

# Part I: Planning for a Security Risk Assessment

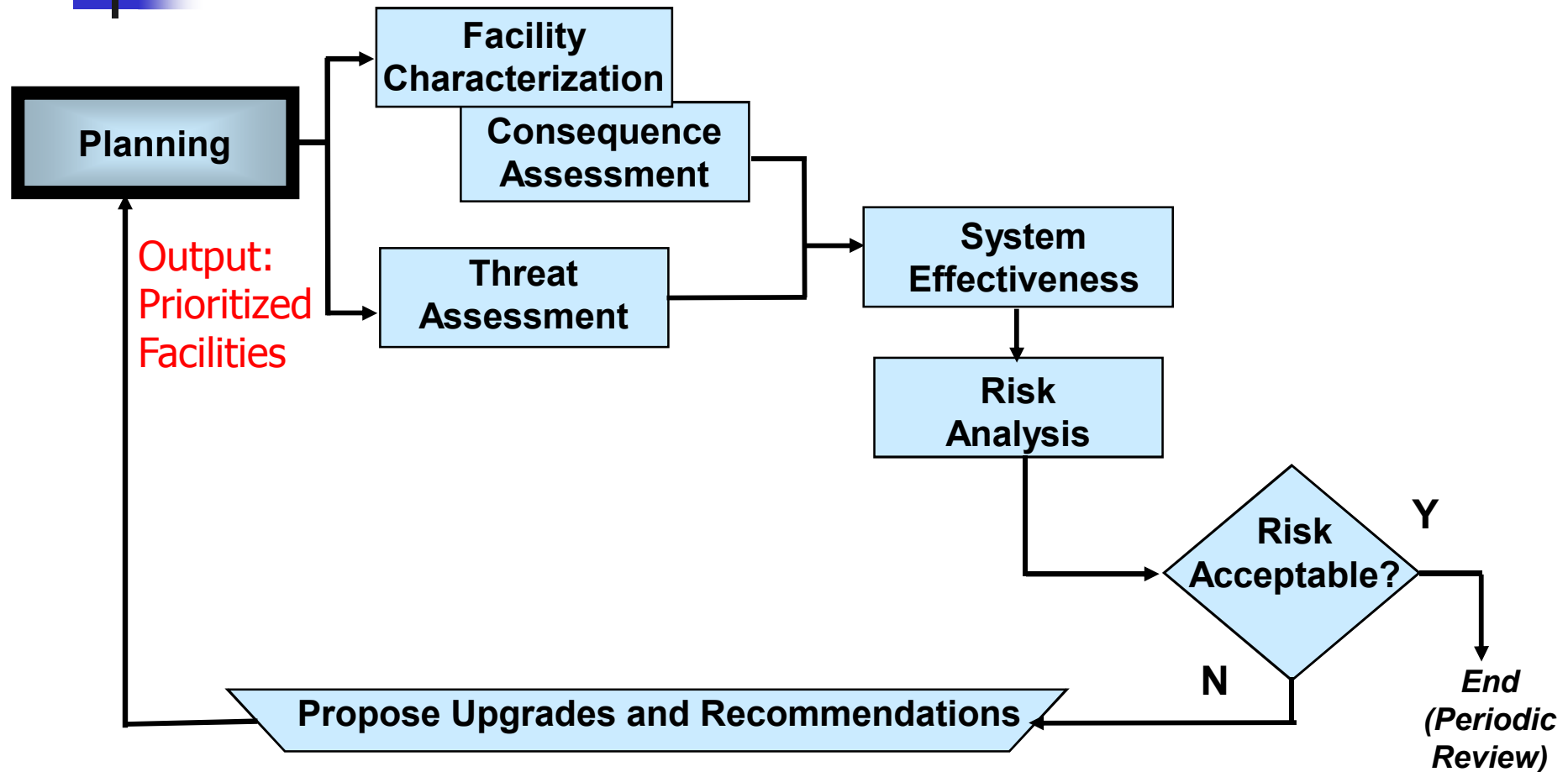


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## **Screening Process**

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# Risk Assessment Methodology for Communities (RAM-C)





# Module Objectives

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- Introduce screening process
  - Prioritize community facilities
- Apply screening process to select and prioritize facilities for further evaluation



# Community Screening

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- Selecting facilities of most concern, using a formal structured process
- Objective is to produce a prioritized list of facilities
- Recognize that higher priority facilities have higher consequence of loss

# Examples of Facilities that Might Exist in a Community

- Communications
- Power / Electric
- Gas / Oil
- Industry
- Water
- Banking / Financial
- Education
- Government
- Transportation
- Emergency
- Foreign Represented Governments
- Recreational Venues
- Special Classification





# Why Screen Facilities?

## Importance of Prioritization

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- Need to prioritize facilities essential to community's critical missions / functions
- Consideration of facilities needed to continue critical community operations
- Global view must be taken to cost-effectively spend the limited resources available
- Facilities prioritized based on importance to community
  - Criteria must be developed and used



# Who is Involved in the Screening Process?

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- Decision makers in the community working with emergency management, police, risk management, fire departments, civic leaders, financial leadership, chamber of commerce, others
- Process takes time and requires detailed information about the community
- Process requires difficult decisions
- *This is a demonstration of the process for this class*



# There are Many Approaches to Screening

- Most approaches are qualitative and subjective
- We have chosen to do screening by ranking the consequence severity levels because:
  - Forces immediate thinking about the worst things you don't want to have happen
  - Can define some very useful quantitative values
  - Allows for opinion and decisions but doesn't get into lots of detail
  - Can consider other factors as needed for more refinement later on



# Screening Process Steps

- Determine the consequence parameters
  - Based on undesired events
- Define levels for the consequence parameters
- Initially select a “best guess” group of facilities
  - Need to start with a manageable number of facilities
- Assign consequence level value (1, 2, 3 or 4) for each parameter for each selected facility
- Sum consequence level values for each facility
- Rank facilities in order beginning with highest sum



# Examples of Undesired Events

- Loss of human life
- Loss of critical facility
- Loss of revenue
- Loss of vital equipment
- Loss of vital capabilities
- Loss of critical mission
  - Loss of function / operation





# Examples of Consequence Parameters - A Starting Point

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- Number of people affected
- Critical mission / function
- Duration of loss
- Replacement value
- Business economic impact
- Environmental impact
- Public confidence
- Historical / cultural impact



# Consequence Levels for No. of People Affected

Level	Number of People Affected (killed or seriously injured)
1	Less than 10
2	11 - 100
3	101-1000
4	More than 1000



# Consequence Levels for Critical Mission / Function

Level	Loss of critical mission/function (e.g., loss of fire department or 911 services)
<b>1</b>	Loss of mission/function would have low level of impact – other facilities/functions not dependent on this facility
<b>2</b>	Loss of mission/function would have moderate impact – some other facilities/mission depend on this facility
<b>3</b>	Loss of mission/function would have high impact – other critical facilities/functions depend on this facility
<b>4</b>	Loss of mission/function would have severe impact – all critical facilities/functions depend on this facility



# Consequence Levels for Duration of Loss

<b>Level</b>	Duration of Loss of a Mission/ Function (e.g., loss of EOC)
<b>1</b>	Recovery time – hours to a day
<b>2</b>	Recovery time –days to weeks
<b>3</b>	Recovery time –months to years
<b>4</b>	Recovery time – several years



# Consequence Levels for Replacement Value

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<b>Level</b>	Replacement Value of Facility (self-insured?)
<b>1</b>	Less than \$100 thousand
<b>2</b>	\$100 thousand – 1 million
<b>3</b>	\$1 million - \$10 million
<b>4</b>	More than \$10 million



# Consequence Levels for Business Economic Impact

<b>Level</b>	Business Economic Impact (direct or indirect, e.g., affects tourism)
<b>1</b>	Less than \$10 million
<b>2</b>	\$10 million - \$100 million
<b>3</b>	\$100 million – 1 billion
<b>4</b>	More than \$1 billion



# Consequence Levels for Environmental Impact

Level	Environmental Impact (e.g., destruction of critical habitat)
<b>1</b>	Low
<b>2</b>	Moderate
<b>3</b>	High
<b>4</b>	Severe



# Consequence Levels for Public Confidence

Level	Public Confidence (behavior impact)
<b>1</b>	Fear and stress at local level
<b>2</b>	Fear and stress at regional level
<b>3</b>	Fear and stress at national level
<b>4</b>	Fear and stress at worldwide level



# Consequence Level for Historical / Cultural Impact

<b>Level</b>	Historical/Cultural impact (e.g., Statue of Liberty)
<b>1</b>	Low level or no historical or cultural impact
<b>2</b>	Moderate historical or cultural impact
<b>3</b>	High historical or cultural impact
<b>4</b>	Very high historical or cultural impact



# Prescreening of Facilities

- Utilize 2 or 3 of the consequence parameters, such as number of people and mission criticality, for the preliminary screening
  - Result is a manageable no. of facilities to be screened
- For example:
  - Facilities with greater than 300 people, and
  - Facilities providing functions that are immediately necessary and are not duplicated in the region



# Screening Matrix - Example

	No. of People	Critical Mission	Duration of Loss	Replace. Value	Econ. Impact	Environ. Impact	Public Confid.	Historical/Cultural Impact	Total
Facility A	3	1	2	3	2	3	1	2	17
Facility B	1	2	2	2	1	2	1	3	14
Facility C	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	2	11
Facility D	4	3	4	3	3	3	3	3	26
Facility E	3	1	3	3	2	3	1	3	19
Facility F	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	8
Facility G	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	32



# Exercise Workbook: Community Screening Exercise

- Break into teams
- Each team takes one of the selected facility
- Using the undesired events in slides 12 – 19, complete the community screening matrix
  - Use Worksheet 3.2
- Assign consequence levels (1, 2, 3 or 4) for each consequence parameter for your facility
- Complete a community screening matrix by rank ordering the facilities as a class



# Community Screening Matrix Exercise (Worksheet 3.2)

	No. of People	Critical Mission	Duration of Loss	Replace. Value	Econ. Impact	Environ. Impact	Public Confid.	Historical/ Cultural Impact	Total



# Things to Consider

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- This process doesn't assign weightings to the parameters, but could
- These are only screening factors - not final decision factors
- Document and justify reasons for ranking
- As we progress other facilities and parameters may emerge – this is OK
- This is the starting point not the final!



# Module Objectives

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- Introduced screening process
  - Prioritize community facilities
- Applied screening process to select and prioritize facilities for further evaluation
- Questions??

Part II:

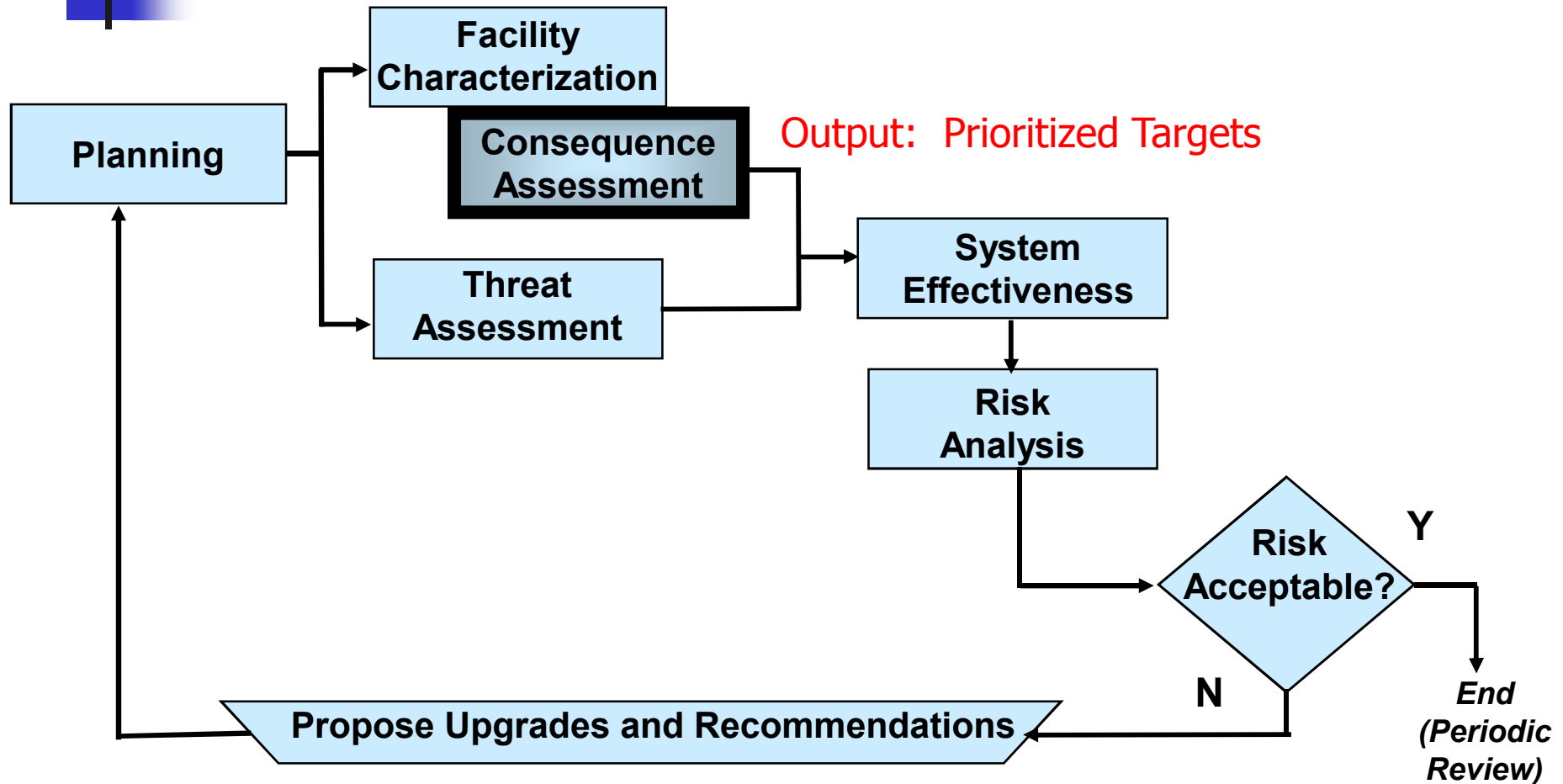
# Consequence Assessment



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## **Prioritizing Targets**

# Risk Assessment Methodology for Communities (RAM-C)





# Module Objectives

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- Identify consequence parameters
  - Define criteria on which to evaluate and prioritize targets
- Develop community-specific consequence matrix
- Determine consequence values
  - VH, H, M, L
- Prioritize critical assets (targets) based on consequence severity level
- Introduce concept of consequence mitigation



# Consequence

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- Determine severity of undesired event (e.g., power failure, loss of mission / function, loss of life)
- Can be qualitative or quantitative
- RAM-C will use qualitative and quantitative approach
- Consequence matrix is necessary in determination of consequences resulting from undesired events



# Process for Consequence Determination

- Develop community-specific consequence matrix (Worksheet 5.1)
  - Identify and list consequence parameters
    - Will present suggested standard parameters
  - Assign values to VH, H, M, L
    - Quantifiable criteria is preferable
    - Must use appropriate values that will help discriminate between assets
- Determine the priority order of assets
  - Worksheet 5.2



# Suggested Consequence Parameters

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- Loss of life or serious injury
- Loss of critical mission(s) / function(s)
- Duration of loss
- Economic impact
- Public confidence
- Other?



# Consequence Matrix: Considerations

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- Can minimize subjectivity with expert opinion, input from people intimately involved with facility, mission(s), and operations
- Can have multiple functions in one facility, some critical, others not (treat separately)
- Some functions have no redundancy
- Mission is critical
- Domino effect on other systems
- Policy makers must agree on values



# Assign Values to VH, H, M, L

- Quantifiable criteria is preferable
- Use expert opinion, professional judgment, and existing data / information
  - Use appropriate resources: financial department, HR, etc.
- Assign a quantitative or qualitative value to each level
  - For example, M = > 10 days to 1 month loss of service, L = < 5 lives lost, VH = >\$10B, M = moderate impact



# Example of a Community-Specific Consequence Matrix

		Consequence Severity Levels			
		Low	Medium	High	Very High
Consequence Parameters	<b>Loss of Life or Serious Injury (Number of People)</b>	0 - 10	11 - 100	101 - 1000	>1000
	<b>Loss of Critical Mission / Function* (Impact)</b>	Low level of impact (other facilities not dependent)	Moderate impact (some facilities dependent)	High impact (other critical facilities dependent)	Severe impact (all critical facilities dependent)
	<b>Duration of Loss (Lack of Redundancy) (Time)</b>	Brief recovery time (hours to days)	Moderate recovery time (days to weeks)	Long recovery time (months to years)	Extremely long recovery time (years)
	<b>Economic Impact (\$)</b>	< \$10M	\$10M - \$100M	\$100M to \$1B	> \$1B
	<b>Public Confidence (Behavior Impact)</b>	Fear, stress cause local change of behavior	Fear, stress cause regional change of behavior	Fear, stress cause nationwide change of behavior	Fear, stress cause nationwide change of behavior

\*Applied to community as a whole



# Exercise Workbook: Develop a Consequence Matrix

- Break into teams
- Review the example community-specific consequence matrix
  - Review the consequence parameter definitions
- Complete Worksheet 5.1 for your community
  - Matrix must be developed such that it is applicable to the entire community
- We will combine results from each team to finalize the community-specific consequence matrix for the remainder of the course

# Community Consequence Matrix Exercise (Worksheet 5.1)



		Consequence Severity Levels			
		Low	Medium	High	Very High
Consequence Parameters	<b>Loss of Life or Serious Injury (Number of People)</b>				
	<b>Loss of Critical Mission / Function* (Impact)</b>	Low level of impact (other facilities not dependent)	Moderate impact (some facilities dependent)	High impact (other critical facilities dependent)	Severe impact (all critical facilities dependent)
	<b>Duration of Loss (Lack of Redundancy) (Time)</b>	Brief recovery time (hours to days)	Moderate recovery time (days to weeks)	Long recovery time (months to years)	Extremely long recovery time (years)
	<b>Economic Impact (\$)</b>				
	<b>Public Confidence (Behavior Impact)</b>	Fear, stress cause local change of behavior	Fear, stress cause regional change of behavior	Fear, stress cause nationwide change of behavior	Fear, stress cause nationwide change of behavior



# Next Steps – Prioritizing Targets

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- Review the targets list you generated in Module 4 (Worksheet 4.1)
- Review the community-specific consequence matrix you just completed (Worksheet 5.1)
- Combine the information on these two worksheets to develop a prioritized ranking of the targets
  - Use Worksheet 5.2
- Note that the consequence matrix is for the entire community but the targets are for a specific facility – this results in common rankings within the community



# VH, H, M, L Instructions

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- The ranking of the assets depends on the severity of loss
- Determine consequence for each asset based on each consequence parameter
- Start with the first asset and work across the row, determining the consequence severity level for each parameter
  - Then determine an overall consequence value



# Example: Prioritized Targets for a Facility

		Consequence Parameters and Severity Levels					Overall Consequence Value
		Loss of Life or Serious Injury	Loss of Critical Mission	Duration of Loss	Economic Impact	Public Confidence	
Assets / Targets	People	H	H	H	M	H	H
	Computers (Property)	L	L	L	L	L	L
	Transformer	L	M	M	L	L	M
	Records	L	H	H	H	L	H



# Exercise Workbook: Prioritized Targets

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- Break into teams
- Use the community-specific consequence matrix
  - Worksheet 5.1
- Evaluate the loss / damage / destruction of each asset (target) for each consequence parameter
  - Worksheet 5.2
- After evaluating each consequence parameter, determine an overall consequence value



# How to Reduce Consequences?

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- Consequence Mitigation - likely choice for communities
  - Can improve reliability as well as decrease security risk
  - Emergency response plans
- May have higher initial costs, but lower life-cycle costs than physical security upgrades
- Should be developed and evaluated for every unacceptable risk

# Best Business Practices for Mitigating Consequences



- Develop and implement policies and procedures
- Security training
  - General employee population
  - Key personnel
- Spares
  - Located off-site in a protected location
  - Located “in-place” but protected
  - Shared between facilities
  - Meet minimum (emergency) requirements



# Best Business Practices *(cont'd)*

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- Back-up systems
  - Alternate energy sources
  - Agreements with local energy providers
  - Mobile systems
- Redundancy
  - Multiple paths
  - Multiple sources

# Consequence Assessment Summary



- Develop consequence parameters
- Develop a community-specific consequence matrix
  - Developed values for VH, H, M, L
- Determine asset consequence severity levels and prioritize targets
- Consequence is difficult to quantify
- A community-specific consequence matrix is a necessary tool in determining community priorities
- Consider consequence mitigation for reducing consequence levels



# Module Objectives

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- Identify consequence parameters
  - Define criteria on which to evaluate and prioritize targets
- Develop community-specific consequence matrix
- Determine consequence values
  - VH, H, M, L
- Prioritize critical assets (targets) based on consequence severity level
- Introduce concept of consequence mitigation
- Questions??