



Multiphysics Modeling with Aria and SIERRA Mechanics

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April 16, 2007





Outline & Progress

SIERRA Mechanics Overview

Application Modules Overview

Aria Overview

Aria Development Plans



Setting the Stage: Today's Large-Scale Engineering Software

- **Today's Needs**

- Full-system multi-physics
- Multi-scale : nano to macro
- *Predictive* capability
 - Uncertainty quantification (UQ)
 - Verification & validation (V&V)
 - Experimental coordination

- **Software issues**

- Legacy codes
 - Usually single physics
 - Usually fortran 77
 - Need to modernize (language, algorithms, scalability, etc.)
- Need code-coupling
- Complexity!



Today's Software Approaches

- **Modern frameworks & toolkits**
 - Parallel, adaptive, multi-physics
 - Modern software languages (C++, F90, etc.) and software engineering practices
 - The days of one-person, one-code are over
- **Sandia's approach: *SIERRA Mechanics***
 - Large-scale effort funded through DOE's ASC program (formerly ASCI)



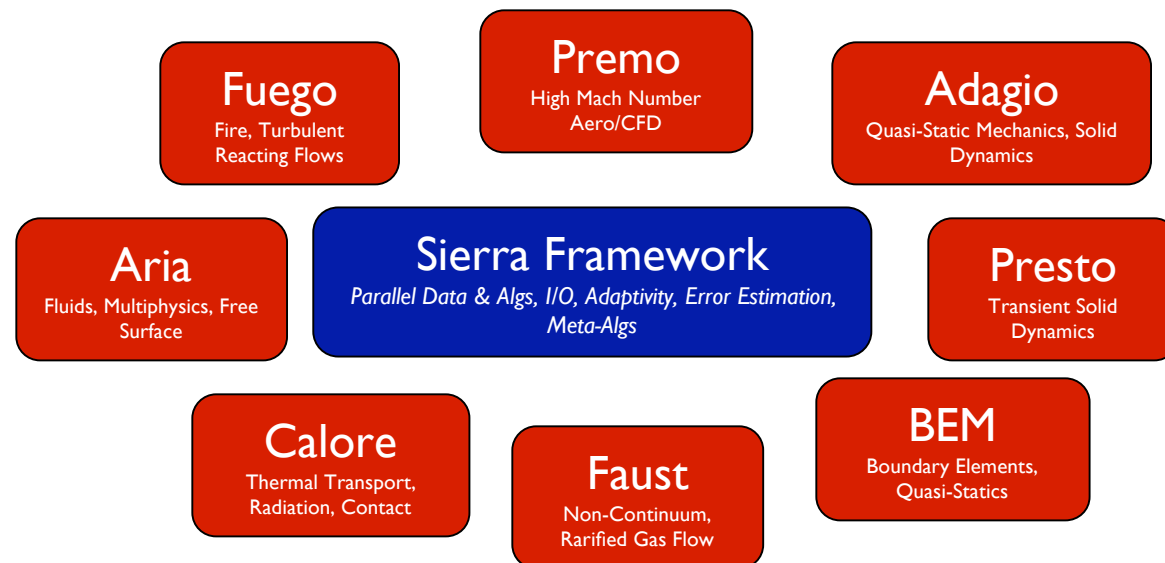
Partial List of Frameworks for Engineering Mechanics

Framework	Institution	Characteristics
SIERRA	SNL	Unstructured, multiphysics, adaptive, C++
Libmesh	UT-Austin	Unstructured, multiphysics, adaptive, C++
SAMRAI and Overture	LLNL	Block structured, overset & embedded meshes, C++
PYRAMID	JPL	Unstructured, F95
Unstructured Grid	Heidelberg Univ.	Unstructured, integrated multigrid solver, ANSI-C
CHARM++ (w/modules)	Univ. of Illinois (UIUC)	Structured and unstructured modules, C++
AMROC	CalTech	Block structured, C++
Uintah	Univ. of Utah	Structured, C++
Cactus	Louisiana State Univ. (LSU)	Block structured, C++ & F90



SIERRA Mechanics & Framework

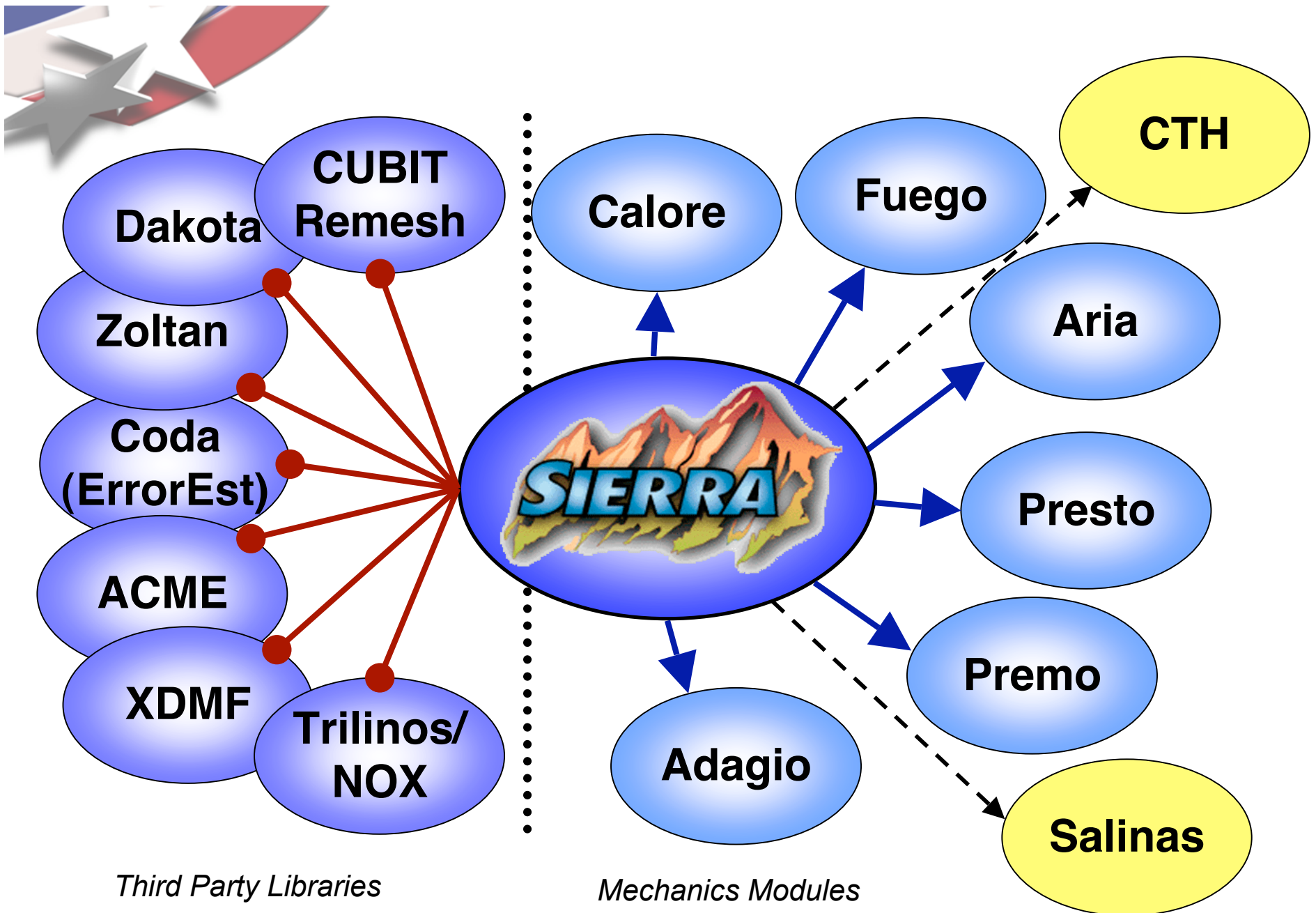
- **SIERRA Mechanics : mechanics code suite developed on common architecture : SIERRA Framework**
 - Designed to enable versatile single physics capabilities and strongly-coupled multi-physics capabilities
 - Balances need for mechanics-specific algorithms and numerical methods with shared databases and processes
 - Architecture maximizes code re-use in future development efforts





SIERRA Mechanics & Framework

- ***SIERRA Framework*** : Suite of libraries that provide mostly computer science services
 - Unstructured, heterogeneous mesh and fields
 - Physics-independent algorithms, solvers, libraries
 - Dynamic, parallel data management (e.g., adaptivity)
 - Parallel services
 - I/O (ExodusII, XDMF)
 - Code-coupling services (“transfers”)





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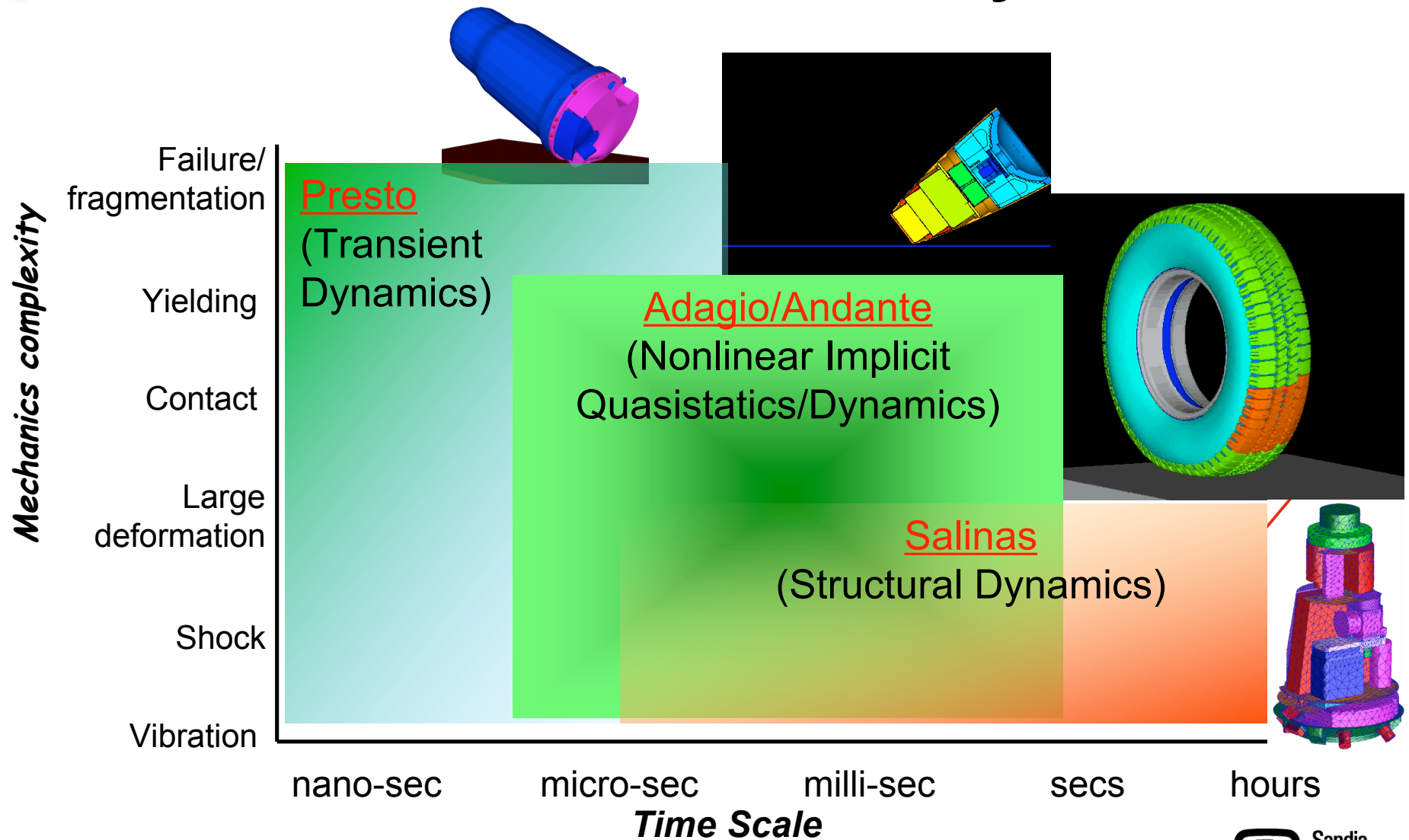
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Computational Solid Mechanics and Structural Dynamics

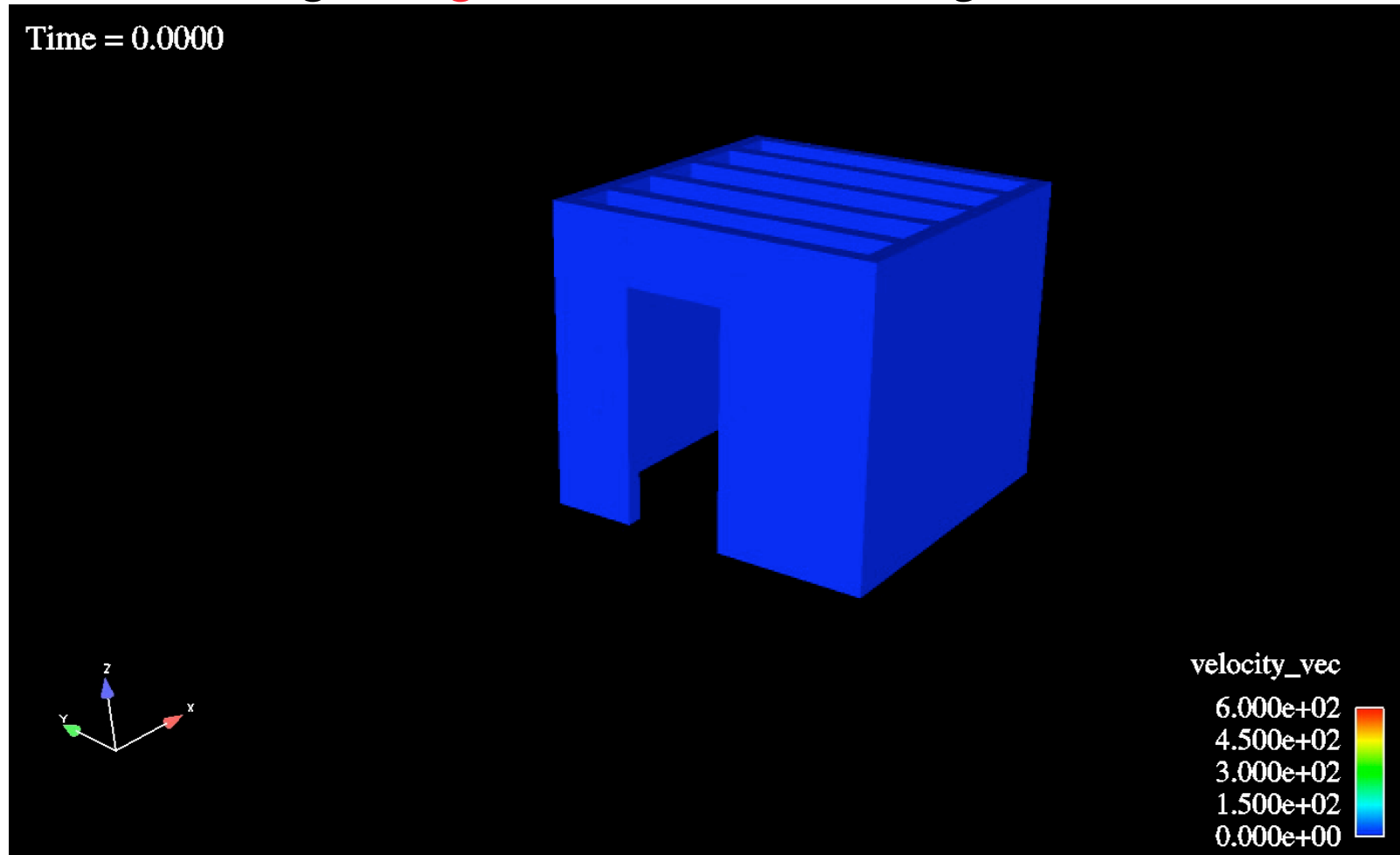




CTH/Presto Coupling Example

- CTH Loading: **40 kg TNT** at *lower left of right wall*, for 2.5 ms

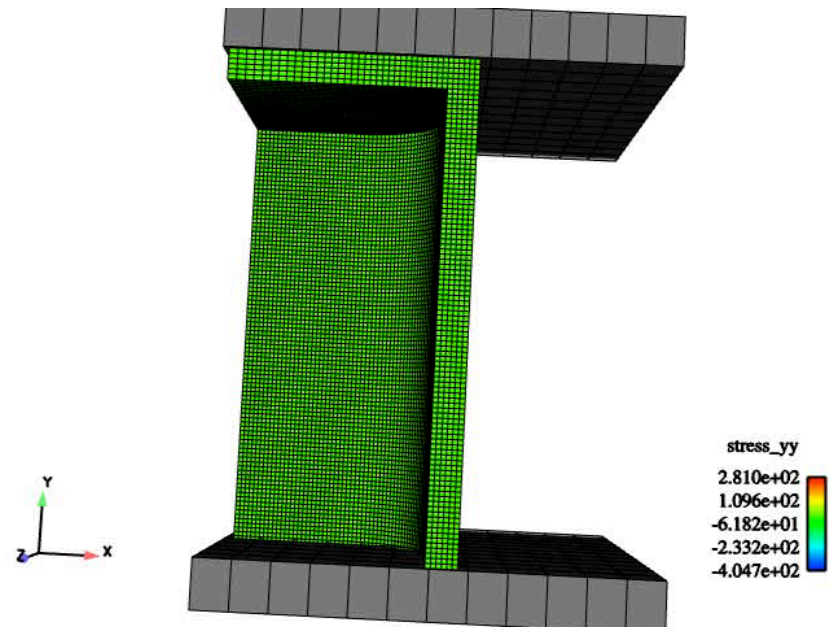
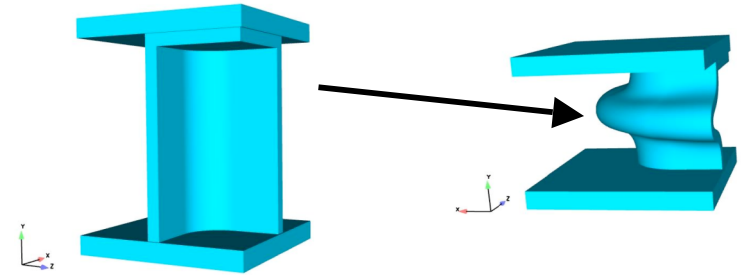
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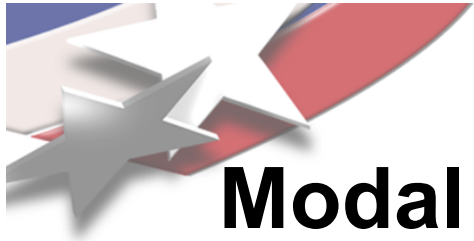


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Adagio Example - Quasi-Statics

- **Implicit (quasi-static & dynamic) solid mechanics finite element code**
- **Provides scalable parallel solvers for highly nonlinear problems**
 - Contact
 - Nonlinear material response
 - Large deformation
- **Utilizes services provided by the Sierra Framework to enable**
 - Coupled physics
 - H-adaptivity (under development)
 - Multi-length scale modeling techniques (under development)
- **Design of energy absorbing barrier**
- **Uses multilinear elastic-plastic constitutive model**
- **Demonstrates frictional contact, geometric and material nonlinearities, parallel scalability**

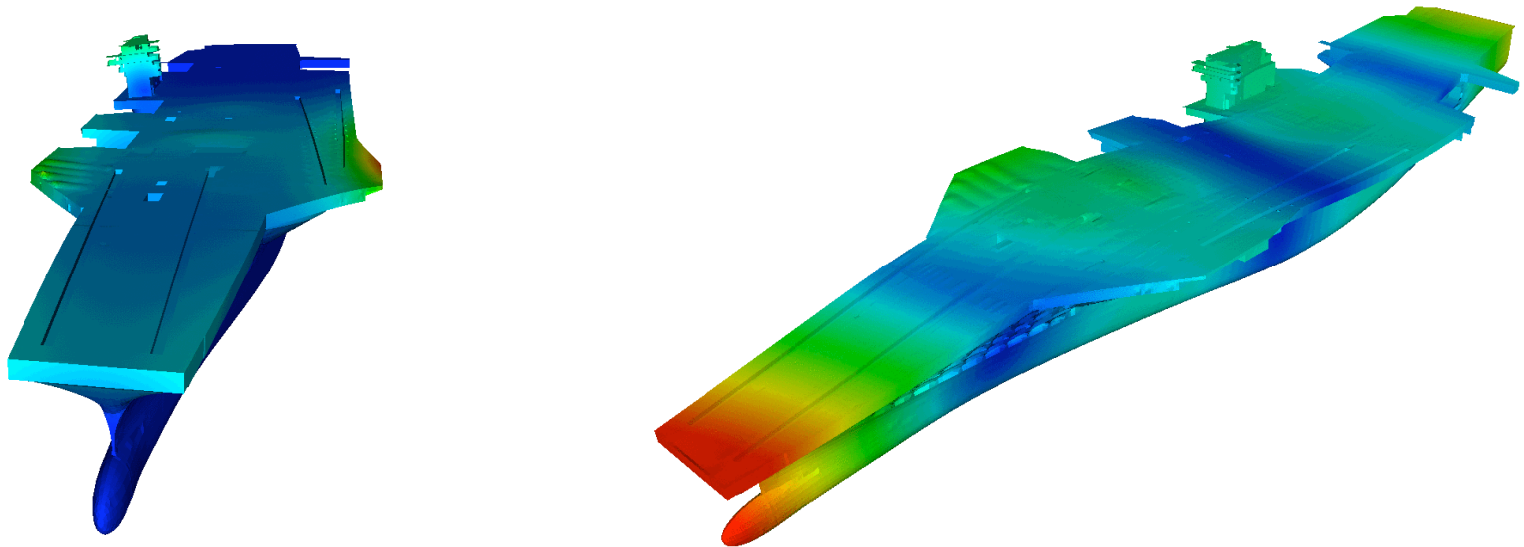




Salinas Example

Modal Analysis of an Aircraft Carrier

- Extremely complex model (1000's of material regions, offset shells and beams)
- 2.0M DOFs, solved on 64 processors



Von Mises Stresses Overlaid on Mode Shapes



Thermal / Fluids Capabilities

- **Calore** – Heat Transfer, Enclosure Radiation and Chemistry

- Dynamic enclosures
- Element birth death
- Contact

- **Premo** – Compressible Fluid Mechanics

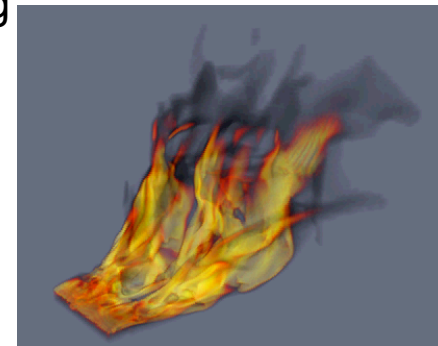
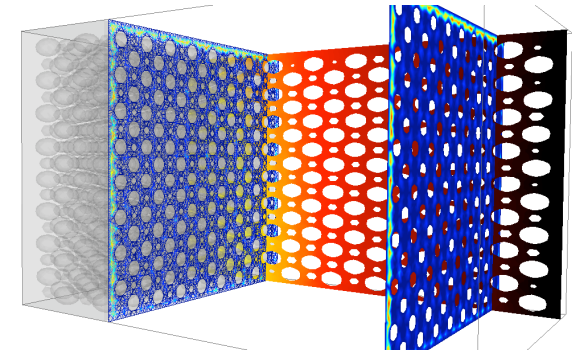
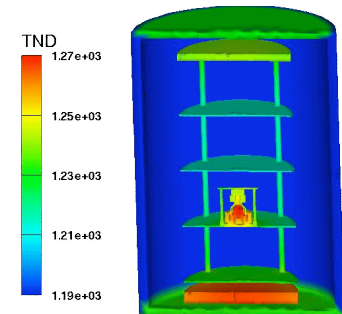
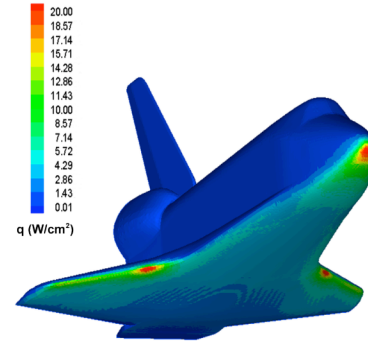
- Subsonic through hypersonic
- Laminar and turbulent
- Unstructured mesh

- **Aria** – Non-Newtonian, Multi-physics, and Free Surface Flows

- Complex material response
- Level sets for surface tracking
- Flexible coupling schemes

- **Fuego** – Low Speed, Variable Density, Chemically Reacting Flows (Fire)

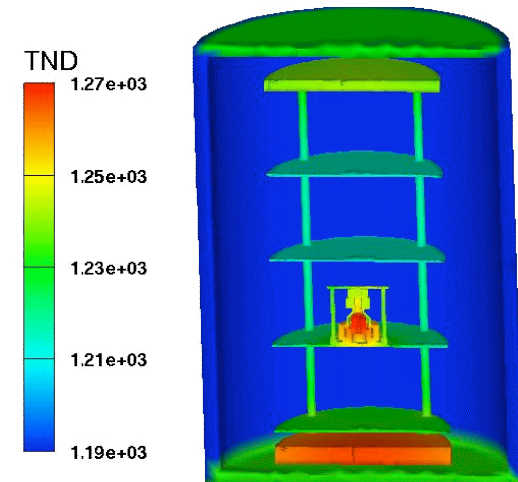
- Eddy dissipation and mixture fraction reaction models
- RANS and LES based turbulence models
- Unstructured Mesh
- Pressurization models





Calore - Heat Transfer

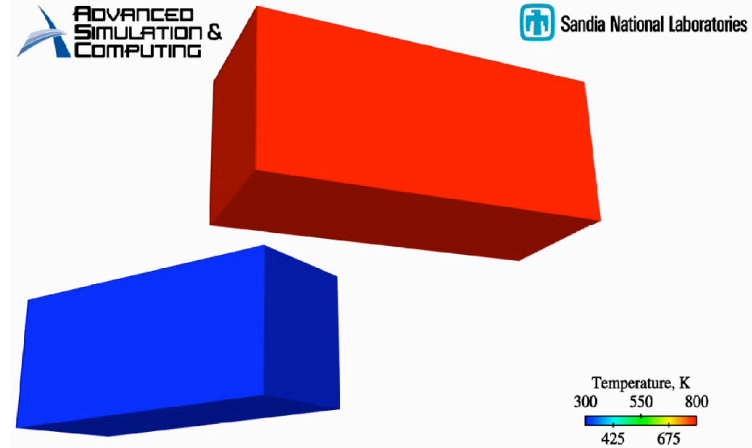
- 2D/3D massively parallel
- Steady/Unsteady
- Conduction
- Limited Convection
- Chemistry
- Enclosure radiation
- Thermal contact
- Bulk fluid elements
- Coupling to other physics modules
- Error estimation and adaptive mesh refinement
- Dynamic load balancing
- Element birth & death
- User subroutine definition of boundary conditions and material properties



Braze furnace process optimization

ADVANCED
SIMULATION &
COMPUTING

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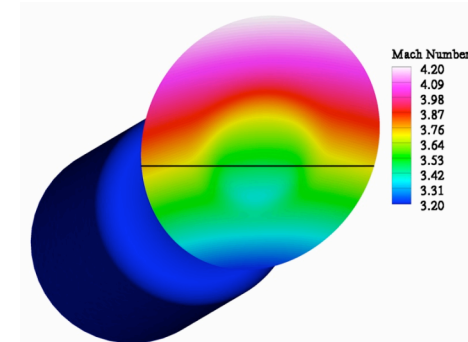
Sliding contact with adaptive mesh refinement

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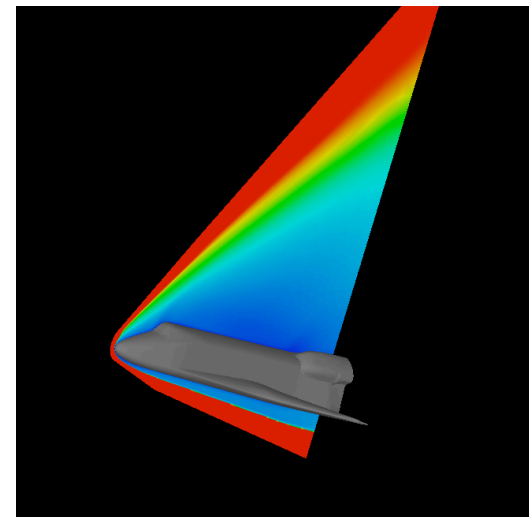


Premo - Compressible Fluid Dynamics

- Compressible subsonic through hypersonic
- Laminar through turbulent regimes
- Inviscid and viscous flows
- Steady state and transient
- Chemically reacting flow
- Trajectory analysis
- Moving control surfaces
- Coupling to other mechanics modules
 - Aeroelasticity
 - Ablation
 - Aeroheating



Mach contours on the exit of a spin motor

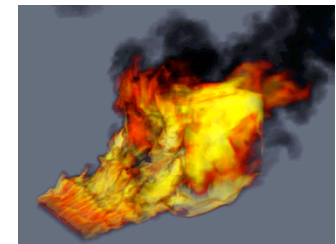


Flow field around a space shuttle during reentry



Fuego - Turbulent, Reacting Flow

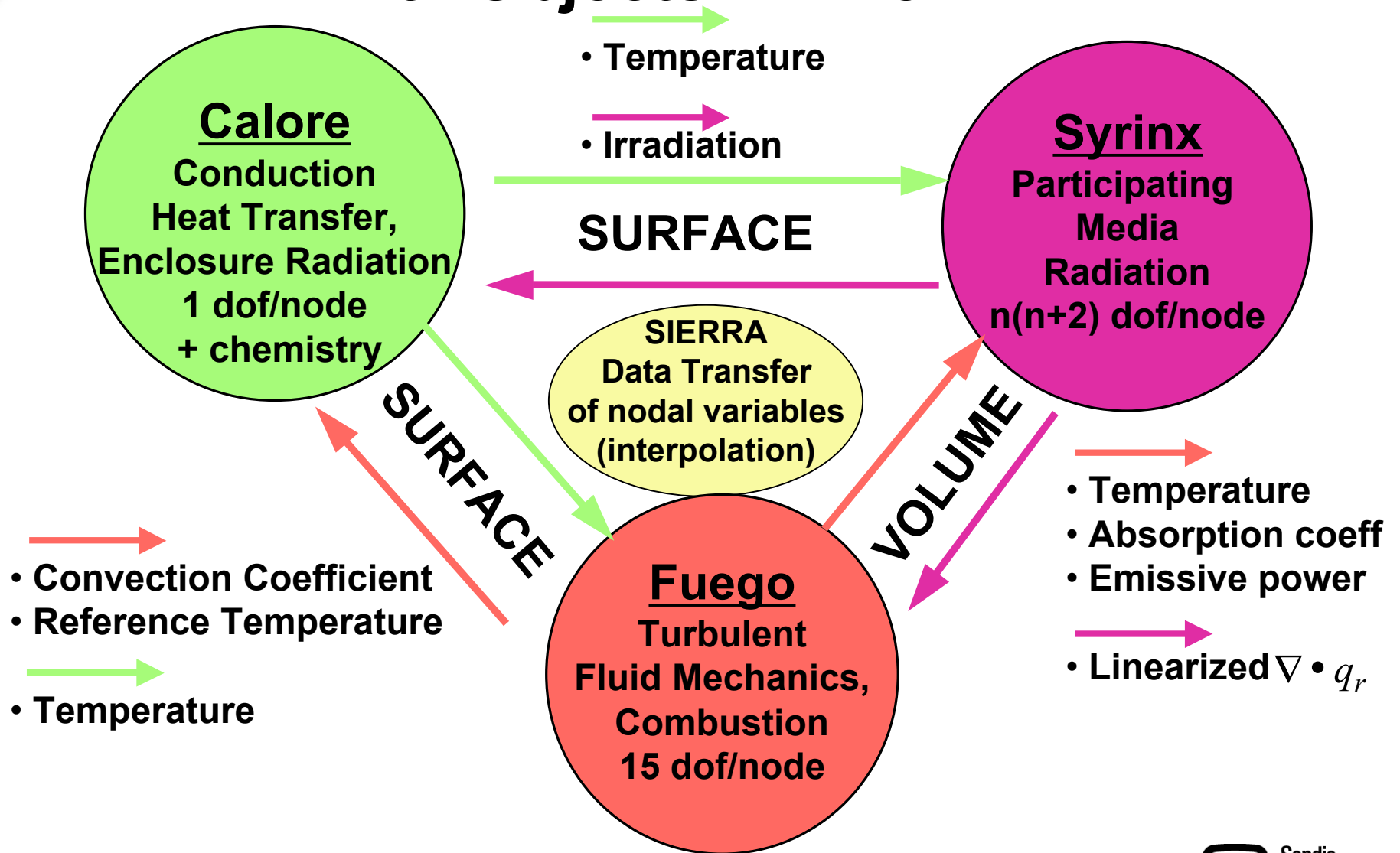
- **Low Mach number, variable density, unstructured (finite-volume) fluid dynamics**
 - Turbulent reacting flow with coupling to participating media radiation (PMR) and heat conduction
- **RANS and LES-based turbulence models**
 - $k-\epsilon$, low Re $k-\epsilon$, $v2-f$, Ksgs, PANS
- **Reacting flow suite**
 - Eddy dissipation concept, mixture fraction-based models
- **Multiple element types**
 - Hexahedron, tetrahedron, pyramid, wedge
- **Pressurization, low speed compressibility**



Hydrocarbon pool fire

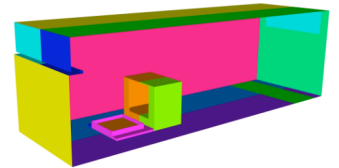
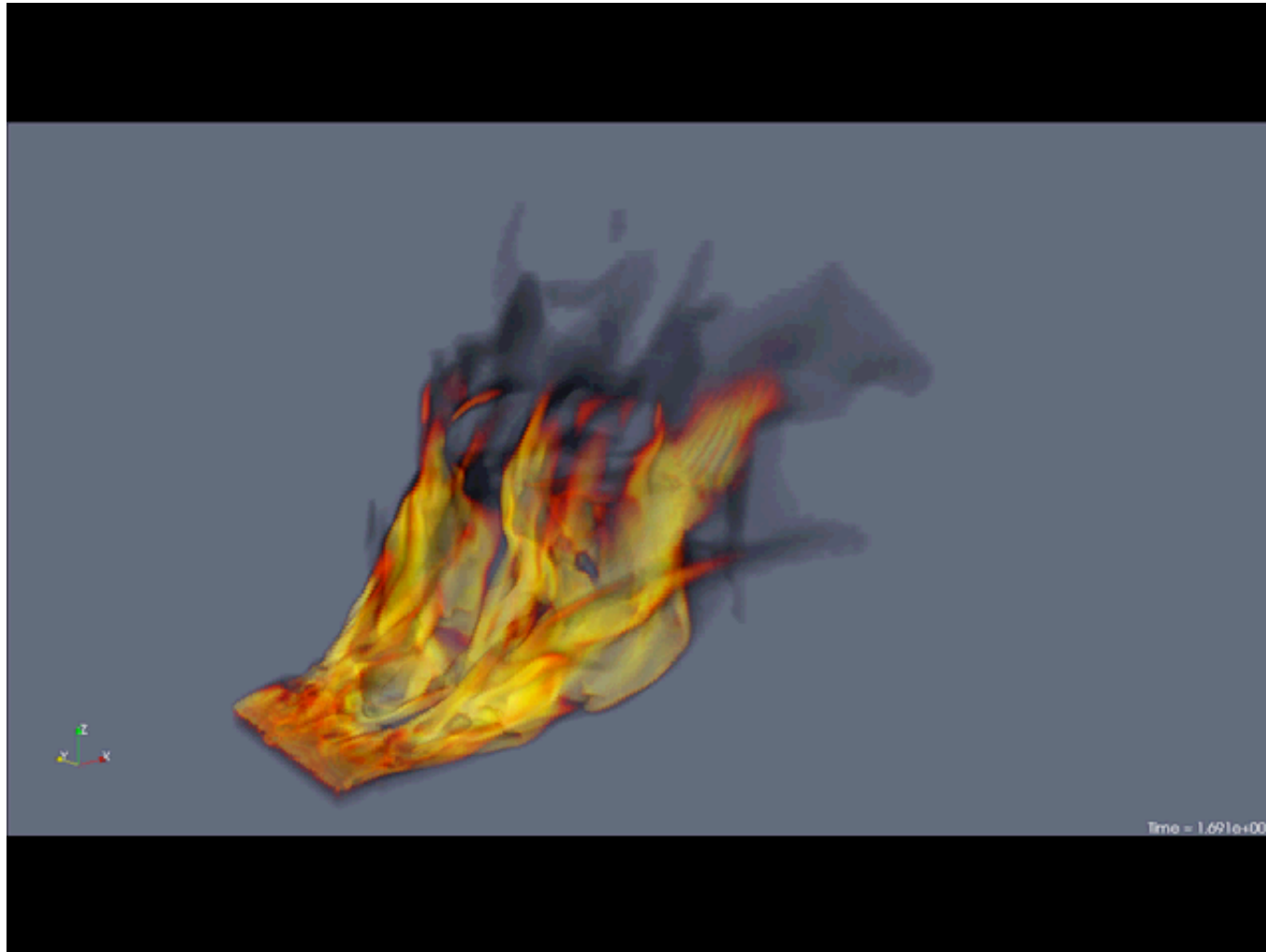


Coupled Code Simulation of Objects in Fire





Design of New Experimental Facility for Fire Studies



400M DOFs, 5000 processors on Red Storm



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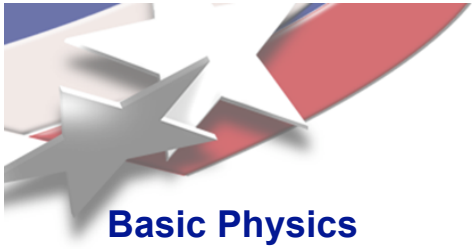
Aria - Incompressible Fluid & Coupled Multiphysics

Inspired by GOMA

Designed for coupled physics

Designed to be extended

Goal : *production computing & research platform*



Feature Summary

Basic Physics

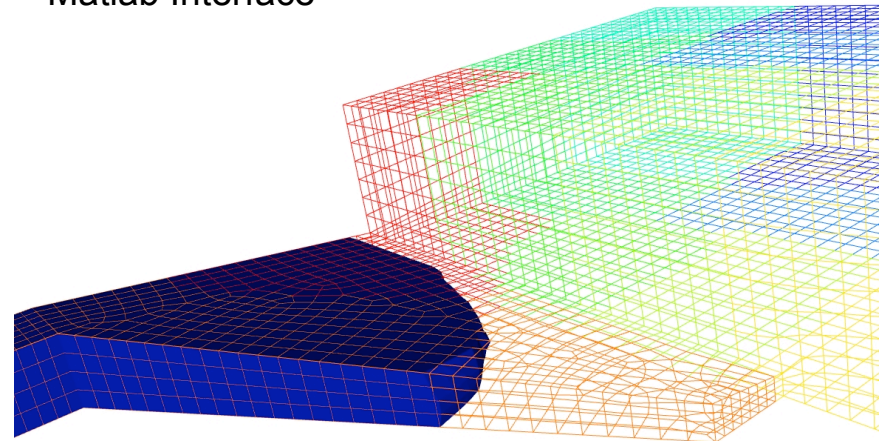
- Navier-Stokes (variable density)
- Energy
- Species
- Electrostatics
- Nonlinear elasticity
- Porous flow (in development)
- Mesh motion (pseudo-solid ALE)
- Level set (diffuse, Krino)

Additional Features

- Transient & steady; 2D & 3D; parallel & serial
- LOCA: Continuation, stability and turning point tracking
- Error estimation
- Mesh refinement: uniform and dynamic adaptivity
- Stabilized Navier-Stokes: PSPG & PPPS
- Initial conditions from existing ExodusII file with interpolation in space and time
- Input fields from and output solutions to different meshes
- Algorithm design via input file
- User plug-ins; user-defined fields
- User/reference manual, ~400 pages, indexed

Nonlinear Solvers & Coupling

- Full Newton (analytic, FD, AD, mixed)
- Full Picard
- NOX: Colored finite difference
- NOX: Matrix free nonlinear
- Arbitrary loose coupling / splitting
- Coupled to Adagio, BEM, Calore, Premo, ...
- Matlab Interface

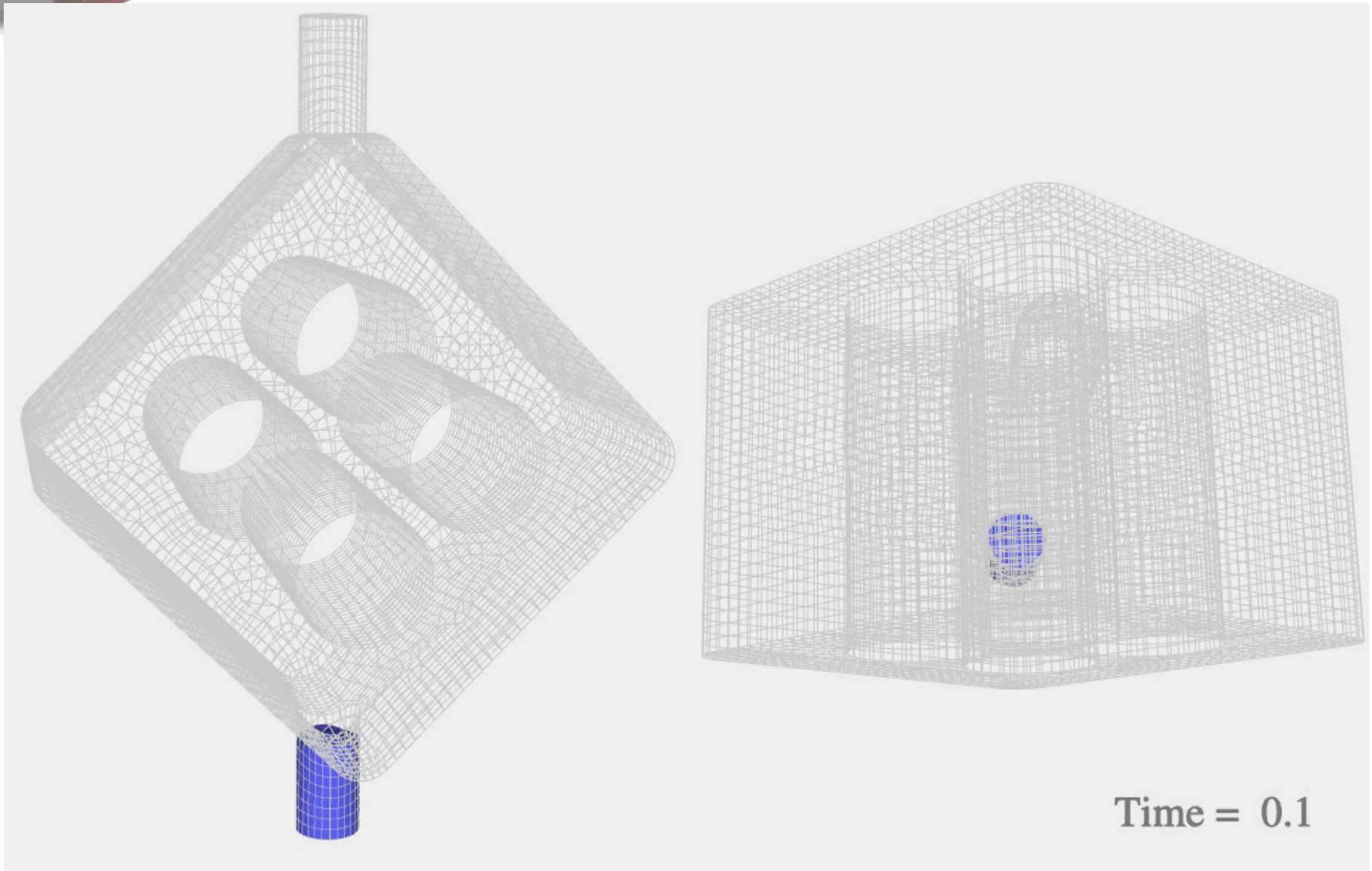


Parallel level set mold filling in Aria

Element / Topology Types

- Quadratic (Q2), linear (Q1), P0 and P1, MINI
- 2D quad & tri; 3D hex & tet

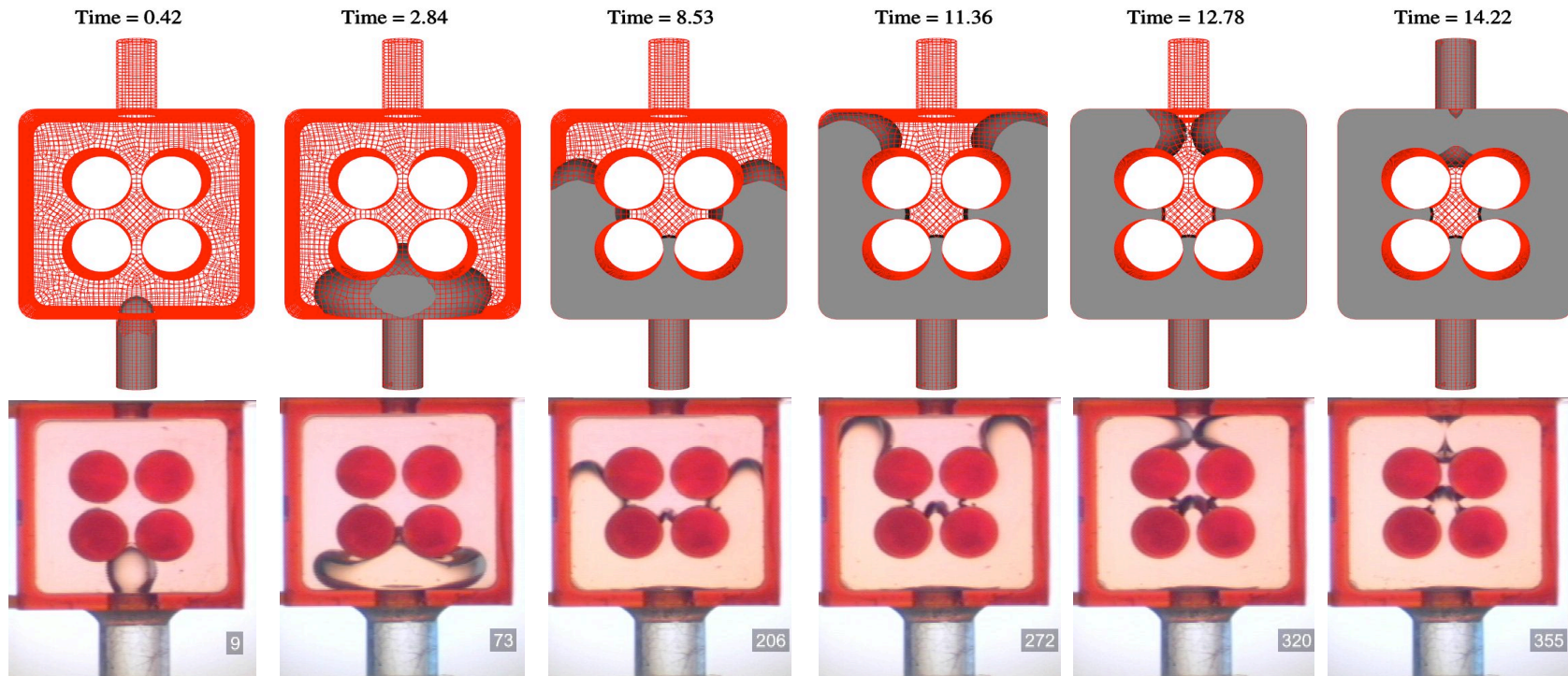
Mold Filling & Encapsulation





3D Model Matches Experiment Well with Faster Wetting Speed

Model parameters: $\mu = 390$ Poise, $\theta^{eq} = 39.8^\circ$, $v_o = 0.0026$ cm/s, $\sigma = 42.4$ dyne/cm
fill time=14 s



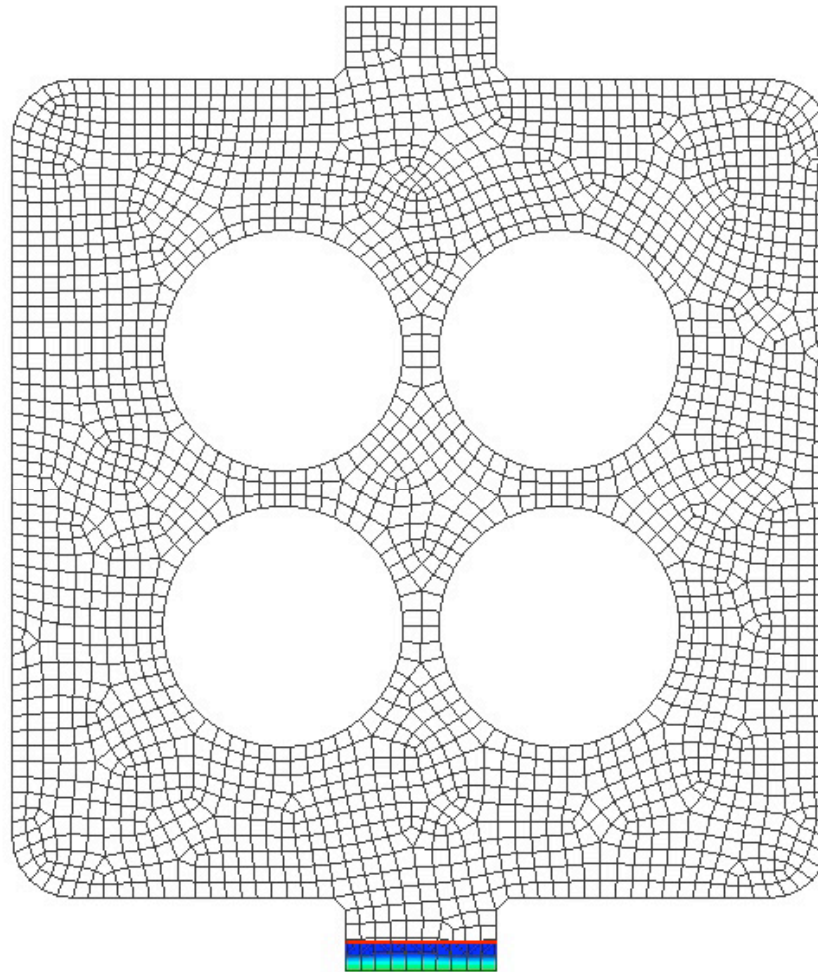
Real parameters: $\mu = 390$ Poise, $\theta^{eq} = 39.8^\circ$, $v_o = 0.0013$ cm/s, $\sigma = 42.4$ dyne/cm
(Ucon 95-H-90000 measured parameters); fill time=12 s

Both: $Ca \approx 20$; $Re \approx 0.001$

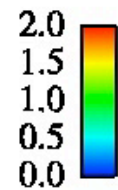
Time*=time/total time



Mold Filling & Encapsulation

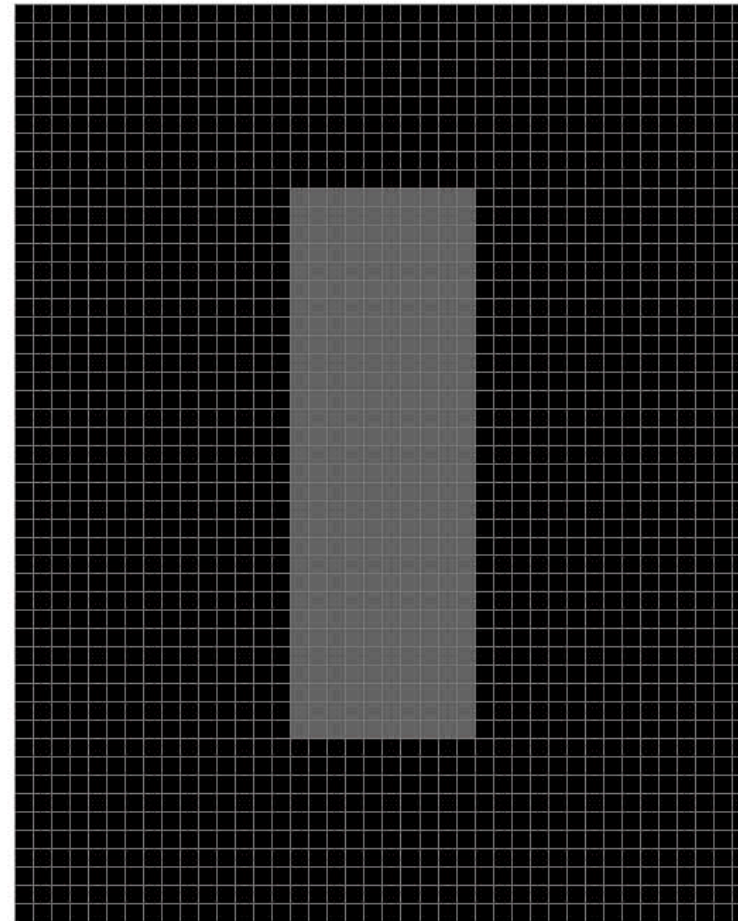


Speed

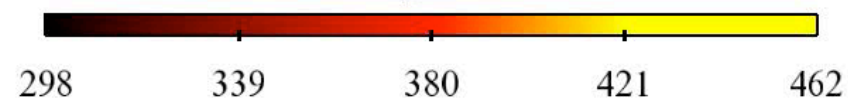




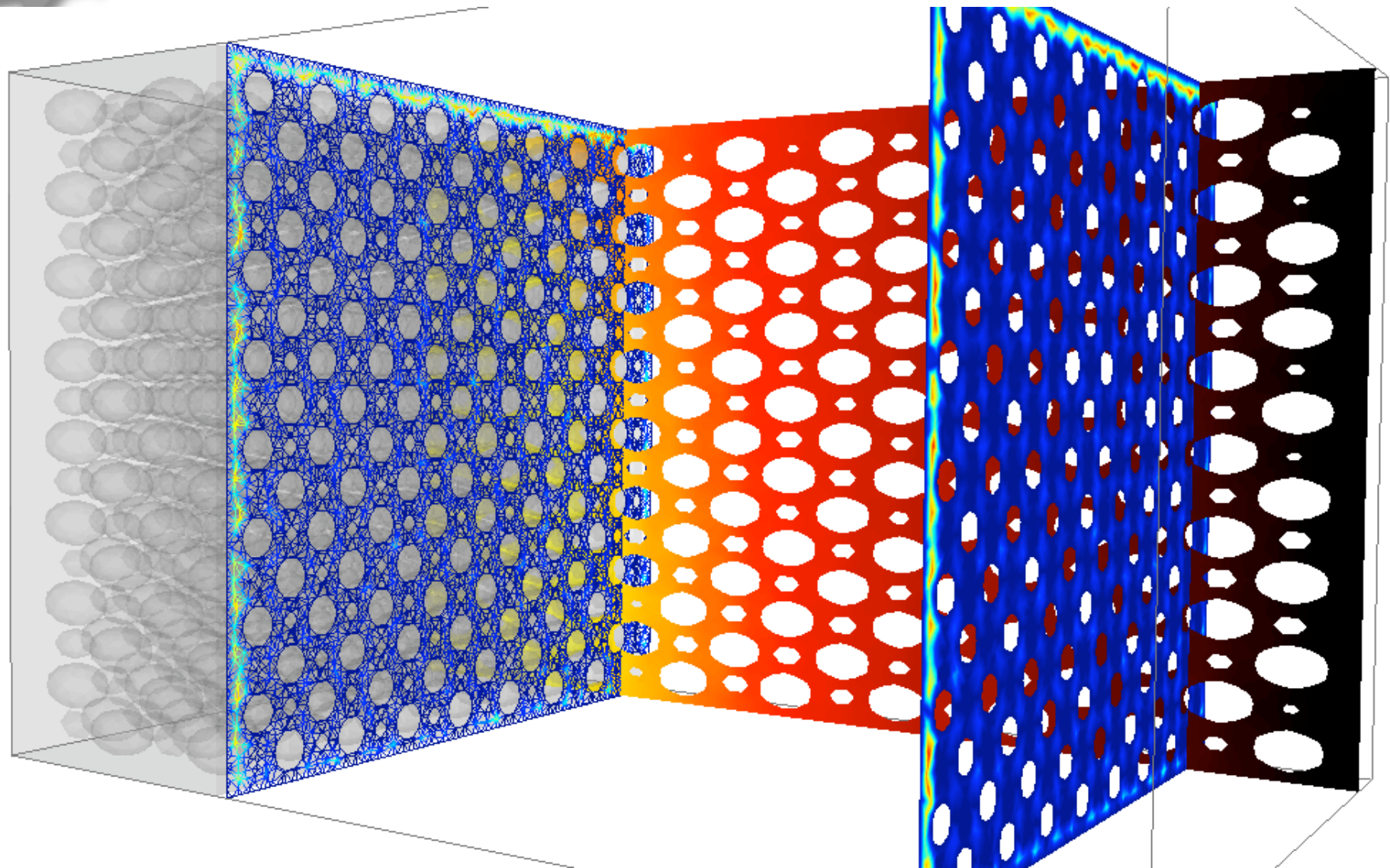
Core Heatup



Temperature

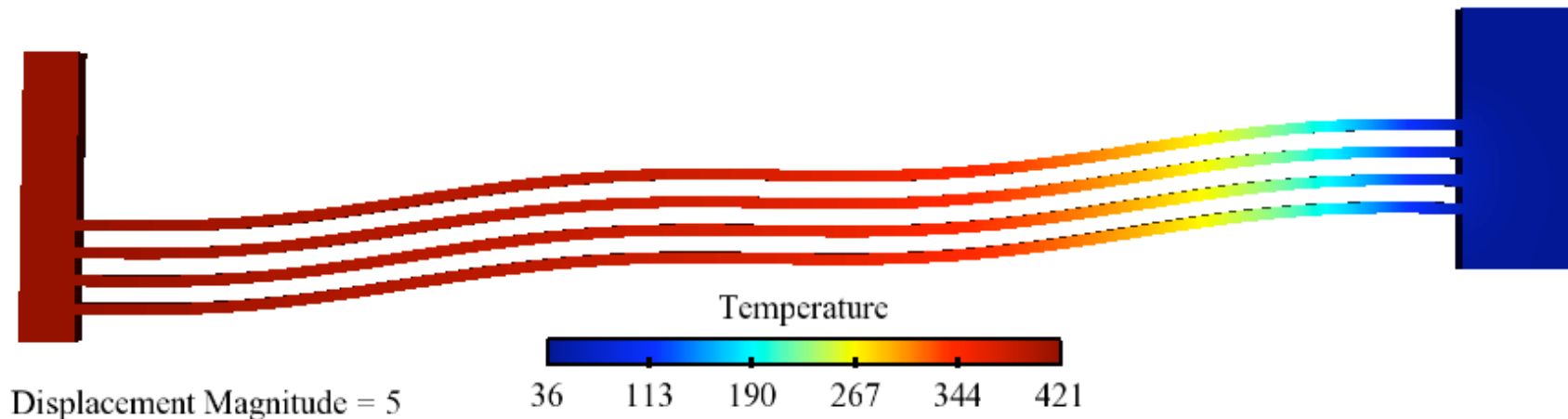
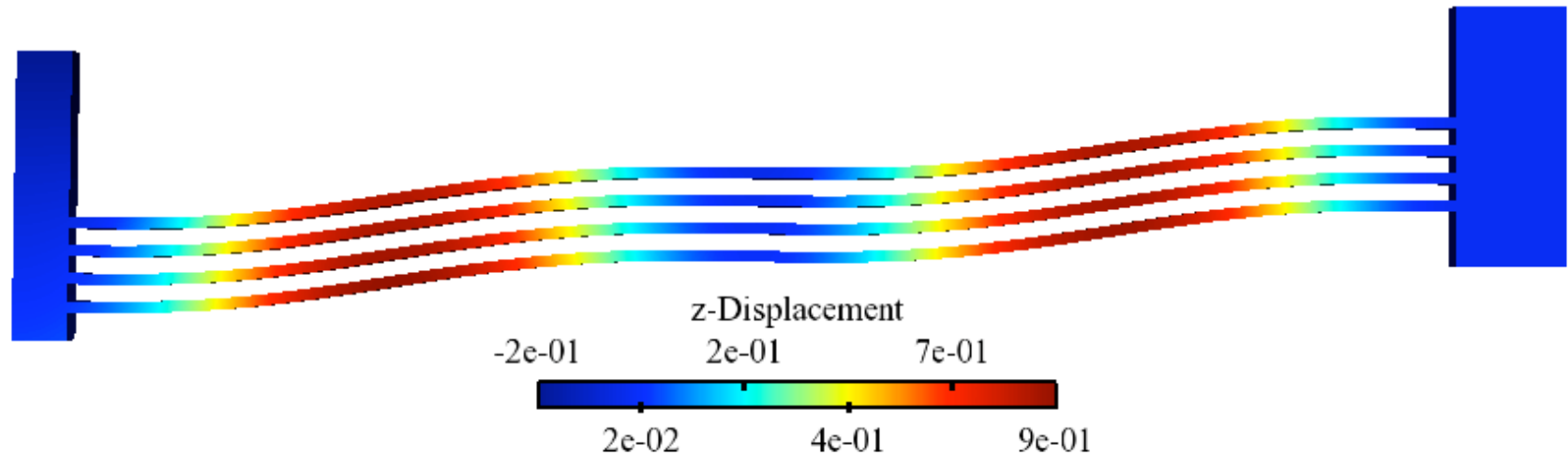


Nano-Particle Flow Solver

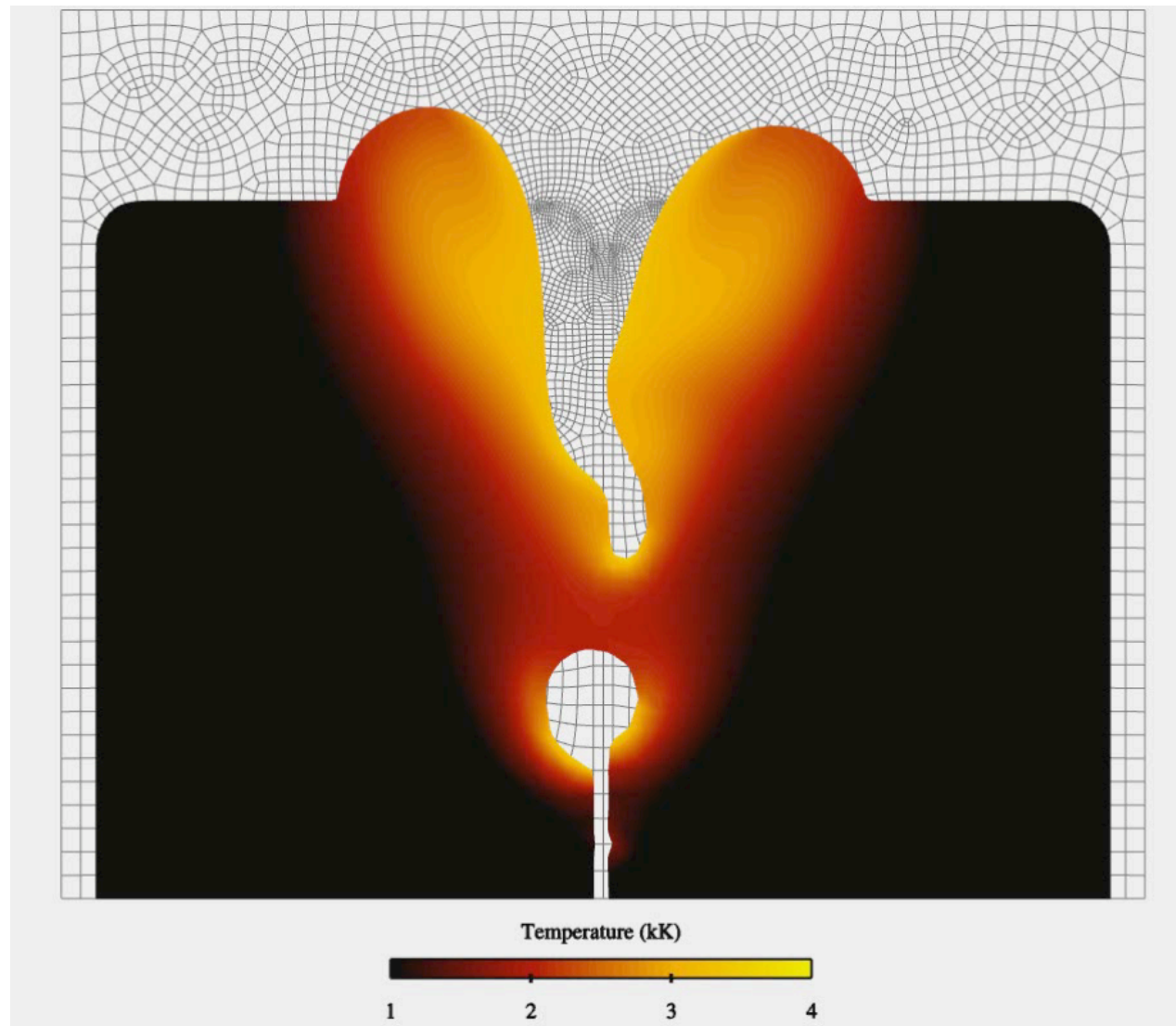




Electro-Thermal Actuation of a MEMS Device



Thermal-Fluid Analysis for Welding





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Development Plans

Balance *performance & rapid development*



Large-Scale, Free-Surface Flows

3D, transient (10k time steps), multiphysics

Explicit, semi-implicit methods under study

Specialized preconditioners

Improved pressure stabilization

Loose coupling where it makes sense



Advanced Capabilities

Enclosure radiation

Thermal contact

Porous flow (fully & partially saturated)

Adaptivity



Rapid Development & Agility

User plugin models (IC, BC, materials, etc.)

User plugin equation systems

Mixed sensitivities: analytic, automatic, finite difference

Advanced level-set based algorithms