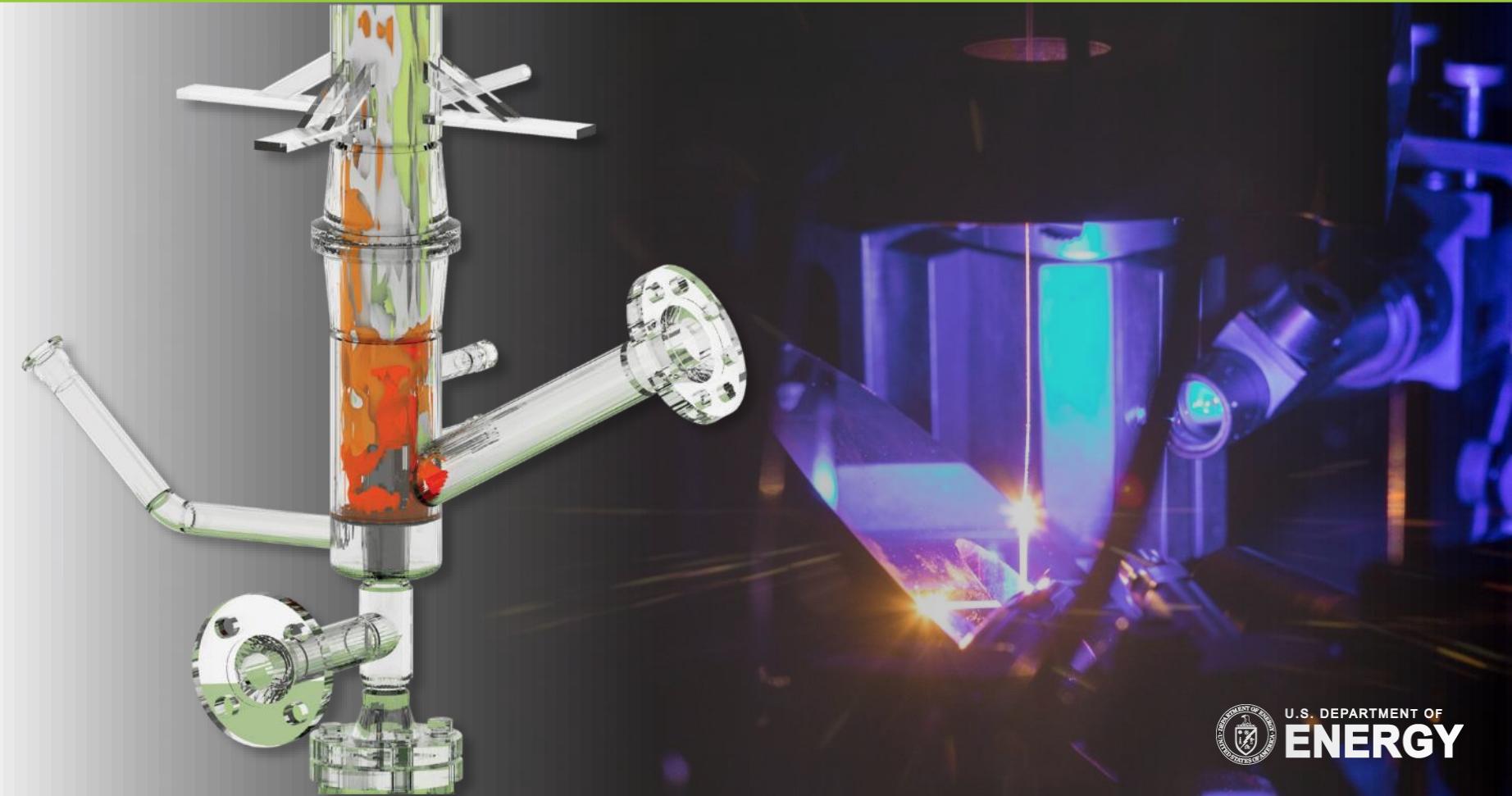


Developing an oxidation materials ontology for data-driven materials design



Madison Wenzlick
Research Engineer



Presentation to TMS 2025
March 27, 2025



Legal Disclaimer



This project was funded by the United States Department of Energy, National Energy Technology Laboratory, in part, through a site support contract. Neither the United States Government nor any agency thereof, nor any of their employees, nor the support contractor, nor any of their employees, makes any warranty, express or implied, or assumes any legal liability or responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or usefulness of any information, apparatus, product, or process disclosed, or represents that its use would not infringe privately owned rights. Reference herein to any specific commercial product, process, or service by trade name, trademark, manufacturer, or otherwise does not necessarily constitute or imply its endorsement, recommendation, or favoring by the United States Government or any agency thereof. The views and opinions of authors expressed herein do not necessarily state or reflect those of the United States Government or any agency thereof.

Authors and Affiliations



*Madison Wenzlick¹, William Trehern², Leebyn Chong^{2,3}, Michael Gao¹,
Richard Oleksak¹, Wissam Saidi²*

¹National Energy Technology Laboratory, 1450 Queen Ave SW, Albany, OR, USA 97321

²National Energy Technology Laboratory, 626 Cochran Mill Road, Pittsburgh, PA 15236

³NETL Support Contractor, 626 Cochran Mill Road, Pittsburgh, PA 15236

Materials Data Challenge



Alloy (wt%)	N	C	Mn	Cr	Mo	Ni	Si
316LNSS-7N	0.07	0.027	1.7	17.53	2.49	12.2	0.22
316LNSS-11N	0.11	0.033	1.78	17.62	2.51	12.27	0.21
316LNSS-14N	0.14	0.025	1.74	17.57	2.53	12.15	0.2
316LNSS-22N	0.22	0.028	1.7	17.57	2.54	12.36	0.2

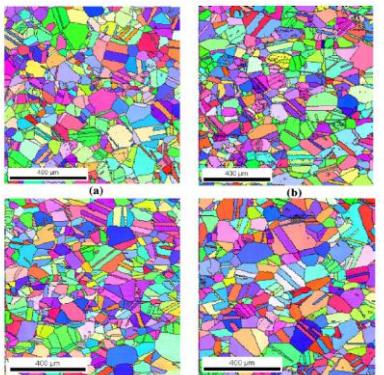


Fig. 1. Orientation imaging micrographs of solution annealed 316LN SS containing nitrogen (wt%) of (a) 0.07, (b) 0.11, (c) 0.14 and (d) 0.22. Nearly equiaxed grains and annealing twins have been observed.

RESEARCH ARTICLE

Materials data analytics for 9% Cr family steel

Vyacheslav N. Romanov, Narayanan Krishnamurthy, Amit K. Verma, Laura S. Bruckman, Roger H. French, Jennifer L.W. Carter, Jeffrey A. Hawk

First published: 15 February 2019 | <https://doi.org/10.1002/sam.11406>

U.S. Department of Energy, DE-FE0028685.

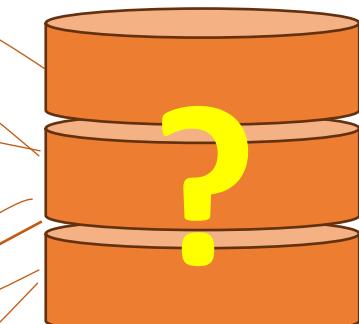
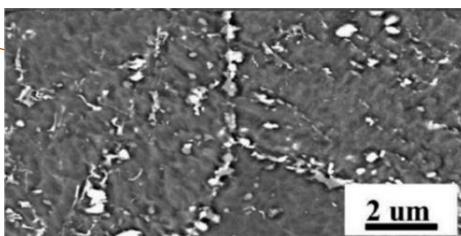
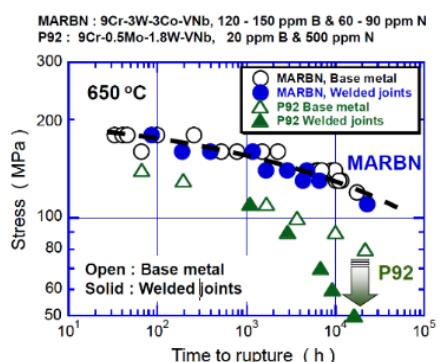
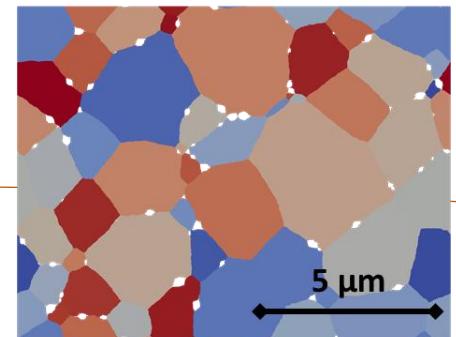
Read the full text >

PDF TOOLS SHARE

Abstract

A materials data analytics (MDA) methodology was developed in this study to evaluate publicly available information on 9% Cr family steel and to handle nonlinear relationships and the sparsity in materials data for this alloy class. The overarching goal is to accelerate the design process as well as to reduce the time and expense associated with qualification testing of new alloys for fossil energy applications. Data entries in the analyzed data set for 82 iron-base alloy compositions, several processing parameters, and results of tensile mechanical tests selected for this study were arranged in 34 columns by 915 rows. While detailed microstructural information was not available, it is assumed that the compositional space for the 9 to 12% Cr steels is limited such that all data entries have a tempered martensitic microstructure during service. Establishing a hierarchy of first-order trends in the publicly available data requires the MDA to filter out the biases. Complexity of the phase transformations and microstructure evolution in the multicomponent alloys (using 21 chemical elements) with major influence on mechanical

CT C	CS (MPa)	RT, hrs
593	310.3	1.45
593	275.8	5.5
593	275.8	6.33
593	206.8	55
593	171.7	357
593	144.8	1446
704	206.8	0.37
704	172.4	1.5
704	137.9	9.5
704	103.4	50.5
704	75.8	337
704	62.1	1227
816	103.4	0.75
816	89.6	1.87
816	68.9	12.75
816	48.06	84.3
816	36.5	331.8
816	29.0	1153



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY

Materials Data Challenge Pt. 2

Alloy (wt%)	N	C	Mn	Cr	Mo	Ni	Si
316LNSS-7N	0.07	0.027	1.7	17.53	2.49	12.2	0.22
316LNSS-11N	0.11	0.033	1.78	17.62	2.51	12.27	0.21
316LNSS-14N	0.14	0.025	1.74	17.57	2.53	12.15	0.2
316LNSS-22N	0.22	0.028	1.7	17.57	2.54	12.36	0.2

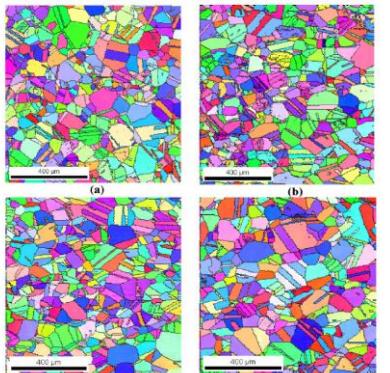
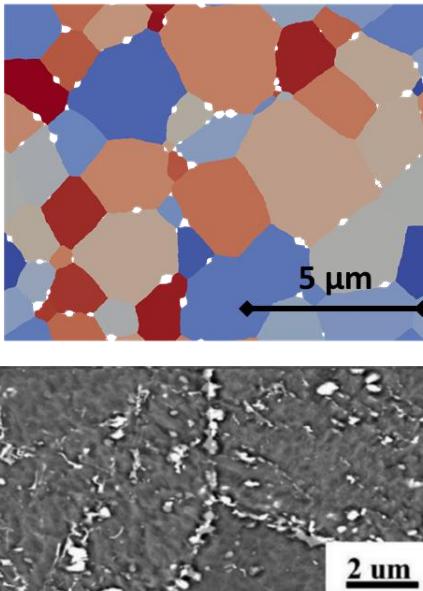


Fig. 1. Orientation imaging micrographs of solution annealed 316LN SS containing nitrogen (wt%) of (a) 0.07, (b) 0.11, (c) 0.14 and (d) 0.22%. Nearly equiaxed grains and annealing twins have been observed.

Project A

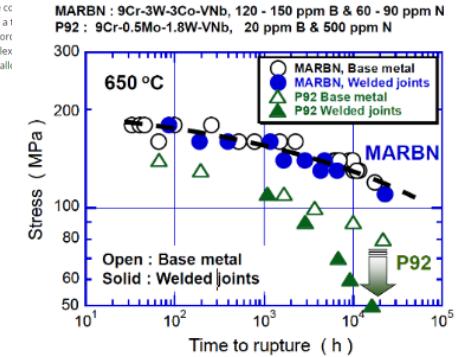
CT C	CS (MPa)	RT, hrs
593	310.3	1.45
593	275.8	5.5
593	275.8	6.33
593	206.8	55
593	171.7	357
593	144.8	1446
704	206.8	0.37
704	172.4	1.5
704	137.9	9.5
704	103.4	50.5
704	75.8	337
704	62.1	1227
816	103.4	0.75
816	89.6	1.87
816	68.9	12.75
816	48.06	84.3
816	36.5	331.8
816	29.0	1153



Project B

RESEARCH ARTICLE
Materials data analytics for 9% Cr family steel
Vyacheslav N. Bomanov, Narayanan Krishnamurthy, Amit K. Verma, Laura S. Bruckman, Roger H. French, Jennifer L.W. Carter, Jeffrey A. Hawk
First published: 15 February 2019 | <https://doi.org/10.1002/sam.11406>
U.S. Department of Energy, DE-FE0028685.
Read the full text > [PDF](#) [TOOLS](#) [SHARE](#)

Abstract
A materials data analytics (MDA) methodology was developed in this study to evaluate publicly available information on 9% Cr family steel and to handle nonlinear relationships and the sparsity in materials data for this alloy class. The overarching goal is to accelerate the design process as well as to reduce the time and expense associated with qualification testing of new alloys for fossil energy applications. Data entries in the analyzed data set for 82 iron-base alloy compositions, several processing parameters, and results of tensile mechanical tests selected for this study were arranged in 34 columns by 915 rows. While detailed microstructural information was not available, it is assumed that the data entries have a hierarchy of first-order biases. Complex multicomponent alkali



Project C

Current challenge: data is siloed across projects; different researchers use different naming conventions; data is difficult to aggregate even within one group; metadata are scattered
How to embed knowledge along with data?

Ontology-Based Data Structure and Functions

Materials Ontology for Data Standardization

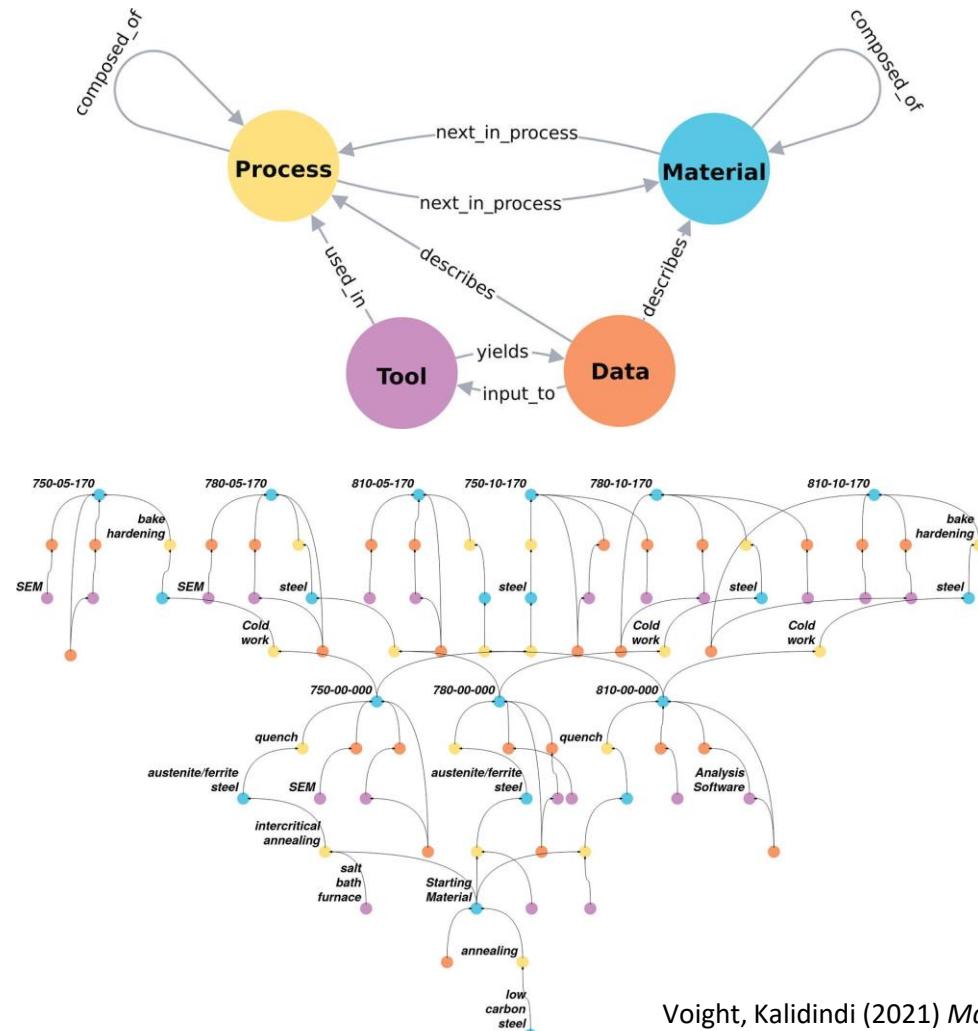
Supporting digitization & structure of collected data

1. Materials Ontology

- Standardization of naming convention for information
- Indicate hierarchy and relationships of attributes
- Capture metadata with data
- Convey derivative information
- Creating machine-interpretable digital data and human interpretable features

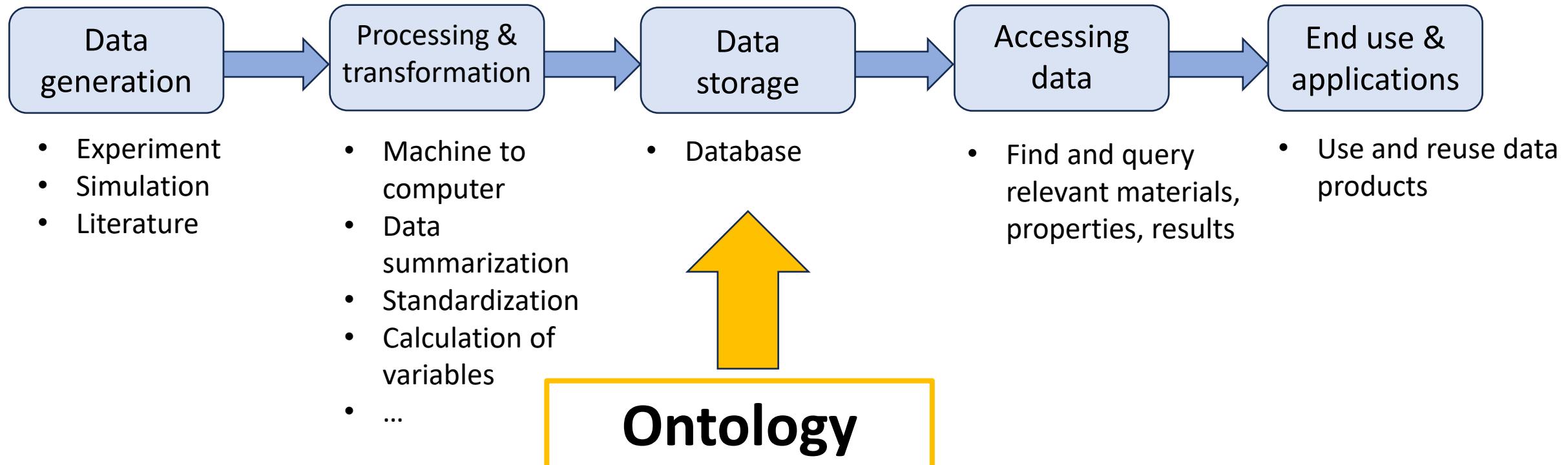
2. Data Management Framework

- Apply graph-based data structure to relevant datasets
- Explore digital connections between data generation, storage & use
- Explore necessary data management techniques to optimize management of complex materials data



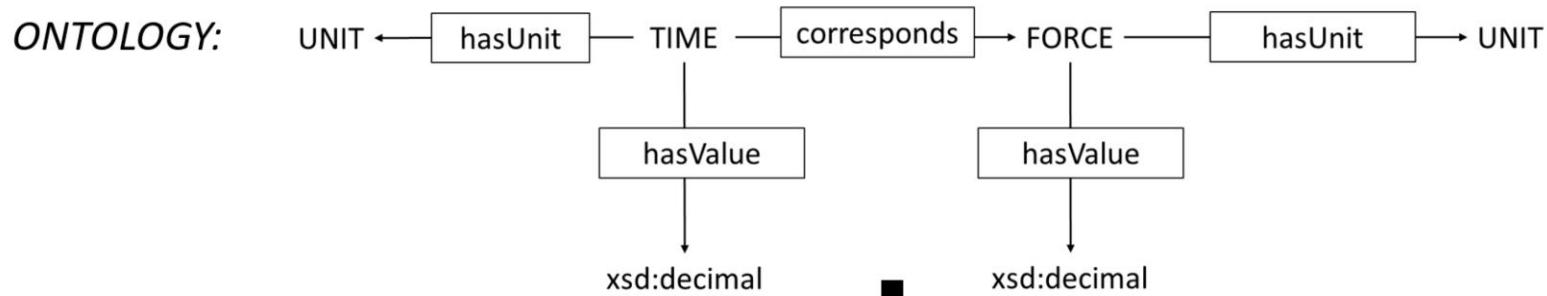
Voight, Kalidindi (2021) *Mat. Lett.*

Role of an ontology in a data workflow



How an Ontology Relates to Data

KNOWLEDGE MODEL



DATA

RAW DATA:

Time	Force
seconds	Newton
0.01	10.32
0.02	11.65
0.03	13.21
0.04	18.02
0.05	25.33

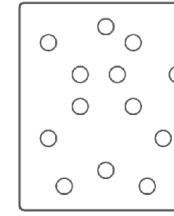


TRIPLE STORE:

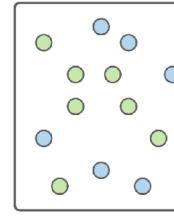
Subject	property	Object
Time1	instanceOf	Time
Time2	instanceOf	Time
Time3	instanceOf	Time
Time4	instanceOf	Time
Time5	instanceOf	Time
Force1	instanceOf	Force
Force2	instanceOf	Force
Force3	instanceOf	Force
Force4	instanceOf	Force
Force5	instanceOf	Force

Subject	property	Object
Time1	corresponds	Force1
Time2	corresponds	Force2
Time3	corresponds	Force3
Time4	corresponds	Force4
Time5	corresponds	Force5
Time1	hasValue	0.01
Time2	hasValue	0.02
Time3	hasValue	0.03
Time4	hasValue	0.04
Time5	hasValue	0.05

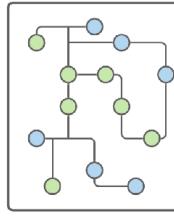
Subject	property	Object
Force1	hasValue	10.32
Force2	hasValue	11.65
Force3	hasValue	13.21
Force4	hasValue	18.02
Force5	hasValue	25.33
Time	hasUnit	seconds
Force	hasUnit	Newton



Data



Information



Knowledge

Voight, Kalidindi (2021) *Mat. Lett. c*

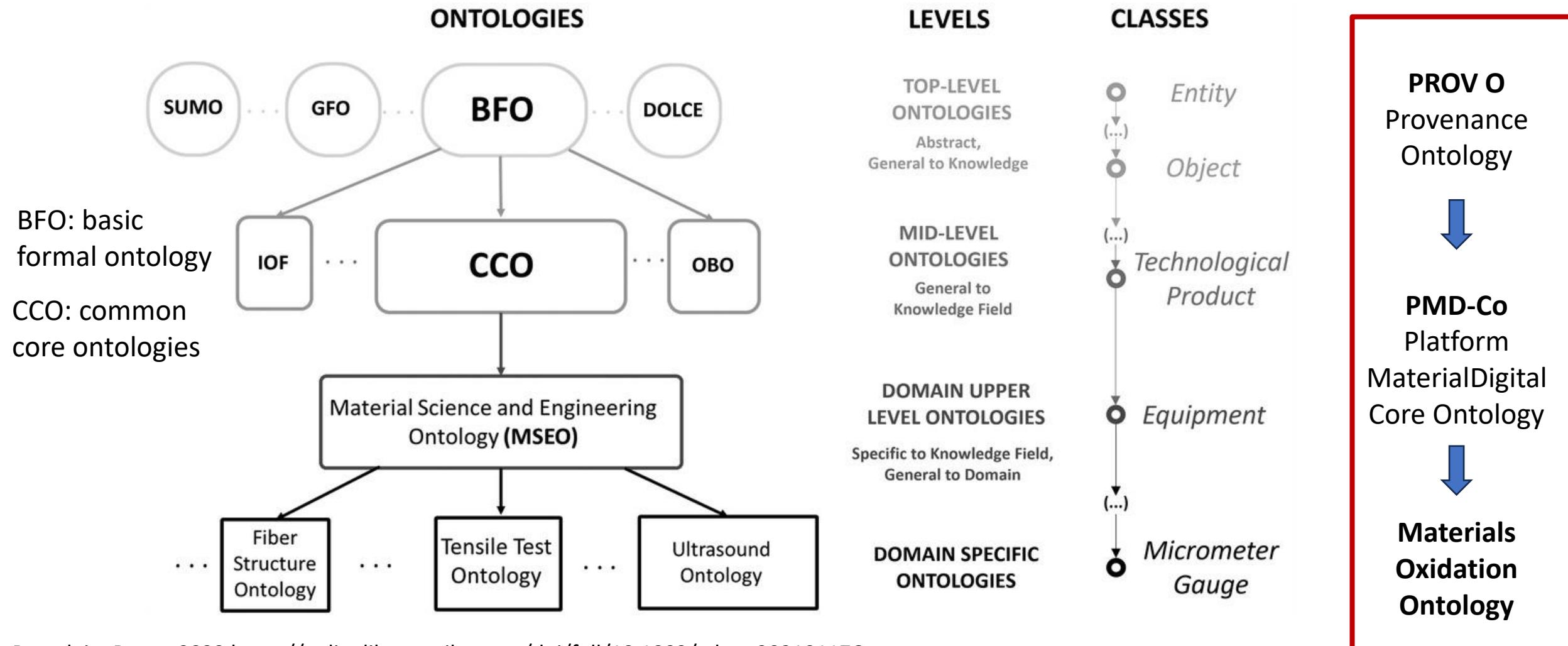
<https://www.mdpi.com/2072-4292/13/12/2426>



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY

Integration with Established Ontologies

Beyerlein, B et al. 2022



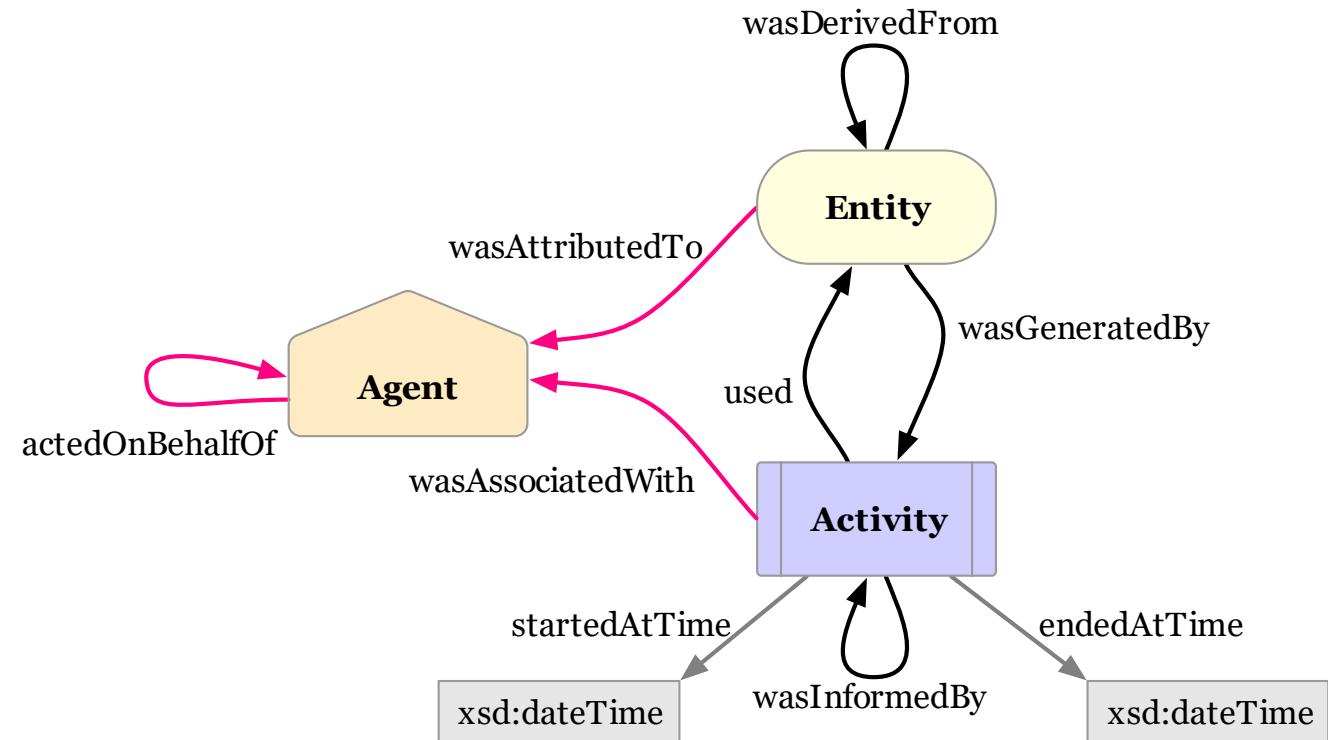
Beyerlein, B et al. 2022 <https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/full/10.1002/adem.202101176>

PROV-O Logic Structure

Provenance Ontology



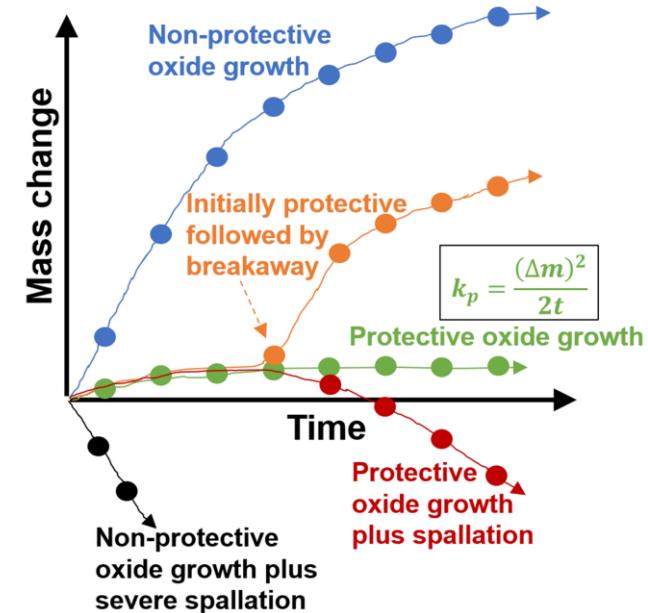
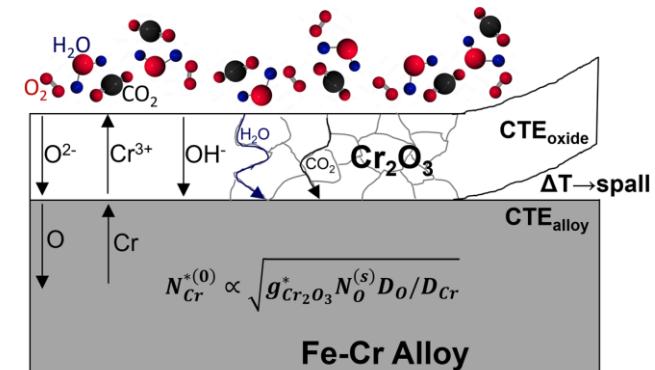
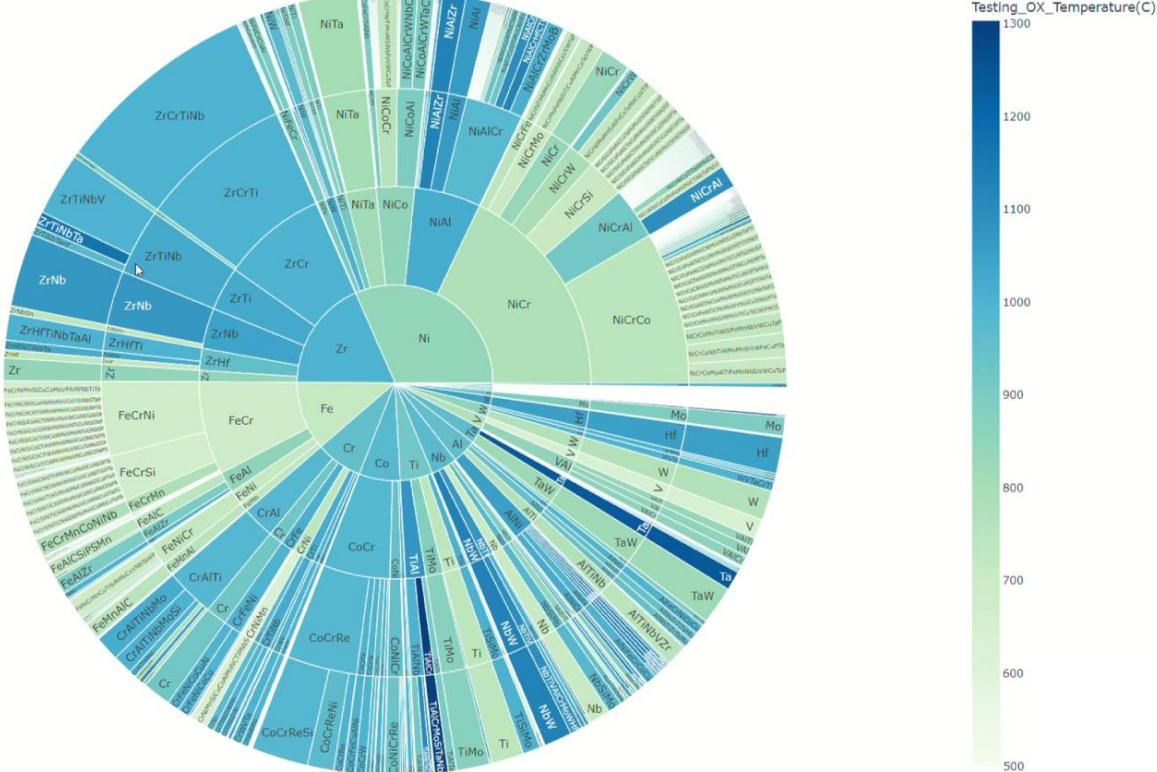
- Agent – Activity – Entity
- Procedure focused
- Easily capture complex processing steps, testing steps



<https://www.w3.org/TR/prov-o/>

Data Collected: Alloy Oxidation

- ~40,000 data points
 - 7,000 from NREL in-house testing
 - 33,000 from literature
- Variety of testing environments: air, Ar, CO₂
- Responses include mass gain and k_p



Oxidation Database Details: Example Attributes



Composition

Element nickel (Ni)
Element chromium (Cr)
Element cobalt (Co)
Element molybdenum (Mo)
Element titanium (Ti)
Element aluminum (Al)
Element iron (Fe)
Element manganese (Mn)
Element silicon (Si)
Element carbon (C)
Element boron (B)
Element phosphorous (P)
Element copper (Cu)
Element tungsten (W)
Element nitrogen (N)
Element niobium (Nb)
Element vanadium (V)
Element sulfur (S)
Element yttrium (Y)
Element zirconium (Zr)
...
Element tantalum (Ta)
Element lanthanum (La)
Element platinum (Pt)
Element rhenium (Re)
Element tin (Sn)

Composition - Oxides

Oxide TiO₂
Oxide Cr₂O₃
Oxide Al₂O₃
Oxide Gd₂O₃
Oxide La₂O₃
Oxide ZrO₂
Oxide SiO₂
Oxide Ta₂O₅
Oxide Eu₂O₃
Oxide Yb₂O₃
Oxide Dy₂O₃
Oxide Lu₂O₃
Oxide Er₂O₃
Oxide Ho₂O₃
Oxide Tb₂O₃
Oxide CeO₂
Oxide Sm₂O₃
Oxide Y₂O₃
Oxide MgO

Test Conditions & Environment

Temperature (°C)
1000/T(K)
Atmosphere name
Pressure (atm)
O₂ (%)
N₂ (%)
H₂O (%)
H₂ (%)
CO₂ (%)
CO (%)
Ar (%)
SO₂ (%)
Total exposure time (h)
Number of thermal cycles

Alloy Information

Surface finish (last polishing step performed)
Grain size if reported
List of processing steps delimited
List of test procedure delimited
Vacuum induction melting
Vacuum arc melting
Shape of sample for testing

Test Attributes

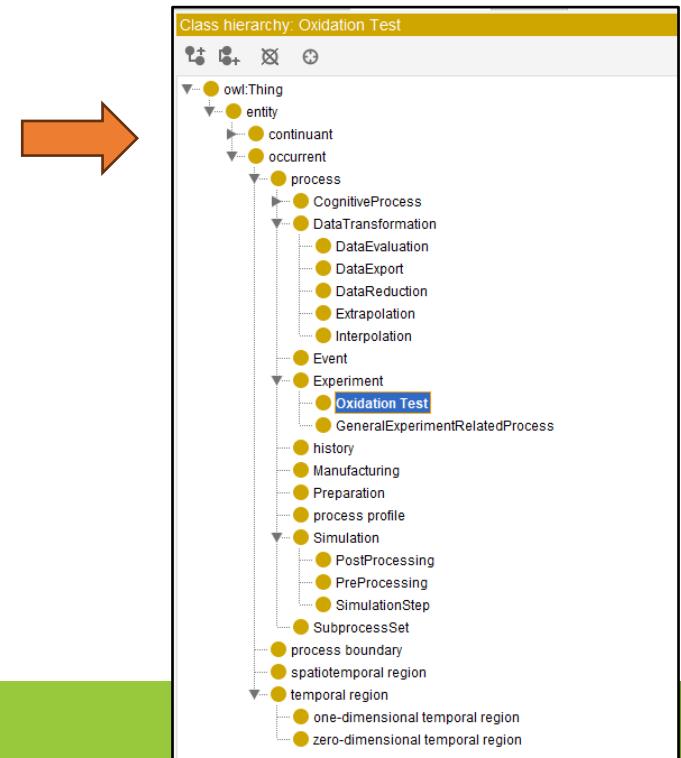
Disintegration of sample time (refractories)
Thickness of oxide
Time before protective oxide layer formed
Types of oxides formed
Phases in alloy
Mass change at end of exposure (mg/cm²)
Parabolic check (Y/N)
kp unit
kp
kp (g²/cm⁴/s)
kp reported or calculated?
R2 if kp calculated
Comments



First steps

Hierarchy of Attributes					
Attribute Type	Attribute Subtype	Attribute	Units	Definition	
Metadata	ID	Unnamed: 0		Data Entry ID	
Metadata	Source Information	Information_Source		Where the data came from (internal NETL, WVU, external database, etc)	
Metadata	Source Information	Information_DOI		DOI of literature source	
Metadata	Source Information	Information_1st author last name		1st author name of data source	
Metadata	Source Information	Information_year		Year the data was created/published	
Material Type					
Composition	Elements	Composition_alloy name		Industry standard name or just composition	
Composition	Elements	Composition_C_Ni		Element: Nickel	
Composition	Elements	Composition_C_Co			
Composition	Elements	Composition_C_Fe			
Composition	Elements	Composition_C_Cr			
Composition	Elements	Composition_C_Al			
Composition	Elements	Composition_C_Ti			
Composition	Elements	Composition_C_Si			
Composition	Elements	Composition_C_Mn			
Composition	Elements	Composition_C_W			
Composition	Elements	Composition_C_Nb			
Composition	Elements	Composition_C_Mo			
Composition	Elements	Composition_C_Ta			
Composition	Elements	Composition_C_P			
Composition	Elements	Composition_C_Cu			
Composition	Elements	Composition_C_V			
Composition	Oxides	Composition_O_TiO2		Titanium Oxide contribution to composition	
Composition	Oxides	Composition_O_Cr2O3			
Composition	Oxides	Composition_O_Al2O3			
Composition	Composition Methods	Composition_MEASUREMENT			
Composition	Composition Methods	Composition_Formula_ID			
Processing	Mechanical Processing	Processing_SF		How was the composition measured	
Processing	Mechanical Processing	Processing_grain		wt% or at%	
Processing	Mechanical Processing	Processing_PROCESSING		Surface finish (last polishing step performed)	
Processing	Mechanical Processing	Processing_TEST PARAMETERS		Grain size if reported	
Processing	Mechanical Processing	Processing_VIM		List of processing steps delimited	
Processing	Mechanical Processing	Processing_VAM		List of test procedure delimited	
Processing	Sample Parameters	Processing_rect		Vacuum induction melting (will be compiled in "synthesis" column later)	
Processing	Sample Parameters	Processing_circ		Vacuum arc melting (same as above, will compile later)	
Processing	Sample Parameters	Processing_shape		To be compiled into "sample shape"	
Processing	Sample Parameters	Processing_length		To be compiled into "sample shape"	
Processing				Shape of sample for testing	
Processing				dimensions of tested sample	

- Create legend for Oxidation data, including attribute names, units, and definitions
- Assign to types and subtypes as a part of the attribute hierarchy in the ontology



Ontology Structure

Framework of logic for defining information



Classes

- Activity
 - Process
 - Measuring process
- Agent
 - Organization
 - Data Source
- Entity
 - Object
 - Value Object
 - Atmosphere
 - Cooling Method
 - Cycle Number
 - Mass Change
 - ...

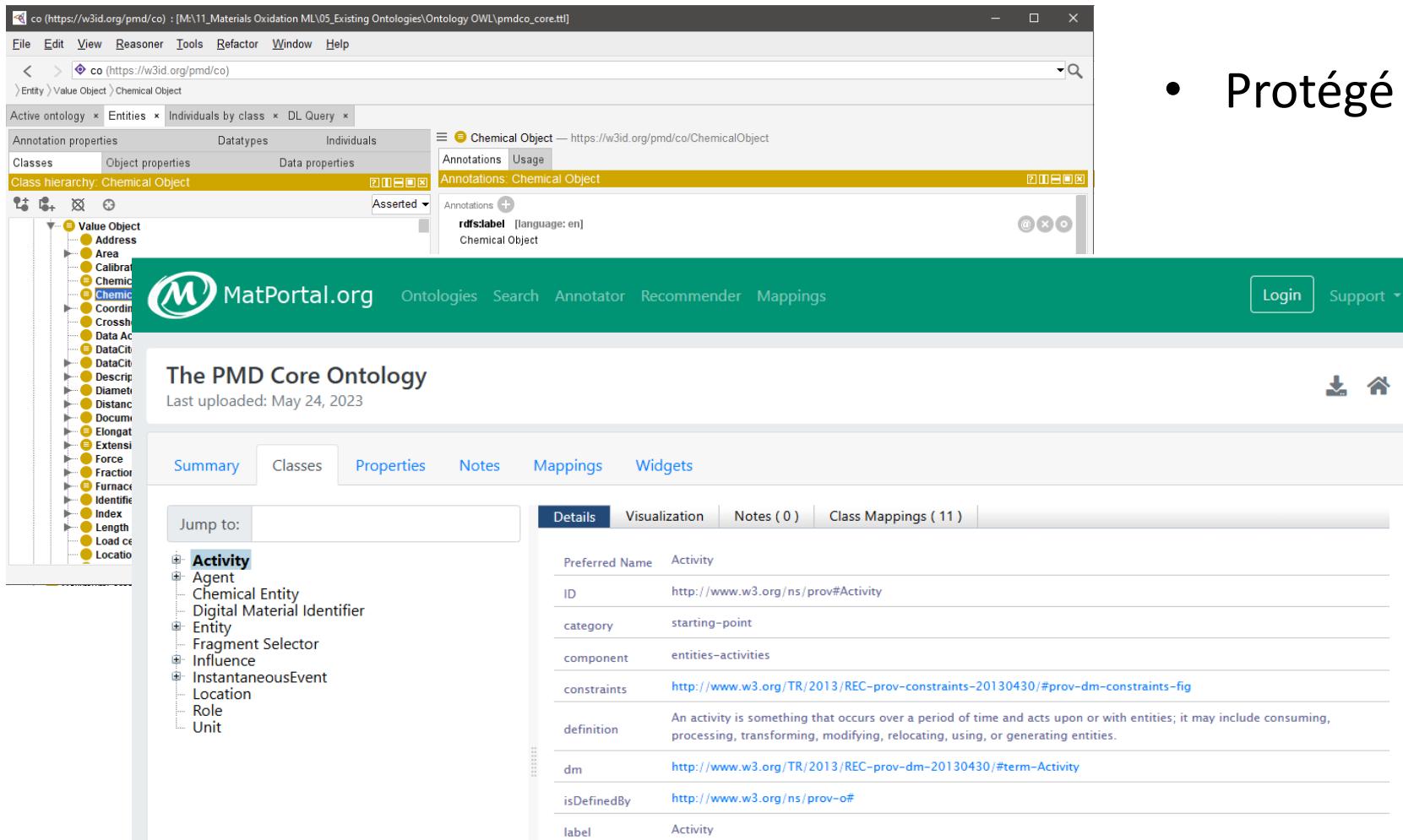
Object Properties

- hasSampleMaterial
 - hasAlloyName
- hasIdentifier
- Participant of
 - Input of
 - Output of
- Process
- Previous Process
- Next Process
- ...

Data Properties

- Data quality
- Composition values
- Testing results
- **Experiment** is basis of data structure
- Many logical decisions needed when creating the ontology
- Importance of **domain knowledge** in ontology

Ontology Creation Tools

A screenshot showing two ontology management interfaces. The top part is a screenshot of the Protégé ontology editor. The main window shows a class hierarchy with 'Chemical Object' selected. The 'Annotations' tab is active, showing an annotation for 'rdfs:label' with the value 'Chemical Object'. The bottom part is a screenshot of the MatPortal.org website, specifically the 'The PMD Core Ontology' page. It shows a summary of the ontology, including the last upload date (May 24, 2023), and a detailed view of the 'Activity' class. The 'Details' tab is selected, showing properties like 'Preferred Name' (Activity), 'ID' (http://www.w3.org/ns/prov#Activity), 'category' (starting-point), 'component' (entities-activities), 'constraints' (http://www.w3.org/TR/2013/REC-prov-constraints-20130430#prov-dm-constraints-fig), 'definition' (An activity is something that occurs over a period of time and acts upon or with entities; it may include consuming, processing, transforming, modifying, relocating, using, or generating entities), 'dm' (http://www.w3.org/TR/2013/REC-prov-dm-20130430#term-Activity), 'isDefinedBy' (http://www.w3.org/ns/prov-o#), and 'label' (Activity).

- Protégé

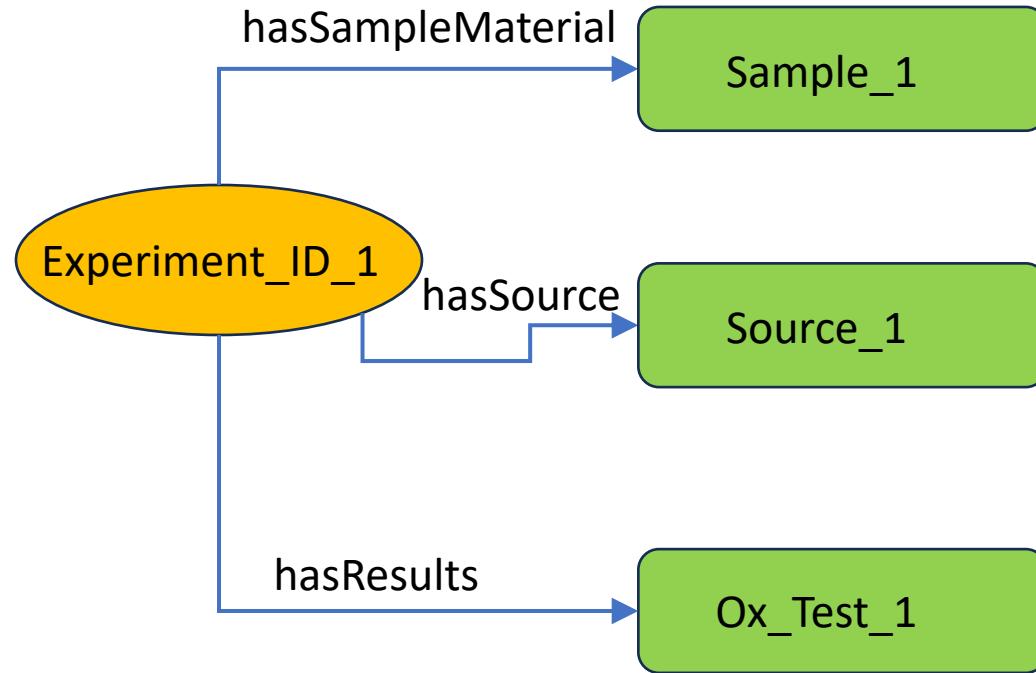
- MatPortal.org

- Python libraries
 - RDFlib
 - Owlready2

Representing Testing Data in the Ontology



Adding individuals



Individuals

Ontology

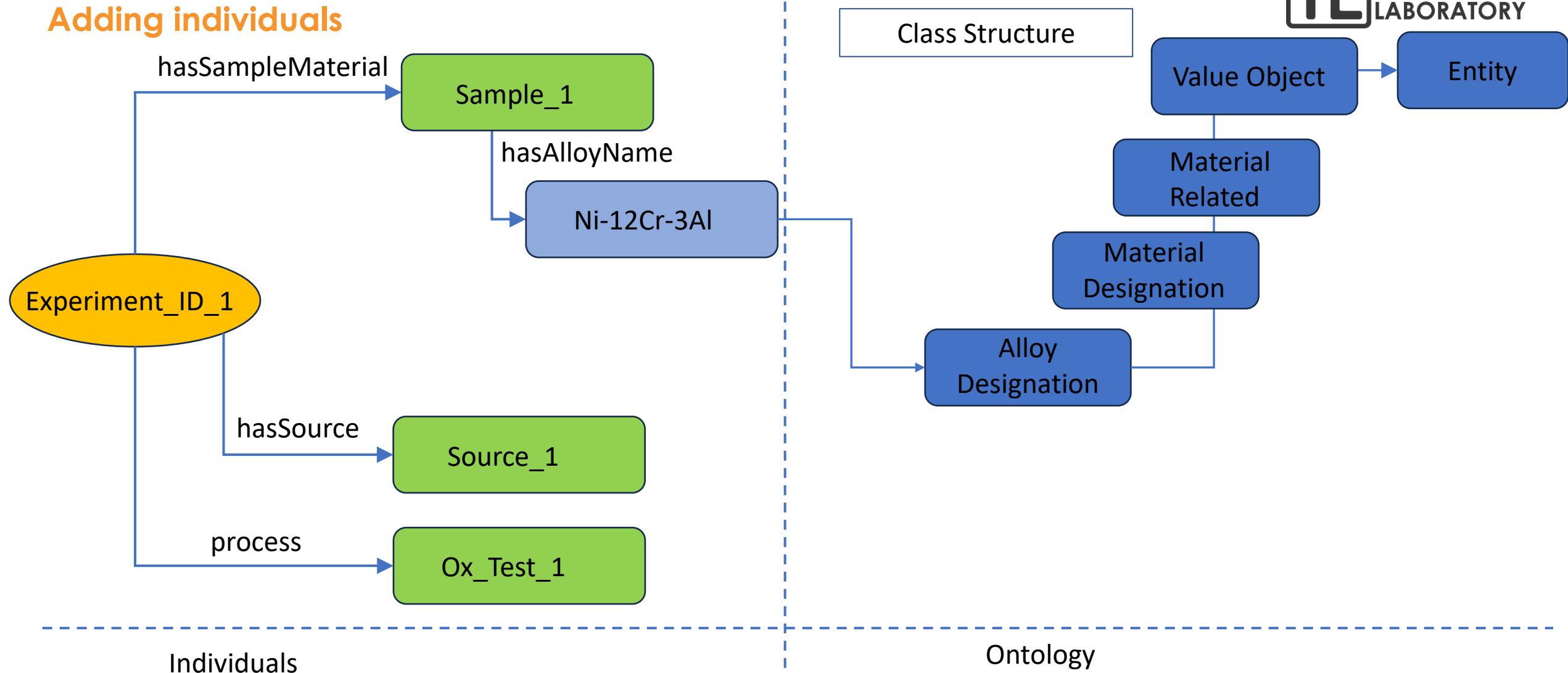


U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY

Representing Testing Data in the Ontology



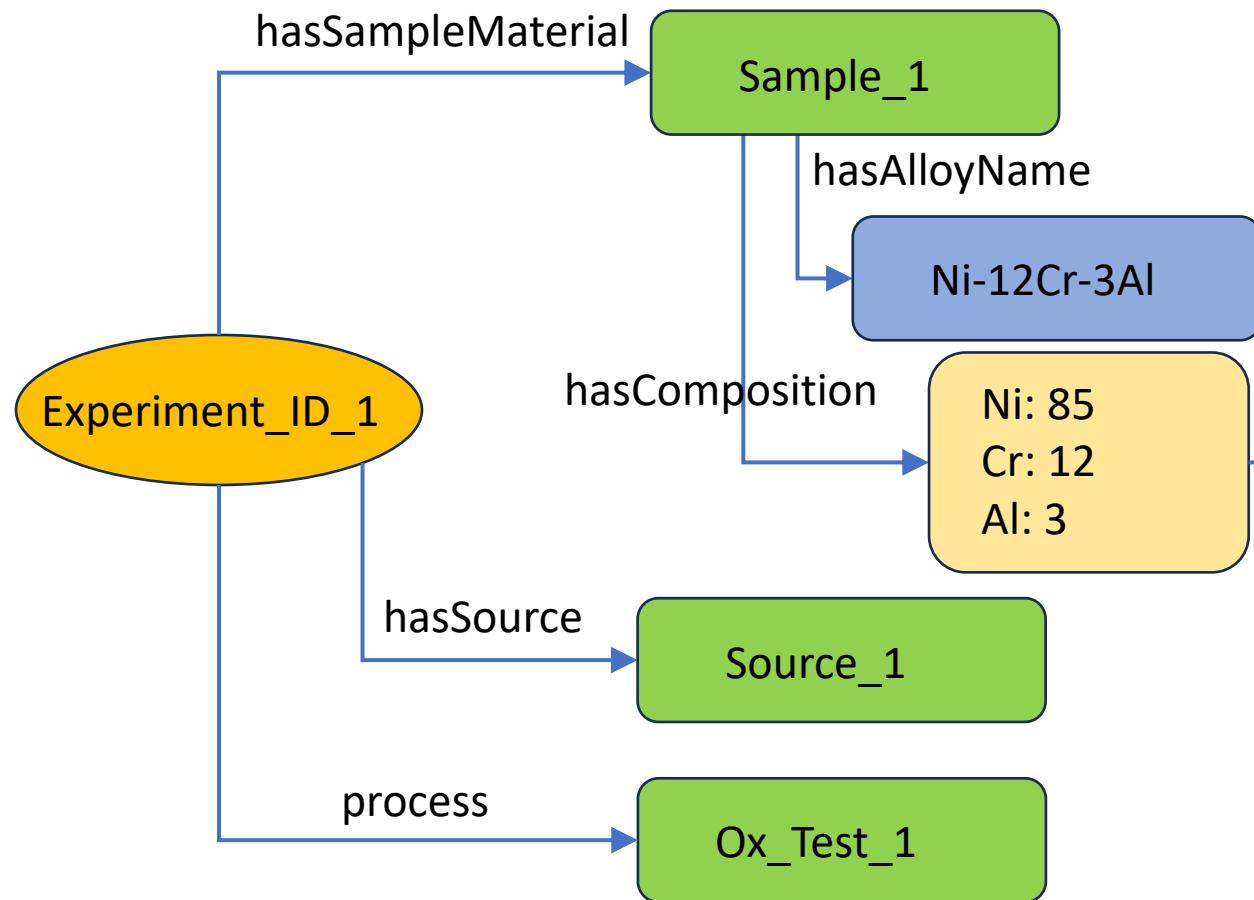
Adding individuals



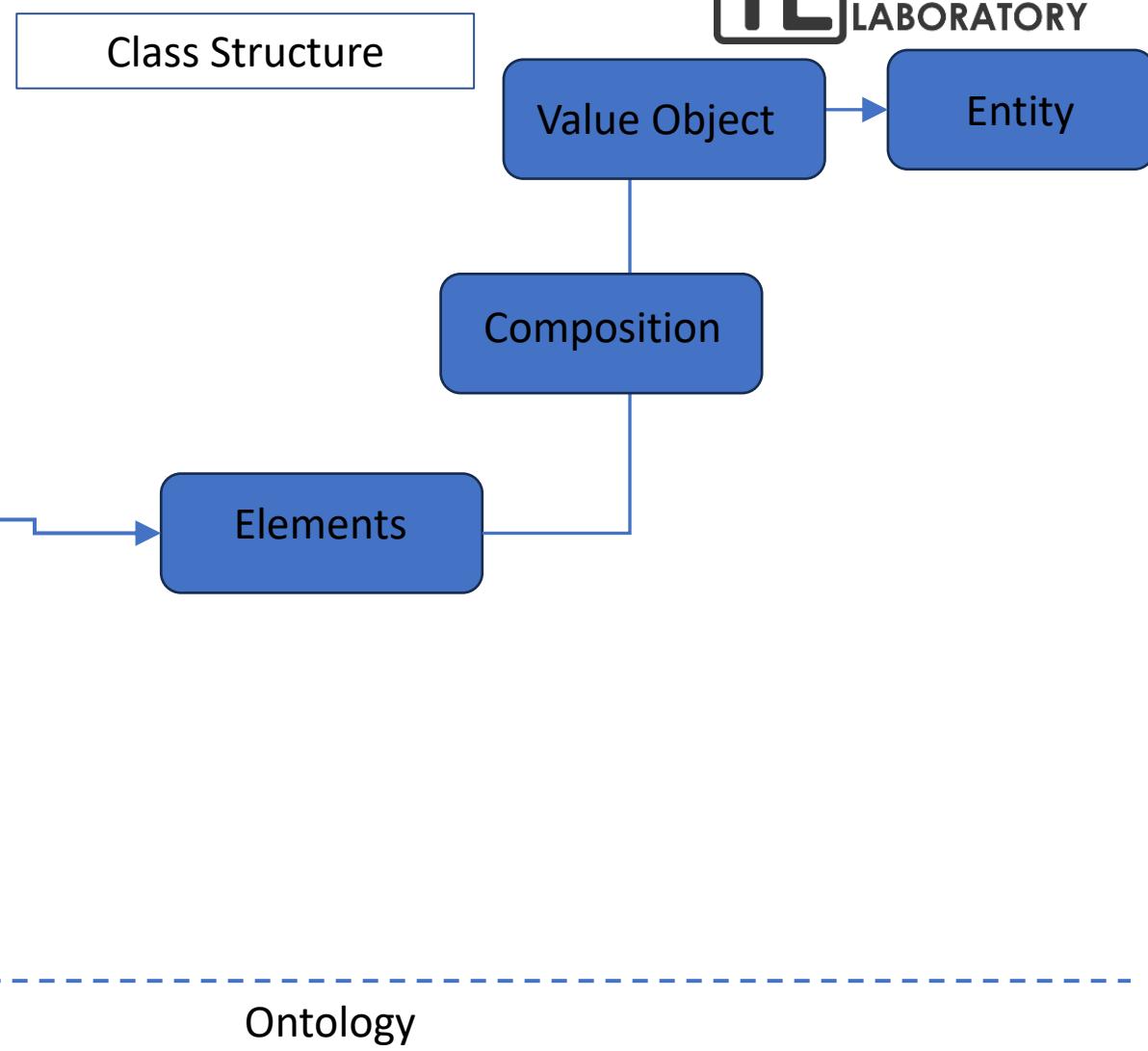
Representing Testing Data in the Ontology



Adding individuals



Class Structure



Individuals

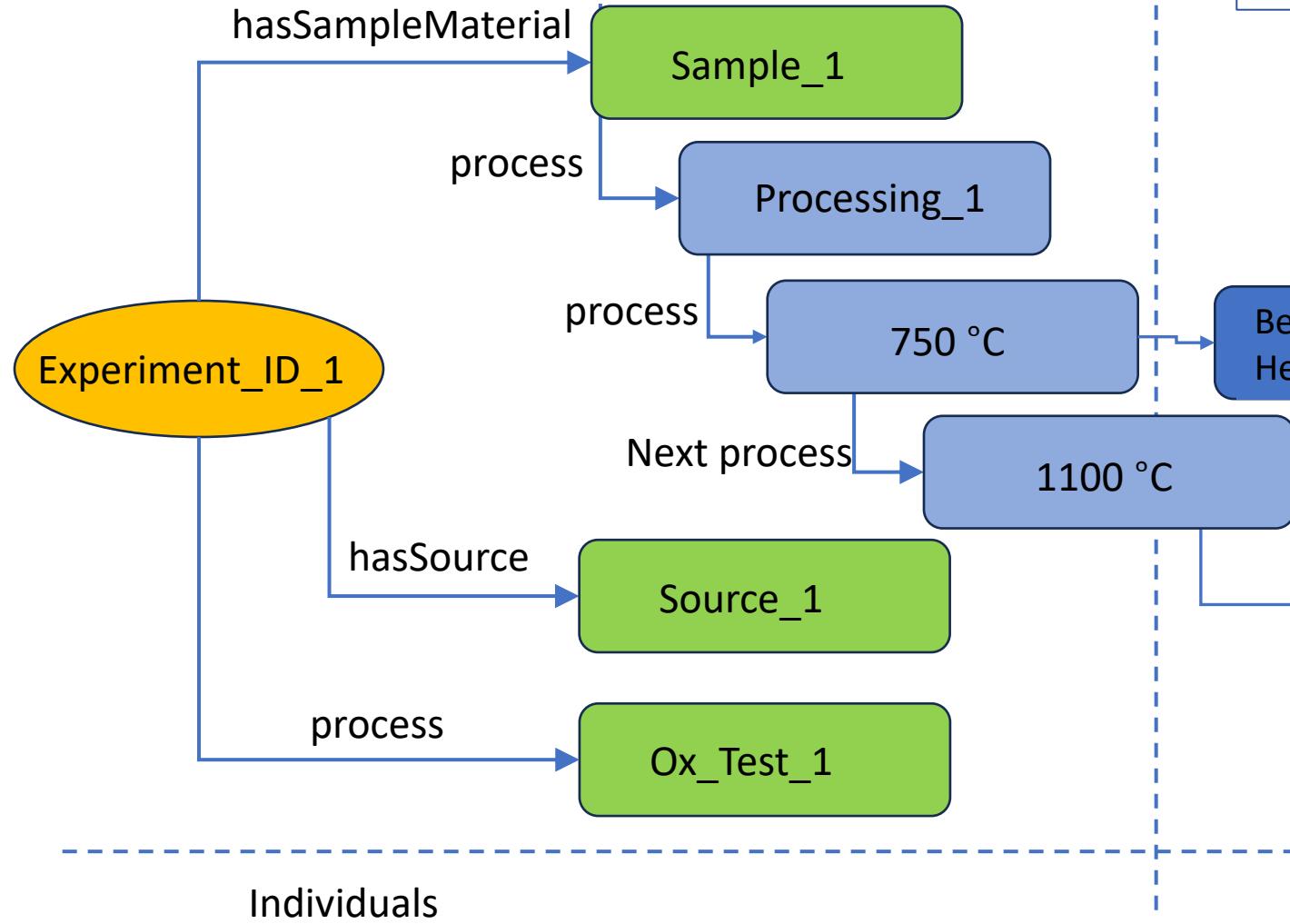
Ontology



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY

Representing Testing Data in the Ontology

Adding individuals



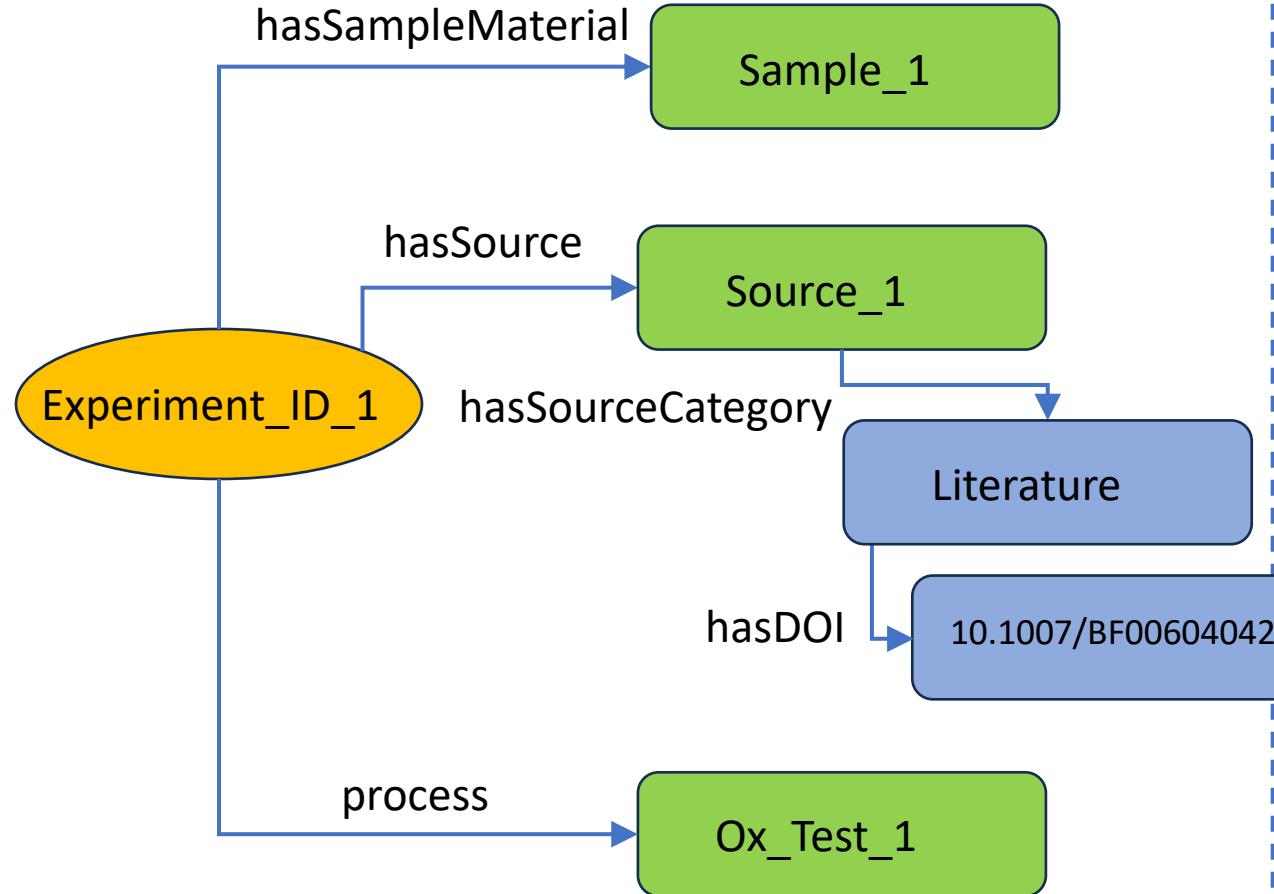
Individuals

Ontology

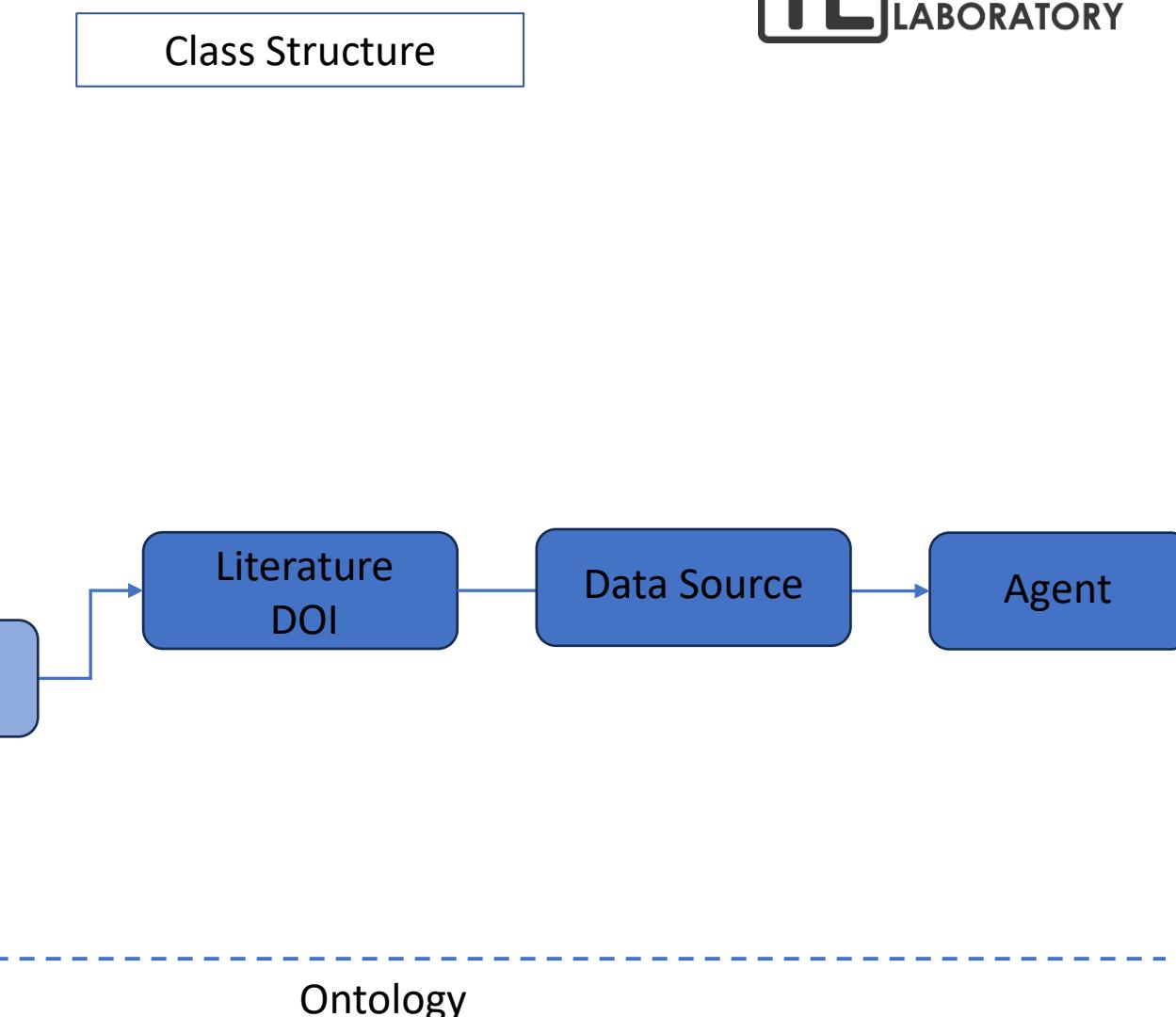
Representing Testing Data in the Ontology



Adding individuals



Class Structure



Individuals

Ontology

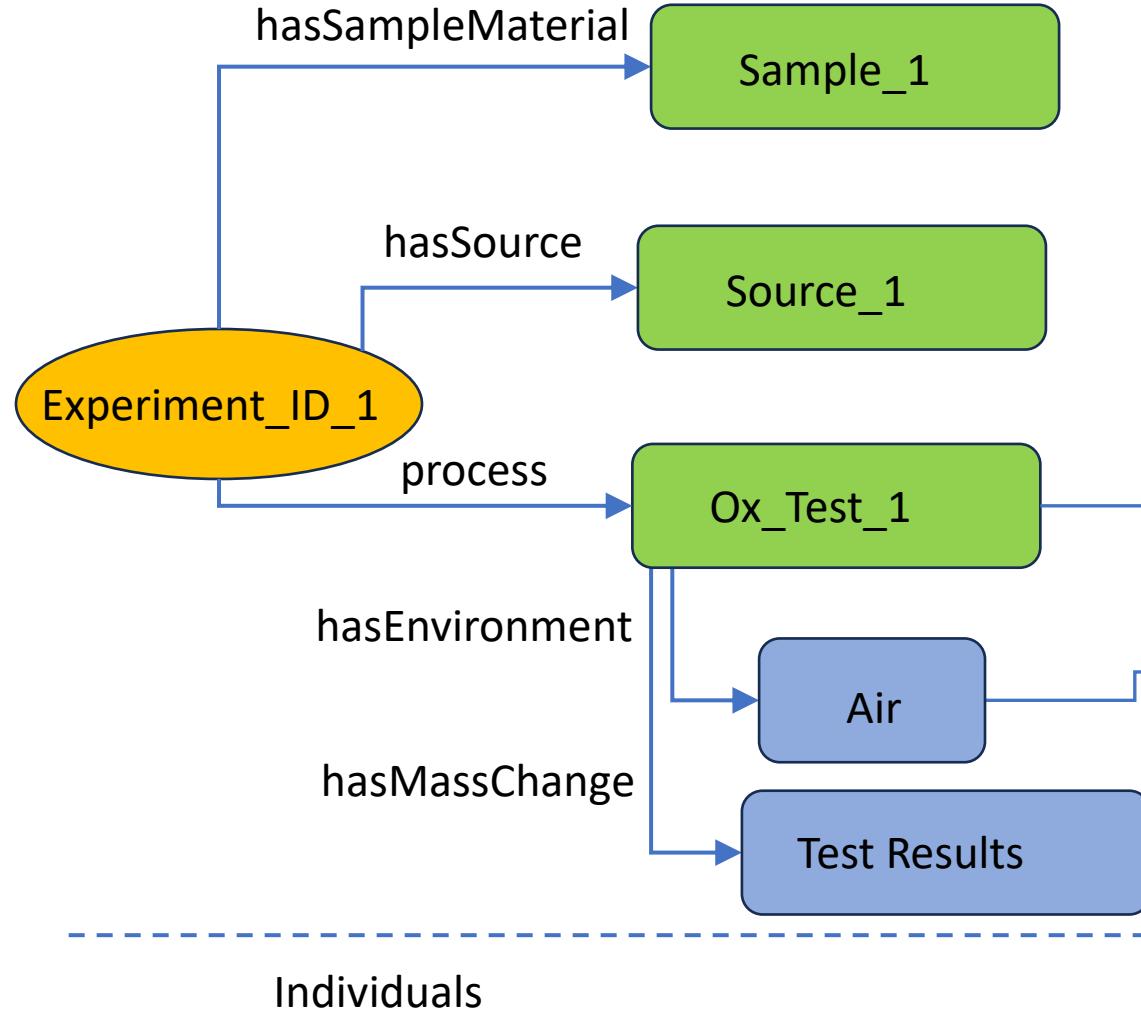


U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY

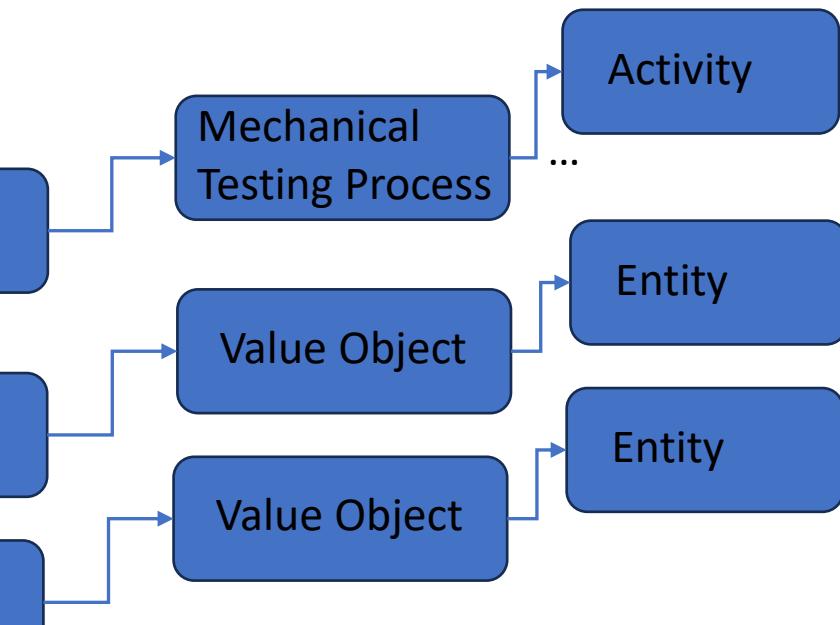
Representing Testing Data in the Ontology



Adding individuals



Class Structure



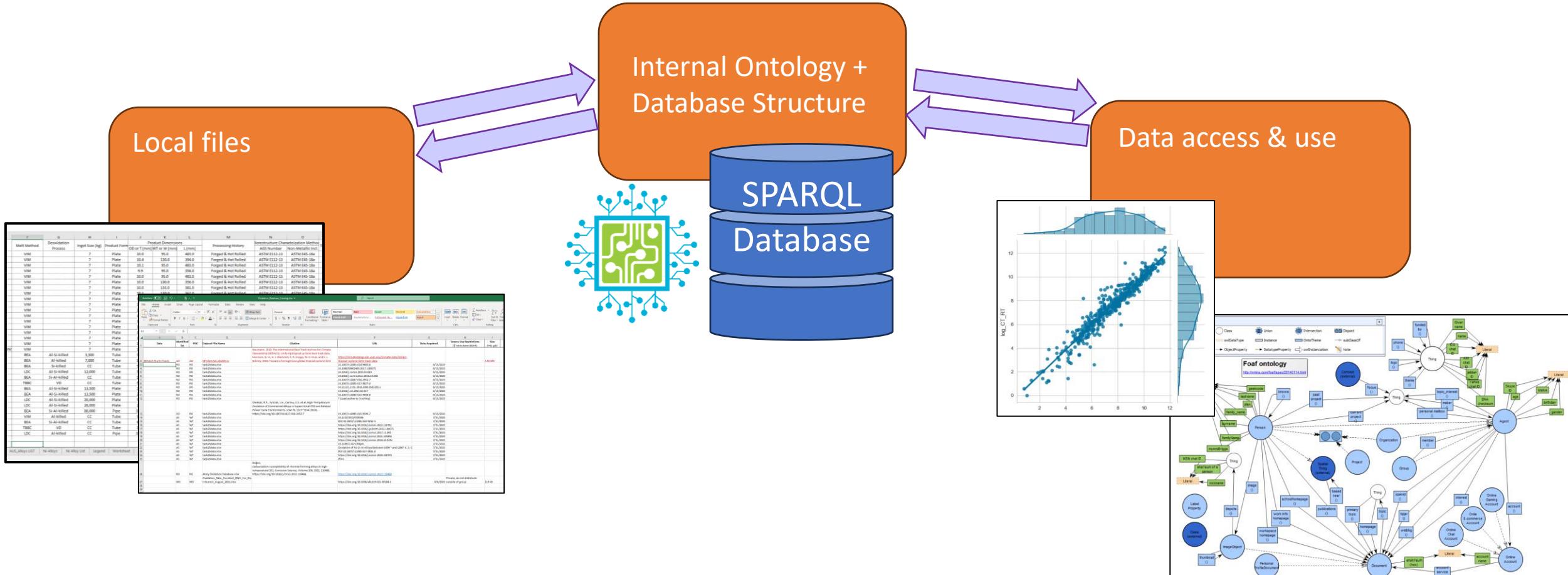
Individuals

Ontology



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY

Leveraging the Ontology for Data Management



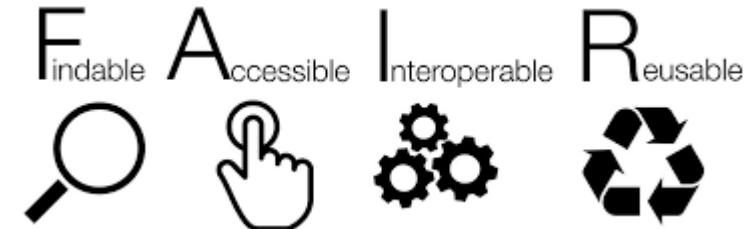
Benefits – Leveraging a Standard Materials Data Framework



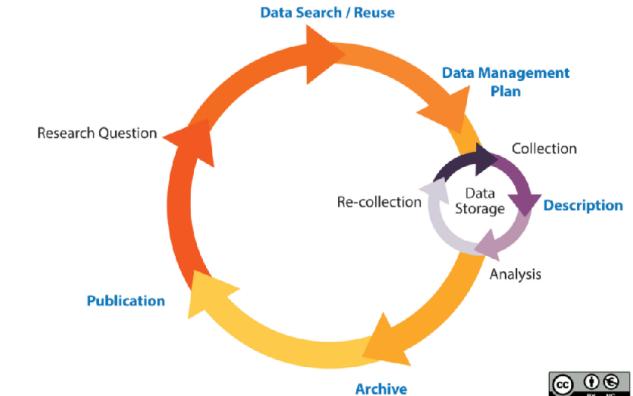
Developing an ontology to underpin data management strategy

- Supports consistency across teams, projects, & work into the future
- Improvement in data reuse and knowledge retention
- Improved digitization to support data science & machine learning

- First step is to work towards standardizing the language used to identify the attributes; build in metadata
- Provides the basis for understanding the information and building connections between datasets



The Research Data Management Lifecycle



[Research data and FAIR - Research data management -](#)
[All guides at RMIT University \(libguides.com\)](#)

Conclusion



- ✓ Generated a materials data ontology for alloy oxidation data
 - ✓ Building from existing domain upper-level ontology
- ✓ Captures complexity of attributes, relationships and metadata; standardized and structured for processes
 - ✓ Able to integrate with existing ontologies
- ✓ Capturing domain knowledge and machine-readable information for ensuring knowledge transfer, supporting advanced analytics
- ✓ Supporting standardization and reuse of data in research

NETL RESOURCES

VISIT US AT: www.NETL.DOE.gov

 @NETL_DOE

 @NETL_DOE

 @NationalEnergyTechnologyLaboratory

Madison Wenzlick, Madison.Wenzlick@netl.doe.gov

Wissam Saidi, Wissam.Saidi@netl.doe.gov

William Trehern, William.Trehern@netl.doe.gov

