

PFLOTRAN Development

Nuclear Waste Technical Review Board
Fact Finding Meeting
October 13-14, 2021

Michael Nole
Sandia National Laboratories

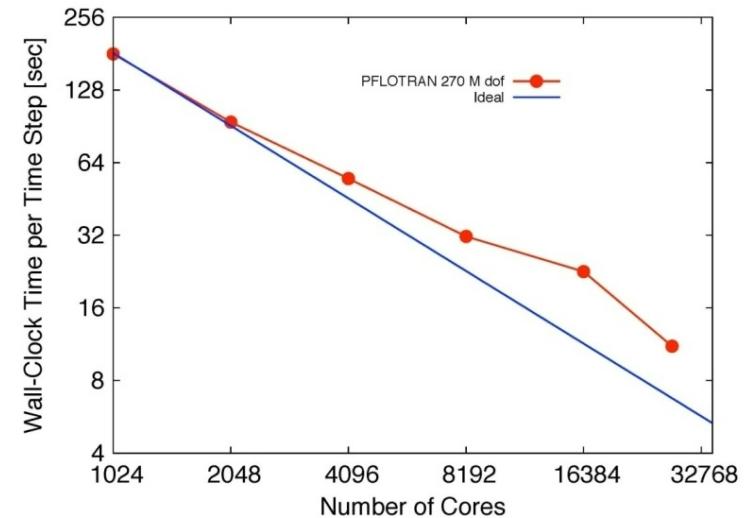
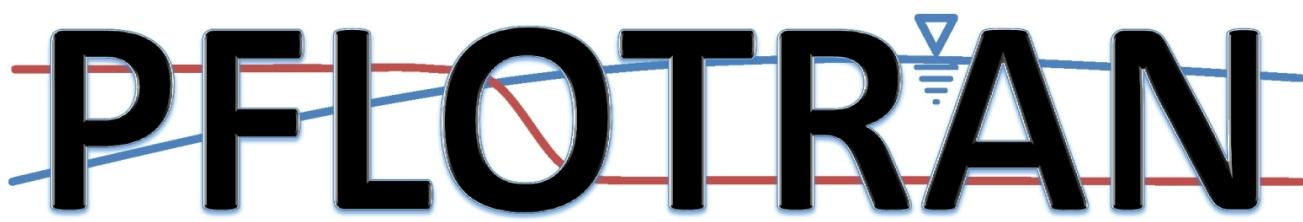
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Outline

- **Introduction:** what is PFLOTRAN, and where is it used?
- **Open Source:** software development and computational framework
 - Version Control
 - Task Management
 - Verification Testing
- **Process Modeling**
 - Where PFLOTRAN fits into GDSA Framework
 - Process model coupling
 - Advancements over the original code

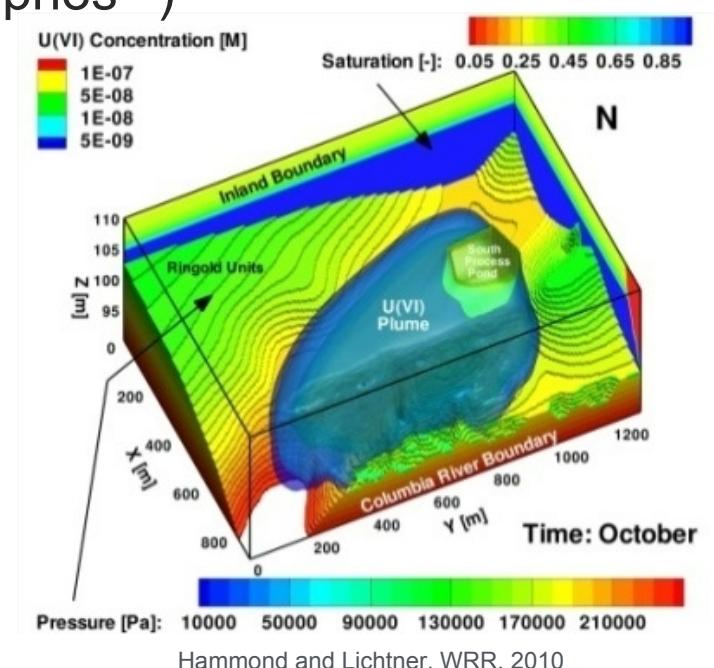
Introduction: What is PFLOTRAN?

- Scalable, finite volume reactive multiphase flow and transport code for simulating subsurface processes
- Open source license (GNU LGPL 2.0)
- Object-oriented Fortran 2003/2008
 - Pointers to procedures
 - Classes (extendable derived types with member procedures)
- Founded upon well-supported open source libraries
 - MPI, PETSc, HDF5, METIS/ParMETIS/CMAKE
- Demonstrated performance
 - Maximum # processes: 262,144 (Jaguar supercomputer)
 - Maximum problem size: 3.34 billion degrees of freedom
 - Scales well to over 10K cores



Introduction: Where is PFLOTRAN used?

- Nuclear waste disposal
 - Waste Isolation Pilot Plant (WIPP) in Carlsbad, NM: **underwent rigorous QA for qualification as an official WIPP PA flow code (July 2021)**
 - US DOE NE Spent Fuel and Waste Science and Technology (SFWST)
 - DEvelopment of COupled models and VALidation against EXperiments (DECOVALEX): international model comparison collaboration
 - Forsmark Spent Fuel Nuclear Waste Repository (Sweden, Amphos²¹)
- Climate: coupled overland/groundwater flow
 - Next Generation Ecosystem Experiments Arctic
 - DOE Earth System Modeling Program
- Biogeochemical transport modeling
 - U transport at Hanford 300 Area
 - Hyporheic zone biogeochemical cycling
 - Columbia River, WA, USA
 - East River, CO, USA

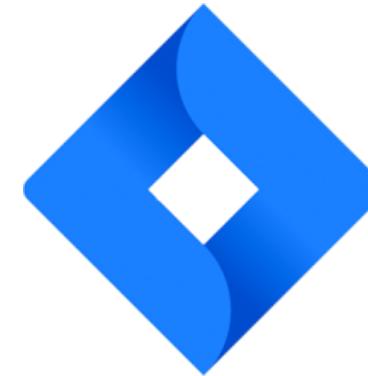


Open Source Framework

- Benefits
 - Collaboration: development, testing, and debugging
 - Transparency: exposes implementation details critical to scientific reproducibility, but excluded by journal publications
 - Lower barrier to entry (none if you have the expertise)
 - Code fitness must be maintained to survive

Open Source Framework

- Public code repository: <https://bitbucket.org/pfotran/>
 - Version control
 - Development philosophy and coding standards
 - Merge request requirements and mandatory checks
 - Major/minor/patch versioning
- Documentation: <https://www.pfotran.org/documentation/>
- Continuous integration
 - Regression testing
 - Unit testing
- Task Management
 - Jira
- QA Test Suite: <https://www.pfotran.org/qa/>
 - Modular design



Jira



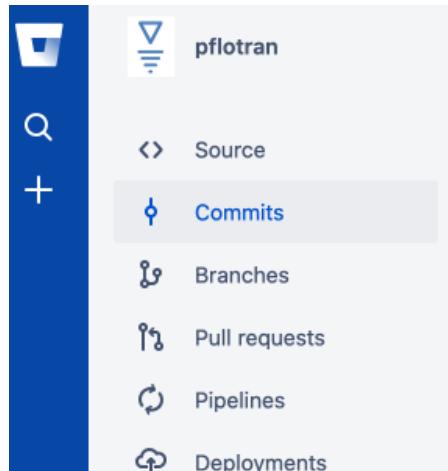
Bitbuck
et



Gitla
b

Open Source Framework

- Version Control



Author

PFLOTTRAN / code / pflotran
Commits

Search commits All branches

Author	Commit	Message	Date	Builds
Jenn Frederick	2fb9616	Up jenn/nwt-debugging-start-fresh	20 hours ago	
Jenn Frederick	3109240	Re Up jenn/nwt-debugging-start-fresh	20 hours ago	
Glenn Hammond	d2a1555	Added hea... glenn/inversion-cgls	20 hours ago	

Unique code change
identifier

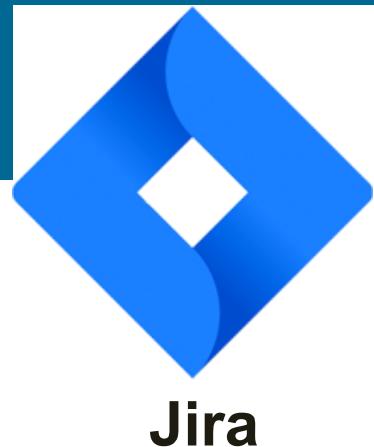
Code change description

Verification of
successful
unit/regression testing



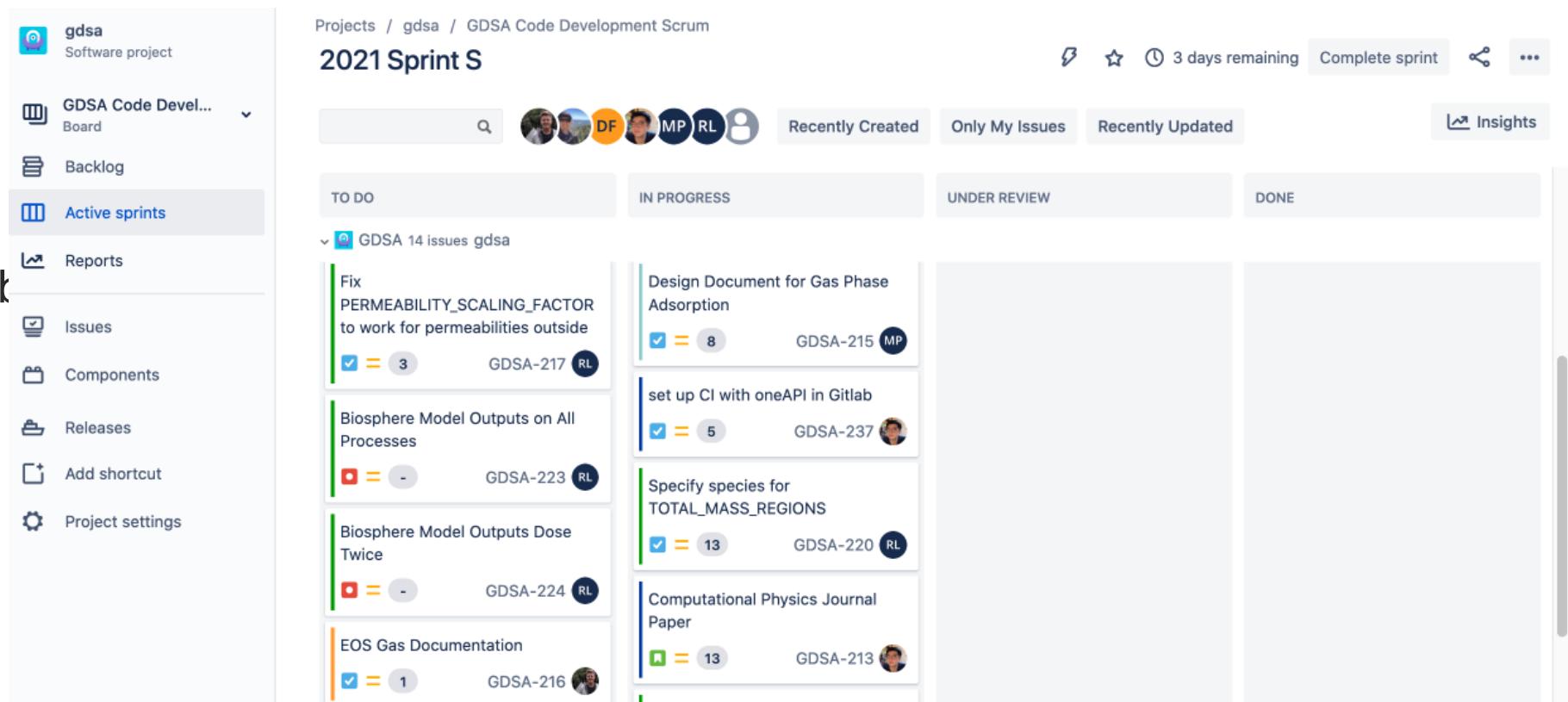
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Open Source Framework



■ Task Management

- Developer assignment
- Development stage
- Prioritization
- Issue type
- Relative effort
- Scope re-evaluated -weekly



The screenshot shows a Jira board for the 'GDSA Code Development Scrum' project. The board is titled '2021 Sprint S' and has four columns: TO DO, IN PROGRESS, UNDER REVIEW, and DONE. The TO DO column contains several tasks, each with a progress bar and a Jira issue key. The tasks are:

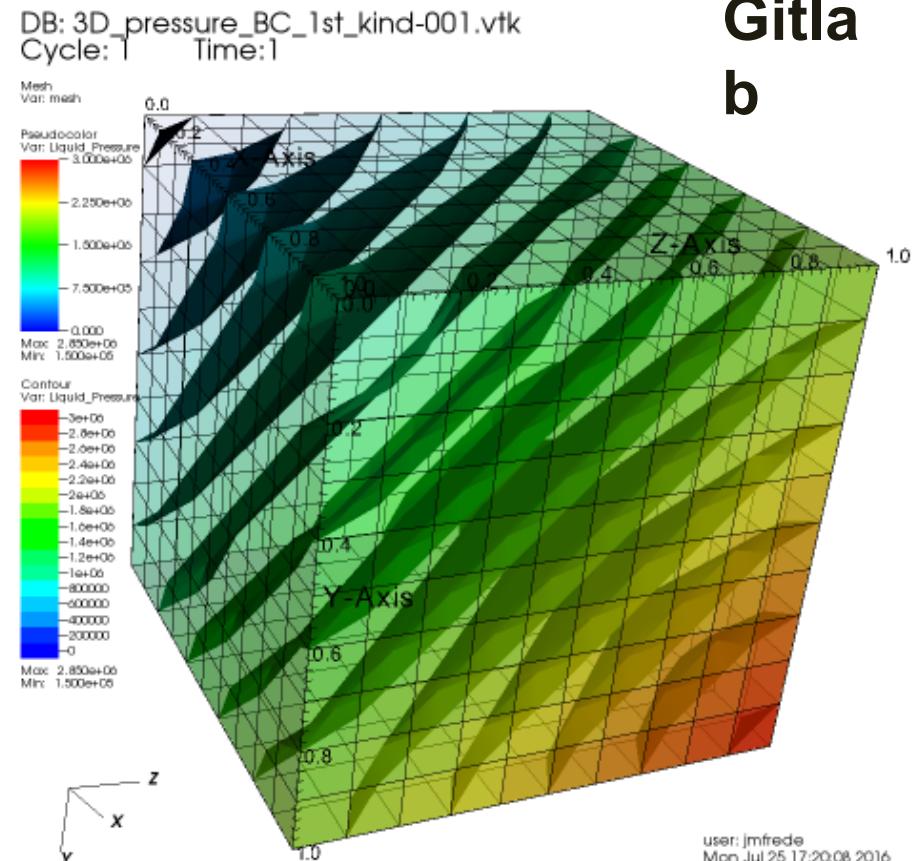
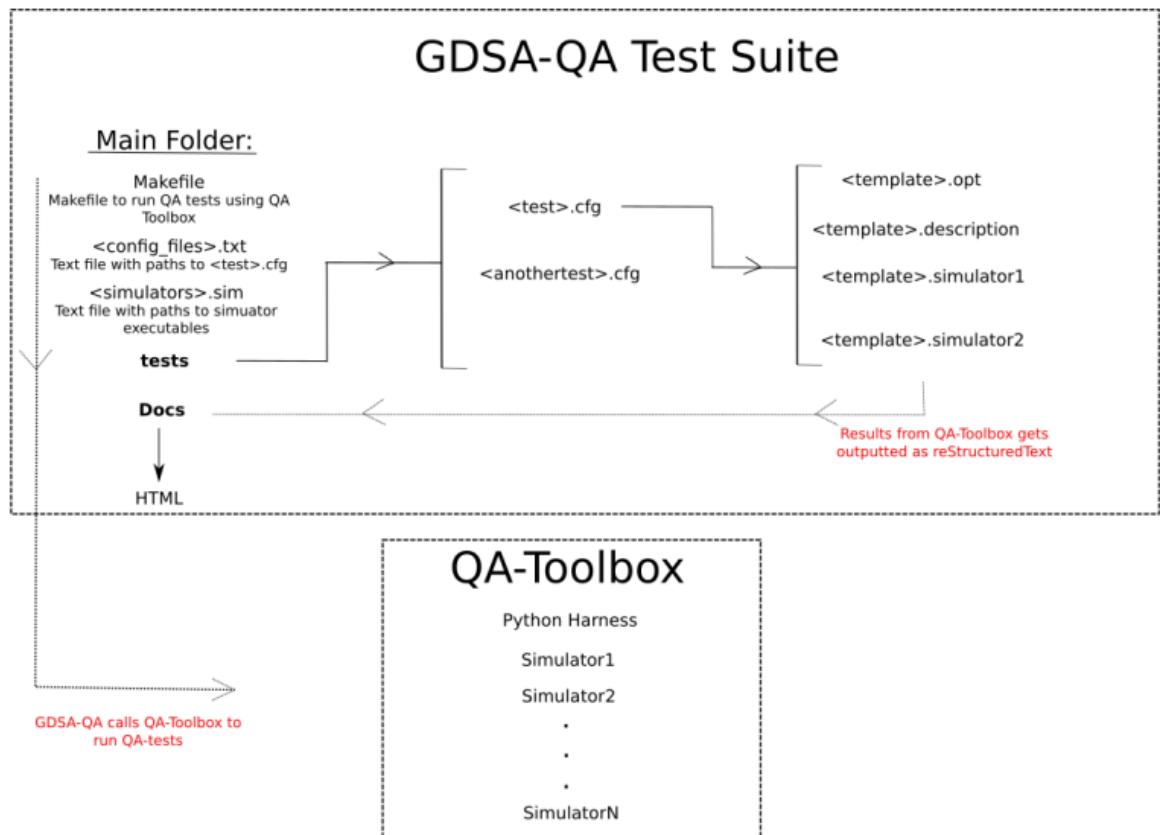
- Fix PERMEABILITY_SCALING_FACTOR to work for permeabilities outside (GDSA-217, 3 issues)
- Biosphere Model Outputs on All Processes (GDSA-223, 1 issue)
- Biosphere Model Outputs Dose Twice (GDSA-224, 1 issue)
- EOS Gas Documentation (GDSA-216, 1 issue)
- Design Document for Gas Phase Adsorption (GDSA-215, 8 issues)
- set up CI with oneAPI in Gitlab (GDSA-237, 5 issues)
- Specify species for TOTAL_MASS_REGIONS (GDSA-220, 13 issues)
- Computational Physics Journal Paper (GDSA-213, 13 issues)

The sidebar on the left shows the project navigation menu with 'Active sprints' selected.

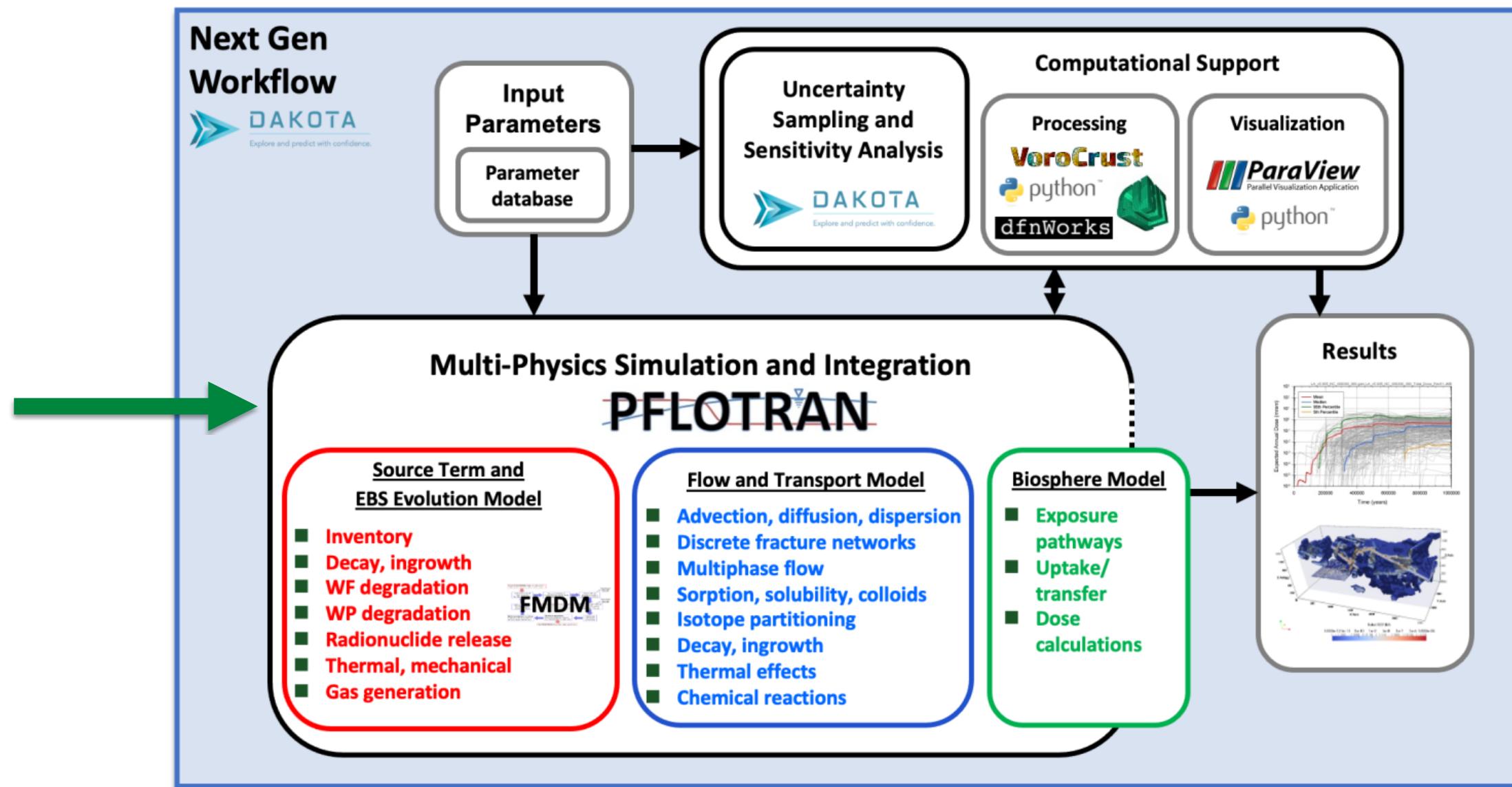
Open Source Framework



- Code Verification Testing: GDSA QA Test Suite
 - Modular and extendable
 - Tests against analytical solutions and outputs from



Process Modeling: GDSA Framework

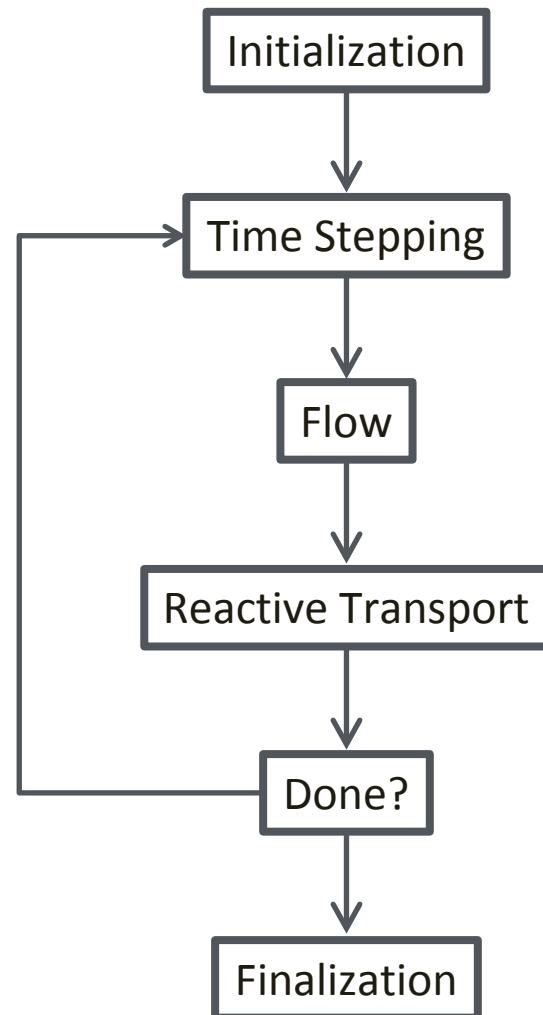


Process Modeling: GDSA Framework

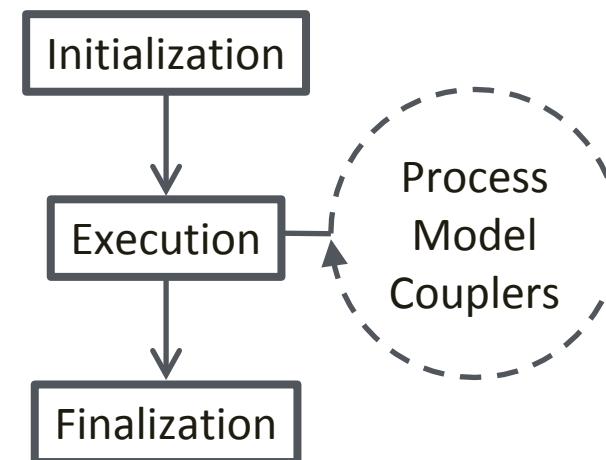
- Fluid “flow” modes:
 - RICHARDS: conservation of water mass, variably saturated flow
 - TH: thermo-hydro; conservation of water mass and conservation of energy
 - GENERAL: conservation of water and air mass and conservation of energy; miscible multiphase flow
- Solute “transport” modes:
 - GIRT: global implicit reactive transport
 - UFD Decay: radionuclide sorption, partitioning, decay, and ingrowth
 - NWT: nuclear waste transport; different primary independent variables from GIRT or UFD Decay

Process Modeling: Process Model Coupling

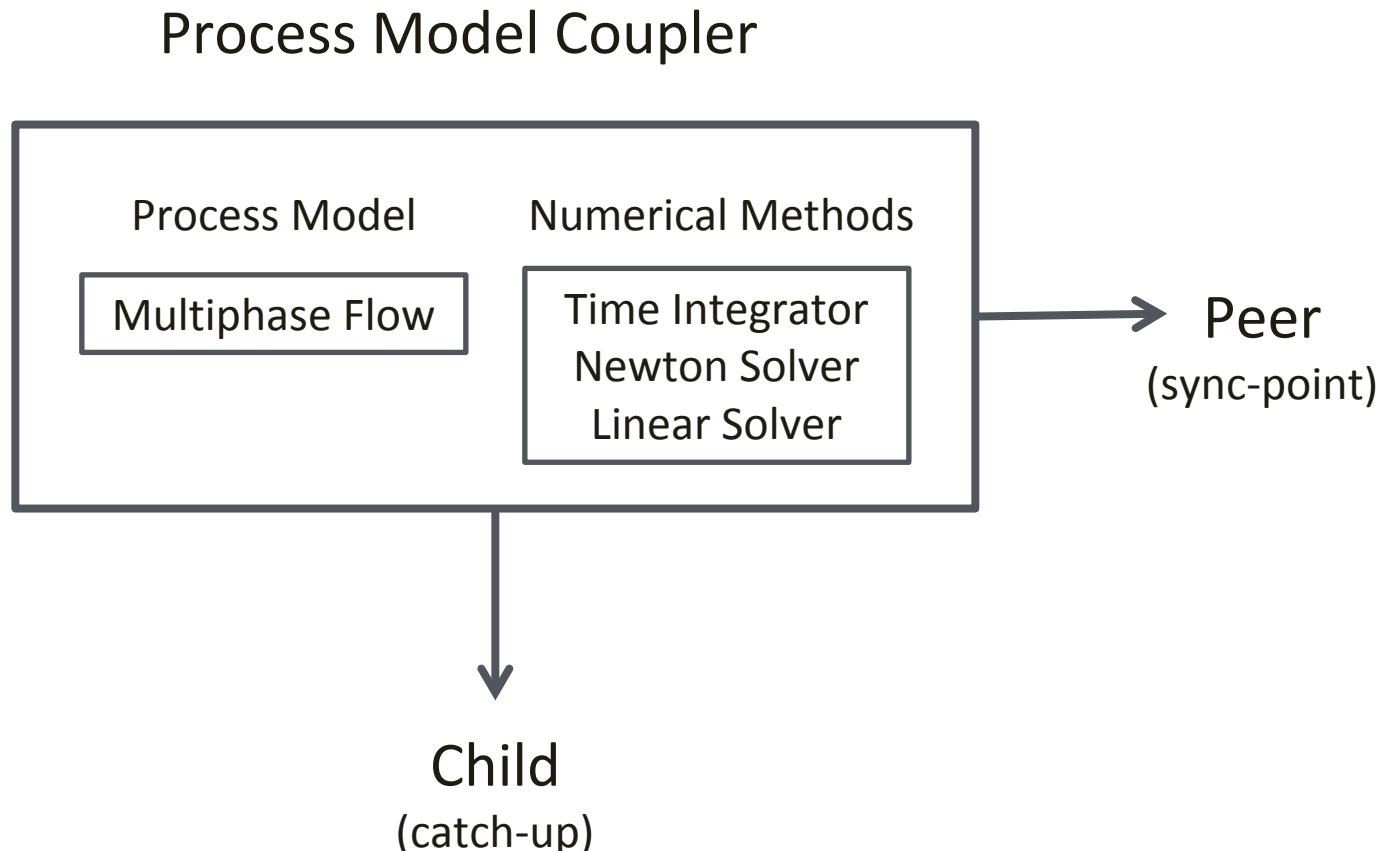
- Traditional Time-stepping Loop



- PFLOTRAN Workflow

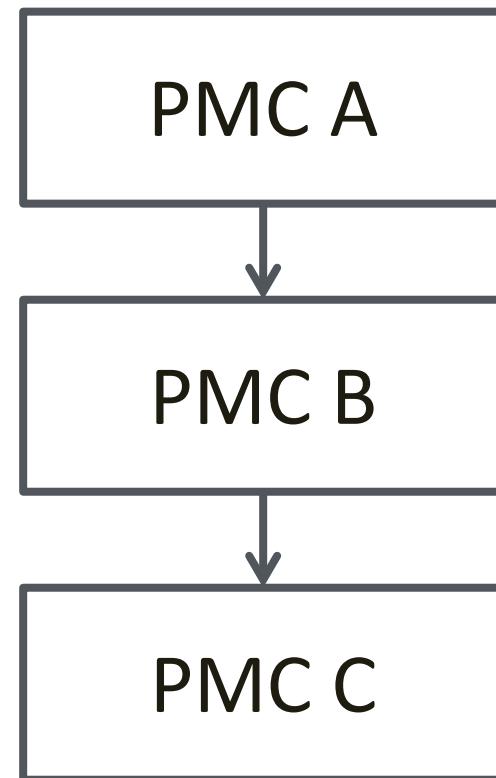


Process Modeling: Process Model Coupling



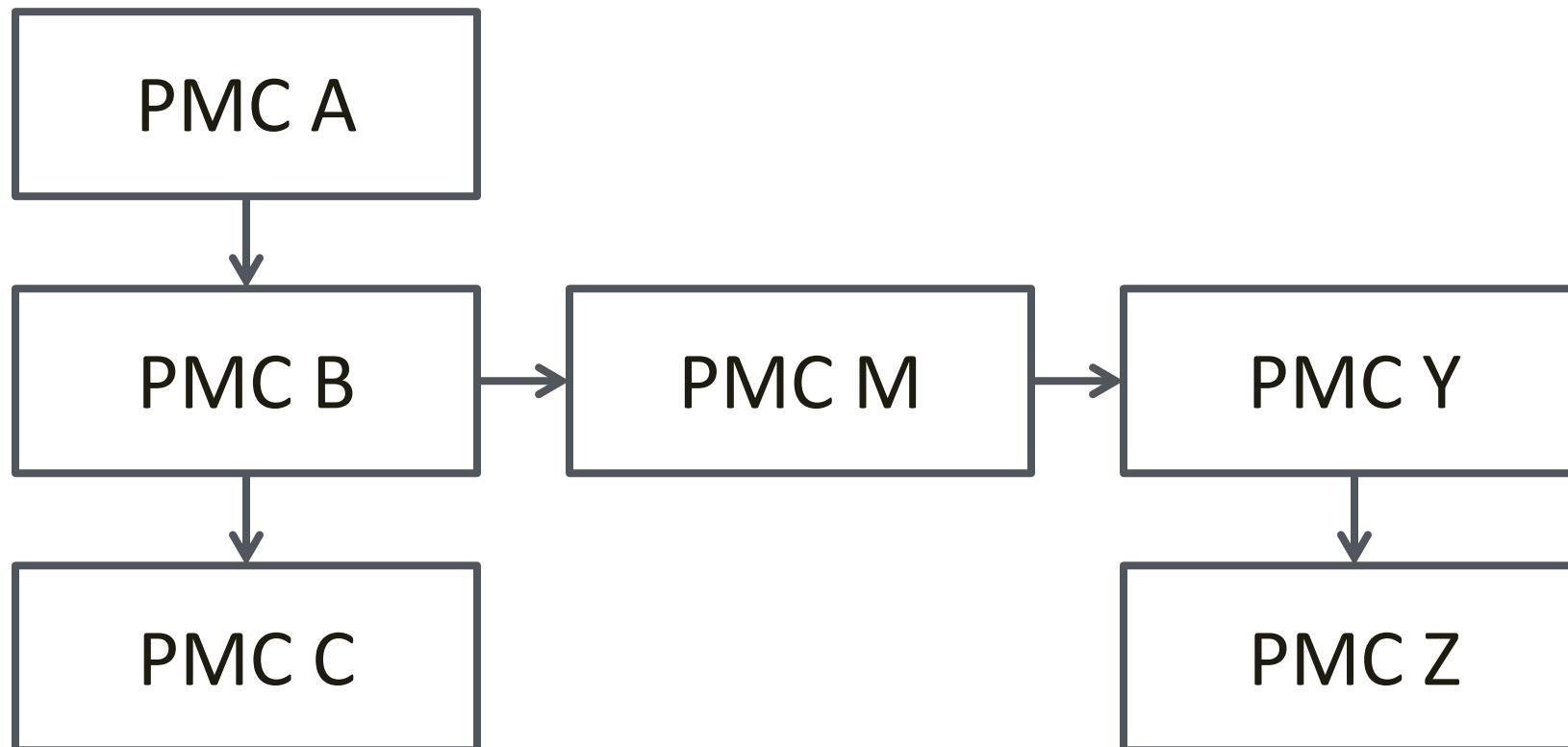
Process Modeling: Process Model Coupling

PMC = Process Model Coupler



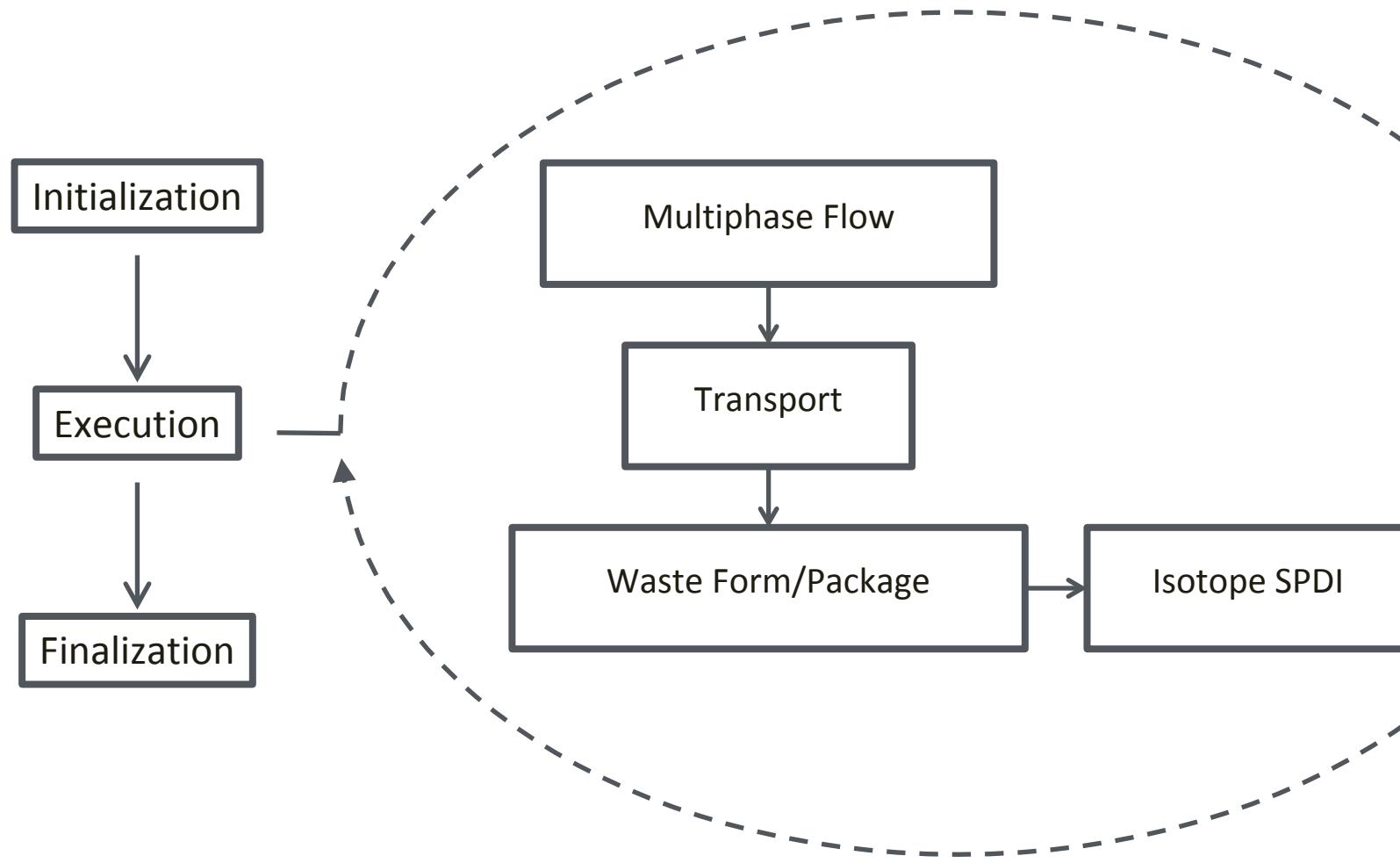
Process Modeling: Process Model Coupling

PMC = Process Model Coupler



Process Modeling: Process Model Coupling

Radioactive Waste Process Model Coupling

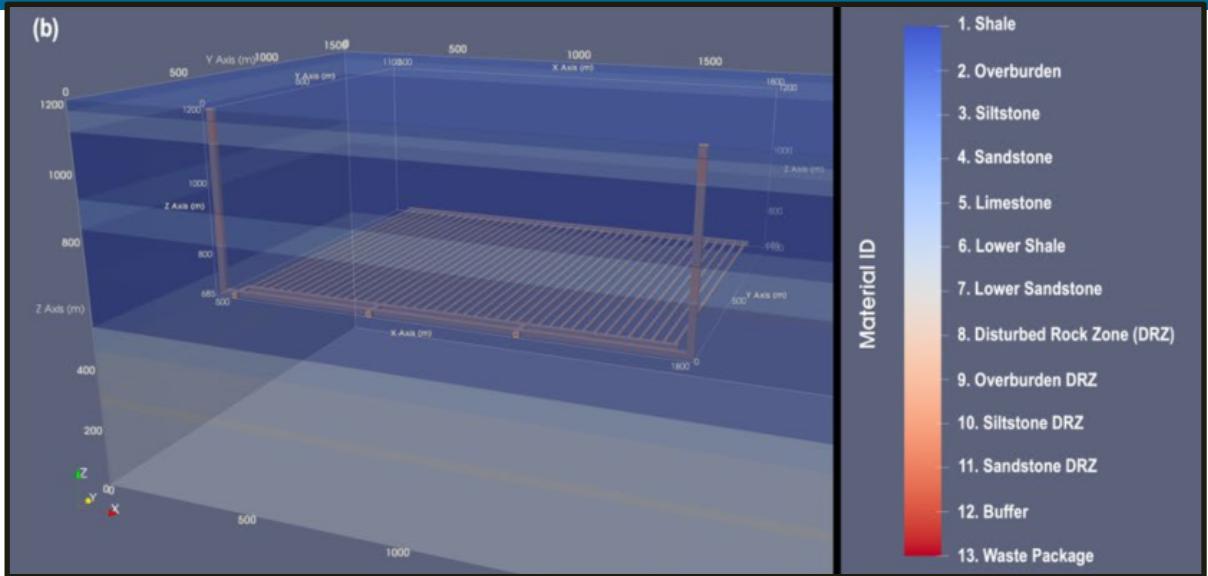


Process Modeling: Process Model Coupling

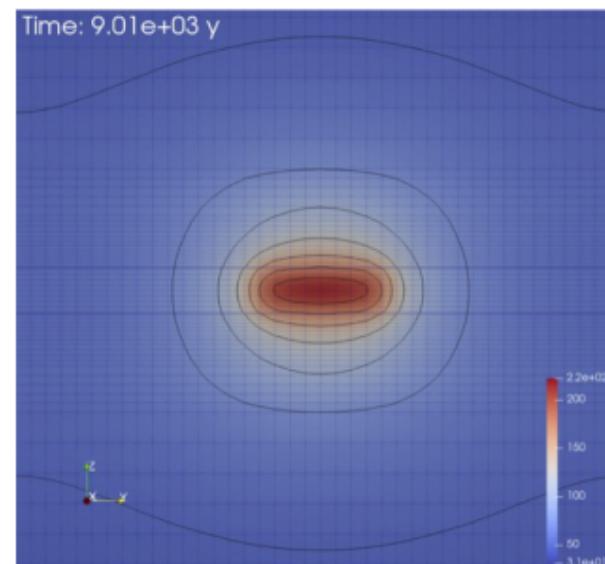
- Benefits
 - Customizable linkage between process models, e.g.
 - Flow
 - Transport
 - Reaction
 - Updates to material properties at select times
 - Flexible time stepping
 - Individual processes may run at their own time scale.
 - Modularity for incorporating new process models
 - Time stepping loops for existing process models are not impacted.

Process Modeling Advancements

- Multiphase fluid and heat flow
- Radioactive sorption/partitioning/decay/ingrowth model (UFD Decay)
- Soil matrix compressibility
- Flexible models for thermal conductivity and anisotropy
- Improved multiphase capabilities during dry-out



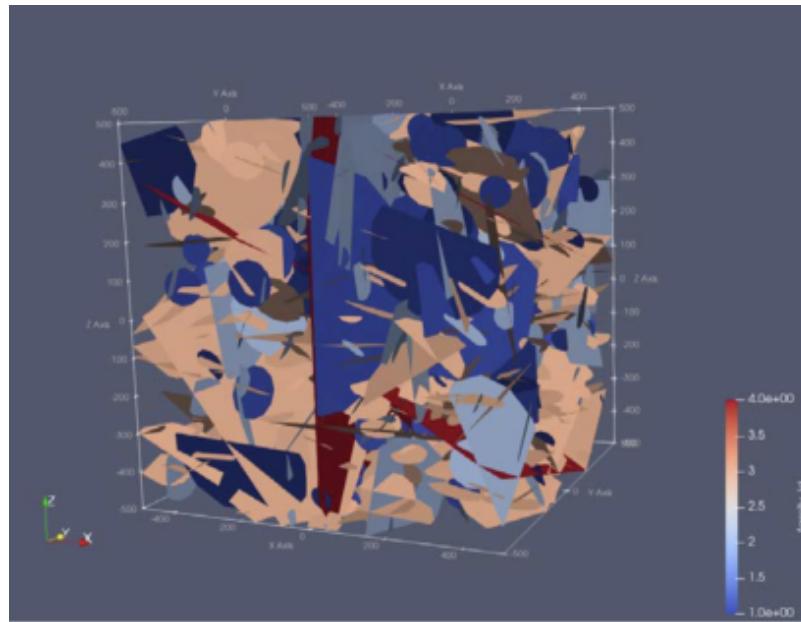
Price et al., 2021



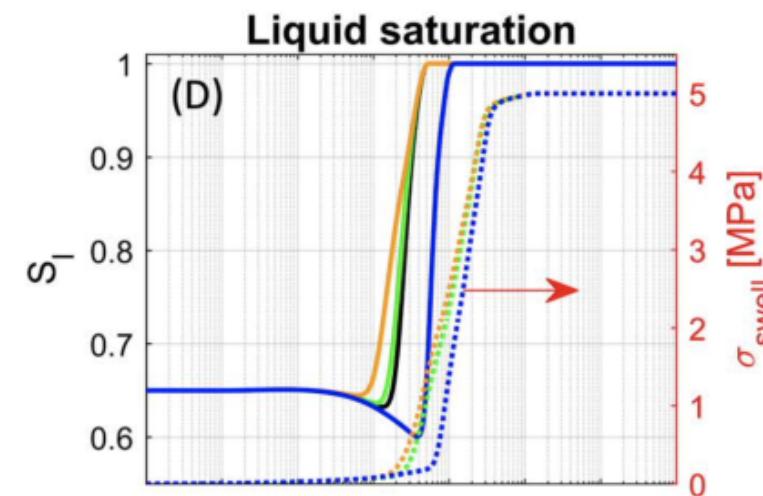
Nole et al., 2021

Process Modeling Advancements

- Sorption isotherm generalization
- Fuel Matrix Degradation Model (FMDM)
- Biosphere well model
- Multi-continuum transport
- Advanced linear and nonlinear solvers
- High temperature equations of state
- Reduced order geomechanics models



LaForce et al., 2021



Chang et al., 2021

References

- Chang, K. W., Nole, M., & Stein, E. R. (2021). Reduced-order modeling of near-field THMC coupled processes for nuclear waste repositories in shale. *Computers and Geotechnics*, 138, 104326.
- LaForce, T. et al. (2021). *GDSA Repository Systems Analysis Investigations in FY2021*. Sandia National Laboratories. Albuquerque, NM, USA. M2SF-20SN010304062.
- Nole, M. et al. (2021). *PFLOTRAN Development FY2021*. Sandia National Laboratories. Albuquerque, NM, USA. M3SF-21SN010304072.
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