

## DECOVALEX-2023 Task F (Performance Assessment) Synthesis, Fall Meeting 2021

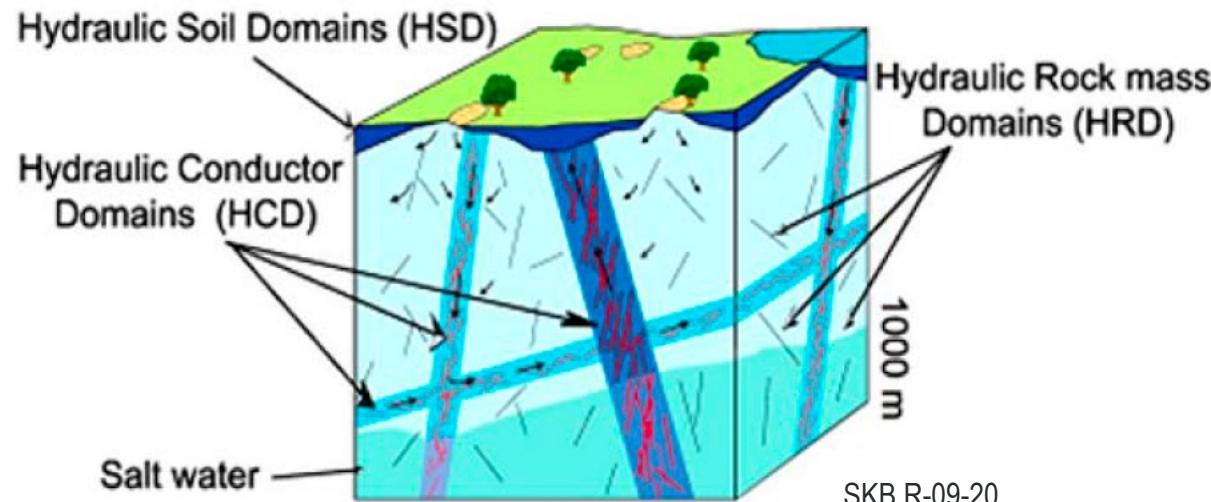
DECOVALEX-2023 Fall 2021 Meeting  
Nov 8-12, 2021  
Virtual Workshop

Emily Stein and Tara LaForce  
Sandia National Laboratories  
with thanks to the modeling teams

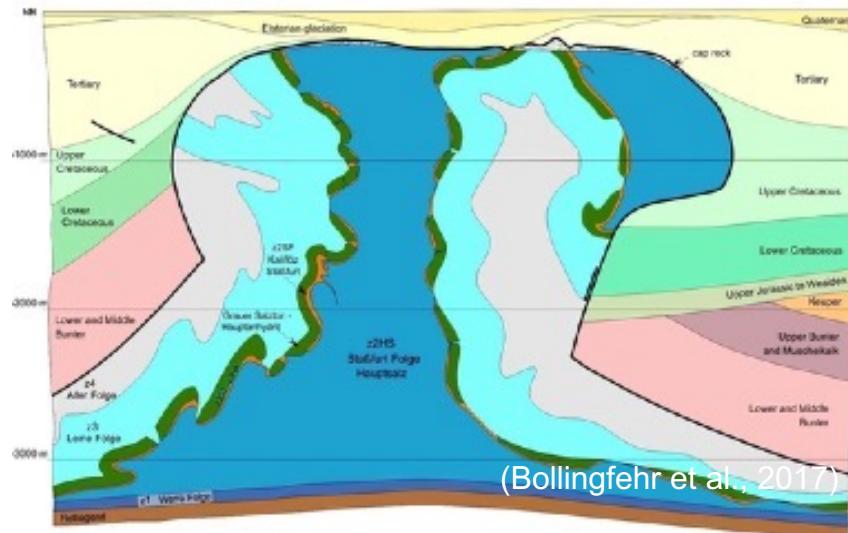
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## Task Objectives – Comparison of Models and Methods

# Crystalline



# Salt Dome



- Capability development
  - Software
  - Workflow
  - People
- Influence of modelling choices
  - Model fidelity
  - Omission/inclusion of processes
  - Coupling
- Compare to other uncertainties
  - Stochastic fracture network
  - Uncertain inputs
  - Conceptual uncertainties

# Crystalline

Task F1

Wednesday, 10 November

# Task F1, Crystalline: Day 3, Stream 1 (Wednesday)



Start	Finish	Duration	Topic	Speaker
5:00	5:10	10	Welcome	Emily Stein
5:10	5:30	20	Structural Geology - Look ahead	Carlo Dietl
<b>Presentations re '4frac' and '4frac+ revised' benchmarks:</b>				
5:30	5:45	15	DOE	Rosie Leone
5:45	6:00	15	KAERI	Yong-Min Kim
6:00	6:15	15	INER/Taipower	Chieh-Chun Chang Marek Vencl and Ondrej Miklas
6:15	6:30	15	SURAO	
6:30	6:40	10	Discussion - what remains to be done?	All
6:40	6:50	10	Break	
<b>Presentations re reference case:</b>				
6:50	7:00	10	Reference Case Overview	Emily Stein
7:00	7:10	10	Calculating effective permeability	Teresa Portone
7:10	7:20	10	Discussion - what constraints should be provided to teams?	All
<b>Presentations re modeling approach:</b>				
7:20	7:35	15	DOE	Rosie Leone
7:35	7:50	15	KAERI	Jung-Woo Kim
7:50	8:05	15	INER/Taipower	Chieh-Chun Chang
8:05	8:20	15	CNSC	Son Nguyen
8:20	8:35	15	BGR	Jan Thiedau
8:35	8:50	15	Discussion - what tweaks to do we need to make?	
8:50	9:00	10	Wrap-Up	Emily Stein



Federal Office  
for the Safety of  
Nuclear Waste Management



# Benchmarks Accomplished

Team	Steady flow	1D transport (conservative, decaying, sorbing tracers)	Matrix diffusion (decaying tracer, two flow velocities)	4-frac (conservative tracer)	4-frac+ (conservative, decaying, sorbing tracers)	4-frac+ revised (conservative, decaying, sorbing tracers)
CNSC		 ✓	✓	 ✓	✓	 ✓
NWMO	✓	✓	✓	✓	NA?	NA?
SURAO	✓			✓	✓	✓
BGR		✓		✓		
KAERI	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
INER/TaiPower				✓		✓
SSM						
DOE	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

GRS, BASE, Quintessa not included on table.

# Initial Reference Case

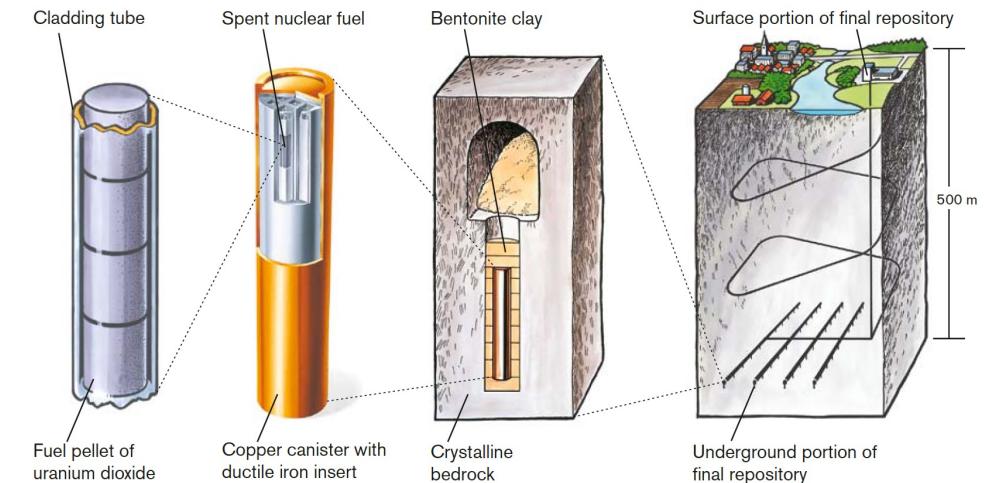
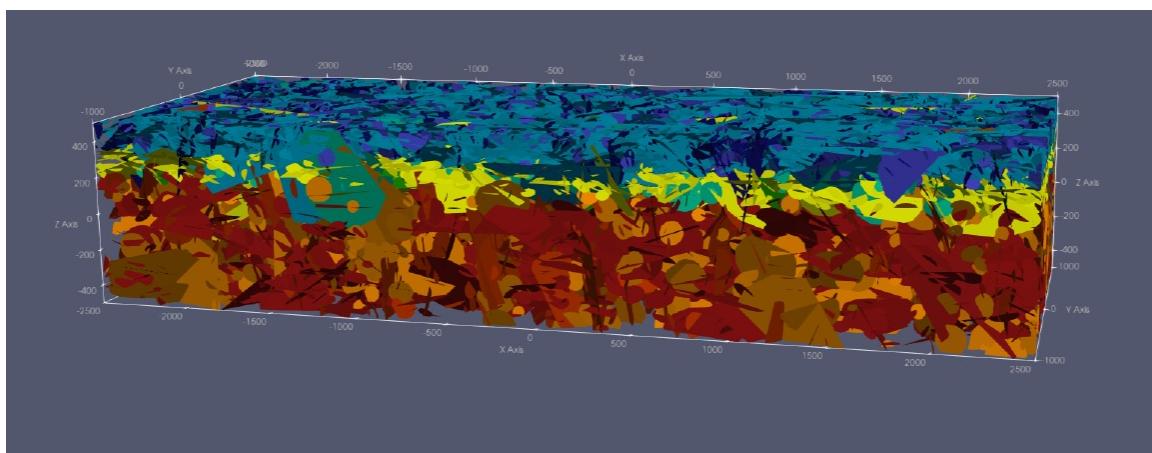
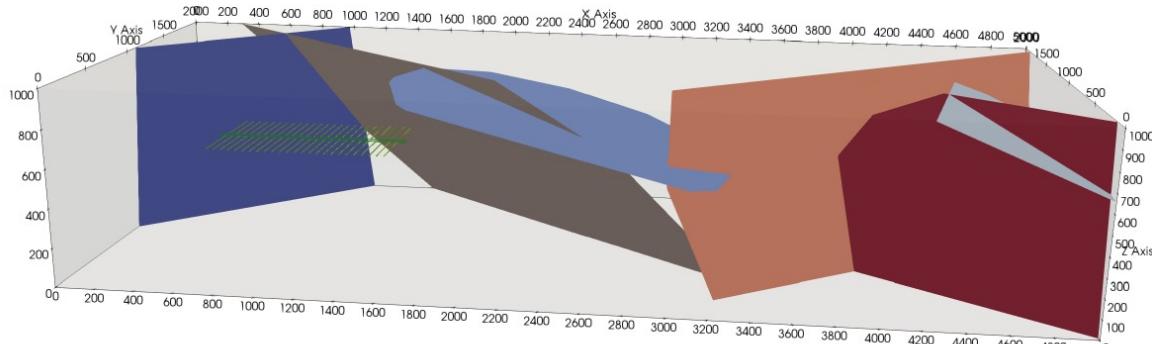


Figure S-1. The KBS-3 concept for disposal of spent nuclear fuel. SKB TR-11-01

Table 3-6. Tracer inventories and release mechanisms for initial reference case simulations.

	Atomic weight	Inventory per waste package	Release mechanism
Tracer 1	128.9 g/mole	0.545 g	Instant
Tracer 2	128.9 g/mol	4.9 g	$10^{-7}/\text{year}$

# Compare effective permeability and porosity of realizations

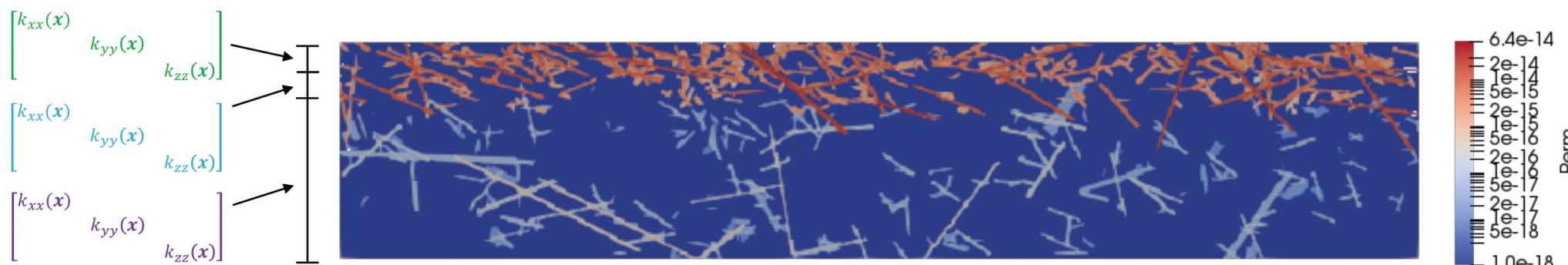
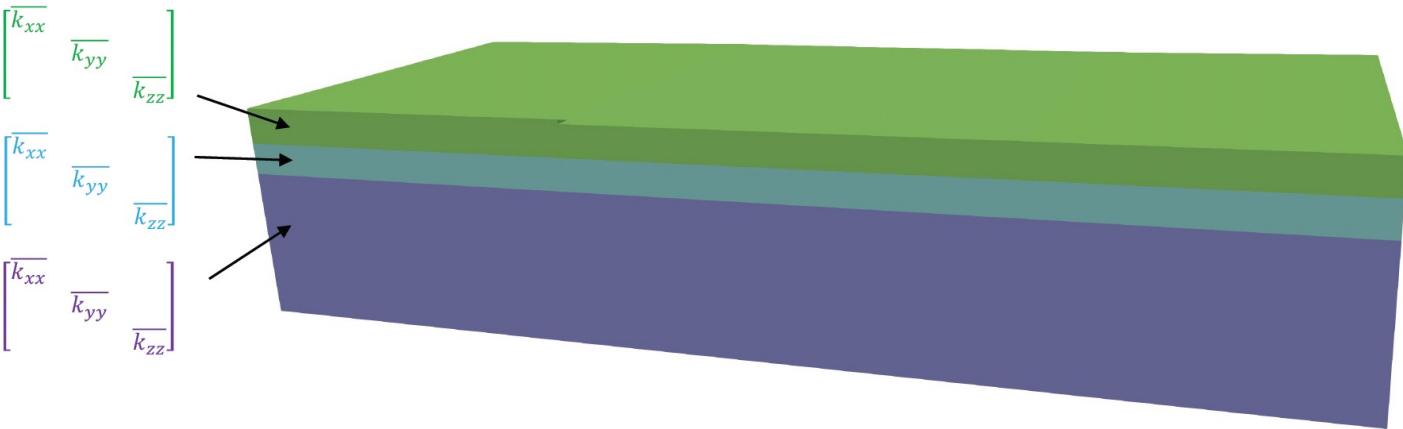
## 4 Deriving bulk permeability statistics

- Goal: compute bulk permeabilities for models assuming homogeneous subsurface properties by depth zone.
- Have spatially-varying ( $\mathbf{x} = (x, y, z)$ ) random realizations of  $k_{xx}(\mathbf{x})$ ,  $k_{yy}(\mathbf{x})$ , and  $k_{zz}(\mathbf{x})$  from ECPM.

Compute subdomain-averaged permeabilities, e.g.:

$$\overline{k_{xx}}^a = \frac{1}{N_{cells}} \sum_{i=1}^{N_{cells}} k_{xx}(\mathbf{x}_i)$$

$$\overline{k_{xx}}^g = \left( \prod_{i=1}^{N_{cells}} k_{xx}(\mathbf{x}_i) \right)^{\frac{1}{N_{cells}}}$$



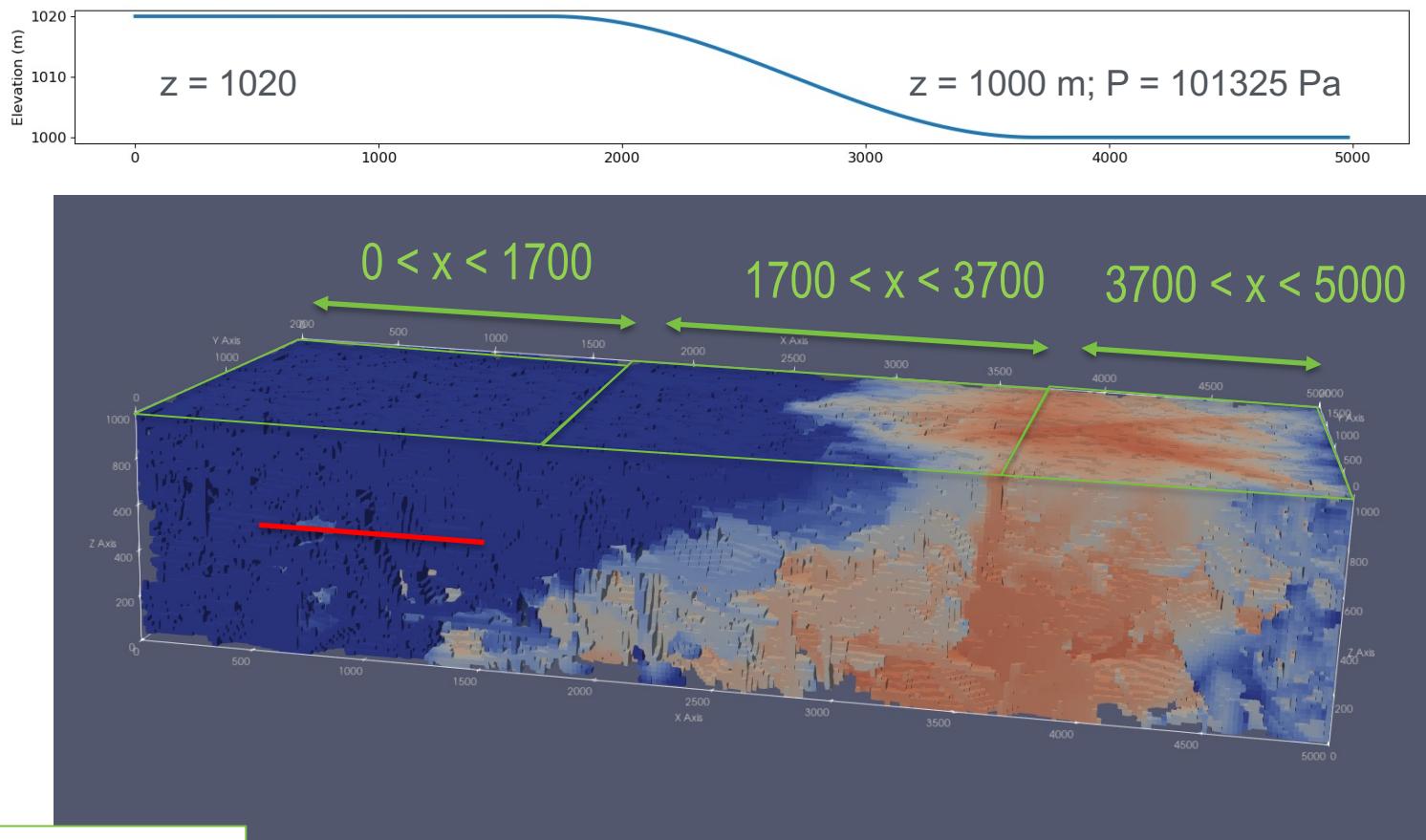
# Compare liquid and tracer fluxes

- Function of time

- Total tracer mass flow across top surface where  $x > 3700$  m
- Maximum tracer mass flow across top surface where  $1700 < x < 3700$
- Mass tracer remaining in the repository

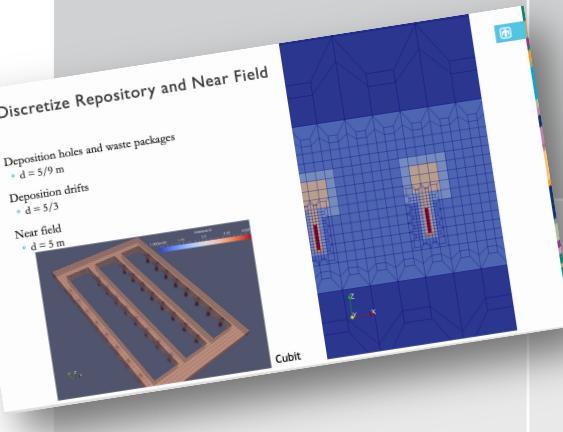
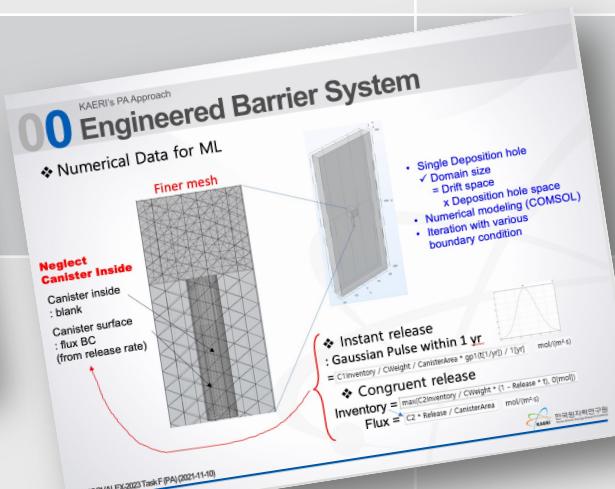
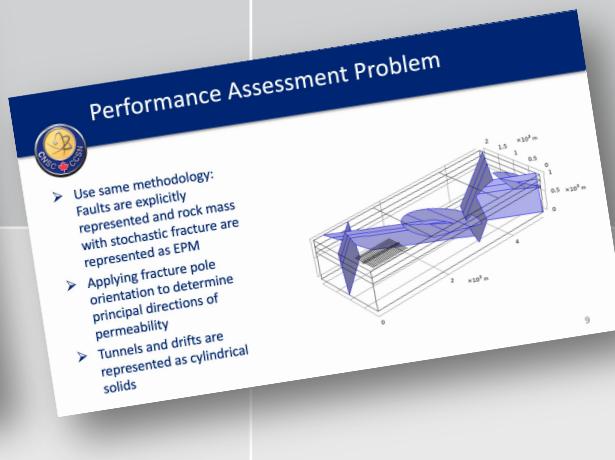
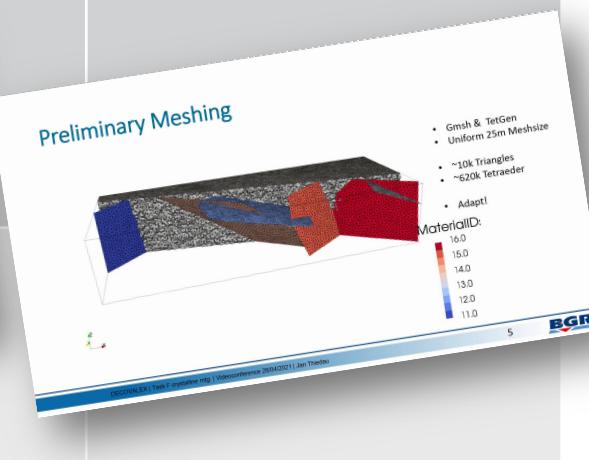
- Steady state

- Total liquid flow across top surface where  $x < 1700$ , etc.



To be added to reference case: Find the location in the area of lowest elevation where the tracer mass flow is greatest. At this location ...

# Reference Case Approach

DOE	INER/TaiPower	KAERI	CNSC	BGR
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>dfnWorks</li> <li>PFLOTRAN (FV)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>DarcyTools (FV)</li> <li>GoldSim</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>COMSOL (FE)</li> <li>MATLAB</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>COMSOL (FE)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fracman</li> <li>OpenGeoSys (FE)</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ECPM</li> <li>Advection-Dispersion Eqn</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3D ECPM w/ particle tracking</li> <li>1D mass transport</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2D planes in 3D porous medium</li> <li>Advection-Dispersion Eqn</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2D planes in 3D porous medium</li> <li>Advection-Dispersion Eqn</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2D planes in 3D porous medium</li> <li>Advection-Dispersion Eqn</li> </ul>
				

# Schedule through Workshop 5

November '21

- dfnWorks output to teams who want it
- What else?

December '21

- Template for interim report out

January '22

- Meeting to share and troubleshoot reference case simulations

February '22

- Interim report contributions due
- Compile report

March '22

- Meeting?
- Review, revise report

April '22

- Workshop #5
- Advance reference case
- Interim report due

# Salt

Task F2

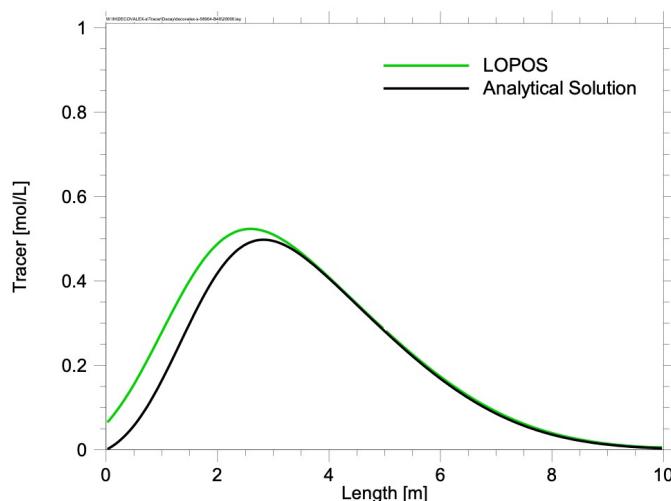
Tuesday, 9 November

# 1D Benchmark Comparison

GRS

## Decaying Tracer

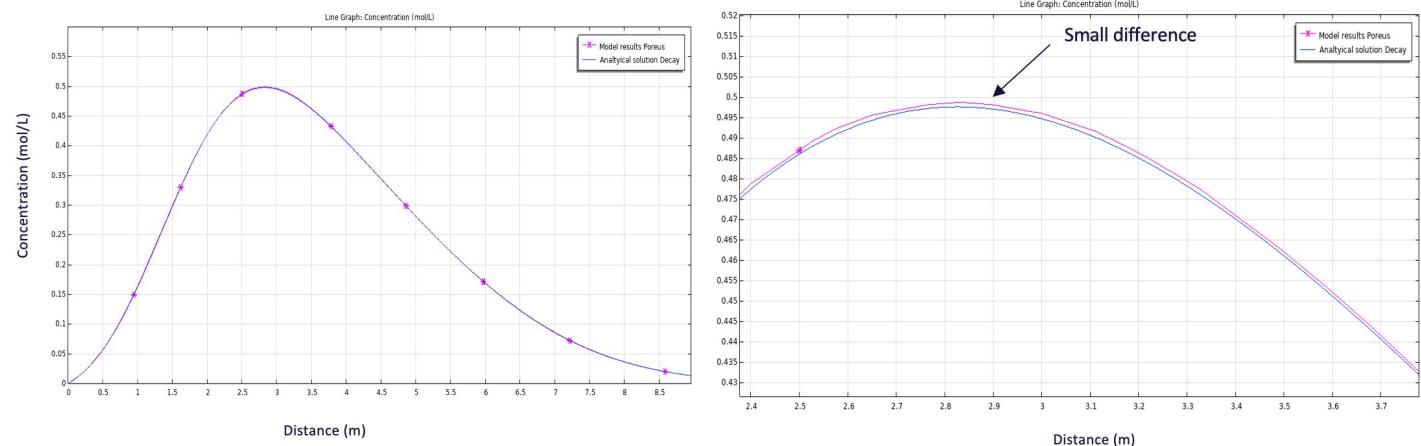
Decay constant:  $5 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ s}^{-1}$



Frank et al. Task F2 presentation

## BENCHMARK

### Simple Transport + Decay Benchmark



Analytical solution from Kolditz et al., (2015)

[www.covra.nl](http://www.covra.nl)

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Bartol. Task F2 presentation

# 2D Benchmark Comparison



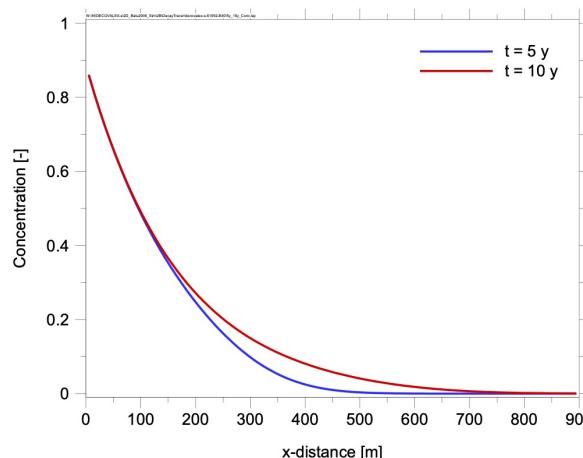
## Case 3: No retardation, decaying source

- Good match to analytical result

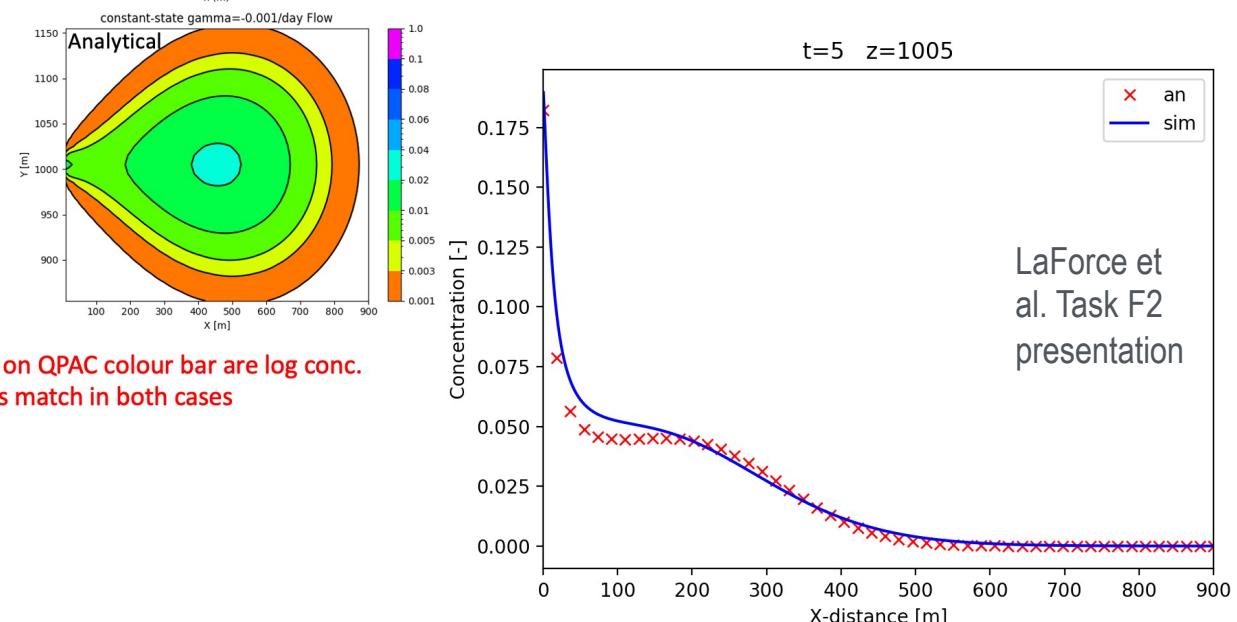
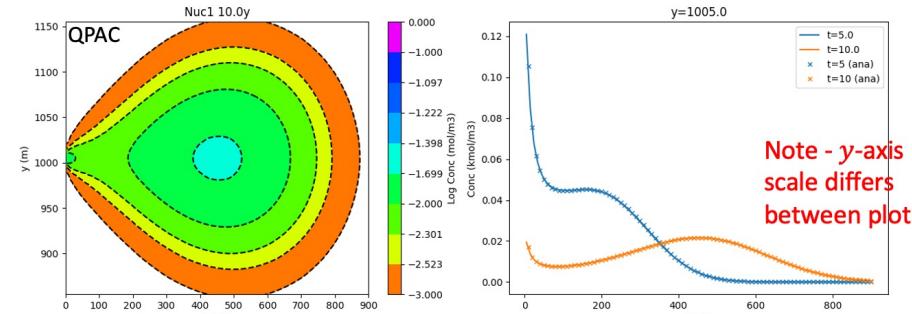


GeoTREND results for the decaying Tracer

$z = 1005 \text{ m}$



Frank et al. Task F2 presentation

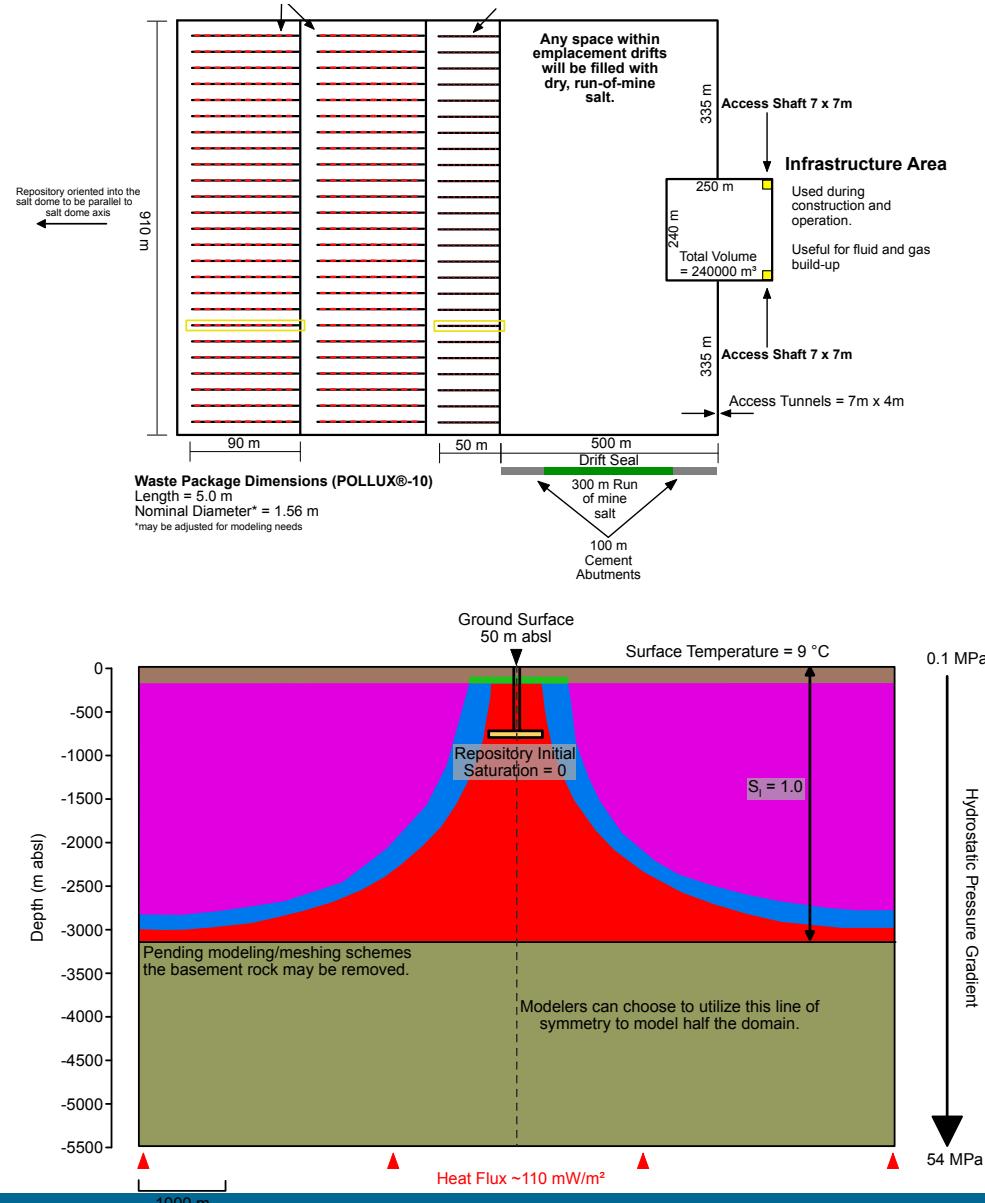


Benbow and Bond. Task F2 presentation

LaForce et al. Task F2 presentation

# Shaft Seal Failure Scenario at 1000 yr

- Staged model development
  - Flow + radionuclide transport
  - + multiphase flow
  - + drift convergence
  - + heat flow and temperature-dependence of drift convergence
  - + model uncertainty in backfill consolidation model
  - (+ gas generation)
- Current task specification has sufficient information to construct model with
  - Multiphase flow and transport
  - Heat flow

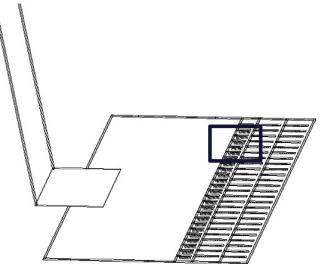


# Modeling Approach

Team	Modeling Tools	Modeling Approach
COVRA	COMSOL	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Detailed representation of repository</li><li>• Neglect impermeable host rock?</li></ul>
DOE (SNL/LANL)	PFLOTRAN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Voronoi mesh</li><li>• Include all geological volumes/materials</li><li>• Simplified representation of repository</li></ul>
GRS	LOPOS, then later NaTREND	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• “<u>Looped structures in repositories</u>”</li><li>• Segmented model</li></ul>
Quintessa	GoldSim and QPAC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Sequence of tank, 1D and 2D models linked together</li><li>• Parallel implementation to study differences between codes</li></ul>

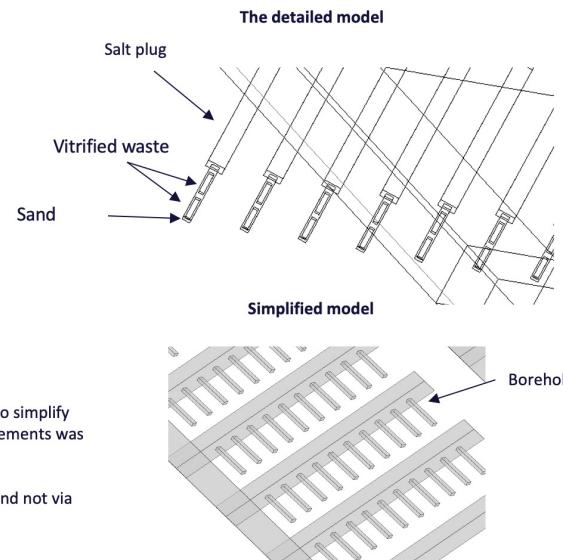
# COVRA Modelling Concept

## LAYOUT



The setup presented during the last conference was relatively detailed. However, I had to simplify the model as the mesh close to the vitrified waste was of poor quality: the size of the elements was too large. Refining the mesh is possible but I opted to simplify the model domain.

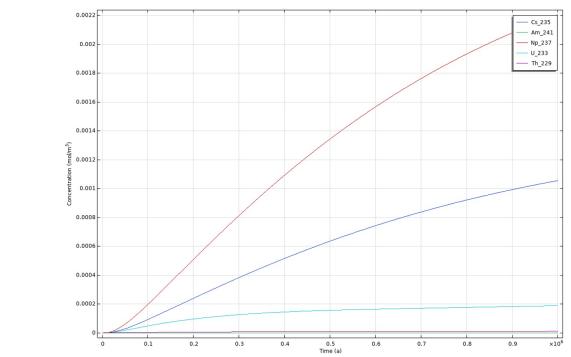
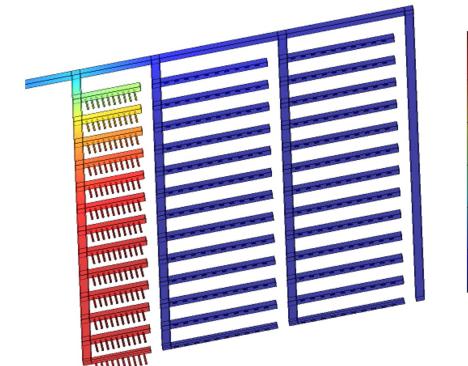
This simplification effectively assumes that the radionuclides enter the salt plug directly and not via the sand. Therefore, it is a conservative assumption.



Layout - Vitrified waste - Spent nuclear fuel - Solubility - Transport - Flow - Absorption

[www.covra.nl](http://www.covra.nl)

## EXPECTED RESULTS



Bartol, Task F2 presentation

[www.covra.nl](http://www.covra.nl)

[energy.gov/ne](http://energy.gov/ne)

# DOE (SNL) PFLOTRAN Modelling concept

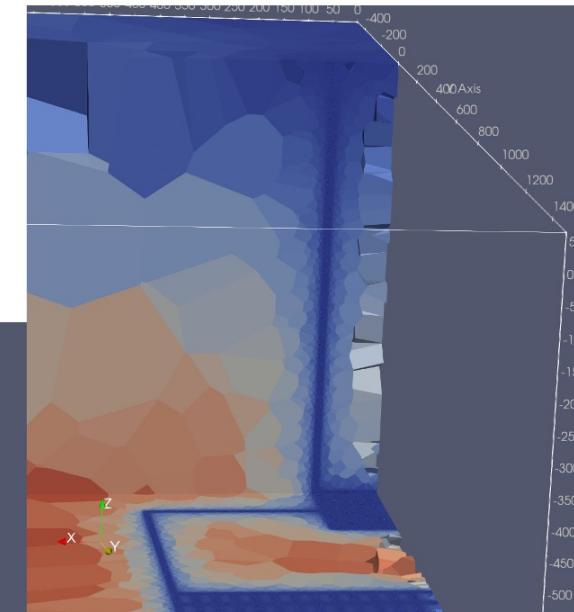
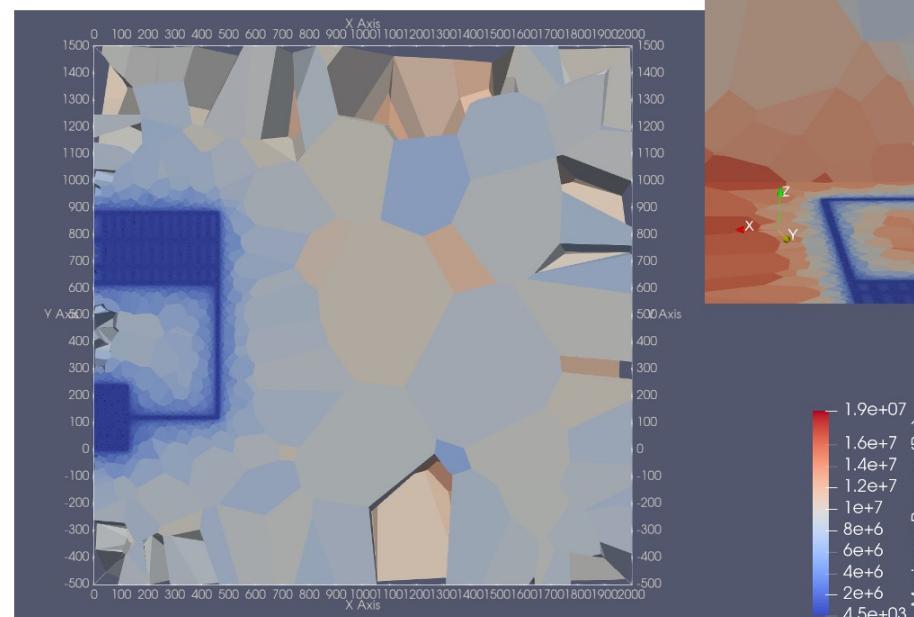
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## 100 YEARS – PRESSURE & SATURATION – No RADIONUCLIDES



Grid cells are colored based on pressure at center of the grid cell

- Center of elements may be out-of-plane
- Higher resolution is most likely needed

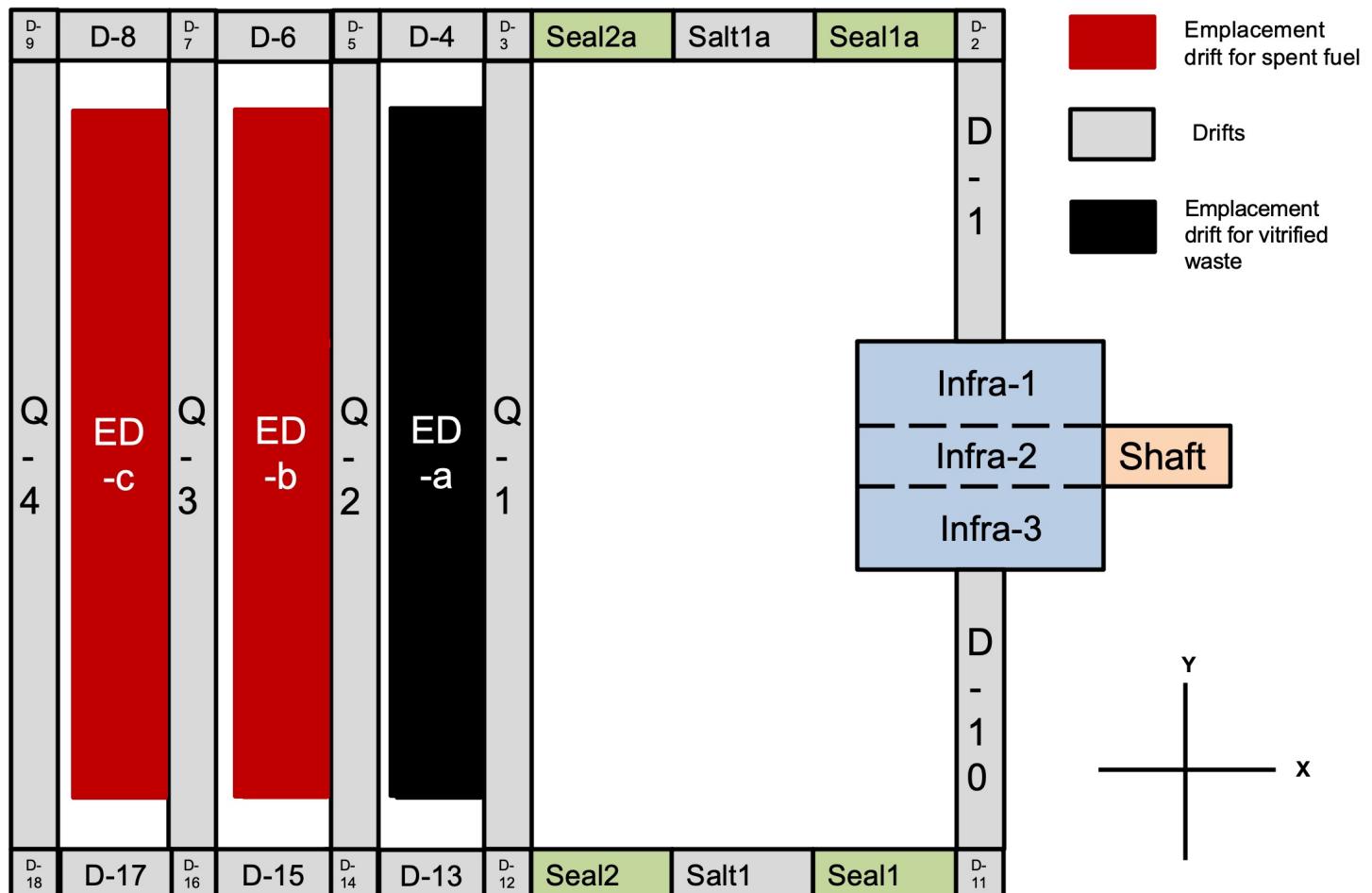


Jayne Task F2 presentation

# GRS LOPOS Modelling Concept

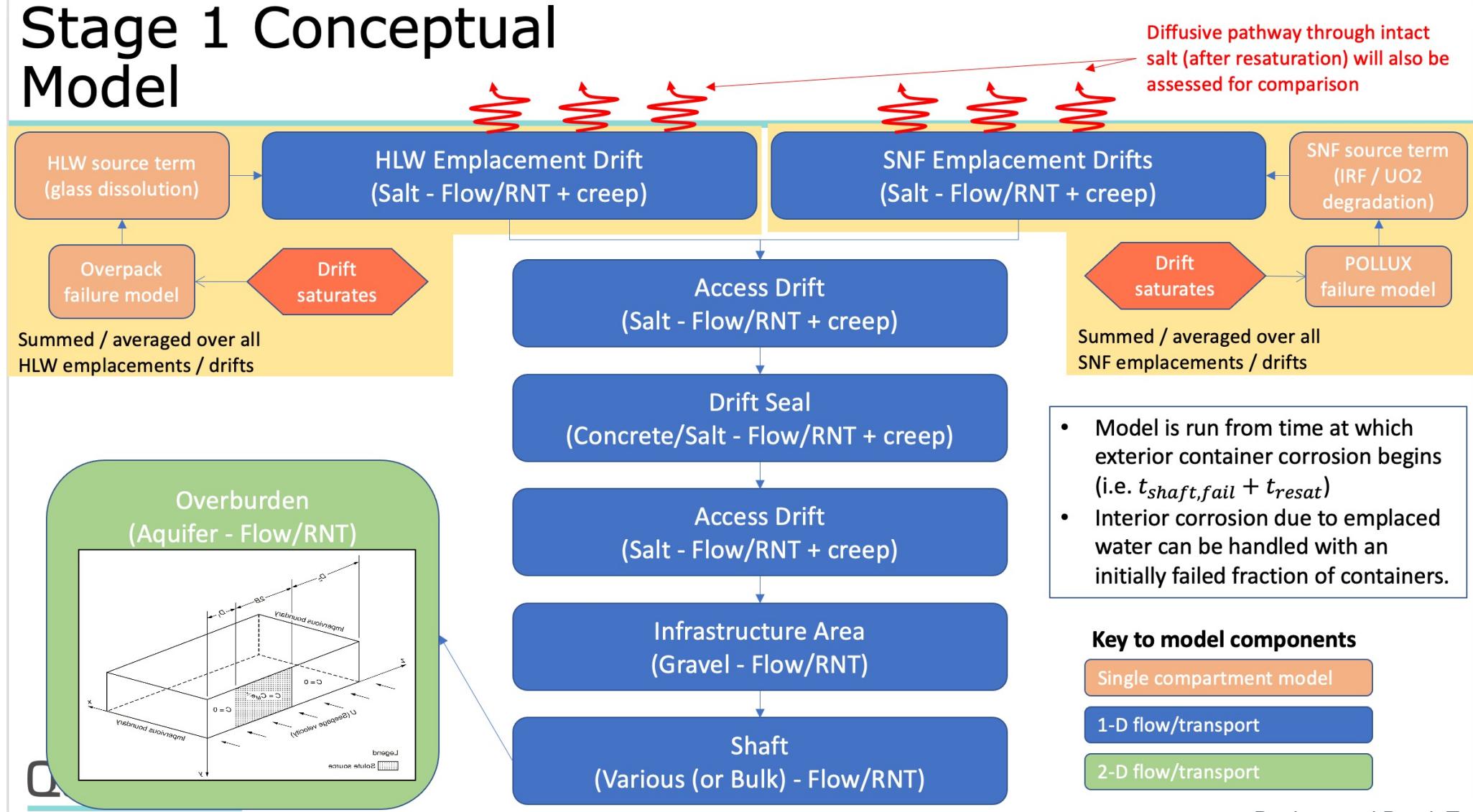


## LOPOS Layout: simple emplacement drift design



# Quintessa Modelling Concept

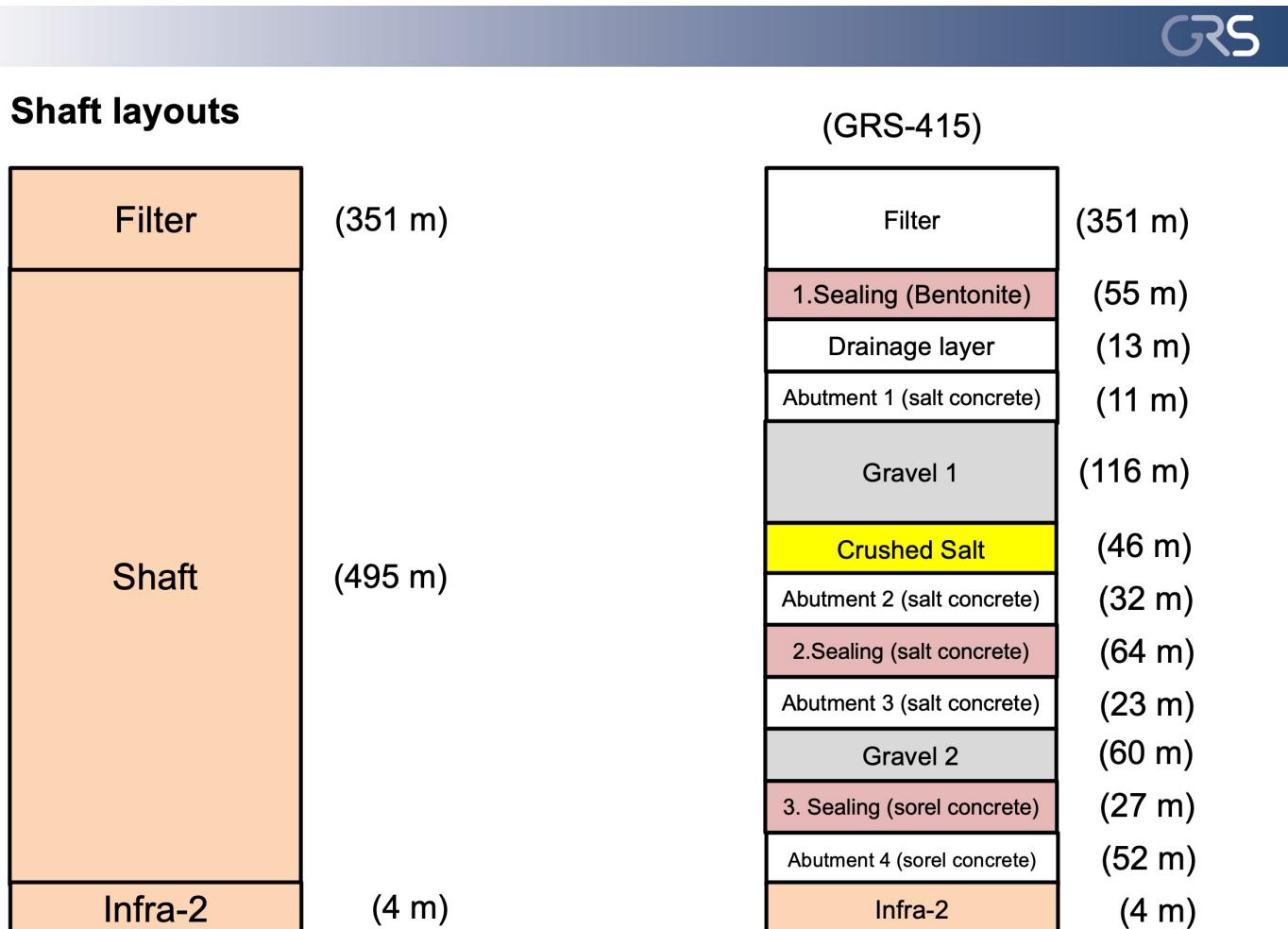
# Stage 1 Conceptual Model



Benbow and Bond. Task F2 presentation

# Lessons Learned

- Benchmarks
  - Useful to test ability of codes to model simplified problems
  - Raise the question of how good is good enough?
- Designing a reference case is an iterative process to create a case that is
  - Amenable to a variety of modeling approaches
  - Simple enough that we understand what we're comparing
  - Realistic, but also with potential for release so performance metrics can be tested



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Frank et al. Task F2 presentation

# Next 6 Months

- Update task specification for full complexity shaft seals
- Teams finalize initial deterministic case simulations
- Comparison of initial simulation results

## Schedule

<b>Jan.</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Discuss progress on PA models.</li><li>• Outline for interim report.</li></ul>
<b>Feb.</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Collate team contributions to interim report</li><li>• Begin to compare simulation results</li></ul>
<b>March (tentative)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Compare simulation results</li><li>• Rough draft of interim report</li><li>• Preparation and review for large meeting</li></ul>