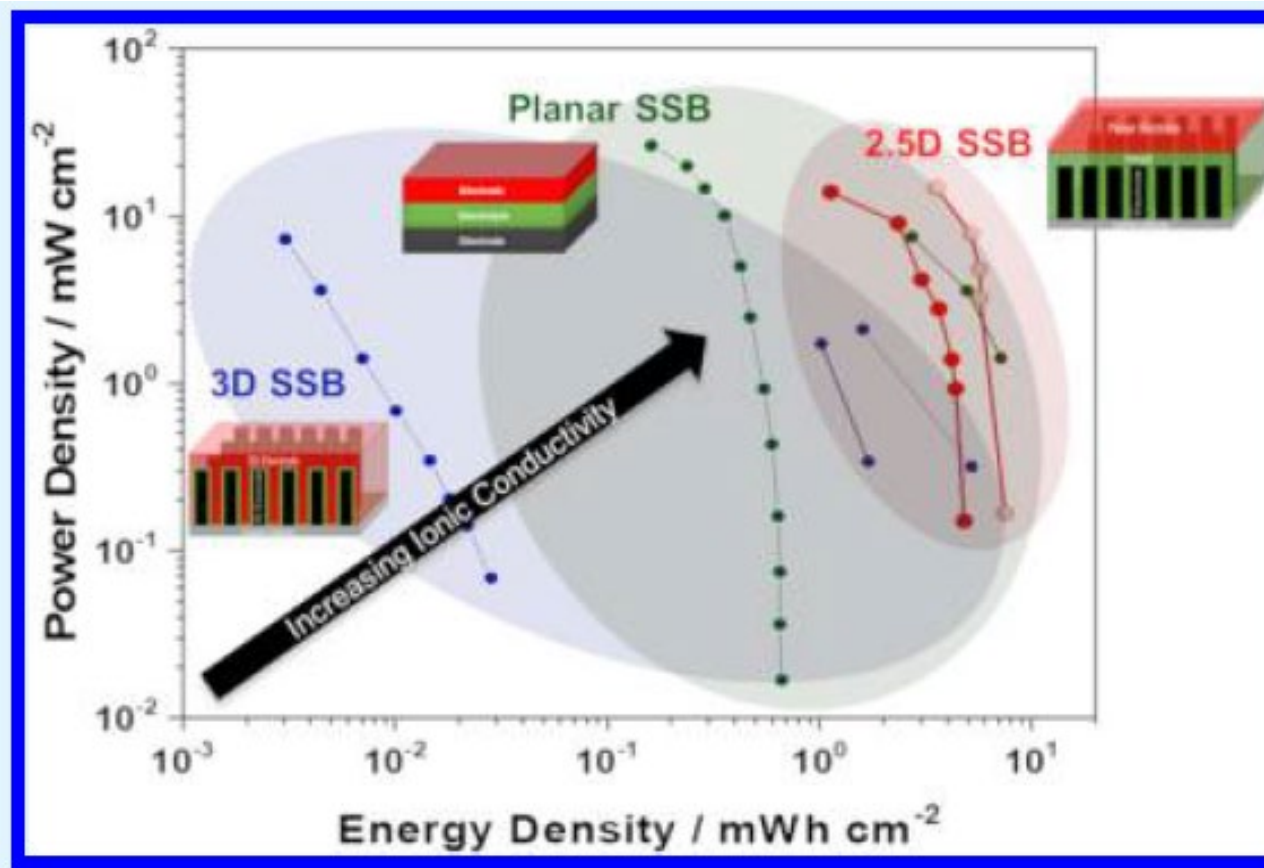
Mixed 2D/3D solid state battery



Mixed 2D/3D solid state battery



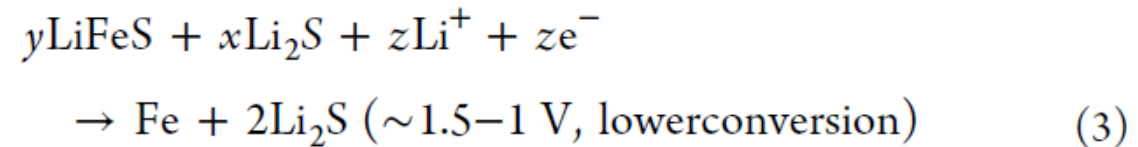
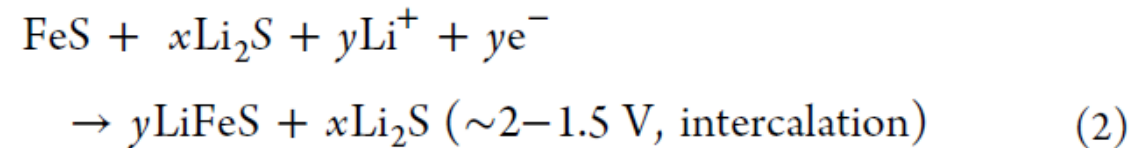
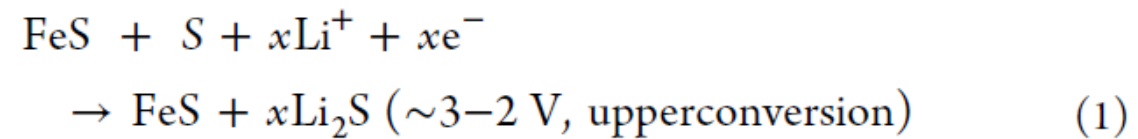
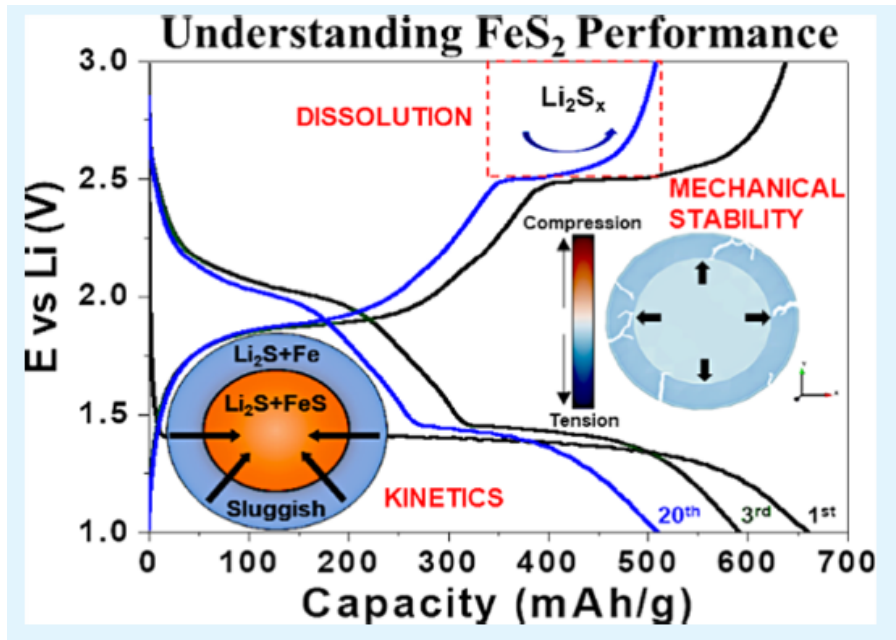
Mixed 2D/3D solid state battery



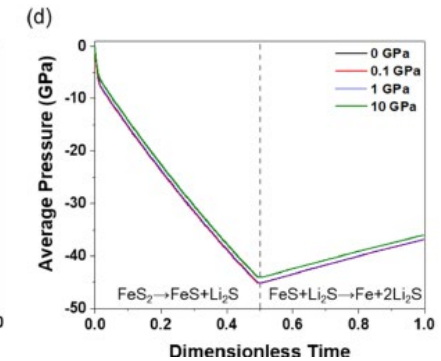
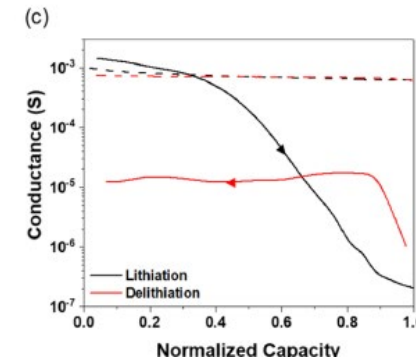
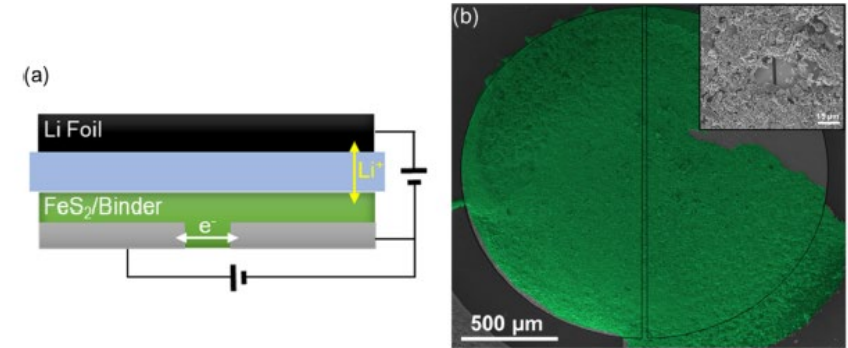
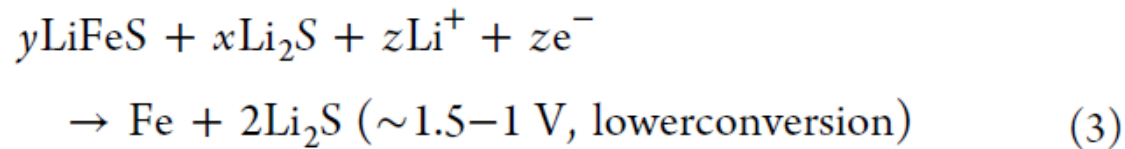
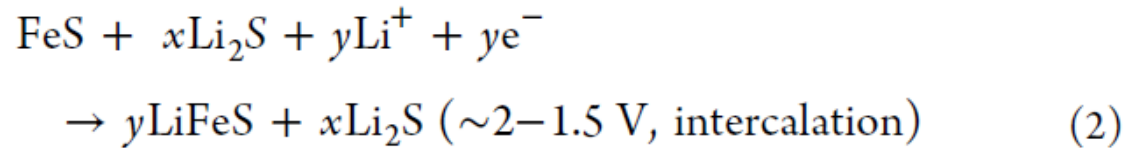
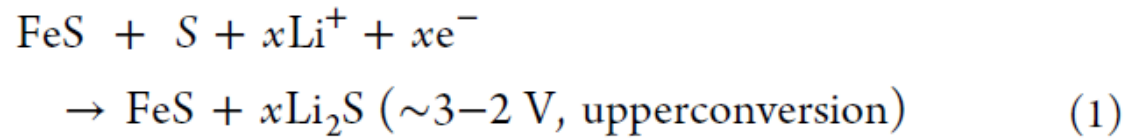
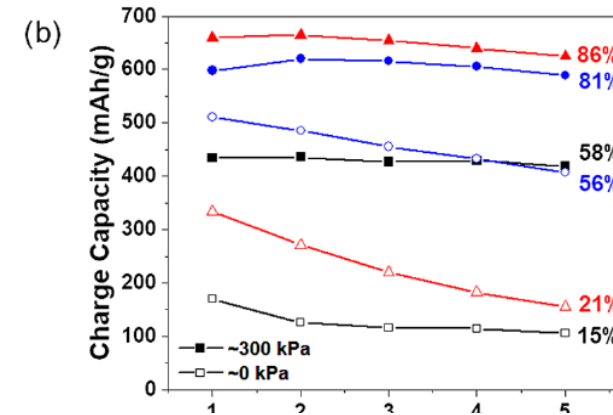
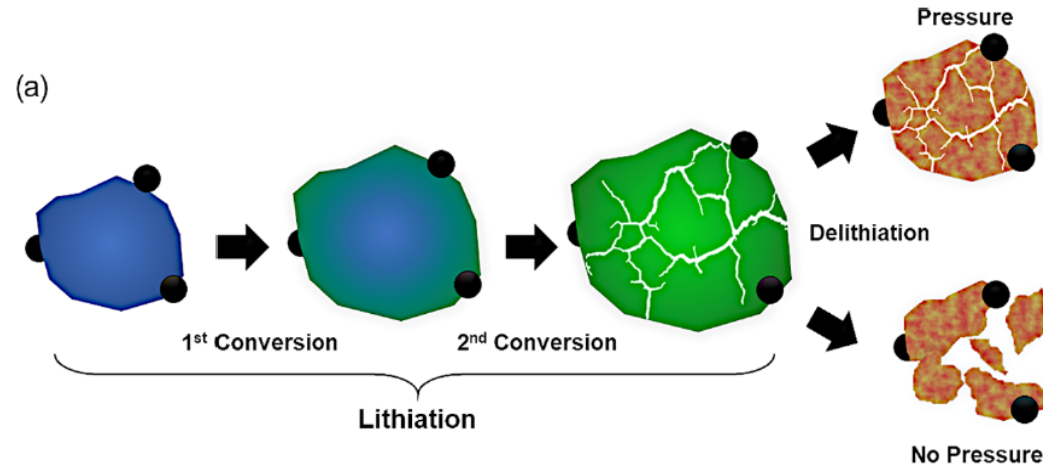
Understanding the Electrochemical Performance of FeS₂ Conversion Cathodes



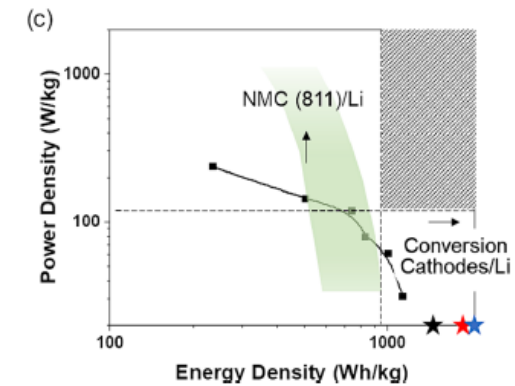
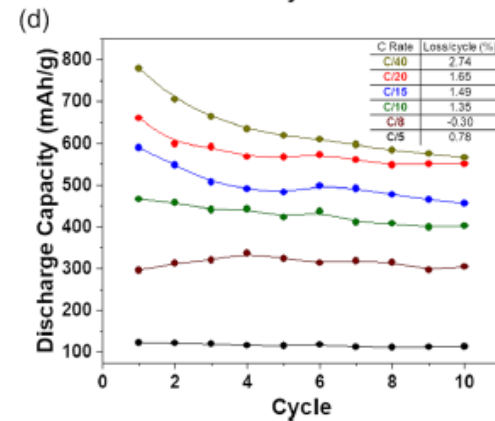
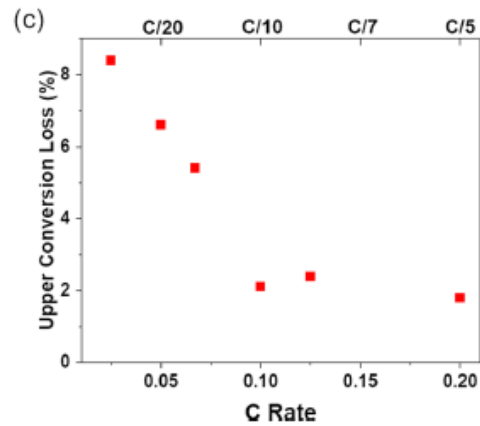
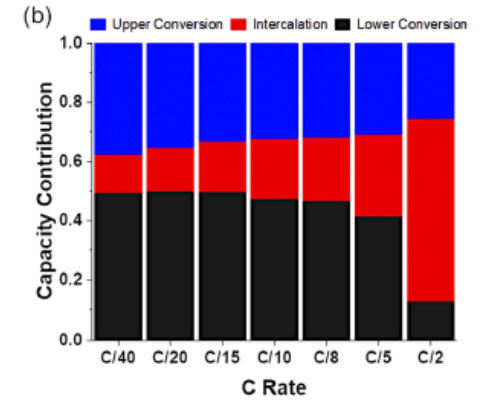
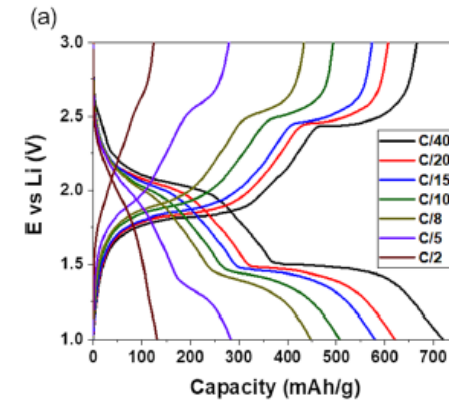
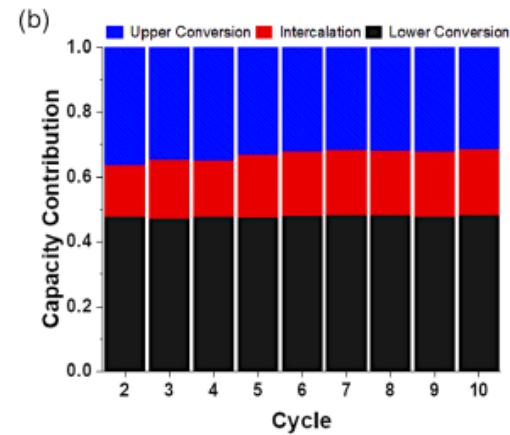
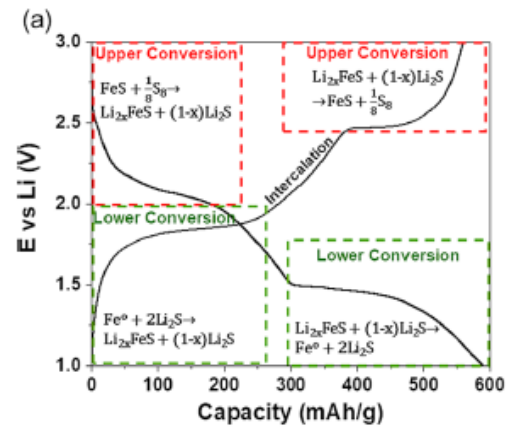
David S. Ashby,* Jeffrey S. Horner, Grace Whang, Aliya S. Lapp, Scott A. Roberts, Bruce Dunn, Igor V. Kolesnichenko, Timothy N. Lambert, and A. Alec Talin*



FeS₂ conversion electrodes



FeS₂ conversion electrodes



Review

Electrochemical-mechanical coupling measurements

Yueming Song,^{1,3} Bhuvsmitta Bhargava,^{1,3} David M. Stewart,¹ A. Alec Talin,^{1,2} Gary W. Rubloff,¹ and Paul Albertus^{1,*}

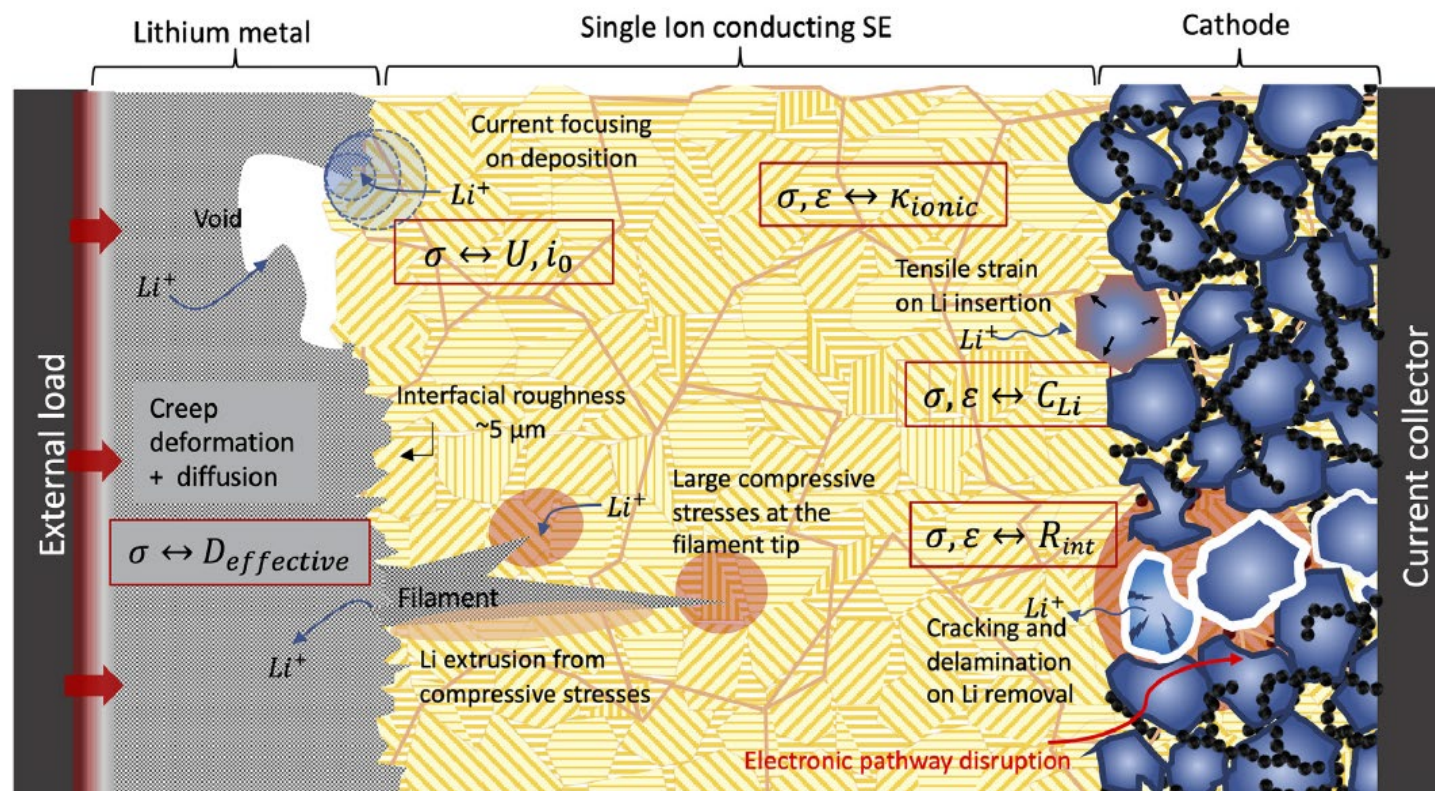
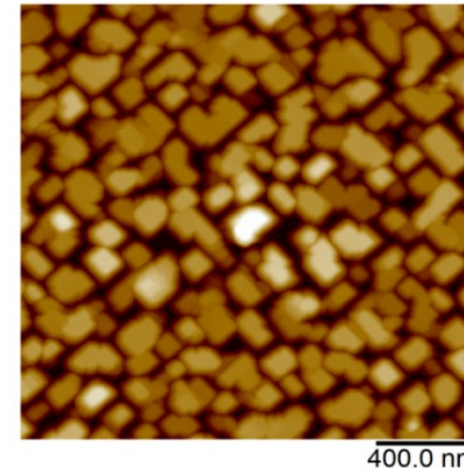
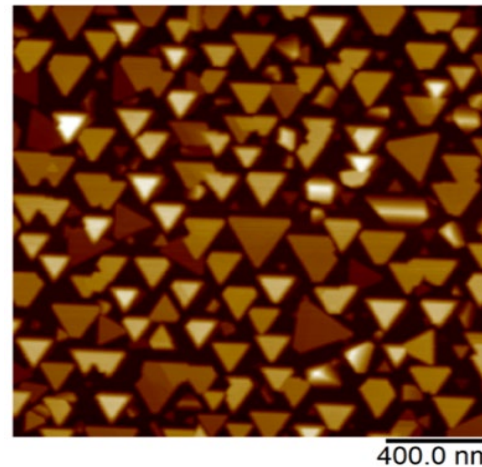
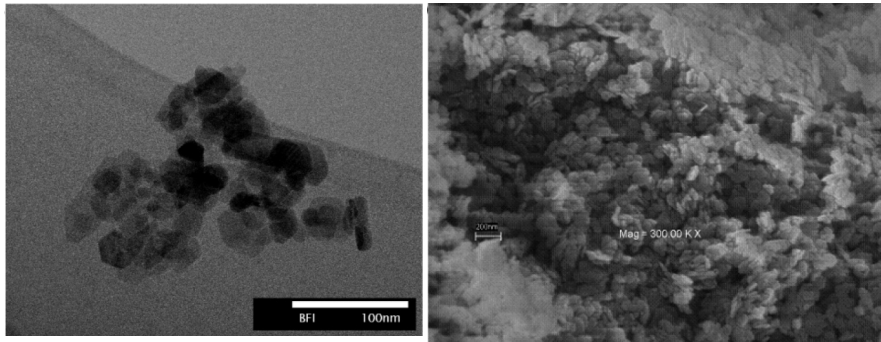
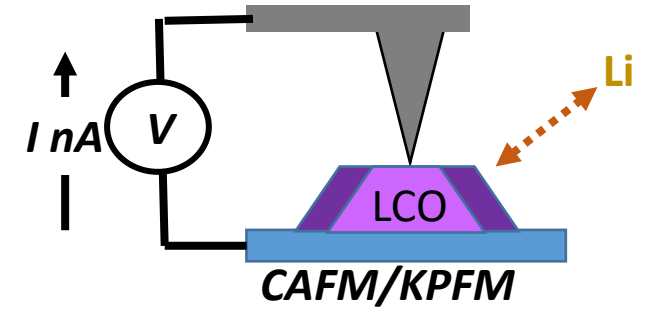
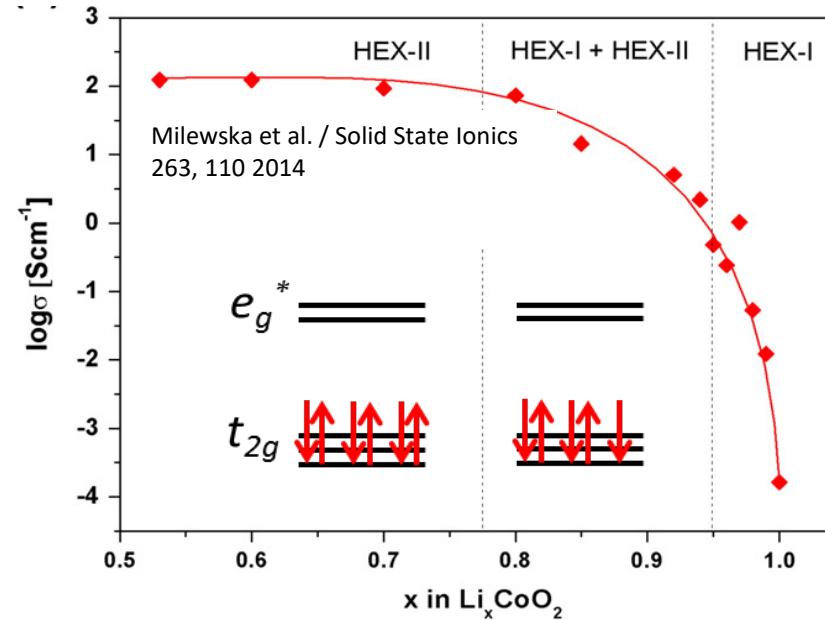
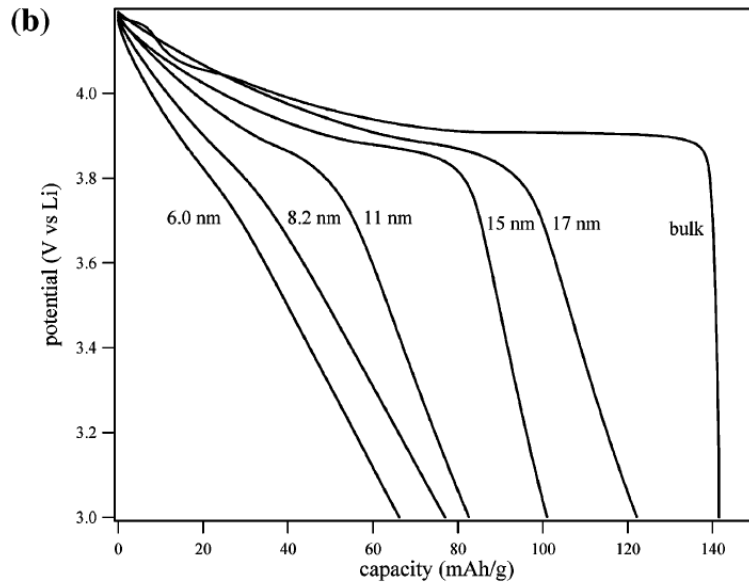


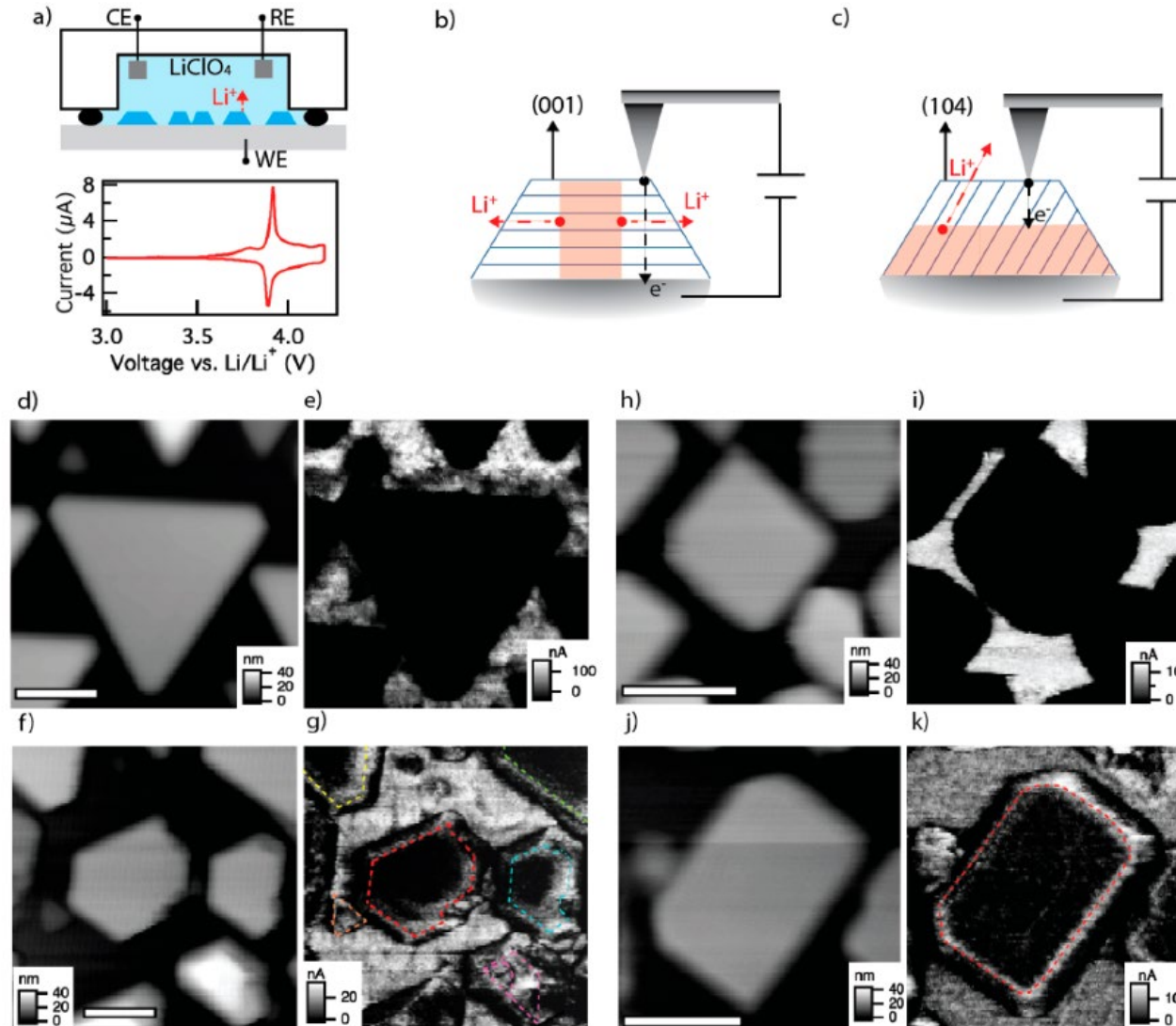
Figure 1. Effect of stresses on a range of processes in a full cell that consists of Li metal, a single ion conducting SE, and a porous cathode

How can size, orientation effects be observed in thin film cathodes?

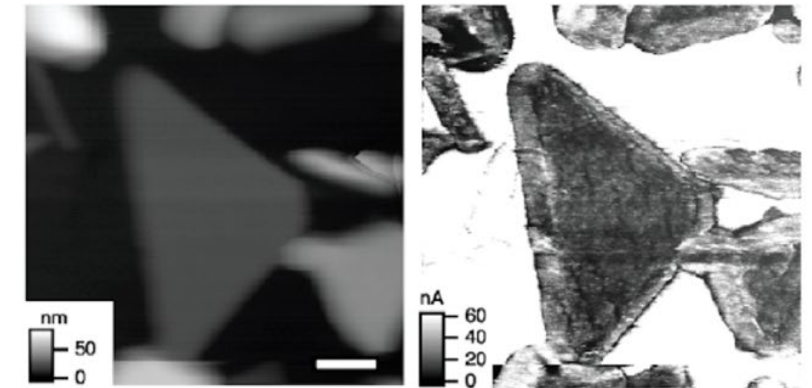


M. Okubo, E. Hosono, J. Kim, M. Enomoto, N. Kojima, T. Kudo, H. Zhou, I. Honma, JACS 129, 7444 (2007).

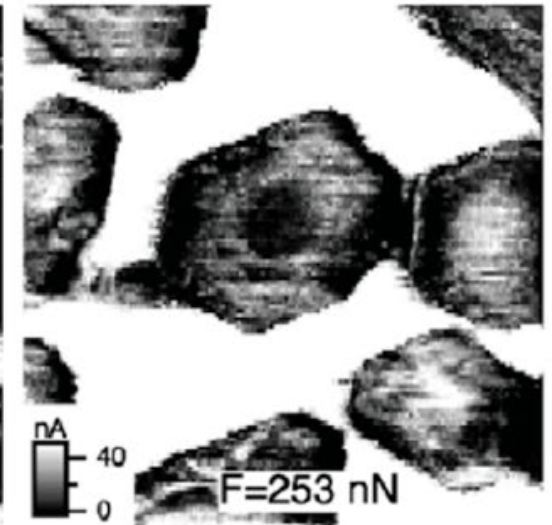
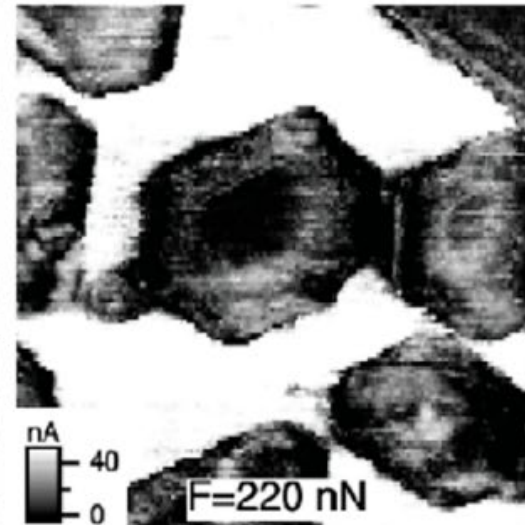
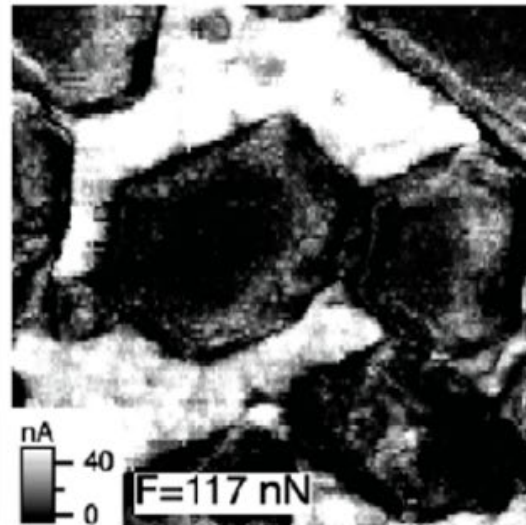
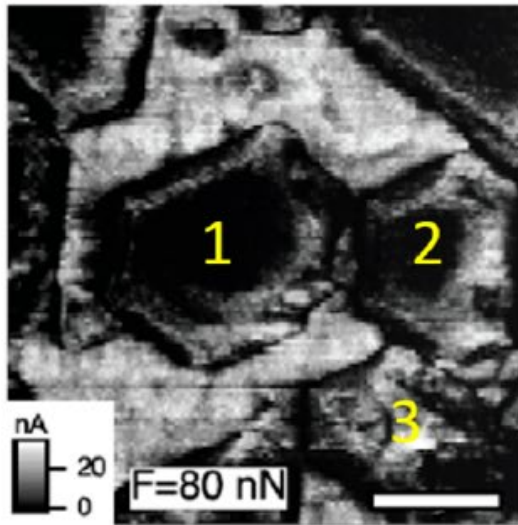
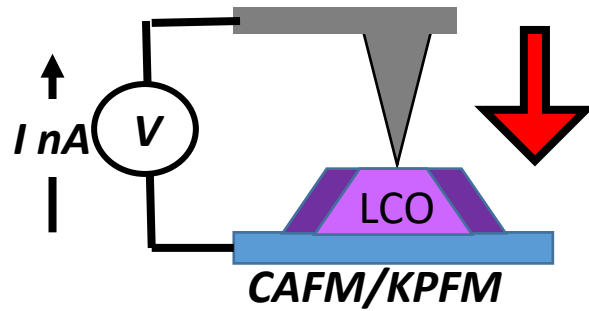
C-AFM reveals anisotropy in LCO delithiation, size and orientation effects



- Stripping pattern for thickness $< 20\text{nm}$ suggest surface coherent spinoidal decomposition



Application of force w/C-AFM reveals Li displacement



Modifying Ionogel Solid-Electrolytes for Complex Electrochemical Systems

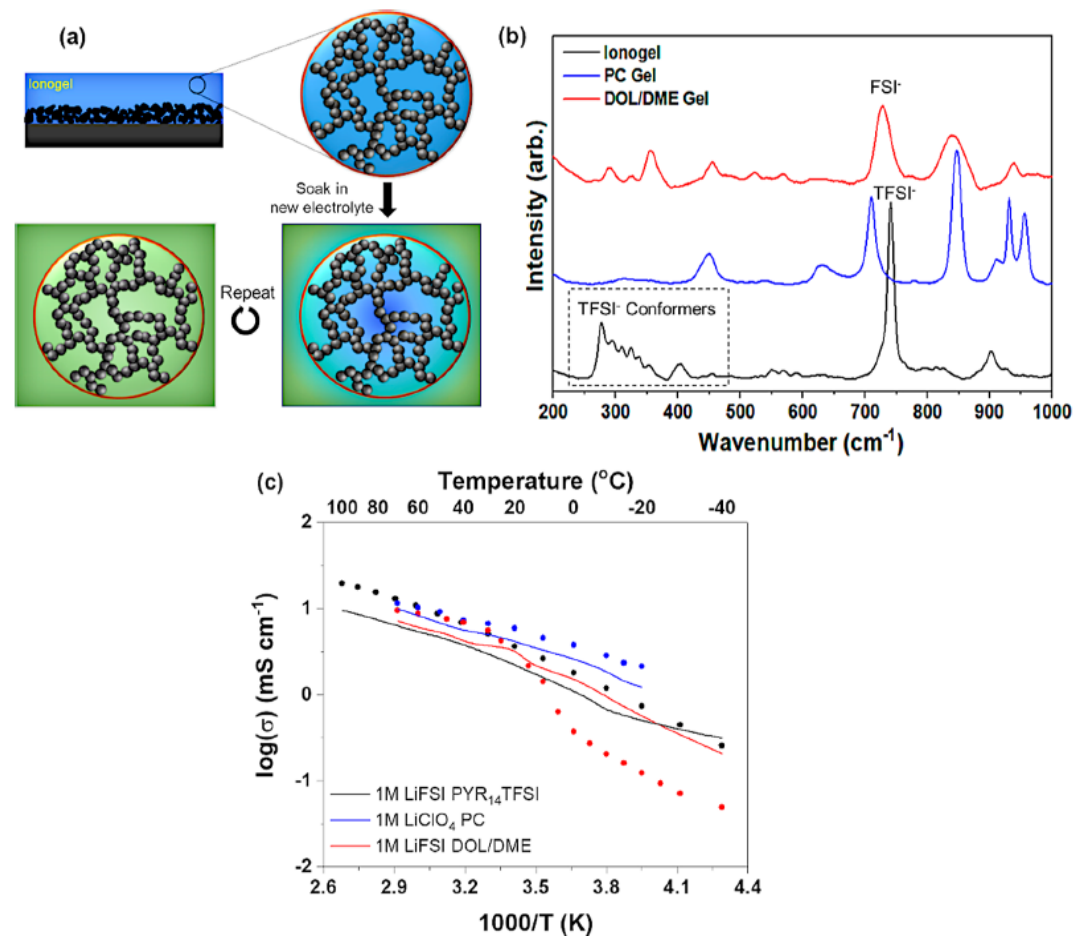
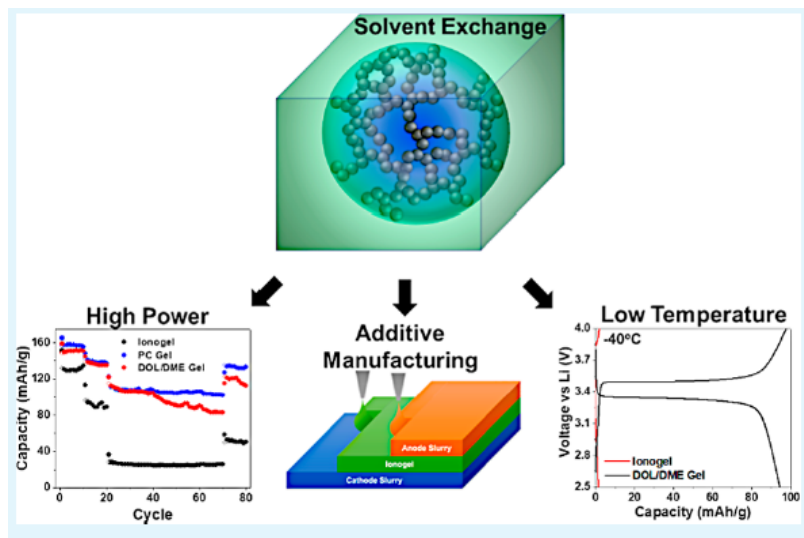
David S. Ashby,* Jorge Cardenas, Austin Suhas Bhandarkar, Adam W. Cook, and A. Alec Talin*



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Modifying Ionogel Solid-Electrolytes for Complex Electrochemical Systems



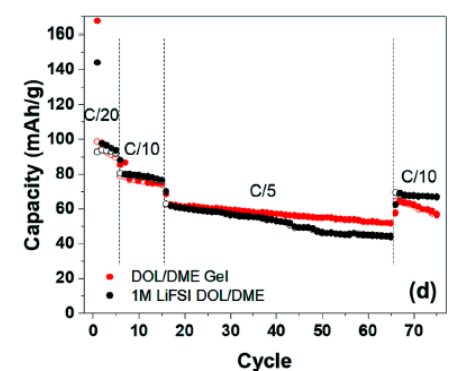
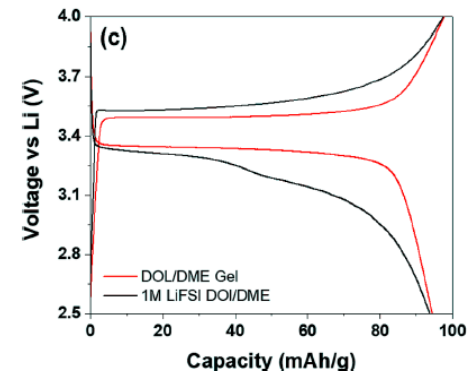
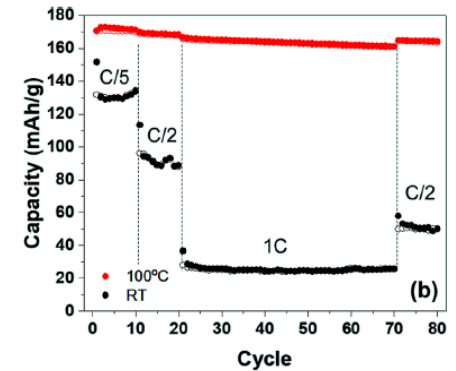
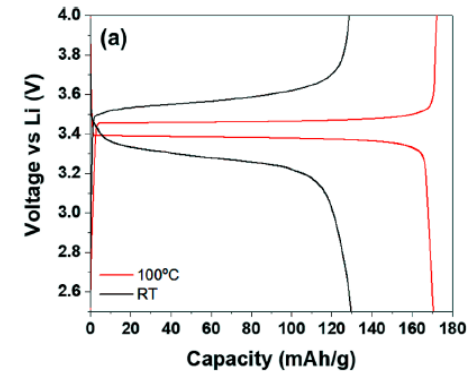
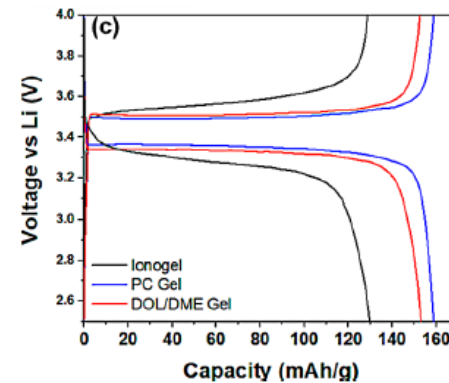
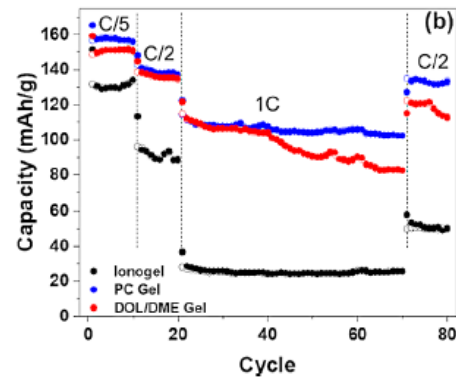
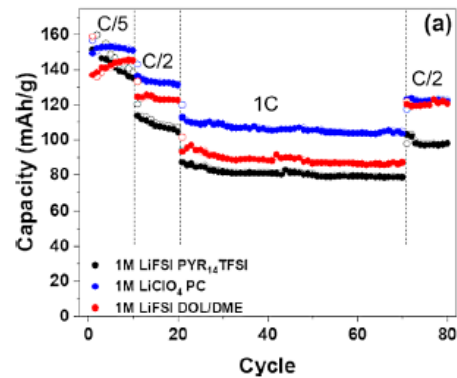
David S. Ashby,* Jorge Cardenas, Austin Suhas Bhandarkar, Adam W. Cook, and A. Alec Talin*



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Room-Temperature Pseudo-Solid-State Iron Fluoride Conversion Battery with High Ionic Conductivity



Aliya S. Lapp, Laura C. Merrill, Bryan R. Wygant, David S. Ashby, Austin S. Bhandarkar, Alan C. Zhang, Elliot J. Fuller, Katharine L. Harrison, Timothy N. Lambert, and A. Alec Talin*



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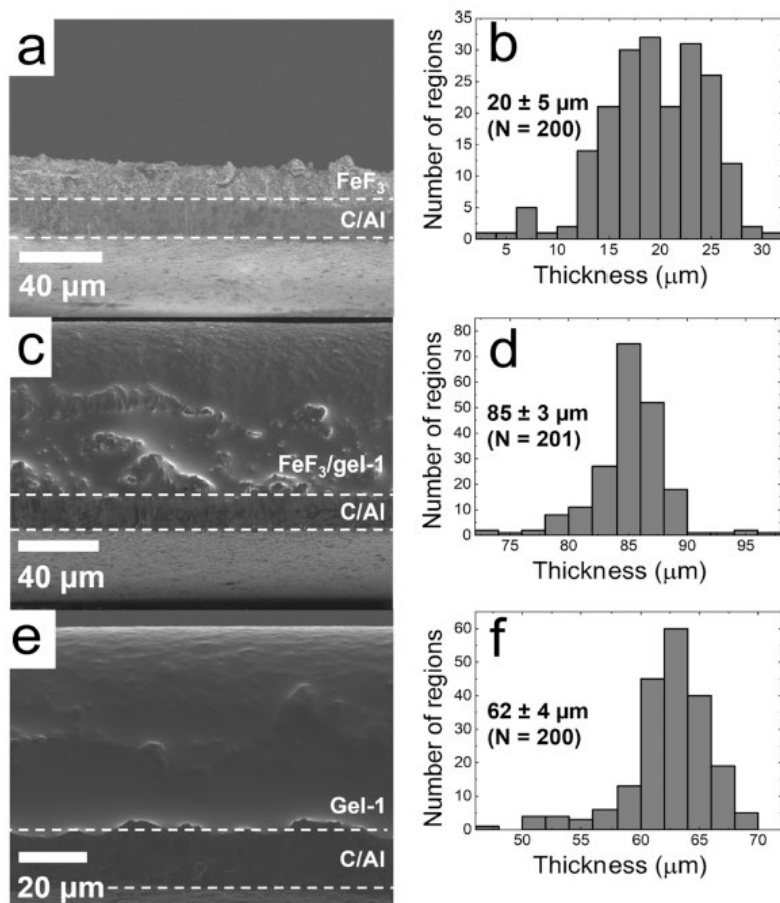
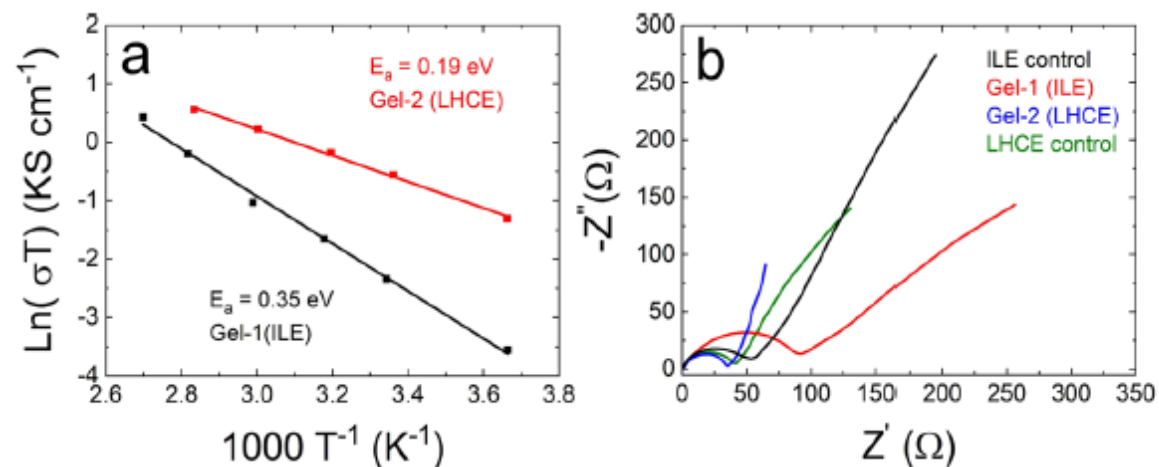


Table 1. Ionic Conductivity (σ) of the PVDF-HFP Gels before and after Electrolyte Exchange

Temperature ($^{\circ}\text{C}$)	$\sigma_{\text{Gel-1}}^a$ (mS cm^{-1})	$\sigma_{\text{Gel-2}}^b$ (mS cm^{-1})
0	0.11	0.99
25	0.33	1.92
40	0.67	2.67
60	1.18	3.74
80	2.85	4.94



Room-Temperature Pseudo-Solid-State Iron Fluoride Conversion Battery with High Ionic Conductivity

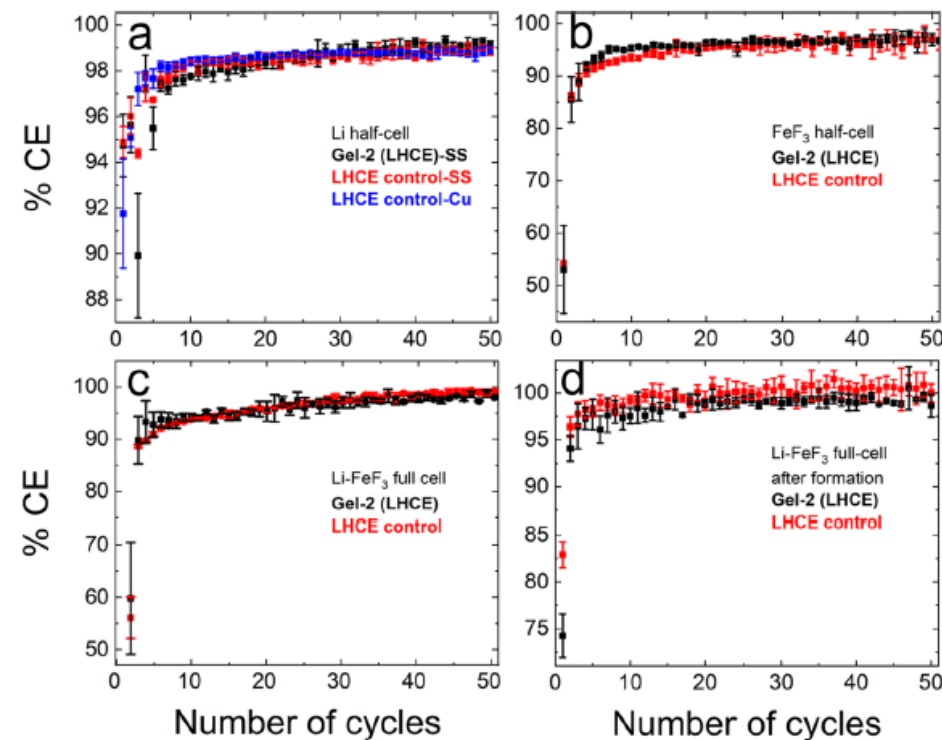
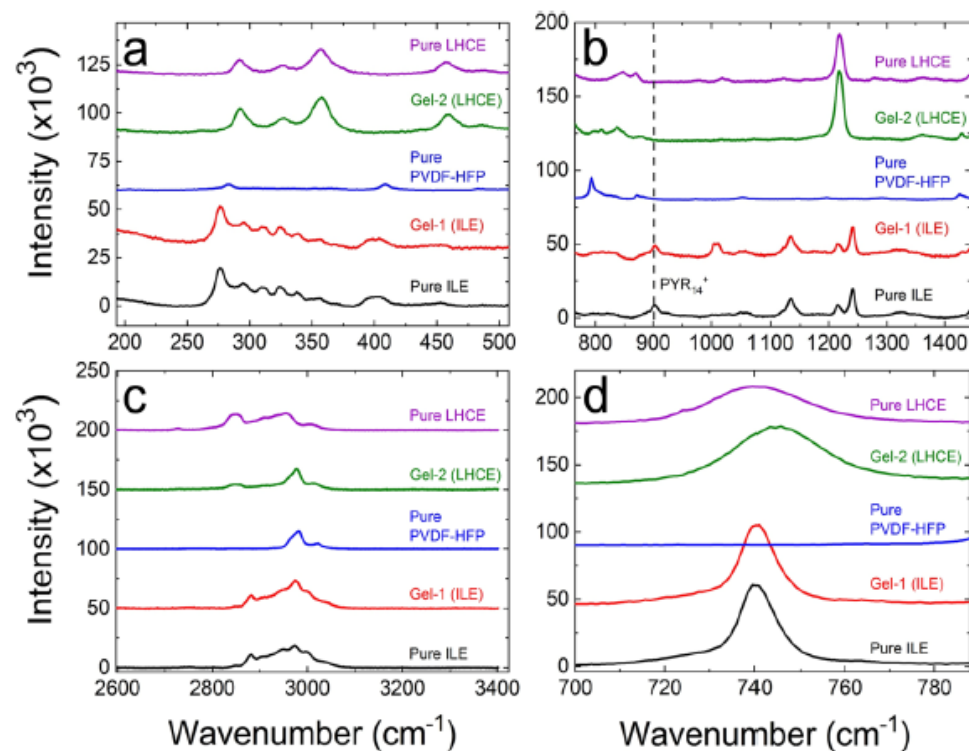
Aliya S. Lapp, Laura C. Merrill, Bryan R. Wygant, David S. Ashby, Austin S. Bhandarkar, Alan C. Zhang, Elliot J. Fuller, Katharine L. Harrison, Timothy N. Lambert, and A. Alec Talin*



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Room-Temperature Pseudo-Solid-State Iron Fluoride Conversion Battery with High Ionic Conductivity



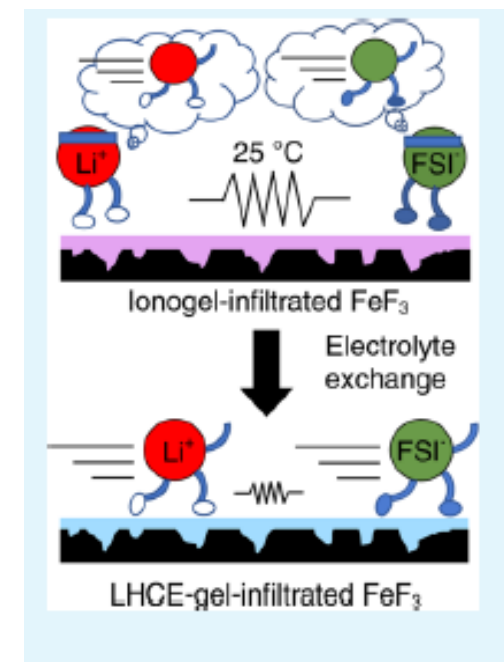
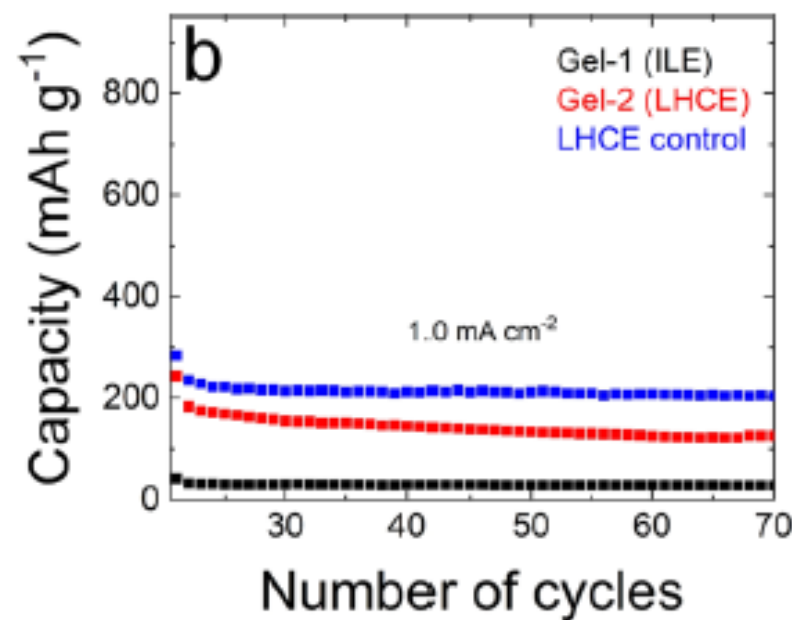
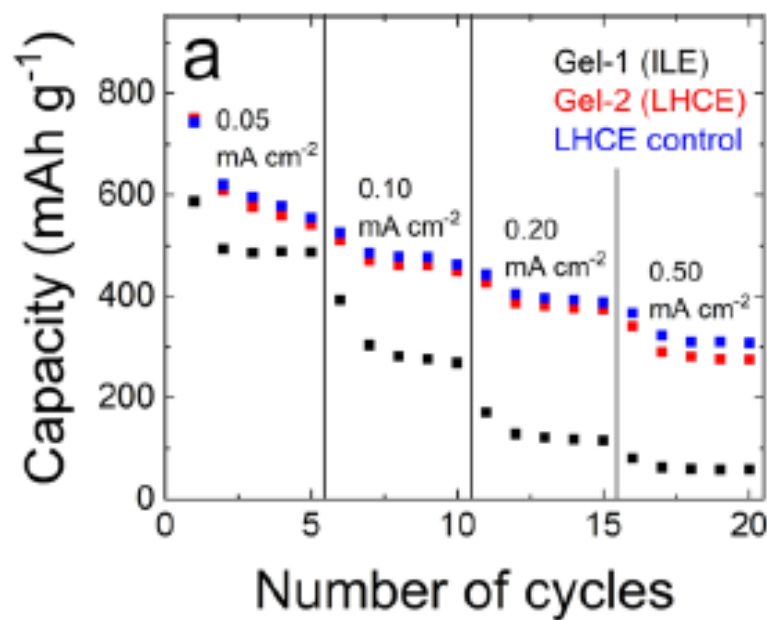
Aliya S. Lapp, Laura C. Merrill, Bryan R. Wygant, David S. Ashby, Austin S. Bhandarkar, Alan C. Zhang, Elliot J. Fuller, Katharine L. Harrison, Timothy N. Lambert, and A. Alec Talin*



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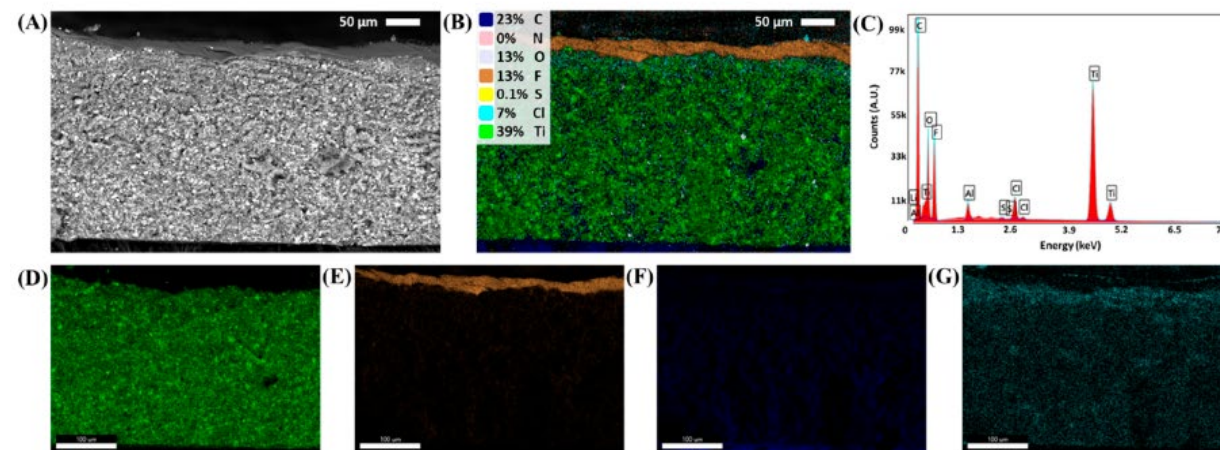
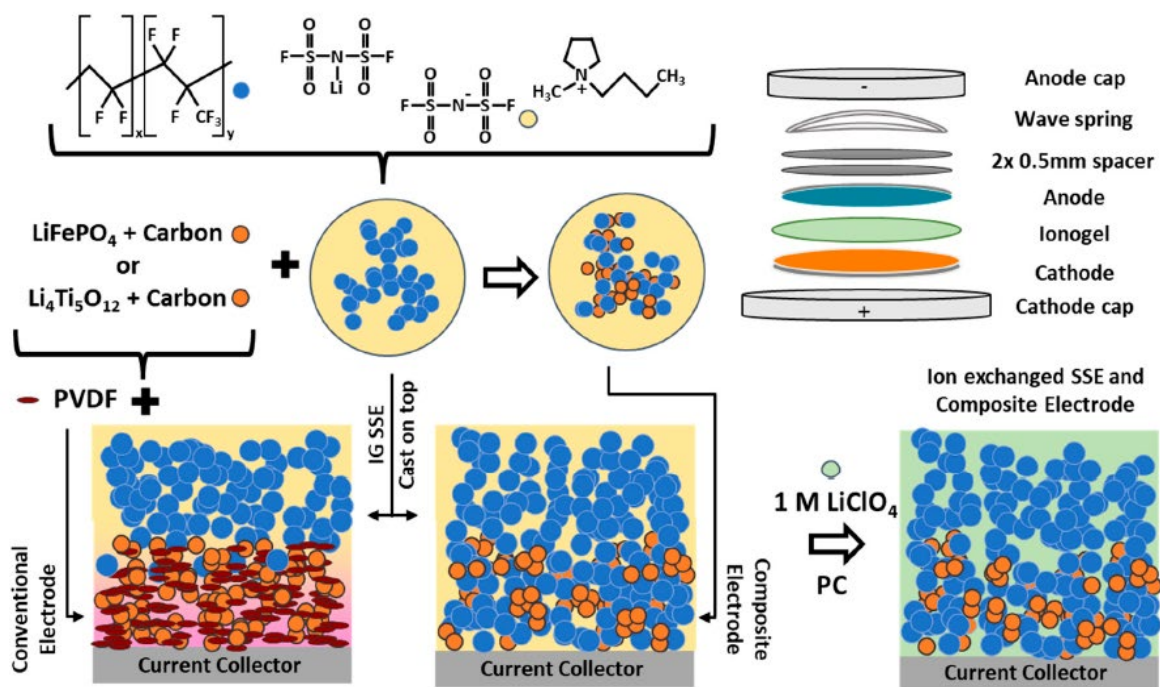
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Composite Ionogel Electrodes for Polymeric Solid-State Li-Ion Batteries

Noah B. Schorr ^{1,*} , Austin Bhandarkar ², Josefine D. McBrayer ¹ and A. Alec Talin ^{2,*}

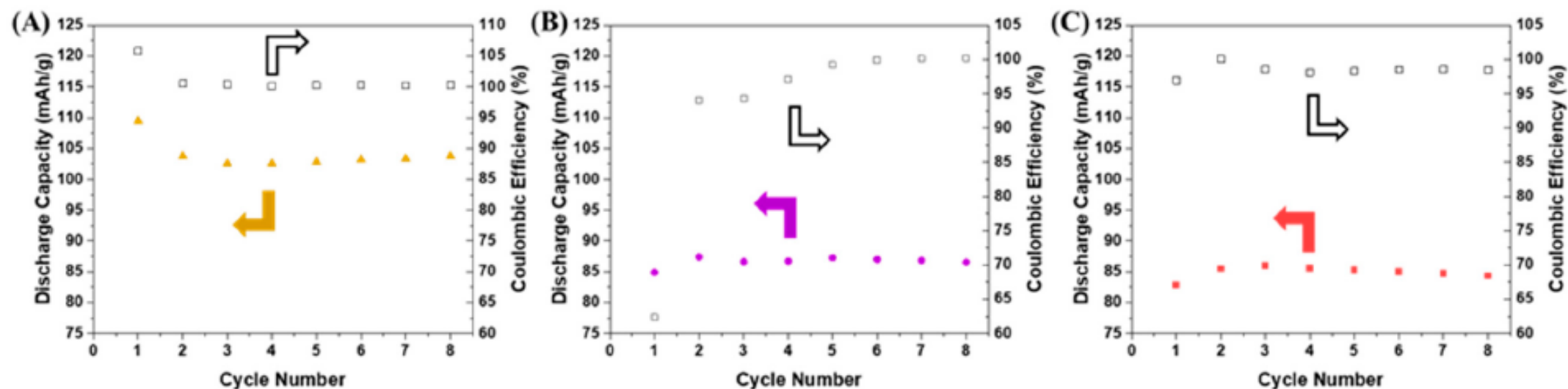
Polymers 2024, 16, 1763. <https://doi.org/10.3390/polym16131763>



Composite Ionogel Electrodes for Polymeric Solid-State Li-Ion Batteries

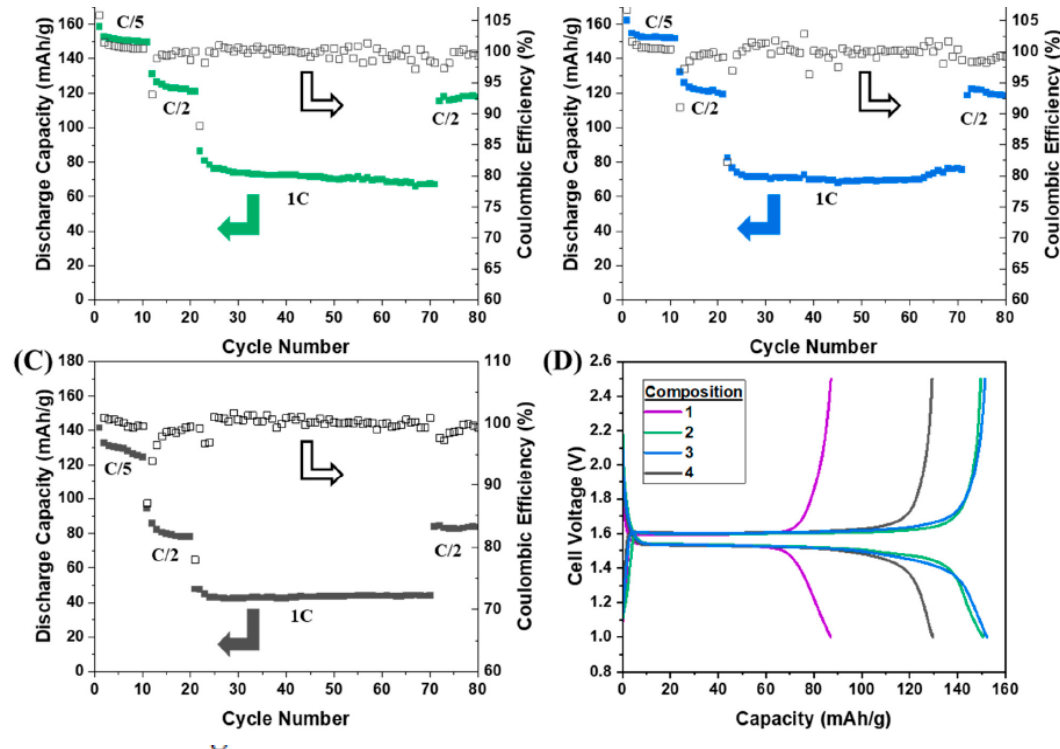
Noah B. Schorr ^{1,*} , Austin Bhandarkar ², Josefine D. McBrayer ¹ and A. Alec Talin ^{2,*}

Composition	Mass Percent Loading			Mass Ratio	
	Active Material	Carbon	PVDF-HFP	Active/Carbon	Active/PVDF-HFP
1	45.29%	19.41%	35.29%	2.33	1.28
2	55.00%	23.57%	21.43%	2.33	2.57
3	62.35%	13.36%	24.29%	4.67	2.57
4	71.30%	10.19%	18.52%	7.00	3.85



Composite Ionogel Electrodes for Polymeric Solid-State Li-Ion Batteries

Noah B. Schorr ^{1,*} , Austin Bhandarkar ², Josefine D. McBryer ¹ and A. Alec Talin ^{2,*}

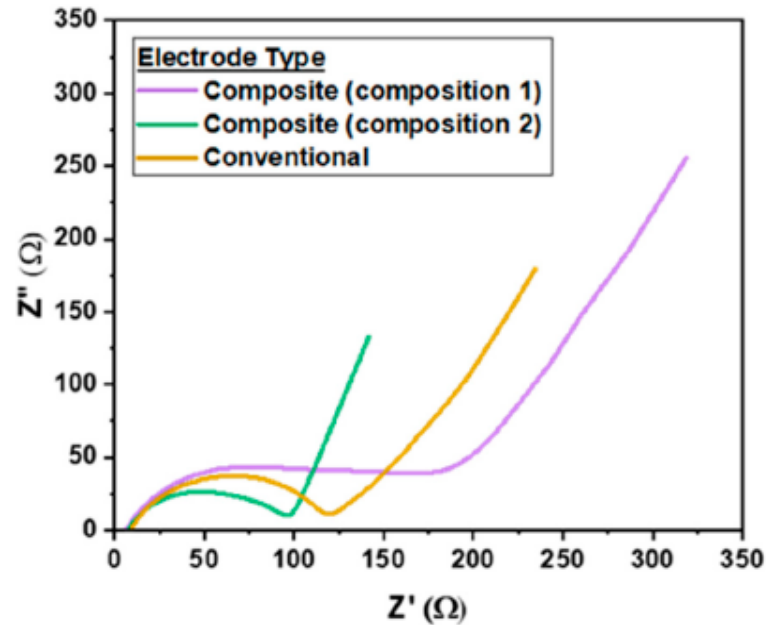


Composition	Active Material (mg/cm ²)	Capacity (mAh)	Rate (mA)			Rate (mA/cm ²)			Rate (A/g)		
			C/5	C/2	C/1	C/5	C/2	C/1	C/5	C/2	C/1
1	7.76	2.49	0.50	1.24	2.49	1.32	3.30	6.60	0.034	0.085	0.17
2	10.52	3.37	0.67	1.69	3.37	1.79	4.47	8.94	0.034	0.085	0.17
3	10.55	3.38	0.68	1.69	3.38	1.79	4.48	8.97	0.034	0.085	0.17
4	13.76	4.41	0.88	2.21	4.41	2.34	5.85	11.70	0.034	0.085	0.17

Composite Ionogel Electrodes for Polymeric Solid-State Li-Ion Batteries

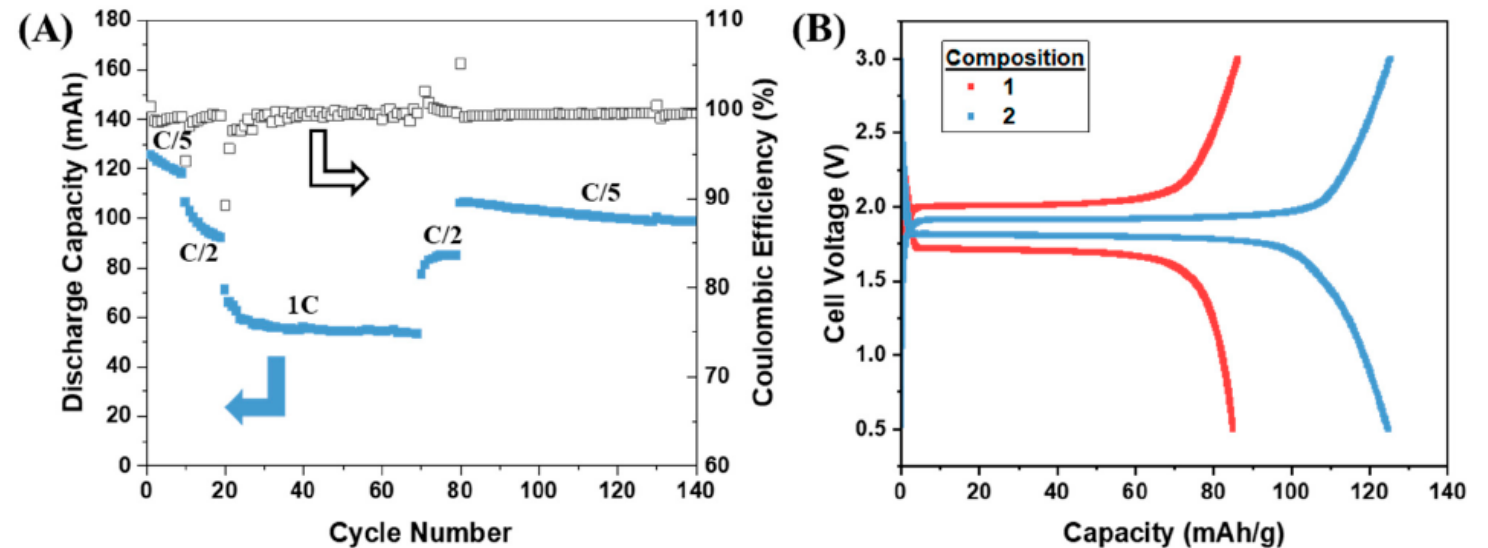


Noah B. Schorr^{1,*} , Austin Bhandarkar², Josefine D. McBrayer¹ and A. Alec Talin^{2,*}



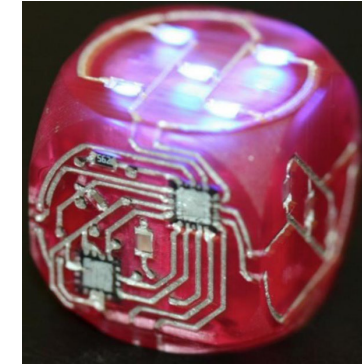
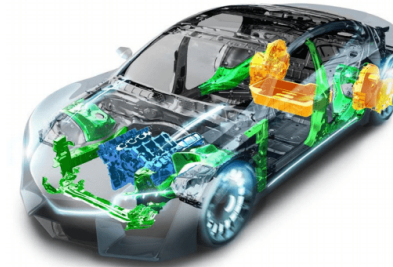
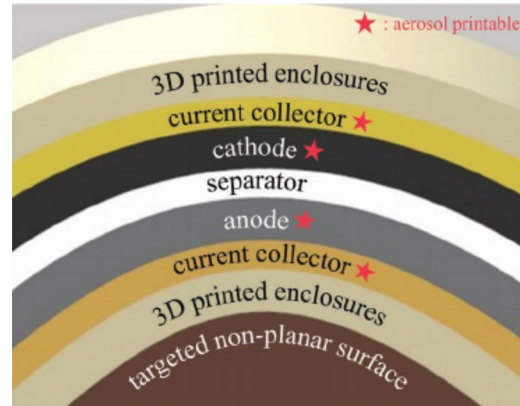
Electrolyte	Active Material	Loading mg/cm ²	Reference
PU-SN-LiTFSI	LFP Li	1	[26]
PVDF-HFP-LiTFSI-NMP	LFP Li	1.5	[19]
PVDF-HFP-LiMNT-PEG	LFP Li	1.2	[30]
LLZO-polymerized DOL gel bilayer	SPAN Li	5.2	[20]
LLZO-plastic crystal electrolyte (LiTFSI-SN)	LFP Li	4.88	[28]
GO-PEO	LFP Li	2.5	[29]
PEO-LiTFSI	LTO Li	3	[31]
Solvent Exchanged PVDF-HFP	LFP LTO	10.5	This Work

Polyurethane (PU), lithium lanthanum zirconium oxide (LLZO), sulfurized polyacrylonitrile (SPAN), Dioxolane (DOL), graphene oxide (GO), polyethyleneoxide (PEO), lithium montmorillonite (LiMNT), polyethylene glycol (PEG), succinonitrile (SN).



- **Batteries of custom-form can enable higher practical energy density**

- In practical applications, custom-form batteries can be packed more efficiently into a given space

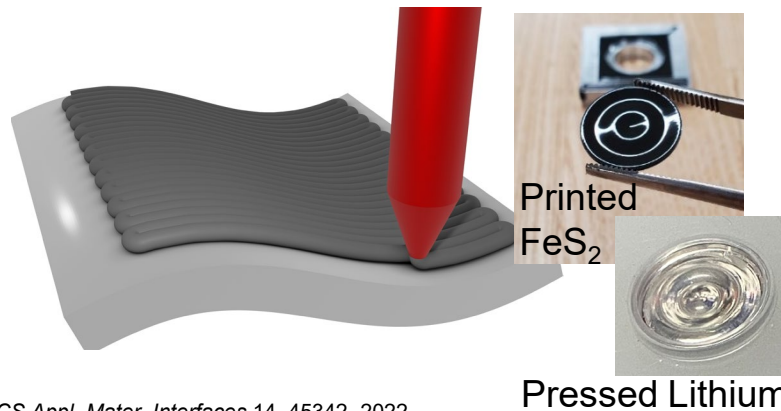


X. Yu, *et al.* "Customizable Nonplanar Printing of Lithium-Ion Batteries." *Advanced Materials Technologies* 4, 2019.

E. Macdonald, *et al.* "3D Printing for the Rapid Prototyping of Structural Electronics." *IEEE Access* 2, 2014.

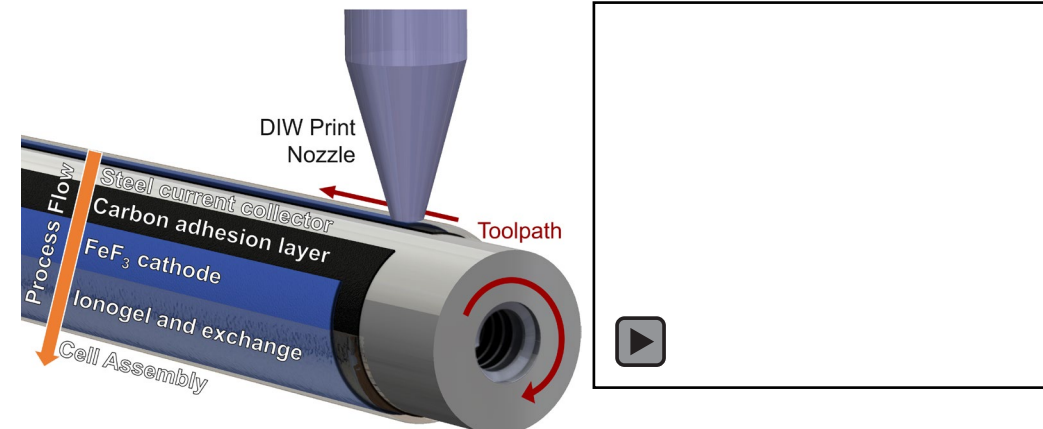
- **3-5 axis direct-write printing is a straight forward way to produce custom-form cells**

Non-planar geometries



J. Cardenas, *et al.* *ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces* 14, 45342, 2022.

Direct-write printing onto cylindrical mandrels



Modifying Ionogel Solid-Electrolytes for Complex Electrochemical Systems



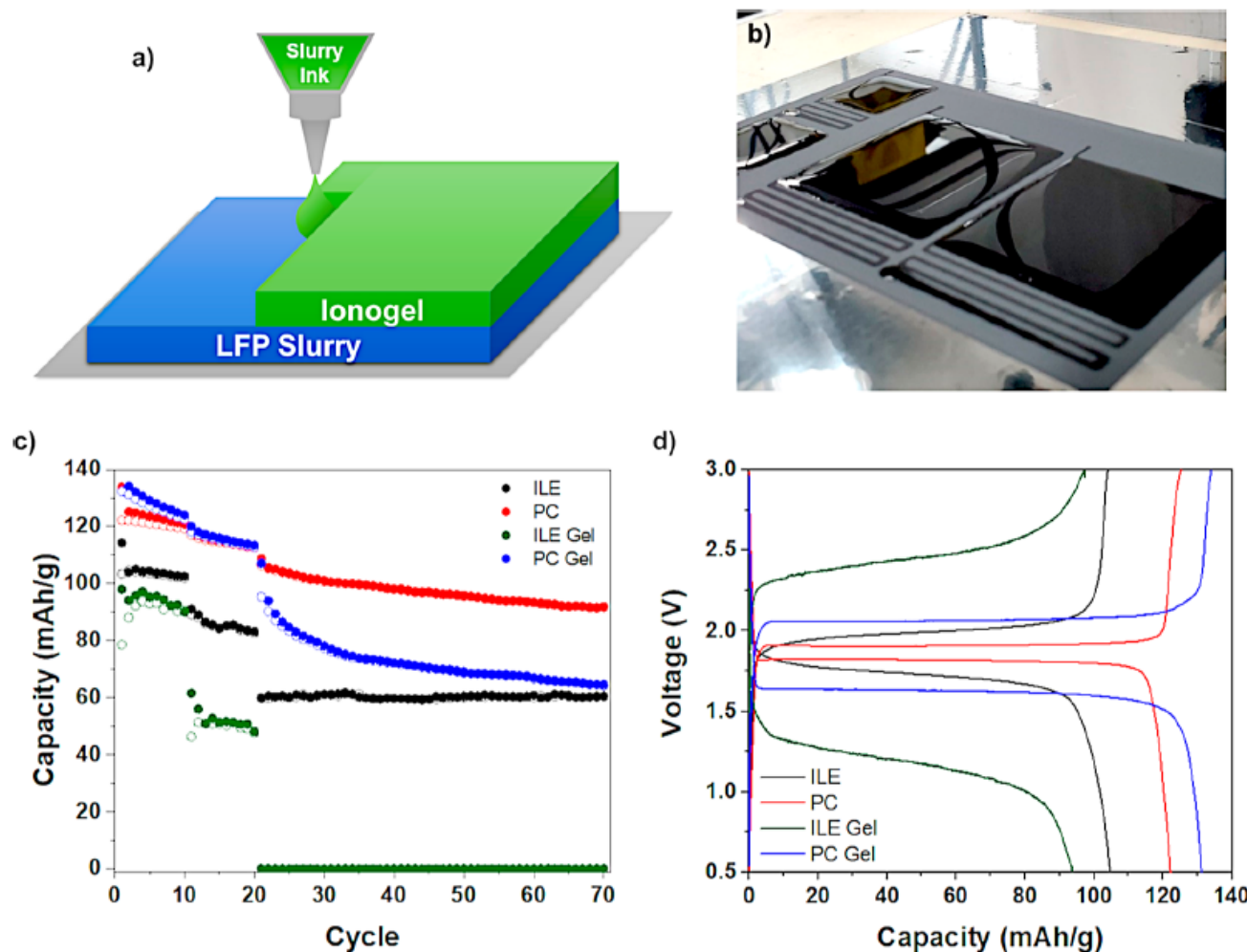
David S. Ashby,* Jorge Cardenas, Austin Suhas Bhandarkar, Adam W. Cook, and A. Alec Talin*



Cite This: *ACS Appl. Energy Mater.* 2022, 5, 12467–12474



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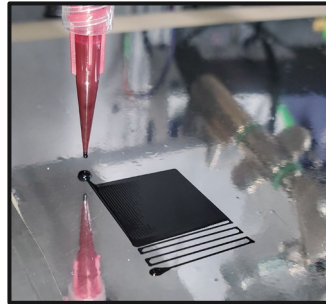
Enabling custom-form FeF_3 cells with exchanged ionogels



Glovebox blade coating

VS.

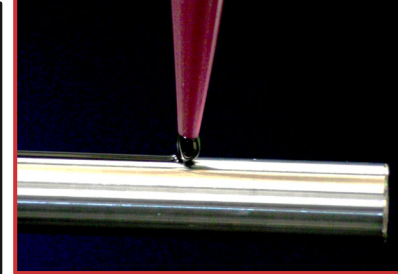
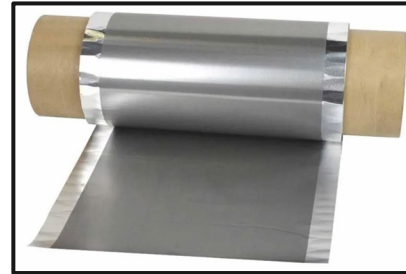
printing in air



Carbon coated Al foil

VS.

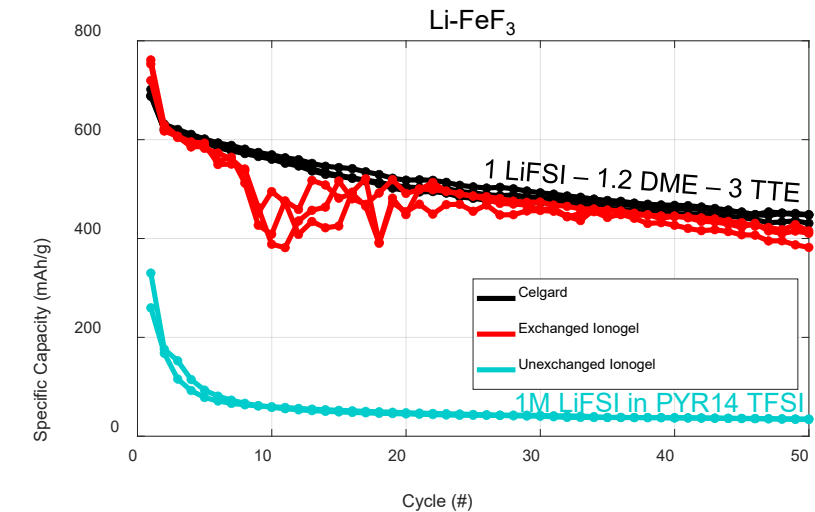
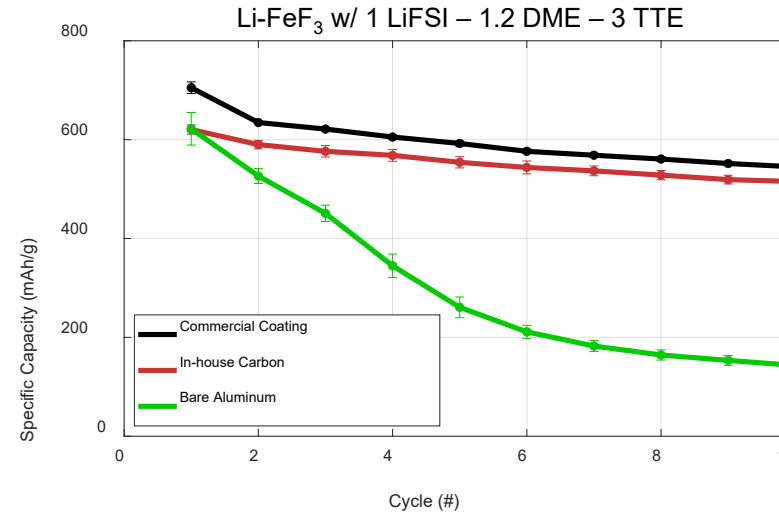
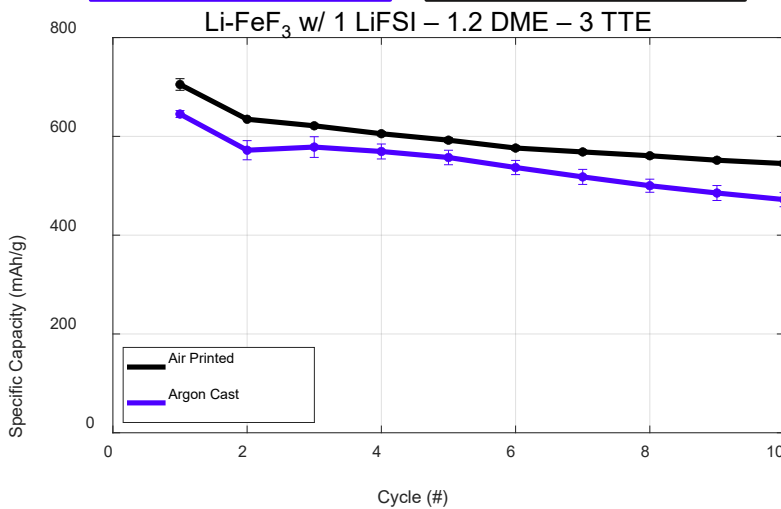
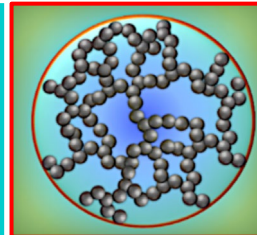
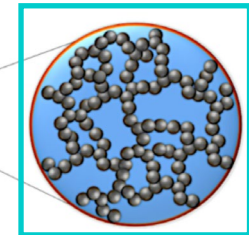
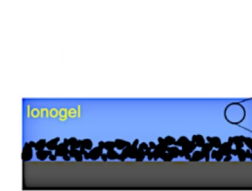
Custom carbon ink



As-printed ionogels

VS.

Exchanged ionogels



- FeF_3 compatible with air printing

- Carbon ink developed for custom-form adhesion layers

- Electrolyte exchange needed
- Soft shorts in cycle 8-20 range



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Thank You!