



Customizing ParaView

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Extending ParaView

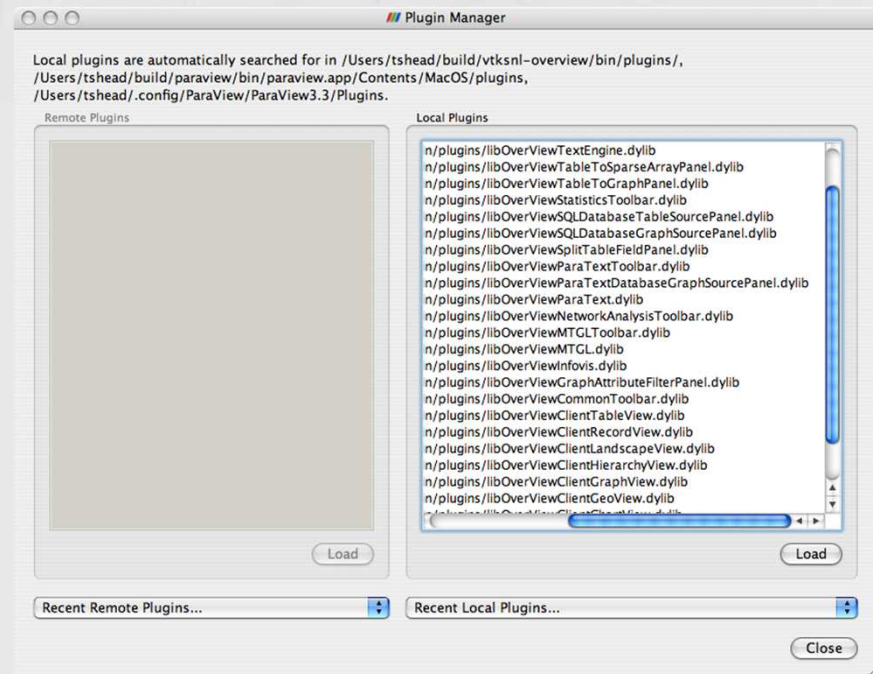
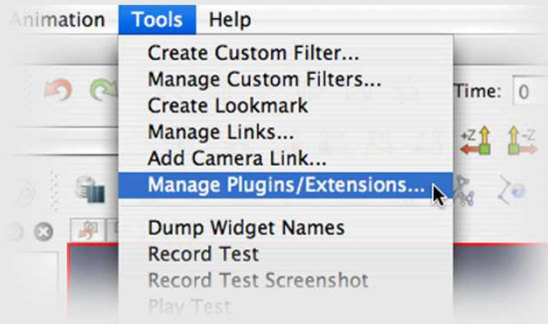


- Traditional ParaView provides a static collection of filters and views:
 - Uses existing filters provided by VTK and ParaView libraries.
- The collection of filters can be extended at compile-time:
 - Sources outside the ParaView tree can be incorporated into the ParaView build.
 - Compiles and links external sources as part of the overall ParaView build.
 - Cons: setting-up the correct build environment for external sources can be tricky.
 - Cons: two-pass build process, dependencies
 - Reference: <http://paraview.org/Wiki/ExtendingParaView>

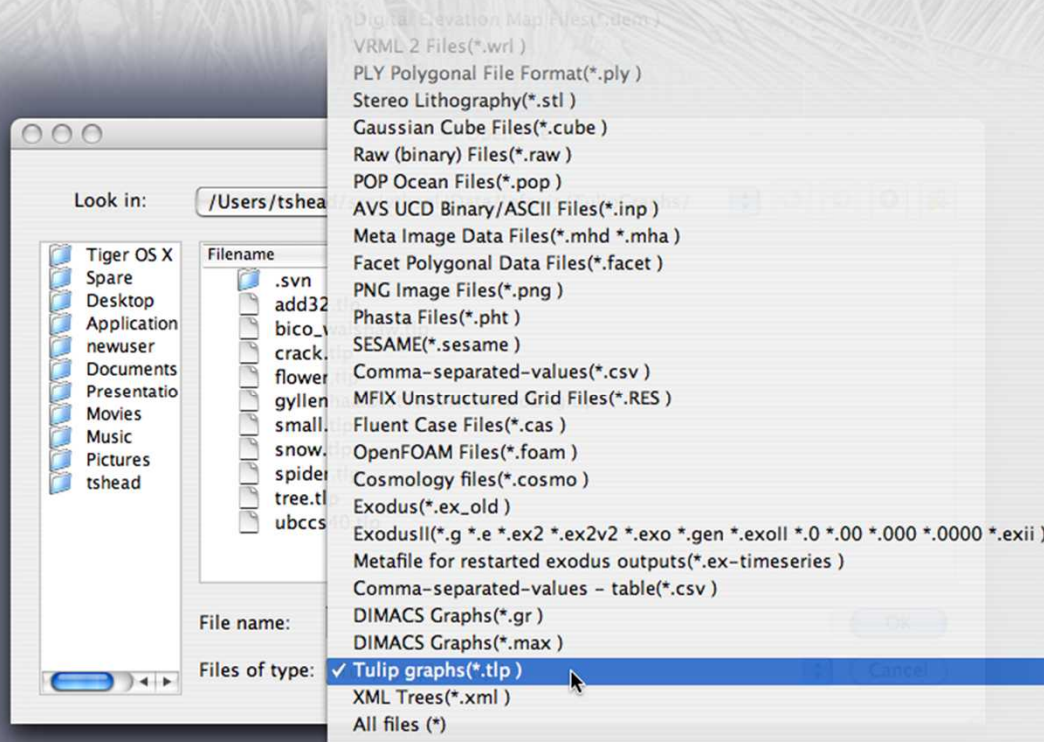
ParaView Plugins



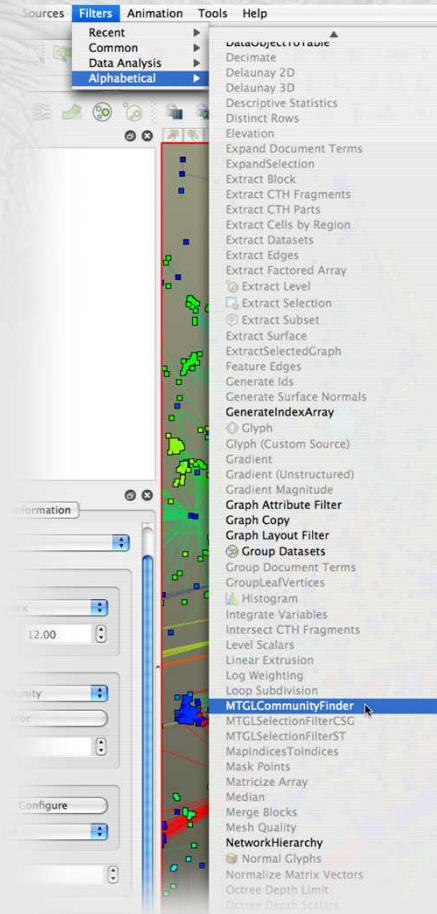
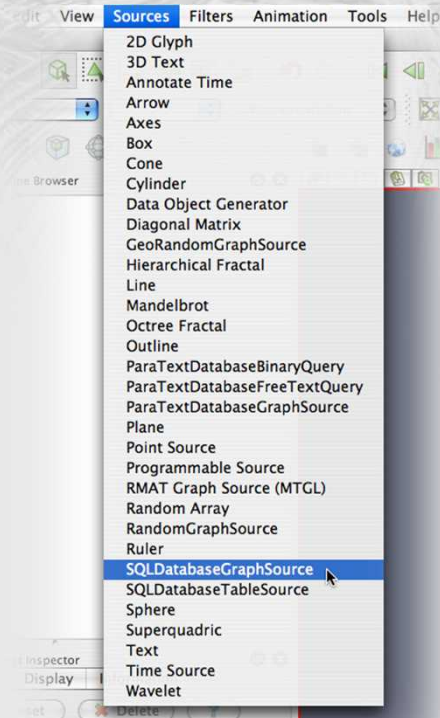
- Extend the collection of filters at runtime.
- Shared libraries containing new filters are dynamically-linked into the working-set at runtime.
- Plugins can be loaded automatically at startup from known locations, locations specified via environment variable (PV_PLUGIN_PATH) or manually loaded via the plugin manager GUI:



Plugin Types - Readers & Writers



Plugin Types - General Filters

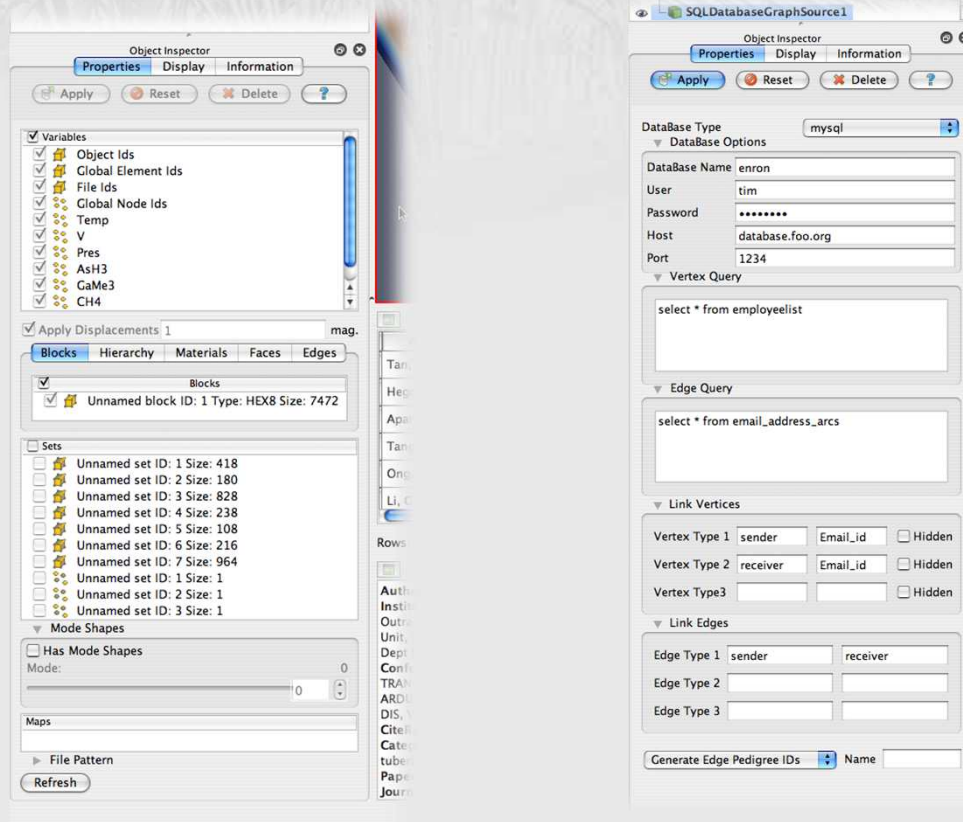


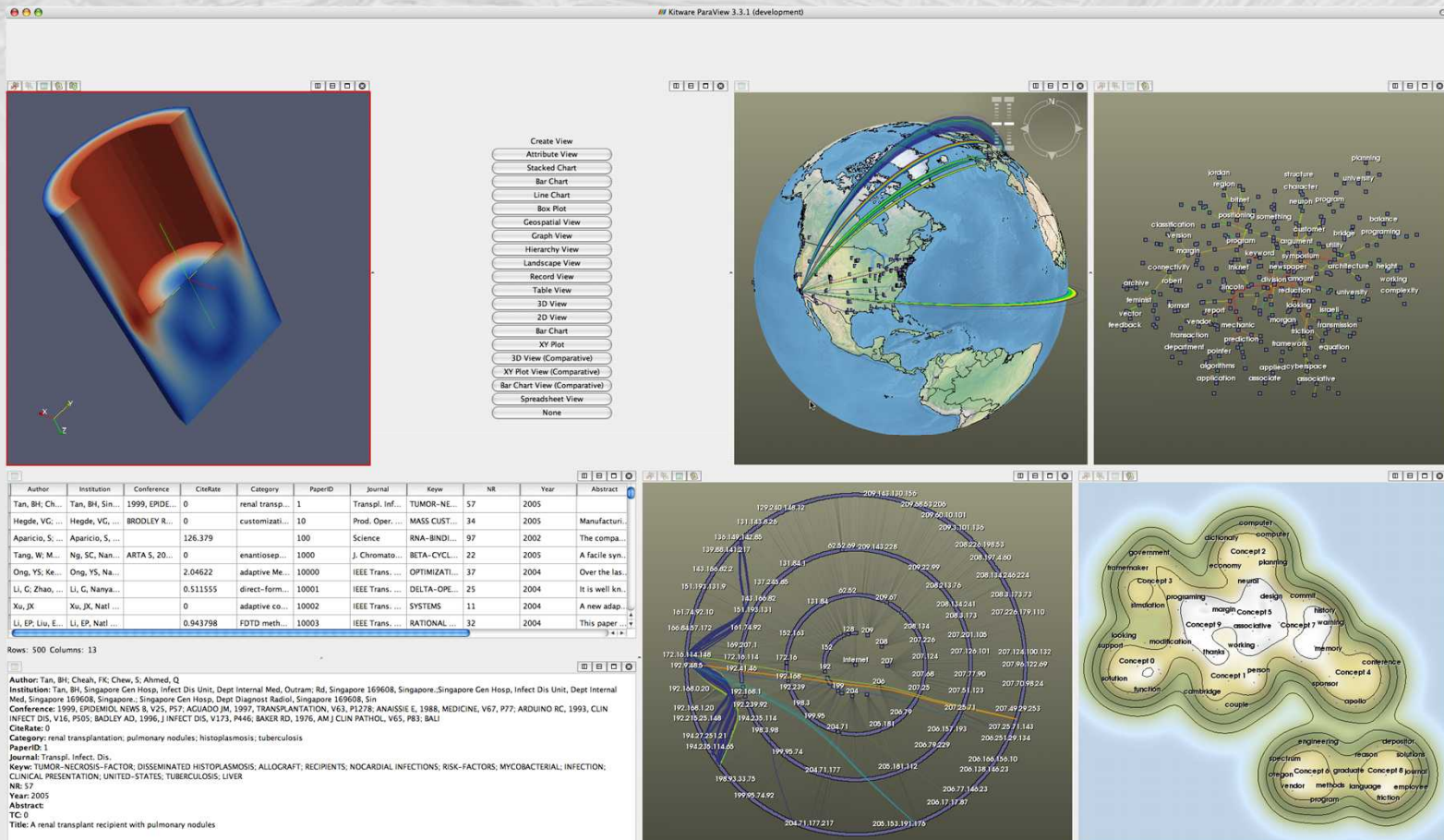
[illegible]

Plugin Types - Custom Panels



Provides a proxy-specific user interface panel - useful with complex proxies where the auto-generated GUI is insufficient.



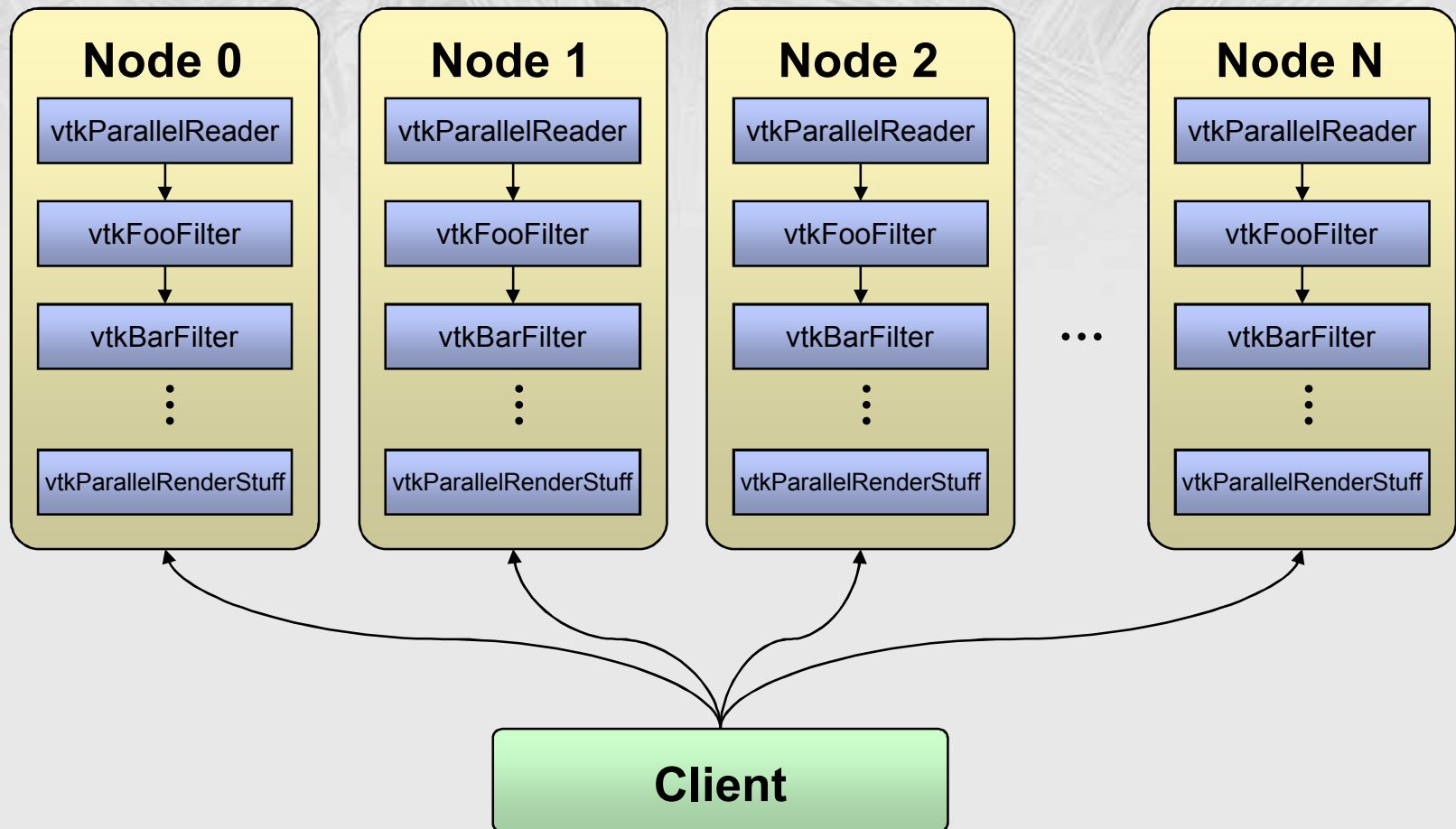


Plugin Types - Miscellaneous

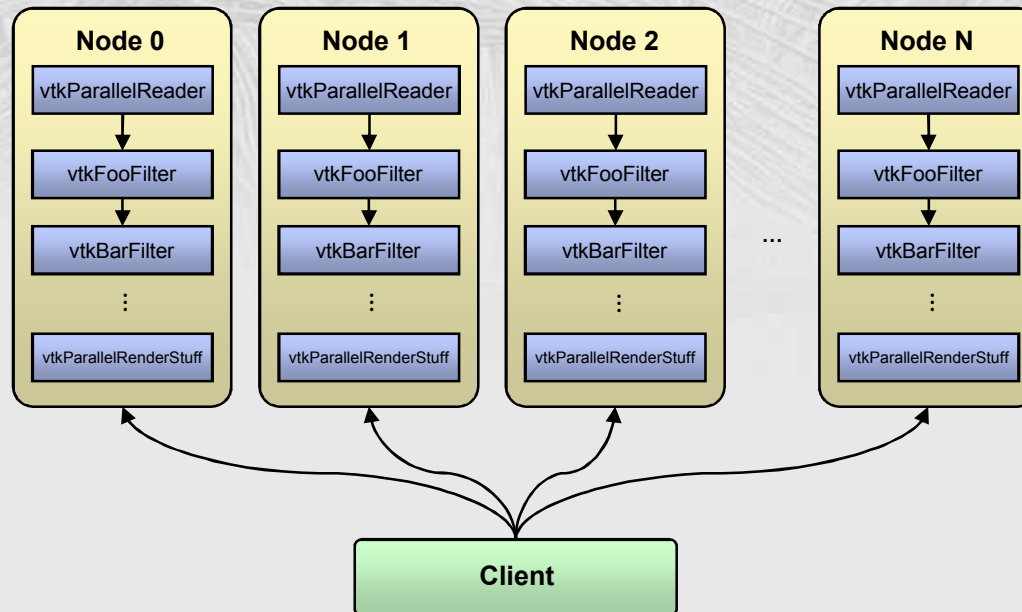


- Autostart Plugins - Executed automatically at program startup / shutdown.
 - Useful for logging, starting servers, etc.
- Graph Layout Algorithms
- Your Plugin Idea Here!

An Everyday, Garden-Variety Parallel Pipeline ...

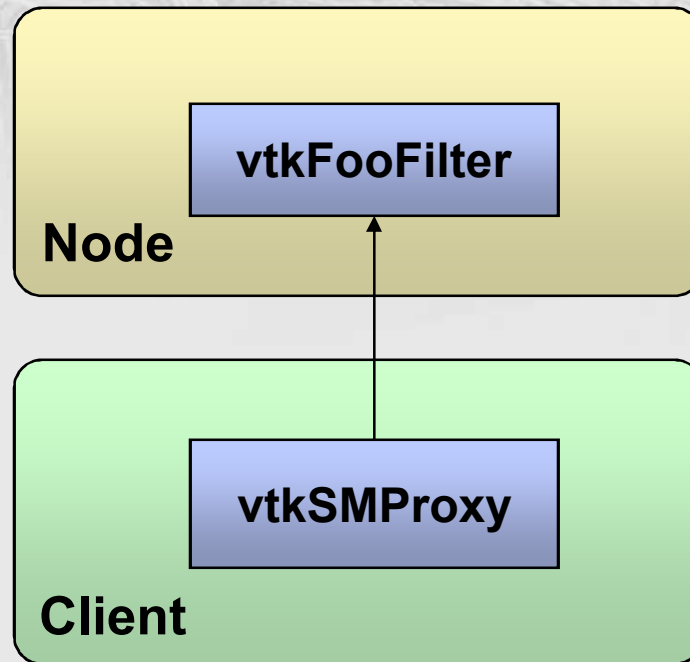


Raises lots of practical questions ...



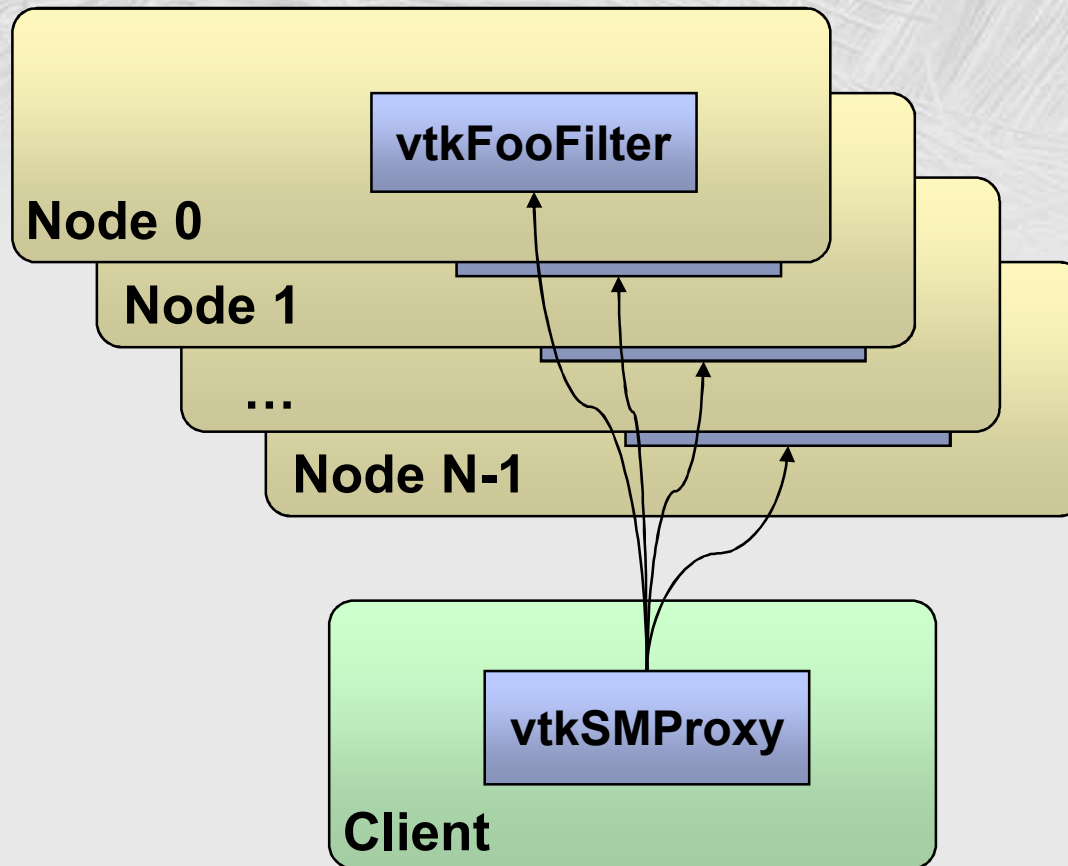
- How does the client refer to a remote VTK filter?
- How does the client create / delete VTK filters on a different host?
- How are remote VTK filters initialized / modified?
- How are remote VTK filters connected to form a pipeline?
- How does the client generate a UI for a filter?

Referencing Remote VTK Filters



Proxies = Remote VTK Filters

Proxies and the Parallel Pipeline

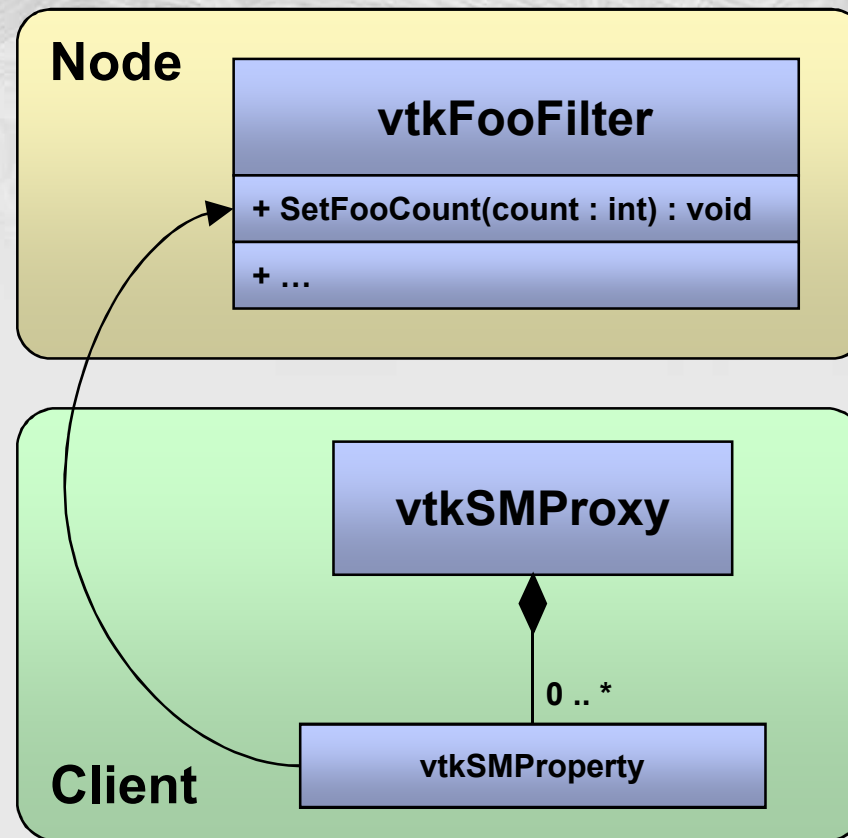


Proxy Naming



- Proxies are identified using a two-level hierarchy: "group" and "name".
- Proxy Groups identify broad categories of proxy.
 - Some current examples: "sources", "filters", "views", "representations", "writers", "lights", "textures".
 - You can create your own, e.g: "layout_strategies".
 - But many groups have special meaning to the user interface!
- Proxy Names identify specific proxy types.
 - Typically "vtkFooFilter" will have a proxy named "FooFilter".
 - This naming scheme isn't enforced.

Initializing / Modifying Proxies



Properties = Remote Method Calls

Property Types



Type	C++ Class	Representative Method Calls
Integers	vtkSMIntVectorProperty	SetFoo(int) SetFoo(int[2])
Doubles	vtkSMDoubleVectorProperty	SetFoo(double) SetFoo(double[3])
Strings	vtkSMStringVectorProperty	SetFoo(const char*) SetFoo(const char*, const char*)
Proxy	vtkSMProxyProperty	SetFoo(vtkObject*)
Filter Input	vtkSMInputProperty	AddInput(...)

Property Domains



- Domains restrict the set of values that a property can assume.
 - Example: a domain can limit an integer property to a range of values.
 - Example: a domain can limit a string property to an enumerated list of values.
- Where a property defines the type of data, a domain can provide a higher-level description of how the data will be used.
 - Example: a domain can limit an integer property to boolean true/false values.
 - Example: a domain can specify that a string property will be used to represent filenames.

But Where Do Proxies and Properties Come From?



- "Server Manager XML" defines each proxy and all its properties:

```
<ServerManagerConfiguration>
  <ProxyGroup name="filters">
    <SourceProxy name="FooFilter" class="vtkFooFilter">
      <InputProperty name="Input" ... />
      <IntVectorProperty name="FooCount" ... />
    </SourceProxy>
    <!-- More proxies in this group ... -->
  </ProxyGroup>
  <!-- More groups in this file ... -->
</ServerManagerConfiguration>
```

- The XML is linked into the binary (ParaView or plugin) as a static string, then parsed at runtime to populate a database of proxies.
- The XML provides a useful layer of indirection:
 - Proxies and properties can be named however you like, replacing the names of the underlying filters and methods.
 - You can provide properties for only those methods that you want to expose, simplifying the user interface.
 - You can provide your own preferred default values for properties, replacing those of the underlying filter.
 - One filter could be used in multiple proxies, "preconfigured" for multiple specific use-cases.

Plugin Examples



- Reader
- Filter
- Toolbar
- Custom Panel

Sample Reader Plugin XML



```
<ServerManagerConfiguration>
  <ProxyGroup name="sources">
    <SourceProxy name="TulipReader" class="vtkTulipReader">
      <StringVectorProperty name="FileName"
        command="SetFileName" number_of_elements="1">
        <FileListDomain name="files"/>
      </StringVectorProperty>
      <Hints>
        <View type="ClientGraphView"/>
      </Hints>
    </SourceProxy>
  </ProxyGroup>
</ServerManagerConfiguration>
```

Sample Reader Client XML



```
<ParaViewReaders>
  <Reader name="TulipReader" extensions="tlp"
    file_description="Tulip graphs">
  </Reader>
</ParaViewReaders>
```

Sample Reader Listfile



```
ADD_PARAVIEW_PLUGIN(MyReaders "1.0"  
  SERVER_MANAGER_XML  
    MyReadersSM.xml  
  SERVER_MANAGER_SOURCES  
    ${VTK_SOURCE_DIR}/Infovis/vtkTulipReader.h  
  GUI_RESOURCE_FILES  
    MyReadersGUI.xml  
)  
  
TARGET_LINK_LIBRARIES(MyReaders  
  vtkInfovis  
)
```

Sample Filter Plugin XML



```
<ServerManagerConfiguration>
  <ProxyGroup name="filters">
    <SourceProxy name="DataObjectToTable" class="vtkDataObjectToTable">
      <InputProperty name="Input" command="SetInputConnection"/>
      <IntVectorProperty name="FieldType" command="SetFieldType"
        number_of_elements="1" default_values="0">
        <EnumerationDomain name="enum">
          <Entry value="0" text="Field Data"/>
          <Entry value="1" text="Point Data"/>
          <Entry value="2" text="Cell Data"/>
          <Entry value="3" text="Vertex Data"/>
          <Entry value="4" text="Edge Data"/>
        </EnumerationDomain>
      </IntVectorProperty>
      <Hints>
        <View type="ClientTableView"/>
      </Hints>
    </SourceProxy>
  </ProxyGroup>
</ServerManagerConfiguration>
```

Sample Filter Listfile



```
ADD_PARAVIEW_PLUGIN(MyFilters "1.0"  
  SERVER_MANAGER_XML  
    MyFiltersSM.xml  
  SERVER_MANAGER_SOURCES  
    ${VTK_SOURCE_DIR}/Infovis/vtkDataObjectToTable.h  
)  
  
TARGET_LINK_LIBRARIES(MyFilters  
  vtkInfovis  
)
```

Sample Toolbar Plugin Source



```
#include <QActionGroup>
#include <QApplication>
#include <QMessageBox>
#include <QStyle>

class MyToolBar : public QActionGroup
{
    Q_OBJECT
public:
    MyToolBar (QObject* p) :
        QActionGroup(p)
    {
        QIcon icon = qApp->style()->standardIcon(QStyle::SP_MessageBoxCritical);

        QAction* a = this->addAction(new QAction(icon, "MyAction", this));
        QObject::connect(a, SIGNAL(triggered(bool)), this, SLOT(onAction()));
    }

public slots:
    void onAction()
    {
        QMessageBox::information(NULL, "MyAction", "MyAction was invoked\n");
    }
};
```

Sample Toolbar Listfile



```
QT4_WRAP_CPP(MOC_SRCS MyToolBar.h)

ADD_PARAVIEW_ACTION_GROUP(
  IFACES IFACE_SRCS
  CLASS_NAME MyToolBar
  GROUP_NAME "ToolBar/MyActions"
)

ADD_PARAVIEW_PLUGIN(MyToolBar "1.0"
  GUI_INTERFACES ${IFACES}
  SOURCES MyToolBar.cxx ${MOC_SRCS} ${IFACE_SRCS}
)
```

Custom Panel Sources



```
#include "pqObjectPanel.h"

class MyCustomPanel :
    public pqObjectPanel
{
    Q_OBJECT

public:
    MyCustomPanel(pqProxy* proxy, QWidget* p) :
        pqObjectPanel(proxy, p)
    {
        vtkSMPProxy* my_proxy = proxy->GetProxy();
        /* Sync widgets with proxy property values here. */
        /* Connect widget signals to the setModified() slot here ... */
        QObject::connect(this->Widgets.foo, SIGNAL(textEdited(const QString&)), this, SLOT(setModified()));
    }

private slots:
    virtual void accept()
    {
        vtkSMPProxy* my_proxy = this->referenceProxy()->getProxy();
        /* Sync proxy properties with widget states here. */
    }
    virtual void reset()
    {
        vtkSMPProxy* my_proxy = this->referenceProxy()->getProxy();
        /* Sync widgets with proxy property values here. */
        pqObjectPanel::reset();
    }
};
```

Custom Panel Listfile



```
QT4_WRAP_CPP(MOC_SRCS MyCustomPanel.h)
```

```
ADD_PARAVIEW_OBJECT_PANEL(  
    IFACES IFACE_SRCS  
    CLASS_NAME MyCustomPanel  
    XML_NAME DataObjectToTable  
    XML_GROUP filters  
)
```

```
ADD_OVERVIEW_PLUGIN(  
    MyCustomPanel "1.0"  
    GUI_INTERFACES ${IFACES}  
    SOURCES MyCustomPanel.cxx ${MOC_SRCS} ${IFACE_SRCS}  
)
```

Plugin Execution Context



- Remember that plugins can be loaded into the client, the server, or both.
- In many cases a server won't have access to the same libraries as the client.
 - Example: a plugin that contains a VTK filter and a corresponding custom panel might not load successfully on the server, since the custom panel has a Qt dependency.
 - Solution: separate plugins for server and client - one containing just the filter for use with server and client, and one containing just the panel for use with the client.

Useful Plugin References

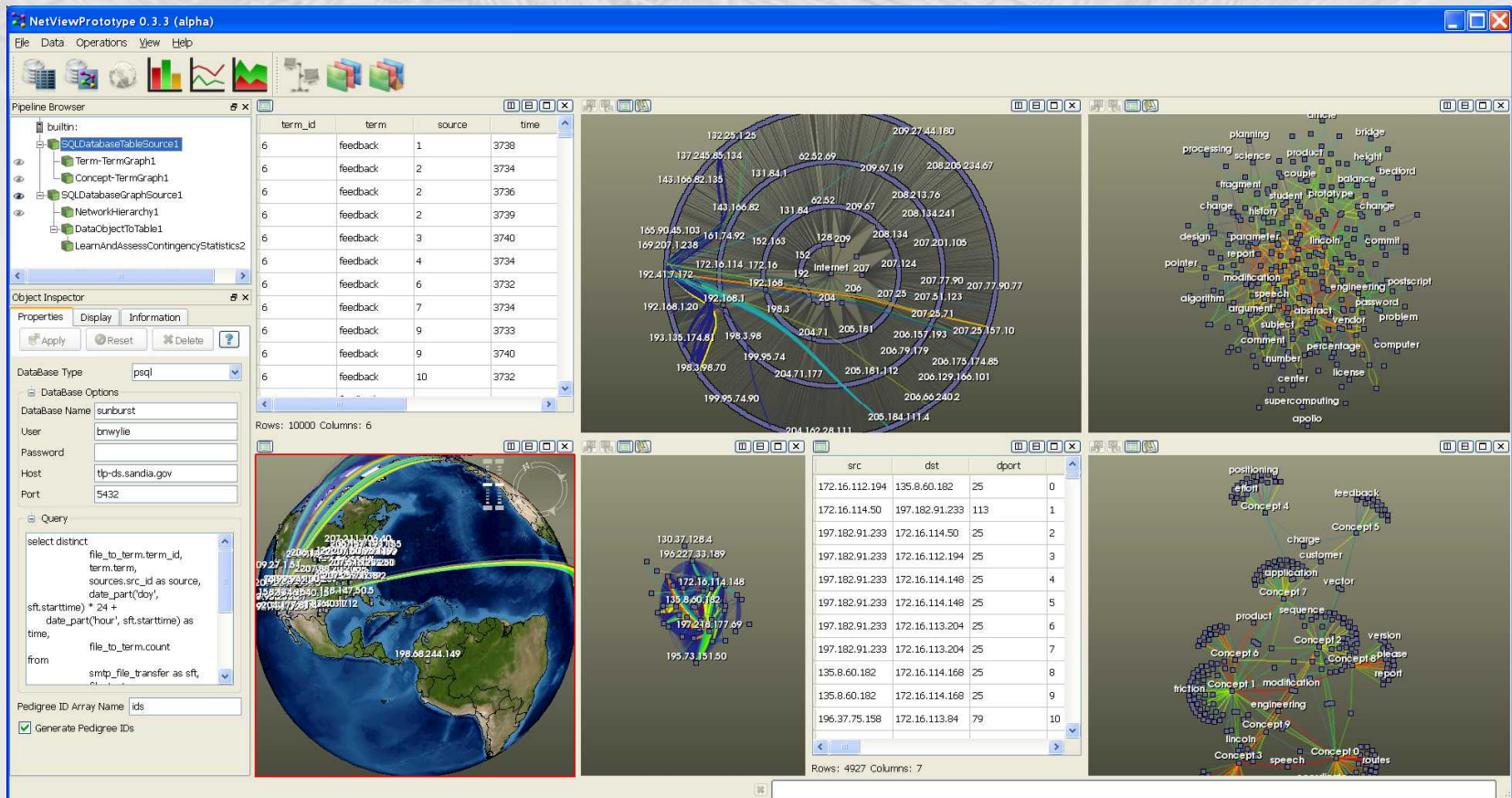


- Server Manager XML
 - The ParaView Guide, Version 3, section 18.6, pp 262 - 273.
 - The ParaView/Servers/ServerManager/Resources/ directory.
- General Plugin Information
 - The ParaView Guide, Version 3, chapter 19.
 - http://paraview.org/Wiki/Plugin_HowTo
- Sample Plugins
 - The ParaView/Examples/Plugins directory.
 - The ParaView/Plugins directory.

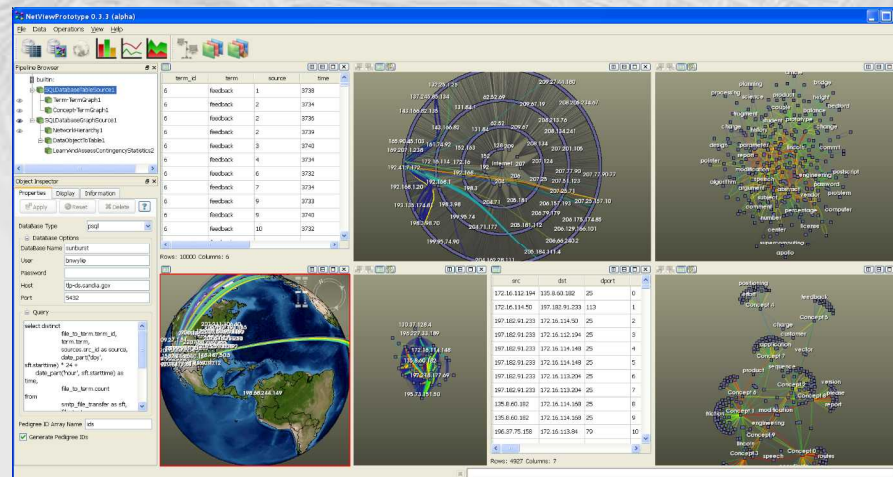
Vertical Applications



- Traditional ParaView provides a pipeline-oriented interface.
 - Users manipulate the pipeline directly, and must understand it at a low level.
 - Nothing we've seen so far changes that - we add to the list of pipeline components, and we grow the UI by adding views, toolbars, etc.
- Sometimes, you just gotta simplify ...



"Minor Simplification" - Steps



- Copy-n-paste the contents of ParaView/Applications/Client/
- Feels dirty, but it's < 4000 lines-of-code.
- You can modify the `MainWindow` class to simplify:
 - Remove / simplify menus, docking windows, toolbars.
 - Add common operations, custom toolbars, etc.

Starting From Zero - Demo

