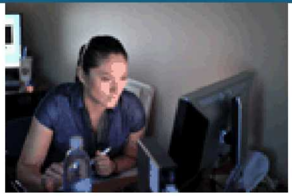
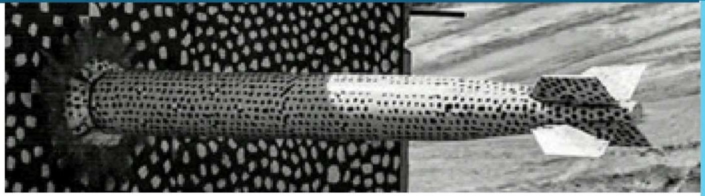
SAND2020-6760PE

Background and Current Work on Hydrogen for Rail





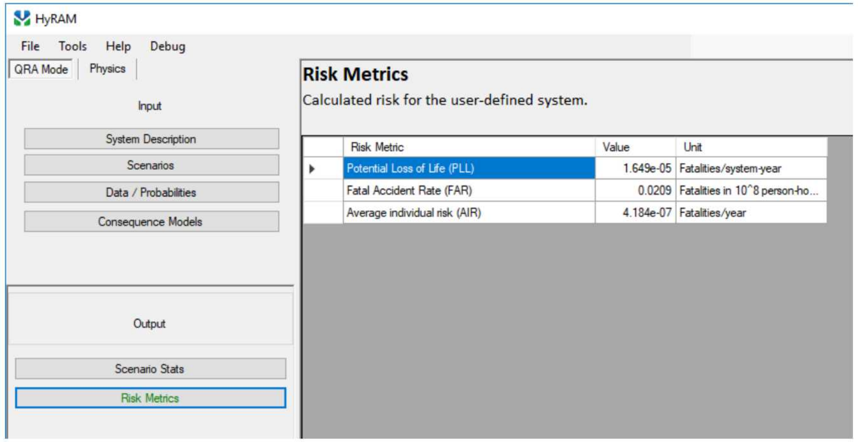
Presented by:

Brian Ehrhart

7/2/2020

Sandia National Laboratories is a multimission laboratory managed and operated by National Technology & Engineering Solutions of Sandia, LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of Honeywell International Inc., for the U.S. Department of Energy's National Nuclear Security Administration under contract DE-NA0003525.

Hydrogen Risk Assessment Models (HyRAM)



Core functionality:

Quantitative risk assessment (QRA) methodology

Frequency & probability data for hydrogen component failures

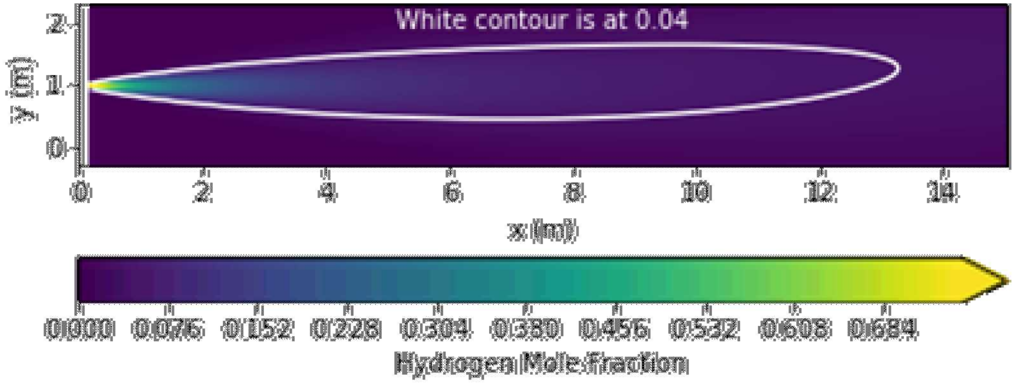
Fast-running models of hydrogen gas and flame behaviors

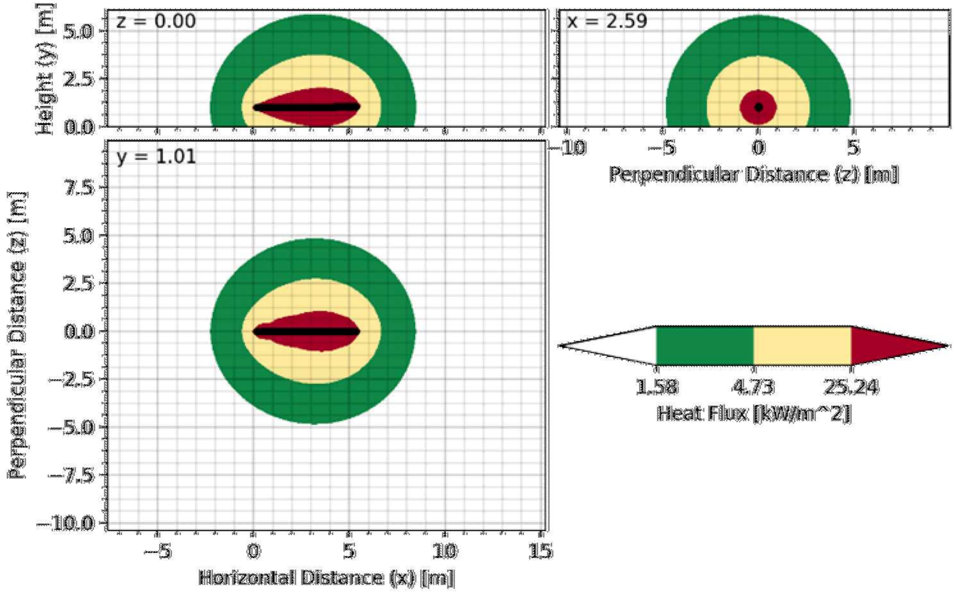
Key features:

GUI & Mathematics Middleware

Documented approach, models, algorithms

Flexible and expandable framework; supported by active R&D





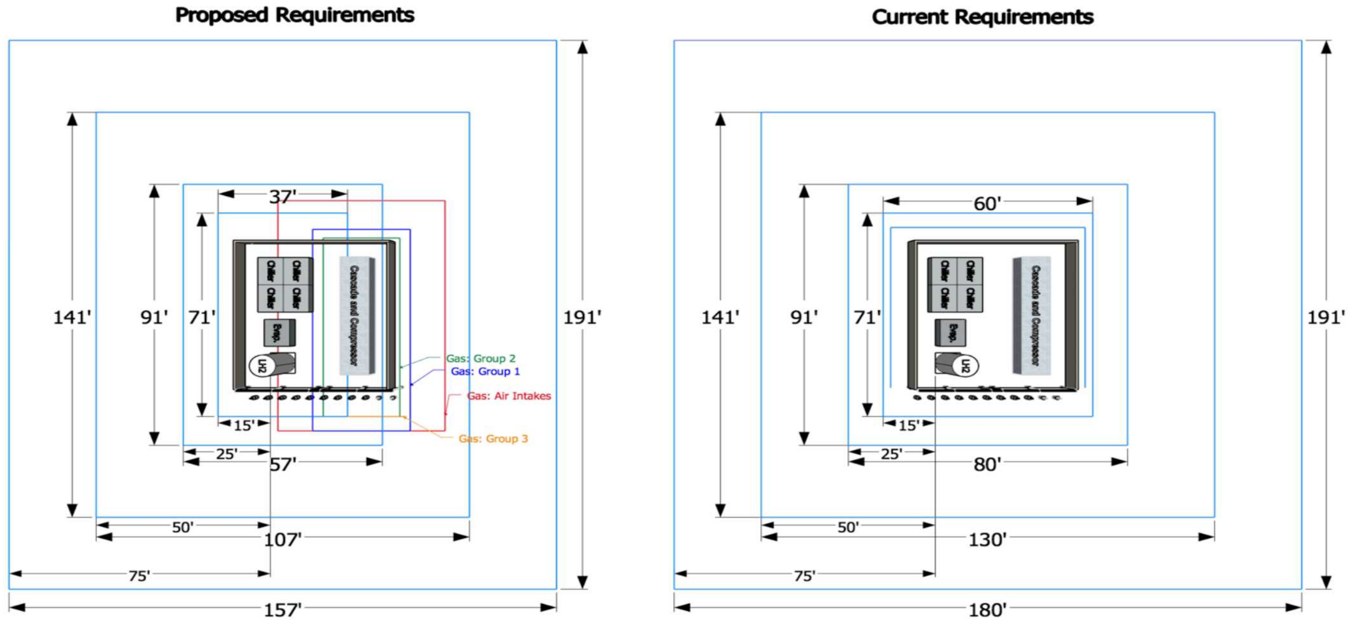
https://hyram.sandia.gov

Light-Duty Vehicle Infrastructure Studies

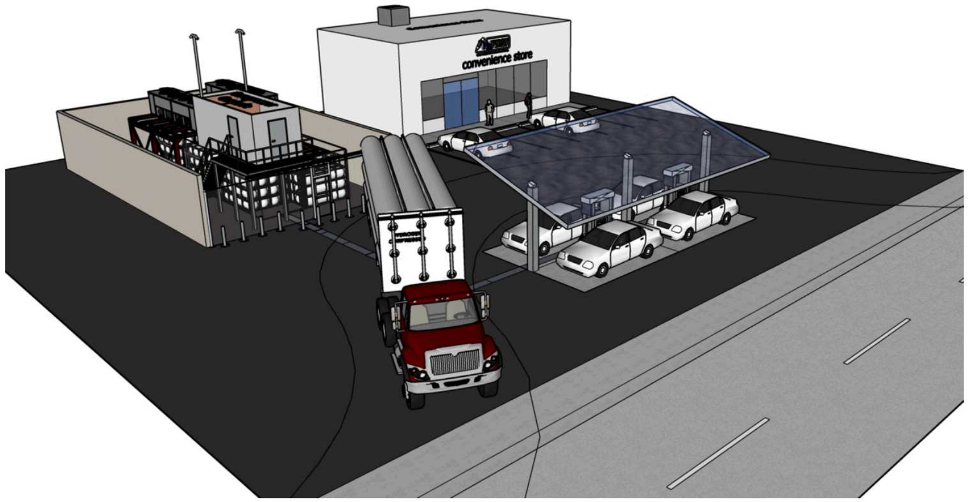
Hydrogen Fueling Infrastructure Research and Station Technology

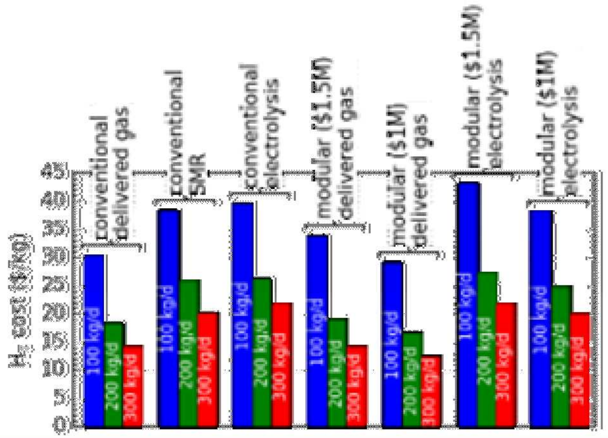
Publicly available system designs for stakeholders

Focusing on NFPA 2 code



Layout footprint quantification and comparison

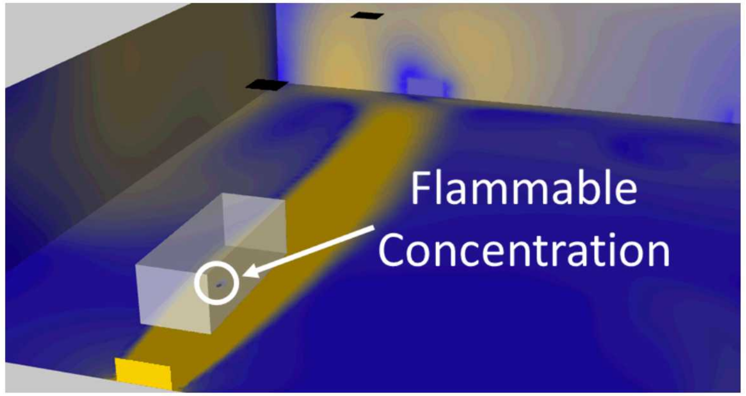




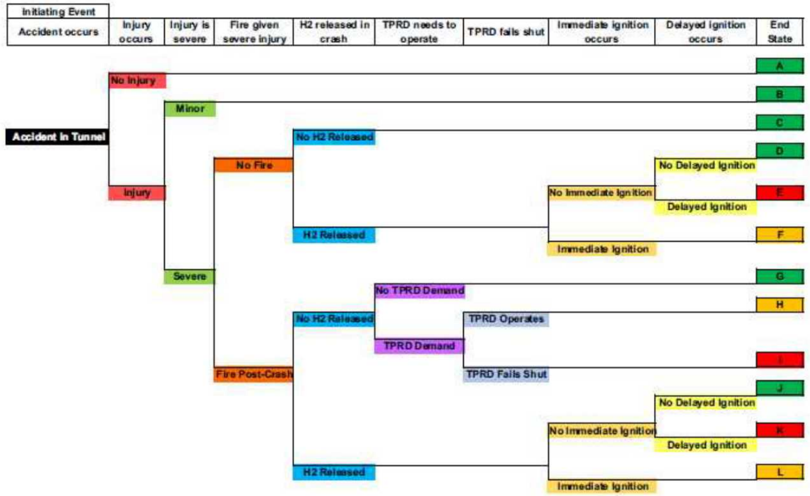
Layout footprint quantification and comparison

https://energy.sandia.gov/programs/sustainable-transportation/hydrogen/infrastructure/

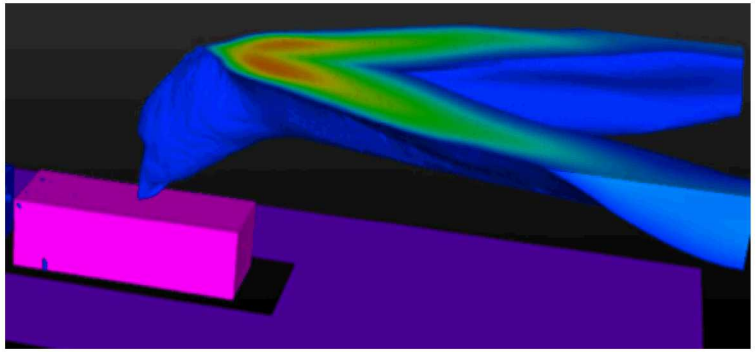
Hydrogen Risk Assessments and Consequence Modeling



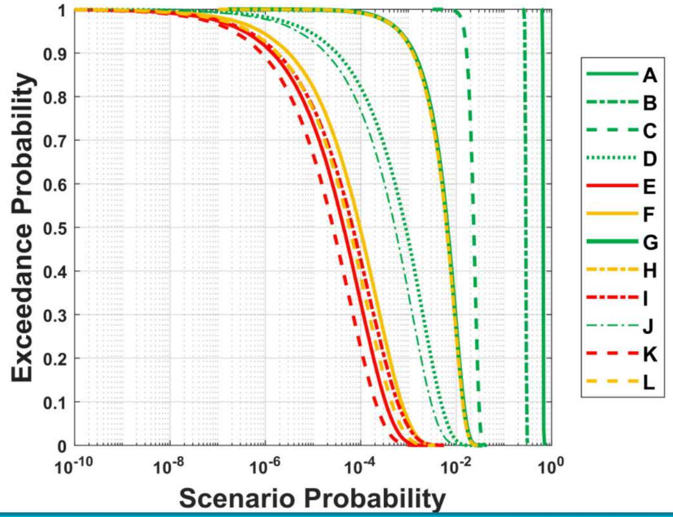
Dispersion modeling of leak with ventilation in repair garage



Event tree for hydrogen vehicle in crash



Jet fire modeling of effect of hydrogen leak on tunnel



Probability/likelihood of outcomes with uncertainty

https://energy.sandia.gov/programs/sustainable-transportation/hydrogen/quantitative-risk-assessment/

Maritime Feasibility and Safety Analyses

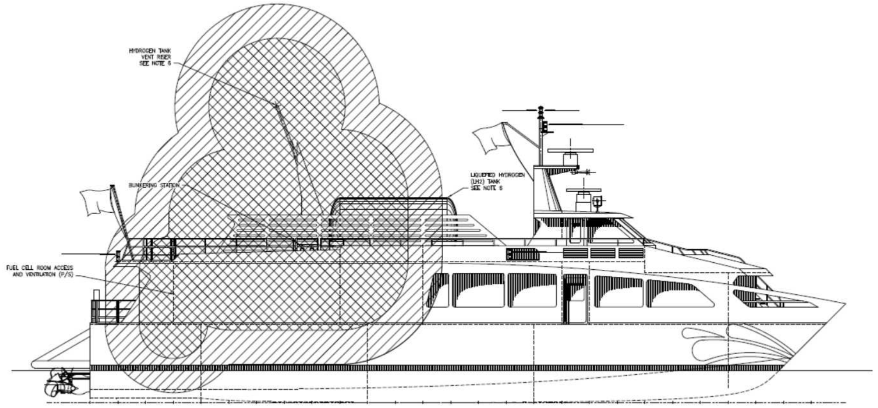
Feasibility studies funded by DOT/MARAD

SF-BREEZE high-speed hydrogen fuel cell ferry

- 1,000+ kg/day hydrogen demand

Zero-V hydrogen fuel cell coastal research vessel

- 2,400 nautical mile range
- Refueled with ~11,000 kg of LH2



https://energy.sandia.gov/programs/sustainable-transportation/hydrogen/market-transformation/maritime-fuel-cells/

Previous Work in H2@Rail – Impact Figure of Merit

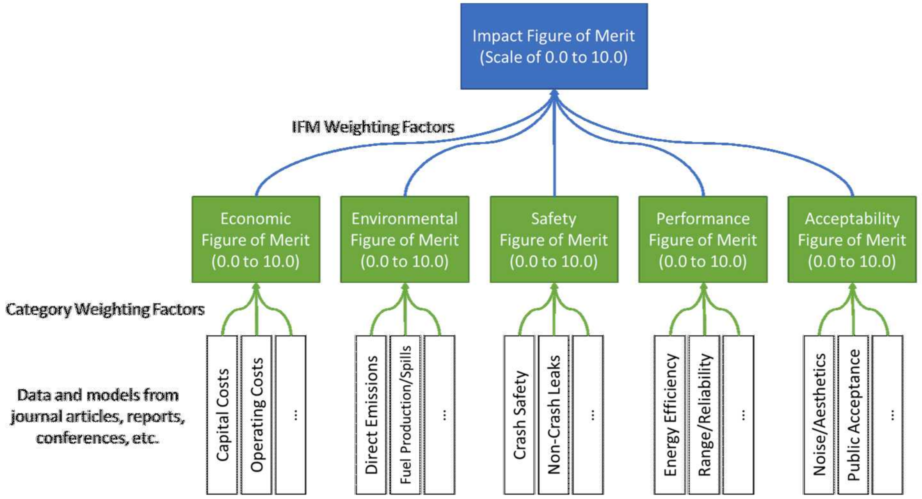
Preliminary results show trade-offs between all technologies
- More refinement and exploration needed, which will change rankings

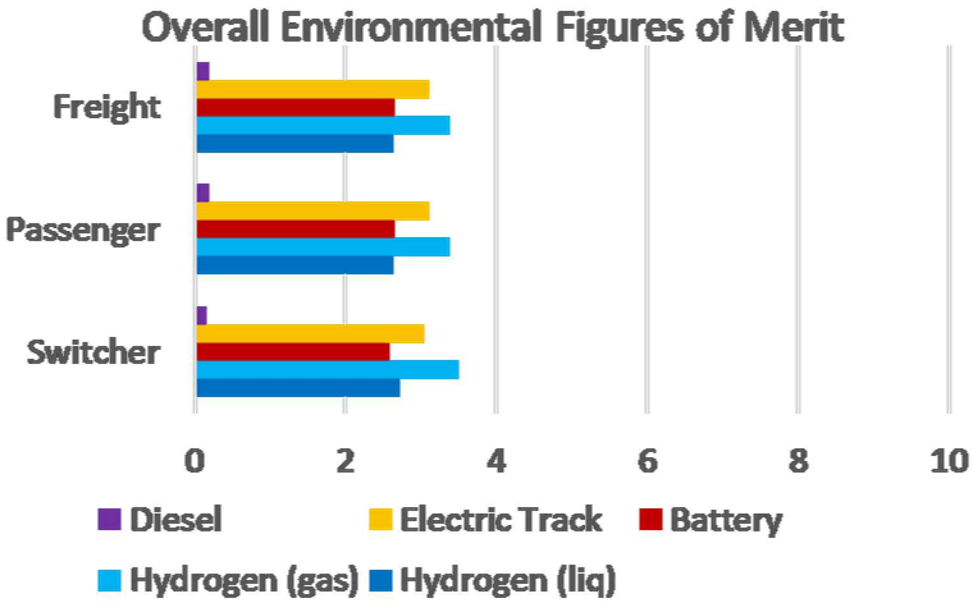
Emissions reduction benefit from hydrogen depends on the source of hydrogen

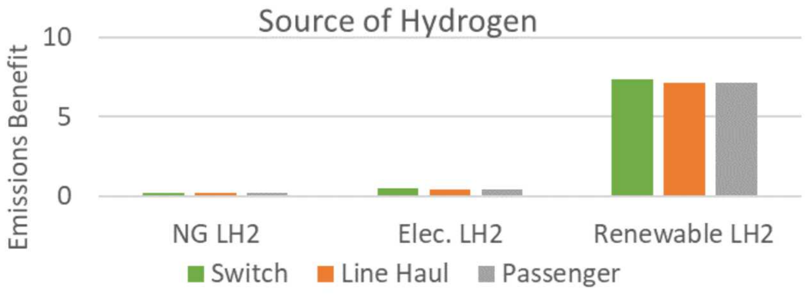
Reliability and cost of hydrogen locomotives needs to be investigated
- Impacts performance and economics

Fueling infrastructure needs to be investigated further

Safety needs to be investigated further







https://www.energy.gov/sites/prod/files/2019/04/f62/fcto-h2-at-rail-workshop-2019-ehrhart.pdf

Current Work – Safety Codes and Standards (DOT FRA)

Objective: Identify, collect, and summarize relevant domestic and international codes, standards and regulations with potential applicability for storing hydrogen on-board as a locomotive fuel.

Areas of Focus:

- Assess safety and design features for *on-board hydrogen as fuel* rather than cargo
  - E.g., fuel transfer connection on side of tender rather than top of tanker
  - Freight rail specifically
- Best practices and gaps in existing safety regulations and standards will be identified

Start Date: 9/16/19 **End Date**: 12/31/20

Current Work – Safety Codes and Standards (DOE HFTO)

Objective: Identify rail-specific codes and standards requirements, best practices, and gaps for the use of hydrogen fuel cells for locomotive power applications

Areas of Focus:

- Identify safety standards and regulations applicable to the storage of hydrogen for a *wide variety* of rail applications
  - Storage in compressed gas cylinders (passenger or switcher) or cryogenic tank cars (freight)
  - Storage on both rolling stock (locomotive, railcars) and stationary fueling infrastructure
- Gaps in existing safety regulations and standards will be identified and recommended actions will be described (where possible)

Start Date: 10/1/19 **End Date**: 12/31/20

Current H2@Rail Work – Fueling Infrastructure (DOE HFTO)

Objective: Assess the capability of current and near-term technologies to meet the needs of freight locomotive hydrogen refueling

Areas of Focus:

- Evaluation of LH2 current fueling technologies including a determination of basic conditions (flow rate, temperature, pressure)
  - Capacity on locomotive and tender from collaborators at ANL
- Basic design of LH2 refueling facility
  - Production/delivery of H2 from collaborators at ANL
  - Three example designs with different capacities, location (urban, rural, port), and effect on similar technologies (e.g., light- and heavy-duty vehicles)
- Basic cost estimate for fueling infrastructure
  - Can be scaled or used in other analyses to estimate the overall cost of fuel

Start Date: 5/1/20 **End Date**: 3/31/21

Future Work – Hydrogen Rail Safety Topics (DOT FRA)

Assessment of post-crash outcomes for passenger and freight rail
- Developing event sequence diagram with uncertainty quantification for hydrogen on both freight and passenger rail
- Modeling of consequences scenarios (CFD and/or reduced-order)

Recommendations on emergency response
- Recommendations on the minimum evacuation times and distances for passenger or freight rail following accidental release of hydrogen fuel

Recommendations on best-practices for human performance to ensure and maintain safety during refueling operations
- Review of the human factor issues surrounding refueling of hydrogen fueled train
- Develop recommendations on best practices and procedures for refueling

Identify potential mechanical loading environments experienced in railroad operations that may lead to hydrogen embrittlement concerns
- Literature review to identify where existing hydrogen studies overlap the mechanical loading conditions experienced in normal railroad operations and identify potential areas where further experimental research would be beneficial

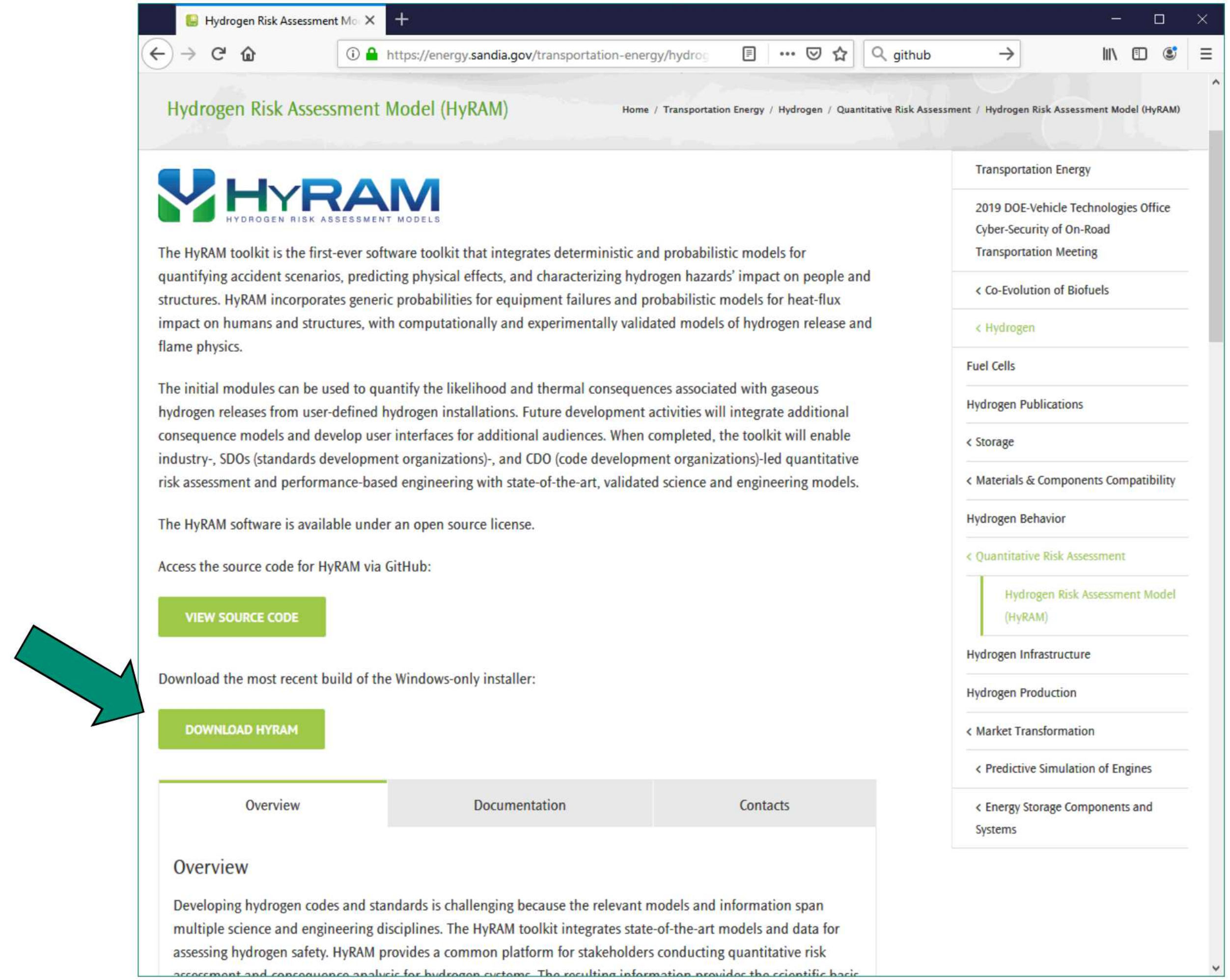
(subject to change)

Thank you! Questions?

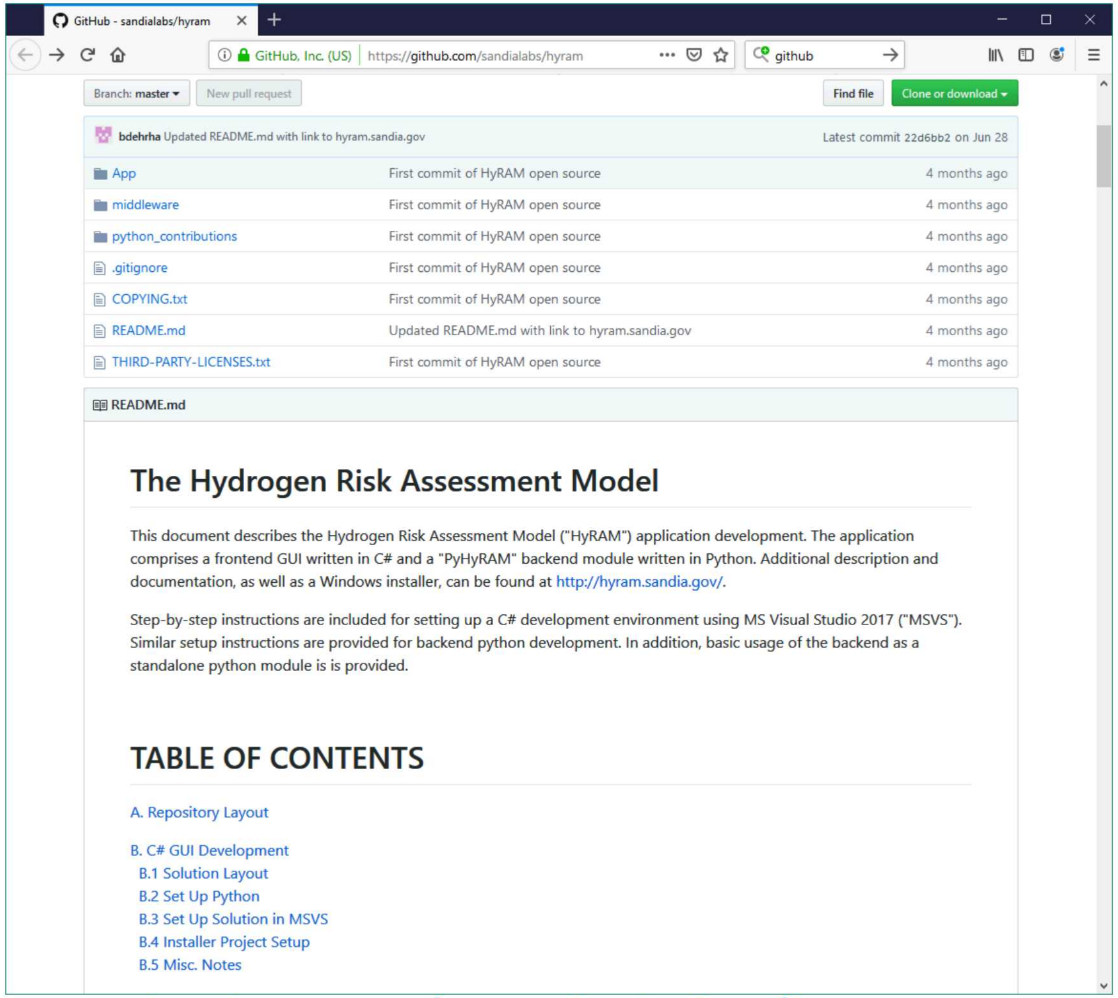
Brian Ehrhart

bdehrha@sandia.gov

HyRAM 2.0 can be installed as a Windows executable and as an open-source software, users have access to the source code



hyram.sandia.gov



github.com/sandialabs/hyram

QRA estimates frequency and consequence for different leak sizes

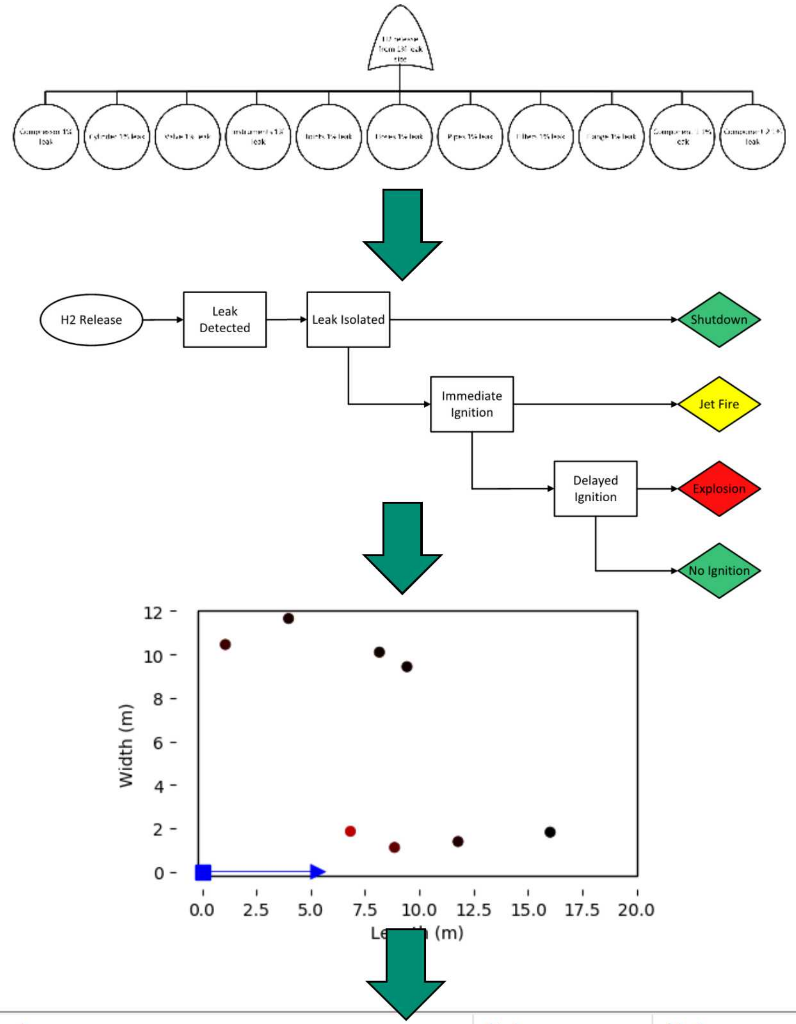
Frequency of Leak
- 0.01%, 0.1%, 1%, 10%, 100%

Probability of Outcome
- Shutdown, jet fire, explosion, no ignition

Calculate Effects
- E.g., thermal heat flux to occupant

Estimate Harm
- Probability of fatality based on effects

Risk Metrics
- 20 Scenarios



Risk Metric	Value	Unit
Potential Loss of Life (PLL)	1.246E-005	Fatalities/system-year
Fatal Accident Rate (FAR)	1.580E-002	Fatalities in 10^8 person-hours
Average individual risk (AIR)	3.160E-007	Fatalities/year