

Paraxial Diode Shots on RITS-6

Radiography Workshop
@ NRL, Washington, D.C.
May 22-24, 2007

Kelly Hahn, Graham Cooper, John McLean, Bryan Oliver, Dale Welch, Nicki Bruner, Mark Johnston, Sal Portillo, Josh Leckbee, Isidro Moline, Steve Cordova, Ray Gignac, Frank Wilkins, Derek Ziska, Toby Romero

*Work performed under the U.S./U.K. contracts DE-AC52-06NA-25129/PALD 783 and DE-AC04-02AL-67817/PALD 760

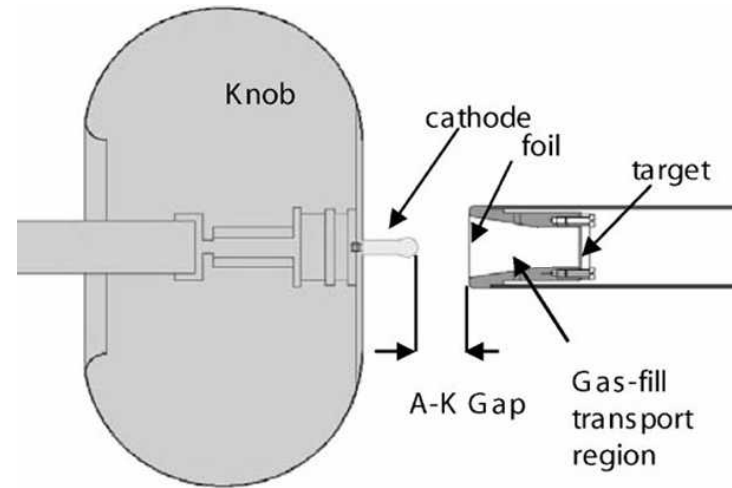
Sandia is a multiprogram laboratory operated by Sandia Corporation, a Lockheed Martin Company, for the United States Department of Energy's National Security Administration under Contract DE-AC04-94-AL85000.

The export of this material to the U.K. is covered under the 1958 U.S./U.K. Mutual Defense agreement.

Paraxials on RITS-6 from 2006 to present

Paraxial Diode fielded on RITS-6

- High-Z MITL @ ~9 MV
 - Dose
 - Spot
- Low-Z MITL @ ~7.5 MV
 - Dose
 - Spot



On-going quest

Determine and OVERCOME key limiting factors to achieving a small spot

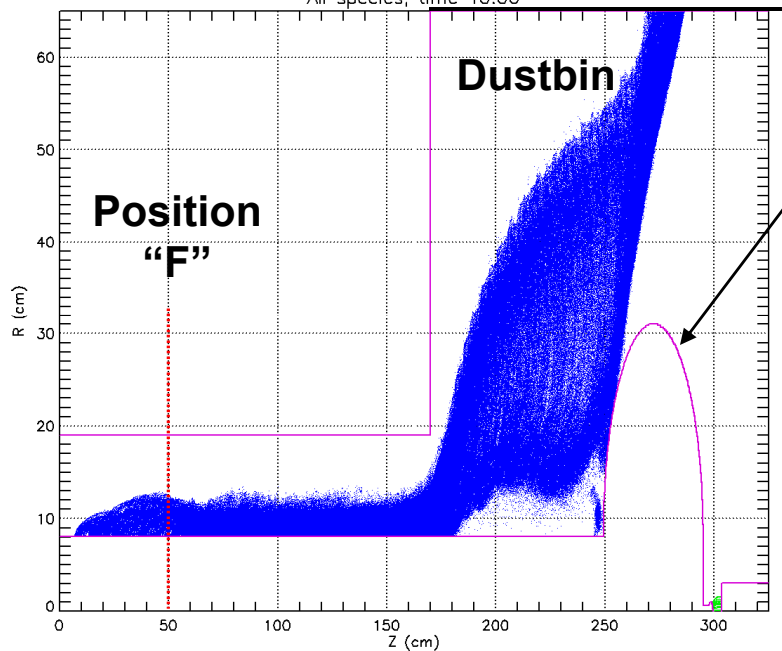
- Degree of beam sweep, emittance effects, etc.

New(er) Issues on RITS-6 Paraxial Shots:

- 125 MHz Oscillations
- Knob emission (>600 kV/cm)

No cone, paraxial 4cm AK, 2cm ball, 6cm anode, 8ns risetime: input.lsp - Tue Apr 17 07:51:31 2007

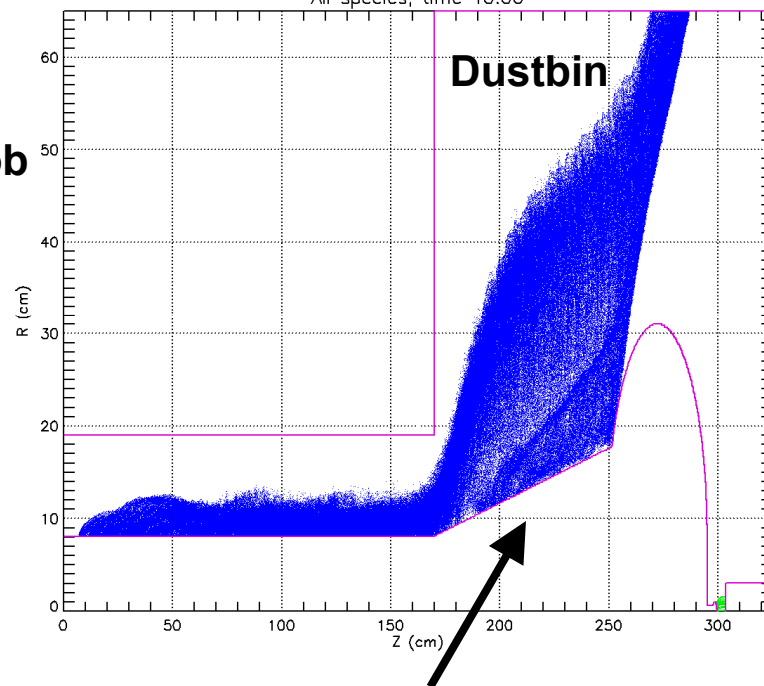
All species; time 40.00



no cone
Low-Z MITL RITS-6

paraxial 4cm AK, 2cm ball, 6cm anode, 8ns risetime: input.lsp - Tue Apr 17 07:51:57 2007

All species; time 40.00



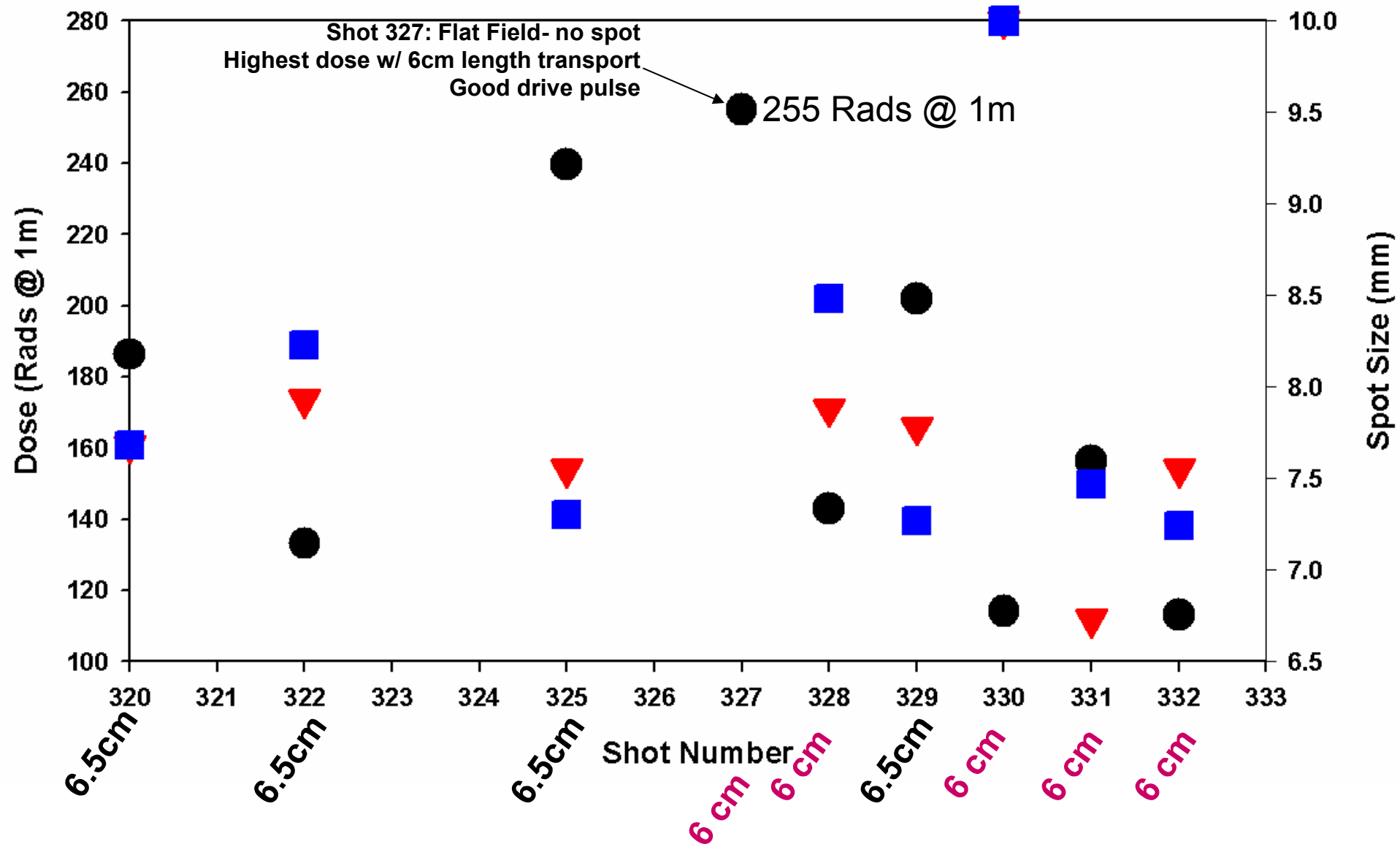
cone
Low-Z MITL RITS-6



Paraxial Diode Shots on Low-Z RITS-6

- **April 2007:** ~20 Paraxial Diode Shots on low-Z RITS-6
 - 7.5 MV peak, 70ns FWHM
 - Vary A-K, gas cell length
- **Main Observations:**
 - Eliminated emission from knob (~550 kV/cm)
 - **Max dose range: 200-255 Rads@1m**
 - **Min spot size range: 6.7-7.5 mm** (0-100% ESF)
 - **Observation of significant oscillations in radiation pulse**
 - 125 MHz frequency observed on various I-V monitors
 - diode, upstream MITL, AND Cavities #4 - #6 (strongest at #6)
 - Appears that ~125 MHz originates in MITL section between Cavities 4 and 6, i.e. we're driving 125 MHz into the dustbin where it is amplified
 - **Suspect foil ion turn-on late in time for smaller AK gaps (I~40kA+)**

Paraxial Diode Shots: Dose and Spot



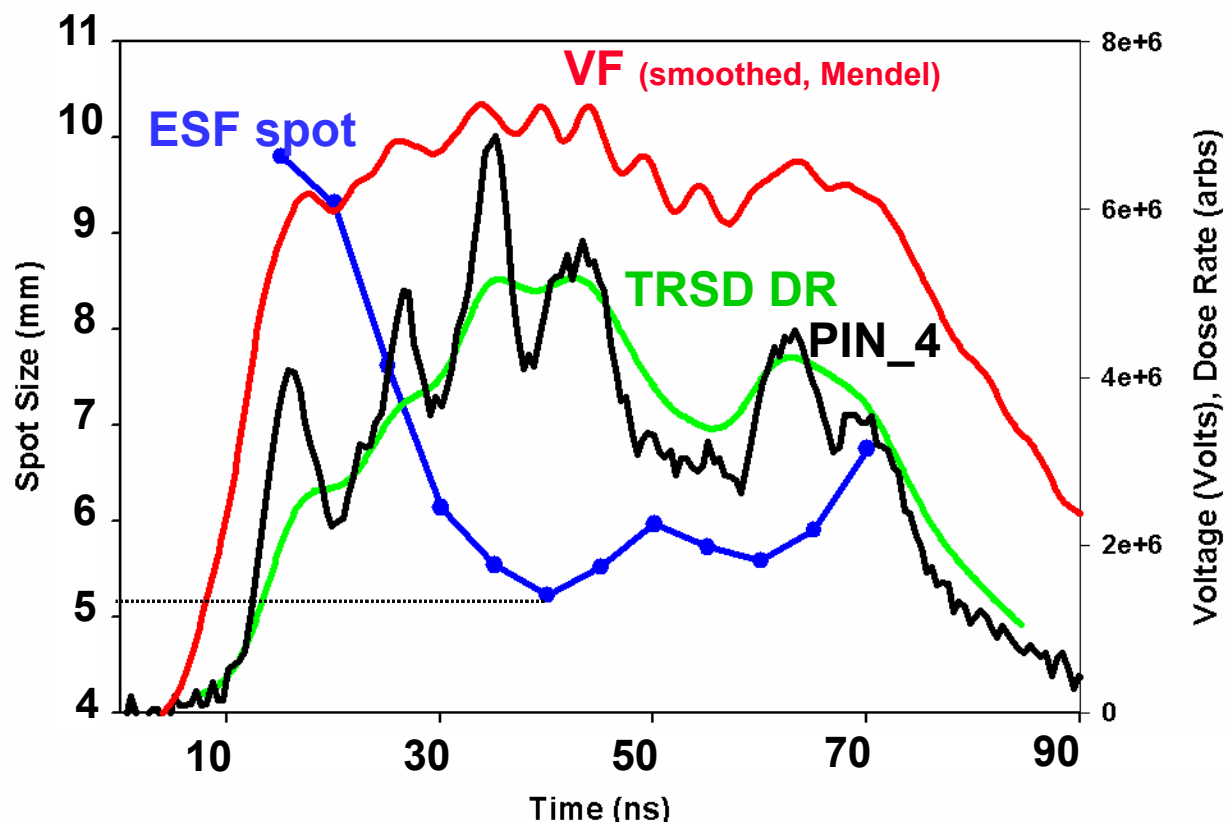
Paraxial Diode Shot 331: Beam Sweeping

Dose: 156 Rads @ 1m
(pulse power issue, lower voltage)

Achieved 255 Rads @ 1m with
same setup (flat field for TRSD- no
spot measurement)

Time-int Spot:
6.73 / 7.47 mm V/H edge
(0-100% AWE)

NOTE: TRSD cannot
temporally resolve 8ns
(125 MHz)



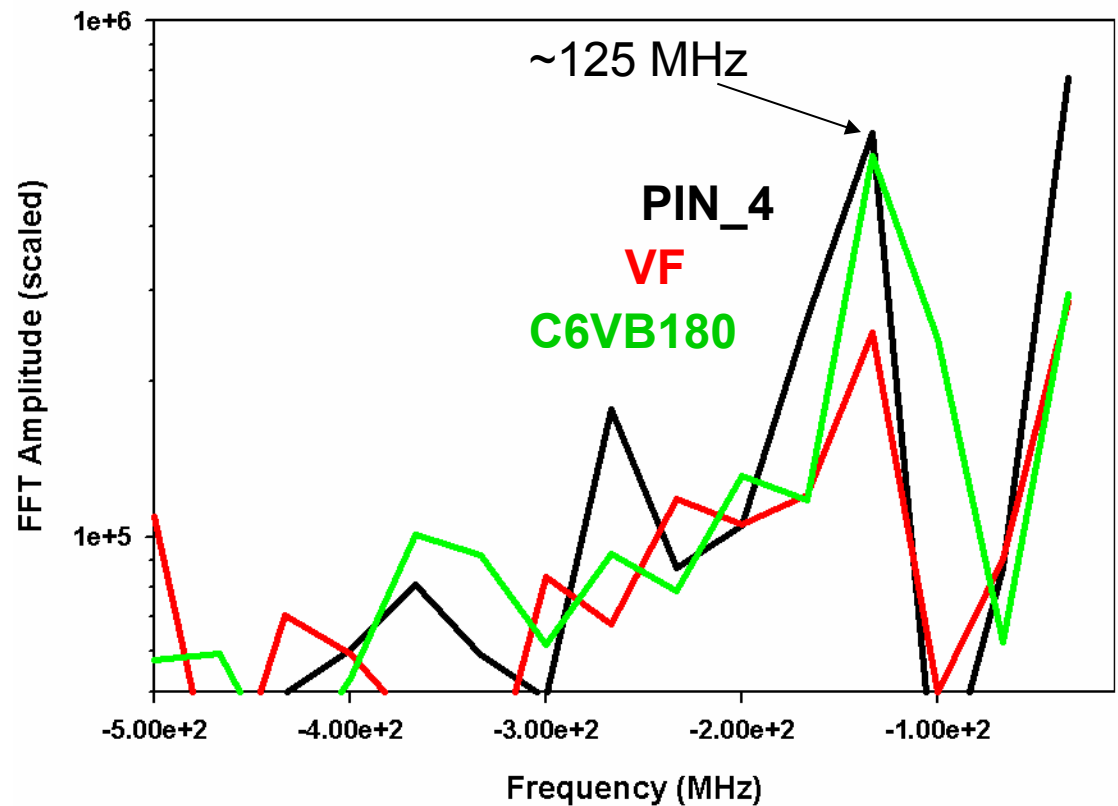
Beam sweeps through 5.2 mm minimum spot at peak of radiation pulse

Note ~125 MHz oscillations on radiation pulse

Paraxial Diode Shot 331: 125 MHz

Note: 125 MHz frequency is observed on B-dots and D-dots in diode, upstream MITL, and Cavity (#4-6) regions.

FFT's of Various Monitors





On-going work

- **Future work on low Z MITL:**
 - **Would like to fill in dataset with improved pulsed power (for dose)**
 - **Vary gas-cell lengths to distinguish beam sweep effects**
 - **Vac-cell shots**
- **Future work on high Z MITL**
 - **Based on performance on low-Z MITL, we believe we will be able to scale up to higher (10+MV) voltages**
 - **Assess beam sweep (vary gas cell length, pressure, AK, etc),**
 - **Characterize beam (emittance measurement, spectroscopy, time-resolved imaging)**
 - **Spectroscopy in gas cell**
 - **Plasma-filled paraxial diode**