

Origin of 125 MHz Oscillations on RITS-6

**Radiography Workshop
@ NRL, Washington, D.C.
May 22-24, 2007**

**K Hahn, Bryan Oliver, Dale Welch, Nicki Bruner,
Josh Leckbee, David L. Johnson**

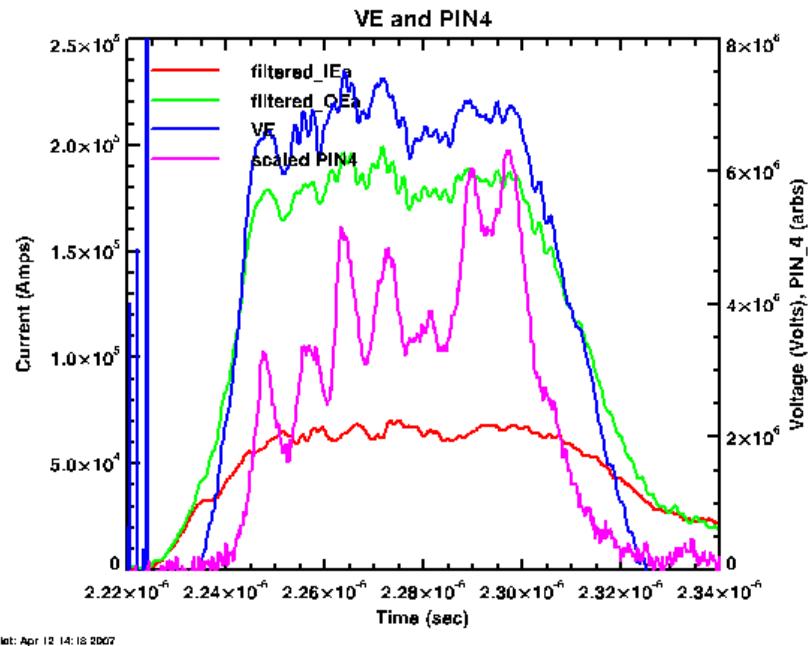
*Work performed under the U.S./U.K. contracts DE-AC52-06NA-25129/PALD 783 and DE-AC04-02AL-67817/PALD 760

Sandia is a multiprogram laboratory operated by Sandia Corporation, a Lockheed Martin Company,
for the United States Department of Energy's National Security Administration under Contract DE-
AC04-94-AL85000.

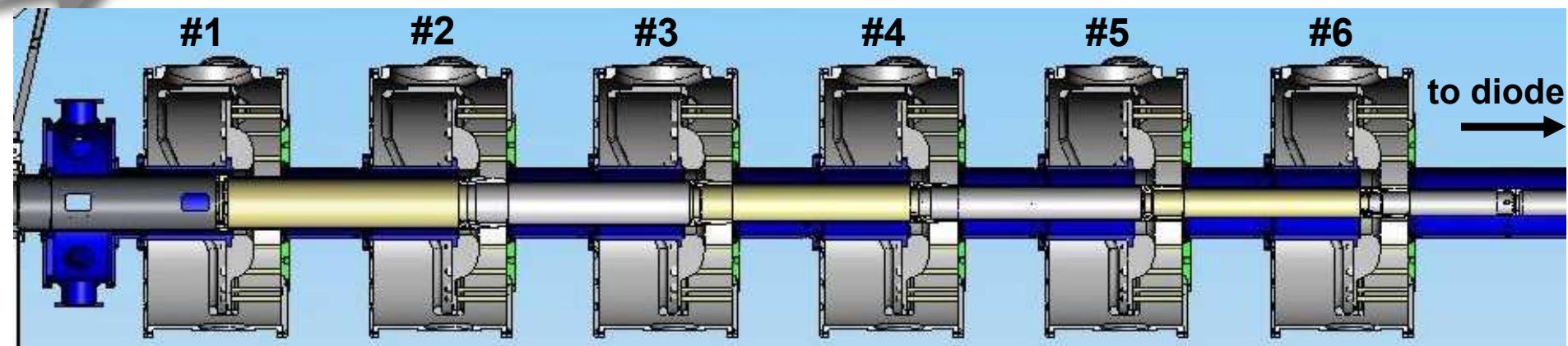
The export of this material to the U.K. is covered under the 1958 U.S./U.K. Mutual Defense agreement.

Overview

- To date, radiation pulses for various diodes on high and low-Z RITS-6 exhibit strong amplitude oscillations @ ~ 125 MHz
- Until recently, assumed 125 MHz oscill's were excited in dustbin region
 - Most LSP simulations do not see strong evidence of 125 MHz oscillations for geometries fielded on RITS-6
- Now, appears that 125 MHz oscill's originate upstream of dustbin, near last cavity (#6) in IVA section

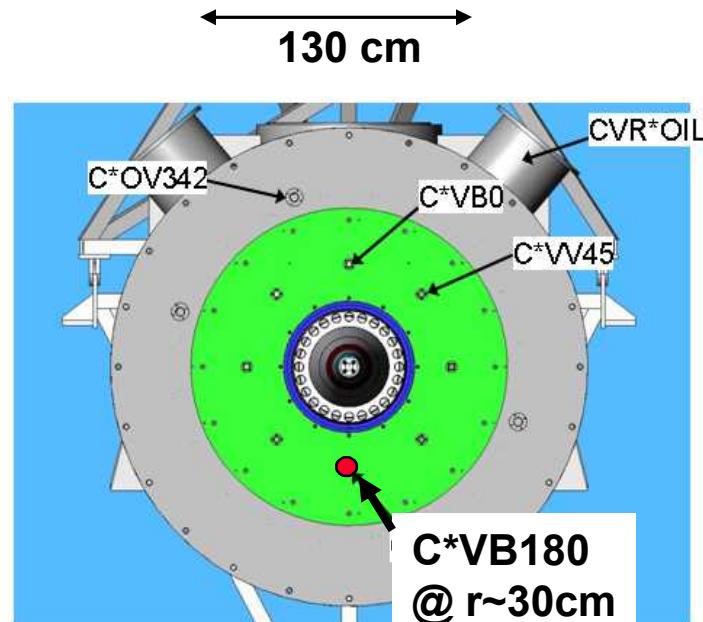


RITS-6 Cavities



125 MHz is detected in several locations:

- E, F, and G MITL current monitors in MITL
- Dustbin/Diode region
- **Cavity B-dots** on # 5 and # 6
(and a little on #4 sometimes)
 - on Low and High Z MITLs
 - with and without Dustbin

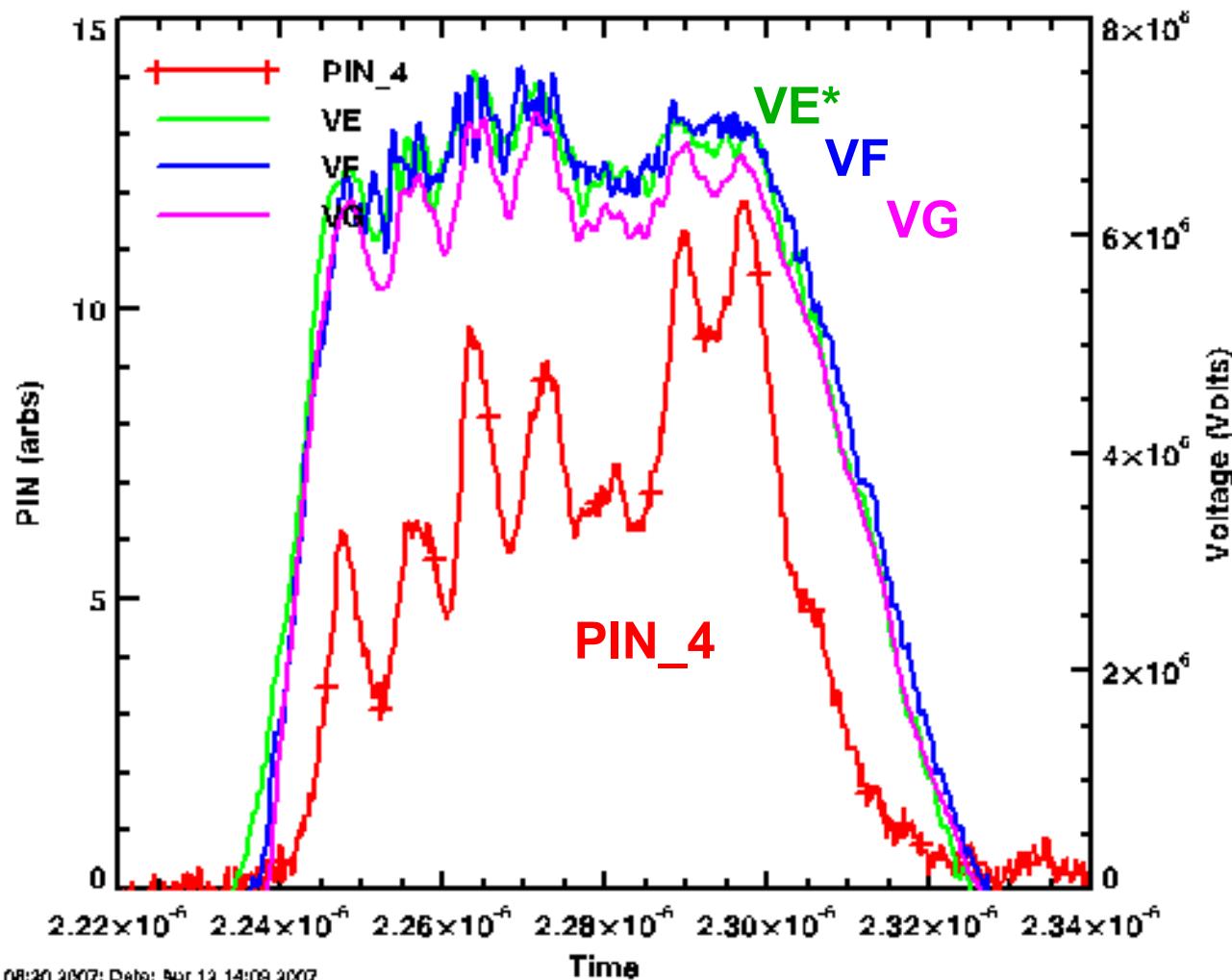


125 MHz Signatures on RITS-6

Paraxial Diode Shot 327

255 Rads @ 1m
(highest for paraxial series)

125 MHz
oscillation
amplitude is
amplified in
dustbin

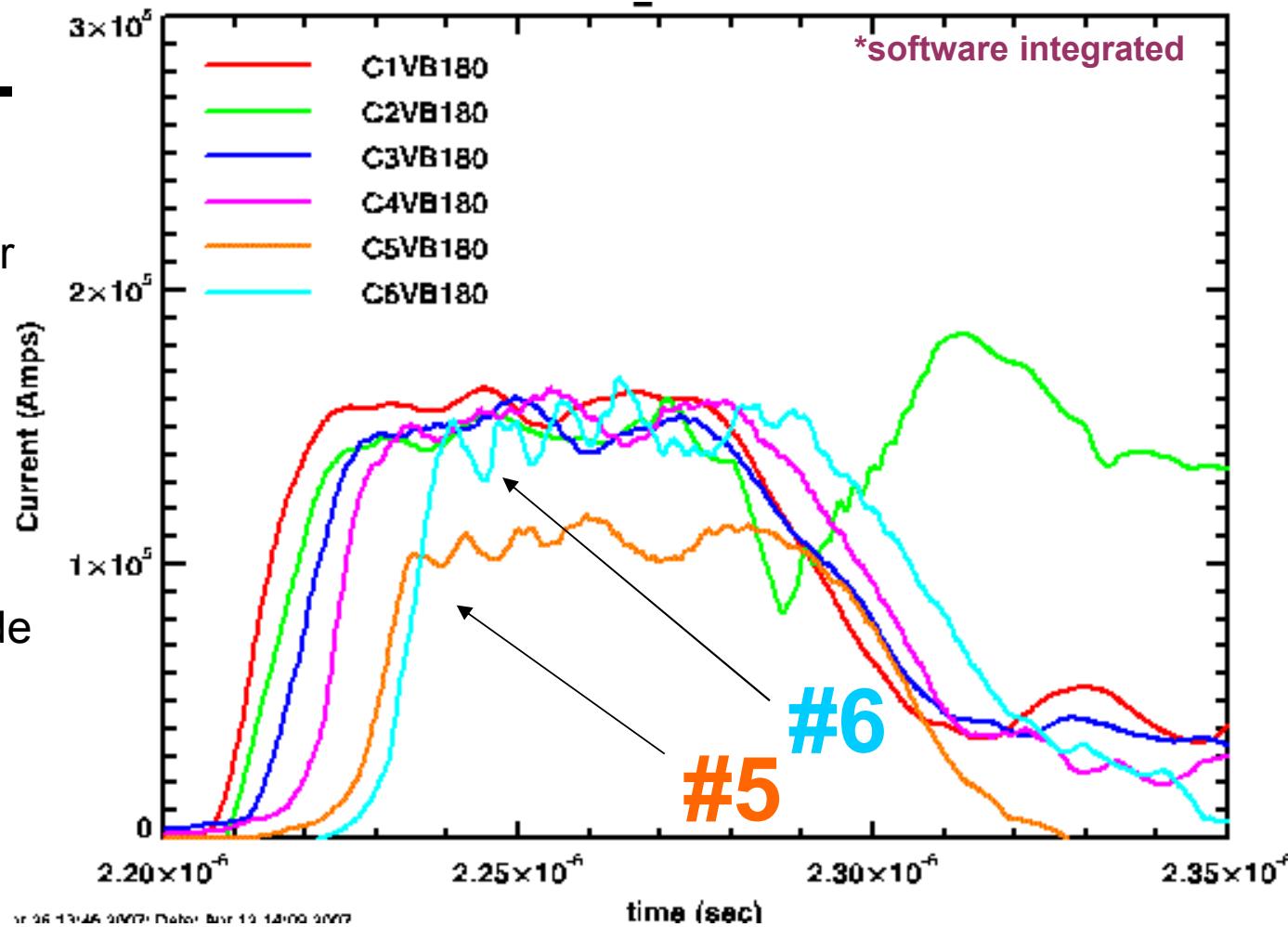


4 *voltages calculated using Mendel formula and filtered w/ 350 MHz for presentation.

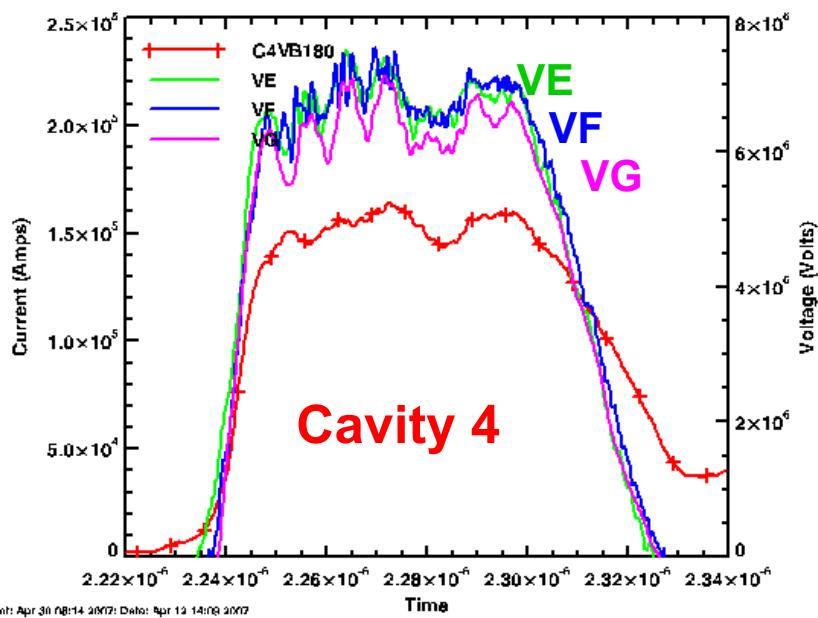
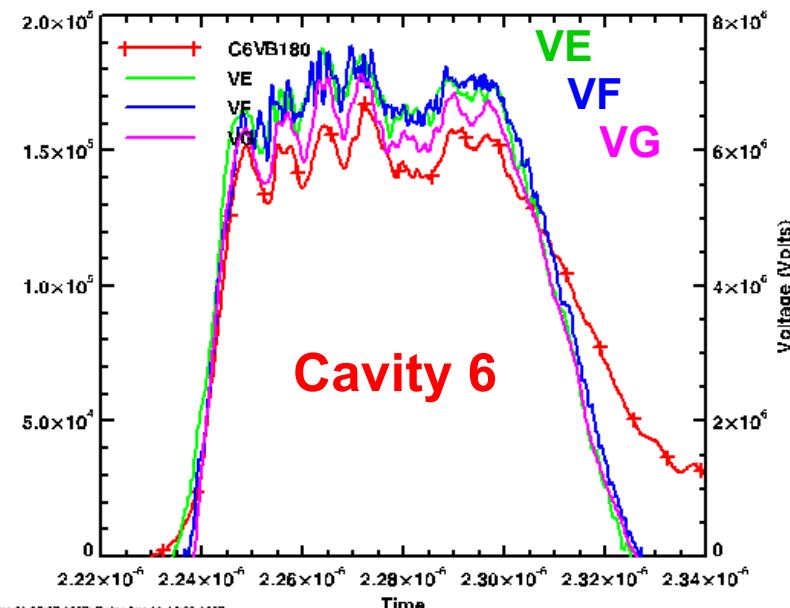
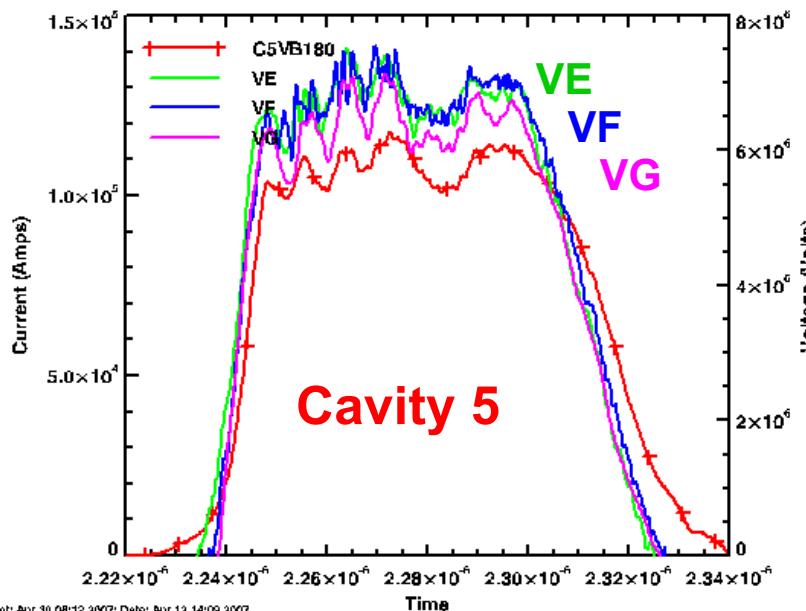
Small amplitude ~125 MHz oscillations appear on Cavity B-dots.

Oscillation amplitude increased between Cavities 5 and 6.

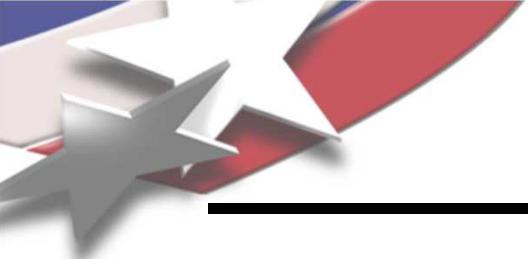
Detect smaller amplitude 125 MHz in Cavity 4.



Perhaps, an asymmetric MITL-cavity (single feed) coupling phenomenon, which gets worse after each stage....



*Currents for Voltage calc's filtered w/ 350 MHz
Cavity 6 software integrated, not filtered



Where we're at

- **This is still a work in progress!**
- **Appears that ~125 MHz oscillations originate in the MITL-cavity regions, upstream of the diode.**
 - **Amplitude of oscillations increases from cavity #4 to #6**
- **3-D LSP simulations show some initial agreement with formation of lower frequency oscillations (~50 MHz)**