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Title: J/psi and psi(2S) production in small systems with PHENIX

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J/ψ and $\psi(2S)$ Production in Small Systems with



Krista Smith for the PHENIX Collaboration











Motivation



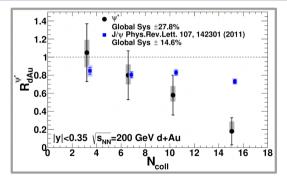
d+Au and p+Pb

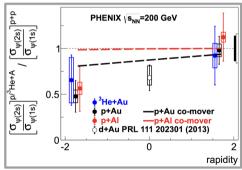
- Strong suppression observed for $\psi(2S)$ with respect to J/ψ
 - $\circ~$ Would not be expected if only CNM effects are present
 - Reproduced by Co-Movers model Phys.Lett.B 749 (2015)



PHENIX $\psi(2S)$ Final State Effects in p+A Collisions?

d+Au and p+Pb





Left: PRL 111 (2013) 20, 202301. Right: PRC 95, 034904 (2017)



d+Au and p+Pb

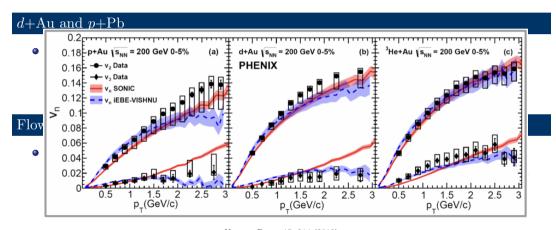
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Flow in Small Systems at LHC and RHIC

• Consistent with QGP production in most central collisions

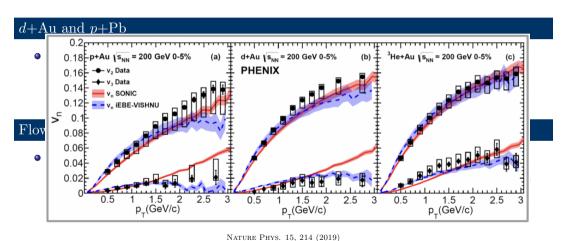


PH \neq ENIX $\psi(2S)$ Final State Effects in p+A Collisions?





PHENIX $\psi(2S)$ Final State Effects in p+A Collisions?



RESULTS CONFIRMED: PRC 105, 914 024901 (2022)



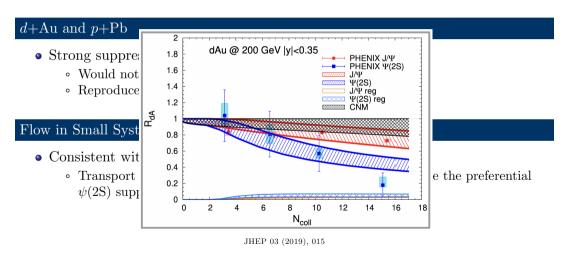
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Flow in Small Systems at LHC and RHIC

- Consistent with QGP production in most central collisions
 - Transport models extended to small systems and can describe the preferential $\psi(2S)$ suppression







d+Au and p+Pb

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Flow in Small Systems at LHC and RHIC

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 - Transport models can describe the preferential $\psi(2S)$ suppression

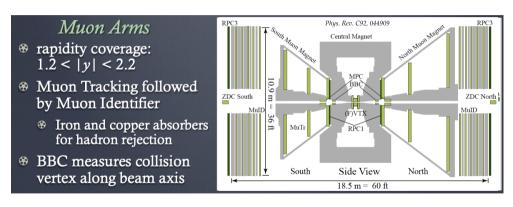
Analysis Motivation

• Look for evidence of final state effects by comparing $\psi(2S)$ with J/ψ





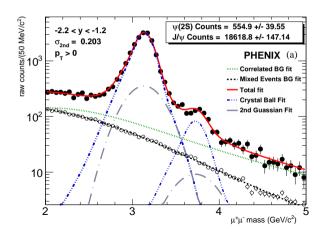
PHENIX Detector: Muon Arms



- All dimuon hits recorded in coincidence with BBC Minimum Bias trigger
- Centrality is measured using the BBC detector in the A-going direction
- PHENIX includes two tracking detectors in Muon Arms: MuTr and FVTX



PH*ENIX Reconstructed Dimuon Mass Distribution



- 2015 p+p data set at $\sqrt{s} = 200 \text{ GeV}$
- Mixed events background
 - Estimate of combinatorial background
- Correlated background
 - Open heavy flavor, Drell Yan, etc.
- Gaussian fit to high-mass tail
 - MuTr-FVTX misassociated tracks
- J/ψ , $\psi(2S)$ Crystal Ball fits
- Total fit

Paper submitted to PRC (arXiv:2202.03863)





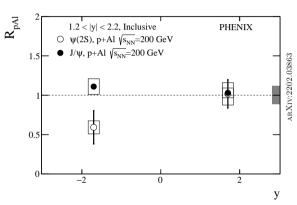


 J/ψ and $\psi(2S)$ Results



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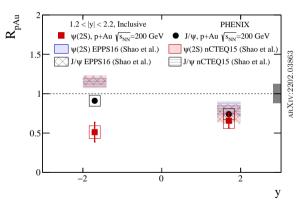
Charmonia Nuclear Modification in p+Al Collisions



- At forward rapidity, J/ψ and $\psi(2S)$ modification consistent with unity
- \bullet At backward rapidity, nuclear absorption cannot explain suppression in $\psi(2S)$ modification
 - $\psi(2S)$ suppression could be due to final state effects, however error bars sizeable



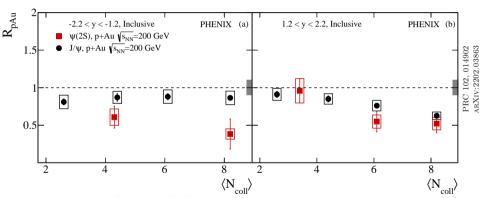
PH*ENIX Charmonia Nuclear Modification in p+Au Collisions



- At forward rapidity, J/ψ and $\psi(2S)$ modification show similar suppression
 - Data well described by EPPS16 and nCTEQ15 shadowing predictions
- At backward rapidity, shadowing effects alone cannot describe $\psi(2S)$ modification



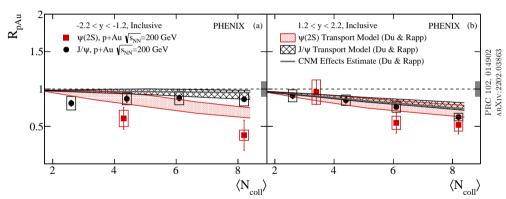
PH $\stackrel{*}{=}$ ENIX Charmonia Nuclear Modification in p+Au Collisions



- At forward rapidity, J/ψ and $\psi(2S)$ modification follow similar trend
 - Would be expected if cold nuclear matter effects dominate
- At backward rapidity, clear difference in $\psi(2S)$ modification in most central collisions



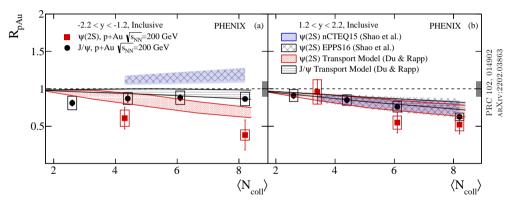
PH $\stackrel{*}{=}$ ENIX Charmonia Nuclear Modification in p+Au Collisions



- Cold nuclear matter estimate shown at both rapidities
- Largest contribution to Transport Model at forward rapidity from EPS09 shadowing
- At backward rapidity, model predicts stronger hot nuclear matter effects for $\psi(2S)$ state



PH $\stackrel{*}{=}$ ENIX Charmonia Nuclear Modification in p+Au Collisions



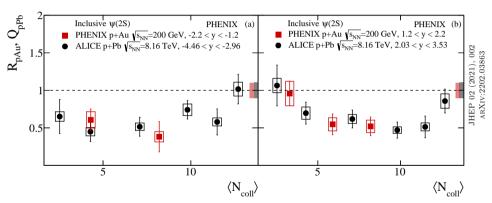
- At forward rapidity, J/ψ and $\psi(2S)$ modification well described by shadowing models
 - Consistent with cold nuclear matter effects
- At backward rapidity, charmonium inconsistent with shadowing effects alone

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$\psi(2S)$ Nuclear Modification at RHIC and LHC



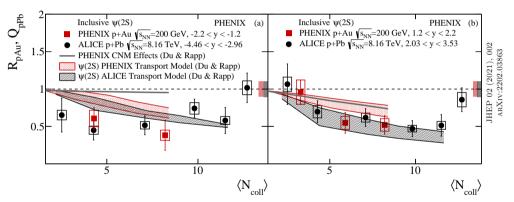
- Initial state effects expected to be different at RHIC and LHC energies
 - Larger mean p_T values at LHC lead to higher Q^2 values; different Bjorken-x probed
- Similar $\psi(2S)$ modification seen between experiments at backward rapidity

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$\psi(2S)$ Nuclear Modification at RHIC and LHC



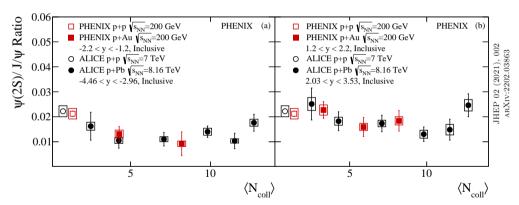
- Initial state effects expected to be different at RHIC and LHC energies
 - Larger mean p_T values at LHC lead to higher Q^2 values; different Bjorken-x probed
- Both transport models at backward rapidity predict similar degree of suppression

Krista Smith
29th International Conference on Ultrarelativistic Nucleus-Nucleus Collisions



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$\psi(2S)$ to J/ ψ Ratio at RHIC and LHC



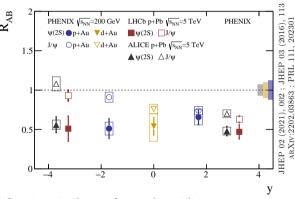
- The $\psi(2S)$ to J/ψ ratio in p+p collisions at RHIC, LHC show no clear energy dependence
- Comparison of the p+A to p+p ratio strongly suggests the presence of final state effects in p+A collisions at backward rapidity, as initial state effects expected to largely cancel

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Charmonium Modification at RHIC and LHC



- J/ψ and $\psi(2S)$ modification similar at forward rapidity
 - Suggests initial state effects dominate charmonium production
- PHENIX, LHCb, and ALICE consistent with increasing final state effects in A-going direction





Conclusion

- ① Nuclear absorption cannot explain $\psi(2S)$ suppression at backward rapidity in p+Al collisions
- ② At forward rapidity, PHENIX J/ ψ , ψ (2S) modification consistent with EPPS16, nCTEQ15 shadowing predictions
- ③ Final state effects on charmonium states appear very similar at RHIC, LHC energies
- \oplus Comparison of $\psi(2S)$ to J/ψ ratio in p+A versus p+p collisions strongly suggests presence of final state effects in p+A collisions at backward rapidity







Back-Up





Theory References

- Shao, Hua-Sheng
 Probing impact-parameter dependent nuclear parton densities from double parton scatterings in heavy-ion collisions
 Phys. Rev. D 101, 054036
- [2] Kusina, Aleksander and Lansberg, Jean-Philippe and Schienbein, Ingo and Shao, Hua-Sheng Gluon Shadowing in Heavy-Flavor Production at the LHC Phys. Rev. Lett 121, 052004
- [3] Lansberg, Jean-Philippe and Shao, Hua-Sheng Towards an automated tool to evaluate the impact of the nuclear modification of the gluon density on quarkonium, D and B meson production in proton-nucleus collisions Eur. Phys. J. C77, 2017
- [4] Du, Xiaojian and Rapp, Ralf In-Medium Charmonium Production in Proton-Nucleus Collisions $JHEP\ 03,\ 015$
- [5] Du, Xiaojian and Rapp, Ralf Sequential Regeneration of Charmonia in Heavy-Ion Collisions Nucl. Phys. A943, 2015





Model Overview

nCTEQ15 and EPPS16 NLO (Shao, et. al.)

PRL 121, 052004

- \bullet Reweighted using LHC p+Pb data
 - Gives tighter J/ψ constraints
- Centrality integrated only
 - $\circ\,$ Impact-parameter dependent nPDFs included in PRD 101, 054036

EPS09 NLO + Transport Model (Du & Rapp)

JHEP 03, 015

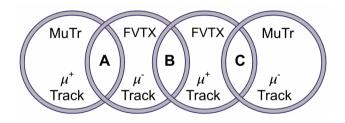
- Includes fireball, MC Glauber for initial conditions
- p_T broadening included
- Backward rapidity: Nuclear absorption added

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Combining MuTr and FVTX Tracks

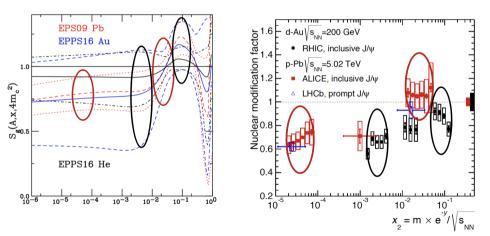


- The FVTX detector provides additional space points near the collision vertex
 - $\circ~$ Located upstream from hadron absorbers, FVTX improves dimuon mass resolution
- New track reconstruction method for $\psi(2S)$ results at 1.2 < |y| < 2.2
 - One muon track has momentum determined by the FVTX detector, and the other track has momentum determined by the MuTr detector (A and C)
- For better statistics, at least one track associated with the FVTX was required (A, B, and C)





PHENIX vs. ALICE Bjorken-x



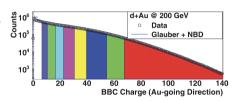
Left: R. Vogt. Right: Eur.Phys.J.C 76 3, 107. Encircled Bjorken-x values not original to either plot.

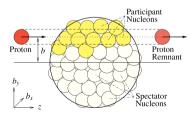


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Centrality Categorization

- Centrality is characterized using the BBC counter, where events are ranked by total charge produced
- However, impact parameter and total number of nucleons involved in a collision cannot be experimentally measured
- A model was developed by Roy Glauber to describe the scattering between high energy composite particles, known as a Glauber Model
 - $\langle N_{coll} \rangle$ average number of binary collisions and depends on average thickness of target
 - \circ c_{BBC} corrects for the bias towards larger charge in the BBC for hard scattering events







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Inclusive $\psi(2S)$ Results in Small Systems

- 2003, 2008 d+Au at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200 \text{ GeV}$ PHENIX added 3 new small systems data sets
- 2014 ${}^{3}\text{He} + \text{Au at } \sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200 \text{ GeV}$
- 2015 p+p, p+Al, p+Au at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200 \text{ GeV}$

PHENIX has measured inclusive $\psi(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ nuclear modification in p+Al and p+Au collision systems at 1.2 < |y| < 2.2.

This analysis builds on recent results of $J/\psi \to \mu^+\mu^-$ nuclear modification measurements.