

CH_2I_2 Improves Photocurrent and Suppress Ionic Motion in Photonically Cured MAPbI_3 Solar Cells

Weijie Xu

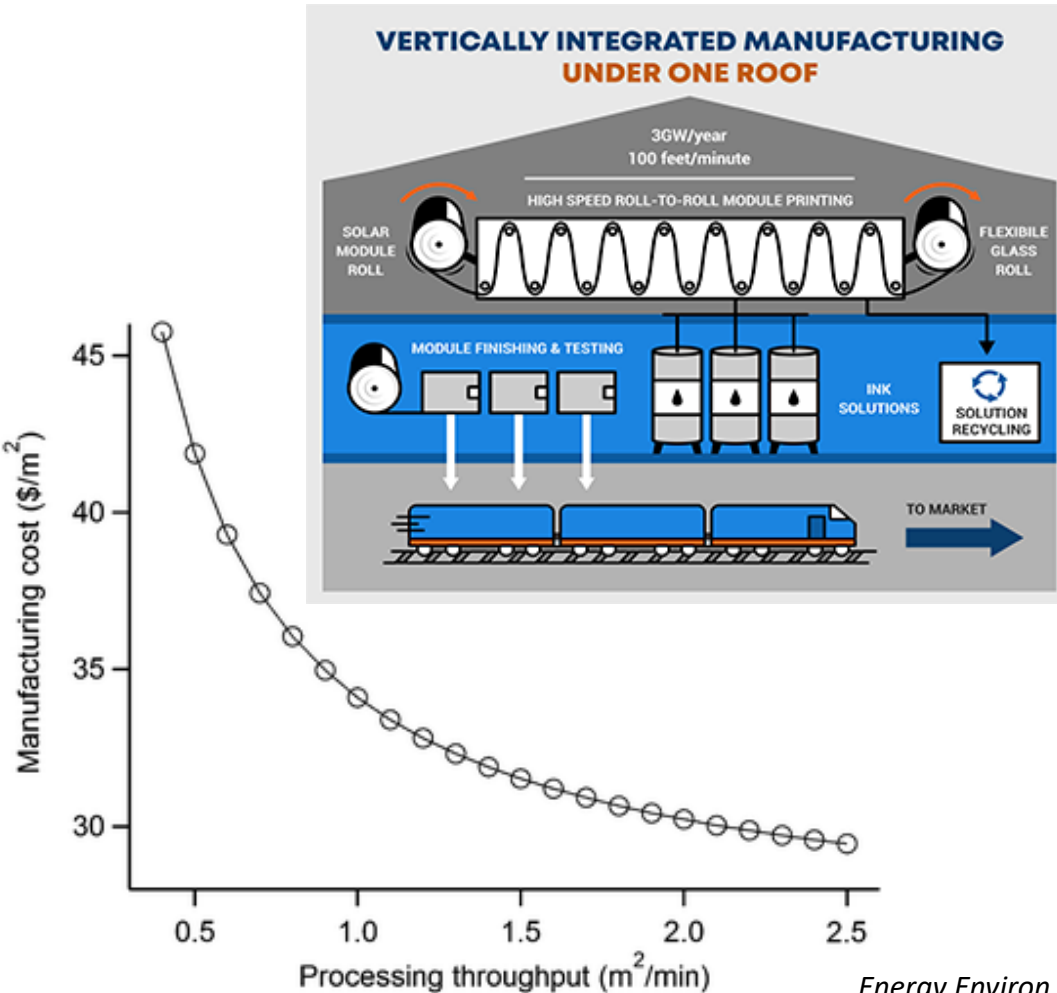
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Roll-to-Roll Processing of Perovskite Solar Cells (PSCs)

www.enmatcorp.com

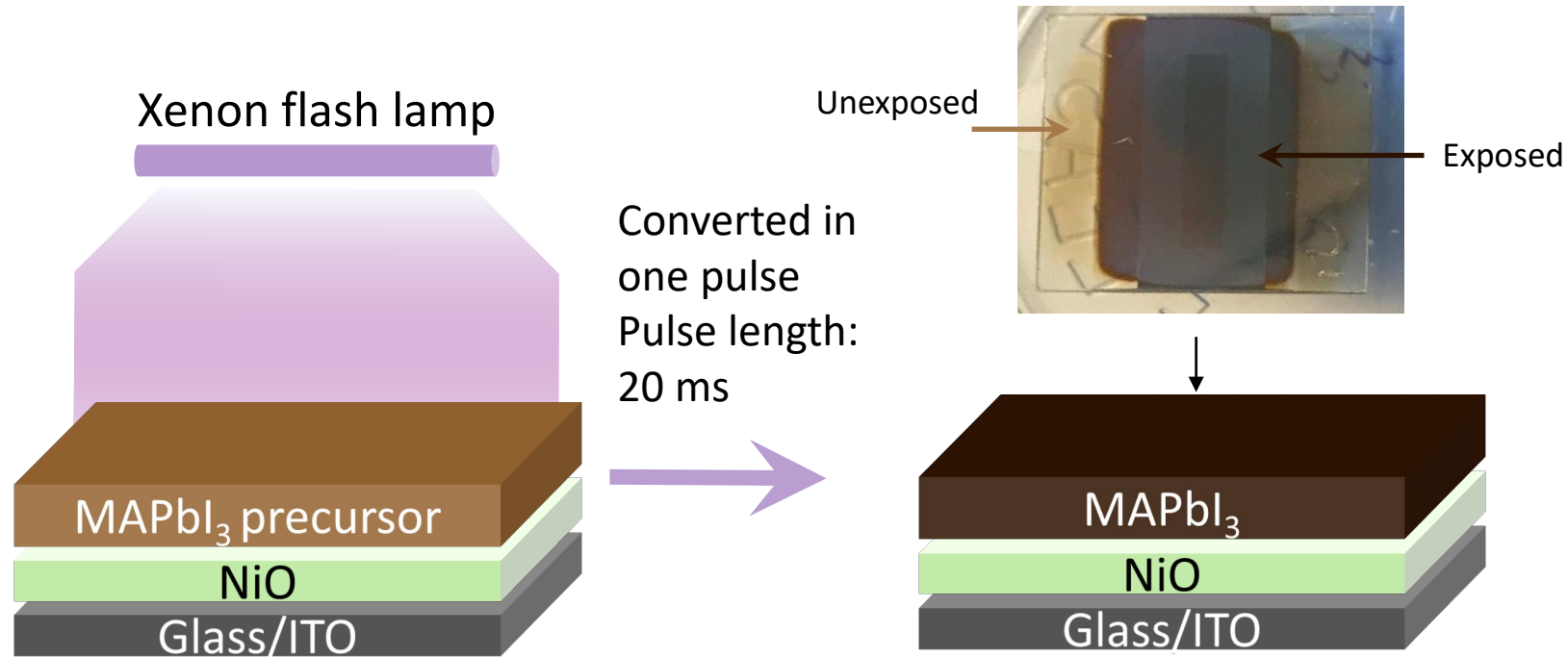


Energy Environ. Sci., 2017, 10, 1297–1305.

- 25.5% power conversion efficiency for lab device
- Higher the throughput, lower the cost.
- PSCs is compatible to roll-to-roll.
- Single manufacturing line may produce 3 GW of PSC solar panels per year @ \$0.15/W.
 - Web speed = 30 m/min
- Thermal annealing on MAPbI₃ requires 10 min at 100 °C.
 - Making a 300-meter-long oven is impractical.
- *Requires high-speed and energy-efficient process!*

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Photonic Curing to Make Perovskite Solar Cells

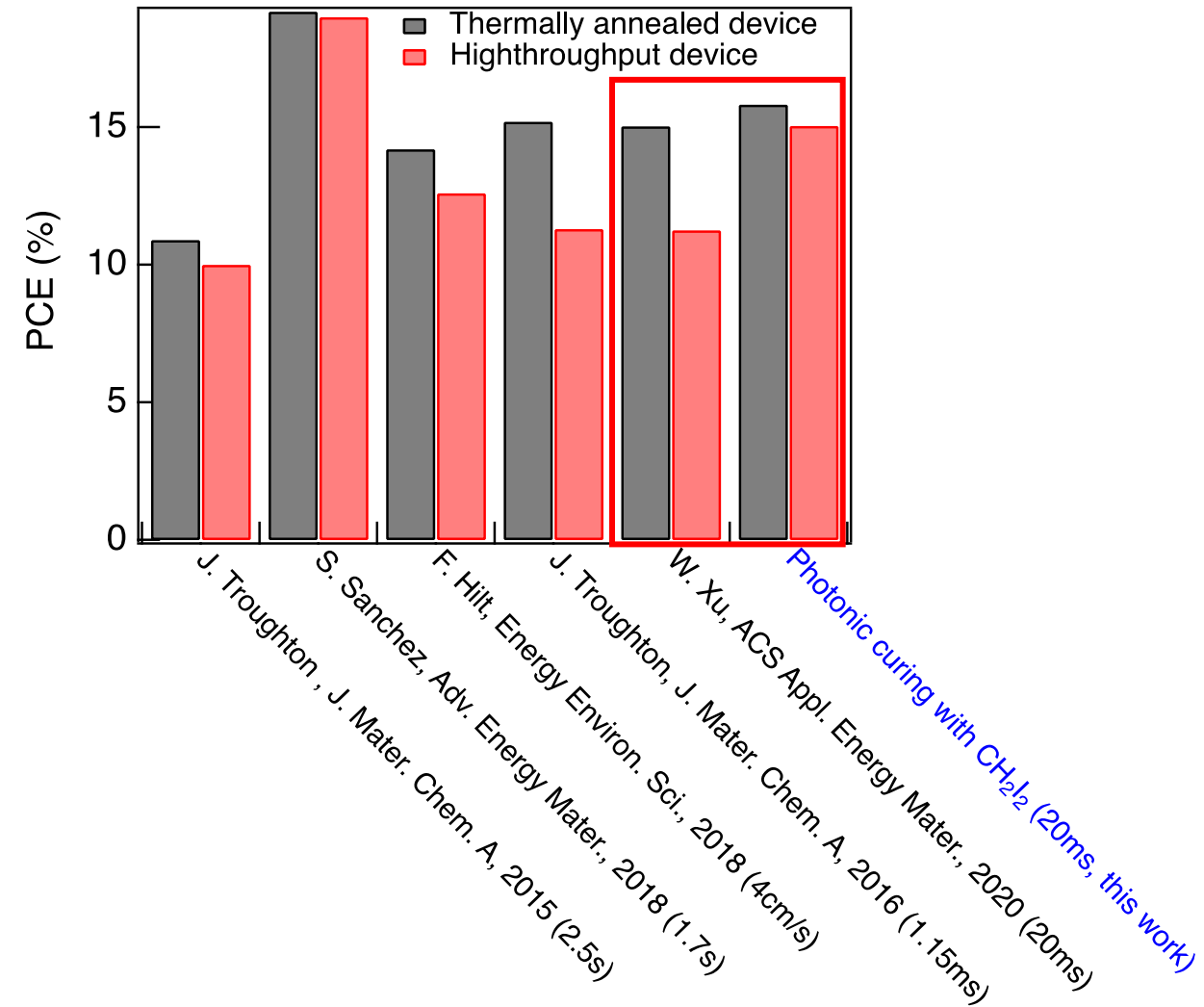


- Reported working photonic curing (PC) devices.
- Inferior PC device performance.

Xu, W et al. *ACS Appl. Energy Mater.* **2020**, 3 (9), 8636–8645.

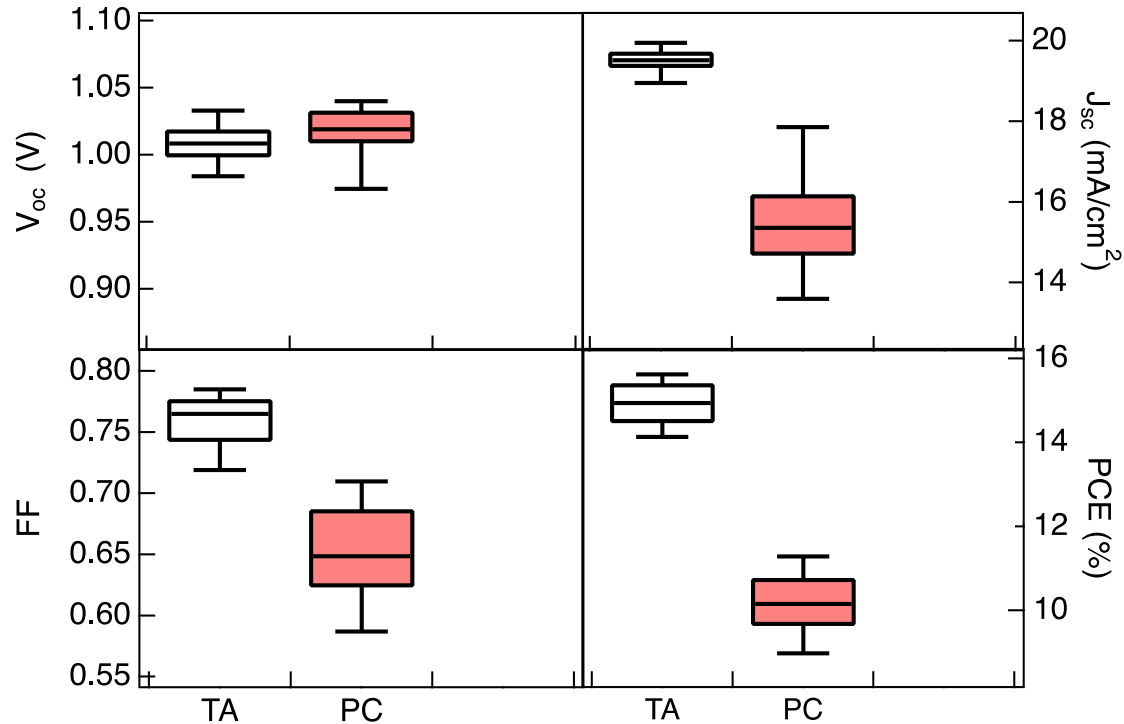
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Photonic Curing to Make Perovskite Solar Cells

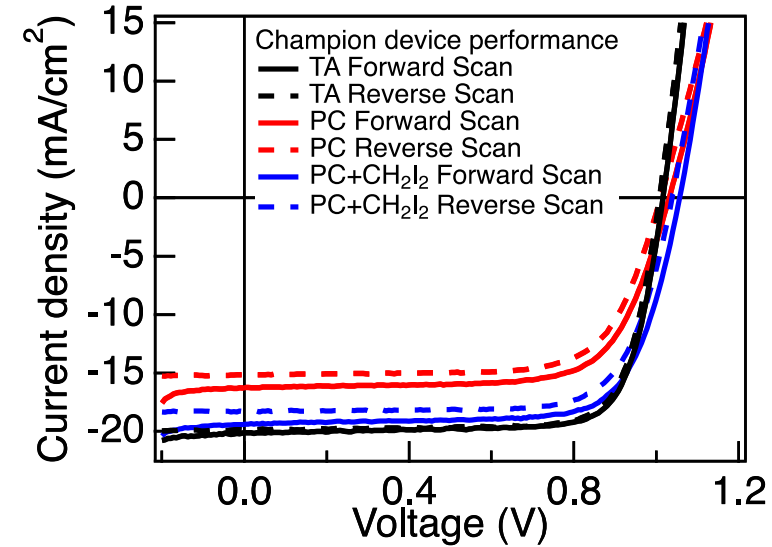


- PCE will be compromised under high-throughput process
- CH₂I₂ has been reported to improve PC device performance (Ankireddy, JMCA 2018, 6, 9378), but the mechanism has not been studied.
- We also examine the cause of the inferior PC device performance

Photonicallly Cured Perovskite Solar Cell Performance



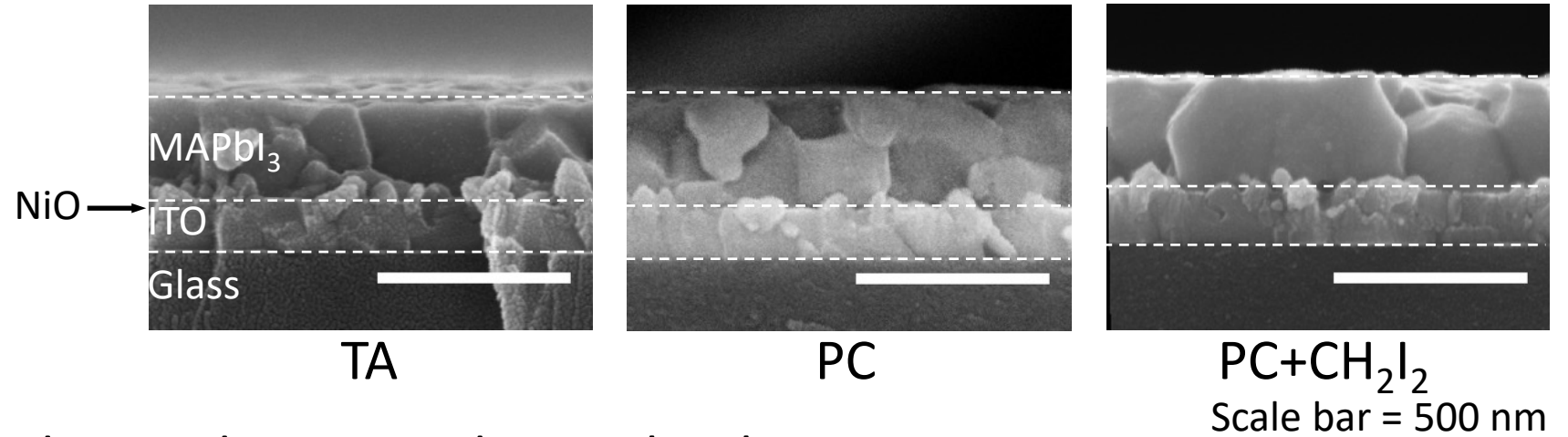
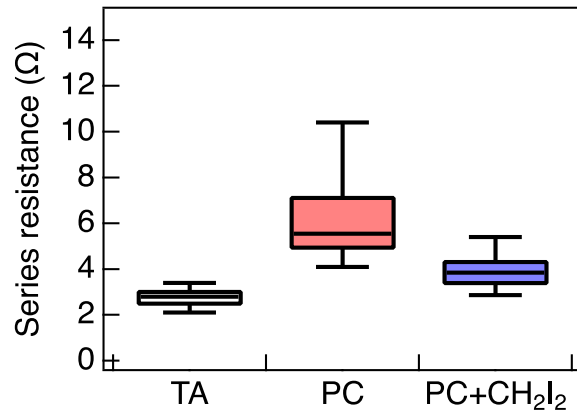
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- PC device performance is lower than that of TA device mainly due to low J_{sc} and FF.
- Adding CH₂I₂ improves all parameters.
- Champion device performance:
TA: 15.82%; PC: 11.86%; PC+CH₂I₂=15.04%

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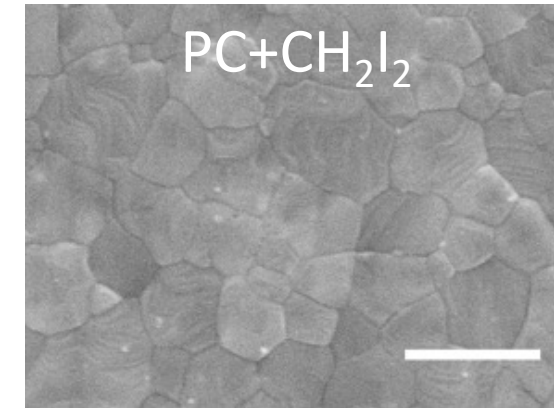
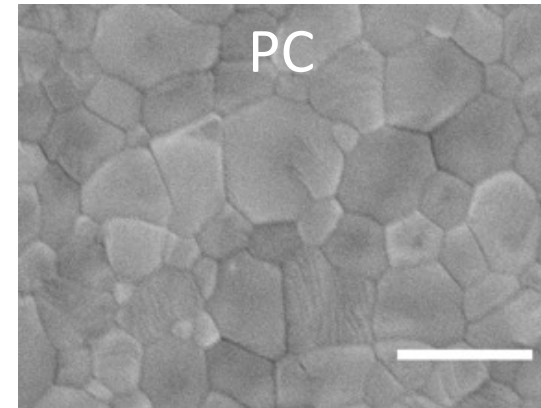
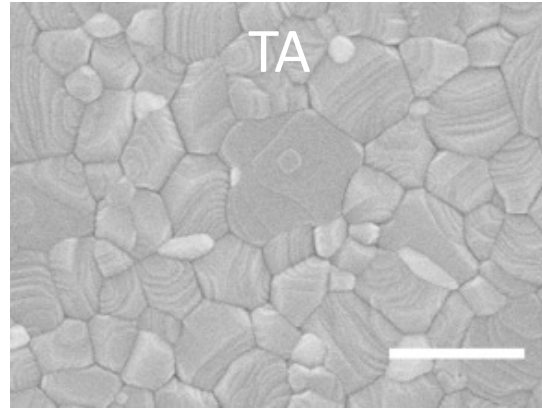
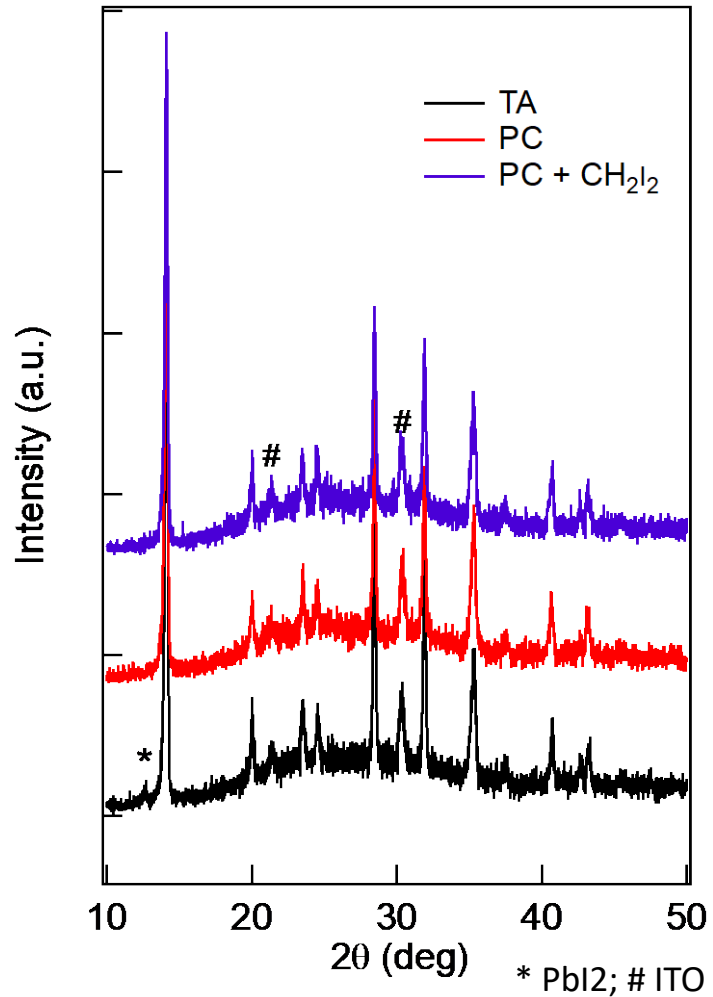
Device series resistance



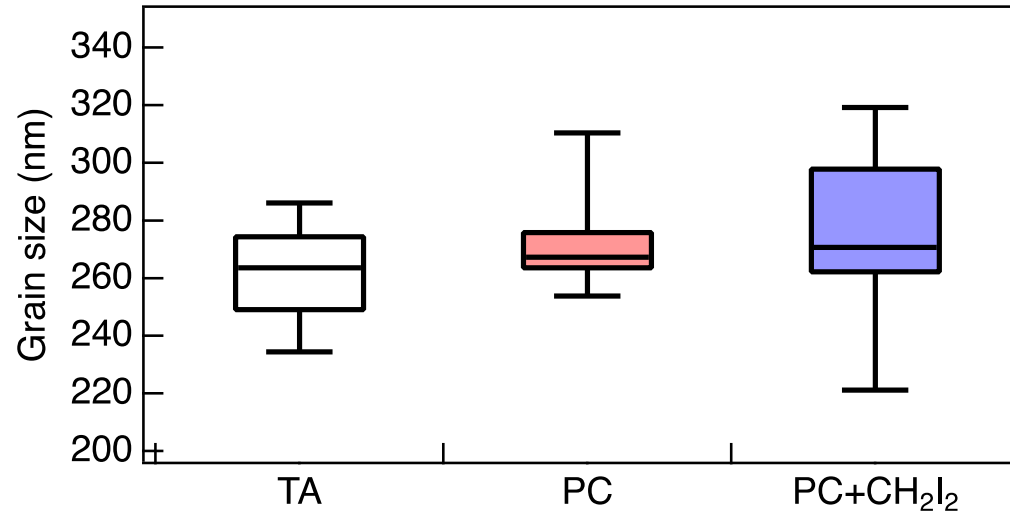
- Compared to TA device, PC devices has larger series resistance.
- After adding CH₂I₂, series resistance decrease.
- PC grain height is much smaller than PC + CH₂I₂ films, causing carrier transport through grain boundaries.

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Crystallinity and Grain Size

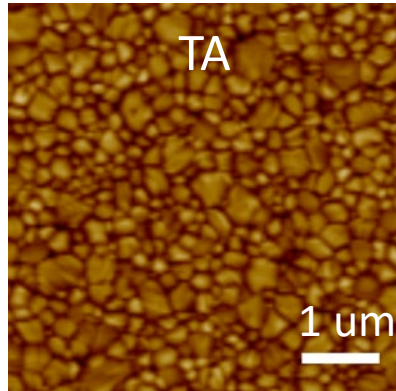


Scale bar = 500 nm

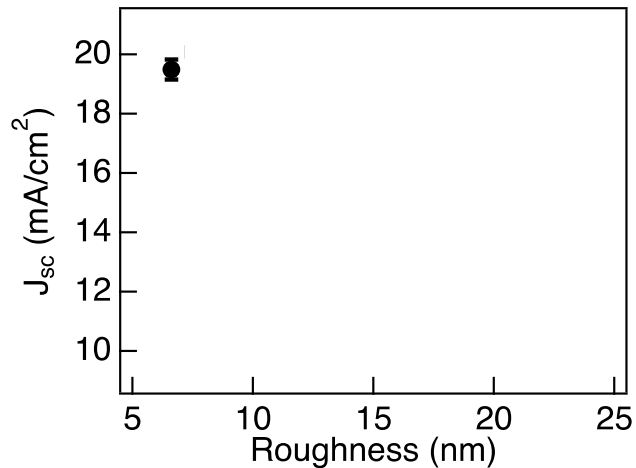


- Similar crystallinity.
- Similar grain size

Different Surface Morphology



RMS = 6.6 ± 0.1 nm
 $J_{sc} = 19.5 \pm 0.3$ mA/cm²



Legend:

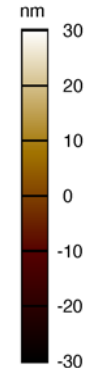
TA

PC

PC + CH₂I₂

400 nm TA

400 nm PC

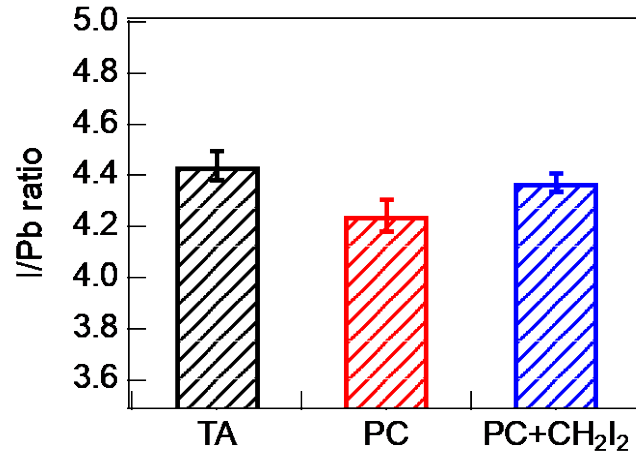


- Under AFM, photonicallly cured MAPbI₃ films have meso-scale, wave-like undulations.
- Adding CH₂I₂ reduce the amplitude of the undulations and improves J_{sc}
- Negative correlation between film roughness and PC device J_{sc} .

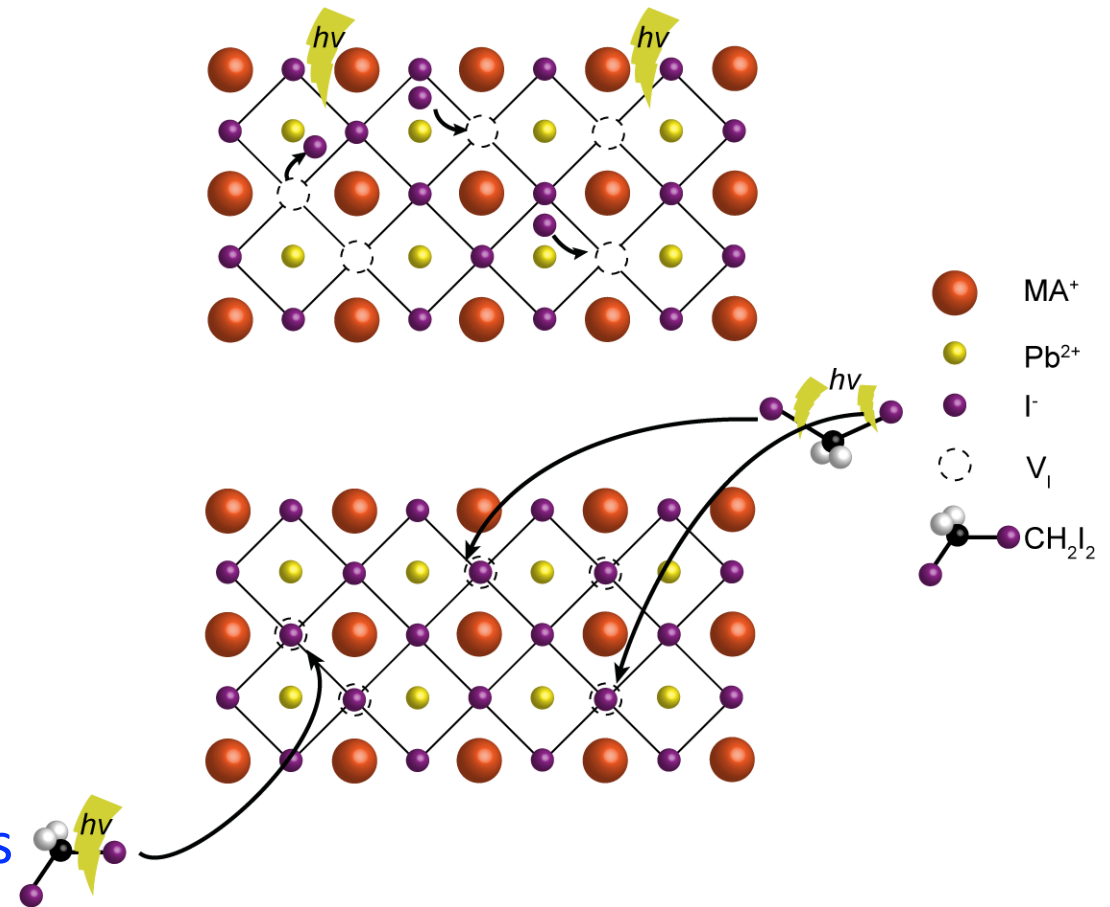
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I/Pb Stoichiometry

EDX

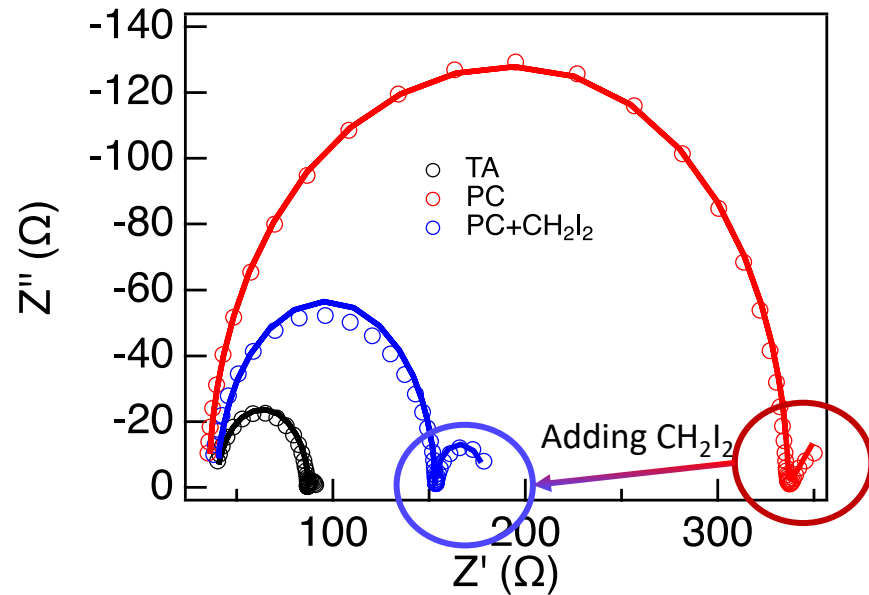


- Compared to TA, PC film is I-deficient.
- I vacancies can facilitate iodine motion.
- Iodine from photo-dissociated CH₂I₂ fills I vacancies.

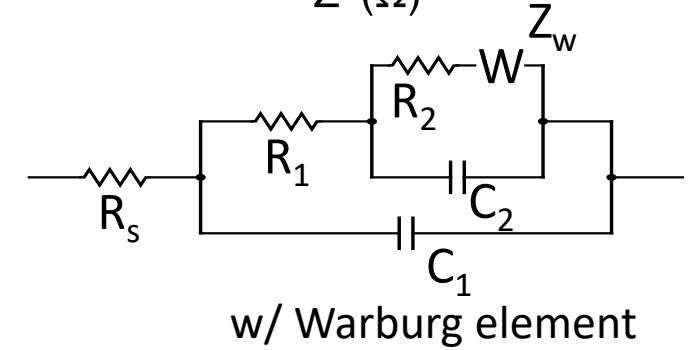
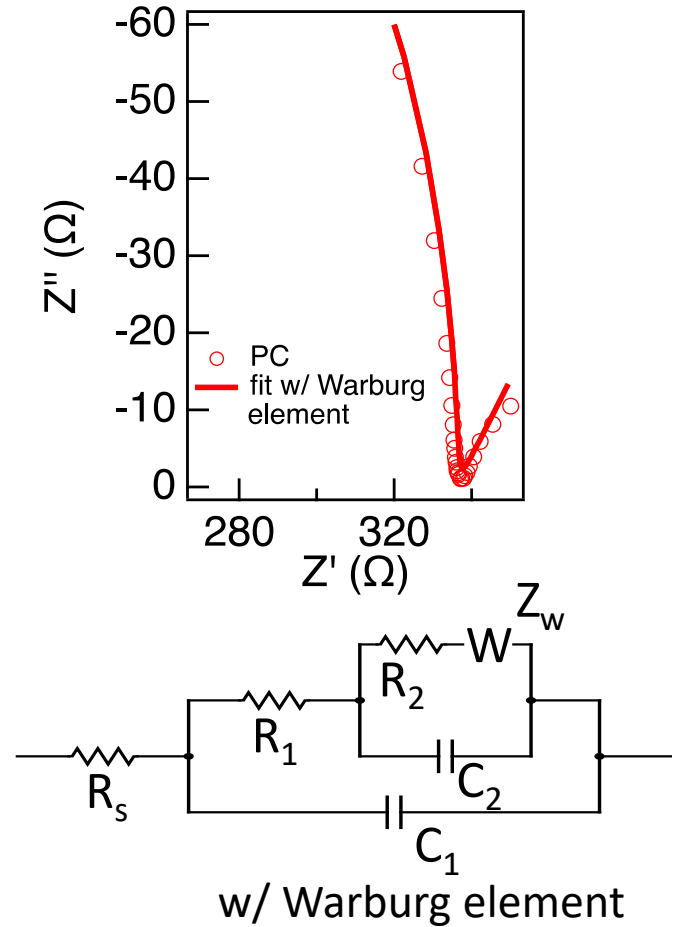
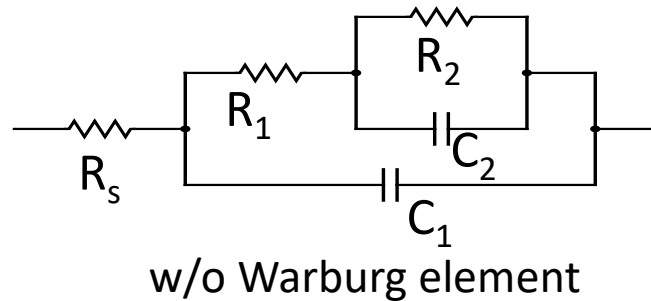
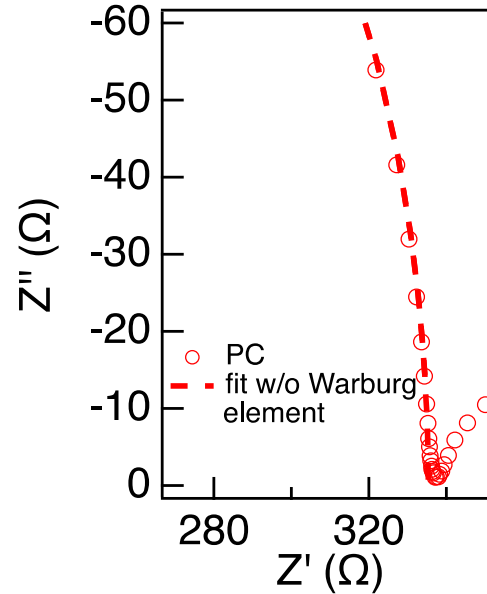


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Frequency dependent device behavior

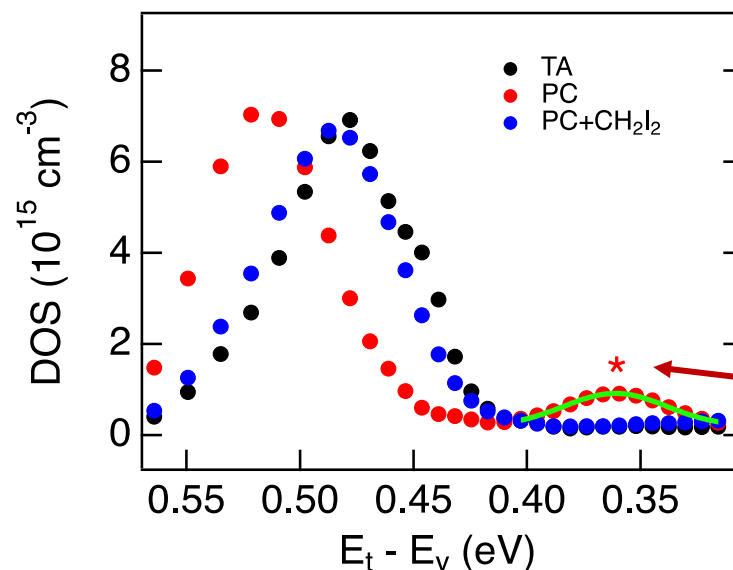
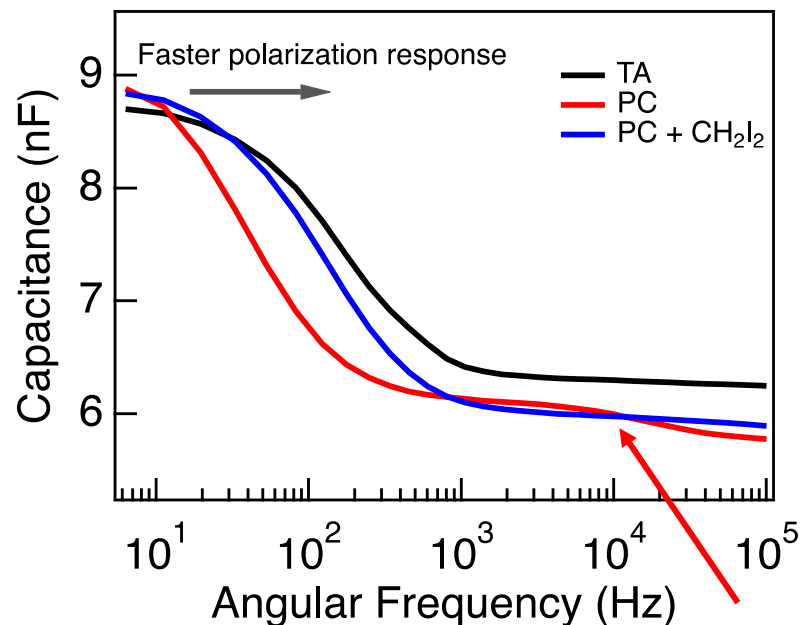


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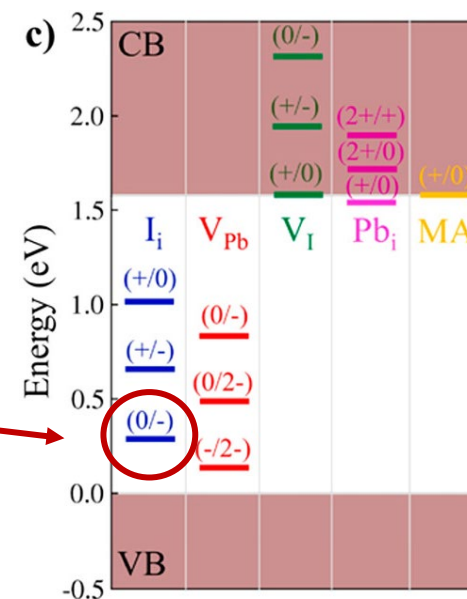
- Only the PC device has fingerprint 45° straight line, a signature of Warburg element, indicating ion diffusion at the interface.
- CH₂I₂ remove the iodine motion and the Nyquist plot is semicircle.

Defect state analysis



The second defects

- PC devices have slower polarization response compared to TA and PC + CH_2I_2 devices.
- PC shows a second defect state.
- Adding CH_2I_2 can remove the additional defects

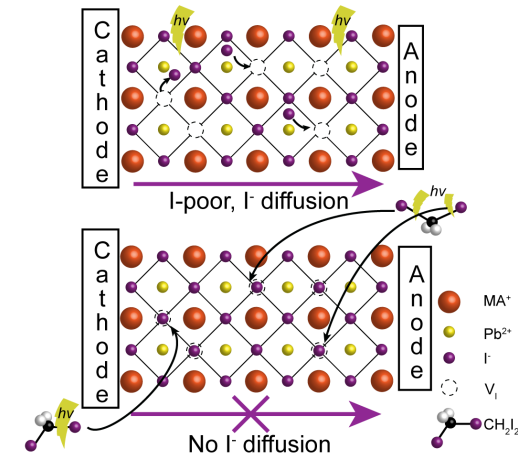
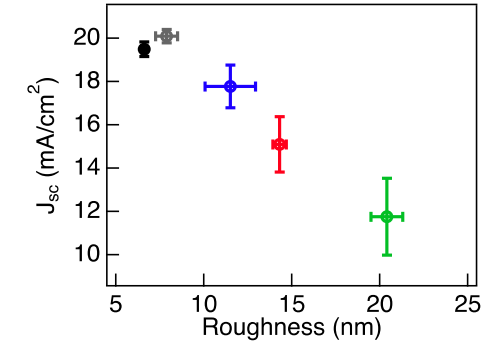
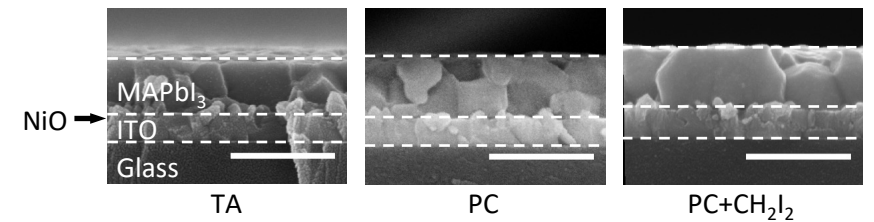


ACS Energy Lett., 2018, 3, 447–451.

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Summary

- CH_2I_2 promotes vertical grain growth, reduce series resistance and increase device fill factor.
- CH_2I_2 reduces film roughness by lowering the amplitude of the wave-like undulations, increasing J_{sc} .
- CH_2I_2 restore I stoichiometry and remove iodine motion in the films, contributing to higher J_{sc}
- Adding CH_2I_2 in PC devices improve PCE from 11.86% to 15.04%, comparable to TA device 15.86%.



Thank you