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**DATASET RELEASE AND QUALITY CONTROL
REVIEW OF LIVERMORE NEVADA NETWORK
(LNN) RECORDINGS OF A SUBSET OF
NEVADA NUCLEAR SECURITY SITE NUCLEAR
EXPLOSIONS FROM 1979 TO 1992.**

R. L. Rodd, A. C. Price

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DATASET RELEASE AND QUALITY CONTROL REVIEW OF LIVERMORE NEVADA NETWORK (LNN) RECORDINGS OF A SUBSET OF NEVADA NUCLEAR SECURITY SITE NUCLEAR EXPLOSIONS FROM 1979 TO 1992.

Rebecca L. Rodd¹, Amanda C. Price¹
Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory¹

Introduction

Geophysical research on historical nuclear tests is an important aspect of future monitoring capabilities in seismic research. This research is challenging due to the limited number of digital seismic recordings during the peak of nuclear testing (1945-1992). These limited records are unique and non-reproducible data with potential high research impact. Releasing available nuclear explosion seismic records to the explosion monitoring community is thus of high value and is the motivation for this dataset release.

The target of this effort was on compilation and quality control of regional seismic records of nuclear explosions recorded on Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory stations ELK, KNB, LAC, and MNV, known collectively as the Livermore National Network (LNN) (Figure 1). LNN was established in the early 1960s for the primary purpose of monitoring underground nuclear testing at the former Nevada Test Site (NTS), now known as the Nevada Nuclear Security Site (NNSS) following the signing of the Limited Test Ban Treaty (LTBT). LNN consisted initially of short-period vertical component Benioff's recorded on film located at Mina, NV (MNV) and Kanab, Utah (KNB). LNN added two additional stations at Landers, CA (LAC) and Elko, NV (ELK) in 1967 and upgraded equipment to broadband seismometers recorded on frequency modulation (FM) tapes from 1967-1979, followed by digital recordings after 1979 (Jarpe, 1989). The digital recordings were on a variety of now obsolete media, including 9-track, Exabyte, and DAT tapes. Jarpe (1989) describes the seismic station instrumentation details over the period of deployment. LNN recorded valuable non-repeatable unique data of several hundreds of nuclear explosions at NNSS, as well as earthquakes and chemical and mining explosions (Walter, 2020). The details of these nuclear tests are provided in the Department of Energy Report NV-209 Rev 16 (DOE, 2015).

Several digitization recovery efforts of LNN recordings have occurred since these were recorded several decades ago. These digital recordings were read and archived at LLNL in a geophysical database and repository. Of these recordings, 73 nuclear explosions were published alongside records from the Leo Brady Network (LBN), western U.S. IMS stations, and Southern Great Basin Network (SGBN) (Walter et al., 2004). In addition to the waveforms and composite event catalog, Walter et al. (2004) published analyst picks that were used to identify potential timing errors in the data. The Western U.S. dataset described in Walter et al. (2004) was sent via

CDROM upon request to many researchers since release and in 2018 was made available as an assembled dataset at IRIS at <http://ds.iris.edu/mda/18-001/>.

There were also over a hundred additional nuclear events at NNSS that were not published in Walter et. al. (2004). Of these events, LLNL has recordings from at least one of the LNN stations for 108 additional nuclear explosions that occurred after 1979 (digital tape era). The data released alongside this report are of the LNN recordings of these 108 nuclear explosions.

Data Selection

We selected the subset of nuclear explosions at NNSS based on availability of digitized LNN recordings of the events. To be included in this release, the event required a regional recording from at least one LNN station. Additionally, we only targeted events after 1979 as we were more confident in the instrument responses for that period. The instrument responses for this period had been previously reviewed and released in the Western U.S dataset release (Walter et. al., 2004). Based on these criteria, 108 events were identified for possible release.

Figure 2 shows the selection of events included in this data release. All events are nuclear explosions that were conducted from January 24, 1979 to April 30, 1992, at NNSS between 36.994° and 37.348° latitude and -116.500° and -115.998° longitude. 97 of the explosions were U.S.-led shots, while 11 were U.K.-led shots. The spatial distribution of the explosions is spread over three regions, Pahute Mesa in the Northwest, Yucca Flat to the Southeast, with Rainier Mesa in between. “The events in Yucca Flat cover a range of sizes and depths while those in Rainier Mesa tend to be smaller and shallower and in Pahute Mesa they are larger and deeper.

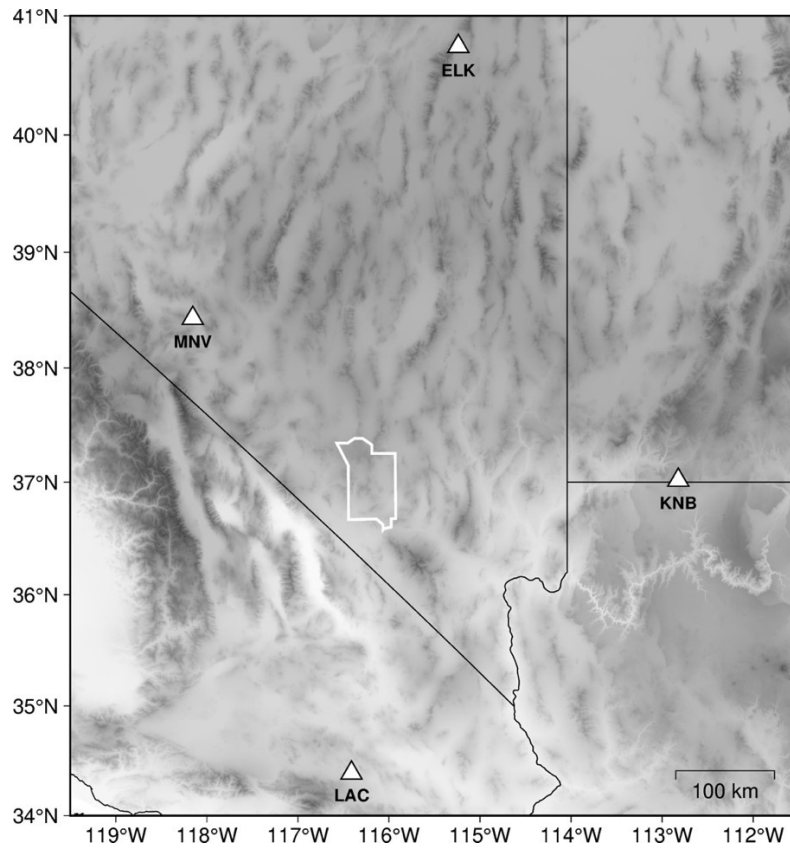


Figure 1. Livermore Nevada Network of stations shown as white triangles. The Nevada Nuclear Security Site (NNSS) outlined in white. The topography model used is SRTM (NASA, 2013).

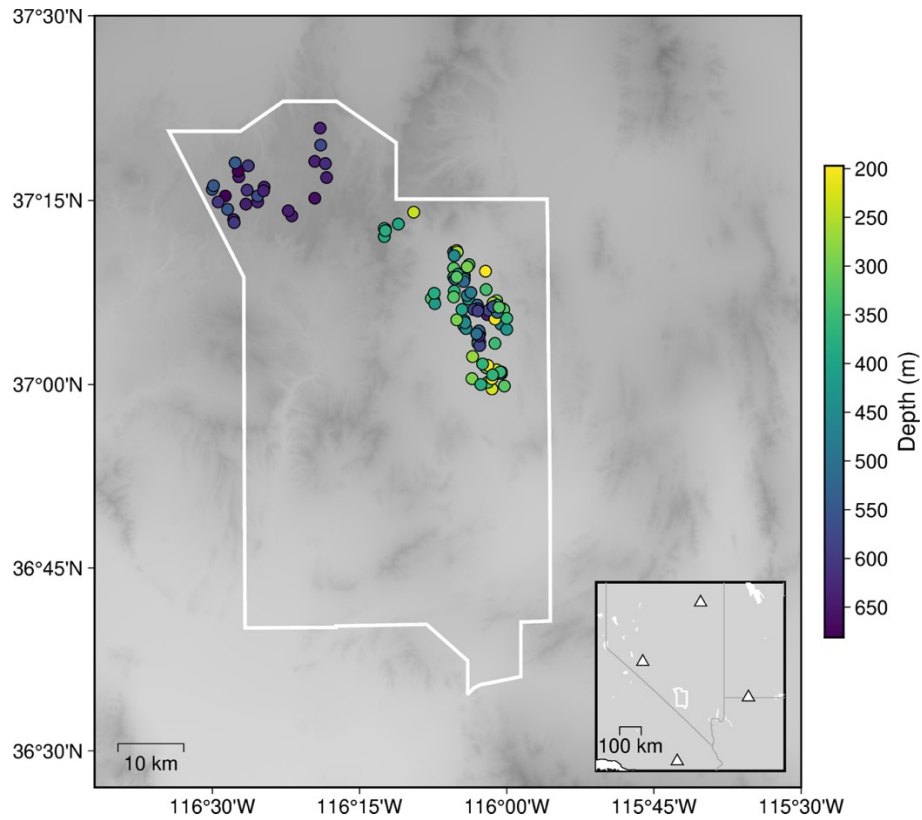


Figure 2. Map of nuclear explosions reviewed and released colored by depth in meters. NNSS is outlined in white. The subset map shows the LNN network from Figure 1.

Table 1. Station locations for the LNN legacy network.

| Station | Latitude | Longitude | Elevation (m) |
|---------|----------|-----------|---------------|
| ELK | 40.7448 | -115.2388 | 2.21 |
| KNB | 37.0166 | -112.8224 | 1.715 |
| LAC | 34.3898 | -116.4115 | 0.792 |
| MNV | 38.4328 | -118.1531 | 1.507 |

Table 2. Explosion information, including event name, time, and location for events in this release. Events with QC issue are identified in yellow. Events that are discluded from release due to significant timing issue are shown in red.

| Event ID | Name | Time | Lat | Long | Dep (km) | QC Issue | Included | Notes |
|----------|----------|-------------------------------|--------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-------|
| 1 | Baccarat | 1979/01/24 (024) 18:00:00.100 | 37.105 | -116.013 | 0.326 | | x | |
| 2 | Quinella | 1979/02/08 (039) 20:00:00.090 | 37.102 | -116.056 | 0.579 | | x | |
| 3 | Kloster | 1979/02/15 (046) 18:05:00.160 | 37.152 | -116.073 | 0.536 | | x | |
| 4 | Memory | 1979/03/14 (073) 18:30:00.100 | 37.028 | -116.041 | 0.365 | | x | |
| 5 | Pepato | 1979/06/11 (162) 14:00:00.170 | 37.29 | -116.456 | 0.681 | x | x | |
| 6 | Chess | 1979/06/20 (171) 15:00:13.540 | 37.108 | -116.016 | 0.335 | | x | |
| 7 | Fajy | 1979/06/28 (179) 14:44:00.170 | 37.143 | -116.088 | 0.536 | | x | |
| 8 | Burzet | 1979/08/03 (215) 15:07:30.160 | 37.084 | -116.071 | 0.45 | | x | |

| | | | | | | | | |
|----|-------------|-------------------------------|--------|----------|-------|---|---|--|
| 9 | Offshore | 1979/08/08 (220) 15:00:00.110 | 37.015 | -116.009 | 0.396 | | x | |
| 10 | Nessel | 1979/08/29 (241) 15:08:00.170 | 37.121 | -116.067 | 0.464 | | x | |
| 11 | Sheepshead | 1979/09/26 (269) 15:00:00.090 | 37.229 | -116.365 | 0.64 | x | x | |
| 12 | Backgammon | 1979/11/29 (333) 15:00:00.100 | 36.994 | -116.025 | 0.229 | x | x | |
| 13 | Tarko | 1980/02/28 (059) 15:00:00.090 | 37.127 | -116.089 | 0.369 | x | x | |
| 14 | Norbo | 1980/03/08 (068) 15:35:00.090 | 37.18 | -116.084 | 0.271 | | x | |
| 15 | Liptauer | 1980/04/03 (094) 14:00:00.090 | 37.15 | -116.083 | 0.417 | | x | |
| 16 | Pyramid | 1980/04/16 (107) 20:00:00.090 | 37.101 | -116.031 | 0.579 | | x | |
| 17 | Colwick | 1980/04/26 (117) 17:00:00.080 | 37.248 | -116.423 | 0.633 | | x | |
| 18 | Canfield | 1980/05/02 (123) 18:46:30.090 | 37.056 | -116.02 | 0.351 | x | x | |
| 19 | Flora | 1980/05/22 (143) 13:00:00.090 | 37.003 | -116.032 | 0.335 | x | x | |
| 20 | Kash | 1980/06/12 (164) 17:15:00.090 | 37.282 | -116.455 | 0.645 | x | x | |
| 21 | Huron King | 1980/06/24 (176) 15:10:00.070 | 37.023 | -116.035 | 0.32 | x | x | |
| 22 | Tafi | 1980/07/25 (207) 19:05:00.080 | 37.256 | -116.478 | 0.68 | | x | |
| 23 | Verdello | 1980/07/31 (213) 18:19:00.090 | 37.013 | -116.024 | 0.366 | | x | |
| 24 | Bonarda | 1980/09/25 (269) 14:45:00.090 | 37.056 | -116.049 | 0.381 | x | x | |
| 25 | Rioia | 1980/09/25 (269) 15:26:30.080 | 37.116 | -116.065 | 0.424 | x | x | |
| 26 | Dutchess | 1980/10/24 (298) 19:15:00.120 | 37.075 | -116 | 0.427 | | x | |
| 27 | Miners Iron | 1980/10/31 (305) 18:00:00.090 | 37.211 | -116.206 | 0.39 | | x | |
| 28 | Dauphin | 1980/11/14 (319) 16:50:00.080 | 37.111 | -116.02 | 0.32 | | x | |
| 29 | Serpa | 1980/12/17 (352) 15:10:00.090 | 37.325 | -116.316 | 0.573 | | x | |
| 30 | Seco | 1981/02/25 (056) 15:00:00.080 | 37.182 | -116.085 | 0.2 | x | x | |
| 31 | Aligote | 1981/05/29 (149) 16:00:00.090 | 37.102 | -116.005 | 0.32 | x | x | |
| 32 | Harzer | 1981/06/06 (157) 18:00:00.080 | 37.303 | -116.326 | 0.637 | | x | |
| 33 | Niza | 1981/07/10 (191) 14:00:00.100 | 37.129 | -116.035 | 0.341 | | x | |
| 34 | Pineau | 1981/07/16 (197) 15:00:00.100 | 37.089 | -116.02 | 0.207 | | x | |
| 35 | Havarti | 1981/08/05 (217) 13:41:00.090 | 37.154 | -116.036 | 0.2 | x | x | |
| 36 | Islay | 1981/08/27 (239) 14:31:00.090 | 37.16 | -116.067 | 0.294 | | x | |
| 37 | Trebbiano | 1981/09/04 (247) 15:00:00.100 | 37.058 | -116.049 | 0.305 | | x | |
| 38 | Cernada | 1981/09/24 (267) 15:00:00.090 | 37.008 | -116.025 | 0.213 | | x | |
| 39 | Paliza | 1981/10/01 (274) 19:00:00.100 | 37.082 | -116.01 | 0.472 | | x | |
| 40 | Tilci | 1981/11/11 (315) 20:00:09.090 | 37.076 | -116.069 | 0.445 | | x | |
| 41 | Rousanne | 1981/11/12 (316) 15:00:00.100 | 37.108 | -116.05 | 0.517 | x | x | |
| 42 | Akavi | 1981/12/03 (337) 15:00:00.100 | 37.148 | -116.072 | 0.494 | | x | |
| 43 | Caboc | 1981/12/16 (350) 21:05:00.090 | 37.114 | -116.124 | 0.335 | | x | |
| 44 | Molbo | 1982/02/12 (043) 14:55:00.080 | 37.224 | -116.464 | 0.638 | x | x | |
| 45 | Hosta | 1982/02/12 (043) 15:25:00.090 | 37.348 | -116.317 | 0.64 | | x | |

| | | | | | | | | |
|----|--------|-------------------------------|--------|----------|-------|---|---|--|
| 46 | Tenaja | 1982/04/17 (107) 18:00:00.090 | 37.017 | -116.011 | 0.357 | x | x | |
| 47 | Gibne | 1982/04/25 (115) 18:05:00.010 | 37.256 | -116.423 | 0.57 | x | x | |

| | | | | | | | | |
|----|---------------|-------------------------------|--------|----------|-------|---|---|--|
| 48 | Kryddost | 1982/05/06 (126) 20:00:00.080 | 37.117 | -116.128 | 0.335 | | x | |
| 49 | Bouschet | 1982/05/07 (127) 18:17:00.110 | 37.069 | -116.046 | 0.564 | | x | |
| 50 | Kesti | 1982/06/16 (167) 14:00:00.080 | 37.114 | -116.017 | 0.289 | | x | |
| 51 | Nebbiolo | 1982/06/24 (175) 14:15:00.090 | 37.236 | -116.371 | 0.64 | | x | |
| 52 | Monterey | 1982/07/29 (210) 20:05:00.080 | 37.102 | -116.076 | 0.4 | x | x | |
| 53 | Cerro | 1982/09/02 (245) 14:00:00.090 | 37.02 | -116.017 | 0.229 | x | x | |
| 54 | Huron Landing | 1982/09/23 (266) 16:00:00.090 | 37.212 | -116.208 | 0.408 | | x | |
| 55 | Frisco | 1982/09/23 (266) 17:00:00.090 | 37.175 | -116.089 | 0.451 | | x | |
| 56 | Manteca | 1982/12/10 (344) 15:20:00.090 | 37.08 | -116.073 | 0.413 | x | x | |
| 57 | Cheedam | 1983/02/17 (048) 17:00:00.090 | 37.163 | -116.064 | 0.343 | x | x | |
| 58 | Cabra | 1983/03/26 (085) 20:20:00.090 | 37.301 | -116.461 | 0.542 | x | x | |
| 59 | Turquoise | 1983/04/14 (104) 19:05:00.120 | 37.073 | -116.047 | 0.533 | | x | |
| 60 | Armada | 1983/04/22 (112) 13:53:00.080 | 37.111 | -116.023 | 0.265 | x | x | |
| 61 | Crowd ie | 1983/05/05 (125) 15:20:00.080 | 37.146 | -116.09 | 0.39 | | x | |
| 62 | Mini Jade | 1983/05/26 (146) 14:30:00.090 | 37.209 | -116.206 | 0.379 | x | | Timing Issue - No signal in waveforms for time window |
| 63 | Fahada | 1983/05/26 (146) 15:00:00.090 | 37.103 | -116.007 | 0.384 | | x | |
| 64 | Danablu | 1983/06/09 (160) 17:10:00.090 | 37.158 | -116.09 | 0.32 | x | x | |
| 65 | Laban | 1983/08/03 (215) 13:33:00.100 | 37.119 | -116.09 | 0.326 | | x | |
| 66 | Sabado | 1983/08/11 (223) 14:00:00.120 | 36.998 | -116.004 | 0.32 | | x | |
| 67 | Romano | 1983/12/16 (350) 18:30:00.090 | 37.14 | -116.073 | 0.515 | | x | |
| 68 | Tortugas | 1984/03/01 (061) 17:45:00.090 | 37.066 | -116.047 | 0.639 | | x | |
| 69 | Agrini | 1984/03/31 (091) 14:30:00.080 | 37.146 | -116.085 | 0.32 | | x | |
| 70 | Mundo | 1984/05/01 (122) 19:05:00.090 | 37.106 | -116.023 | 0.566 | | x | |
| 71 | Caprock | 1984/05/31 (152) 13:04:00.100 | 37.103 | -116.049 | 0.6 | | x | |
| 72 | Duoro | 1984/06/20 (172) 15:15:00.090 | 37 | -116.044 | 0.381 | | x | |
| 73 | Kappeli | 1984/07/25 (207) 15:30:00.080 | 37.268 | -116.412 | 0.64 | | x | |
| 74 | Correo | 1984/08/02 (215) 15:00:00.090 | 37.017 | -116.009 | 0.334 | x | x | |
| 75 | Dolcetto | 1984/08/30 (243) 14:45:00.100 | 37.09 | -116 | 0.365 | | x | |
| 76 | Breton | 1984/09/13 (257) 14:00:00.000 | 37.087 | -116.072 | 0.483 | x | x | |
| 77 | Egmont | 1984/12/09 (344) 19:40:00.090 | 37.27 | -116.498 | 0.546 | | x | |
| 78 | Tierra | 1984/12/15 (350) 14:45:00.000 | 37.281 | -116.306 | 0.64 | | x | |

| | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-------------|-------------------------------|--------|----------|-------|---|---|--|
| 79 | Vaughn | 1985/03/15 (074) 16:31:00.100 | 37.058 | -116.046 | 0.426 | x | x | |
| 80 | Cottage | 1985/03/23 (082) 18:30:00.080 | 37.18 | -116.09 | 0.515 | | x | |
| 81 | Hermosa | 1985/04/02 (092) 20:00:00.090 | 37.095 | -116.033 | 0.64 | | x | |
| 82 | Misty Rain | 1985/04/06 (096) 23:15:00.090 | 37.201 | -116.208 | 0.389 | | x | |
| 83 | Towanda | 1985/05/02 (122) 15:20:00.080 | 37.253 | -116.326 | 0.66 | | x | |
| 84 | Salut | 1985/06/12 (163) 15:15:00.080 | 37.248 | -116.49 | 0.608 | | x | |
| 85 | Ville | 1985/06/12 (163) 17:30:00.090 | 37.088 | -116.085 | 0.293 | | x | |
| 86 | Maribo | 1985/06/26 (177) 18:03:00.080 | 37.124 | -116.123 | 0.381 | | x | |
| 87 | Serena | 1985/07/25 (206) 14:00:00.090 | 37.297 | -116.439 | 0.597 | x | x | |
| 88 | Ponil | 1985/09/27 (270) 14:15:00.080 | 37.09 | -116.003 | 0.365 | x | x | |
| 89 | Mill Yard | 1985/10/09 (282) 21:40:00.130 | 37.209 | -116.206 | 0.371 | x | | Timing Issue - No signal in waveforms for time window |
| 90 | Roquefort | 1985/10/16 (289) 21:35:00.090 | 37.11 | -116.122 | 0.415 | | x | |
| 91 | Kinibito | 1985/12/05 (339) 15:00:00.070 | 37.053 | -116.046 | 0.579 | | x | |
| 92 | Goldstone | 1985/12/28 (362) 19:01:00.090 | 37.238 | -116.474 | 0.549 | x | x | |
| 93 | Mighty Oak | 1986/04/10 (100) 14:08:30.100 | 37.218 | -116.184 | 0.394 | x | x | |
| 94 | Jefferson | 1986/04/22 (112) 14:30:00.090 | 37.264 | -116.441 | 0.609 | | x | |
| 95 | Panamint | 1986/05/21 (141) 13:59:00.080 | 37.125 | -116.061 | 0.48 | | x | |
| 96 | Tajo | 1986/06/05 (156) 15:04:00.060 | 37.098 | -116.016 | 0.518 | | x | |
| 97 | Darwin | 1986/06/25 (176) 20:27:45.090 | 37.265 | -116.5 | 0.549 | x | x | |
| 98 | Cornucopia | 1986/07/24 (205) 15:05:00.090 | 37.143 | -116.072 | 0.381 | x | x | |
| 99 | Aleman | 1986/09/11 (254) 14:57:00.110 | 37.069 | -116.051 | 0.503 | | x | |
| 100 | Labquark | 1986/09/30 (273) 22:30:00.100 | 37.3 | -116.308 | 0.616 | | x | |
| 101 | Belmont | 1986/10/16 (289) 19:25:00.090 | 37.22 | -116.463 | 0.605 | | x | |
| 102 | Gascon | 1986/11/14 (318) 16:00:00.070 | 37.1 | -116.049 | 0.593 | | x | |
| 103 | Bodie | 1986/12/13 (347) 17:50:05.090 | 37.263 | -116.413 | 0.635 | | x | |
| 104 | Whiteface-A | 1989/12/20 (354) 22:00:00.060 | 37.026 | -116.032 | 0.197 | x | | Timing Issue - No signal in waveforms for time window |
| 105 | Sundown-A | 1990/09/20 (263) 16:15:00.000 | 37.038 | -116.058 | 0.27 | x | | Timing Issue - No signal in waveforms for time window |

| | | | | | | | | |
|-----|--------------------|-------------------------------|--------|----------|-------|---|---|--|
| 106 | Ledoux | 1990/09/27 (270) 18:02:46.000 | 37.008 | -116.059 | 0.291 | x | | Timing Issue - No signal in waveforms for time window |
| 107 | Montello | 1991/04/16 (106) 15:30:00.070 | 37.245 | -116.443 | 0.642 | | x | |
| 108 | Diamond Fortune | 1992/04/30 (121) 16:30:00.000 | 37.234 | -116.158 | 0.236 | x | x | |

Table 3. Explosion information, including event name, time, and location for events in this release. Events with QC issue are identified in yellow. Events that are discluded from release due to significant timing issue are shown in red.

Manual Quality Control (QC)

For each event, all available LNN waveforms were manually reviewed for quality issues. We utilized Python packages Matplotlib, Obspy (Beyreuther, 2010), and Pisces (MacCarthy, 2020) to read and plot the waveform recordings of the nuclear explosion events stored in a geophysical database at LLNL. The observed (i.e., raw waveforms) were inspected for quality issues and defects including dead channels, spiking, gaps, noise, and large timing errors.

Significant timing errors could be identified when the signal arrival was not within the window of the event. However, most timing errors were not assessed in this manual review as it required calculating the time residual of expected arrival times and actual arrival times. An analyst has not reviewed and picked arrivals on these waveforms; thus, the time residuals could not be determined. The usefulness of this technique in identifying clock problems in LNN stations is described in Walter et. al. (2004) and could be a focus of future work on this dataset (see Future Work section).

After inspection of the raw waveforms, instrument responses were deconvolved from the observed waveform. The waveforms were again inspected for errors in instrument response, including abhorrent amplitude measurements (i.e., not physically feasible) and errors in response file resulting in failed deconvolution. Some preliminary scoping and analysis were done comparing synthetics to deconvolved filtered waveforms as a method to identify and quantify amplitude discrepancies and instrument response errors (see Preliminary Automated QC section). This could be an additional area of automated quality control assessment on this dataset (see Future Work).

Initially, other regional stations of interest were reviewed. However, after consistently identifying issues in either station quality and/or instrument responses, we focused our efforts solely on LNN stations. Table 3 lists the QC issues identified for a given event-station-channel. We've included examples of several QC issues in Figures 3-8. If a figure is present for a given QC item, it is listed in Table 3.

Table 4. Quality control issues identified for a given event, station, and channel. If the QC issue is shown in a figure in Appendix B, they are listed under the Figure column.

| Event ID | Station | Channel | Dead | Non-Seismic Noise | Low SNR | Spikes | Gaps | Clip | Figure | Notes |
|----------|---------|---------|------|-------------------|---------|--------|------|------|--------|---|
| 3 | MNV | r | | x | | | | | | Not seismic data, no signal observed |
| 3 | MNV | t | | x | | | | | | Not seismic data, no signal observed |
| 3 | MNV | v | | x | | | | | | Not seismic data, no signal observed |
| 11 | KNB | r | | x | | x | | | | spike/noise in the coda wave, possible sensor/cable issue |
| 12 | ELK | r | | | x | | | | | signal visible with filter |
| 12 | ELK | t | | | x | | | | | signal visible with filter |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|----|-----|---|--|---|---|--|---|--|-------|--|
| 12 | ELK | v | | | x | | | | | signal visible with filter |
| 12 | KNB | r | | | x | | | | | signal visible with filter |
| 12 | KNB | t | | | x | | | | | signal visible with filter |
| 12 | KNB | v | | | x | | | | | signal visible with filter |
| 12 | LAC | r | | | x | | | | | signal visible with filter |
| 12 | LAC | t | | | x | | | | | signal visible with filter |
| 12 | LAC | v | | | x | | | | | signal visible with filter |
| 12 | MNV | r | | | x | | | | | signal visible with filter |
| 12 | MNV | t | | | x | | | | | signal visible with filter |
| 12 | MNV | v | | | x | | | | | signal visible with filter |
| 13 | ELK | r | | x | | | | | | non-seismic noise, bad data |
| 13 | ELK | t | | x | | | | | | non-seismic noise, bad data |
| 13 | ELK | v | | x | | | | | | non-seismic noise, bad data |
| 18 | ELK | r | | | | | x | | Fig 8 | 8 s gap ~16s after arrival during S-wave |
| 18 | ELK | t | | | | | x | | Fig 8 | 8 s gap ~16s after arrival during S-wave |
| 18 | ELK | v | | | | | x | | Fig 8 | 8 s gap ~16s after arrival during S-wave |
| 19 | ELK | r | | | x | | | | | signal visible with filter |
| 19 | ELK | t | | | x | | | | | signal visible with filter |
| 19 | ELK | v | | | x | | | | | signal visible with filter |
| 19 | KNB | r | | | x | | | | | signal visible with filter |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|----|-----|---|--|---|---|--|--|---|-------|---|
| 19 | KNB | t | | | x | | | | | signal visible with filter |
| 19 | KNB | v | | | x | | | | | signal visible with filter |
| 19 | LAC | r | | | x | | | | | signal visible with filter |
| 19 | LAC | t | | | x | | | | | signal visible with filter |
| 19 | LAC | v | | | x | | | | | signal visible with filter |
| 19 | MNV | r | | | x | | | | | signal visible with filter |
| 19 | MNV | t | | | x | | | | | signal visible with filter |
| 19 | MNV | v | | | x | | | | | signal visible with filter |
| 20 | ELK | v | | | | | | x | | truncated values in surface wave, but lower amplitude than other non-clipped values |
| 21 | ELK | r | | x | | | | | Fig 4 | Triangular wave pattern |
| 21 | ELK | t | | x | | | | | Fig 4 | Triangular wave pattern |
| 21 | ELK | v | | x | | | | | Fig 4 | Triangular wave pattern |
| 24 | ELK | r | | | | | | x | Fig # | ~2m 7s gap, ~3m 3s after origin time |
| 24 | ELK | t | | | | | | x | | ~2m 7s gap, ~3m 3s after origin time |
| 24 | ELK | v | | | | | | x | | ~2m 7s gap, ~3m 3s after origin time |
| 24 | KNB | r | | | | | | x | | ~1m 30s gap, ~3m 3s after origin time |
| 24 | KNB | t | | | | | | x | | ~1m 30s gap, ~3m 3s after origin time |
| 24 | KNB | v | | | | | | x | | ~1m 30s gap, ~3m 3s after origin time |
| 24 | LAC | r | | | | | | x | | ~1m gap, ~3m 3s after origin time |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|----|-----|---|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|---------------------------------------|
| 24 | LAC | t | | | | | | x | | ~1m gap, ~3m 3s after origin time |
| 24 | LAC | v | | | | | | x | | ~1m 20s gap, ~3m 3s after origin time |
| 24 | MNV | r | | | | | | x | | ~1m 20s gap, ~3m 3s after origin time |
| 24 | MNV | t | | | | | | x | | ~1m 20s gap, ~3m 3s after origin time |
| 24 | MNV | v | | | | | | x | | ~1m 20s gap, ~3m 3s after origin time |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|----|-----|---|--|--|---|--|---|--|--|---|
| 25 | ELK | r | | | | | x | | | Multiple short gaps during event signal, followed by ~2m gap at ~15:28:00 |
| 25 | ELK | t | | | | | x | | | Multiple short gaps during event signal, followed by ~2m gap at ~15:28:00 |
| 25 | ELK | v | | | | | x | | | Multiple short gaps during event signal, followed by ~2m gap at ~15:28:00 |
| 25 | KNB | r | | | | | x | | | Multiple short gaps during event signal, followed by ~2m gap at ~15:28:00 |
| 25 | KNB | t | | | | | x | | | Multiple short gaps during event signal, followed by ~2m gap at ~15:28:00 |
| 25 | KNB | v | | | | | x | | | Multiple short gaps during event signal, followed by ~2m gap at ~15:28:00 |
| 25 | LAC | r | | | | | x | | | Multiple short gaps during event signal, followed by ~2m gap at ~15:28:00 |
| 25 | LAC | t | | | | | x | | | Multiple short gaps during event signal, followed by ~2m gap at ~15:28:00 |
| 25 | LAC | v | | | | | x | | | Multiple short gaps during event signal, followed by ~2m gap at ~15:28:00 |
| 25 | MNV | r | | | | | x | | | Multiple short gaps during event signal, followed by ~2m gap at ~15:28:00 |
| 25 | MNV | t | | | | | x | | | Multiple short gaps during event signal, followed by ~2m gap at ~15:28:00 |
| 25 | MNV | v | | | | | x | | | Multiple short gaps during event signal, followed by ~2m gap at ~15:28:00 |
| 30 | ELK | r | | | x | | | | | signal visible with filter |
| 30 | ELK | t | | | x | | | | | signal visible with filter |
| 30 | ELK | v | | | x | | | | | signal visible with filter |
| 30 | KNB | r | | | x | | | | | signal visible with filter |
| 30 | KNB | t | | | x | | | | | signal visible with filter |
| 30 | KNB | v | | | x | | | | | signal visible with filter |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|----|-----|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|----------------------------|
| 30 | LAC | r | | | x | | | | | signal visible with filter |
| 30 | LAC | t | | | x | | | | | signal visible with filter |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|----|-----|---|--|---|---|--|--|---|-------|--|
| 30 | LAC | v | | | x | | | | | signal visible with filter |
| 31 | KNB | t | | x | | | | | | Not seismic data, likely broken sensor |
| 35 | ELK | r | | | x | | | | Fig 7 | signal visible with filter |
| 35 | ELK | t | | | x | | | | Fig 7 | signal visible with filter |
| 35 | ELK | v | | | x | | | | Fig 7 | signal visible with filter |
| 35 | KNB | r | | | x | | | | Fig 7 | signal visible with filter |
| 35 | KNB | t | | | x | | | | Fig 7 | signal visible with filter |
| 35 | KNB | v | | | x | | | | Fig 7 | signal visible with filter |
| 35 | LAC | r | | | x | | | | Fig 7 | signal visible with filter |
| 35 | LAC | t | | | x | | | | Fig 7 | signal visible with filter |
| 35 | LAC | v | | | x | | | | Fig 7 | signal visible with filter |
| 35 | MNV | r | | | x | | | | Fig 7 | signal visible with filter |
| 35 | MNV | t | | | x | | | | Fig 7 | signal visible with filter |
| 35 | MNV | v | | | x | | | | Fig 7 | signal visible with filter |
| 41 | KNB | r | | x | | | | | | Step up with noise at ~24s after first arrival |
| 44 | KNB | r | | | | | | x | | 4s and 12s gaps after S-wave arrival |
| 44 | KNB | t | | | | | | x | | 4s and 12s gaps after S-wave arrival |
| 44 | KNB | v | | | | | | x | | 4s and 12s gaps after S-wave arrival |
| 46 | ELK | r | | x | | | | | | Step up with noise ~5 m 32 s after first arrival |
| 47 | MNV | r | | | | | | x | | ~x gap in ~x after arrival |
| 47 | MNV | t | | | | | | x | | ~x gap in ~x after arrival |
| 47 | MNV | v | | | | | | x | | ~x gap in ~x after arrival |
| 52 | MNV | r | | | | | | x | | Gaps in coda wave |
| 52 | MNV | t | | | | | | x | | Gaps in coda wave |
| 52 | MNV | v | | | | | | x | | Gaps in coda wave |
| 53 | KNB | r | | x | | | | | Fig 5 | Bad data, possible broken sensor/cable |
| 53 | KNB | t | | x | | | | | Fig 5 | Bad data, possible broken sensor/cable |
| 56 | KNB | r | | | | | | x | | ~1s gap in at 15:23:52 |
| 56 | KNB | t | | | | | | x | | ~1s gap in at 15:23:52 |
| 56 | KNB | v | | | | | | x | | ~1s gap in at 15:23:52 |
| 57 | MNV | r | | | | | | x | | ~21s gap in coda wave |
| 57 | MNV | t | | | | | | x | | ~21s gap in coda wave |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|----|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-------|---|
| 57 | MNV | v | | | | | x | | | ~21s gap in coda wave |
| 58 | MNV | r | | | | x | | | | Minor |
| 58 | MNV | t | | | | x | | | | Minor |
| 58 | MNV | v | | | | x | | | | Minor |
| 60 | KNB | r | | | x | | | | | Low SNR, noisy data |
| 64 | KNB | r | x | | | | | | | flat-line after S-wave arrival |
| 64 | KNB | t | x | | | | | | | flat-line after S-wave arrival |
| 64 | KNB | v | x | | | | | | | flat-line after S-wave arrival |
| 74 | KNB | e | | x | x | | x | | | Spike and high noise ~5m after arrival |
| 76 | ELK | e | | | | | x | | | ~4s gap at 14:01:47 |
| 76 | ELK | n | | | | | x | | | ~4s gap at 14:01:47 |
| 76 | ELK | v | | | | | x | | | ~4s gap at 14:01:47 |
| 79 | KNB | n | | x | | | x | | | Noise and gaps, calibration? |
| 87 | KNB | e | | x | | | | x | | bad data and clipping |
| 88 | KNB | v | | x | | | | | | square wave through entire signal |
| 92 | KNB | e | | x | | | x | | | Square wave in S-wave coda and 1s gap at 19:02:19.4 |
| 93 | LAC | e | x | | | | | | Fig 3 | Digitizer noise |
| 93 | LAC | n | x | | | | | | Fig 3 | Digitizer noise |
| 93 | LAC | v | | x | | | | | Fig 3 | |
| 97 | KNB | e | | x | | | | | | non-seismic noise, bad data, possible broken sensor/cable |
| 97 | KNB | n | | x | | | | | | non-seismic noise, bad data, possible broken sensor/cable |
| 98 | KNB | n | | x | | x | | | Fig 6 | large spikes and noise, possible broken sensor/cable |
| 98 | LAC | e | | x | | x | | | Fig 6 | large spikes and noise, possible broken sensor/cable |

Table 5. Quality control issues identified for a given event, station, and channel. If the QC issue is shown in a figure in Appendix B, they are listed under the Figure column.

Dead Channels, Non-Seismic Noise, Low SNR, Spikes

Table 3 shows columns for dead channels, non-seismic noise, spiking, and low SNR. Dead channels are identified by flat-line or nearly flat-lined (i.e., low counts with minimal variation) and typical digitizer noise.

Figure 3 displays waveform recordings on KNB, MNV, and LAC for event 93. There were no available digitized recordings of this event on ELK. LAC channel e and n are digitizer noise and channel z is also non-seismic noise.

Non-seismic noise is generic for any noise that was not seismic. Examples seen in this dataset are square waves, triangular waves (Figure 4), excessively garbled data (Figures 5 and 6) typical of a bad sensor or cable, etc. Figure 4 displays waveform recordings of all LNN stations for event 21. While KNB, LAC, and MNV recorded the event well, ELK waveform is a triangular wave pattern. Figures 5 and 6 display two examples of non-seismic noise and spiking for events 53 and 98, respectively. This type of noise is characteristic of either a sensor or cable problem, such as corrosion.

Low SNR was flagged for waveforms that had visually (no calculated SNR) lower signal-to-noise and required filtering to identify the energy arrivals (Figure 7).

Gaps

Eleven events were identified with at least a single waveform gap (Table 3). In some cases, the gaps are across multiple stations, a single station, or a single channel. Some are single gaps and multiple gaps that vary in duration. The notes section provides details on timing and duration of gap(s) for each waveform. Figure 8 displays waveform recordings for event 18 and the ~8 second gap after the S-wave arrival on all ELK channels.

Timing

We identified 5 of the 108 events with significant timing issues. There was no observable signal on any LNN station for 4 of these events. The 5th event had a signal on KNB only, but timing of the arrivals was later than expected. In each event, other regional stations had signal recordings and we'd expect the LNN network to as well. This suggests these waveforms were misattributed to these events or had timing offsets large enough such that the arrival did not appear within the segmented waveform. These 5 events, noted in Table 2, were not included in this release as they were not usable.

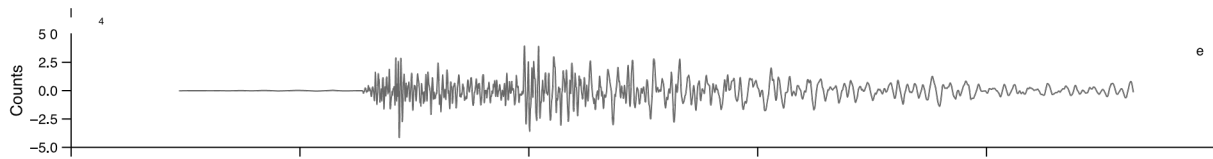
Dataset Release Content

The dataset in this release includes the LNN seismogram recordings of the 103 NNSS nuclear explosions described in this manuscript (5 events with significant timing error not included). Waveforms are provided in the .w format (i4) with accompanying metadata in NNSA KbCore standard (Carr, 2002; Carr, 2007). Station metadata is provided in site, sitechan, sensor, and instrument tables. Instrument responses are provided in SAC pole-zero files with linkage to the metadata by the sensor and instrument table. Event information is provided in event, origin, and netmag tables. The waveform metadata is provided in wfdisc which links the waveform files to the station and waveform metadata. The entire dataset is packaged into a tar file and can be found with this report at <https://ds.iris.edu/mda/23-014/>.

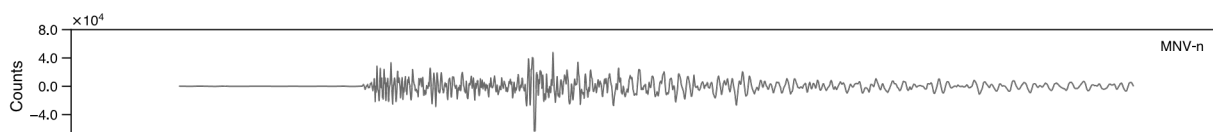
(a)

$\times 10^4$

MNV-



(b)



(a)

x10

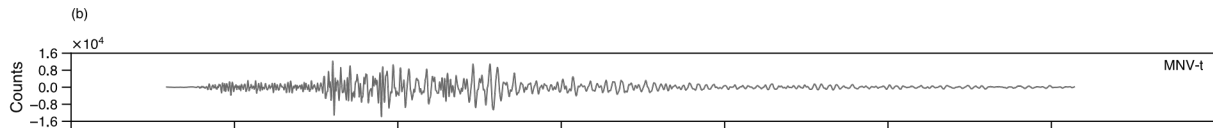
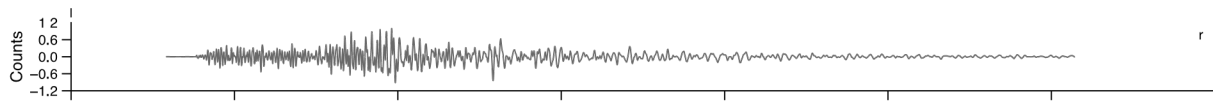
MNV-

Figure 3: LNN waveform recordings of event 93 with an identified QC issue. LAC recordings are non-seismic noise recordings and e- and n- channels are digitizer noise.

(a)

$\times 10^4$

MNV-



(a)

x10

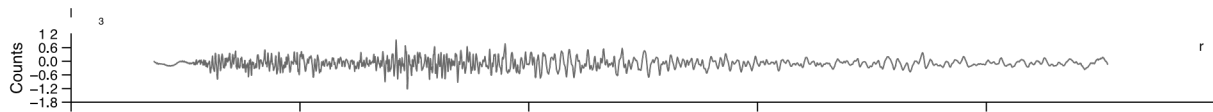
MNV-

Figure 4: LNN waveform recordings of event 21 with an identified QC issue. ELK recordings are non-seismic triangular-wave recordings.

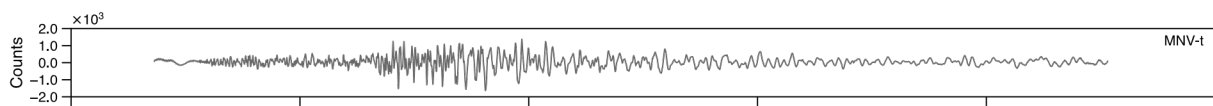
(a)

$\times 10^4$

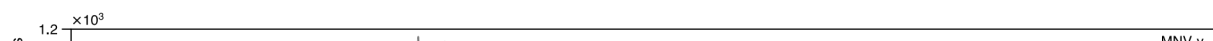
MNV-



(b)



(c)



MNV-

(a)

x10

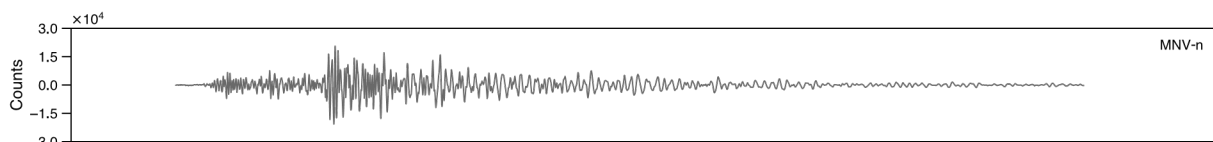
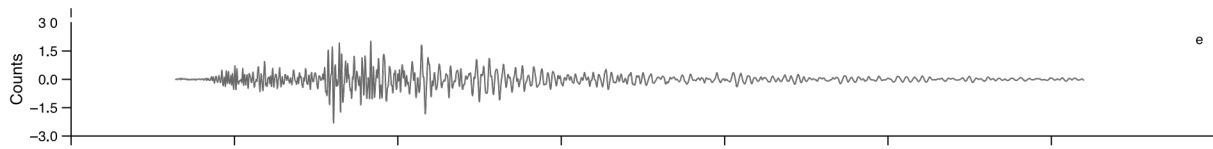
MNV-

Figure 5: LNN waveform recordings of event 53 with an identified QC issue. KNB r- and t- component waveforms have noise characteristic of sensor and/or cable issues, such as corrosion.

(a)

$\times 10^4$

MNV-



(a)

x10

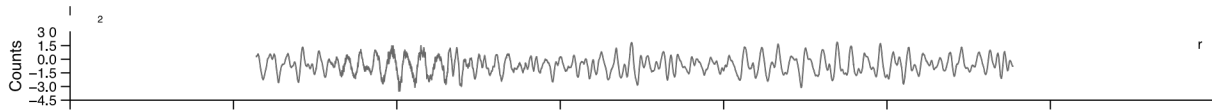
MNV-

Figure 6: LNN waveform recordings of event 98 with an identified QC issue. KNB e- and n- component waveforms have noise characteristic of sensor and/or cable issues, such as corrosion.

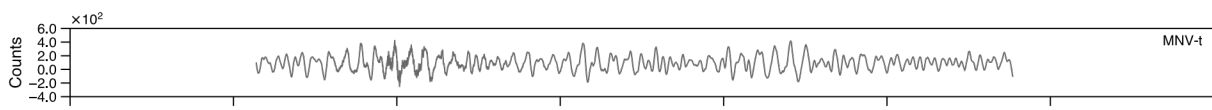
(a)

$\times 10^4$

MNV-



(b)



(c)



MNV-

(a)

x10

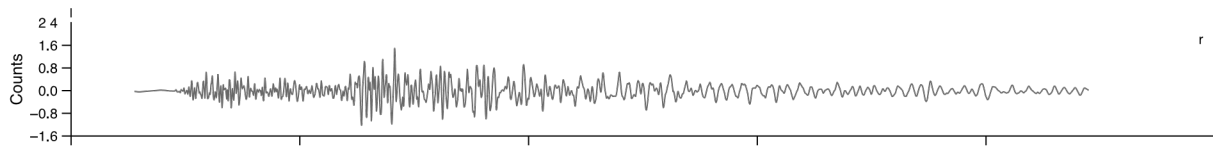
MNV-

Figure 7: LNN waveform recordings of event 35 with an identified QC issue. All station's waveforms have low SNR and filtering will enhance the SNR.

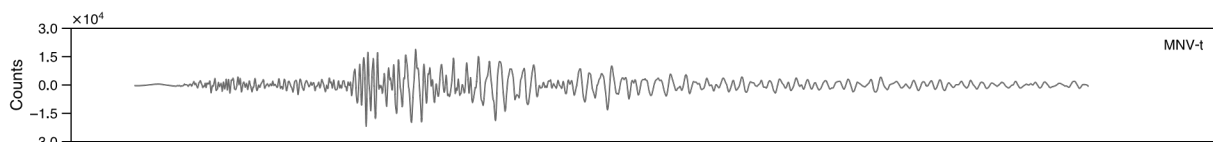
(a)

$\times 10^4$

MNV-



(b)



MNV-t

(a)

x10

MNV-

Figure 8: LNN waveform recordings of event 18 with an identified QC issue. All ELK waveforms have a gaps for ~8 seconds 15 seconds after the P-wave arrival.

Future Work

The primary scope of this project was to manually review the LNN waveform data and release the dataset alongside the documented QC issues. Any seismic datasets can have a variety of quality issues due to error in sensor, cables, digitizers, network connectivity, etc. Legacy seismic data is further challenging due to introduction of possible digitization error, lack of knowledge on legacy recording systems, and unknown or incomplete metadata. Manual QC is both timeintensive and cannot detect non-visible waveform issues, such as small timing errors, amplitude offsets, all instrument response errors, etc. Thus, automated QC methods can be particularly useful when applied to legacy seismic data.

Pycheron

Applying and interpreting automated QC methods to all waveforms was outside of the scope of this dataset release. A tool that would be useful to apply to this dataset and others for rapid QC is Pycheron, a Sandia National Laboratory python-based QC algorithm (Aur et al., 2021). Pycheron can be applied to the wfdisc tables provided in this dataset release to confirm the manual QC and possibly identify additional issues.

Synthetic Comparison

Another method useful for detecting QC issues is comparing synthetic seismograms against the recorded seismograms. This is an effective method when the synthetics are generated using trusted moment tensor solutions calculated from other “trusted” stations with high azimuthal coverage. Synthetics were generated for events with moment tensor solutions and compared to the real waveforms. The synthetic waveforms showed good agreement with the real waveforms, indicating there were no polarity reversals. In the future, ore analysis can be done to identify possible amplitude discrepancies and timing issues using this method.

Timing Checks

An additional area of quality control checks needed is on timing errors that are not detectable by manual review. This effort would require an analyst to phase pick on the seismograms and compare the phase arrivals to calculated arrivals based on modeling. This simple method can detect some timing issues, however, if the timing error is less than the arrival picking error and/or modeling error, timing issues could still be missed. Utilizing this method, Walter et al. (2004) identified several events recorded on LNN that had network and individual station clock problems of a couple of seconds to tenths of a second. It is likely that some recordings within this dataset release have clock problems and further work should be done to identify these potential timing issues.

Conclusion

Waveform data from the nuclear testing era is limited and due to the nuclear testing moratorium in 1992, seismogram recordings of nuclear testing are rare and non-repeatable. These data are necessary for ongoing and innovative explosion monitoring research efforts. We provide this dataset for release in hopes that it can be a valuable resource to the explosion monitoring community. There are several additional analyses that could be run on this dataset to further verify the quality as described above and we hope in the future to run such analyses on this dataset.

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