

Effects of Different Acids on Solvent Extraction of REEs from Coal Ash

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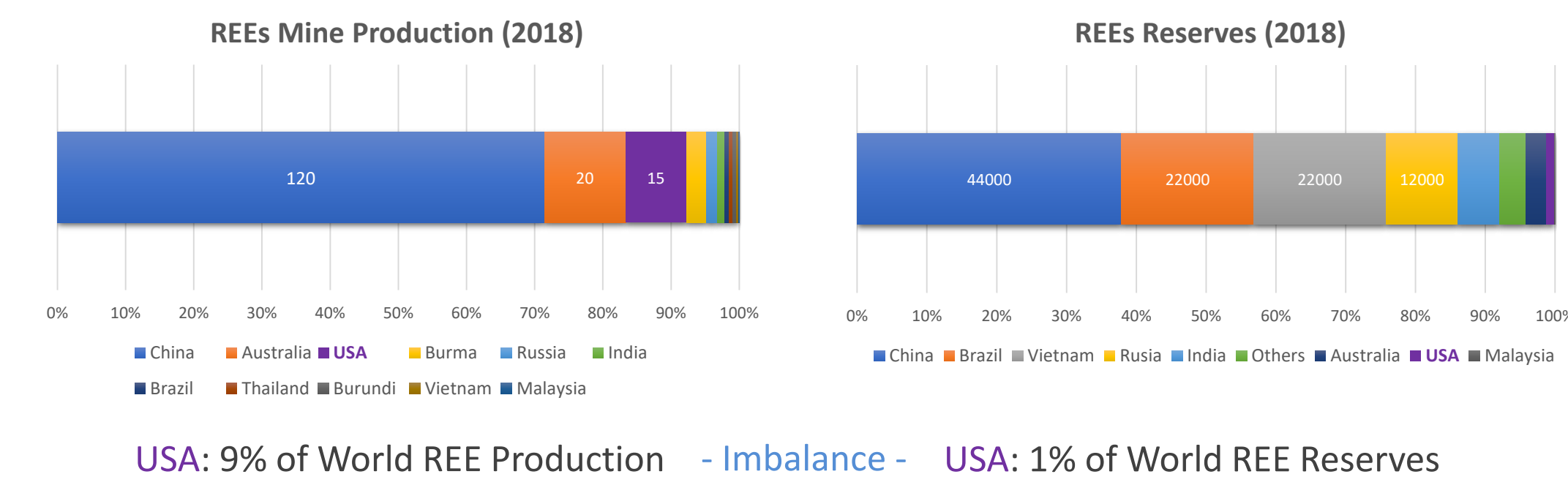
Rare Earth Elements

- Critical Elements in High-Tech, Defense, Clean Energy



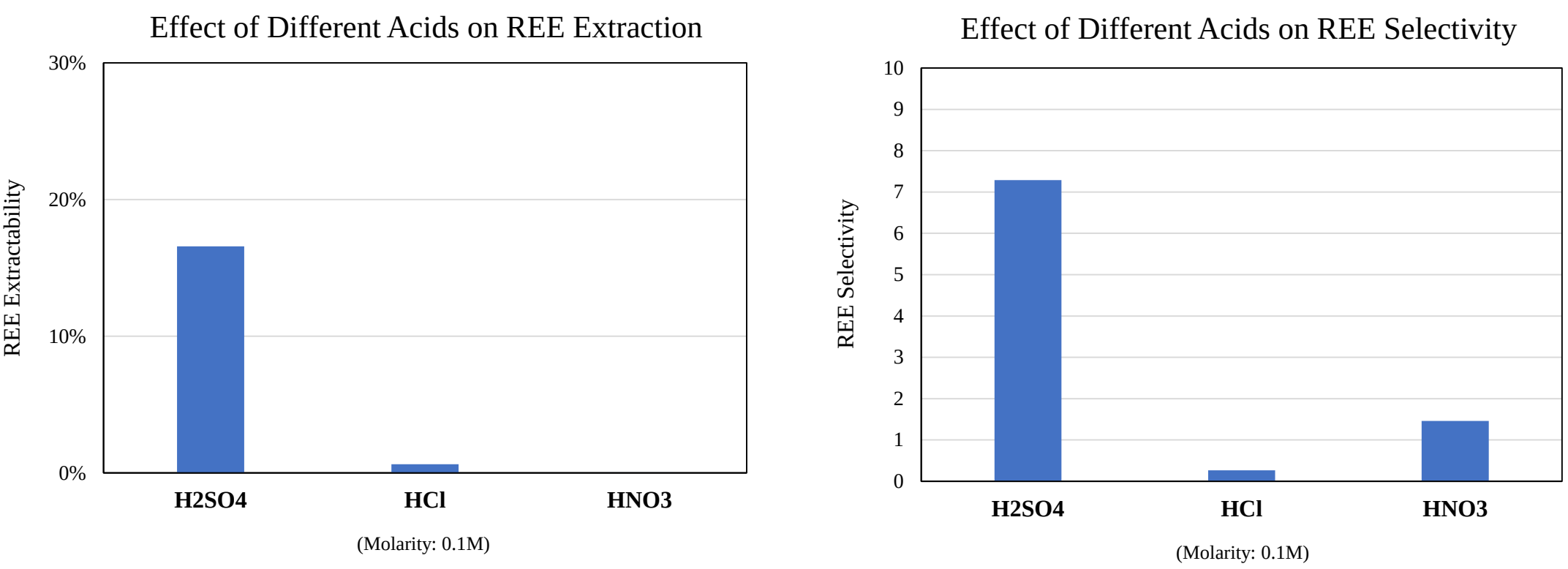
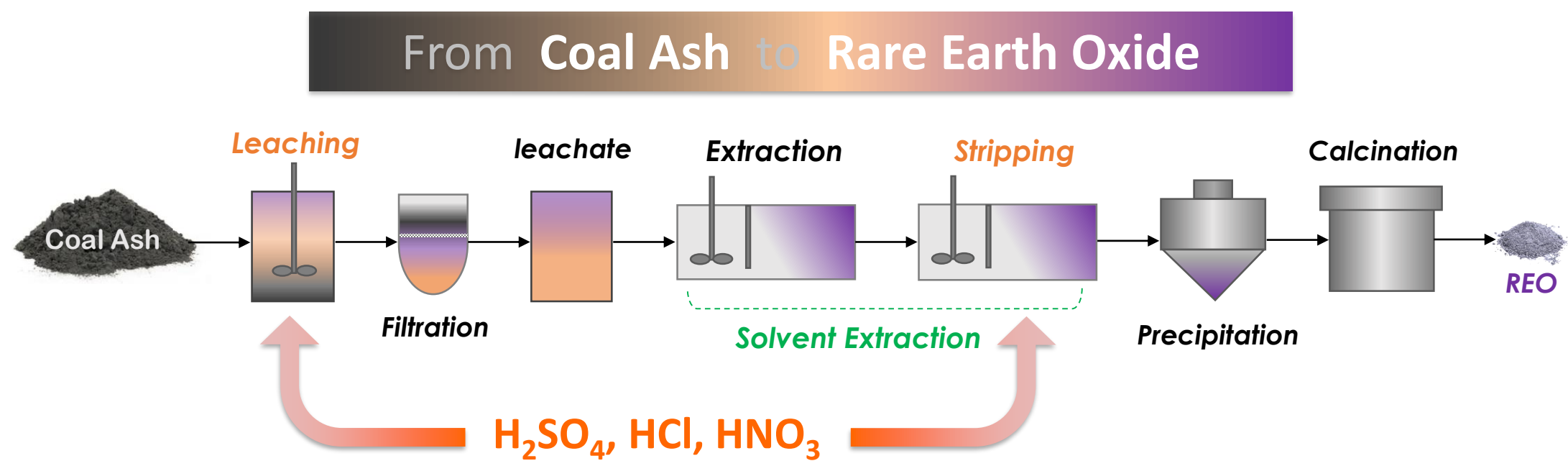
- Global Reserves and Mine Production

(1000 tons, source: USGS)



- USA: Net Import Reliance of REE Compounds and Metals=100%

Effect of Different Acids

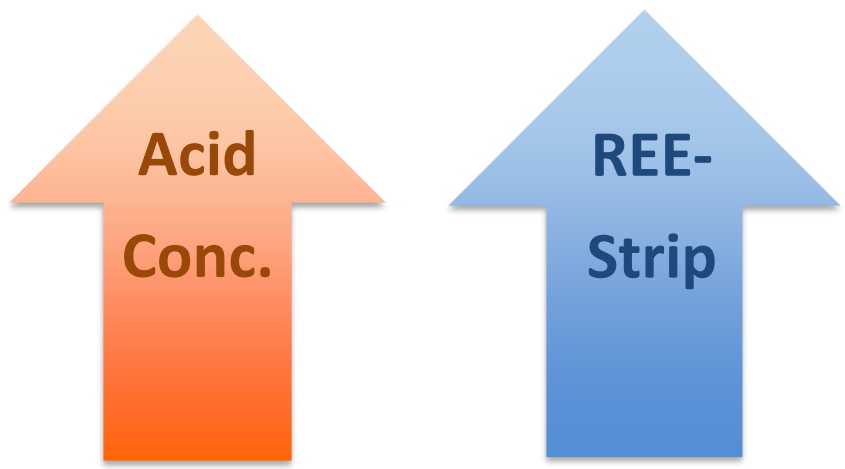
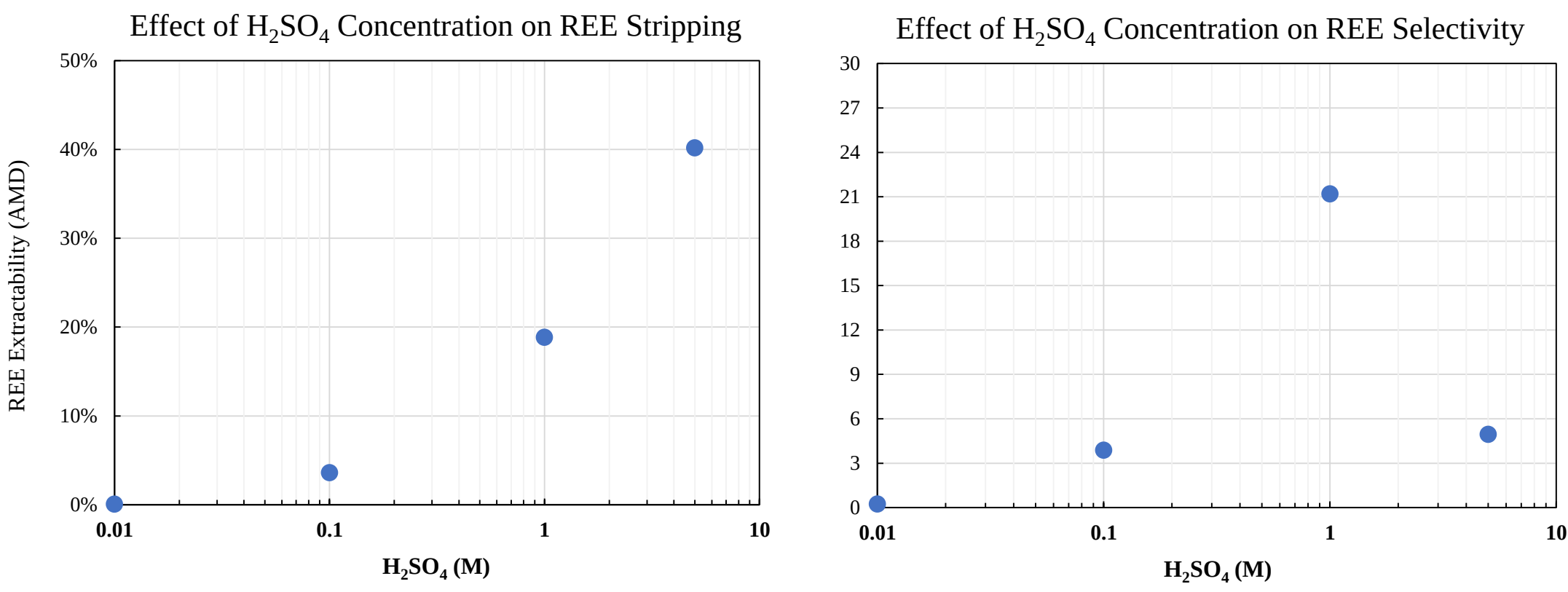


- Suitable Acid for REE Extraction from Coal Ash: H_2SO_4

REEs from AMD

- Validation with Other Coal-Based Resources:

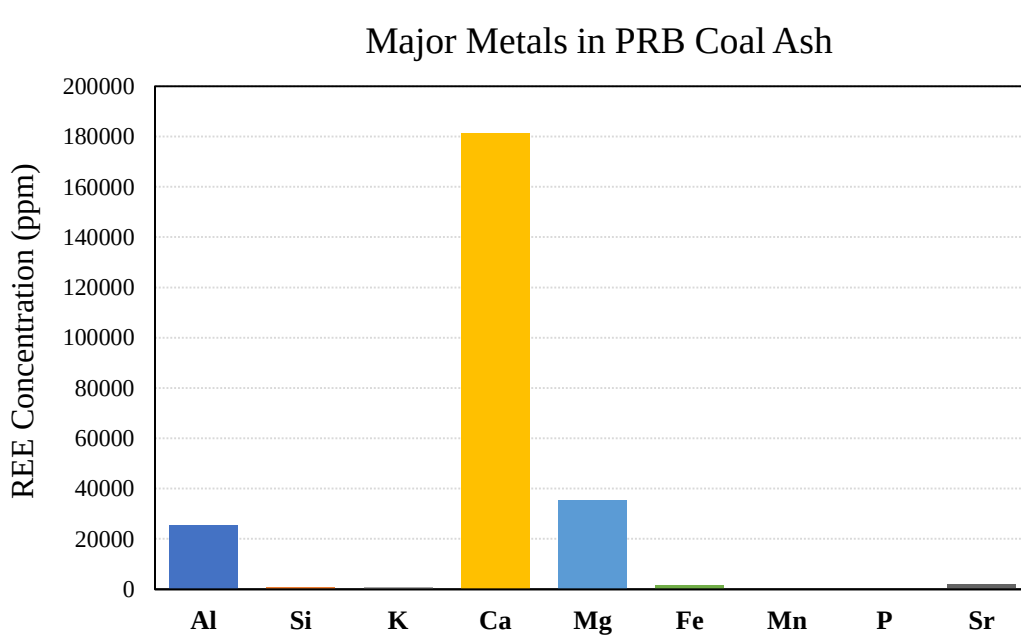
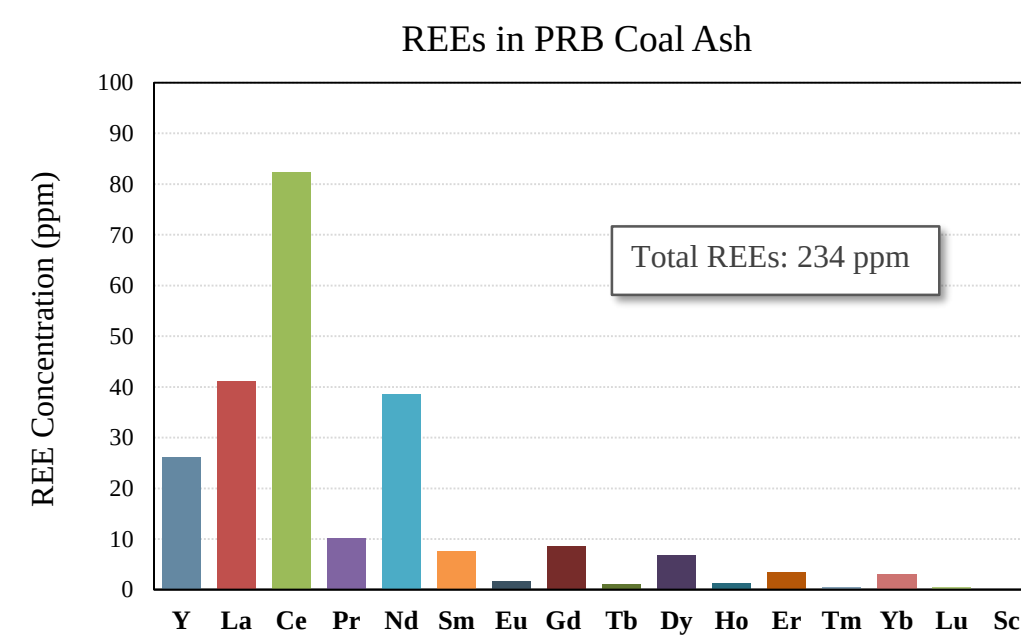
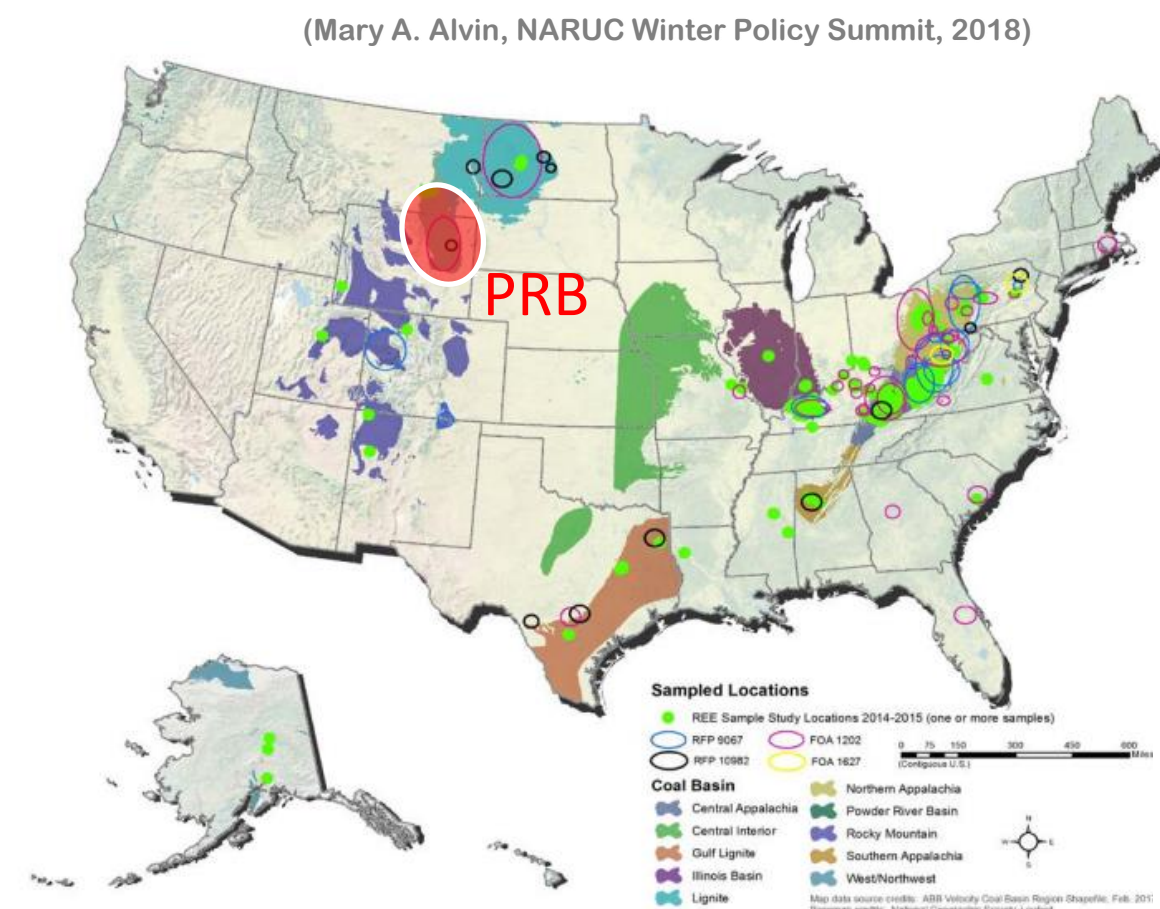
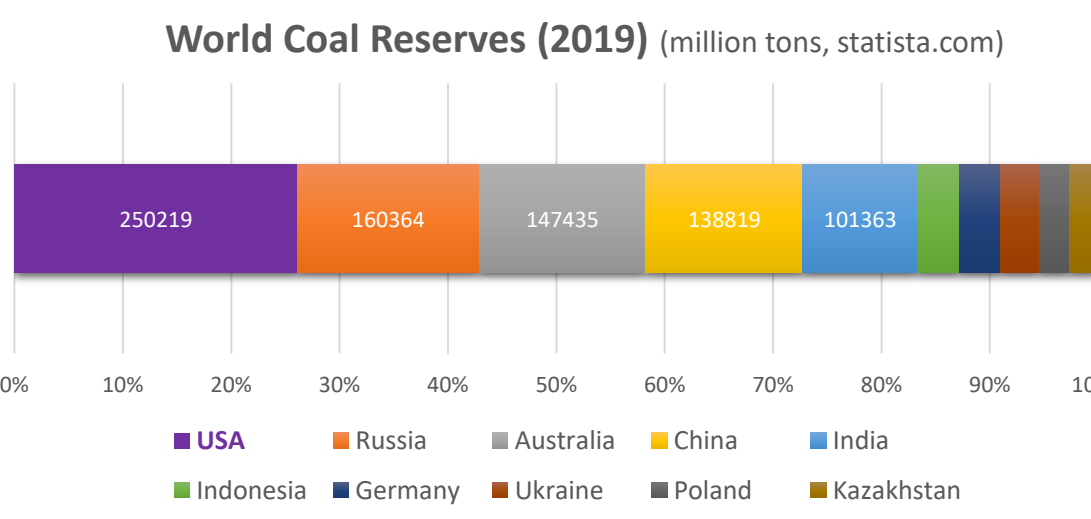
Acid Mine Drainage (AMD)



- ✓ Highest REE Selectivity: ~1M H_2SO_4 in the strip
- ✓ High acid concentration (5M): Increase MM extraction → Decrease REE selectivity

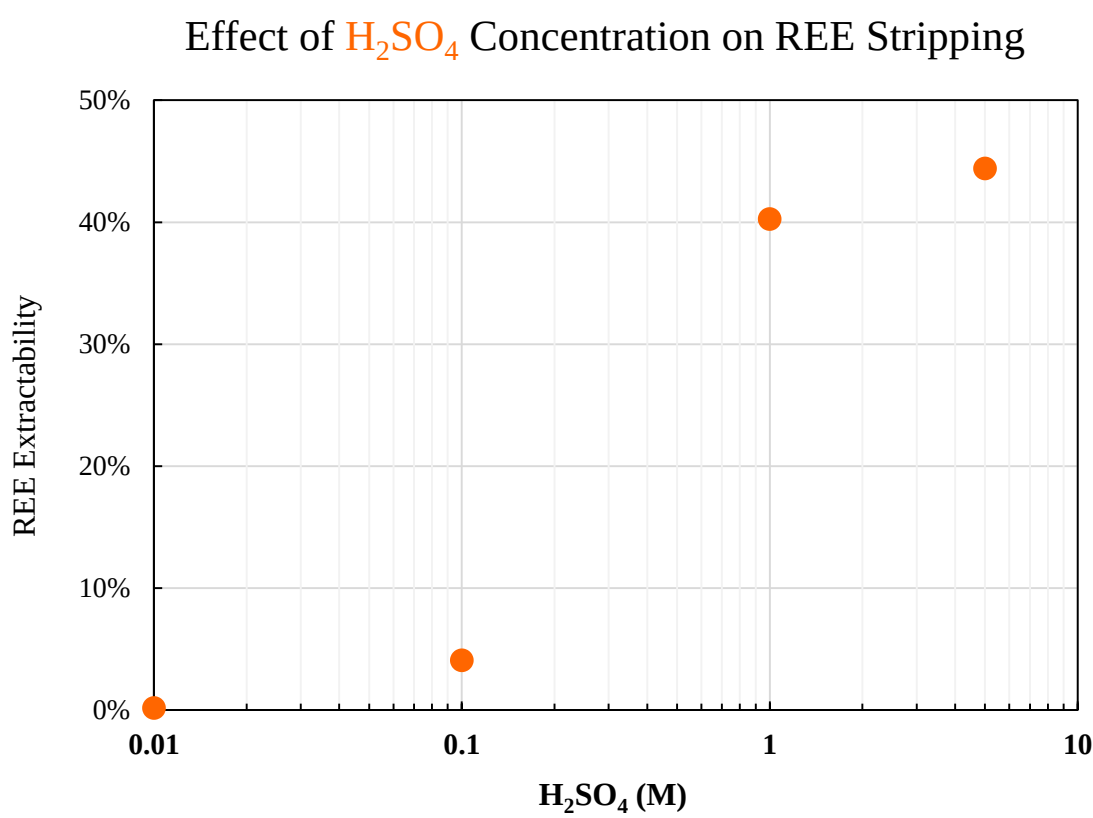
REEs in Coal Ash

- USA: world's largest coal reserves (26%)
- Avg. REEs in Coal: 62 ppm
- REEs in Coal Ash: ~300 ppm



- Coal Ash Used in This Study: Power River Basin (PRB) Coal Ash
- Total REEs: 234 ppm

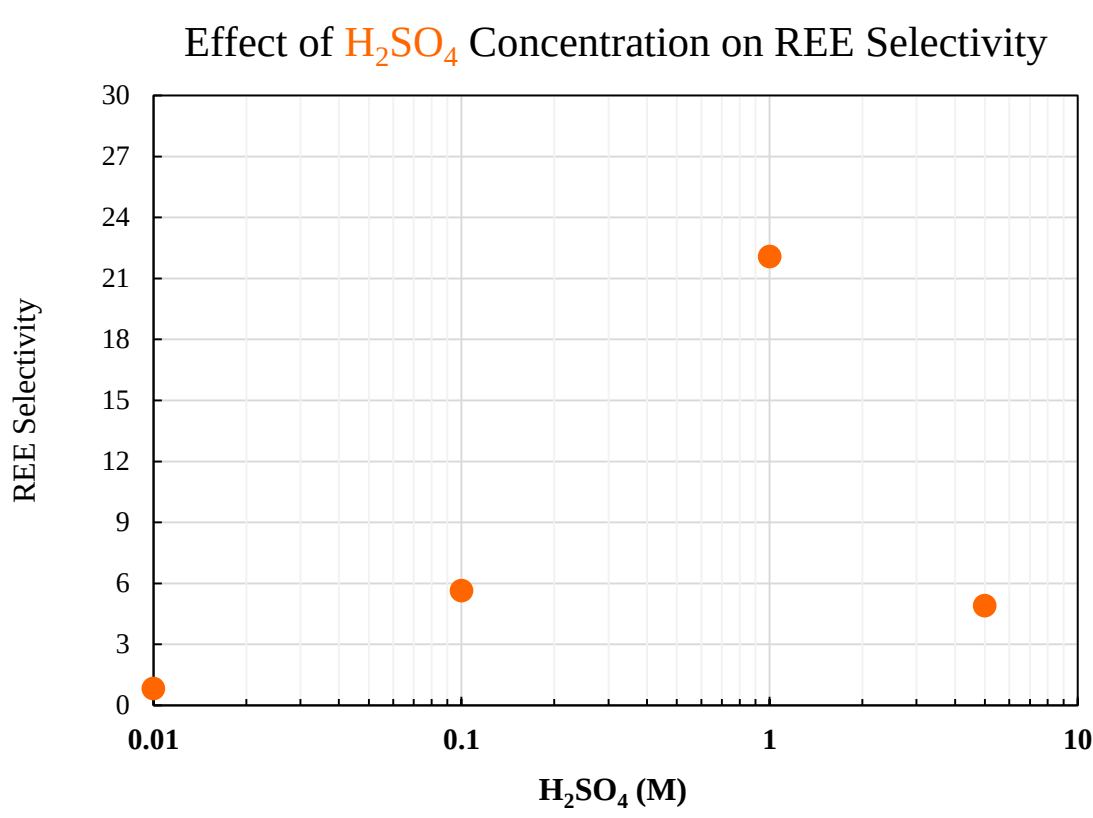
Effect of Acid Concentration



$$REE \text{ Extractability} = \frac{C_{TREE \text{ in } S}}{C_{TREE \text{ in } L}}$$

(TREE: Total REEs, L: Leachate, S: Strip)

- ✓ Increase in acid concentration → Increase in REE-stripping from organic phase



$$REE \text{ Selectivity} = \frac{C_{TREE \text{ in } A}}{C_{MM \text{ in } A}} \div \frac{C_{TREE \text{ in } O}}{C_{MM \text{ in } O}}$$

(A: Aqueous Phase, O: Organic Phase, MM: Major Metals)

- ✓ Highest REE Selectivity: ~1M H_2SO_4 in the strip

Conclusion

- ✓ H_2SO_4 has shown much higher REE extractability and REE selectivity from coal ash than HCl and HNO_3 .
- ✓ The highest REE selectivity over major metals was obtained at 1M H_2SO_4 in the stripping solution.
- ✓ The same REE extraction behaviors were observed with other coal-related resource (AMD).

Acknowledgement

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