



Real-time latent heat emission during dynamic-compression freezing of water

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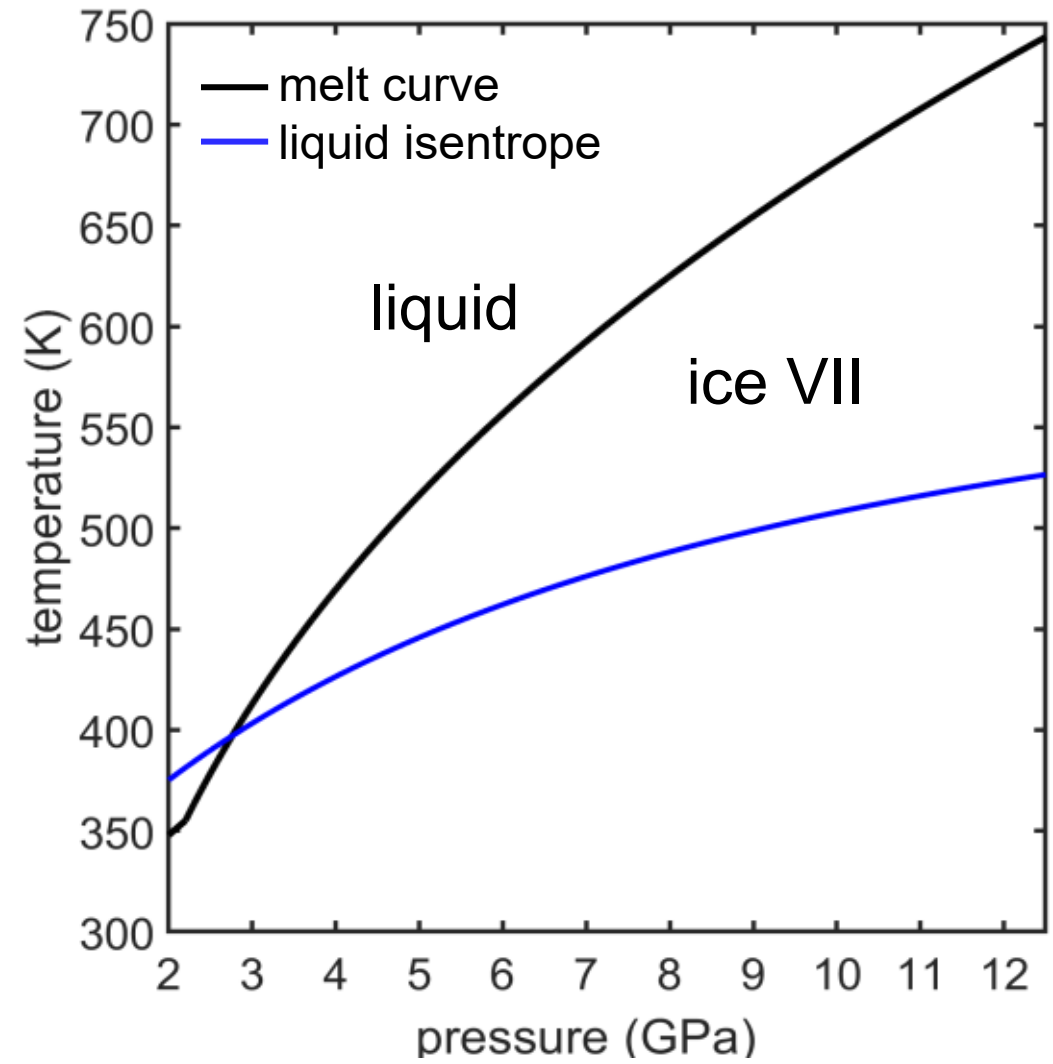


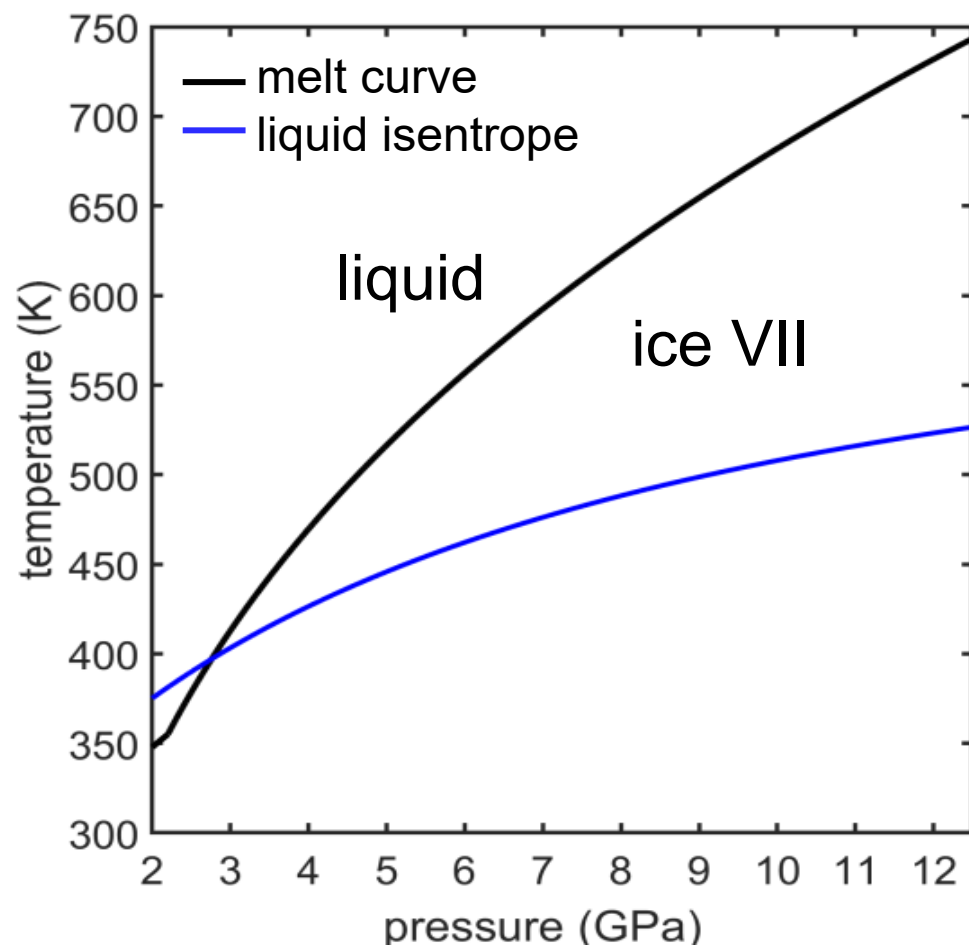
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Motivation

Understanding the structural and thermal properties of high pressure ices has implications for understanding water-rich exoplanets and icy moons, where environments are promising for the development of life

Water is one of the few materials known to freeze on nanosecond timescales



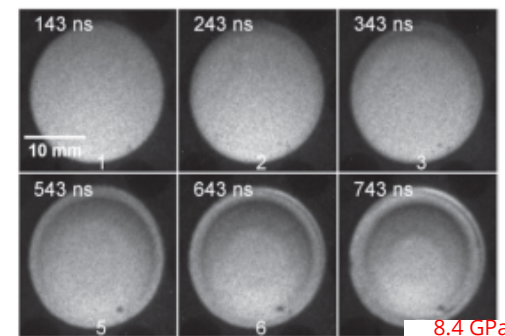
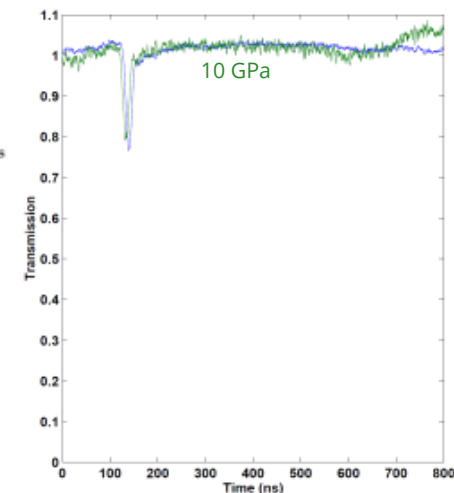
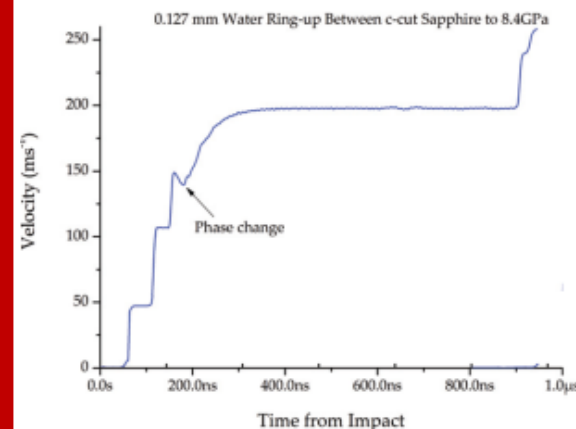


Homogeneous Nucleation

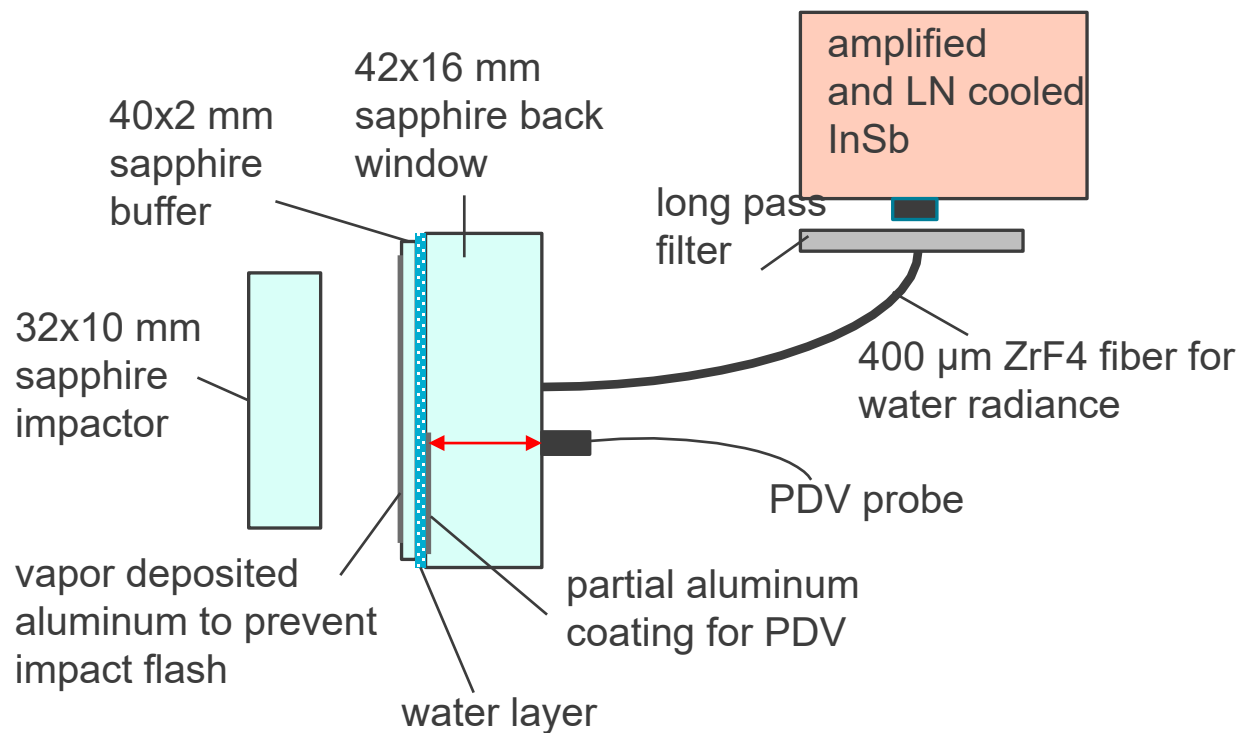
Sapphire Windows

6-7 GPa

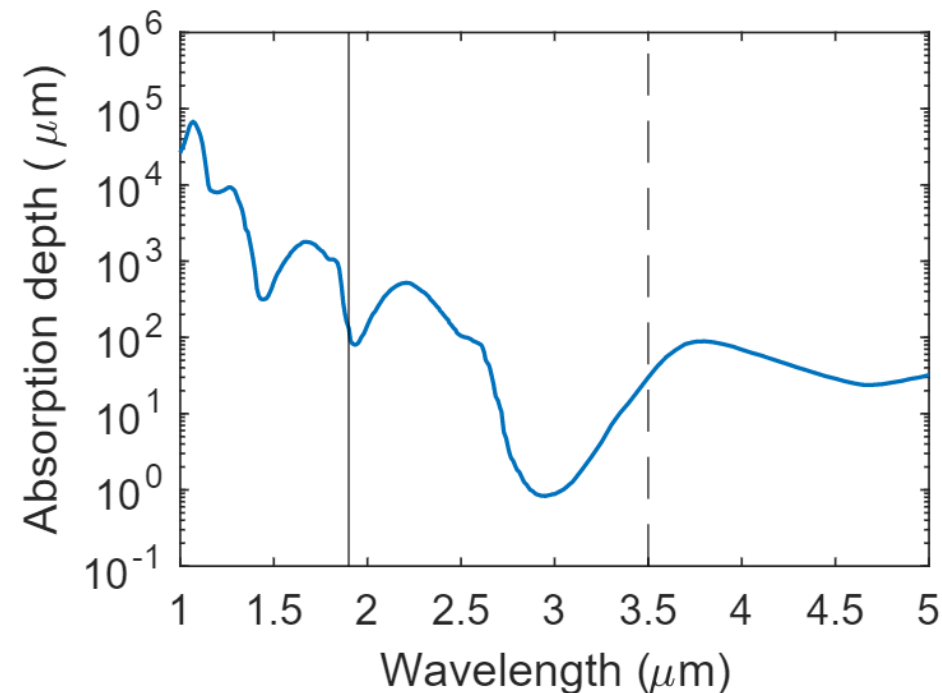
~ tens of nanoseconds



4 Experimental Design



Experiments:	1-3	4-6
Sample Thickness:	250 μm	500 μm
Filter:	1.9 μm	3.5 μm



*calibrated temperature using a blackbody source

*10 ns resolution

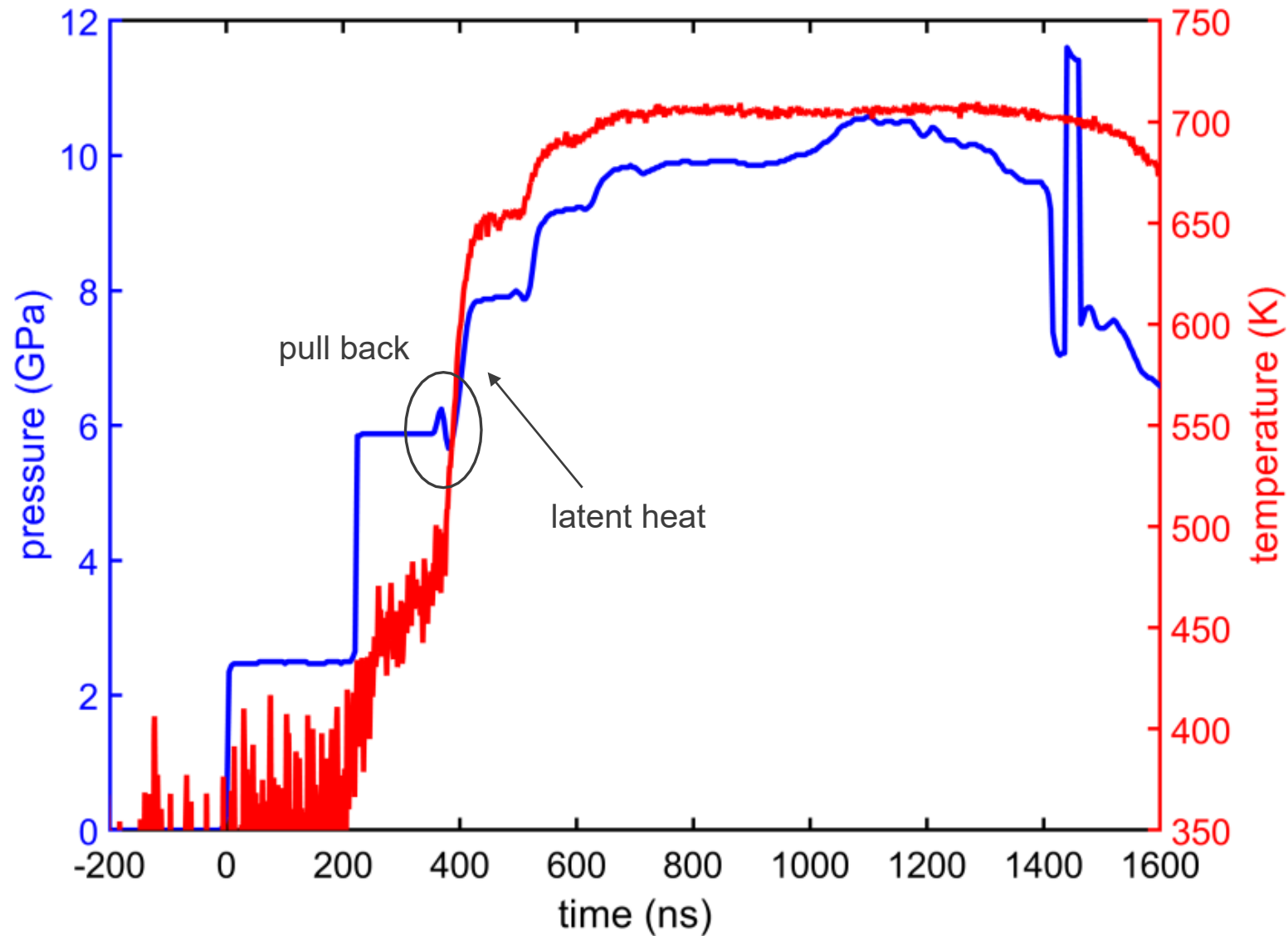
Pressure and Temperature vs. Time



Peak
Pressure: 10.5 GPa

500 μm
thick sample

3.5 μm filter

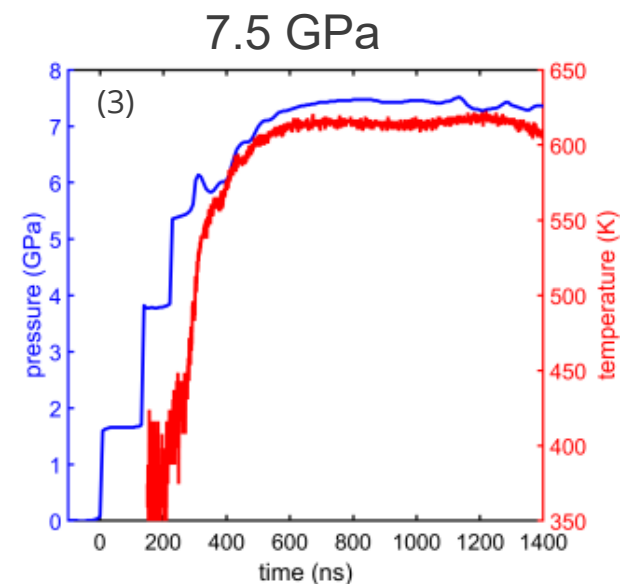
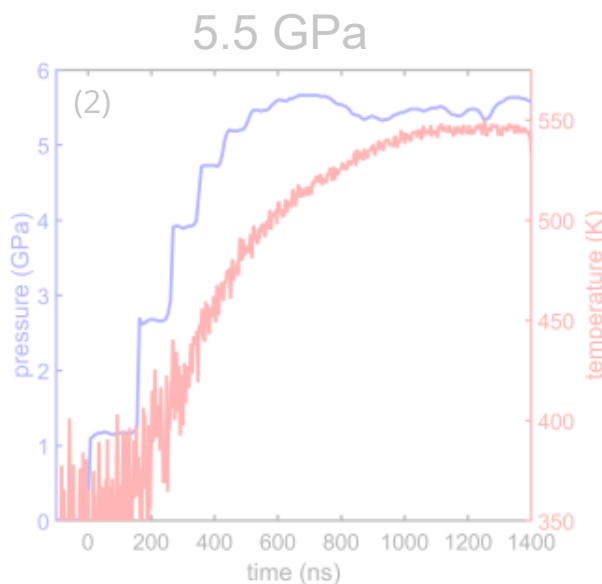
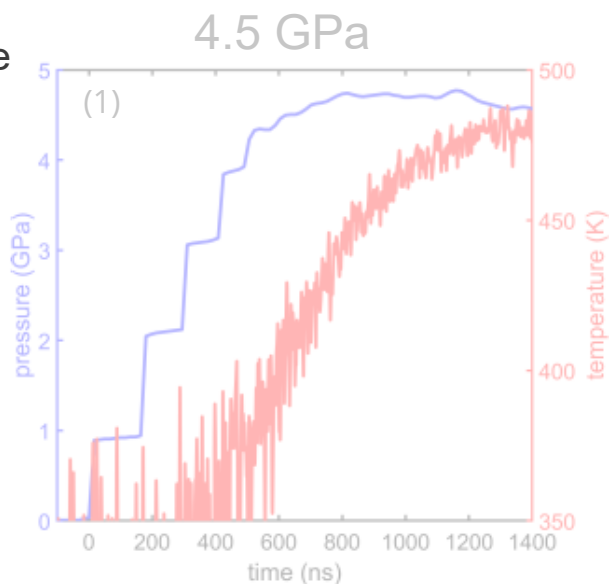


Pressure and Temperature vs. Time



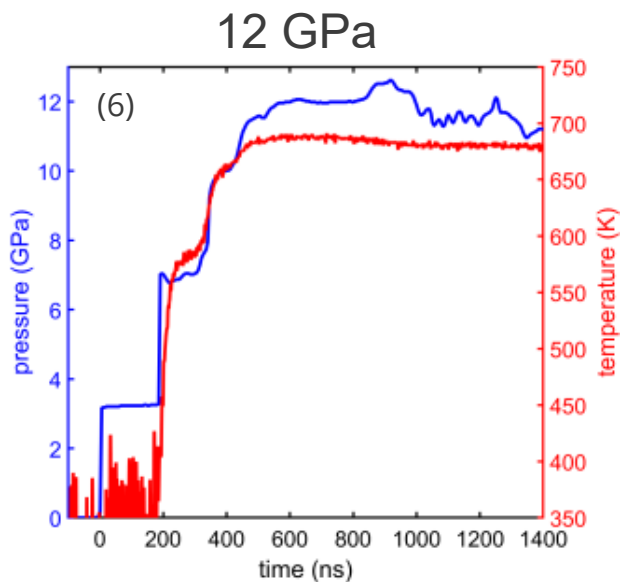
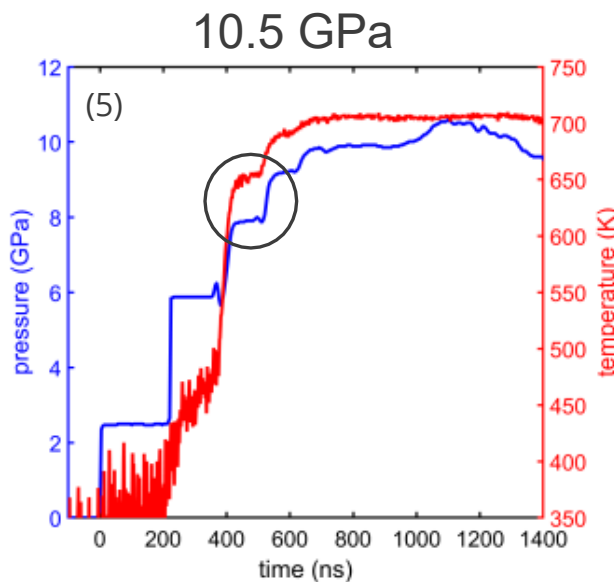
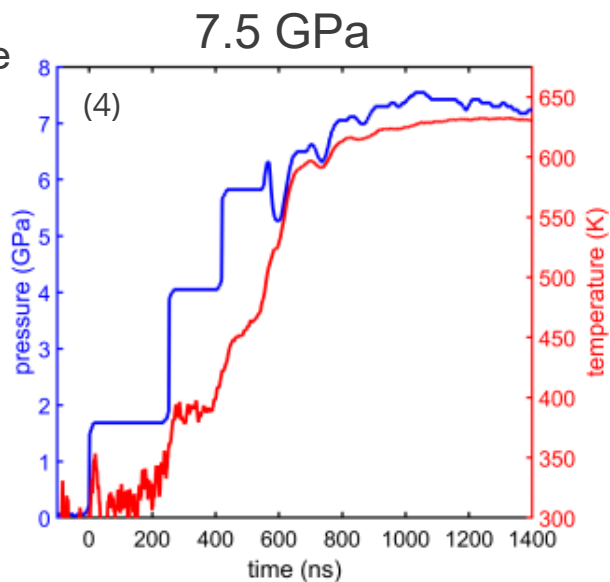
1-3
250 μm thick
1.9 μm filter

Peak
Pressure

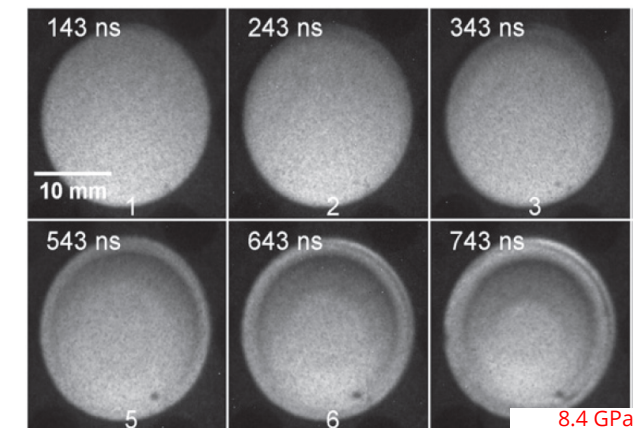
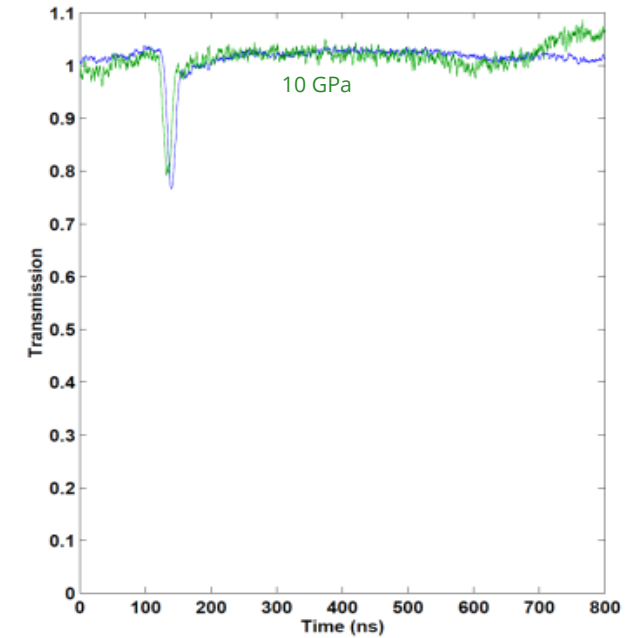
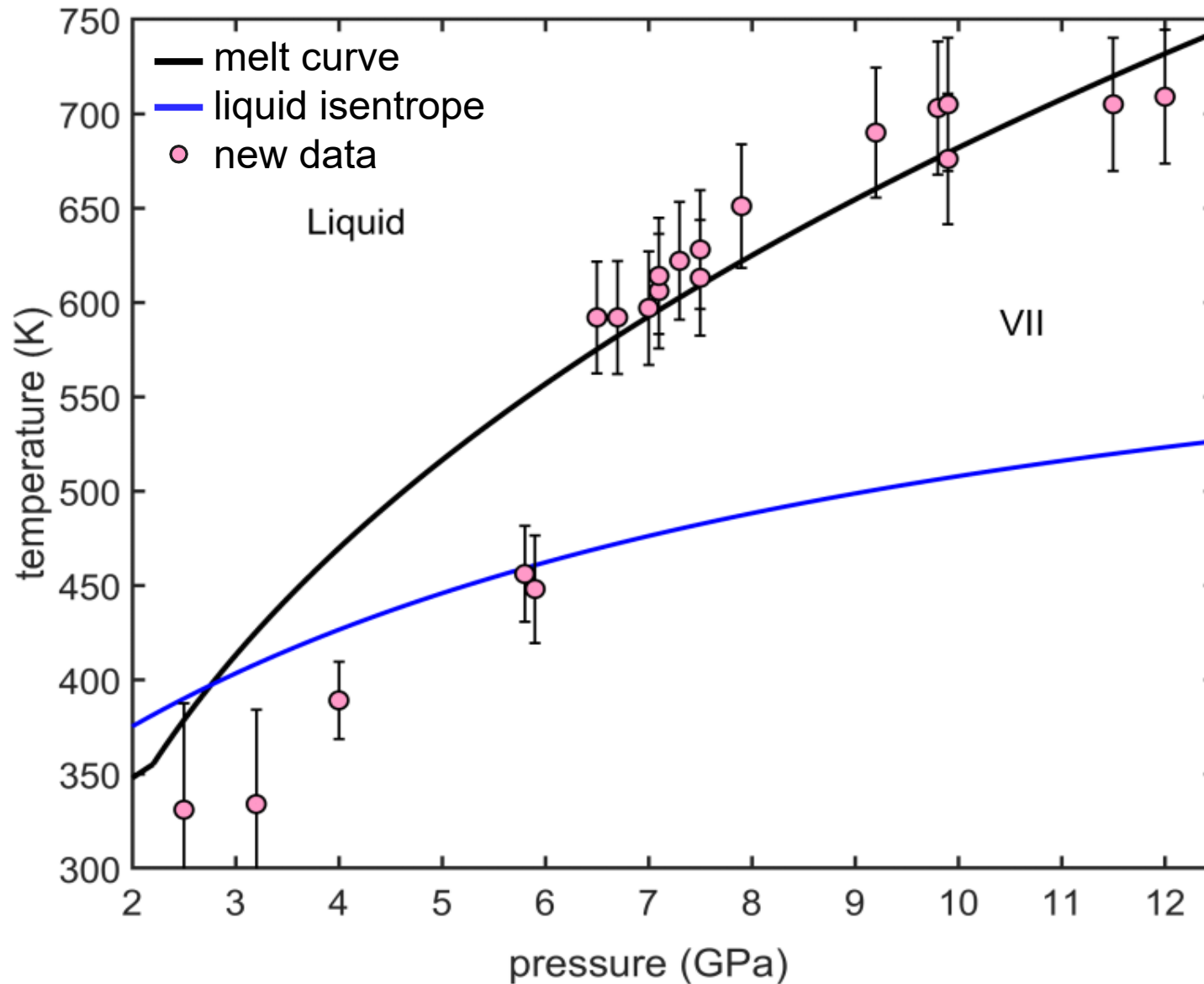


4-6
500 μm thick
3.5 μm filter

Peak
Pressure



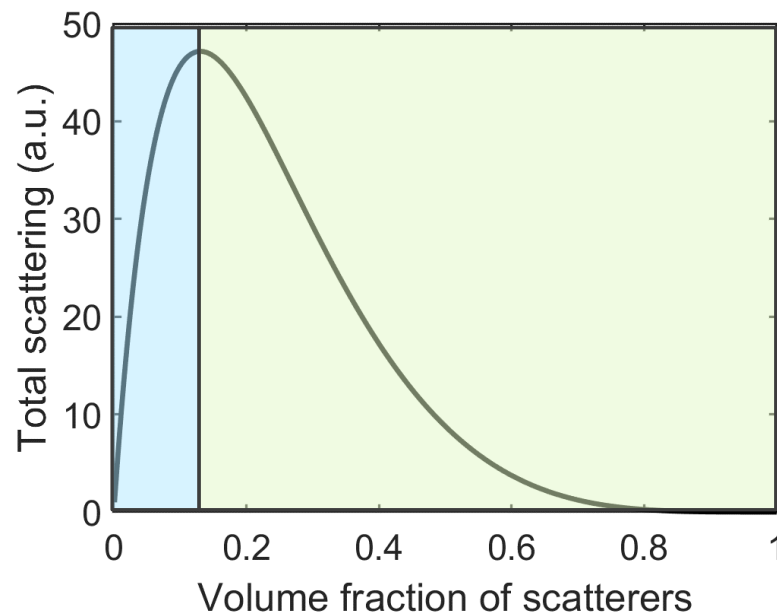
Pressure vs. Temperature



Dynamically compressed water does not have to be completely frozen to be optically transparent



A similar argument explains transparency of the mammalian cornea and lens and zoo plankton tissue transparency

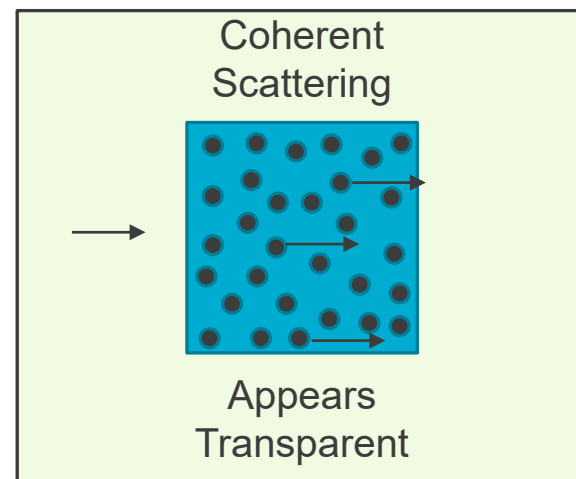
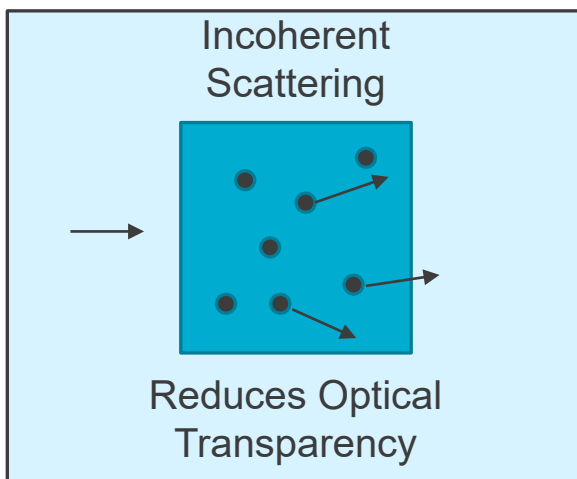


$$C_{total} = NC_{sca}S(\lambda)$$

$$S(\lambda) = (1 - \lambda)^4 / (1 + 4\lambda + 4\lambda^2 - 4\lambda^3 + \lambda^4)$$



1% volume ice
> 2000 scatters

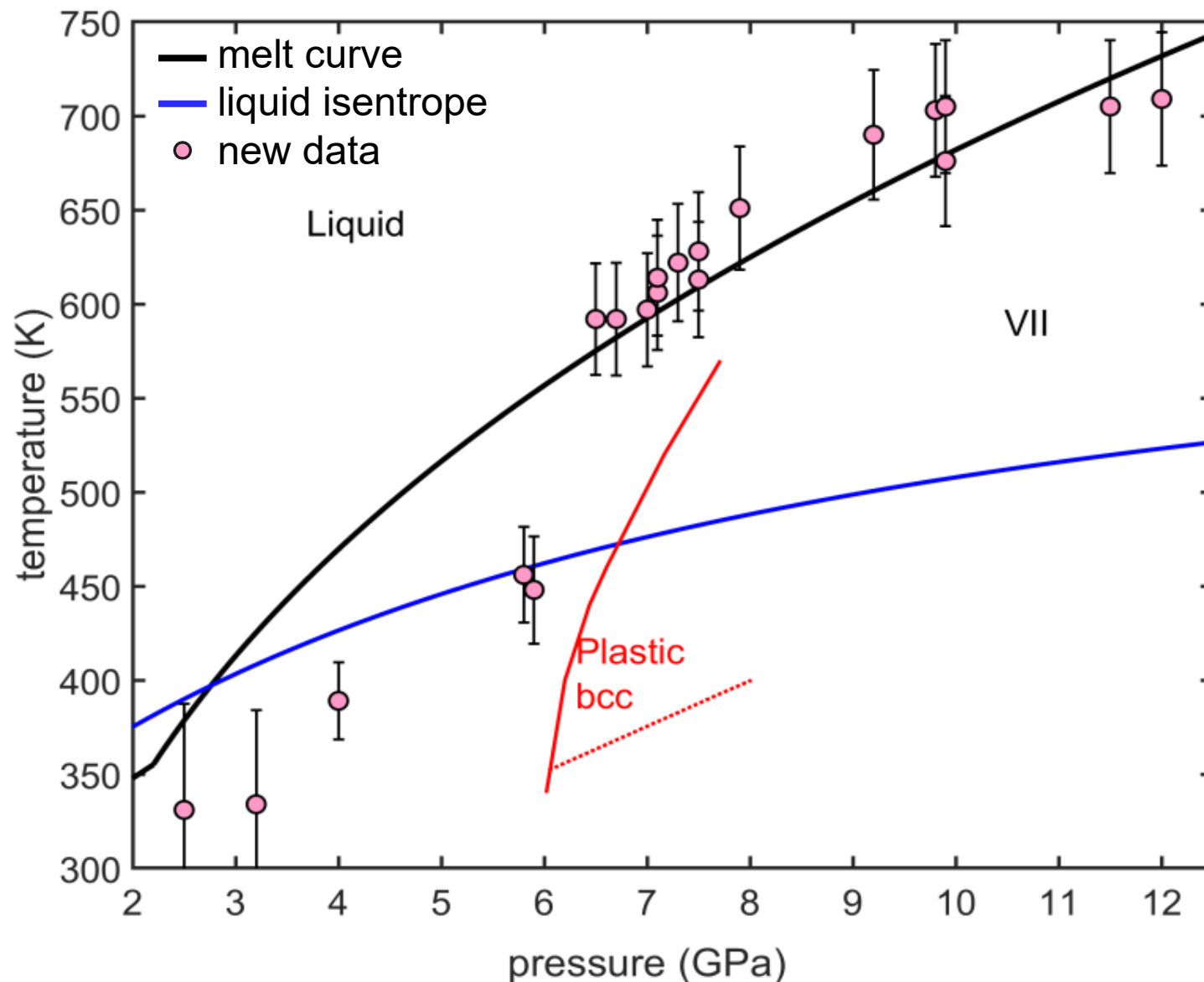


Ice VII or a Plastic Crystal Phase?



time resolved x-ray diffraction on dynamically compressed water could not distinguish between ice VII and a plastic bcc phase

plastic ice (bcc) predicted using the TIP4P/2005 model



How does the New Data Compare with Theory?



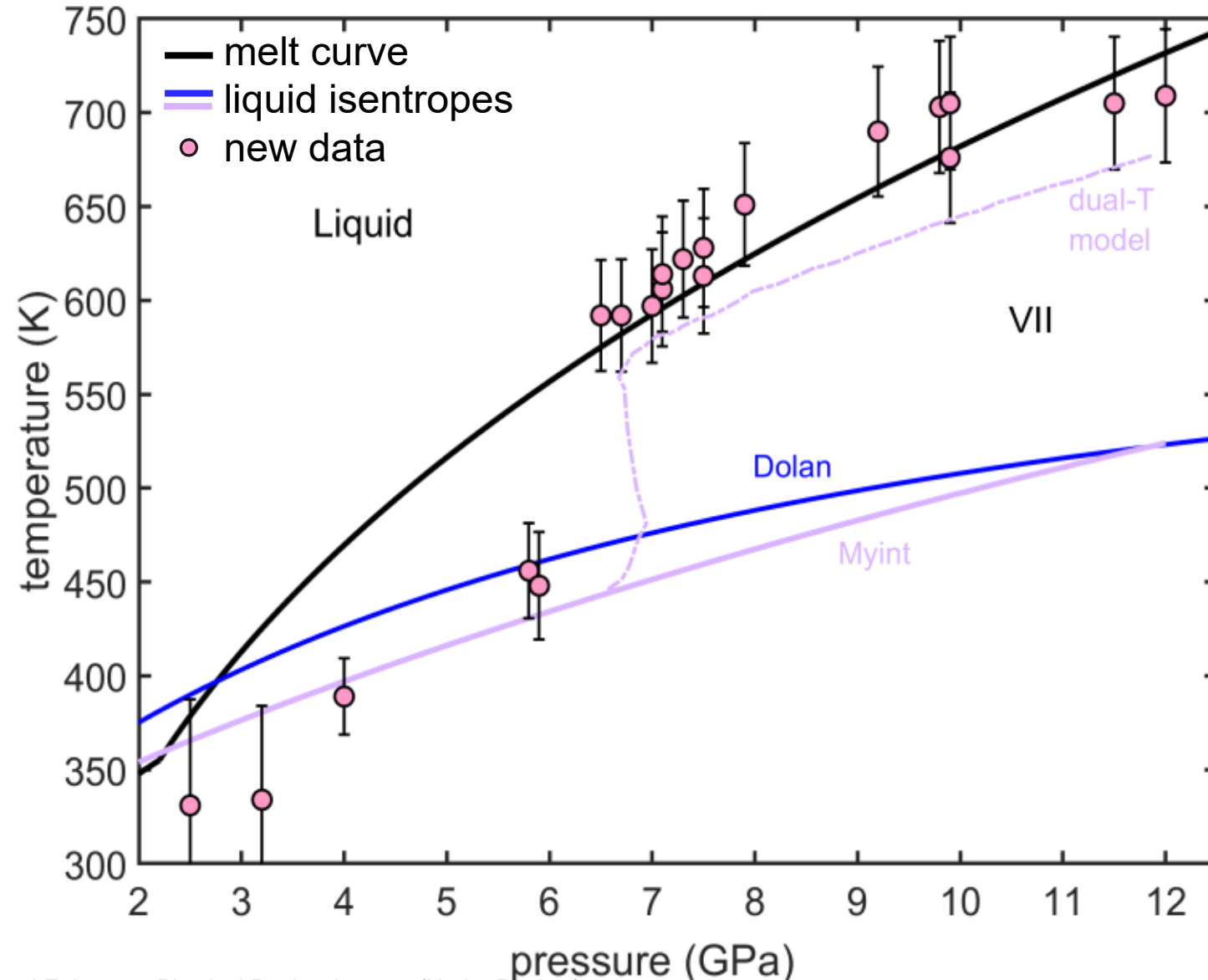
*Dolan EOS – continuum model

$$(C_v = 3 \frac{J}{g \cdot K})$$

* Myint EOS – free energy model

$$(C_v = 3.23 \frac{J}{g \cdot K})$$

The dual-temperature model is derived from coupling classic nucleation theory and growth with hydrodynamic simulations to reproduce observed transition kinetics



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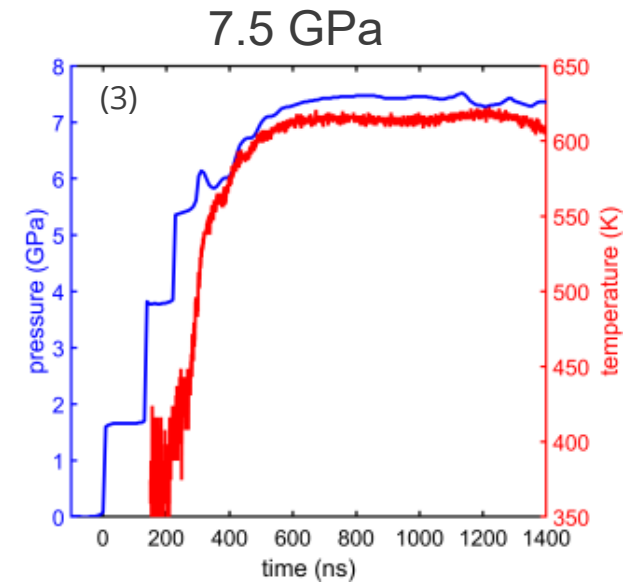
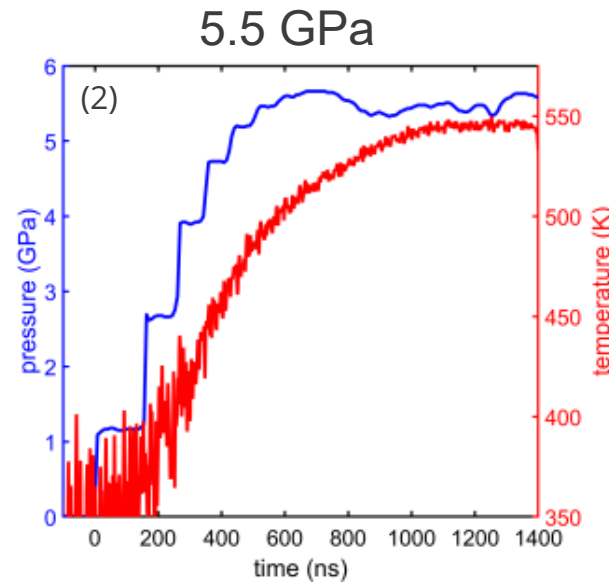
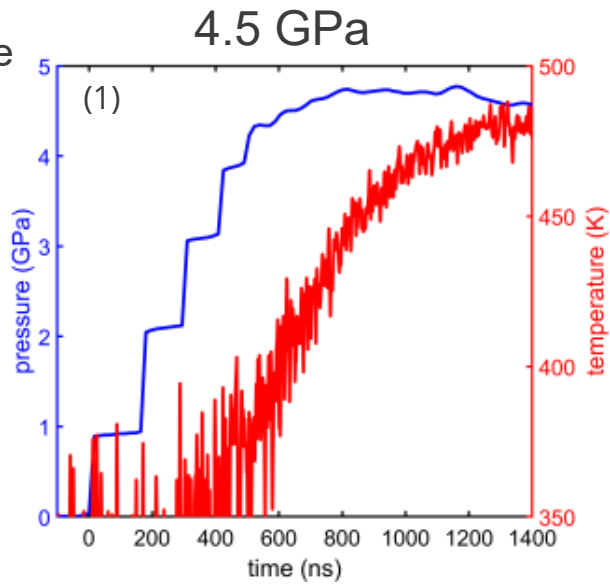
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What Happens Below the Metastable limit ?



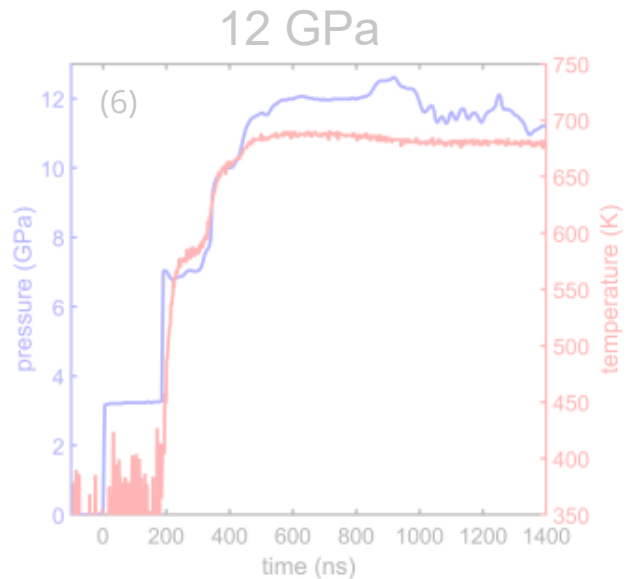
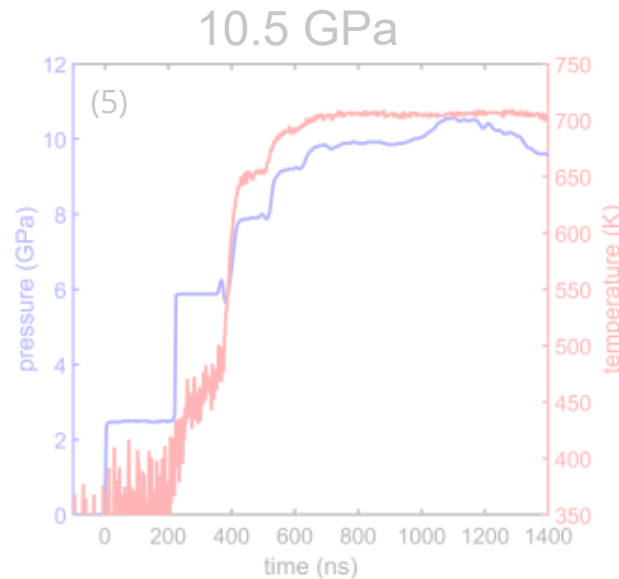
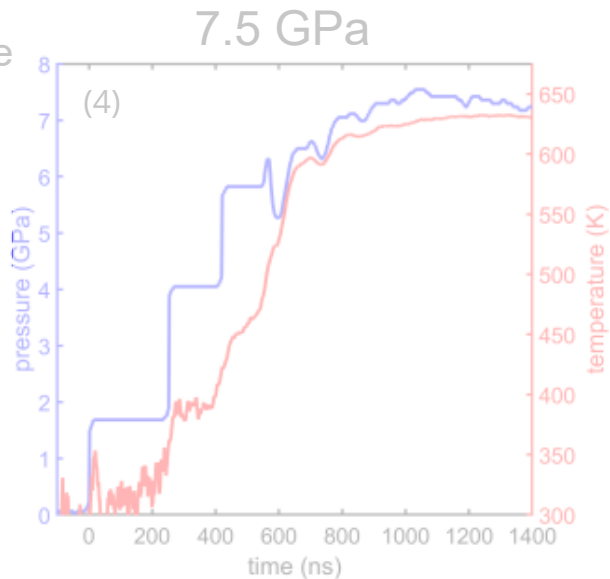
1-3
250 μm thick
1.9 μm filter

Peak
Pressure

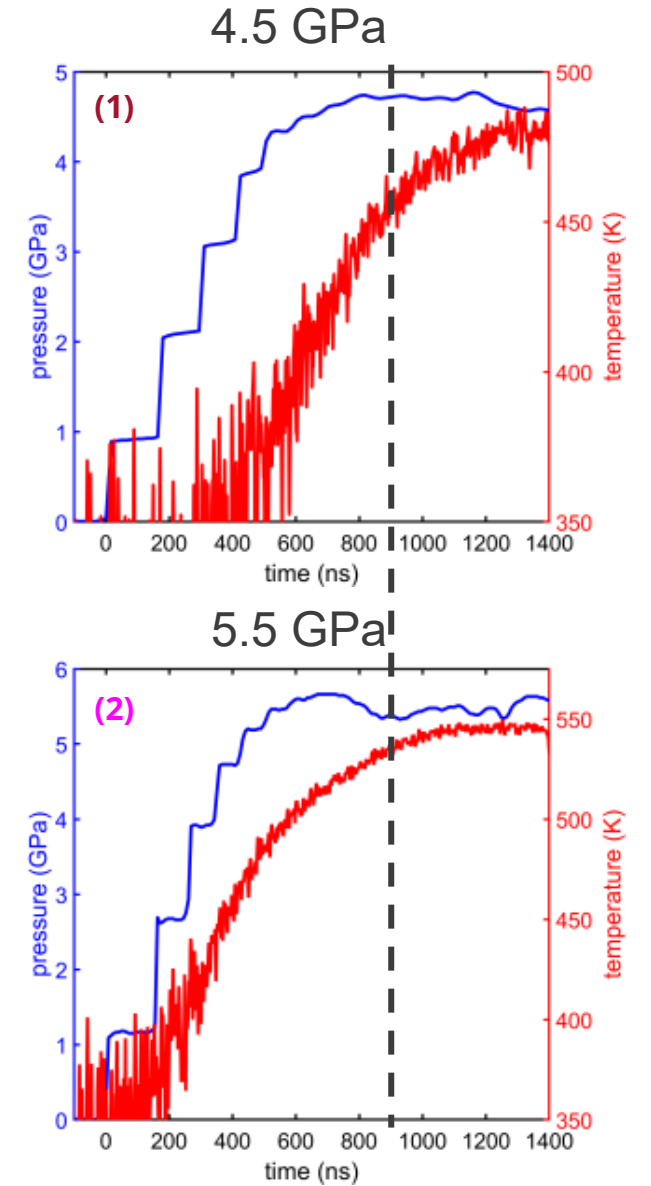
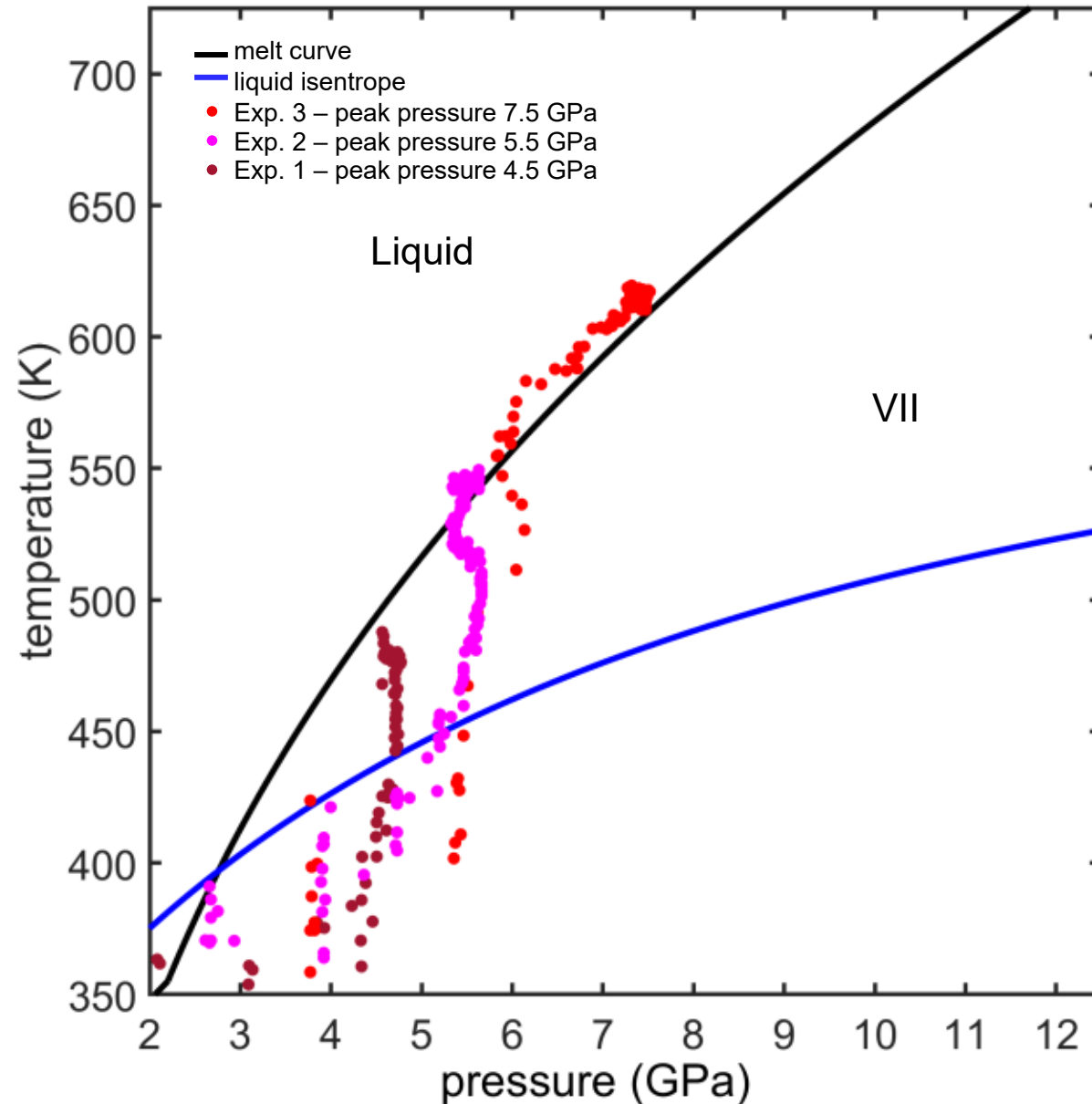


4-6
500 μm thick
3.5 μm filter

Peak
Pressure



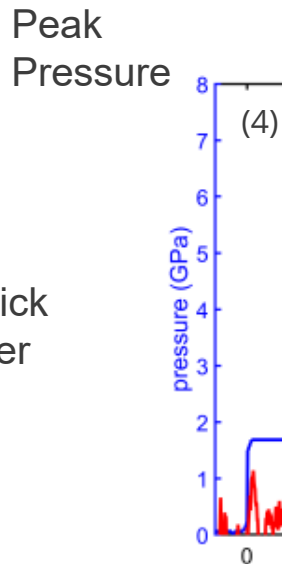
What Happens Below the Metastable limit ?



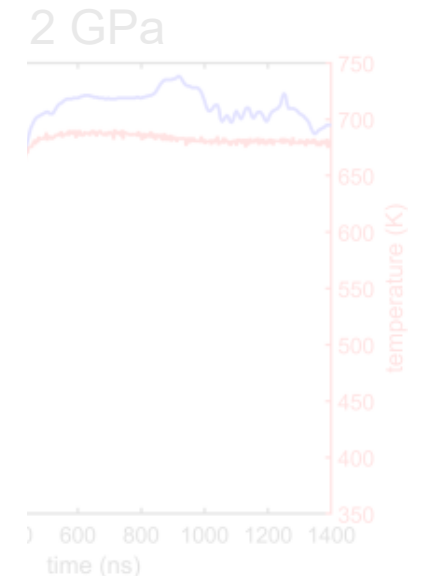
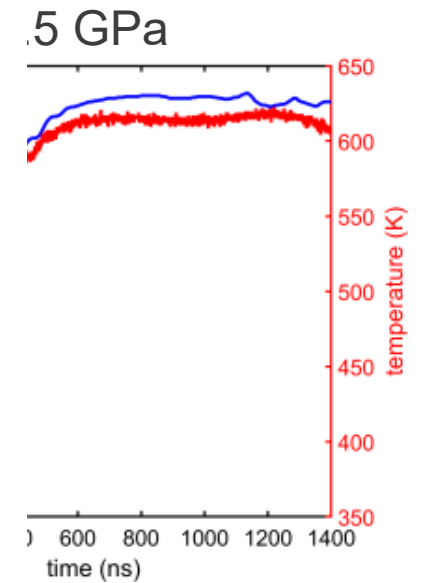
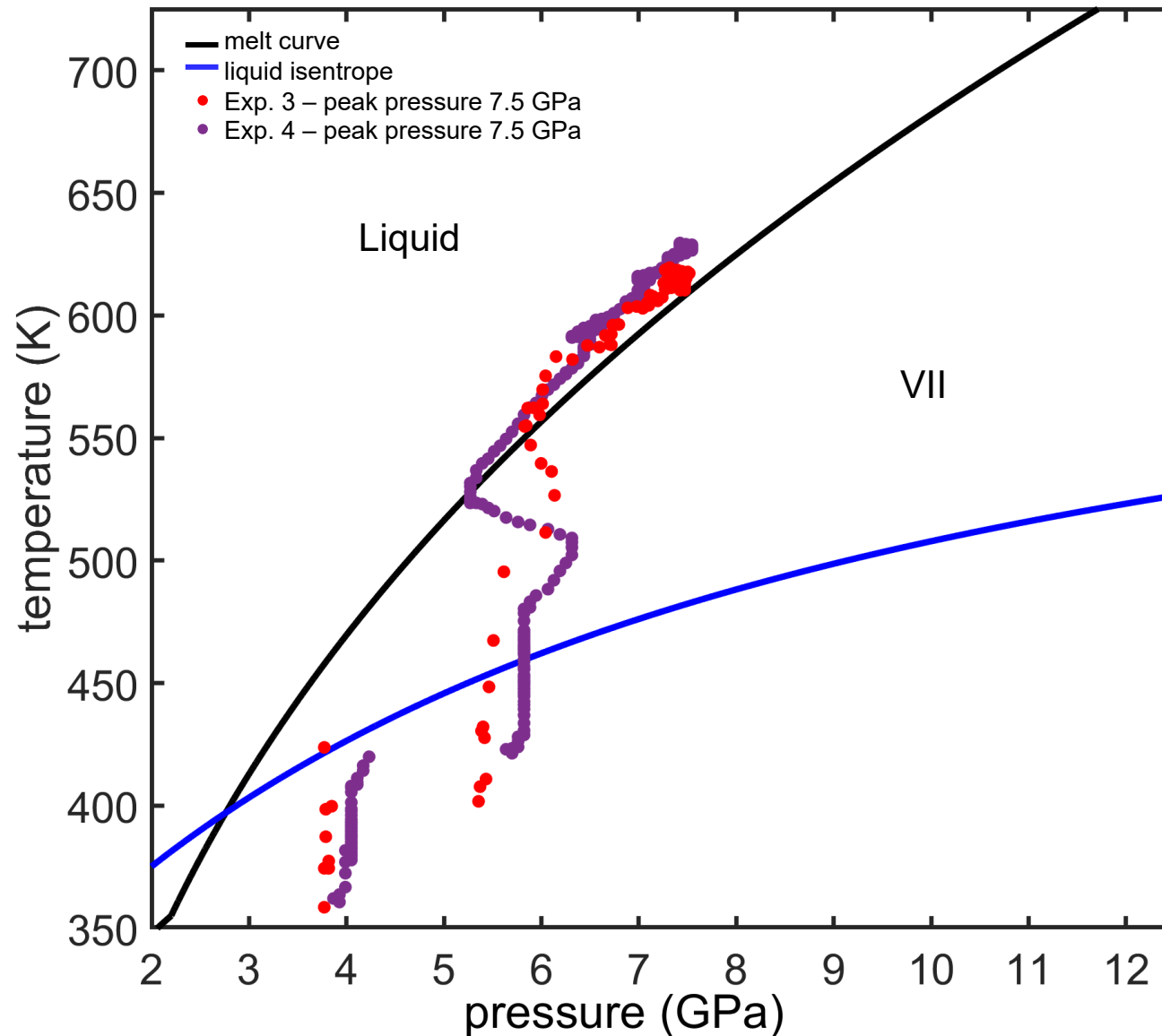
Did the Filter Switch make a Difference?



1-3
250 μm thick
1.9 μm filter

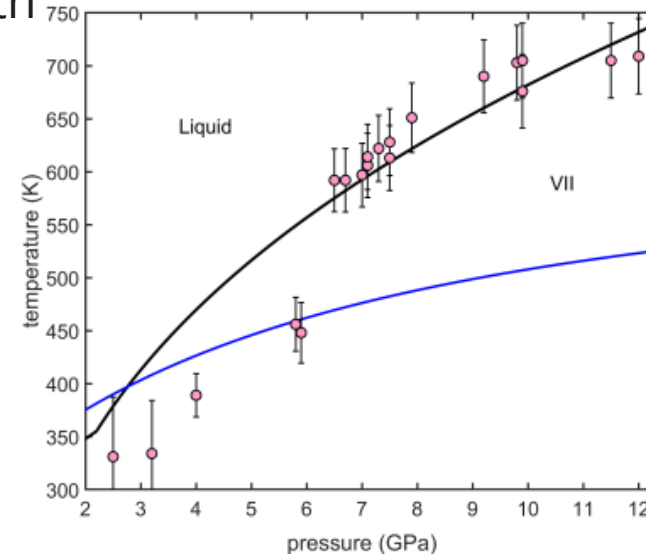
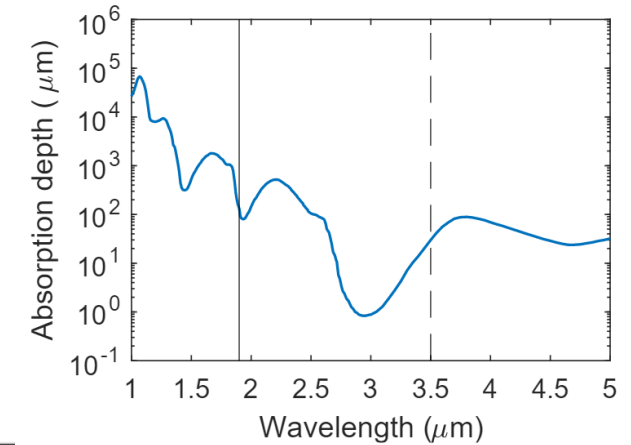
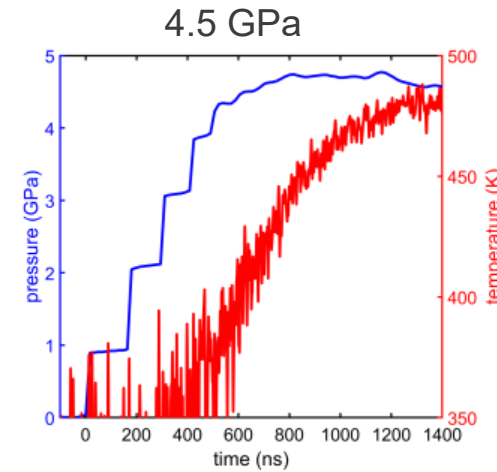


4-6
500 μm thick
3.5 μm filter



Conclusion

- * latent heat and ice are formed even if you can't see it in the PDV/VISAR
- * dynamically compressed water does not have to be completely frozen to be optically transparent
- * future studies with water or other materials with absorption bands between 2-5 μm
- * does water ever come off the meltline?



Thank You!

Questions?

Erin Nissen, Dan Dolan, Brandon La Lone, Jason Mance,
and Eric Larson

Matt Staska, Reuben Valencia and Rick Allison for their
contributions in designing and machining all of the parts

March 7th, 2023



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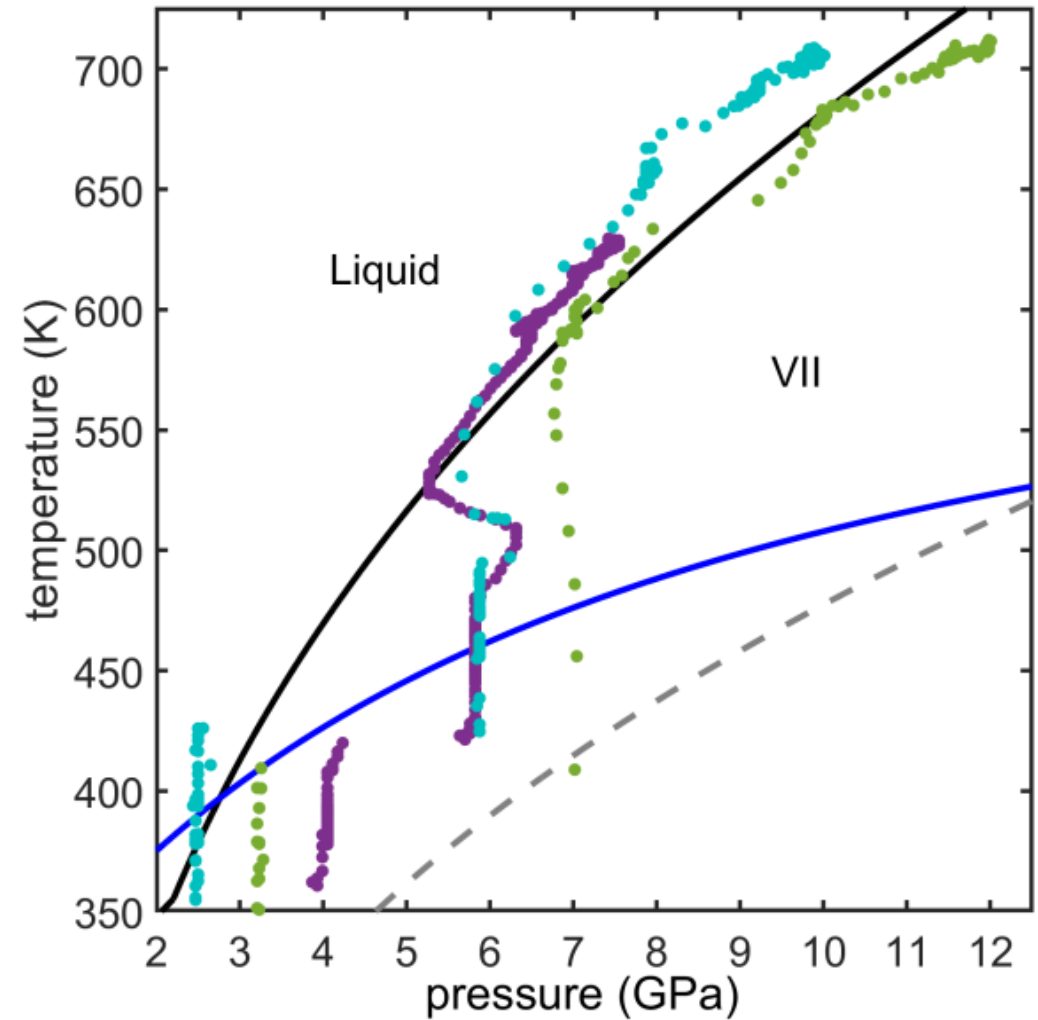
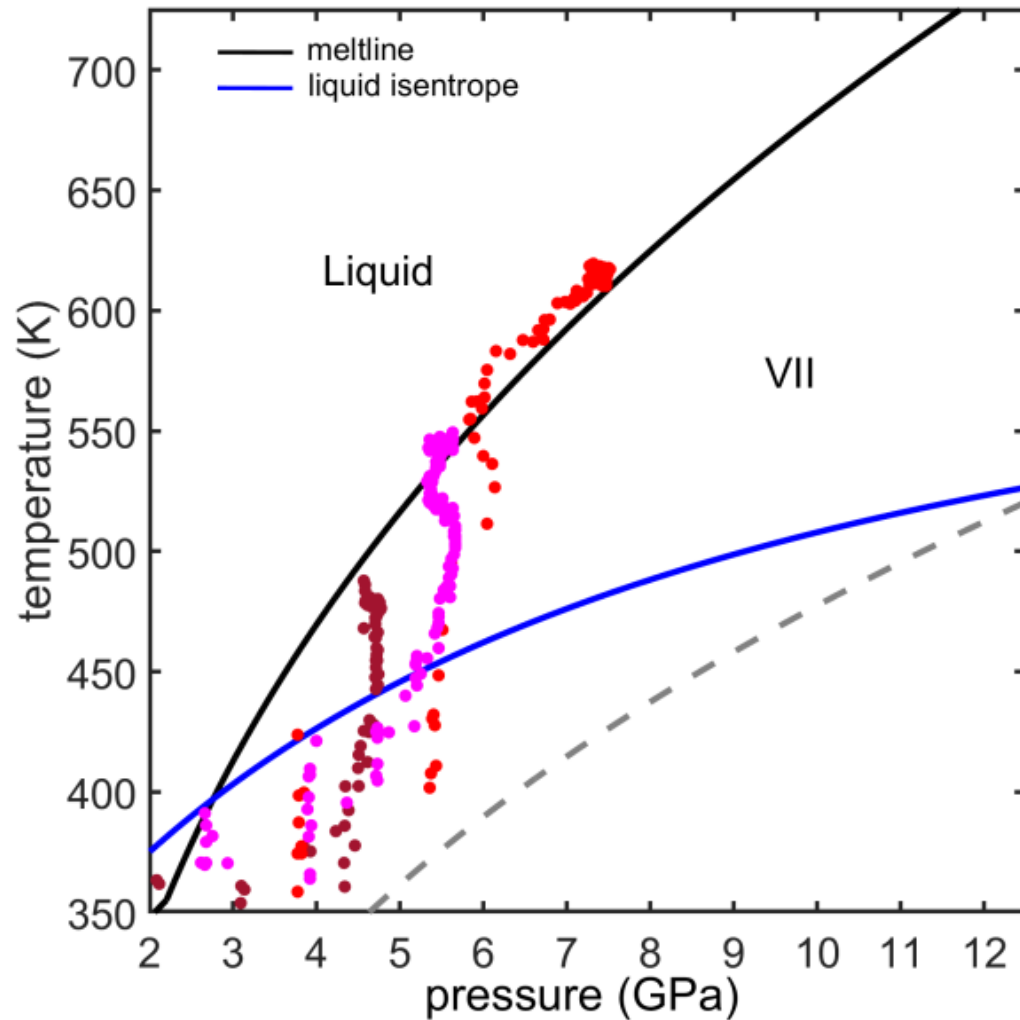


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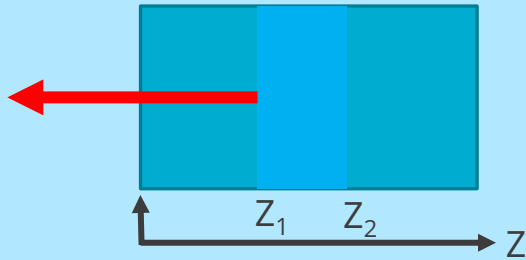


THANK YOU

Pressure vs. Temperature Profiles



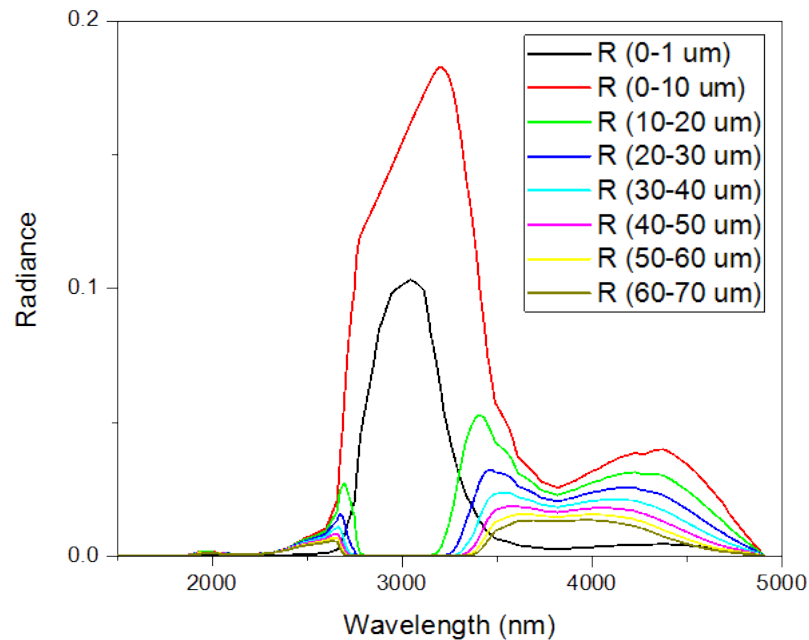
Radiation comes from different depths within the Water cell



The radiance exiting the water sample from a slice of material between position Z_2 and Z_1 is

$$R = B(\lambda, T)[\exp(-\alpha z_1) - \exp(-\alpha z_2)]$$

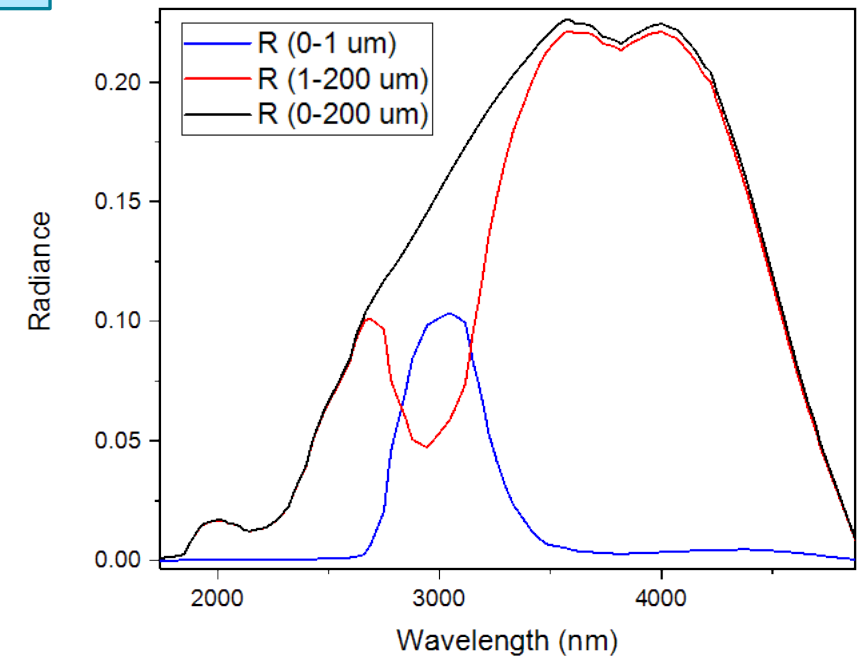
Where $B(\lambda, T)$ is the blackbody function



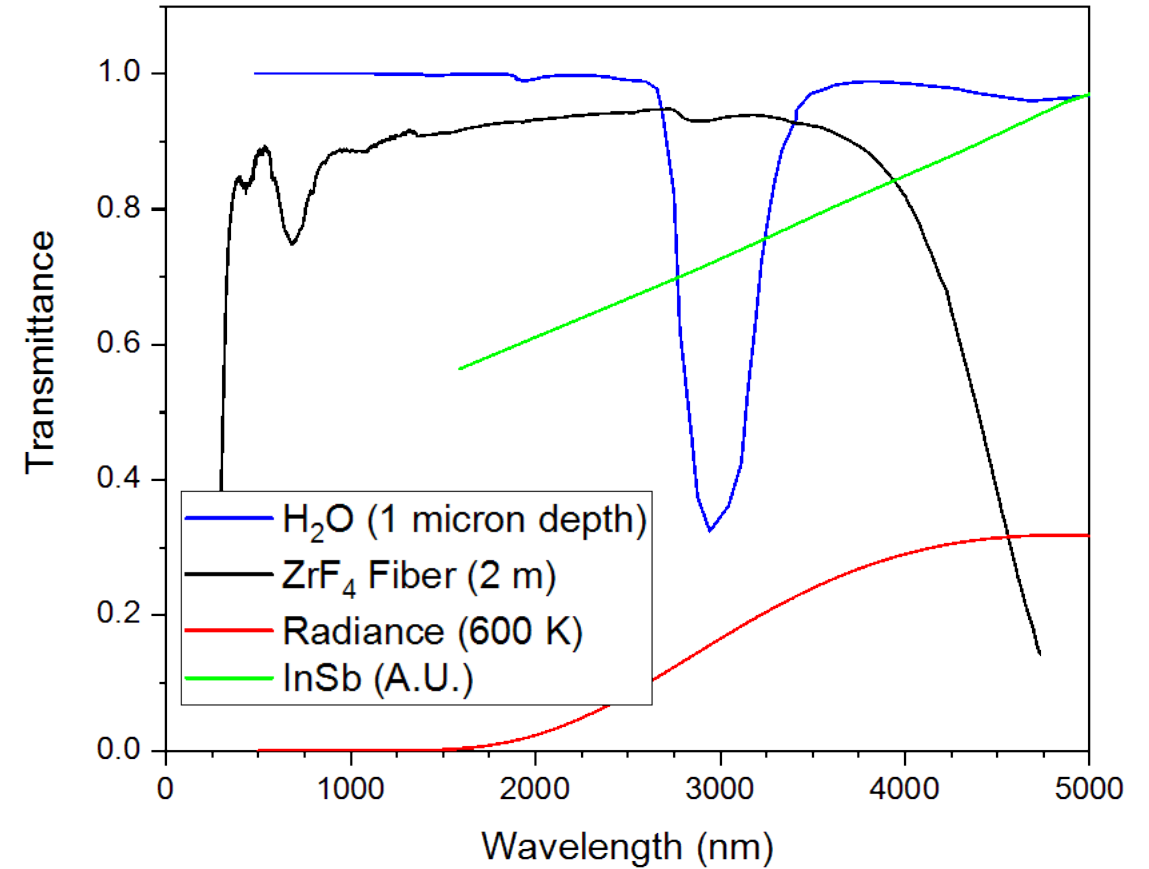
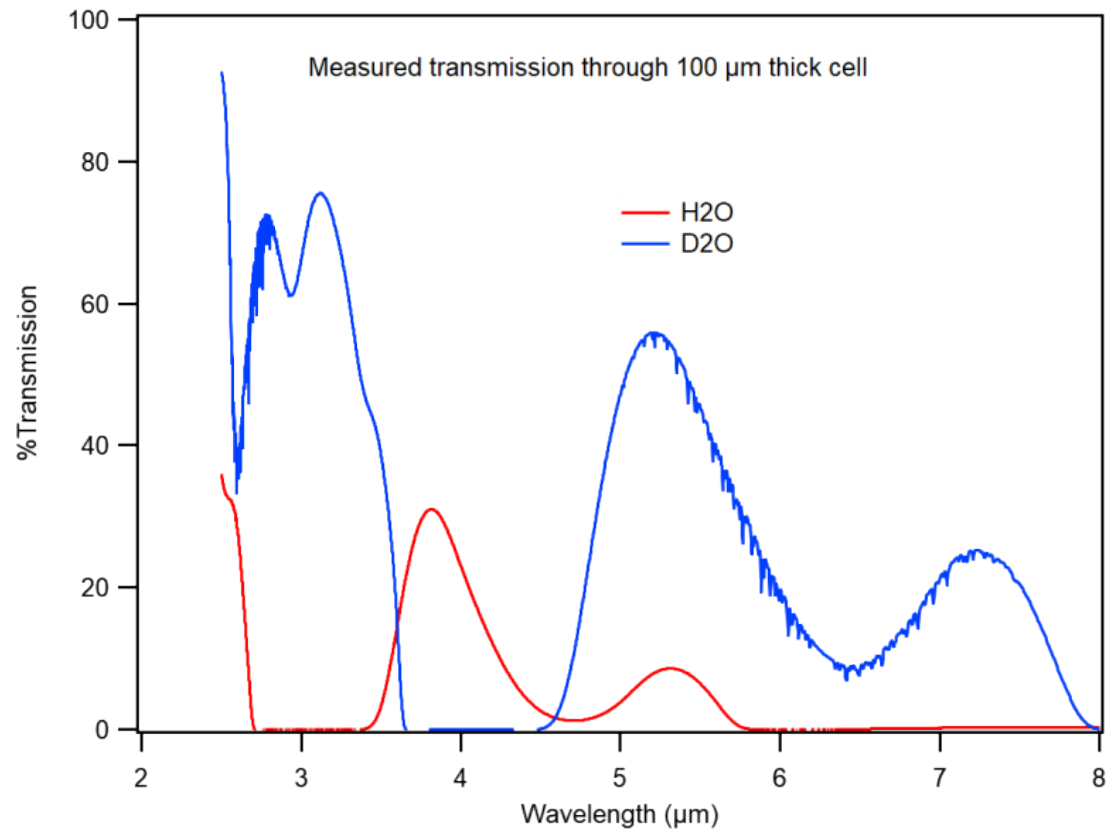
This plot calculates the radiance spectra exiting the water for layers at various depths into the water. The absorption spectrum of water and ZrF_4 fiber were used (InSb response not included).

Spectra at the surface emits more near the 3 micron absorption peak of water.

0-1 um accounts for 13% of integrated radiance



Transmission Profiles



How does the New Data Compare with Theory?



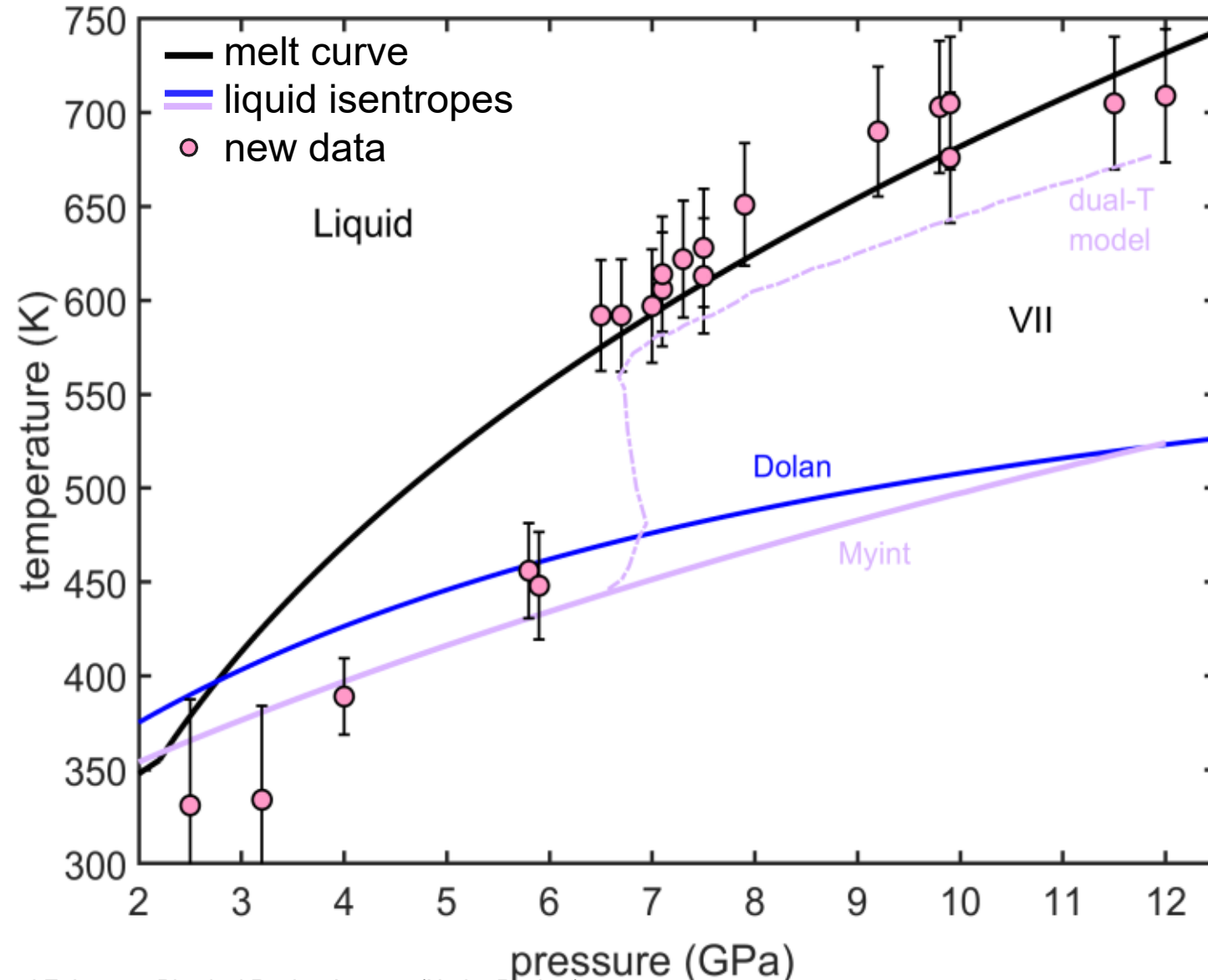
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