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## Xyce™ XDM Netlist Translator User Guide, Version 2.5

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## ABSTRACT

This manual describes the installation and use of the **Xyce™** XDM Netlist Translator. XDM simplifies the translation of netlists generated by commercial circuit simulator tools into Xyce-compatible netlists. XDM currently supports translation from PSpice, HSPICE, and Spectre netlists into **Xyce™** netlists.

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## 1. INTRODUCTION

The Xyce XDM Netlist Translator is a software solution developed by Sandia National Laboratories for translating SPICE netlists into a format readable by Xyce, Sandia's internally developed SPICE-compatible simulation tool.

XDM (Xyce Data Model) can translate netlists written in PSpice, HSPICE, and Spectre formats. XDM's PSpice translation capabilities are the most mature and can be considered production quality. Similarly, XDM's HSPICE translation capabilities, introduced in the 2.0 release, are approaching production quality. Xyce has the command line option `-hspice-ext` to handle some cases where XDM doesn't translate HSPICE syntax. PSpice and Spectre translations require no additional Xyce command line options. Spectre translations are new in version 2.5 and improving with each new release. For all netlist languages XDM supports, and for XDM itself, feedback from users is always appreciated. XDM users can send feedback, bug reports, and feature requests to, in order of preference:

- Xyce's Google Group: <https://groups.google.com/g/xyce-users/>
- XDM's Github Issue board: <https://github.com/Xyce/XDM>
- Xyce's Contact Page: [https://xyce.sandia.gov/contact\\_us.html](https://xyce.sandia.gov/contact_us.html)
- Xyce Email: [xyce@sandia.gov](mailto:xyce@sandia.gov)

Sandia supplies binaries for RHEL7, OS X, and Windows that have the Boost and Python3 dependencies built in. The XDM executable is named “`xdm_bdl`”, short for “`xdm_bundle`”, and was chosen over “`xdm`” to avoid name clashes with the X11 “`xdm`” tool. “`xdm_bdl`” is a standalone C++ and Python program. New XDM releases are delivered as part of each new Xyce release.

XDM can be built on a number of platforms including Linux, OS X, and Windows. Building XDM requires the Boost Python libraries built with Python 3 and “PyInstaller”. Build instructions for XDM are included in the “`README.md`” file found in the XDM source available at <https://github.com/Xyce/XDM>.

## 2. XDM INSTALLATION

The installation procedure for the XDM binaries is substantially the same on Windows, Linux, and OS X (Darwin) systems with changes for system-dependent commands. For each of these operating systems XDM is delivered in binary form as a “zip” file:

- xdm-2.5.0-win64.zip
- xdm-2.5.0-Linux.zip
- xdm-2.5.0-Darwin.zip.

To install XDM unzip the file for the target system and then copy or move the directory it contains to the desired installation location. It is recommended to install XDM in the same location as Xyce. This helps users find XDM when running Xyce, and serves as a place to store different release versions of XDM, though the latest XDM release is always recommended. Finally, the XDM executable xdm\_bdl is a standalone executable invoked from the command line. The path to xdm\_bdl can be added to the “PATH” environment variable to avoid entering the full path each time xdm\_bdl is invoked.

### 2.1. Windows

The Windows installation steps are:

- Open xdm-2.5.0-win64.zip with a double click
- Copy the unzipped folder xdm-2.5.0-win64 to the location of your choice. The directory in which Xyce was installed is a good choice. By default the Xyce package is installed in the C:\Program Files\ folder.
- Inside the xdm-2.5.0-win64\bin folder, a batch file, called xdm\_console, is provided to automatically open a command window that has the XDM binary xdm\_bdl in the path. This enables “xdm\_bdl” to work without typing its full path for each invocation.
- For convenience, users can create a link to the xdm\_console file on the desktop by right clicking on the file and selecting “Create shortcut.”

### 2.2. Linux and OS X

The Linux and OS X installation steps are:

- Open/Unzip the xdm-2.5.0-Linux.zip or xdm-2.5.0-Darwin.zip using the “unzip” or “tar” utilities found on Unix-like systems.
- Copy the unzipped folder xdm-2.5.0-Linux or xdm-2.5.0-Darwin to the location of your choice. The Xyce installation location is a good choice. By default this is /usr/local on Unix-like systems.

- Unlike Windows environments there is no batch file to open a shell window with the xdm\_bdl automatically loaded into the PATH variable. Instead users can edit their PATH environment variable in a couple ways:

- Manually with command below for the current “Bash” and “Z Shell” windows.

```
export PATH=$PATH:/usr/local/xdm-2.5.0-Linux/bin
```

```
export PATH=$PATH:/usr/local/xdm-2.5.0-Darwin/bin
```

- Automatically on shell startup by adding the appropriate command above for .bashrc or .zshrc.

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### 3. TRANSLATING NETLISTS WITH XDM

#### 3.1. Startup

##### 3.1.1. *Windows*

If you created a link to the `xdm_console` batch file (as described in Chapter 2), then double-click the file. Otherwise, start the “Command Prompt”. The remaining instructions assume the XDM binary is in your path.

##### 3.1.2. *Linux/OS X*

Start a terminal shell. It is assumed that you have the XDM binary in your path.

#### 3.2. Running XDM

An example XDM invocation for translating a file is

```
xdm_bdl -s hspice -d out -o xyce --auto test_circuit.sp
```

where

- `-s hspice` designates an HSPICE input format
- `-d out` designates writing output to a directory called, “out”
- `-o xyce` designates the Xyce output format
- `--auto` specifies that XDM should automatically translate any `.INC/.LIB` files
- `test_circuit.sp` is the input circuit to be translated

To see a full description of XDM’s flags, type `xdm_bdl -h` on the command line:

```
$ xdm_bdl -h
usage: xdm_bdl [-h] [-s [{hspice,tspice,pspice,spectre,xyce}]] [-d [DIR_OUT]]
                  [-o [{xyce}]] [--auto] [--eval] [-l {DEBUG,INFO,WARN,ERROR}]
                  [-q {R,C,D,L,X,Q,ALL}] [--license]
                  input_file
```

`xdm 2.0.0: Translates input netlist file by creating a new netlist file of a different netlist file format. The translated input file (of the same name) is written into the specified output directory - if you used the same directory as the input netlist file, the original file will be overwritten. xdm also`

supports a device query interface for the SAW environment.

positional arguments:

**input\_file** The input netlist file

optional arguments:

```
-h, --help                  show this help message and exit
-s [{hspice,tspice,pspice,spectre,xyce}],
     --source_file_format [{hspice,tspice,pspice,spectre,xyce}]
                           The source/input netlist file format (default: pspice)
-d [DIR_OUT], --dir_out [DIR_OUT]
                           The output directory (default: default_dir)
-o [{xyce}], --output_file_format [{xyce}]
                           The output netlist file format (default: xyce)
--auto
                           Automatically translate include and library files
                           (default: False)
--eval
                           Evaluate functions during translation (default: False)
-l {DEBUG,INFO,WARNING,ERROR}, --logging {DEBUG,INFO,WARNING,ERROR}
                           Control the level of screen logging output: WARNING is
                           quiet - only ERROR and WARNING level messages will be
                           sent to the screen (default: WARNING)
-q {R,C,D,L,X,Q,ALL}, --query_device {R,C,D,L,X,Q,ALL}
                           Query for a device type of interest within the SAW
                           environment (default: None)
--license
                           Display the license for this version of XDM (default:
                           None)
```

Note that, while several input netlist formats are listed, only HSPICE, PSpice, and Spectre have functional support.

After XDM runs, the translated circuit file and its associated library files in the above example should be in the “out” directory. To run the circuit file in Xyce, the command:

```
Xyce test_circuit.sp -hspice-ext all
```

should be used to resolve any remaining translation issues not handled by XDM.

When XDM encounters something it doesn't understand, it will either produce a warning message, and continue processing, or print an error message and stop processing. Typically, a warning message is produced when a specific line cannot be translated. In these cases, the user can choose to ignore the issue, or may be able to find an equivalent Xyce syntax by hand. An example warning message is shown in Figure 3-1. The line, in the input file, that caused the warning message is then typically left as a comment line in the translated netlist.

Error messages occur in cases where XDM cannot continue processing, such as a missing file, or non-ASCII characters appearing in the netlist. XDM will give as much information as possible for the source of the error. An example warning message is shown in Figure 3-2.

PSpice file name and line #	Text of commented-out PSpice line
<pre> xdm_bdl.exe 1.4.0 (last changed on 2017-08-04 14:46:44) at C:\Users\Desktop\xdm-1.4.0-win64\bin\xdm_bdl  is translating the file:  'pwl_sources.cir.pspice' (input format = pspice)     using xml definition C:\Users\AppData\Local\Temp\_MEI13~2\pspice.xml =&gt; and is creating the translated files under the directory 'pwl_sources.cir-translated' (output format = xyce)     using xml definition C:\Users\AppData\Local\Temp\_MEI13~2\xyce.xml </pre>	
<pre> Original calling command for this run was:  xdm_bdl.exe '-s' 'pspice' '-d' 'pwl_sources.cir-translated' '-o' 'xyce' 'pwl_sources.cir.pspice'  08/07/2017 10:00:55 AM WARNING: In file:"SCHEMATIC1.net" at line:[32, 33]. * V_V5 1 0 PWL REPEAT FOREVER (0,0)(5e-4,1)(1e-3,0) ENDREPEAT; PSpice Parser Retained (as a comment). Continuing.  == xdm execution complete:  Total critical issues reported = 0: Total errors reported = 0: Total warnings reported = 1: Total information messages reported = 5:  SUCCESS: xdm completion status flag = 0: </pre>	
	<p>“0” = success</p>

**Figure 3-1. Example of an XDM Warning message.**

<pre> xdm_bdl.exe 1.4.0 (last changed on 2017-08-04 14:46:44) at C:\Users\Desktop\xdm-1.4.0-win64\bin\xdm_bdl  is translating the file:  'example1.cir' (input format = pspice)     using xml definition C:\Users\AppData\Local\Temp\_MEI13~2\pspice.xml =&gt; and is creating the translated files under the directory 'example1.cir-translated' (output format = xyce)     using xml definition C:\Users\AppData\Local\Temp\_MEI13~2\xyce.xml </pre>	
<pre> Original calling command for this run was:  xdm_bdl.exe '-s' 'pspice' '-d' 'example1.cir-translated' '-o' 'xyce' 'example1.cir'  08/07/2017 01:09:02 PM ERROR: File: C:\XDM_1.4.0_Windows_Test\Bogo.lib was not found. Please locate this file and try again. </pre>	
<p>PSpice file name</p>	<p>Error message gives basic info on cause of fatal error.</p>

**Figure 3-2. Example of an XDM Error message.**

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## 4. PSPICE TRANSLATIONS: OVERVIEW AND KNOWN ISSUES

**Libraries and Models** XDM does not throw a fatal error or emit a warning if a `.MODEL` statement is missing for a model that requires one. As a result, Xyce will emit an error message during netlist parsing.

**Unsupported Device Groups** XDM does not yet support the following groups of devices, because of differences in syntax and parameters:

- Digital device models
- T devices (lossy/lossless transmission lines)

**Unsupported PSpice Syntax** Some PSpice options and commands do not have a legal Xyce translation. The following are always commented out by XDM, but should not affect the Xyce simulation:

- `.AUTOCONVERGE`
- `.OPTIONS ADVCONV`
- `.OPTIONS CHGTOL`
- `.OPTIONS ITL2`
- `.OPTIONS VNTOL`

**Undocumented PSpice Syntax** Some PSpice syntax is undocumented in the PSpice guides. The following are known examples (for device instance lines and `.MODEL` statements) that aren't supported by XDM:

- Missing commas in TC specifications

`TC=0.1 0.1`

vs.

`TC=0.1, 0.1`

- The latter is what is documented. The former will be commented out by XDM.

- Missing parameter values

`TC=` or `BV=` without a value

- Extra matched set of parentheses

`.MODEL D1N3940 D ((BV=600 DEV=1) IS=4E-10 RS=.105 N=1.48 CJO=1.95E-11)`

- Unmatched right/left parentheses in `.MODEL` statements

`.MODEL D1N3940 D ((BV=600 DEV=1%) IS=4E-10 RS=.105 N=1.48 CJO=1.95E-11)`

**Piecewise Linear (PWL) Sources** XDM is able to handle these PSpice forms of PWL:

- Documented syntax in the PSpice Reference Guide

```
V_V1 1 0 PWL (1e-3,0.5) (2e-3,1) (3e-3,1) (4e-3,0.5)
```

- Undocumented syntax in the PSpice Reference Guide

```
V_V1 1 0 PWL 1e-3 0.5 2e-3 1 3e-3 1 4e-3 0.5
```

```
V_V2 2 0 PWL (1e-3, 0.5, 2e-3, 1, 3e-3, 1, 4e-3, 0.5)
```

```
V_V3 3 0 PWL (1e-3 0.5 2e-3 1 3e-3 1 4e-3 0.5)
```

- Using a file

```
V_FILE1 5 0 PWL FILE "pwlFile1.txt"
```

The following PSpice forms of PWL will be commented out by XDM, since they don't have a legal (or straightforward) translation in Xyce:

- Some instances of REPEAT

See Section 6.1.12, "Piecewise Linear Sources" of the Xyce Reference Guide [1] for more details on how to manually translate these PSpice PWL instance lines.

- Anything using TIME\_SCALE\_FACTOR or VALUE\_SCALE\_FACTOR

**Controlled sources** While the documented syntax of the POLY form works for the F and G sources, the subcircuit syntax produced by OrCAD capture is not always consistent with the documentation.

**.PROBE and .PROBE64** Some of the wildcard forms used by .PROBE and .PROBE64 are not supported:

- /V( ) all voltages
- -/V( ) no voltages
- -/V(X) all voltages except internal sub-circuit voltages

## 5. HSPICE TRANSLATIONS: OVERVIEW AND KNOWN ISSUES

**HSPICE .OPTIONS** With one exception, HSPICE .OPTIONS lines will be commented out in the translated Xyce netlist for the following reasons:

- There may not be a direct translation of HSPICE options into Xyce options.
- Even options with the same or similar names in HSPICE and Xyce may not have the same functionality.
- The exception is the TNOM option in HSPICE, which will be translated in the Xyce netlist.

**Conditional statement blocks** Conditional .IF-.ELSE statement blocks will be commented out, as conditional statement blocks are not yet fully supported in Xyce. Nested *if-else* blocks may give XDM trouble, and will be fixed in an upcoming release.

**Instance parameters** Issues to keep in mind with regards to translations of instance parameters:

- Instance parameters of devices that exist in HSPICE but not in Xyce will be automatically removed. E.g., DTEMP will be removed for R, L and C devices. *Watch for this in the on-screen warnings.*
- Care needs to be used when deciding whether to translate with the *-auto* option. If a device is an instantiation of a model declared in another file, and auto translate is turned off, that device's instance parameters will default to parameters using a default level (typically *level=1*). If the different model levels have different allowed instance parameters, this may result in parameters being removed.

**Wildcards** In previous releases, XDM would generally comment out wildcards in output variables on the .PRINT, with the exception of V(\*). This behavior been updated so that wildcard (\*) and single wildcard (?) in .PRINT statements are now translated for voltage, current, and power output variables. Wildcards in other output variables will still be commented out of the resulting netlist by XDM.

**Multiplicity (M Factor)** In HSPICE, the “multiplicity” (or “M Factor”) can be used to specify multiple netlist devices in parallel via a single instance line. In Xyce, the terms “multiplicity factor” and “multiplier” are used to describe that same concept.

At present, the multiplicity factor (M parameter) is only supported in Xyce by the R, L, C and MOSFET device models, and some BJT device models (VBIC 1.3 and MEXTRAM).

**AGAUSS and AUNIF** The AGAUSS and GAUSS functions are defined both in HSPICE and Xyce to handle Gaussian distributions. For uniform distributions, HSPICE then uses the AUNIF and UNIF functions, while Xyce uses the RAND function. The Xyce definitions are given in the “Expressions” section of the Xyce Reference Guide [1]. The HSPICE and Xyce versions of AGAUSS, GAUSS, AUNIF,UNIF RAND functions, are not yet fully compatible. See the Xyce Reference Guide for more details.

## 5.1. Commands known not to translate

The following command lines, found in HSPICE, are not directly supported in Xyce:

- .ALTER
- .TEMP
- .IF, .ELSEIF, .ELSE and .ENDIF

In addition, any usages of DTEMP for subcircuits will likely need to be replaced with explicit parameter values, especially for DTEMP not equal to 0.

**.NODESET** The Xyce .NODESET command uses a different strategy than either SPICE3F5 or HSPICE. So, the Xyce behavior may differ from that provided by .NODESET and .OPTION DCHOLD in HSPICE. In addition, Xyce does not allow the use of “wildcards” in .NODESET (or .IC) statements. The “.NODESET (*Approximate Initial Condition, Bias point*)” section of the Xyce Reference Guide [1] gives more details on the Xyce implementation.

**.OPTION MACMOD** The various HSPICE MACMOD options allow HSPICE to search for subcircuit definitions or Verilog-A definitions in place of model references and/or vice-versa (depending on the specification). Xyce does not support this option at this time.

**Verilog-A Support** Xyce does have the capability to dynamically link in Verilog-A models. However, that capability is limited and not HSPICE compatible. In particular, it is not possible to insert Verilog-A models into Xyce via the netlist alone. So, Xyce does not support the HSPICE .HDL command.

**Multiple .END Statements** The following netlist is legal in HSPICE.

```
Multiple .END statements
*****
V1 1 0 SIN(0 1 1e3)
R1 1 2 1
R2 2 0 2
.TRAN 10u 1m
.PRINT TRAN V(1) V(2)
.END

V1 1 0 SIN(0 1 1e3)
R1 1 2 1
```

```

R2 2 0 3
.TRAN 10u 1m
.PRINT TRAN V(1) V(2)
.END

```

Both simulations will be run, once with the resistance of R2 equal to 2 and once with its resistance equal to 3. In Xyce, the simulation would only be run with the resistance of R2 equal to 2. All of the text after the first .END statement would be treated as comment lines by the Xyce parser. To run both simulations in Xyce, the appropriate .STEP or .DATA statement would be used to set the desired values for the resistance of R2.

## 5.2. Xyce -hspice-ext Command Line Option

The Xyce command line option, `-hspice-ext`, is almost always required when running a netlist translated by XDM. It allows the Xyce parser to accept a limited set of HSPICE syntax features, in lieu of the Xyce ones, for the limited set of cases shown in Table 5-1. These features are particularly difficult for XDM to translate, but are easy for Xyce to handle if it knows about them.

**Table 5-1. -hspice-ext Command Line Option**

Syntax	Functionality
<code>-hspice-ext units</code>	Toggles on <code>A=1e-18</code> as a scaling factor
<code>-hspice-ext math</code>	Toggles in the HSPICE meanings for the logical operators <code>  </code> and <code>&amp;&amp;</code> and the exponentiation synonym of <code>^</code> . It also uses the HSPICE functions for base10 and natural logarithms, which are <code>LOG10</code> and <code>LOG</code> .
<code>-hspice-ext random</code>	<code>AGAUSS()</code> and <code>GAUSS()</code> will return the mean value rather than a random variate
<code>-hspice-ext all</code>	Does all three
<code>-hspice-ext units,math,random</code>	A comma-separated listing is also legal. This example is equivalent to <code>all</code> .

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## 6. SPECTRE TRANSLATIONS: OVERVIEW AND KNOWN ISSUES

This is a list of common known issues the user may encounter when translating from Spectre. It is by no means an exhaustive list.

**Spectre options** All Spectre options lines will be commented out in the translated Xyce netlist for similar reasons as .OPTIONS in HSPICE (see preceding chapter "HSPICE Translations: Overview and Known Issues").

**Analysis statements** The only analysis statements XDM will currently translate are dc, ac, and tran. In addition, translations of secondary sweeps are not currently supported.

**Conditional statement blocks** Conditional if-else statement blocks will be commented out, as conditional statement blocks are not yet fully supported in Xyce. Nested if-else blocks may give XDM trouble, and will be fixed in an upcoming release.

**Instance parameters** Guidelines similar to those listed for translations of HSPICE instance parameters (see preceding chapter "HSPICE Translations: Overview and Known Issues") should be kept in mind for translations of Spectre instance parameters as well.

**Wildcards** Wildcards in output variables on the save statement are generally commented out in the XDM translation, with the exception of V(\*) .

**Subcircuit parameters** Spectre does not make a clear distinction between instance parameters of a subckt statement and parameters within that block. Because of this, the XDM translation puts all parameters inside the subcircuit block.

**Spectre simulator command** Spectre allows switching to a SPICE input reading mode through the use of the simulator lang=spice command. XDM can process this statement and will automatically switch to the HSPICE parser for translation in this case, although only one such language switch is allowed per file.

**Multiplicity (M Factor)** Similar issues surrounding multiplicity factor delineated in the previous chapter (see "HSPICE Translations: Overview and Known Issues") exists in Spectre translations as well.

**Distribution functions and the `statistics` block** Translations of functions that create random distributions in Spectre, such as `gauss` and `unif`, and the `statistics` blocks they reside in are not currently supported. They will be commented out in the translated files.

## 6.1. Commands known not to translate

The following commonly found statements in Spectre are not directly supported in Xyce:

- `alter` and `altergroup`
- `checkpoint`
- `if`

**Verilog-A Support** As mentioned in the previous chapter, Xyce does not generally support Verilog-A models. Therefore, XDM will comment out Spectre `.ahdl_include` statements.

## 7. TRANSLATION OF PDK MODEL LIBRARIES

The entirety of an HSPICE- or Spectre- based PDK model library can be converted by translating a circuit that includes the model library through the `.INC` or the `.LIB` file in HSPICE and the `include` file in Spectre, and using the `--auto` option.

To translate the PDK without an accompanying circuit, create a dummy file that has just single include statement for the top level wrapper file; for example in HSPICE:

```
.INC design.inc  
or  
.LIB design_wrapper.lib TT
```

and translate that with the `--auto` option.

It is recommended to translate a PDK's model library all at once with the circuit netlist using the `--auto` option, since XDM does some cross-checking of models and may remove parameters and/or comment out lines if all the information in a PDK isn't processed at the same time (see Chapter 5 for more details).

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## 8. RELEASE NOTES

### 8.1. XDM 2.5

#### 8.1.1. *General*

- Translations of netlists using binned models will no longer have the `.OPTION PARSER MODEL_BINNING=TRUE` statement. This option is turned on by default in Xyce now and therefore no longer needs to be explicitly declared.
- Duplicate output variables will now be removed from the `.PRINT` line.
- The expression and function pre-processing capabilities have been removed from XDM.

#### 8.1.2. *Spectre*

- The `else` conditional block in `if-else` statements will now be commented out by XDM, since conditional statement support is not fully mature yet in Xyce.

#### 8.1.3. *PSpice*

- Fixed bug where instance parameters for temperature coefficients for resistors were not translated.

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## REFERENCES

- [1] Eric R. Keiter, Thomas V. Russo, Richard L. Schiek, Heidi K. Thornquist, Ting Mei, Jason C. Verley, Peter E. Sholander, Karthik V. Aadithya, and Joshua D. Schickling. Xyce Parallel Electronic Simulator: Reference Guide, Version 7.5. Technical Report SAND2022-5844, Sandia National Laboratories, Albuquerque, NM, 2022.

## APPENDIX A. Third Party Licenses

The Xyce XDM Netlist Translator makes use of code developed by various third parties. The following text is provided to comply with the licenses of the codes that require it.

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