

An Ever-Growing Avalanche

Large Data and Visualization

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Working with Large Data

- **There is no One True Schema. Adapt or die.**
- **Self-describing formats are good!**
 - XML, SQL, OO databases
- **Loading all the data is hopeless.**
- **Try to load the *structure* of the data.**
 - Maximum expressiveness, minimum size
 - For documents: terms, entities and concepts
 - For transaction, travel and communication records: people, places, organizations and relationships
- **Smart loading still requires human guidance.**



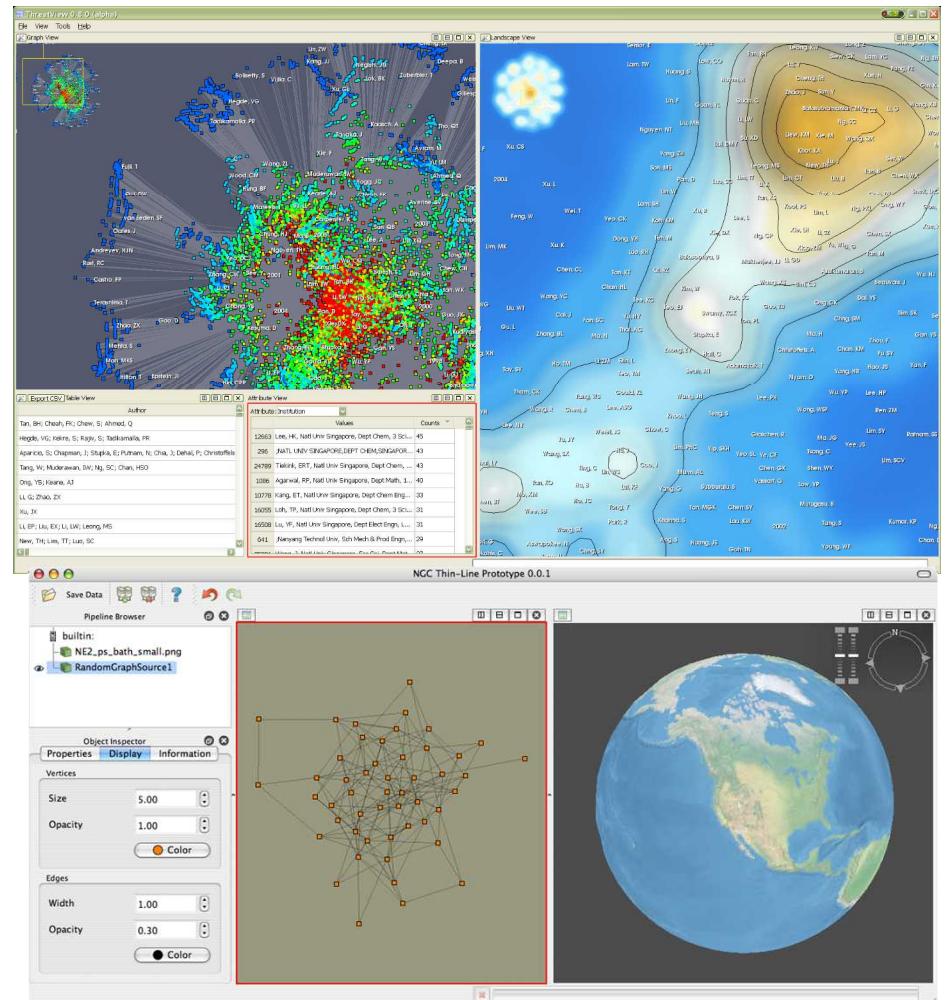
Guidelines for Mastering Scale

- A large graph is just a blob.
Sense-making requires abstractions.
 - Hierarchies, clusters, patterns, communities, centrality
 - Outliers are still important!
 - Allow drill-down to original data
- Analysis tools should help you ask questions.
 - Reference librarian instead of card catalog
 - Prefer searching to browsing

Map of Science
K. Boyack and W. B. Paley

Insight Through Correlation

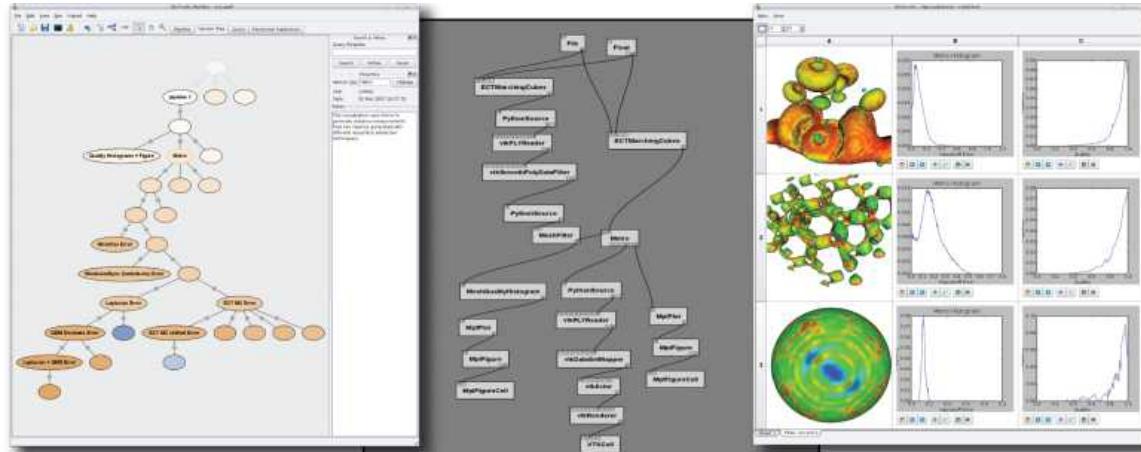
- Different views show different properties
- “Aha” moments happen when everything falls into place
 - This is easier when you can see all the pieces of the puzzle
 - Overlay, side-by-side, small multiples
 - It also helps to see the interactions between views
 - Patterns in one = patterns in another?





Sandboxes

- A sandbox is an environment for “what if” and for constructing arguments.
 - Quick access to exploratory tools
 - “How are these actors connected?”
- The system’s job is to track workflow and allow for annotations and assumptions.
 - Backtrack and replay
 - Retract or change assumptions
 - Embody a complete chain of reasoning



VisTrails
www.vistrails.org