

Durable Materials for GNEP Waste Streams

Tina M. Nenoff¹, J. L. Krumhansl² and K.B. Helean³

¹Surface and Interface Sciences Dept. 1114

²Geochemistry Dept. 6118

³Radionuclide Consequence Mgmt and Response Dept. 6874

Sandia National Laboratories

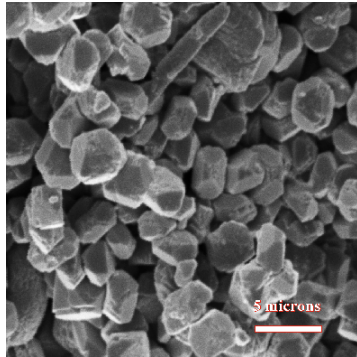
Albuquerque, NM 87185

tmnenof@sandia.gov

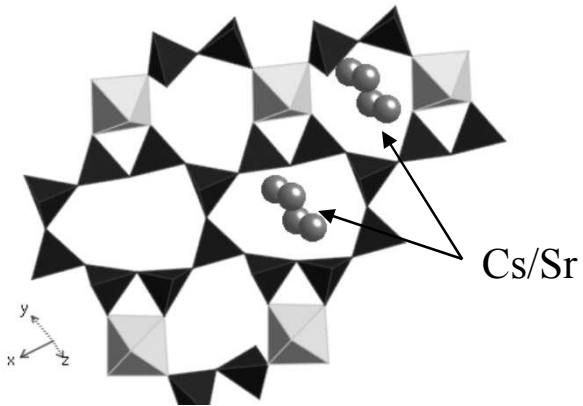
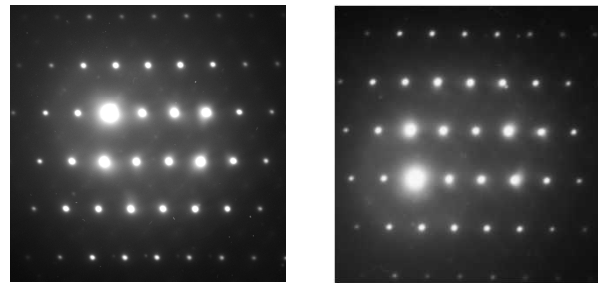
jlkrumh@sandia.gov

kbhelea@sandia.gov

CST for Cs/Sr Wastes



Increasing Radiation Dose →



SNL CST method

- low Cs/Sr leach rate ($0.0001 \text{ g/m}^2 \cdot \text{day}$)
- small volume waste form ($\text{SA}=30 \text{ m}^2/\text{g}$)
- thermally stable to 1000°C
- removes 1 part Cs per 100,000 parts Na
- stable over entire pH range
- commercially available as UOP IE-911
- geologically stable

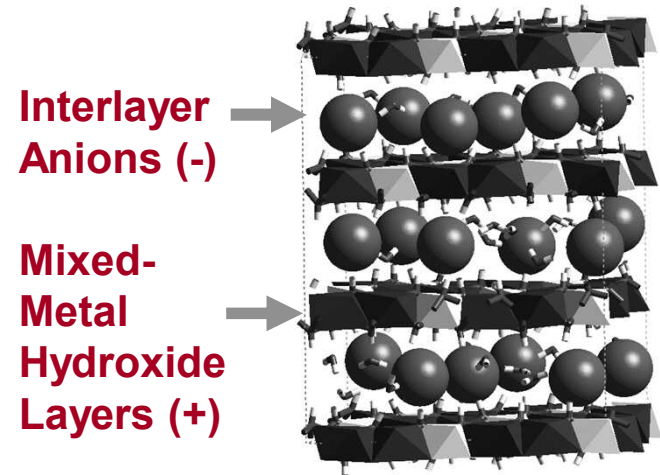
CST oxide components: Na_2O , Cs_2O , SiO_2 , TiO_2 , Nb_2O_5 , ZrO_2

Clay Materials for Tc/I Wastes

- affinity for actinides
- most promising for anions TcO_4^- , I^- and IO_3^- ; work as scavengers
- geologically stable

***Other options for I**

If Hg already in waste stream,
then HgS

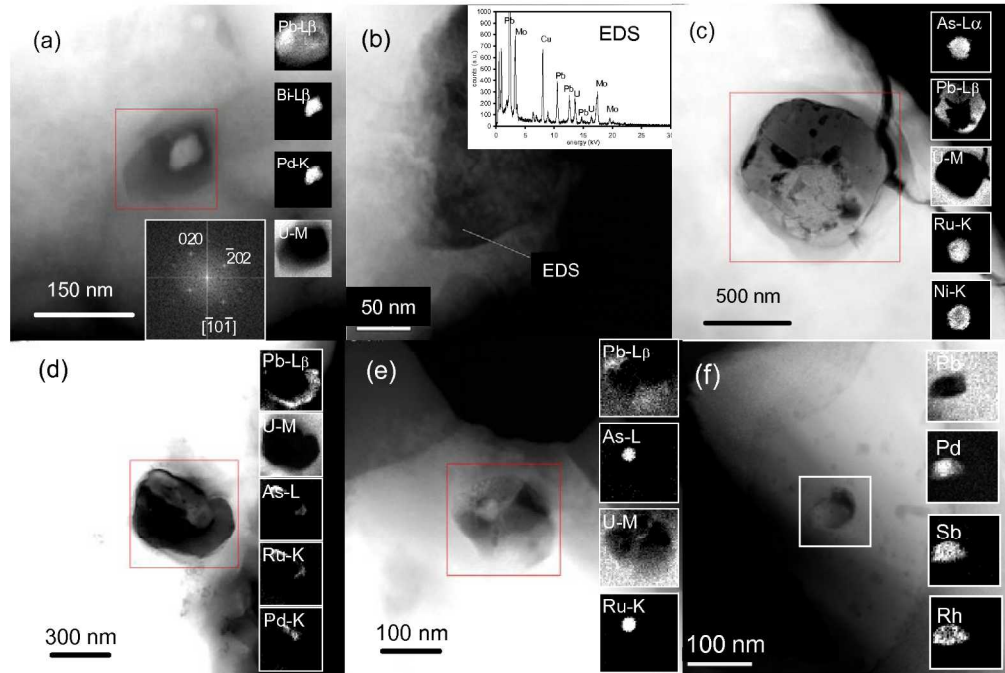


Hydrotalcite Lattice

***Consider CuI instead of KI**

Metallic Tc Waste Form

- OKLO natural reactor went critical approximately 2Gy
- Fate of epsilon particles subject of recent study at University of Michigan
- Tc migrated less than 2 microns in 2 billion years



Utsunomiya et al., Radiochemica Acta (2006) submitted



Mineral Waste Form for Act, REE, etc.

- **Synroc: titanate mineral assemblage that can incorporate ALL of the radionuclides in HLW streams**
- **A.E. Ringwood et al., Nature, 1979; Dosch et al., SAND82-2980, 1982.**

Synroc-C phase assemblage	wt. %	radionuclides
Hollandite $\text{Ba}(\text{Al}, \text{Ti})_2\text{Ti}_6\text{O}_{16}$	30	Cs, Rb
Zirconolite $\text{CaZrTi}_2\text{O}_7$ <i>-pyrochlore</i> $\text{A}_2\text{B}_2\text{O}_7$	30	RE, Act
Perovskite CaTiO_3	20	Sr, RE, Act
Titanium oxides $\text{Ti}_x\text{O}_{2x-1}$	10	
E-phase (alloy)	5	Tc, Pd, Rh, Ru, Mo