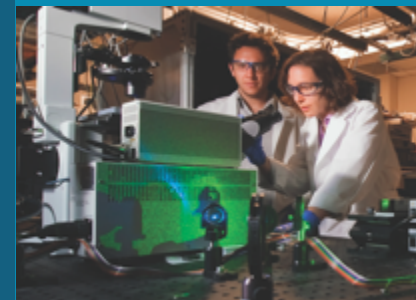


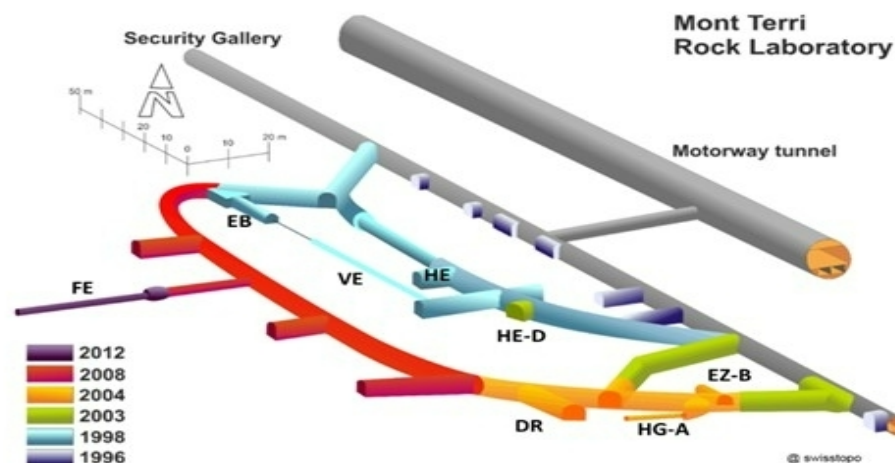


# DECOVALEX23: Task C, Step 1 SNL Preliminary Thermal Hydrologic Modeling of Full-Scale Heater Experiment



DECOVALEX23  
Interim Meeting

Feb 21, 2022



PRESENTED BY

**Teklu Hadgu, Thomas Dewers and Edward Matteo**

Sandia National Laboratories is a multimission laboratory managed and operated by National Technology and Engineering Solutions of Sandia LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of Honeywell International Inc. for the U.S. Department of Energy's National Nuclear Security

Sandia National Laboratories is a multimission laboratory managed and operated by National Technology and Engineering Solutions of Sandia, LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of Honeywell International Inc., for the U.S. Department of Energy's National Nuclear Security Administration under contract DE-NA0003525.



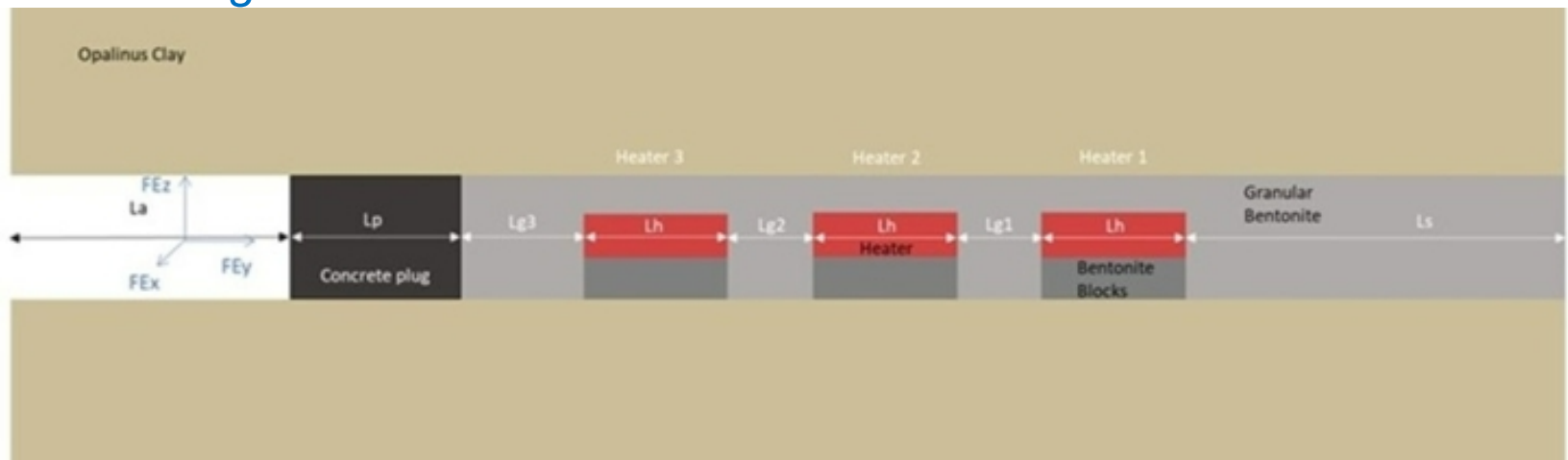
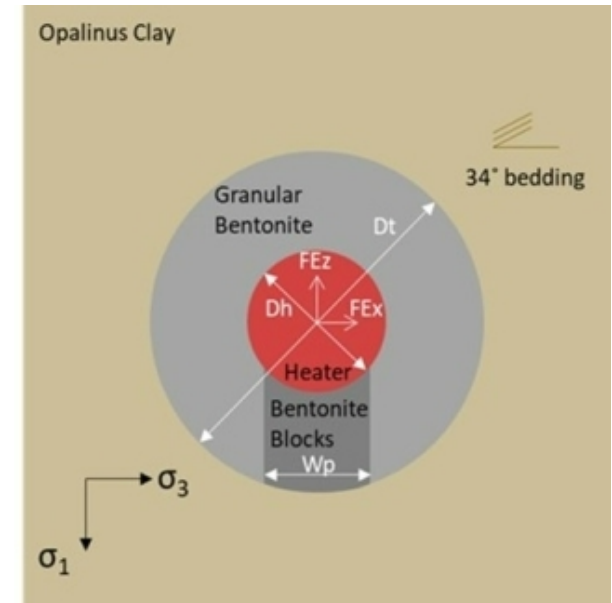


- Preliminary thermal and TH simulations of Step 1
- Meshing and representation of tunnel
- PFLOTRAN simulations
- Summary of modeling results and future work

# I. Step 1: TH Modeling using PFLOTRAN



- Preliminary thermal and thermal-hydrology modeling of Step 1 for the full-scale in-situ heater test
- Used properties developed in Step 0
- Used Task C specified material properties:
  - Thermal conductivity vs saturation equation
  - Density of water equation with constant thermal expansion
  - Porosity and pore compressibility equation
- Heating schedule of the three heaters



- Initial condition:

- $T = 15\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  everywhere
- Hydrostatic pressure at opalinus clay
- Bentonite blocks initial condition:
- Calculated liquid saturation = 0.919
- Granular bentonite initial condition:
  - calculated liquid saturation = 0.227

- Diffusion Coefficient:

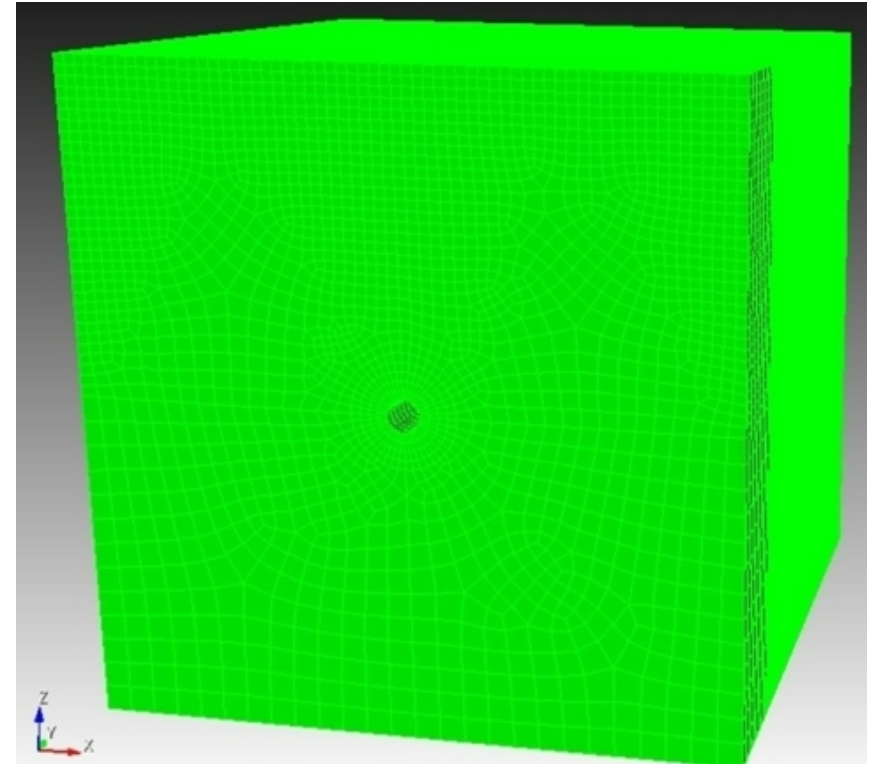
- Liquid phase:  $2.0 \times 10^{-9}\text{ m}^2/\text{s}$
- Gas phase:  $2.42 \times 10^{-5}\text{ m}^2/\text{s}$

- Boundary Condition:

- Column outer boundary at 2.0 MPa and  $15\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Specified heat applied at heater boundary

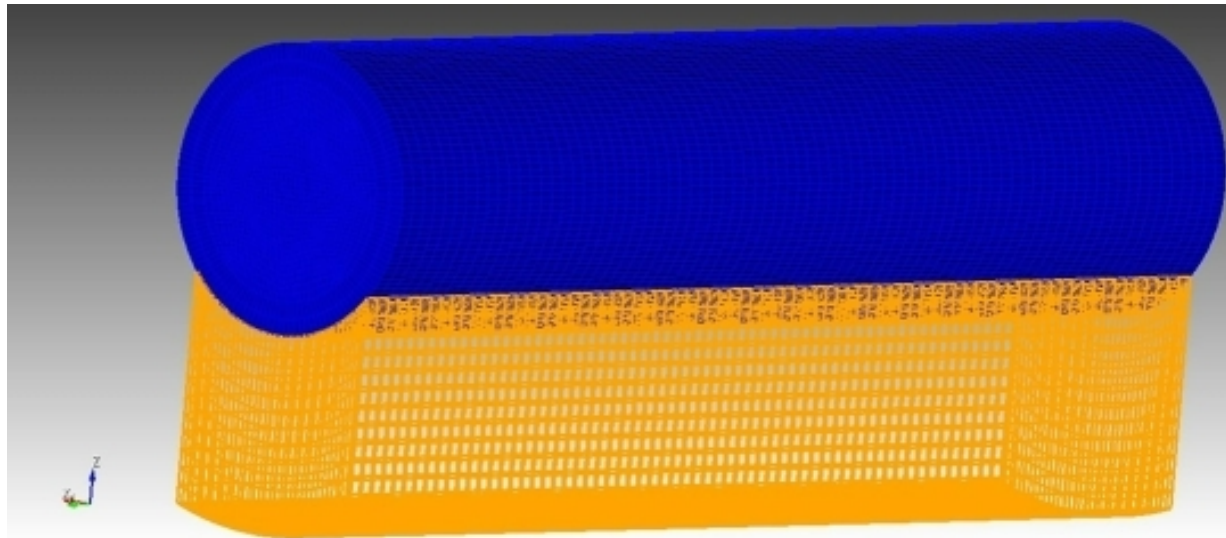
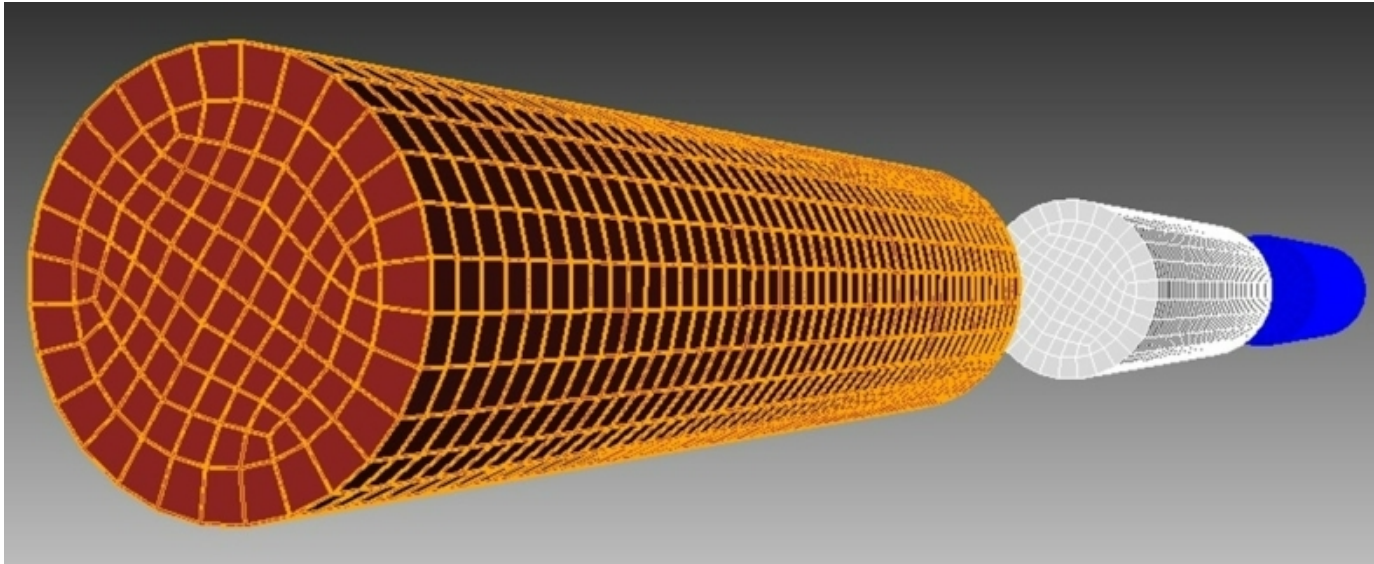
- Opalinus Clay:

- Anisotropy in permeability and thermal conductivity

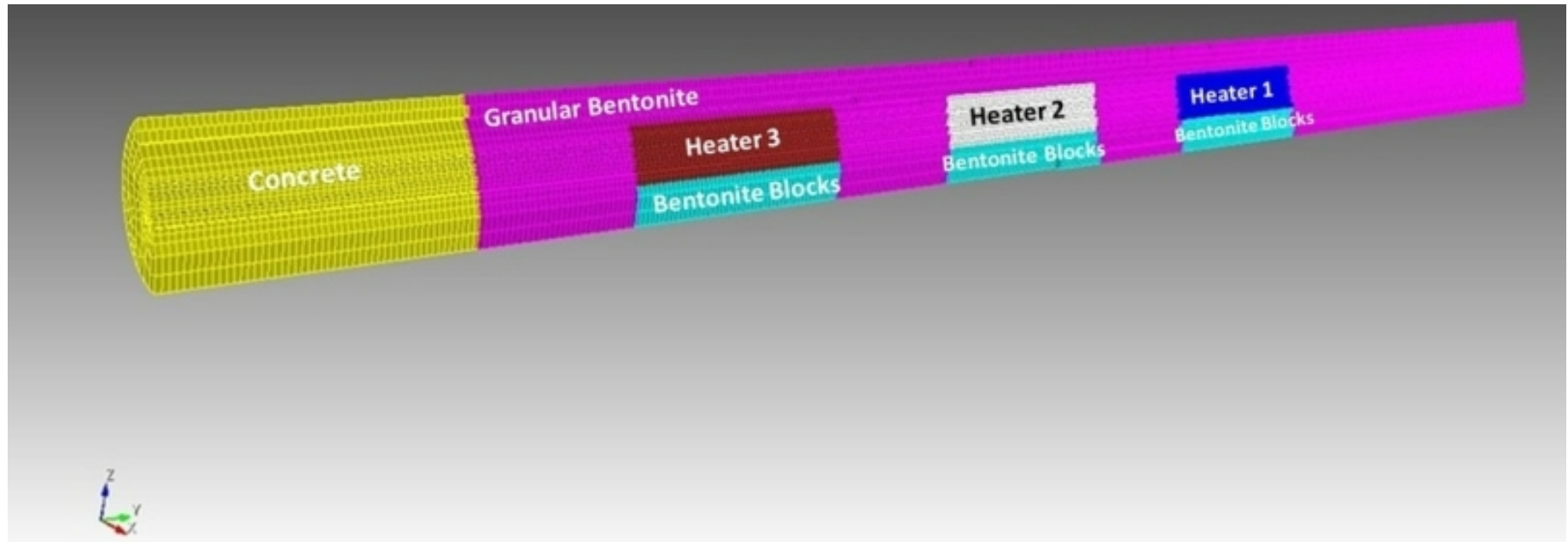


**Domain size: 50 m x 50 m x 50 m**

# Step 1: Meshing of Heaters and Bentonite Blocks

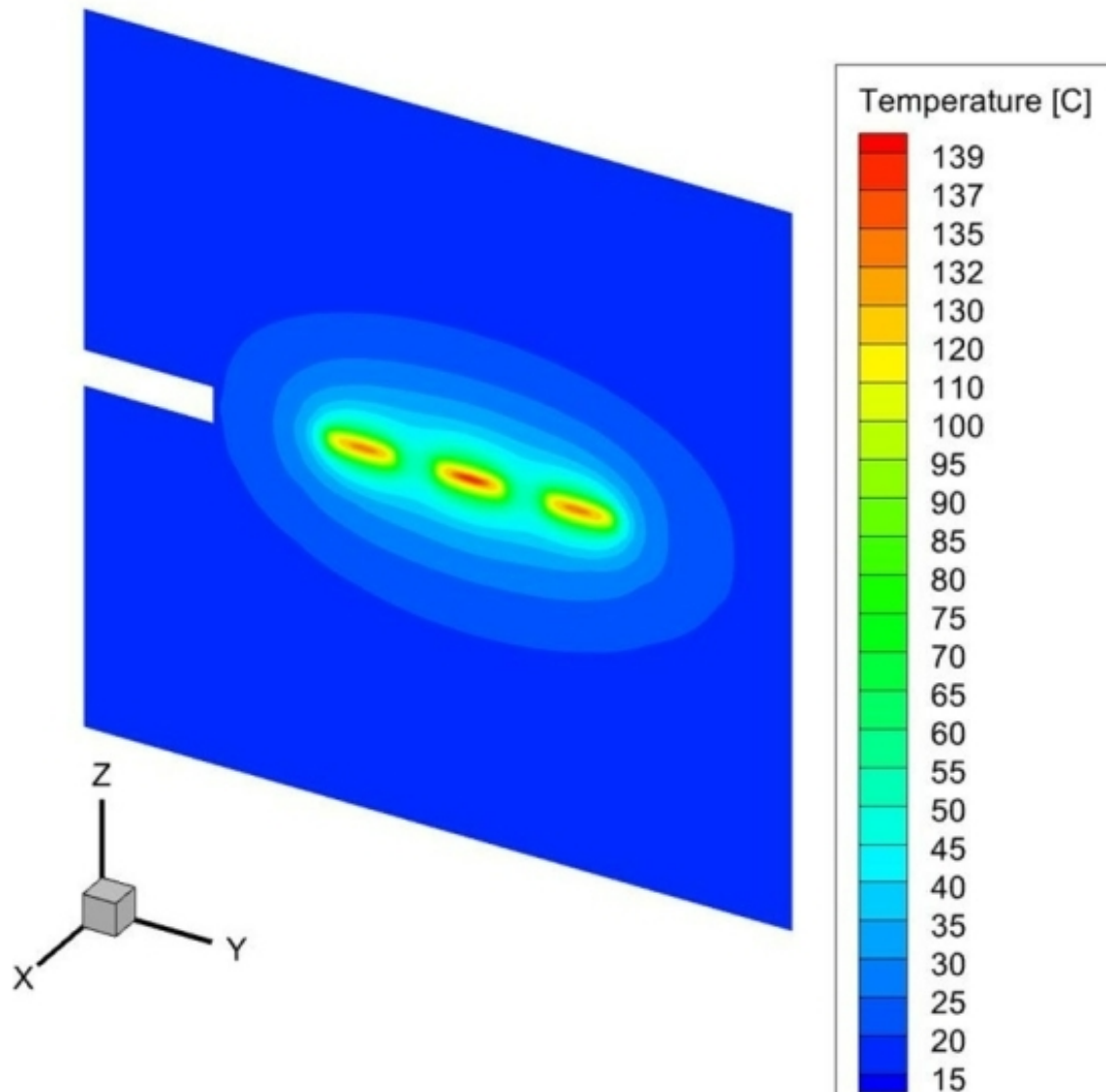


# Step1: Representation of the Experimental Tunnel

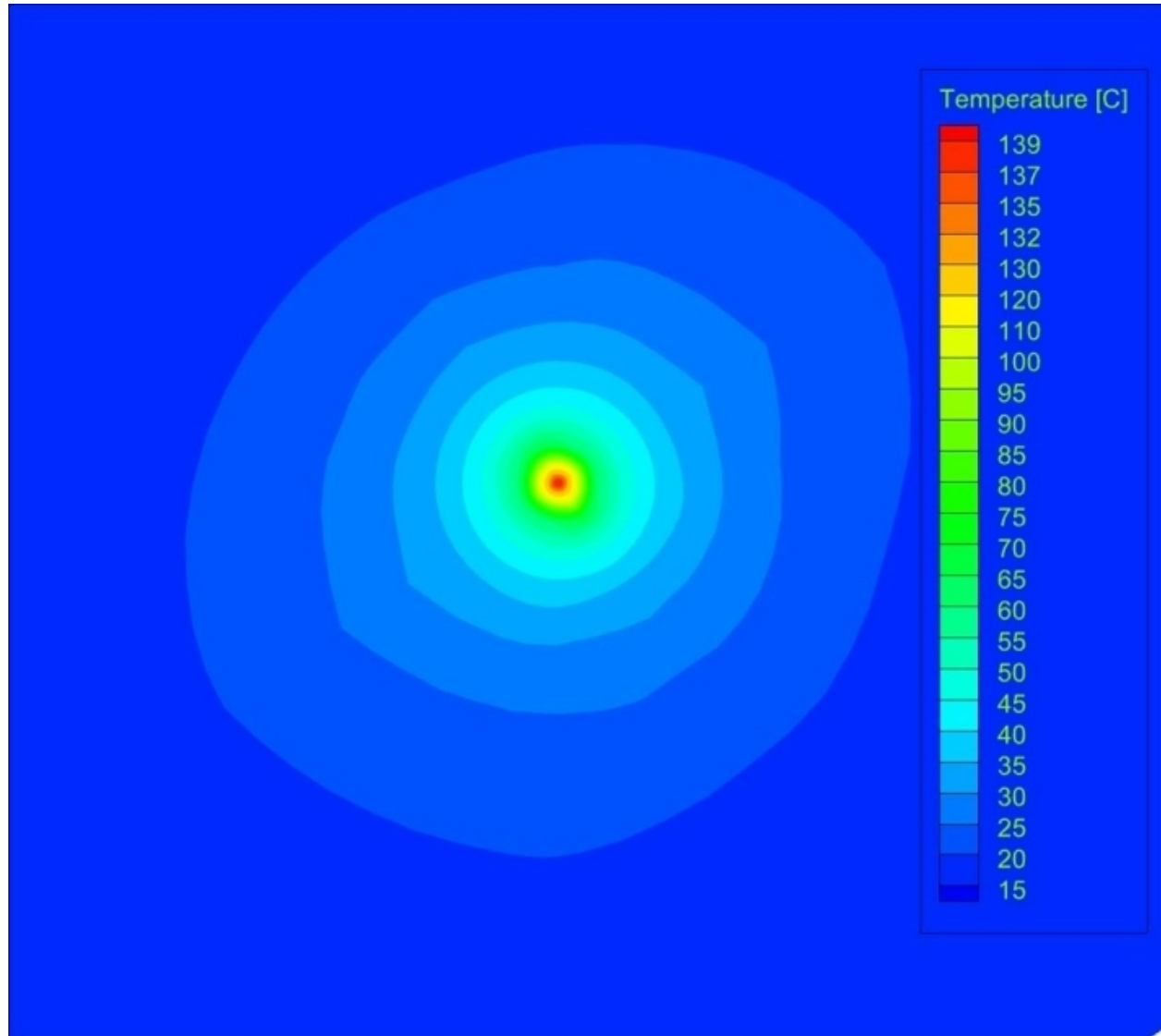




# Step 1-Thermal: Prediction of Temperature Distribution along Tunnel Axis at 5 Years



# Step 1-Thermal: Prediction of Temperature Distribution at 5 Years: Cross-section at Heater 2

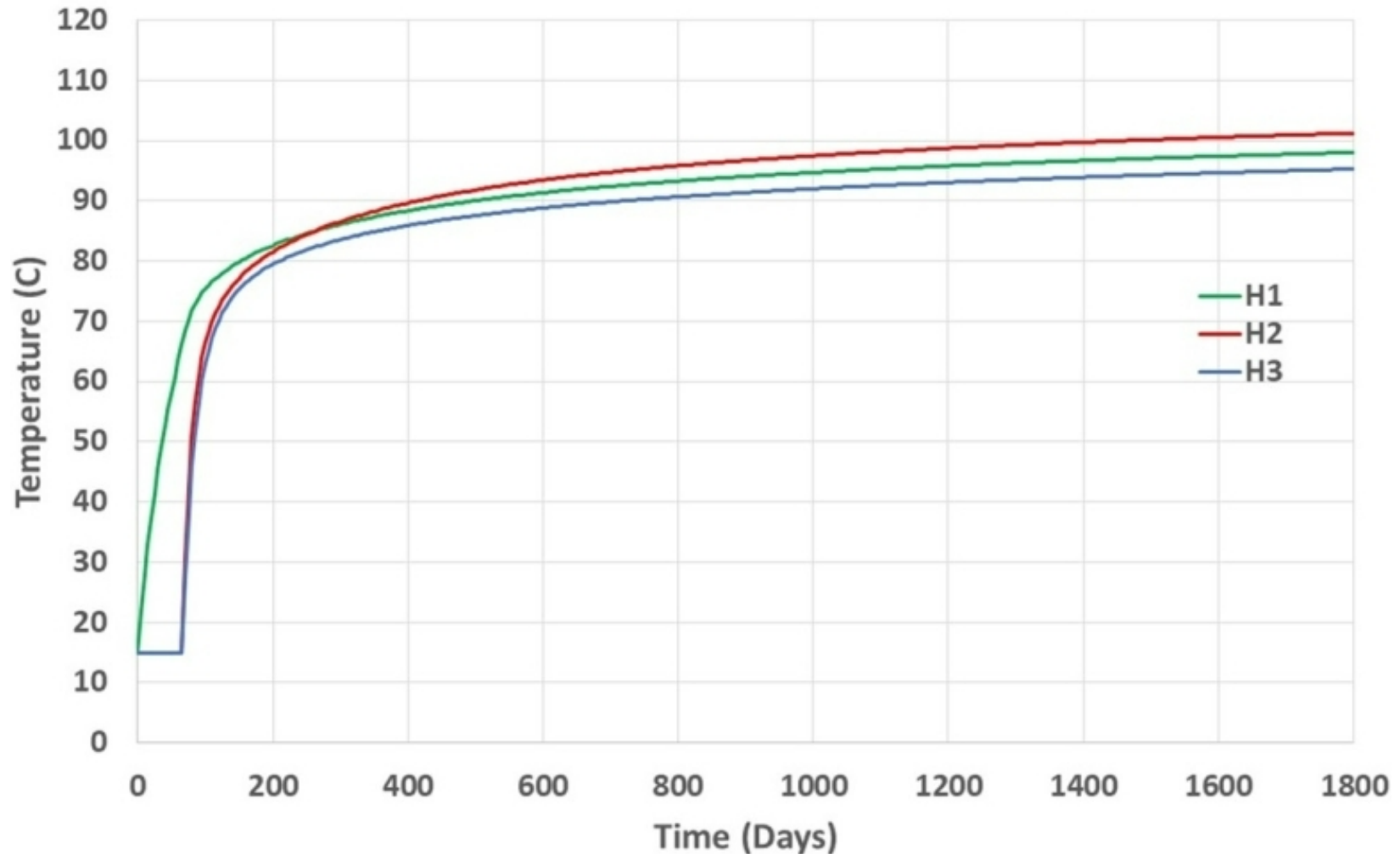




# Step 1-Thermal: Prediction of Temperature Evolution at Selected Observation Points



Task C, Step 1: Thermal-Only Temperature Results



# Summary



- Conducted preliminary Task C, Step 1 PFLOTRAN simulations using material properties developed in Step 0
- Next Steps:
  - Updated Step 1 thermal and thermal-hydrology modeling
  - Comparison of modeling results with experimental data