

Linking INPAG-N to GoldSim

June 2007

Patrick Mattie
Don Kalinich

Sandia National Laboratories

Email: pdmatti@sandia.gov or dakalin@sandia.gov



Sandia is a multiprogram laboratory operated by Sandia Corporation, a Lockheed Martin Company, for the United States Department of Energy under contract DE-AC04-94AL85000.





Overview

- **Introduction**
 - Requirements
 - Functional Design
 - Specifications
- **Launch_INPEG DLL**
- **GoldSim model file that runs multiple realizations of INPEG-N**



Requirements

Link INPAG-N with GoldSim

1. Code must interface with GoldSim

GoldSim requirements:

- ✓ code compiled as a DLL
 - ✓ code written in C, C++, or FORTRAN
2. Code must run INPAG-N model
 - ✓ Launch the EXE
 - ✓ Iterate over multiple input files
 - ✓ Save output

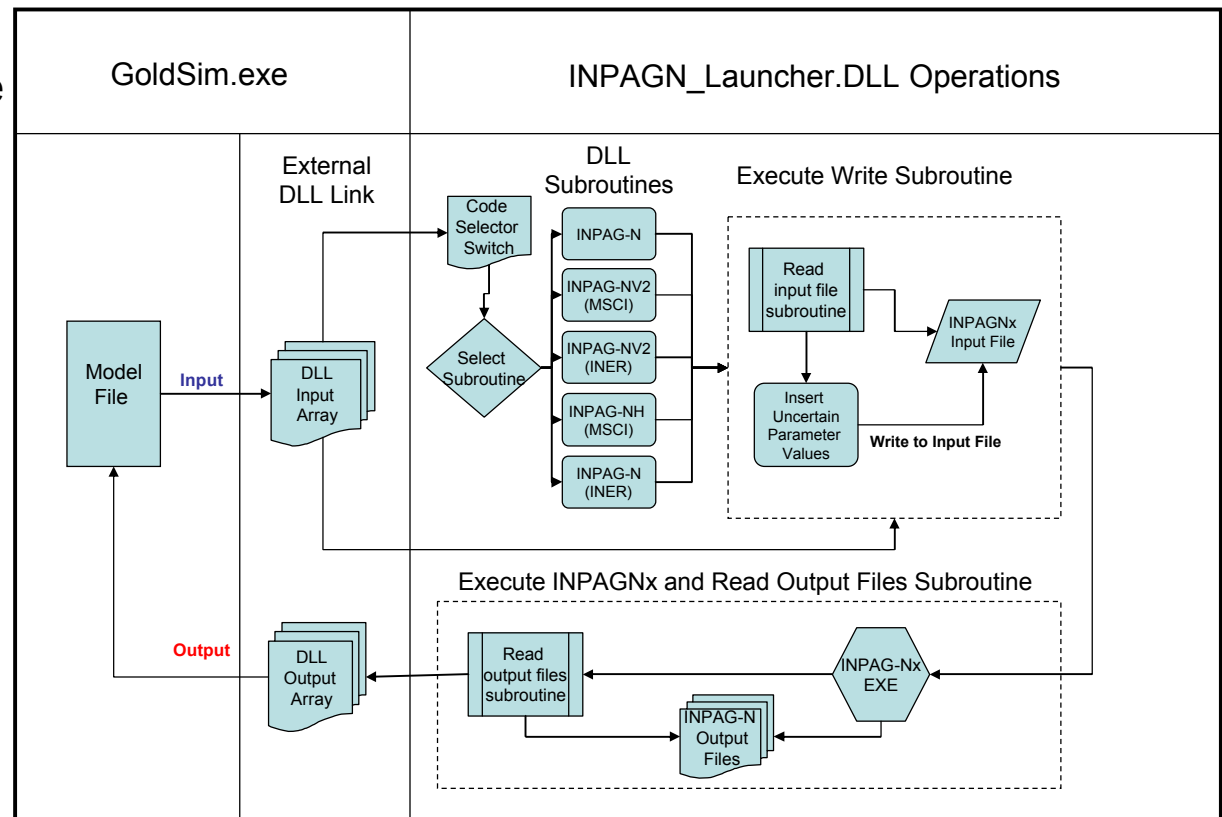
Functional Design

Need three parts:

1. GoldSim model file
2. DLL
3. INPAGN.EXE

Operations:

1. Input data is passed from the model file to the DLL
2. DLL Writes Input File
3. DLL Launches the EXE
4. DLL reads Output files and the data is loaded into an array read by the model file
5. GoldSim Saves Output





Specifications

- GoldSim is a probabilistic code the DLL was designed to be executed over multiple realizations
- DLL coded to accept the input data required for five versions of INPAG-N
- DLL able to write five different input file formats for INPAG-N
- DLL able to read five different output file types for INAPG-N



GoldSim External Functions – ***Linking a Model File to a DLL***



Understanding External DLL's

Refer to GoldSim User's Guide – Appendix C: *Understanding External (DLL) Elements* (GTG, 2006)

- **The external functions are bound to the GoldSim executable code at run time using DLL technology.**
- **The function name and argument list (set of input and output data for the function) are specified in the GoldSim model file using an *External Element* function.**
- **Data are passed from GoldSim to the external function and back again via arrays of double precision floating point arguments.**



External Function Format

- **GoldSim calls the DLL in a defined sequence**
 - **Method = 0 [XF_INITIALISE]**
 - Initialize DLL (Load into Memory)
 - **Method = 2 [XF_REP_VERSION]**
 - DLL Reports DLL Version
 - **Method = 3 [XF_REP_ARGUMENTS]**
 - DLL reports # of input arguments expected
 - DLL reports # of output argument expected
 - **Method = 1 [XF_CALCULATION]**
 - In() array arguments are loaded
 - Begin DLL Calculation
 - Pass out() array argument to GoldSim
 - **Method = 99 [XF_CLEANUP]**
 - Deallocate Arrays
 - Close DLL and Release from Memory



Launch_INPAG DLL



Launch_INPAGN DLL

- **Source Code Written in Fortran 90**
- **Compiled using “Digital Visual Fortran” from Intel, as recommended in the GoldSim User Manual (Appendix C, p. 556)**
- **Source code could be translated and compiled in C or C++**
- **Code was developed in a modular format, using subroutines to read and write the INPAG-N input blocks**



Launch_INPAGN DLL Logic

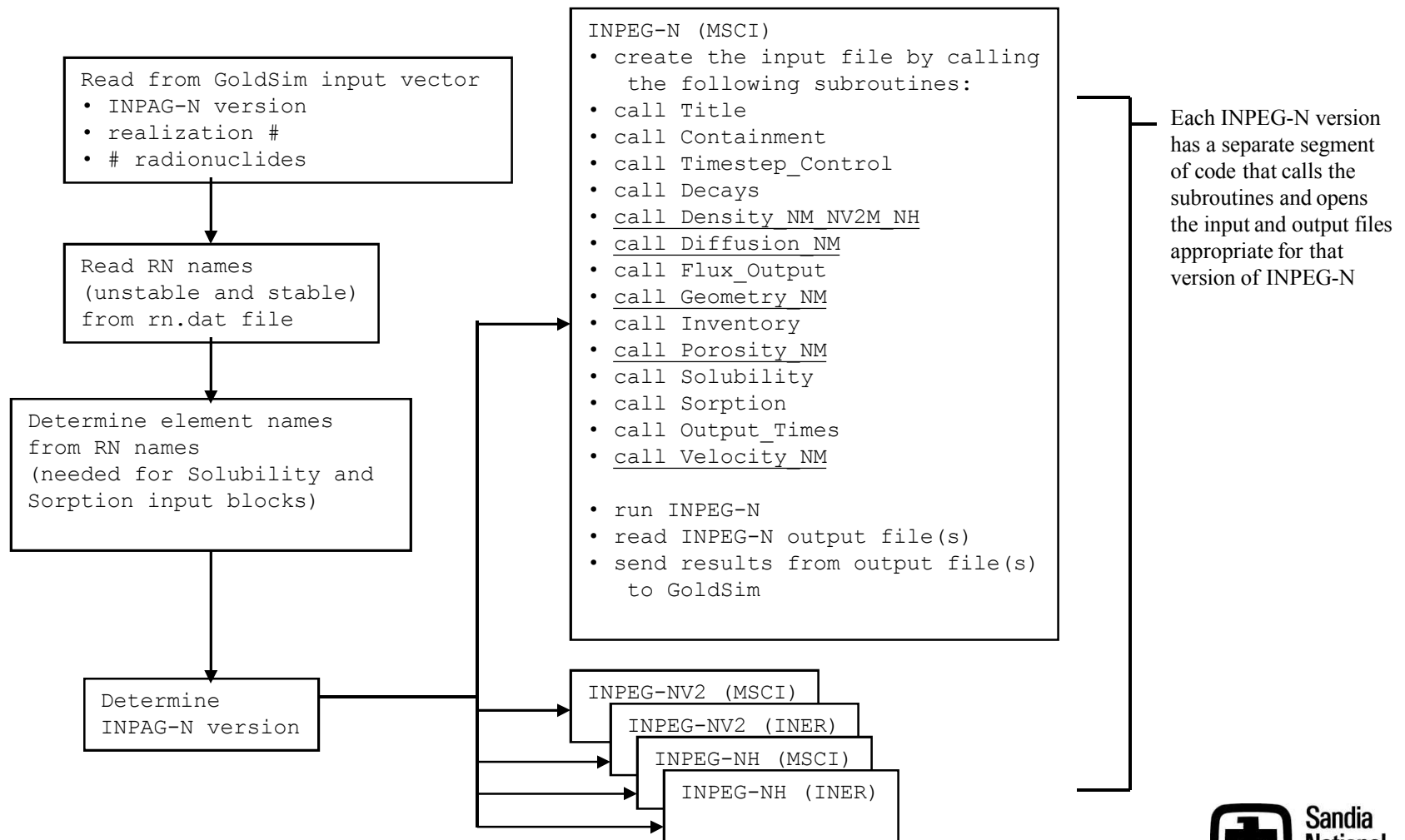
- **Method = 0**
 - Code Initializes
- **Method = 2**
 - Report Version = 3.0
- **Method = 3**
 - # inputs arguments = $(57+(7*nrni))$
 - Number of radionuclides read from RN.DAT file (nrni)
 - 7 inputs arguments are vectors by # of RN's
 - 57 input arguments are single values
 - # output arguments = $(nrni*200*3)+200$
 - 200 maximum output times in INPAG-N
 - 3 output files maximum for INPAG-N
- **Method = 1**
 - Calculation (details in following slides)
- **Method =99**
 - Deallocate Arrays
 - Close Files



Launch_INPAGN DLL Calculation Logic

- **Method = 1 Calculation:**
 - **Determine which version of INPAG-N is to be run**
 - based on flag value passed from GoldSim
 - **Read input**
 - RN names from the rn.dat file
 - constants and stochastics from the GoldSim input vector
 - **Write the INPAG-N input to an input data file**
 - **Run INPAG-N using the input data file**
 - **Read INPAG-N results from its output file(s) and pass them into GoldSim**

DLL Logic Flowchart





INPEG-N Input Blocks

- INPEG-N input is read in the following order:
 - Containment
 - Timestep_Control
 - Decays
 - Density
 - Diffusion
 - Flux Output
 - Geometry
 - Inventory
 - Porosity
 - Solubility
 - Output_Times
 - Velocity
- Blocks are read from the input vector and written to the input file by subroutines
- Underlined blocks have different inputs for different INPEG-N versions
- Separate subroutines have been written to handle the different input for different INPEG-N versions



Input to DLL from GoldSim

- **Control parameters**
 - INPAG-N version to run
 - realization number
 - number of radionuclides in model problem
- **Input for INPAG-N modules**
 - some modules (e.g., DECAY) have the same input for all INPAG-N versions
 - other modules (e.g., GEOMETRY) have different inputs for different INPAG-N versions
- **GoldSim input vector is sized to account for all potential INPAG-N inputs**
 - 58 scalar inputs
 - 7 radionuclide vector inputs

Example of DLL Input Vector

```

! Description of DLL input vector
!
! index          parameter
! 1      -- INPAG-N selector
! 2      -- realization
! 3      -- # of radionuclides (nRN)
!-CONTAINMENT-----
! 4      -- FAIL-TIME
! 5      -- INV-START-TIME
! 6      -- ALTER-TIME
!-TIMESTEP-CONTROL-----
! 7      -- TOLERANCE
! 8      -- MIN-TIMESTEP
!-DECAYS-----
! 9      -- DECAYS (1)
! 8+nRN  -- DECAYS (nRN)
!-DENSITY-----
! 9+nRN  -- CANISTER
! 10+nRN -- BENTONITE
! 11+nRN -- ROCK
! 12+nRN -- EDZ
! 13+nRN -- TUNNEL
!-DIFFUSION-----
! 14+nRN -- CANISTER
! 15+nRN -- BENTONITE
! 16+nRN -- EDZ
! 17+nRN -- ROCK-FRACTURE
! 18+nRN -- ROCK-MATRIX
! 19+nRN -- TUNNEL

```

		INPAG-N version				
		N (M)	NV2 (M)	NV2 (I)	NH (M)	NH (I)
1	-- INPAG-N selector	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
2	-- realization	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
3	-- # of radionuclides (nRN)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y

4	-- FAIL-TIME	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
5	-- INV-START-TIME	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
6	-- ALTER-TIME	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y

7	-- TOLERANCE	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
8	-- MIN-TIMESTEP	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y

9	-- DECAYS (1)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
8+nRN	-- DECAYS (nRN)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y

9+nRN	-- CANISTER	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
10+nRN	-- BENTONITE	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
11+nRN	-- ROCK	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
12+nRN	-- EDZ	NO	NO	Y	NO	NO
13+nRN	-- TUNNEL	NO	NO	Y	NO	NO

14+nRN	-- CANISTER	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
15+nRN	-- BENTONITE	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
16+nRN	-- EDZ	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
17+nRN	-- ROCK-FRACTURE	NO	Y	Y	Y	Y
18+nRN	-- ROCK-MATRIX	NO	Y	Y	Y	Y
19+nRN	-- TUNNEL	NO	Y	Y	NO	NO

Example DLL Input Vector

parameter	input	i =
INPEG-N selector	1	1
Realization #	1	2
# of radionuclides	4	3
FAIL-TIME		4
INV-START-TIME		5
ALTER-TIME		6
TOLERANCE		7
MIN-TIMESTEP		8
DECAY(1)		9
DECAY(2)		10
DECAY(3)		11
DECAY(4)		12
CANISTER		13
BENONITE		14
ROCK		15
EDZ	0	16
TUNNEL	0	17
CANISTER		18
BENONITE		19
EDZ		20
ROCK-FRACTURE	0	21
ROCK-MATRIX	0	22
TUNNEL	0	23

Containment

Timestep-Control

Decay

Density

Diffusion

INPEG-N (MSCI)

four radionuclides in this example;
therefore the DECAY subroutine
reads in four values

a value of 0 is put in the
input vector for inputs
that do not exist in a
given INPEG-N version

inputs 16 and 17 are skipped by
Density_NM_NV2M_NH subroutine;
counter is incremented to i=18

inputs 21, 22, and 23 are
skipped by
Diffusion_NM
subroutine; counter is
incremented to i=24

rn.dat Input

- rn.dat file contains

- # of radionuclides
- # of stable radionuclides
- parent daughter

sample rn.dat file

stable RNs

40
6
C-14
Cl-36
Ni-59
Ni-63
Se-79
Sr-90
Zr-93
Nb-94
Tc-99
Pd-107
Sn-126
I-129
Cs-135
Cs-137
Sm-151
Pu-240
U-236
...
...
Se-79S
Zr-93S
Nb-94S
Pd-107S
Sn-126S
Ni-59S
U-236
Th-232



INPAG-N INPUT Files

- **INPAG-N (MSCI)**
 - `inpag_n.dat`
- **INPAG-NV2 (MSCI)**
 - `inpag_nv2.dat`
- **INPAG-NV2 (INER)**
 - `inpag_nv2i.dv2`
- **INPAG-NH (MSCI)**
 - `inpag_nhm.dat`
- **INPAG-NH (INER)**
 - `inpag_nhi.dh1`



INPAG-N Output Files

- **INPAG-N (MSCI)**
 - basenf.flx
 - RN release rates
- **INPAG-NV2 (MSCI)**
 - inpag_nv2.flx
 - RN release rates (total, tunnel, rock)
- **INPAG-NV2 (INER)**
 - inpag_nv2i.fxn
 - RN release rates (Total)
 - inpag_nv2iN.fxn
 - RN release rates (Tunnel)
 - inpag_nv2iR.fxn
 - RN release rates (Rock)



INPAG-N Output Files

- **INPAG-NH (MSCI)**
 - **inpag_nhm.flx**
 - RN release rates (total, fracture, rock)
- **INPAG-NH (INER)**
 - **inpag_nhi.fxn**
 - RN release rates (Total)
 - **inpag_nhiF.fxn**
 - RN release rates (Fracture)
 - **inpag_nhiR.fxn**
 - RN release rates (Rock)



INPAG-N Output Files

- **Separate subroutines used to read INPAG-N output files(s)**
- **Output passed back into GoldSim as a 2-D table(s) of RN release rate (mol/yr) vs. time**



Algorithm for Reading Output Times

- Used for reading Monitor Scientific versions of INPAG-N, INPAG-NV and INPAG-NH:

If # intervals = 0 then

**# time steps =
(log(end_time) – log(start_time)) * # per decade**

else

**# time steps =
(end_time – start_time)/(# intervals) + 1**

INER Algorithm for added TS

- Used for reading INER versions of INPAG-NV & INPAG-NH:

```
• !*****
•
• subroutine INER_ADD_TS
•
•       write (99,*) '***** INER_ADD_TS SUBROUTINE *****'
•
• ! calculate number of timesteps in INER Modified Code Output files
•   if(interval.eq.0) then
•
•       nb_timesteps = (( LOG10(end_time) - LOG10(start_time)) * no_per_decade)
•       write (99,*) 'NO_PER_DECADE: nb_timesteps= ', nb_timesteps
•
• ! ADDED BY DR.JU TO INCREASE OUTPUT
•       IF (start_time.GE.999999.9) THEN
•           KSTEP=(no_per_decade*6)
•       ELSEIF (start_time.GE.99999.9) THEN
•           KSTEP=(no_per_decade*5)
•       ELSEIF (start_time.GE.9999.9) THEN
•           KSTEP=(no_per_decade*4)
•       ELSEIF (start_time.GE.999.9) THEN
•           KSTEP=(no_per_decade*3)
•       ELSEIF (start_time.GE.99.9) THEN
•           KSTEP=(no_per_decade*2)
•       ELSEIF (start_time.GE.9.9) THEN
•           KSTEP=no_per_decade
•       ELSE
•           KSTEP=0
•       ENDIF
•       write (99,*) 'NO_PER_DECADE: KSTEP(', KSTEP,') + (',nb_timesteps,') nb_timesteps = nb_timesteps(adjusted)'
•       nb_timesteps= nb_timesteps+KSTEP
•
•   else
•
•       nb_timesteps = (((end_time - start_time)/interval))+1
•       write (99,*) 'INTERVAL: nb_timesteps= ', nb_timesteps
•
•   endif
•
•       write (99,*) 'nb_timesteps (adjusted)= ', nb_timesteps
•
• end subroutine INER_ADD_TS
```



Array Deallocation and File Closure

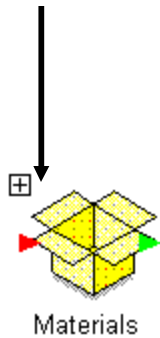
- **Once the program has completed its calculations**
 - **all allocated arrays are deallocated**
 - **input and output files are closed**
- **If arrays are not deallocated, the associated memory becomes inaccessible. Over multiple realizations (i.e., multiple executions of the DLL) enough memory can be “lost” such that it impacts execution of the DLL, GoldSim, or other programs.**
- **Ensuring all files are closed prevents possible errors when attempting to reopen the files**



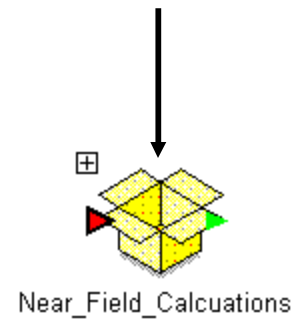
GoldSim Model File That Runs INPAG-N

“Root” Container

Radionuclide definition



INPEG-N calculation elements



Materials Container

Declaration of radionuclides

Master Species Properties : Species (Result Mode)

Definition

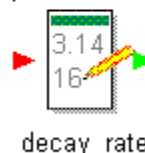
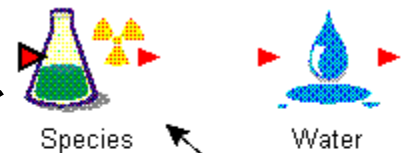
Element ID:

Description:

Specify Decay using: Number of Species: 4

Species List:

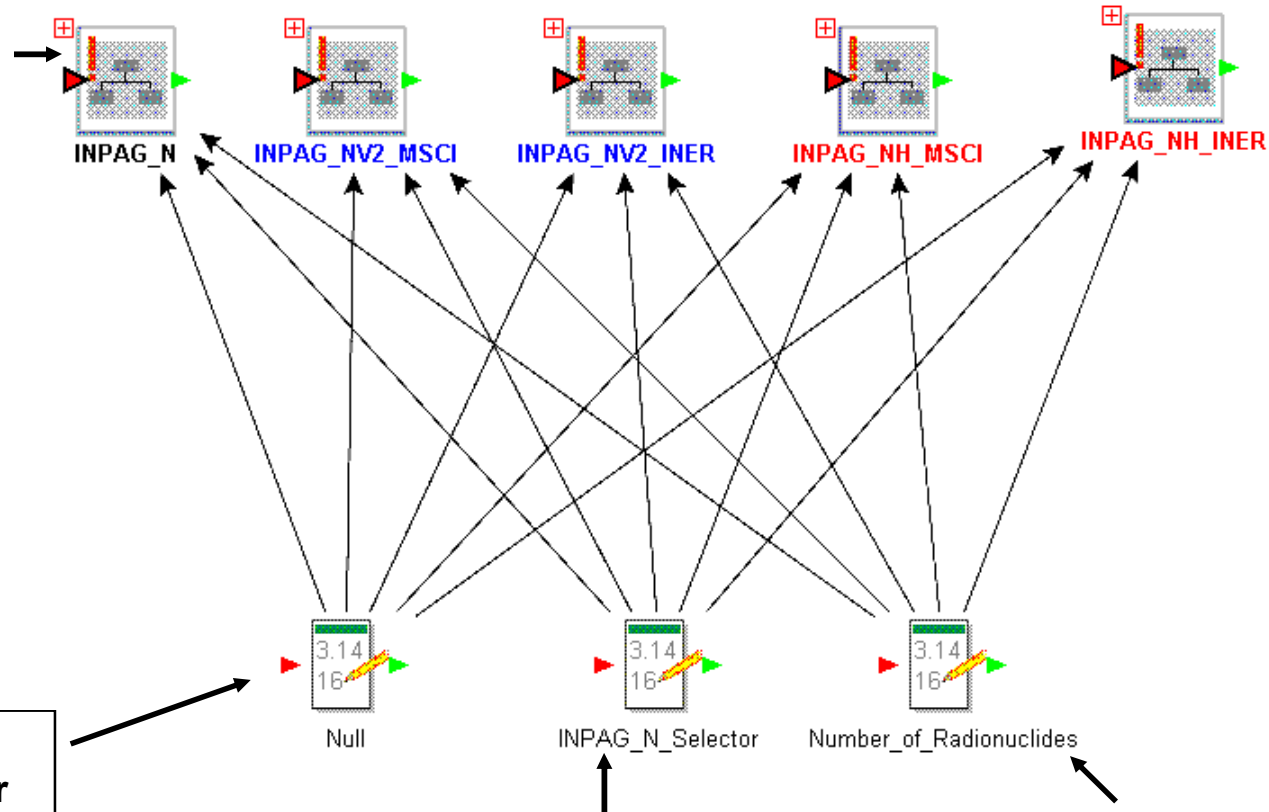
#	ID	Weight	Decay Rate	I	R	Daughter1
1	Np237	237 g/mol	0.69315/decay_r	☒	☒	
2	Tc99	99 g/mol	0.69315/decay_r	☒	☒	
3	Cs135	135 g/mol	0.69315/decay_r	☒	☒	
4	I129	129 g/mol	0.69315/decay_r	☒	☒	



Radionuclide decay rates

Near_Field_Calculations Container

Containers
for individual
INPAG
versions

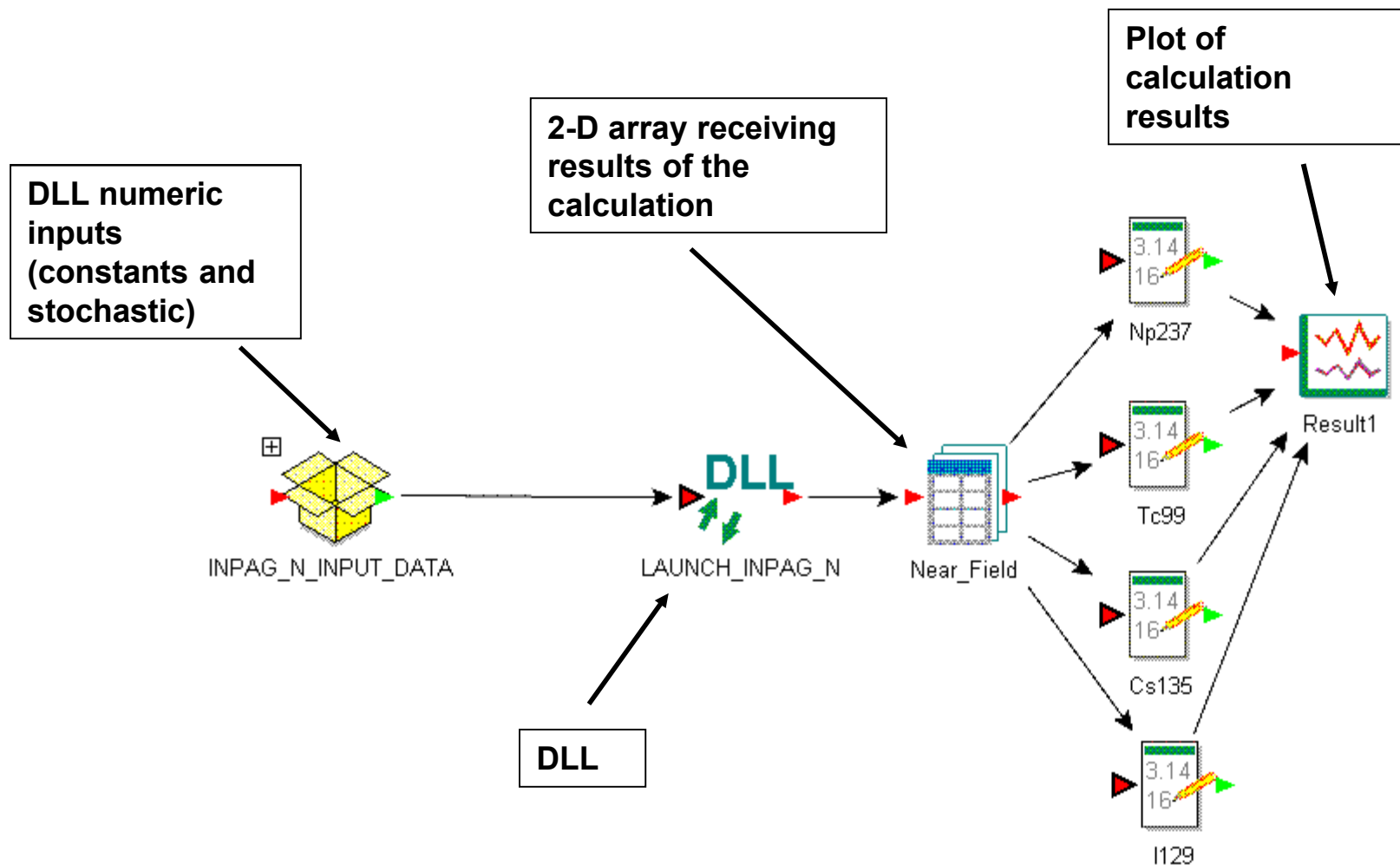


Null value (0)
placeholder for
non-existent
input

INPAG-N flag
=1; INPAG-N (MSCI)
=2; INPAG-NV2 (MSCI)
=3; INPAG-NV2 (INER)
=4; INPAG-NH (MSCI)
=5; INPAG-NH (INER)

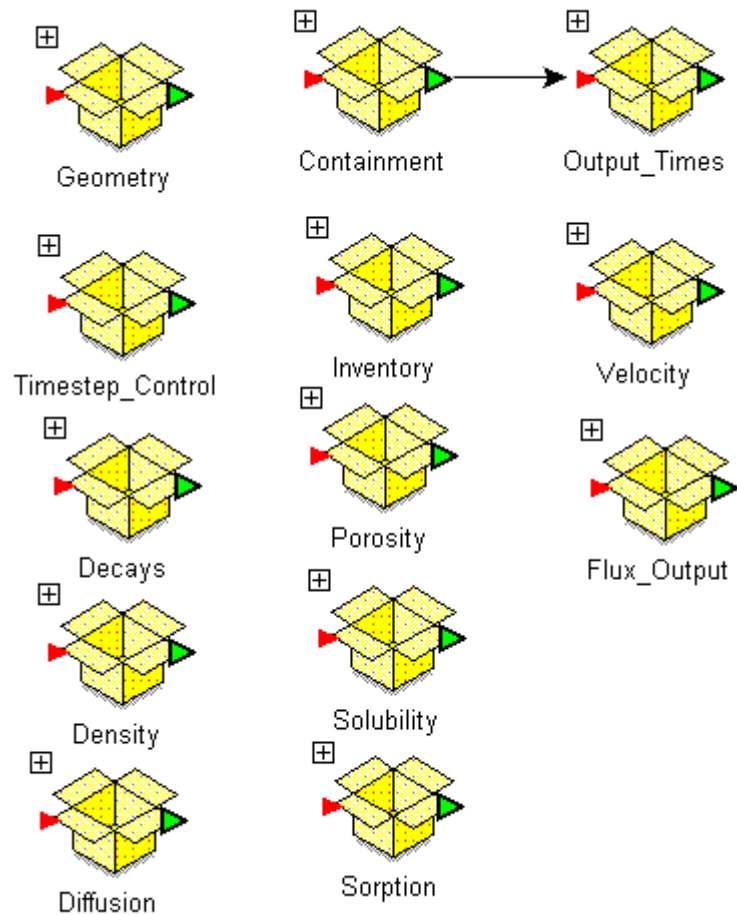
**Number of
radionuclides**

INPAG_N Container



INPAG_N_Input_Data Container

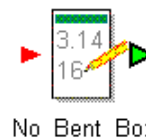
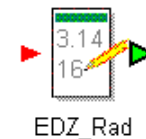
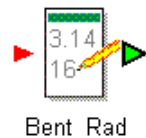
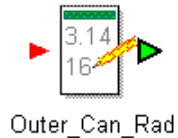
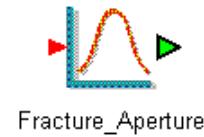
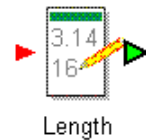
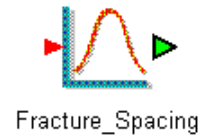
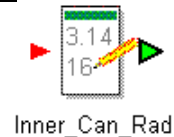
Input for each
block is in a
separate
container



Geometry Container

Geometry block inputs

Constant inputs



Stochastic inputs

Note that input types (constant or stochastic) can be changed by deleting the element and replacing it with an element of the other type but with the same name

DLL Element

External Properties : LAUNCH_INPAG_N (Result Mode)

Definition

Element ID:

Description:

Definition

DLL:

☐ Lock onto this file ☒ Run in separate process

Function:

65 Inputs

1 Outputs

Save Results ☐ Final Values

65 inputs
58 scalar inputs
7 vector inputs
(by # of RN)

Add/Remove Inputs

Input	Type	Outgoing Uni
Inner_Can_Rad	Value (m)	m
Outer_Can_Rad	Value (m)	m
Bent_Rad	Value (m)	m
EDZ_Rad	Value (m)	m
Length	Value (m)	m
Null	Value (dimensionless)	
Null	Value (dimensionless)	
Fracture_Spacing	Value (m)	m
Fracture_Aperture	Value (m)	m
No_Bent_Box	Value (m)	m
Null	Value (dimensionless)	

Showing Geometry
block input (note Null
values for non-existent
inputs)

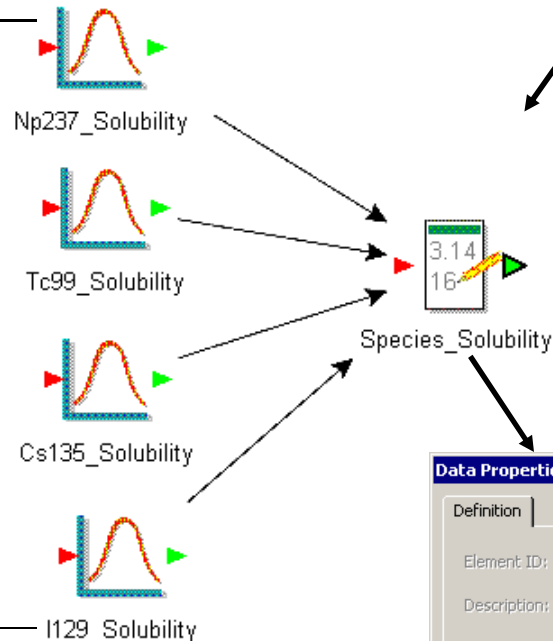
Radionuclide Dependent Inputs

Radionuclide dependent inputs are declared for each radionuclide

Elements must be added/deleted corresponding to the addition/deletion of radionuclides from the problem

Input values are grouped into an array, whose size is defined by the number of species

The links to this element must be updated if the number of radionuclides is changed



Edit Vector: Species_Solubility.Definition

	Value
Np237	Np237_Solubility
Tc99	Tc99_Solubility
Cs135	Cs135_Solubility
I129	I129_Solubility

OK

Data Properties : Species_Solubility (Result Mode)

Definition

Element ID: Species_Solubility [Appearance...](#)

Description:

Display Units: mol/m3 [Type...](#) Vector[Species]

Definition

[Edit Vector...](#)

Data Source: None

Save Results

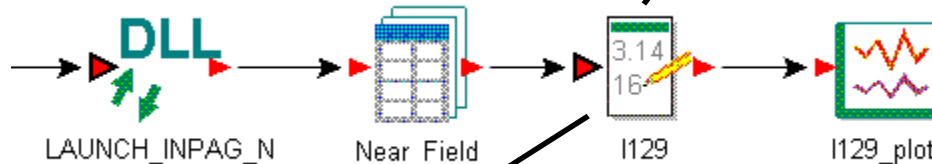
☒ Final Values ☒ Time Histories

Close Help

Plotting INPAG-N Output

INPAG-N output files are passed back into GoldSim as 2-d tables (release rate of RNs vs time)

Individual RN output is accessed from the 2-d table by referencing it in a data element



Data Properties : I129

Definition

Element ID: Appearance...

Description:

Display Units: Type... Scalar

Definition

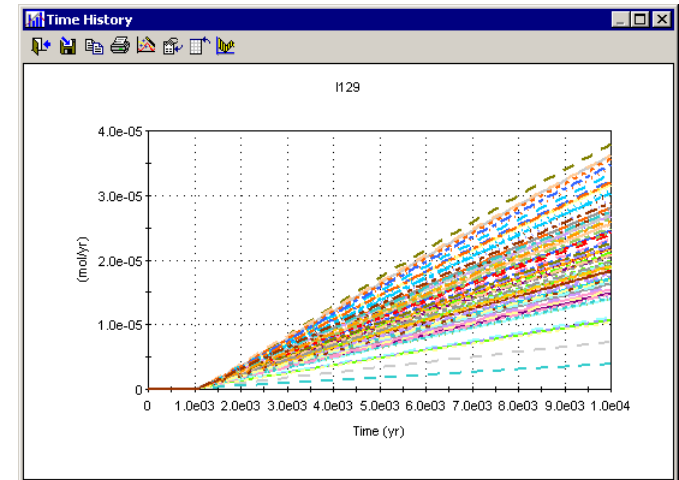
Data Source: None

Save Results

☒ Final Values ☒ Time Histories

OK Cancel Help

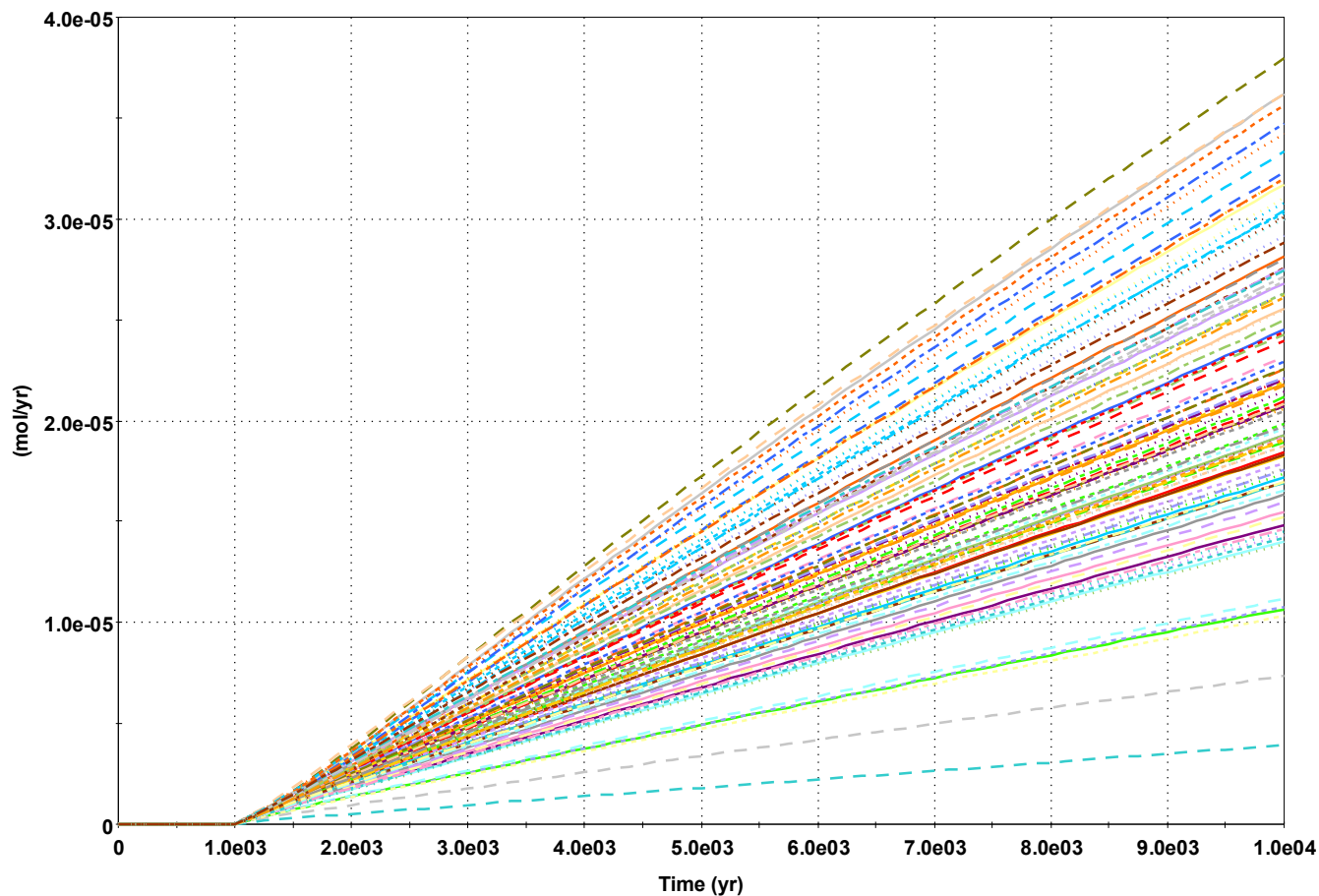
In this example, the I129 release rate (mol/yr) is in the 4th column of the 2-d table



Plot of 100 realizations of I129 release rate. Note that data can be accessed in tabular form from plot element

INPAG-N Multiple Realization Output in GoldSim

I129



Each colored line is the result from one realization



Debugging

- **scratch.txt file; contains information useful for debugging**
 - **INPAG-N version being run**
 - **DLL input vector**
 - **contents of the INPAG-N output file(s) that is read by the DLL**
 - **DLL output vector**
 - **comments indicating milestones in the program execution**
- **Additional information can be added to the file by editing the source code to write information to unit=99 and recompiling the DLL**



Debugging

- **Output files for METHOD=0, METHOD=2, and METHOD=3**
 - allows information from those method calls to be saved
 - lets the programmer know if method was/was not executed
- **The function name in the DLL element dialog box must match exactly with the name in the !DEC\$ ATTRIBUTES dllexport, c command (i.e., launch_inpag)**
- **Changes to the number of input and output parameters (scalars or vectors by RN) have to be reflected in the METHOD=3 coding for the number of input and output parameters**



Acknowledgements

Lockheed Martin

Sandia National Laboratories:

Don Kalinich	– Co-Developer of DLL
Hong-Nian Jow	– Program Manager
Cedric Sallaberry	– Software development
Jerry McNeish, Mgr.	– Technical Editing and Approval