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# A pulsed vector optically pumped magnetometer operating in the SERF regime

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(WOPM-2021)

10/05/2021

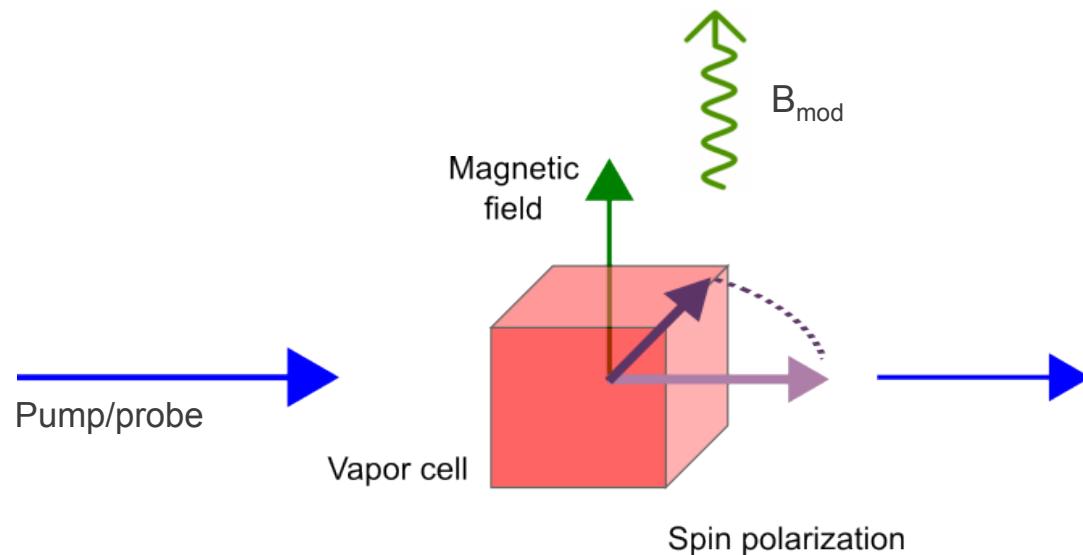


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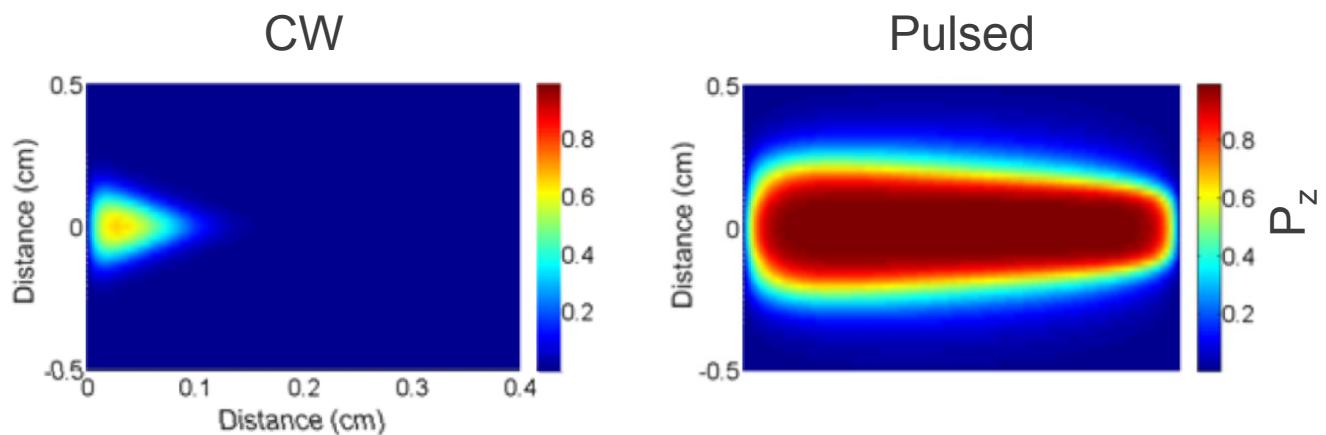
# CW vs. pulsed pump magnetometer for MEG

- “Traditional” spin-exchange relaxation free (SERF) magnetometer
  - CW pump
  - CW magnetic field modulation ( $\sim 1$  kHz) to define the sensitive axis



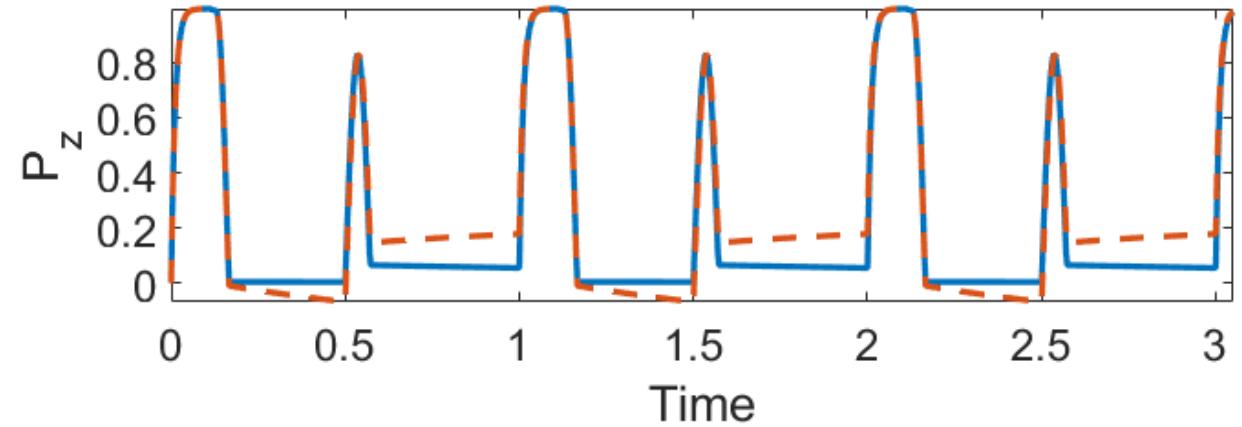
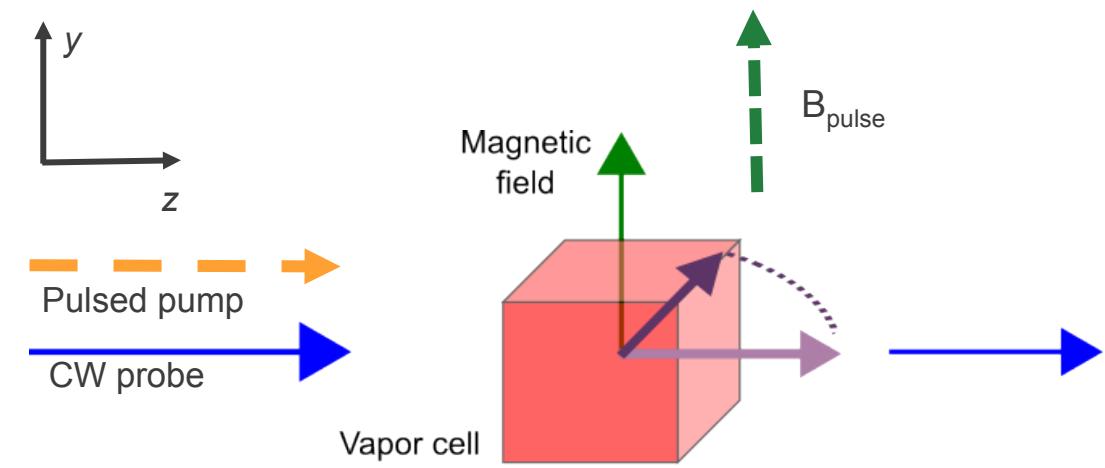
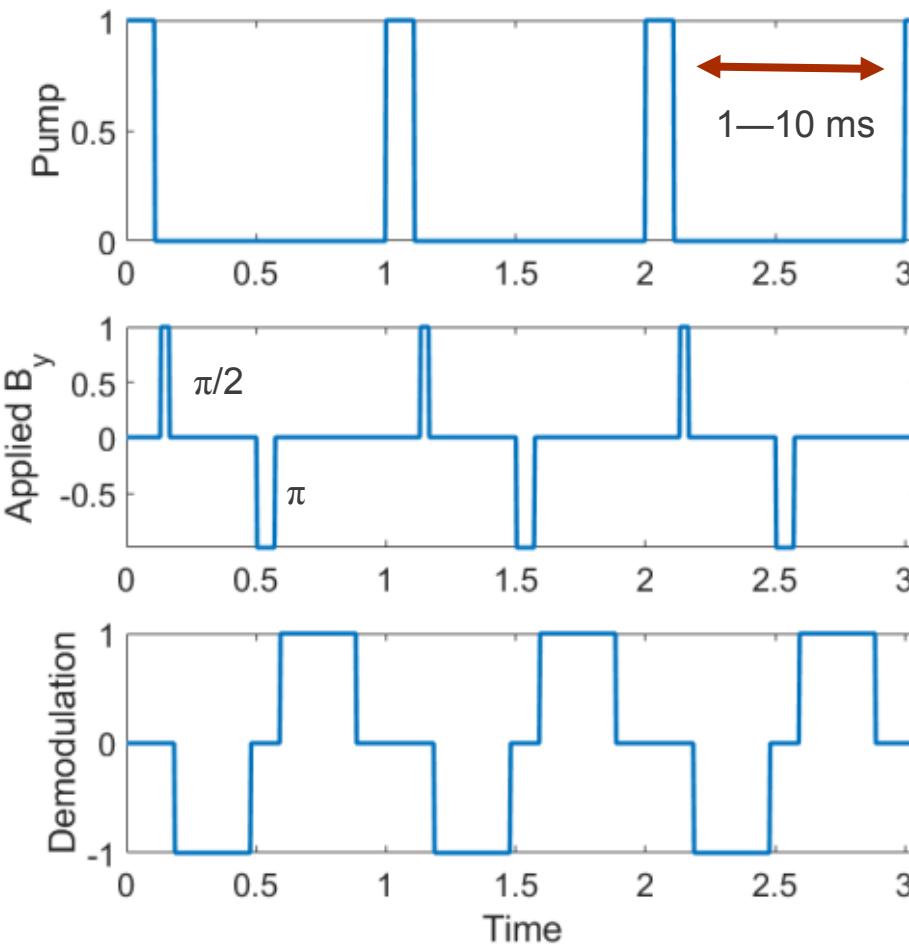
# Motivation for a pulsed pump

- Integrate pump laser into the sensor head
- Allows to use large-power pump
  - Complete optical pumping throughout the cell
  - Larger signal size compared to a CW magnetometer
- Eliminates problems with pump light power distribution and pump light shift



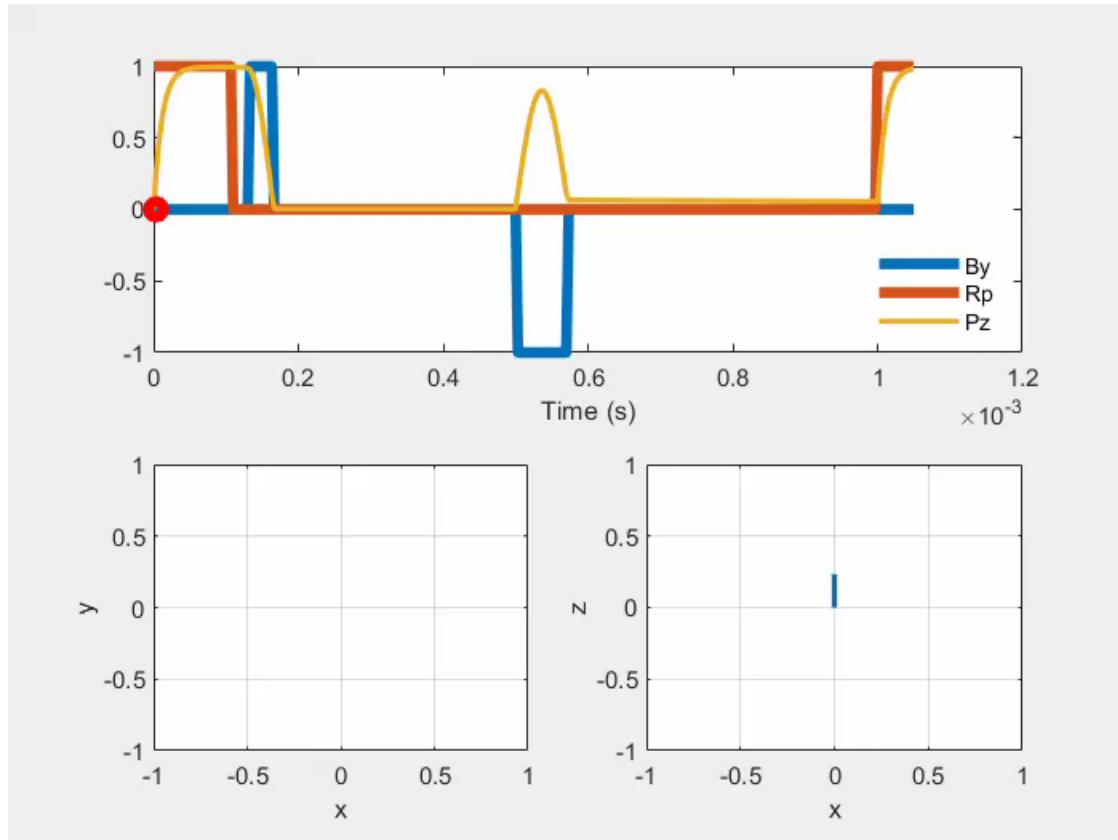
# Measurement of a single field component

- Pulse sequence to measure  $B_y$

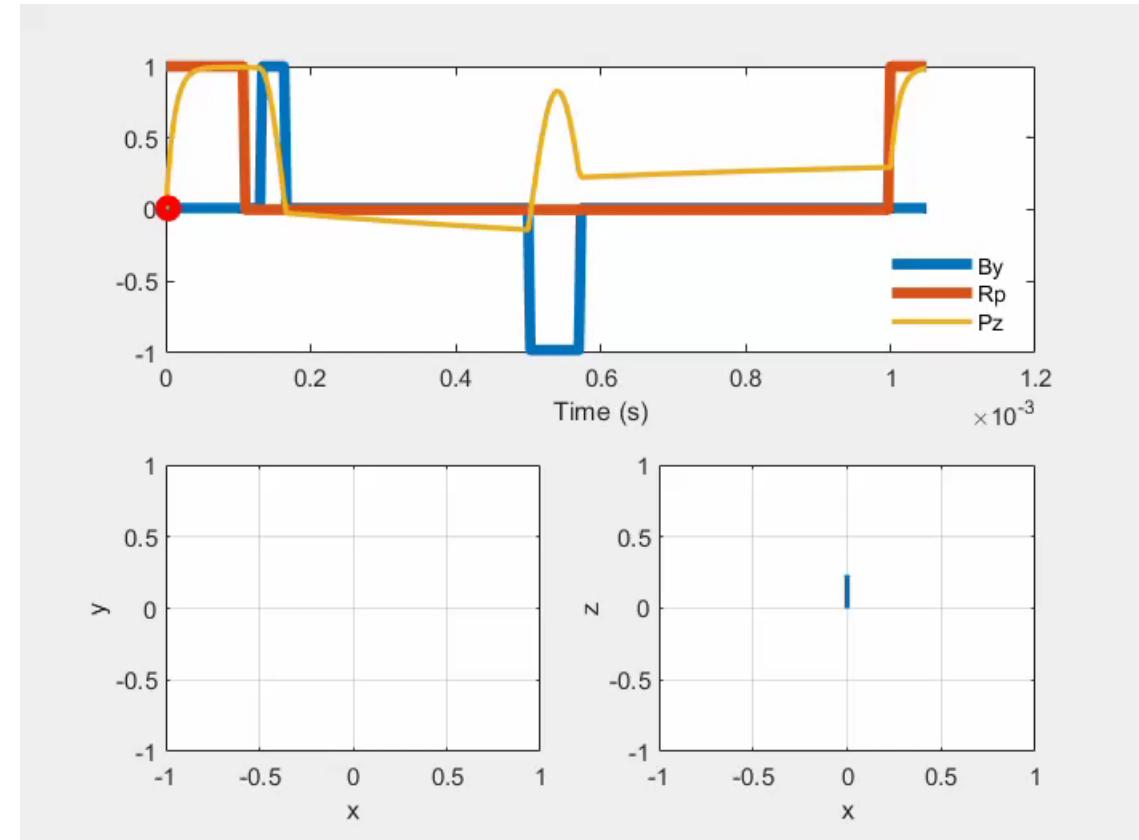


# Measurement of a single field component

Zero  $B_y$



Non-zero  $B_y$



# Magnetometer signal

- Polarization component as a function of time after  $\pi/2$  pulse

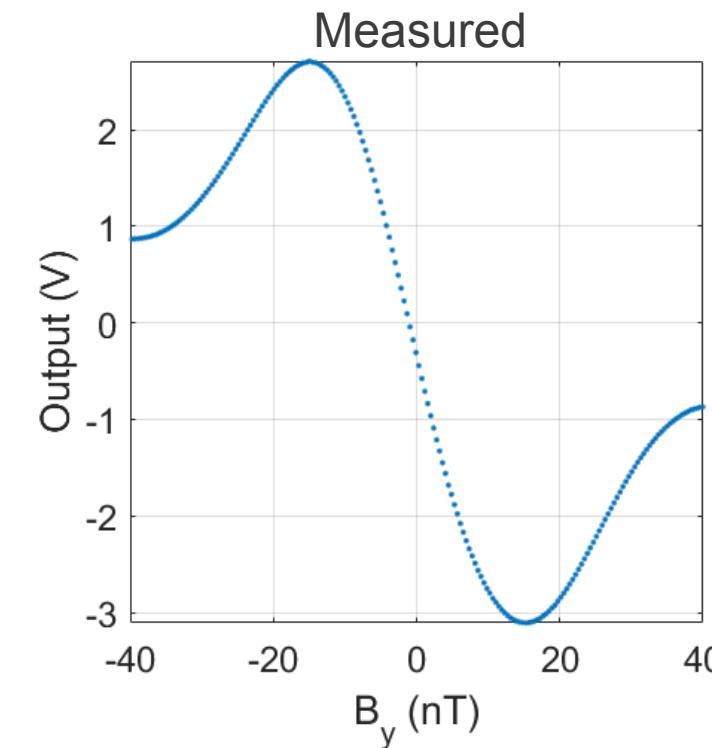
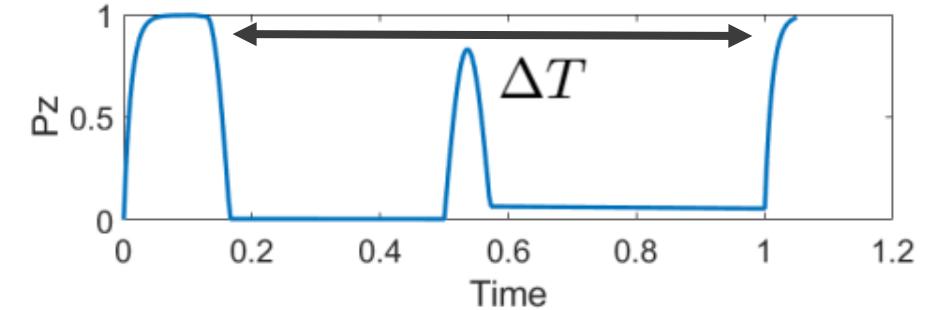
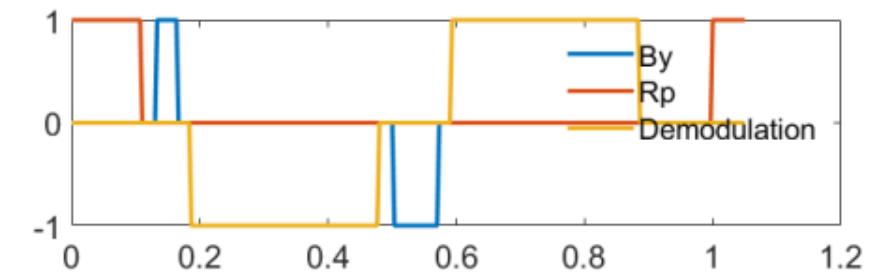
$$P_z(t) = P_0 e^{-t/T_2} \sin(\gamma B t)$$

- Assuming a short  $\pi$  pulse, the signal after demodulation is

$$S = -\frac{1}{\Delta T} \int_0^{\Delta T} P_0 e^{-t/T_2} \sin(\gamma B t) dt$$

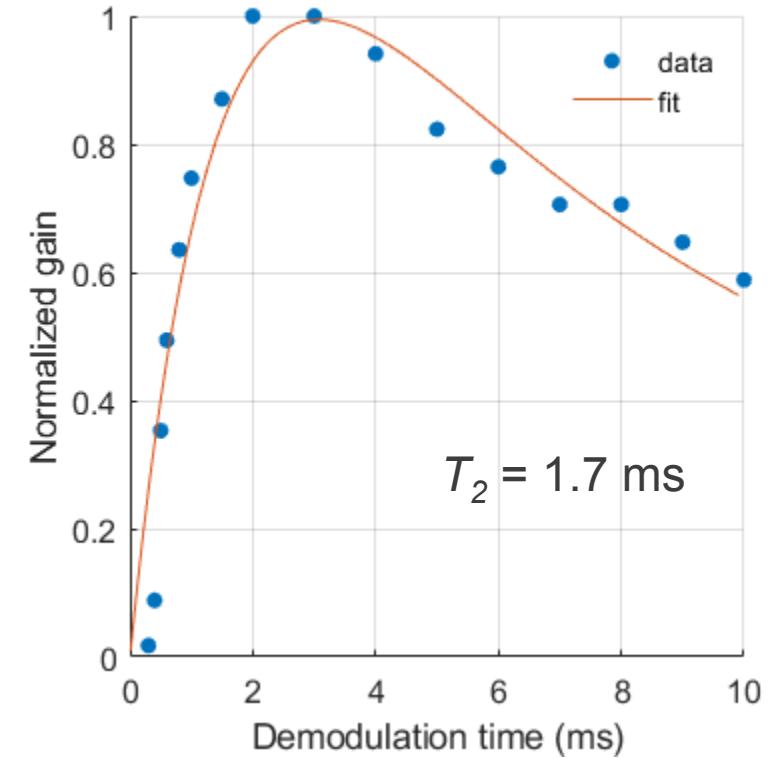
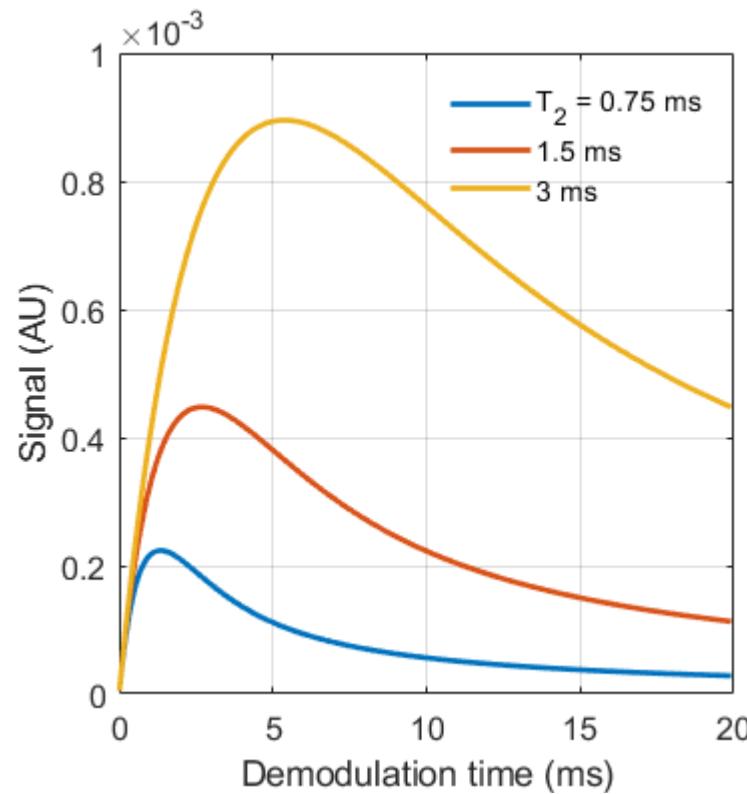
$$= P_0 \frac{(T_2 - e^{-\Delta T/T_2} (T_2 + \Delta T))}{\Delta T} \frac{T_2 \gamma B}{(T_2 \gamma B)^2 + 1}$$

$$\approx P_0 \frac{(T_2 - e^{-\Delta T/T_2} (T_2 + \Delta T))}{\Delta T} T_2 \gamma B$$

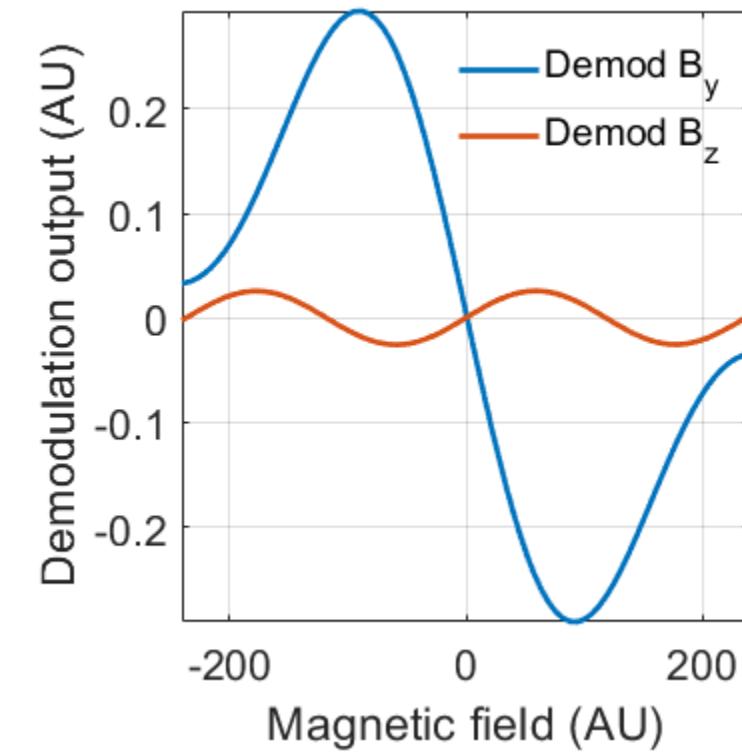
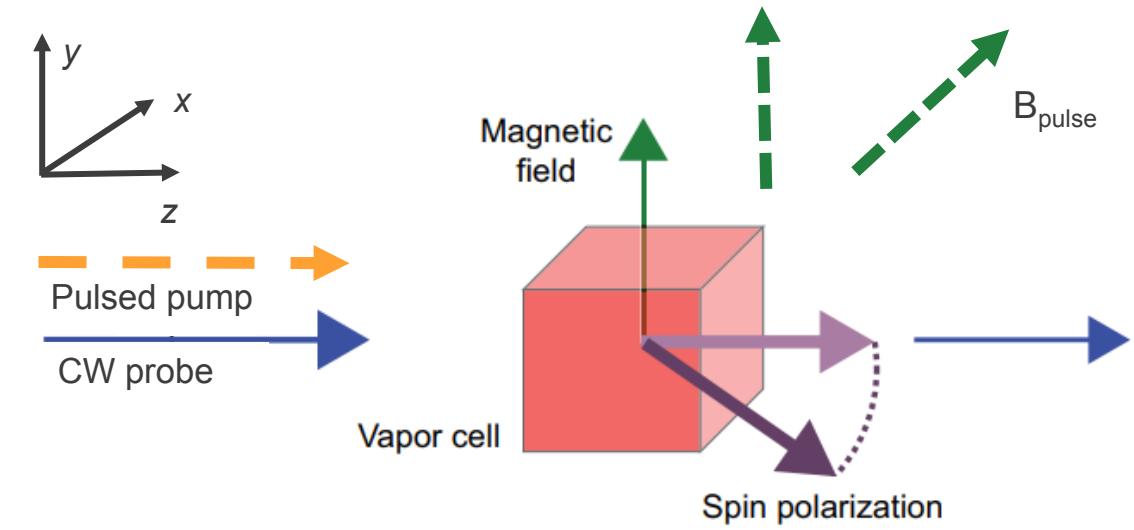
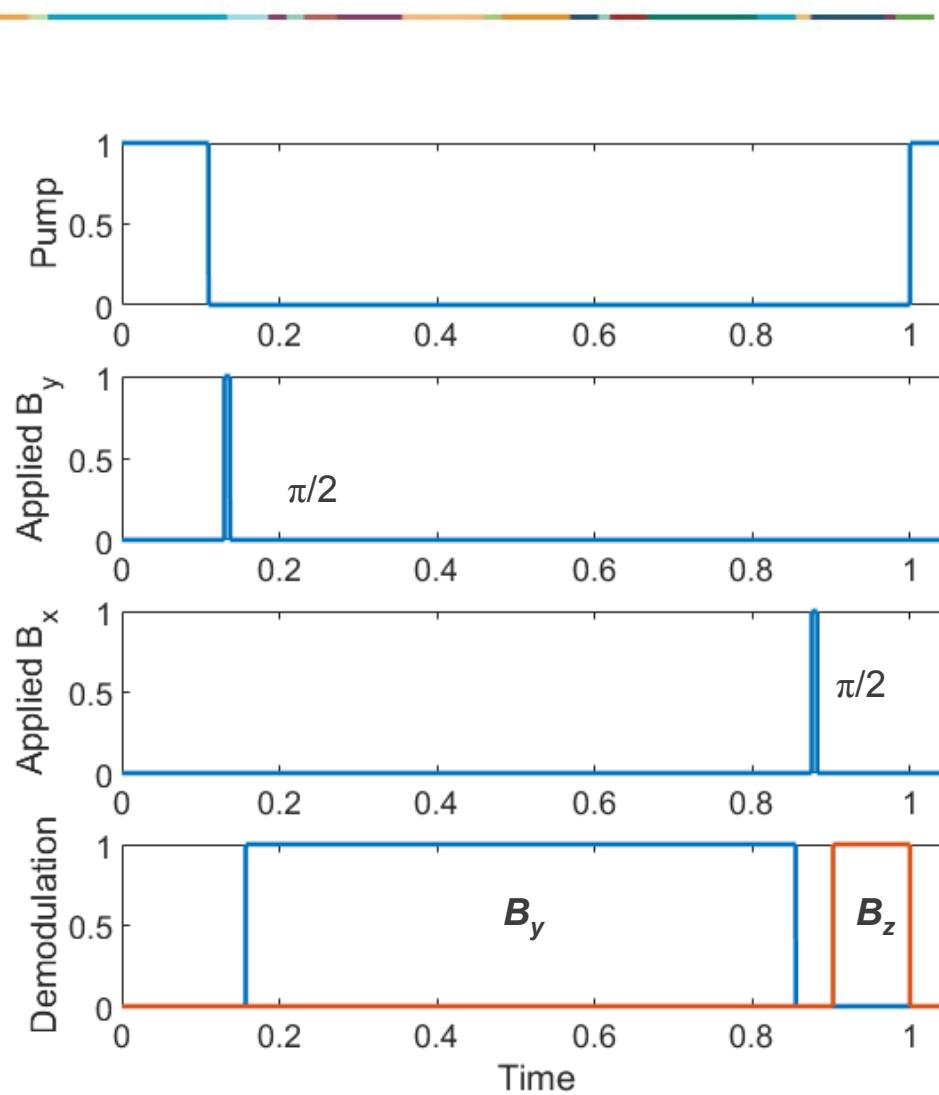


# Signal dependence on demodulation time

$$S \approx P_0 \frac{(T_2 - e^{-\Delta T/T_2}(T_2 + \Delta T))}{\Delta T} T_2 \gamma B$$

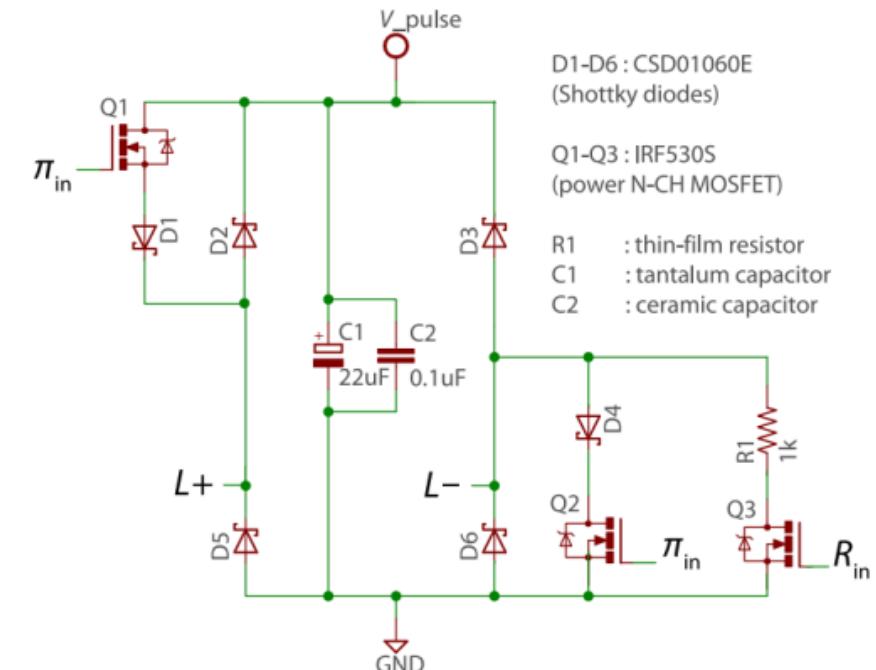
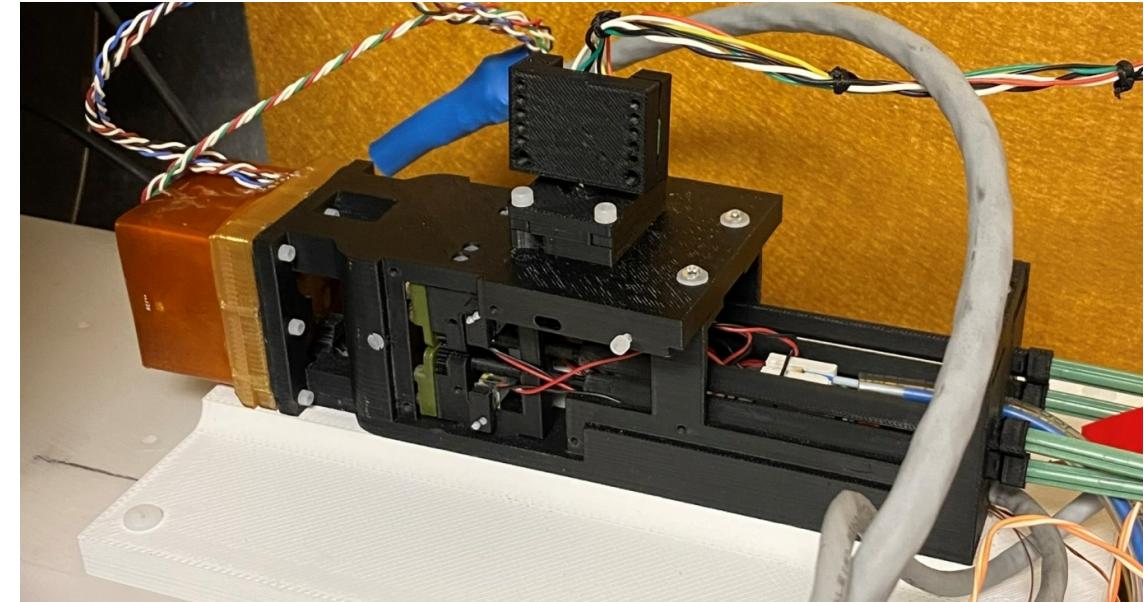


# Dual-axis measurement



# Sensor implementation

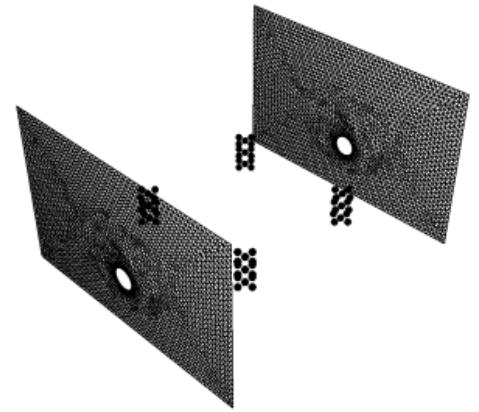
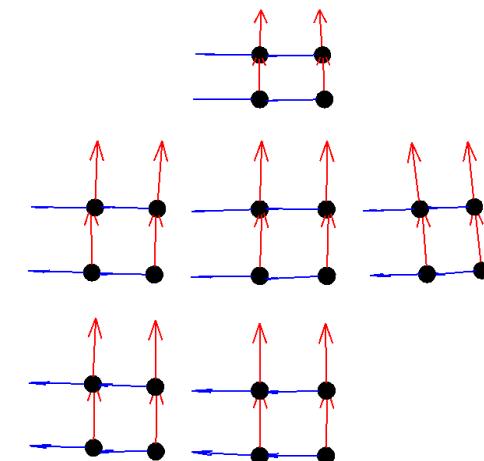
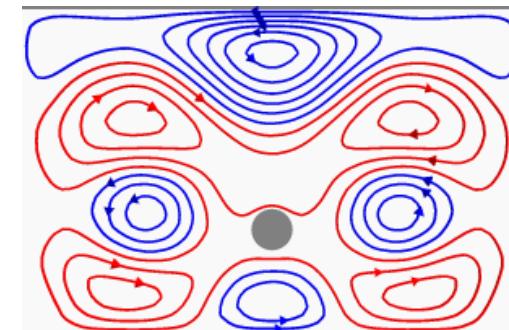
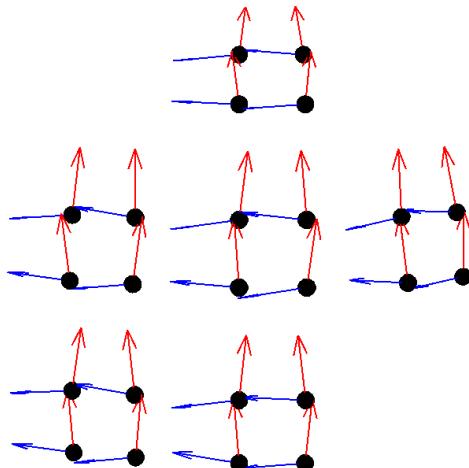
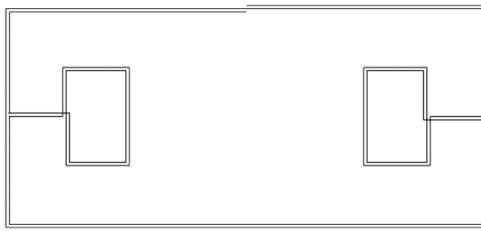
- Built a sensor prototype based on Sandia 4-channel OPM
- High-power multimode laser diode for 795 nm
- CW 780-nm probe
  - Faraday rotation
- Full H-bridge circuit for generating short magnetic field pulses (*Zhivun et al. 2019*)
  - $\pi/2$  pulse duration 4—40  $\mu$ s
- New on-sensor coil design using bfieldtools
- NI USB-6289 DAQ with Labview software for pulse-sequence control



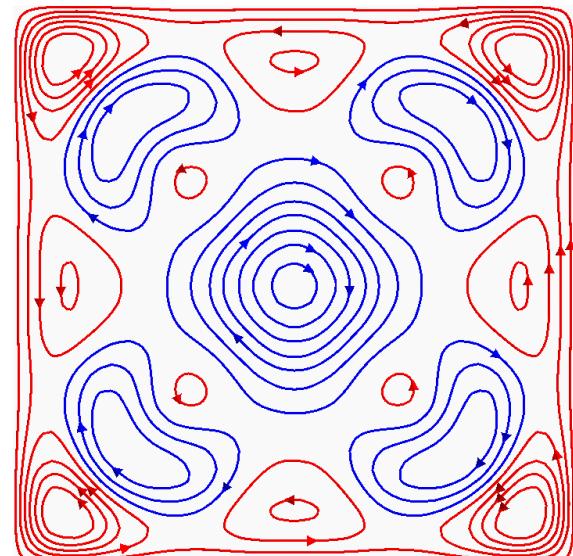
*Zhivun et al. 2019*

# On-sensor coil design with bfieldtools

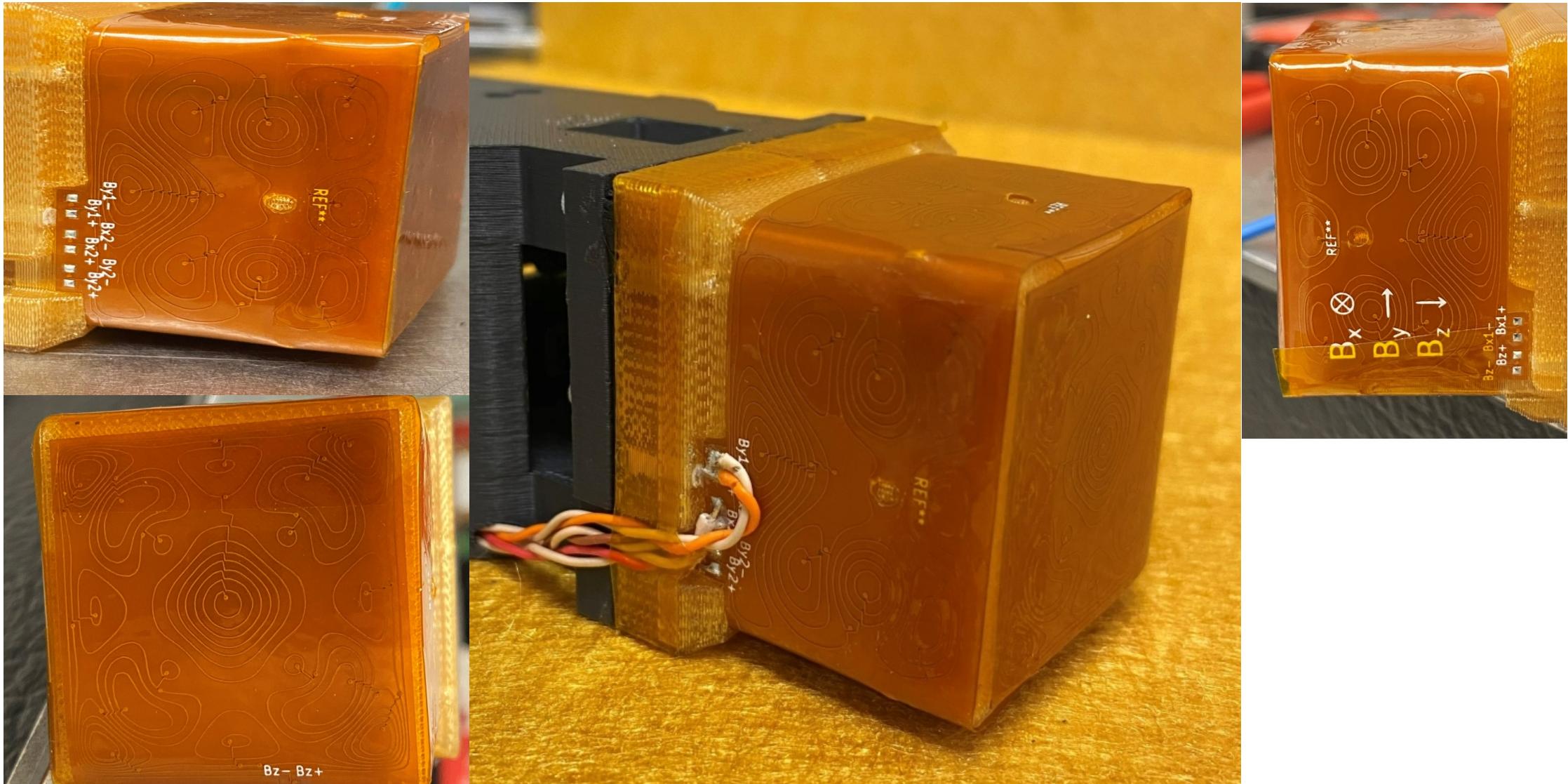
- Old  $B_y$  coil
- Field inhomogeneity < 20%
- Array sensing angle deviation  $\sim 10^\circ$
- New  $B_y$  coil
- Field inhomogeneity < 13%
- Array sensing angle deviation  $\sim 5^\circ$



- $B_z$  coil
- Field inhomogeneity < 11%

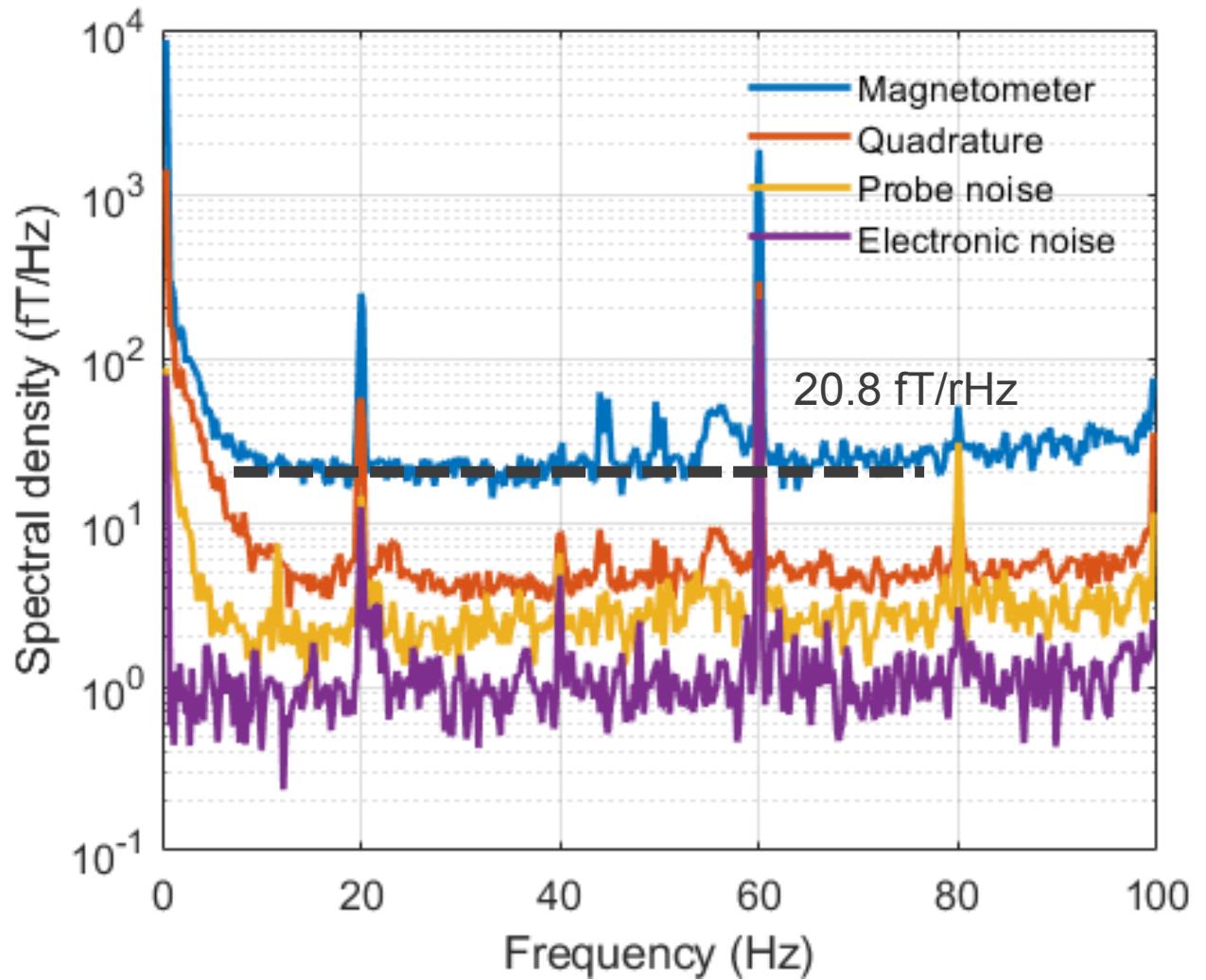


# On-sensor coil design with bfieldtools



# Bandwidth-normalized sensitivity

- Single-axis measurement
- Pump period = 5 ms
  - $F_s = 200$  Hz
- $\pi/2$  pulse duration  $24 \mu\text{s}$
- Magnetic sensitivity  $\sim 21 \text{ fT/rHz}$



# Conclusion

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- We have demonstrated a single-axis pulsed OPM operating in the SERF regime
  - Sensitivity  $\sim 20$  fT/rHz
  - Bandwidth 100 Hz
- Reduce the noise floor of the magnetometer
  - Magnetic pulse noise
  - Timing jitter
  - Spin polarization fluctuations
- Increase the sensor bandwidth
  - Shorter pump period
- Measurement of multiple field components simultaneously
  - Dual- / tri-axis

# Acknowledgments

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