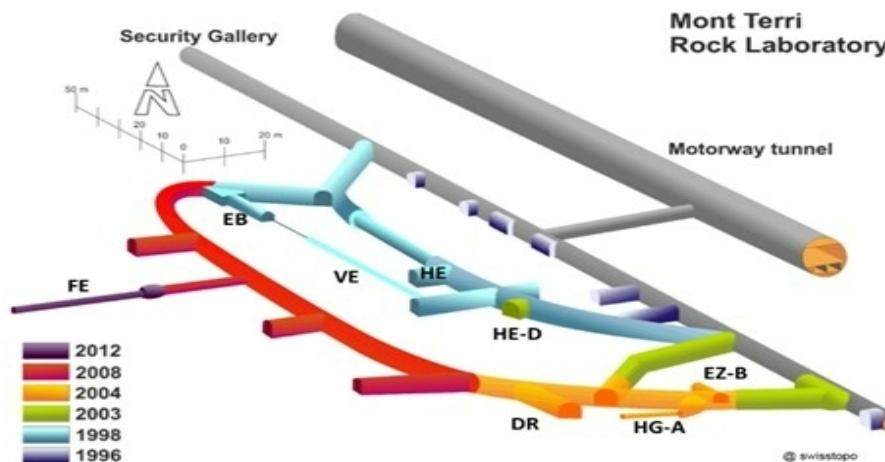


DECOVALEX23: Task C, Step 0 SNL Updated Thermal Hydrologic Modeling of Full-Scale Heater Experiment

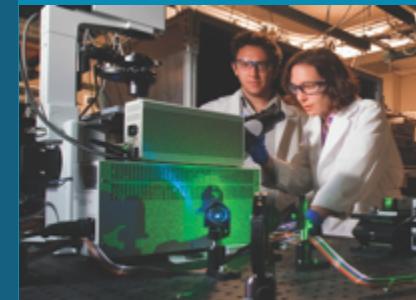


PRESENTED BY

Teklu Hadgu, Thomas Dewers and Edward Matteo

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DECOVALEX23
4th Workshop

Nov. 11, 2021

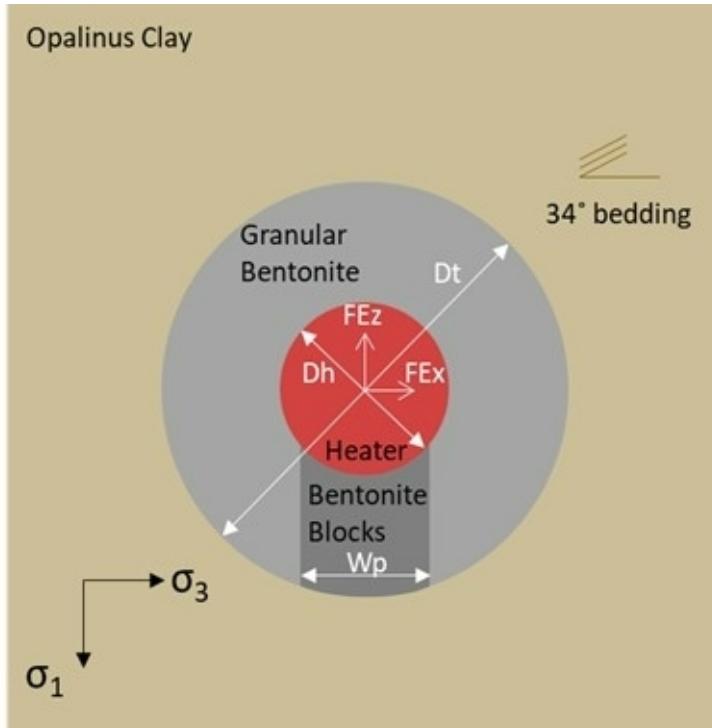


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Outline

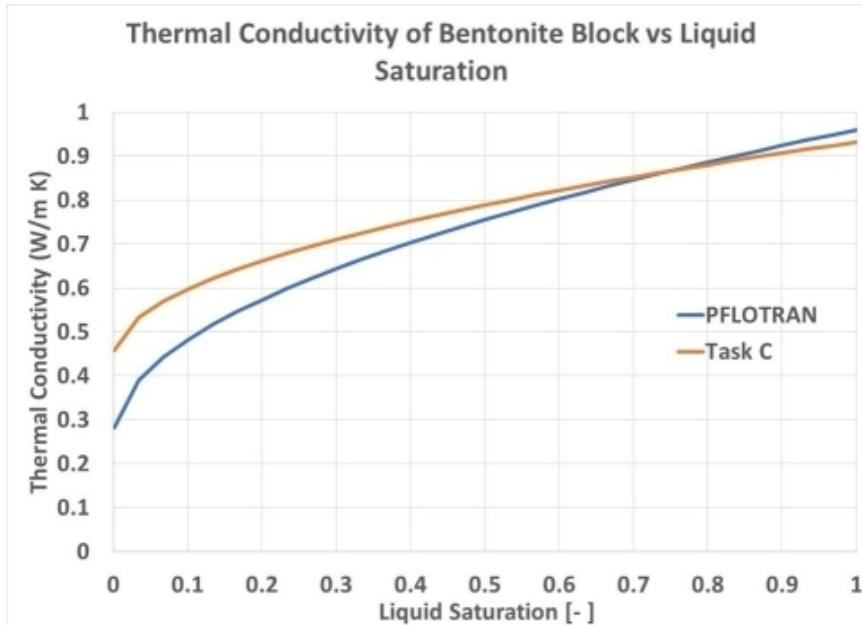


- Updated TH simulations of Step 0
- Code changes in PFLOTRAN
- Effect of fluid properties
- Summary of modeling results and future work



I. Step 0: TH Modeling using PFLOTRAN

- Updated thermal and thermal-hydrology modeling of Step 0 for the full-scale in-situ heater test
- Used Task C specified material properties:
 - Thermal conductivity vs saturation equation
 - Density of water equation with constant thermal expansion
 - Porosity and pore compressibility equation
- Conducted simulations to show the effect of using constant thermal expansion



PFLOTRAN TH Model Setup



• Initial condition:

- $T = 15 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ everywhere
- Hydrostatic pressure at opalinus clay
- Bentonite blocks initial condition:
 - Calculated liquid saturation = 0.919
- Granular bentonite initial condition:
 - calculated liquid saturation = 0.227

• Diffusion Coefficient:

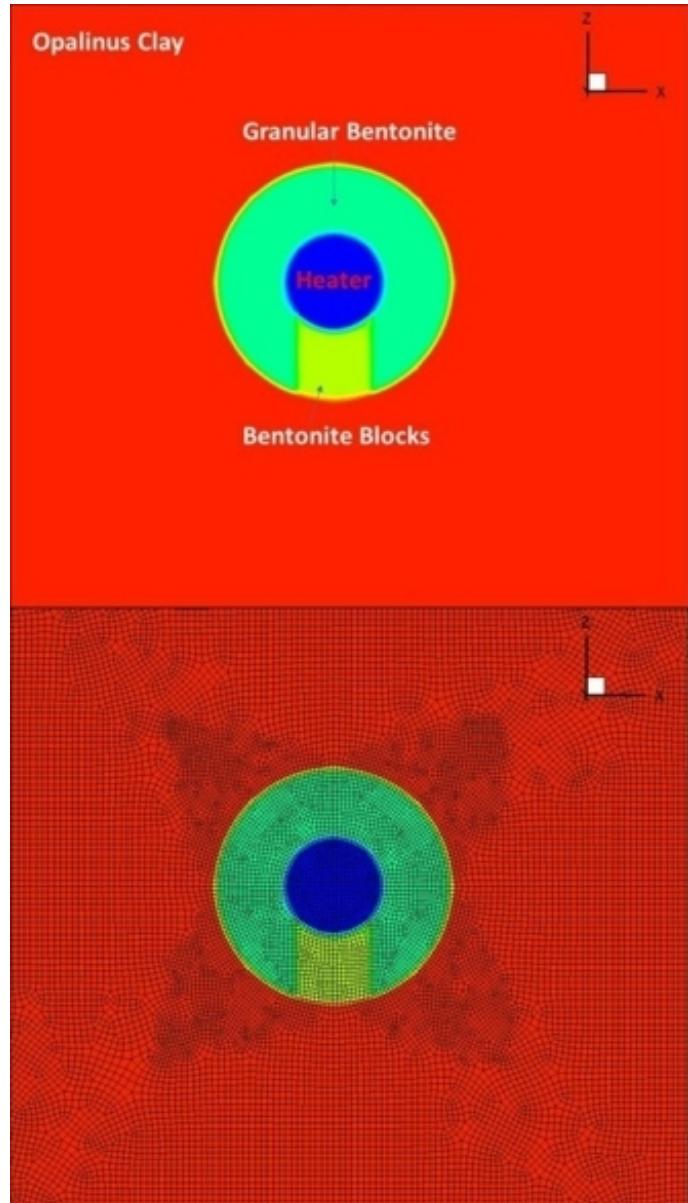
- Liquid phase: $2.0 \times 10^{-9} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$
- Gas phase: $2.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$

• Boundary Condition:

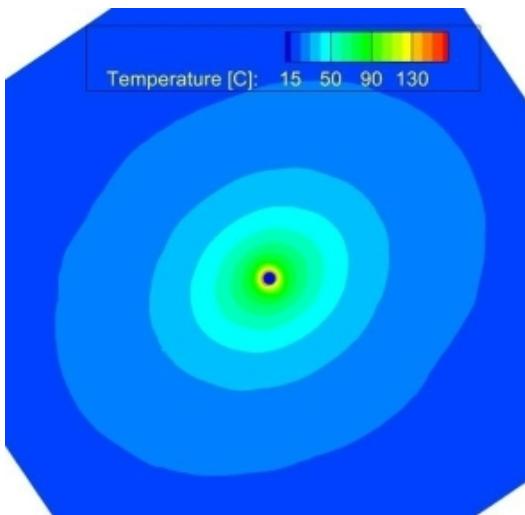
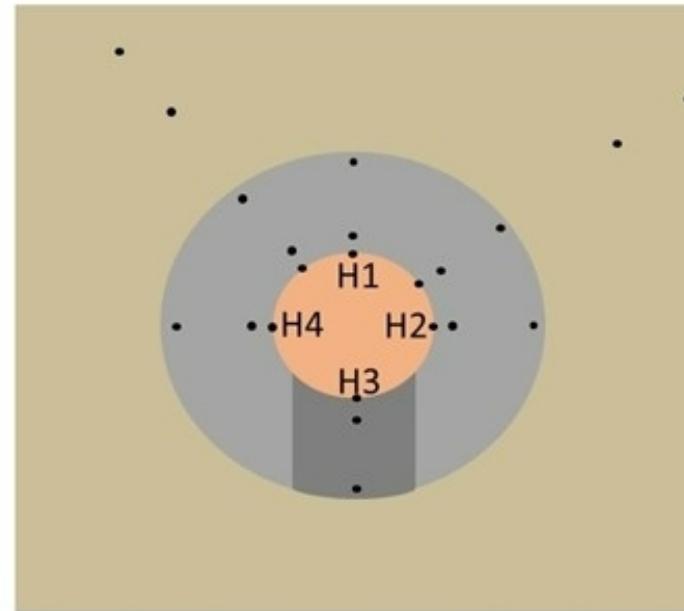
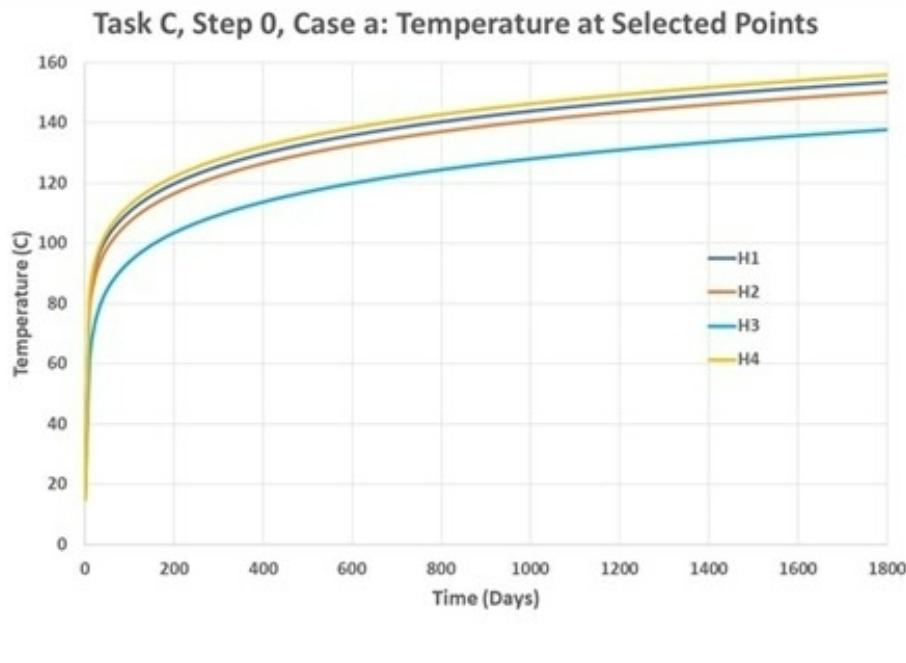
- Column outer boundary at 2.0 MPa and 15 $^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Specified heat applied at heater boundary

• Opalinus Clay:

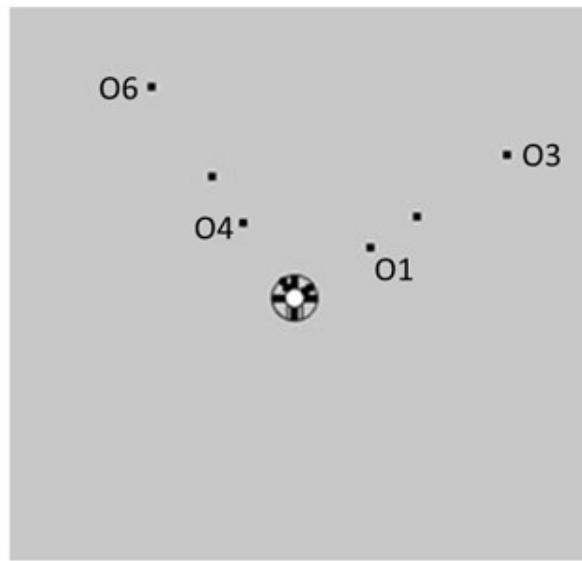
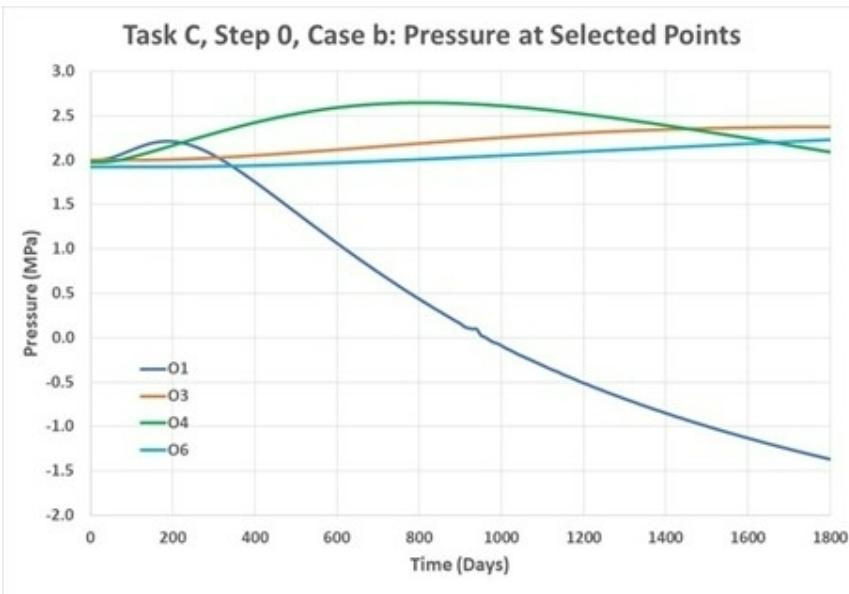
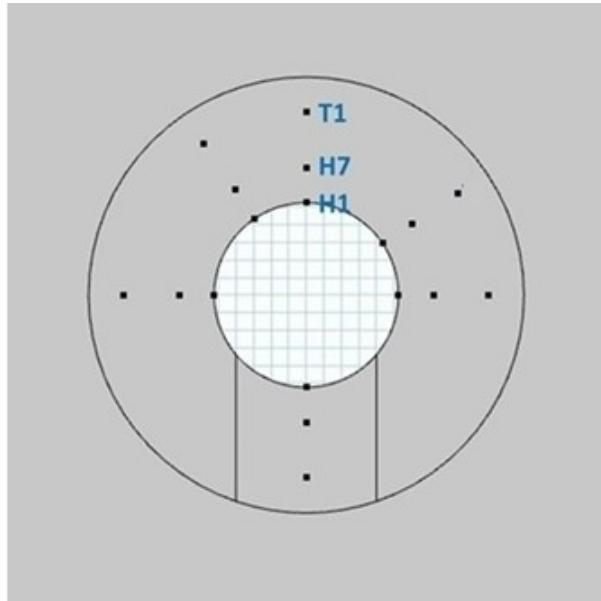
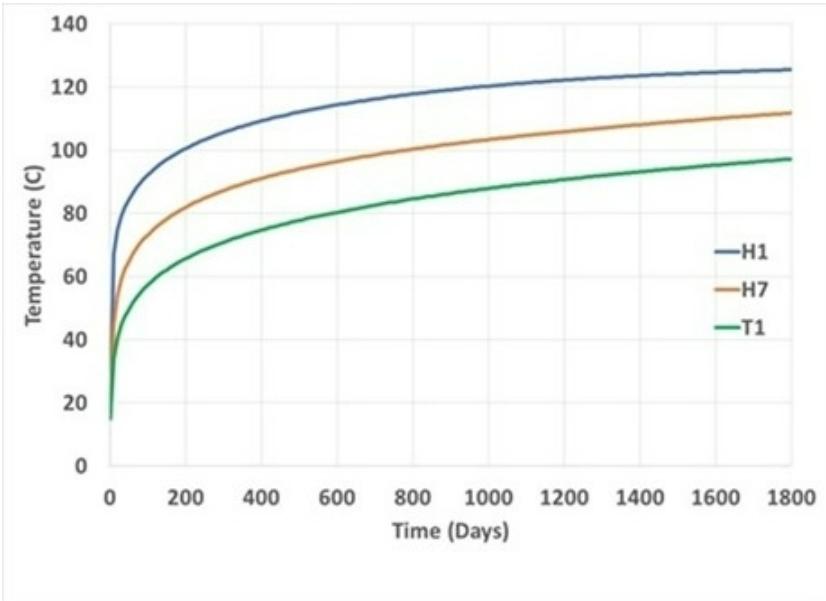
- Anisotropy in permeability and thermal conductivity



Step 0a Results: PFLOTRAN Predicted Temperature Distribution at 1800 Days (with anisotropy)



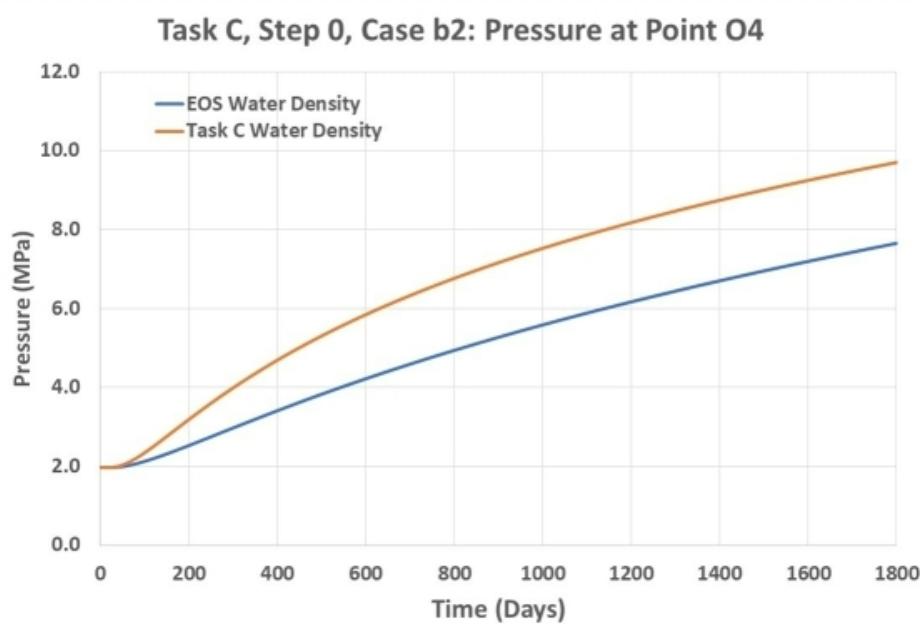
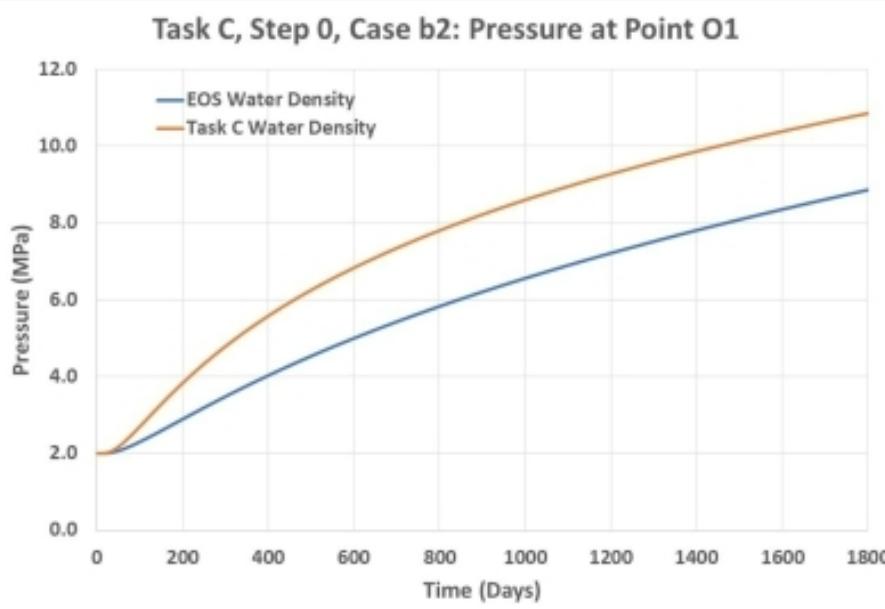
Step 0b: PFLOTRAN Predicted Evolution of Temperature at Specified Locations



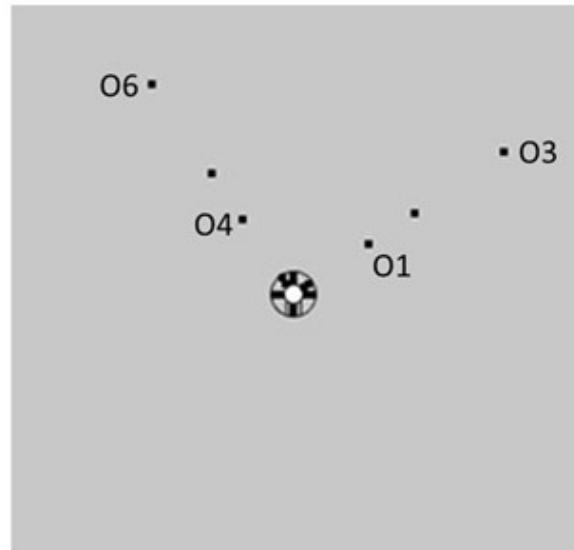
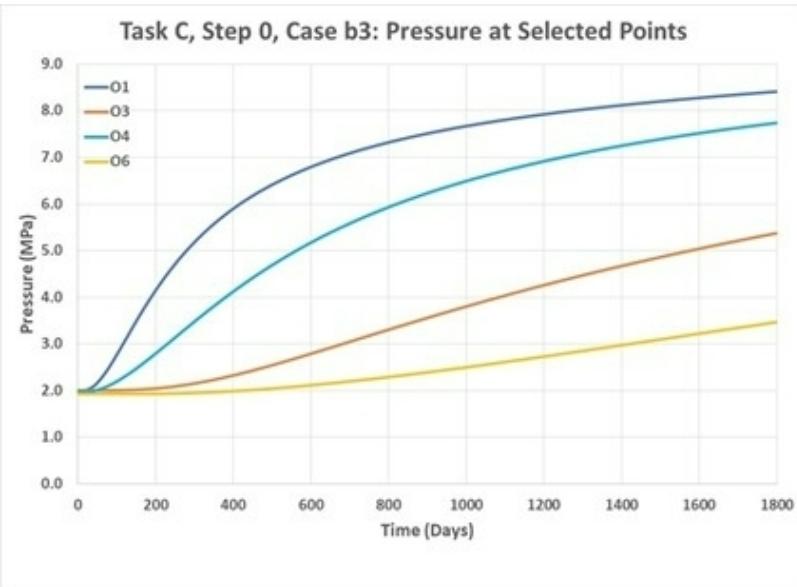
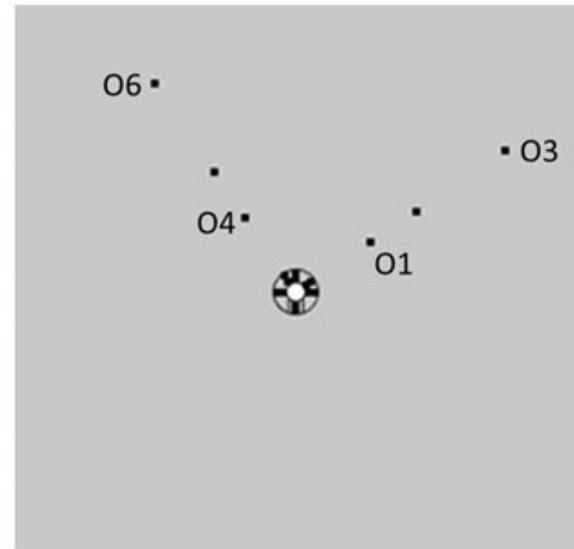
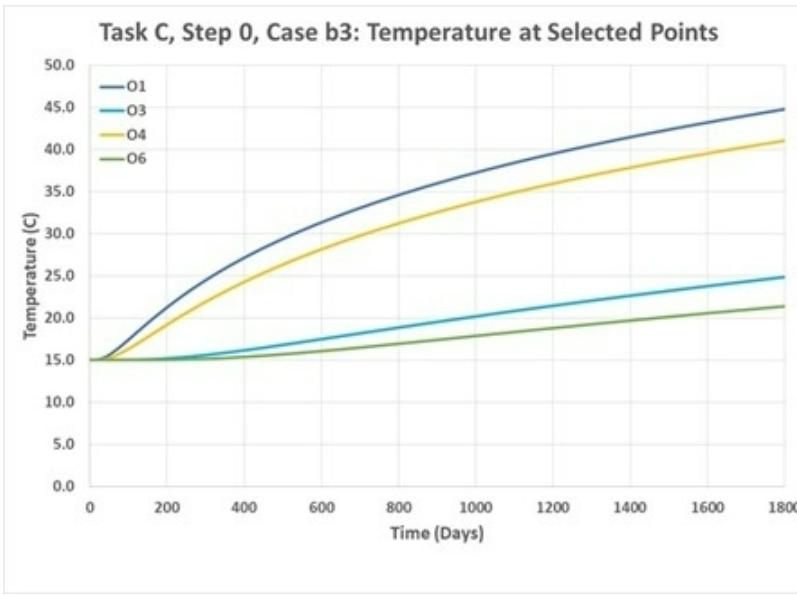
Step 0b2: PFLOTRAN Predicted Evolution of Pressure at Specified Locations – Effect of Water Density Equation



- Task C: Specified water density equation uses constant thermal expansion
- PFLOTRAN: Water Density: EOS based on International Formulation Committee (1967, 1997). Thermal expansion a function of temperature.
- Predicted pressure affected by the differences in thermal expansion



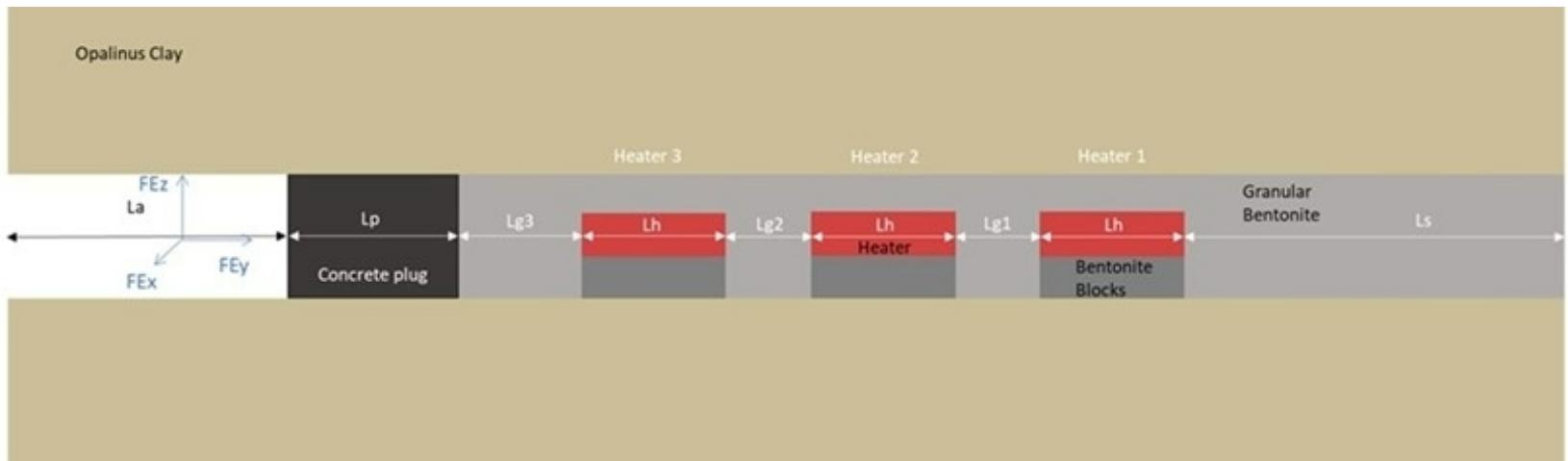
Step 0b3: PFLOTRAN Predicted Evolution of Temperature and Pressure at Specified Locations



Summary



- Updated Task C, Step 0a, Step 0b, Case b2 and Case b3 PFLOTRAN simulations using Task C specified material properties
- Focusing on two-phase transport and wetting/drying
- Next Steps:
 - Code comparison between COMSOL & PFLOTRAN for two phase transport
 - Step 1 modeling



Meshing for Step 1

