



# Quantum Sensing and Timing Technologies

Dan Thrasher, PhD (dathras@sandia.gov)

## Optical Magnetometers

Advantages compared to classical magnetometers:

- Sensitivity:  $\sim \text{fT}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
- Accuracy:  $< 1 \text{ nT}$
- Common mode rejection  $> 2000$
- improved rejection of vehicle magnetic signature

### RF magnetometer

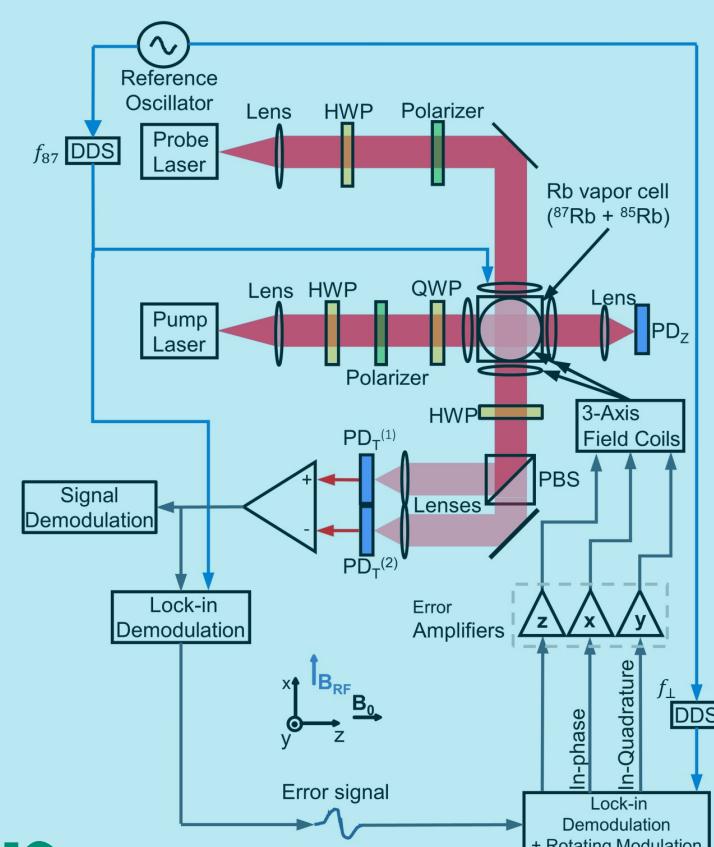
Physics Package : 600 cc, 2.5 W

Sensing bandwidth : 1.5 kHz

(tunable from 10 kHz to 1 MHz)

Sensitivity (unshielded):  $9 \text{ fT}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$

Phys. Rev. Applied 18, 044052

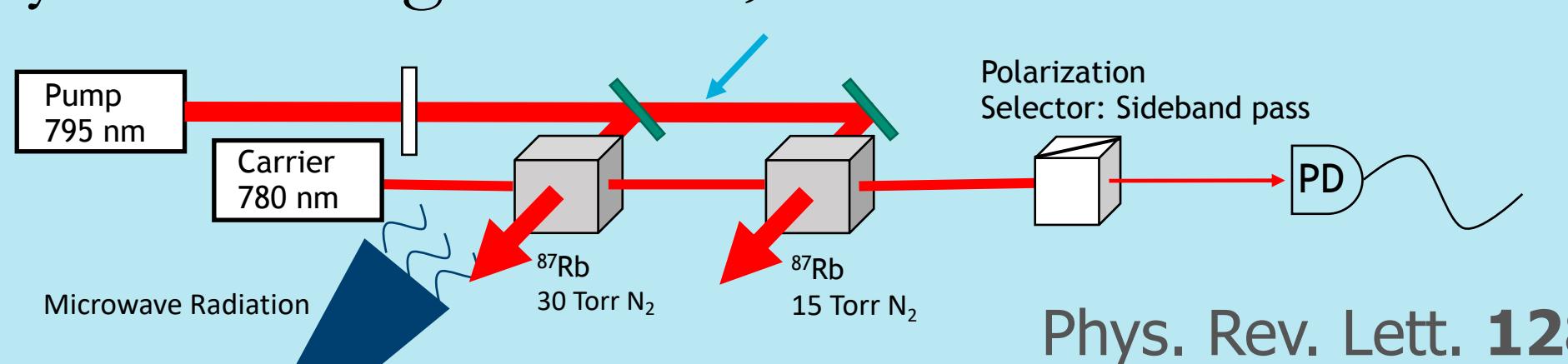


### Pulsed Gradiometer

Transduces gradient magnetic field to RF laser modulation

Sensitivity (unshielded):  $20 \text{ fT}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}/\text{cm}$ ,

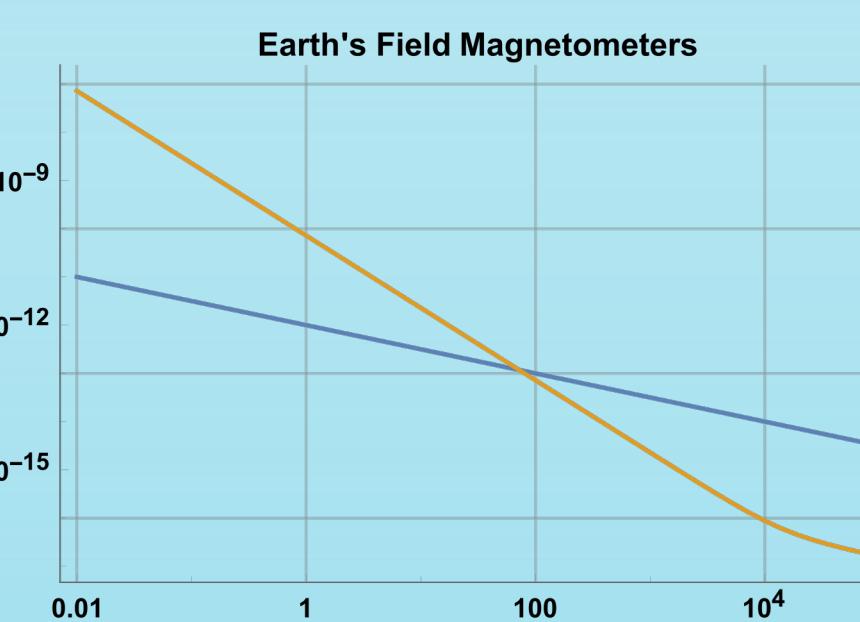
Physics Package: 300 cc, 2.5 W



Phys. Rev. Lett. 128, 163602

### Helium Ultra-stable Magnetometer

New idea! Spin-exchange optically pumped Rb-He magnetometer. NMR of He detected using pick-up coil. Long nuclear spin coherence ideal for long integration measurements. Promises very small size.



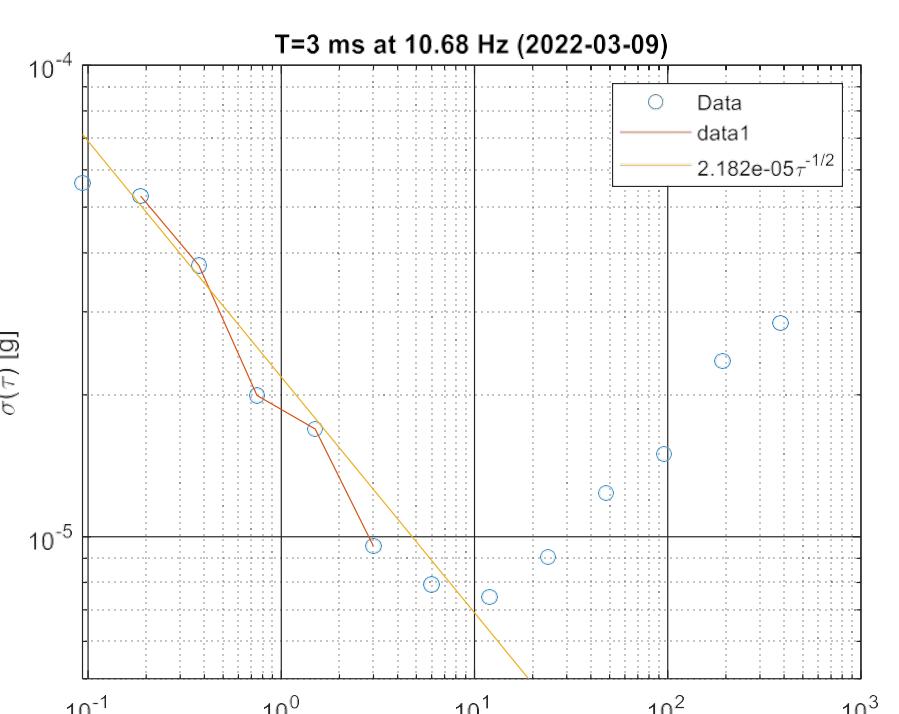
	COTS OPM	HUM
Size (cc)	76	17
Weight (g)	50	50
Power (mW)	2,000	<100
Sensitivity (pT/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ )	1	0.005*
Heading error (nT)	2	<0.1

## Matter-Wave Gravimeter

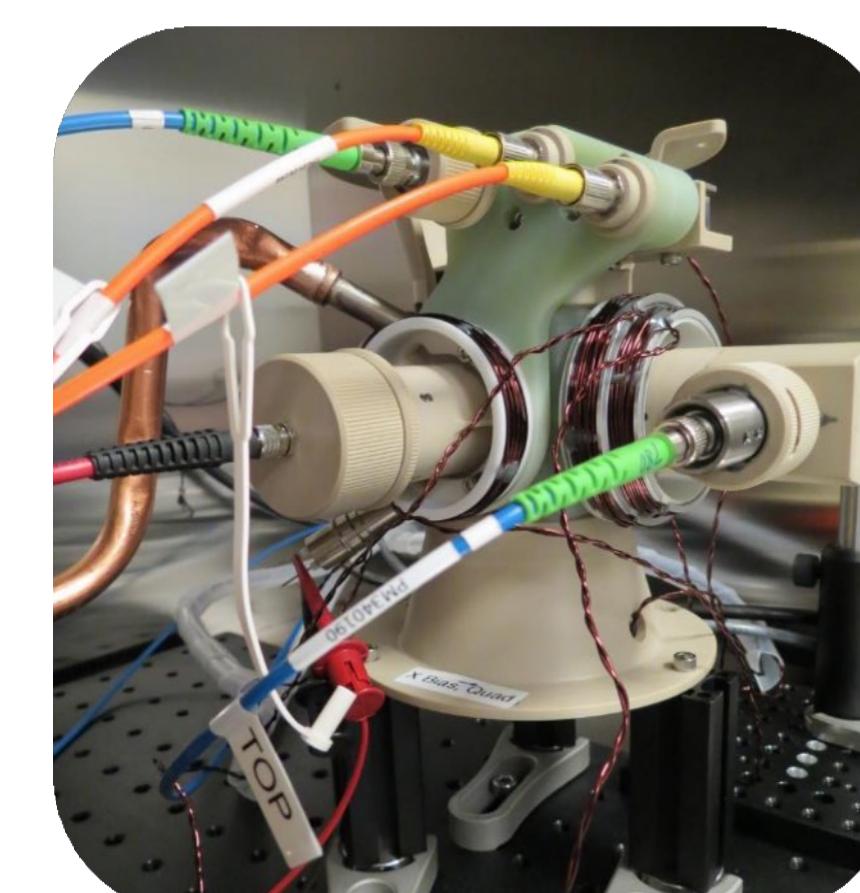
	Navigation Grade (HG9900)	Light-Pulse Atom Interferometer (LPAI) Lab Demo	High Data-Rate LPAI with a standard MOT
Accel Bias (1 $\sigma$ ) [ $\mu\text{g}$ ]	< 25	< 10 <sup>-4</sup>	< 0.5 $\mu\text{g}$
Accel SF (1 $\sigma$ ) [PPM]	< 100	< 10 <sup>-4</sup>	< 1
Accel Random Walk [ $\mu\text{g}/\sqrt{\text{rt-sec}}$ ]	not reported, QA ~10	10 <sup>-5</sup>	0.7 to 30 $\mu\text{g}/\sqrt{\text{rt-sec}}$
Data rate [Hz]	500-1500	0.01 to 1	50-300 Hz
Size [L]	1.7 (6-axis)	$\gg 3000$	< 20 L (sensor head)
Gyro Bias (1 $\sigma$ ) [deg/hr]	< 0.003	< 7 $\times 10^{-5}$	
Gyro SF [PPM]	< 5	< 5	
Gyro Random Walk (1 $\sigma$ ) [deg/rt-hour]	< 0.002	$2 \times 10^{-6}$	

Quantum gravimeters promise improved accuracy compared to classical gravimeters. Miniaturization is an ongoing effort.

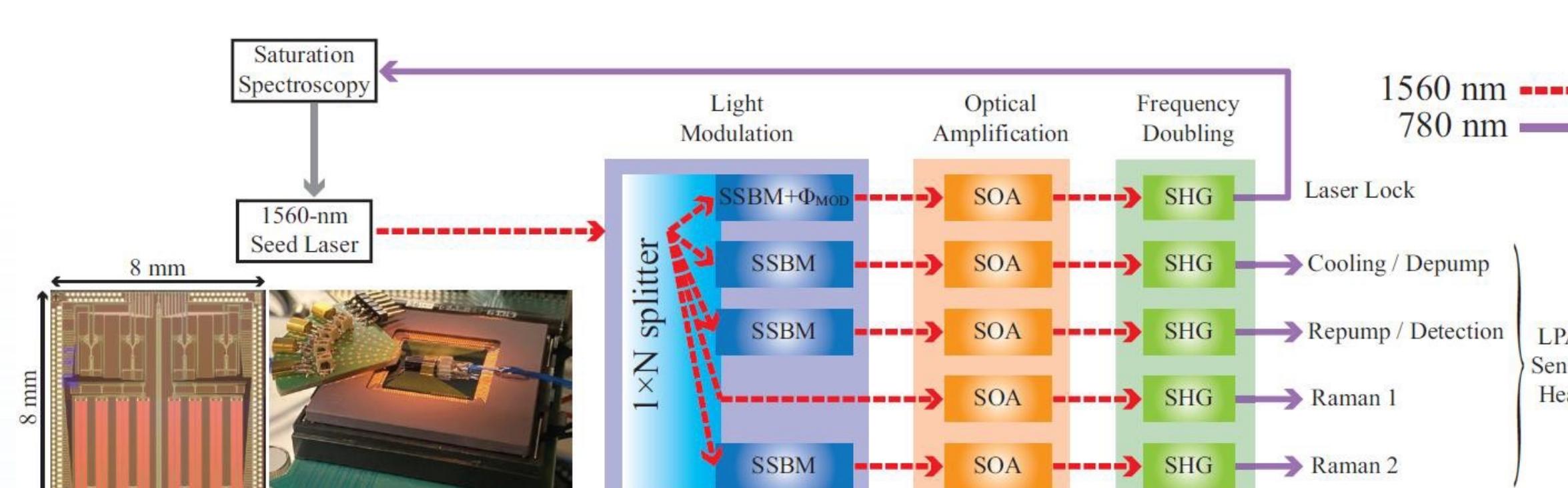
### Prototype



Sandia physics package data



Sandia physics package



### Photonic integrated circuit laser system

### Future

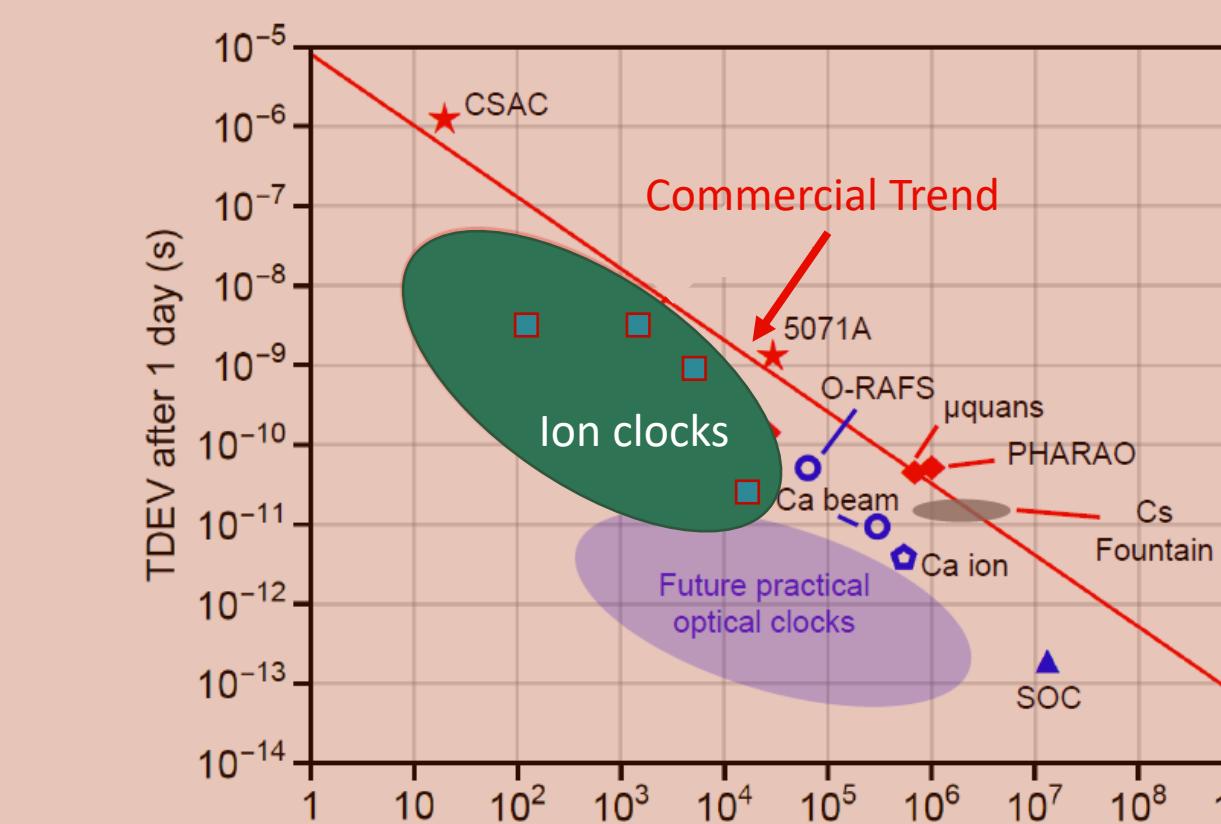
Additional miniaturization of photonic integrated circuit and physics package.

Nature Comm. 13, Article number 5131 (2022)

## Microwave Ion Clocks

Advantages compared to other atomic clocks:

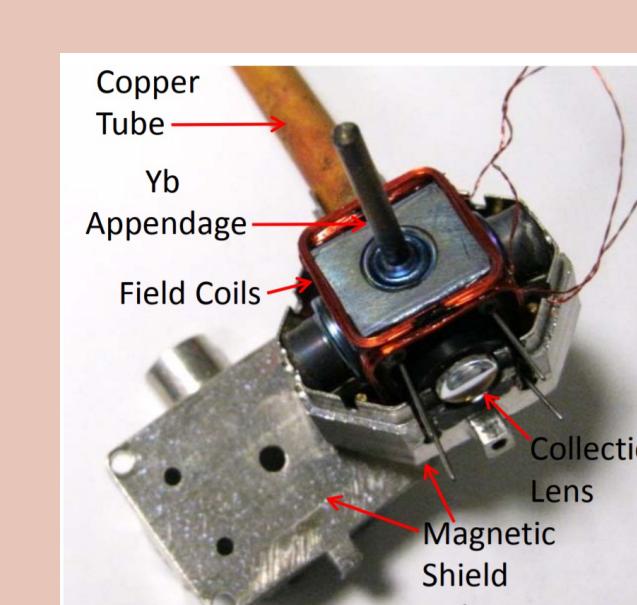
- Improved long term stability
- Lower power consumption (no vapor cell to heat)



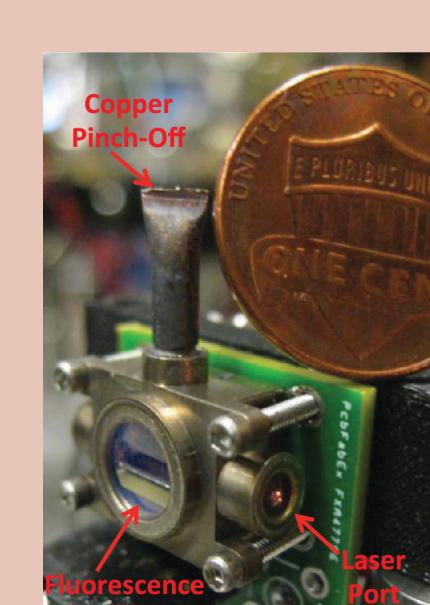
### Yb+ clock

Demonstrated physics packages as small as 1 cc. Physics package remains operable for more than 10 years!

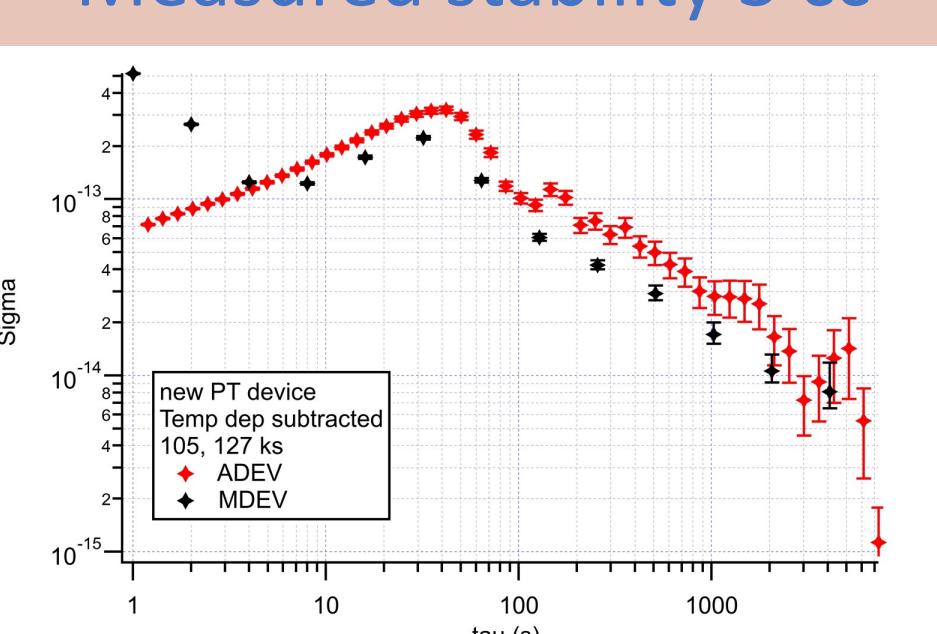
3 cc



1 cc



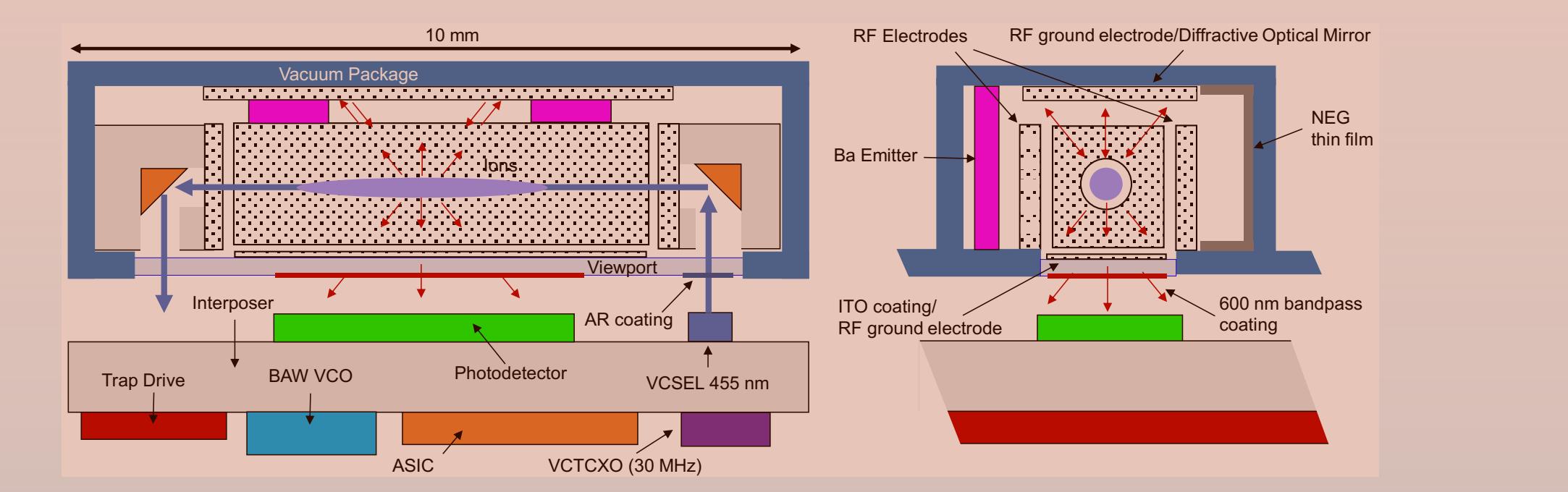
### Measured stability 3 cc



Review of Scientific Instruments 87, 053112 (2016)

### Future Miniaturization

New ideas! Change species to match recent advances in vertical cavity surface emitting blue laser technology. Utilize piezoelectric transformer to source high voltage for biasing trap rods.



NEG: non-evaporable getter, BAW: bulk acoustic wave resonator, VCO: voltage controlled oscillator, ITO: indium tin oxide, VCTCXO: voltage controlled temperature compensated crystal oscillator