

Abstract

The overall goal of devising a methodology for SAND2008-5153P reliably performing *de novo* materials design will be briefly reviewed, as well as ways how to accomplish this task. Thereafter, I will give an overview of various practical issues which are of relevance to the two main-aspects of my research, (i) the variation of chemical structure and composition, and (ii) the associated response of multiple-scale structure property relationships. Efforts, results, and progress made during the first year as a Truman Fellow will be reported and critically discussed. Specifically, I will talk about external and internal collaborations initiated, scientific visits and hosted visitors, conferences attended, acquisitions made, and — most importantly — the scientific work performed so far [1-3]. Eventually, future plans and strategies will be outlined.

- [1] O. A. von Lilienfeld and P. Schultz. Structure and Band Gaps of Ga-(V) Semiconductors: The Challenge of Ga Pseudopotentials. *Phys. Rev. B*, 77:115202, 2008.
- [2] A. Tkatchenko and O. A. von Lilienfeld. Popular Kohn-Sham Density Functionals Strongly Over-estimate Many Body Interactions in van der Waals Systems. *Phys. Rev. B*, 78:045116, 2008.
- [3] O. A. von Lilienfeld, et. al., 2008. In preparation.

Multiscale schemes for the predictive description and virtual engineering of materials — a 1st year progress report

O. Anatole von Lilienfeld
Multiscale Dynamic Material Modeling Department (1435)
Sandia National Laboratories

Truman Fellow Colloquium, August 5, 2008



Outline - going beyond description

Design

- Space
- Space
- Exploration
- Issues

Accuracy

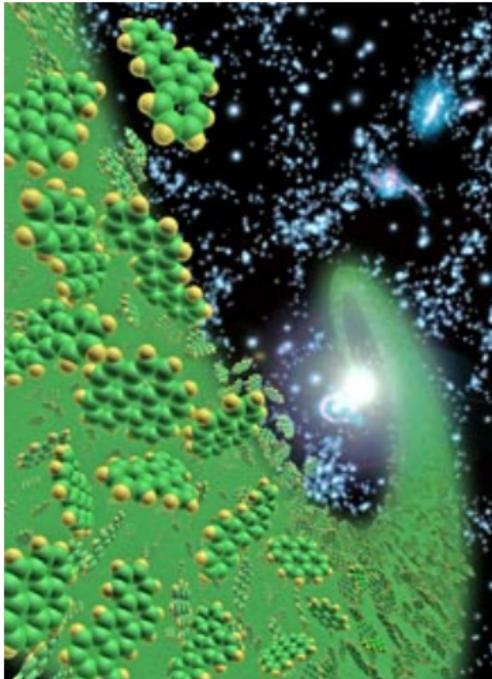
- vdW & DFT
- Gap

InProgress

- Overview
- Trips
- Procurements

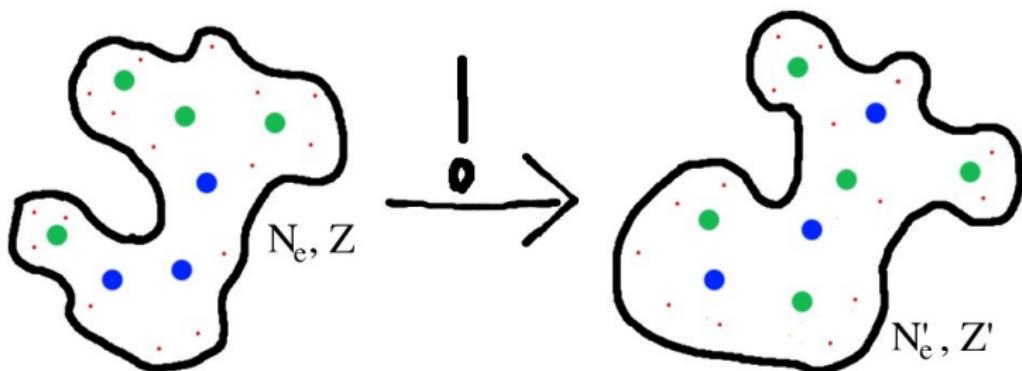
Timeline

Acknowledgments



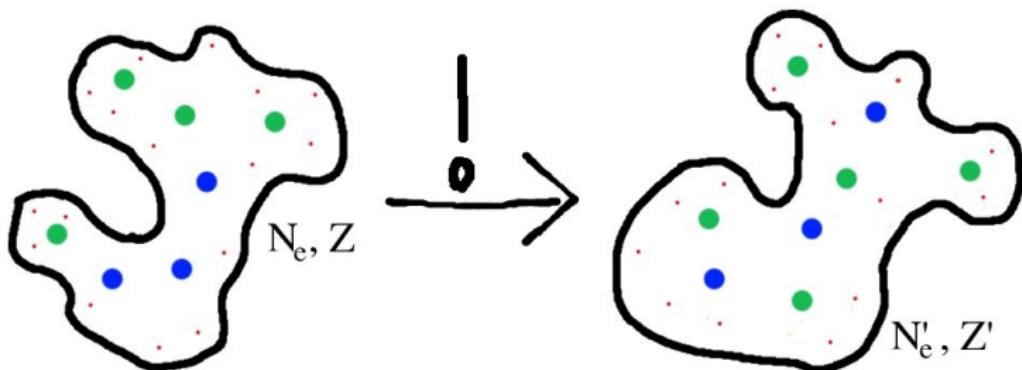
<http://www.rsc.org/>

Materials design and the philosopher's stone?



- ▶ Render material's properties valuable through "alchemical" changes
- ▶ Properties of matter defined by composition

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 - tune properties by variation of matter, *i.e.* composition
- ▶ Properties of matter defined by composition
 - ≡ optimize properties in "chemical compound space"

Materials design and the philosopher's stone?



<http://www.nystar.state.ny.us/>

- ▶ Render material's properties valuable through “alchemical” changes → tune properties by variation of matter, *i.e.* composition
- ▶ Properties of matter defined by composition ≡ optimize properties in “chemical compound space”

What is chemical compound space?

Property hyper-space populated by all stable compounds

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Property? - observable!

Compound? -

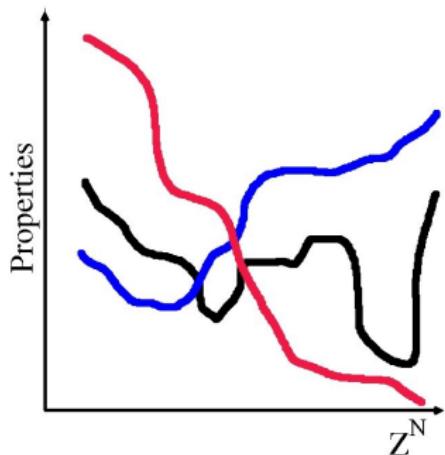
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→ Stoichiometry + phase space
within first principles picture



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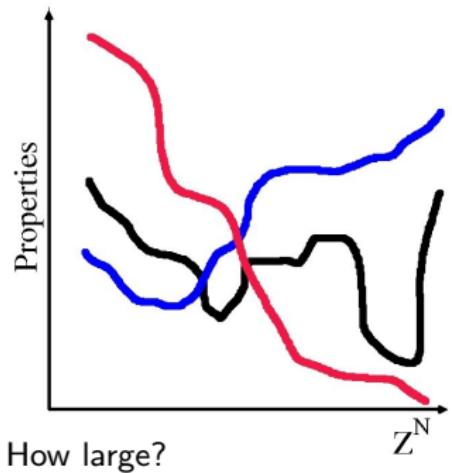
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Chemical Abstracts Services (ACS): $\exists \sim 27$ mio inorganic and organic substances - vs. estimated $\sim 10^{60}$ compounds!



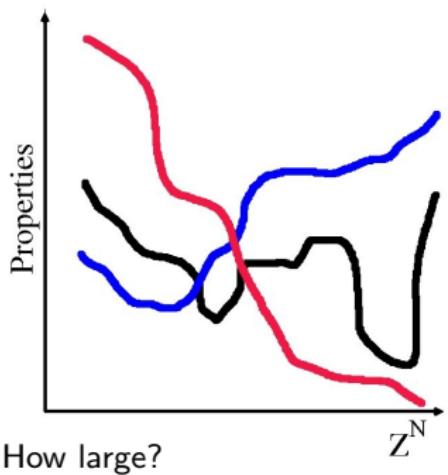
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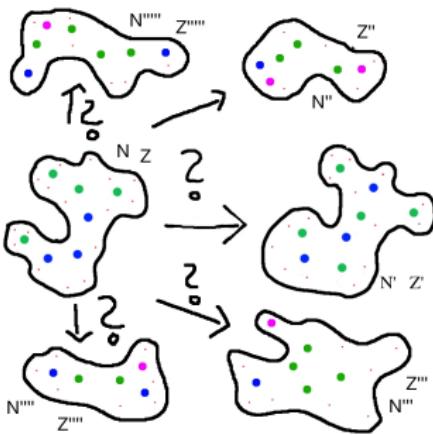
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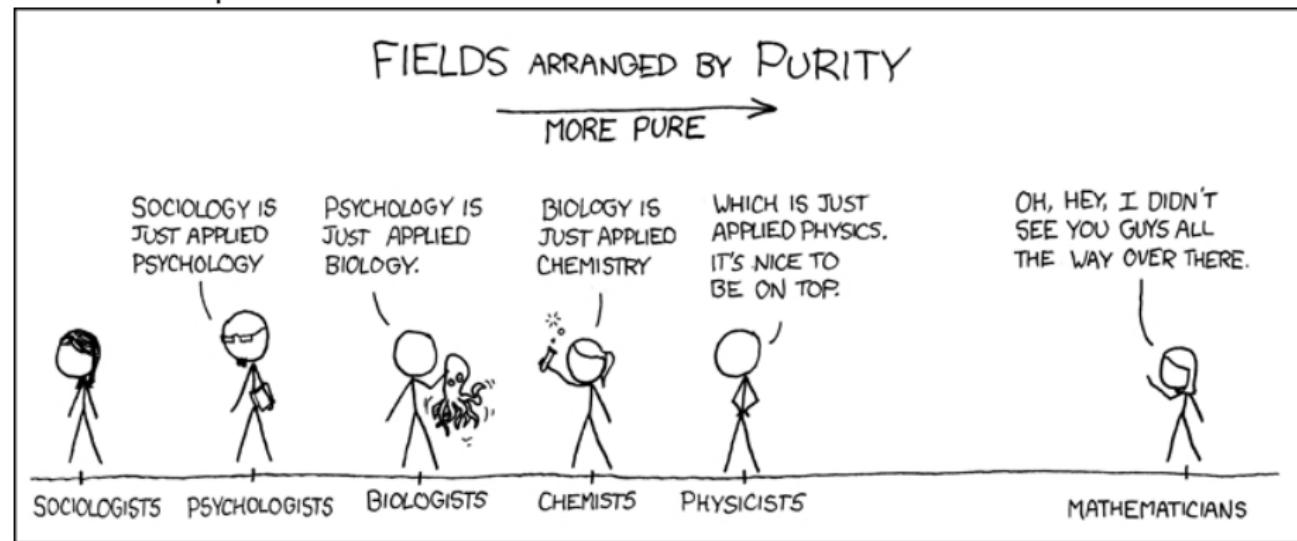
Compound space — or rather set of compounds?

What is close, what is distant?

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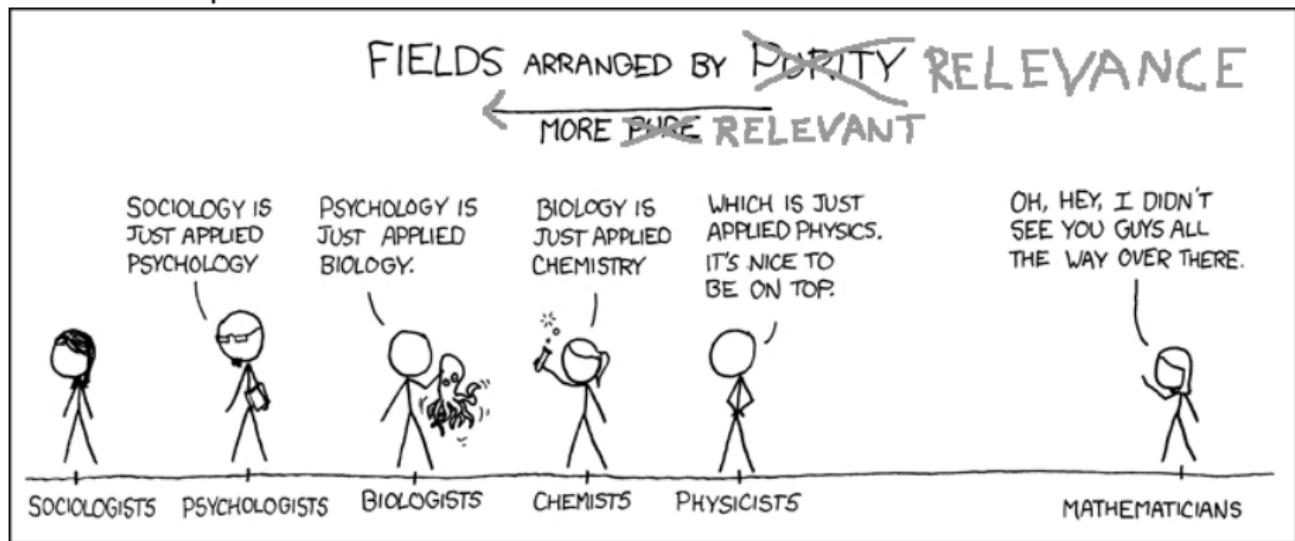


<http://xkcd.com/>

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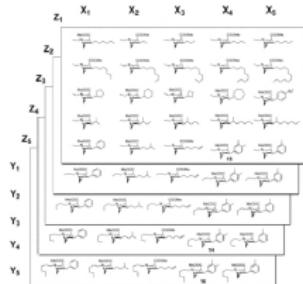
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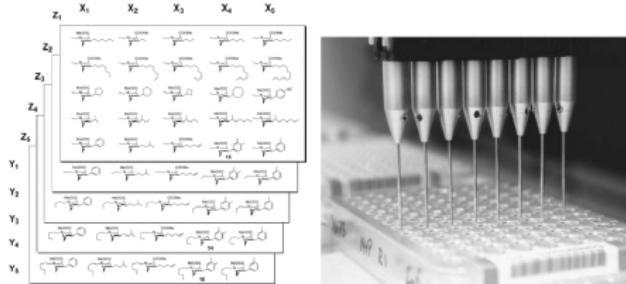


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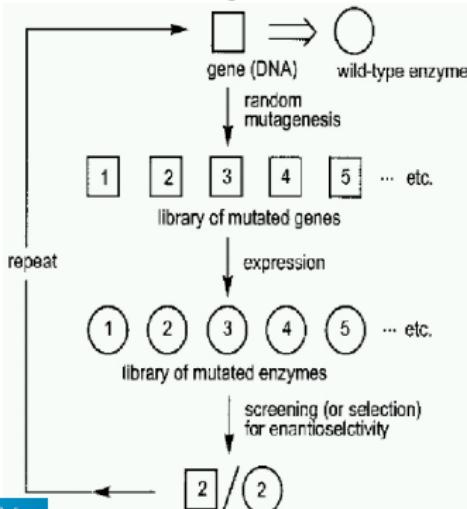
Combinatorial chemistry



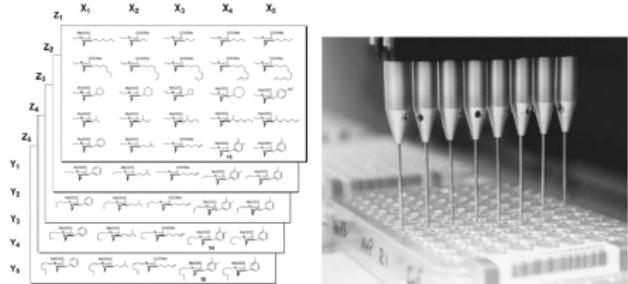
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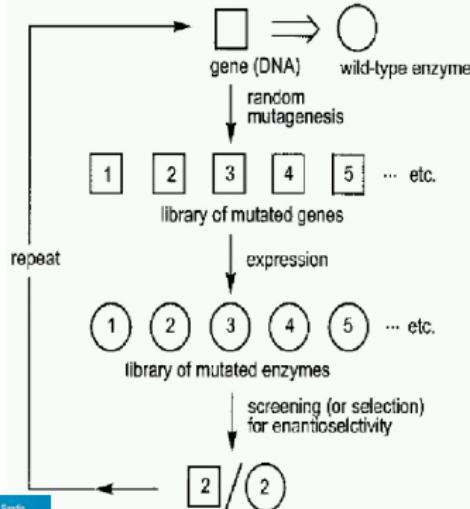
Directed evolution [PNAS 101 5716 (2003)]



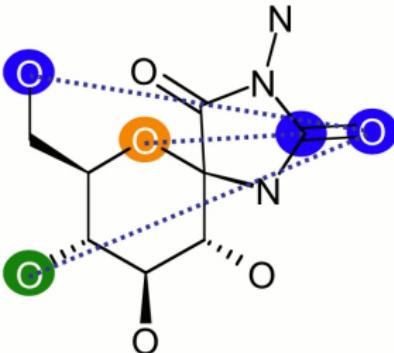
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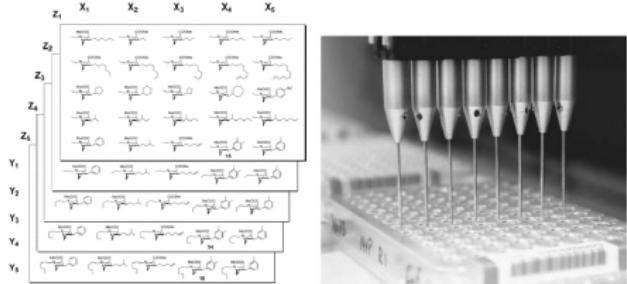
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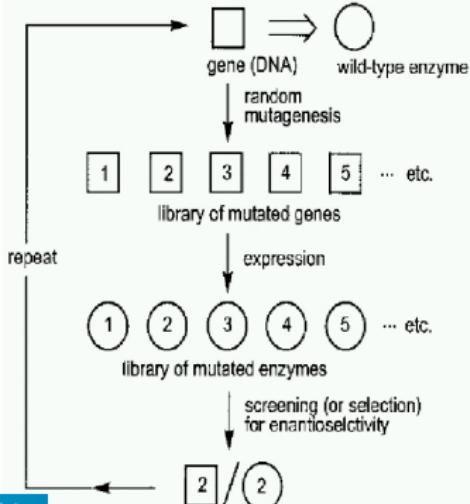
Structure property relationships
scoring functions/descriptors
 \Leftarrow Hammett equation (1937)



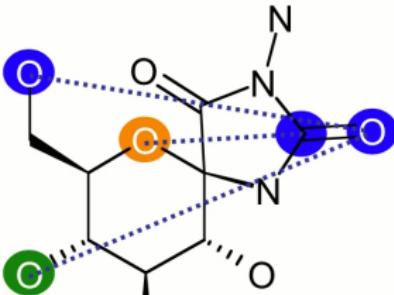
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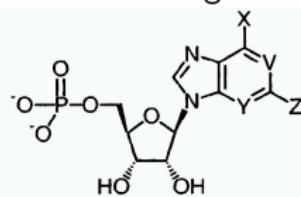
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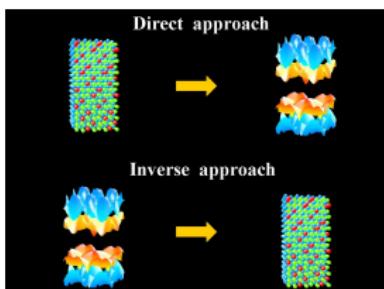
Rational compound design
"atomistic screening"



Compounds	X	Y	Z	V
7	NH ₂	N	SCH ₃	N
8	NH ₂	N	CH ₃	N
9	NH ₂	N	C ₂ H ₆	N
10	NH ₂	N	Cl	N

“inverse approaches” — chronological

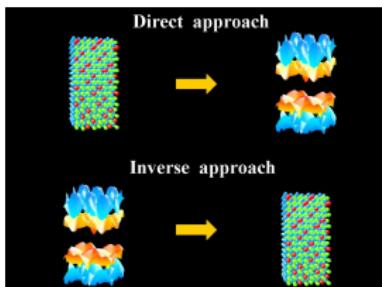
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Combined Electronic Structure and Evolutionary Search Approach to Materials Design

G. H. Jóhannesson, T. Bligaard, A. V. Ruban, H. L. Skriver, K. W. Jacobsen, and J. K. Nørskov

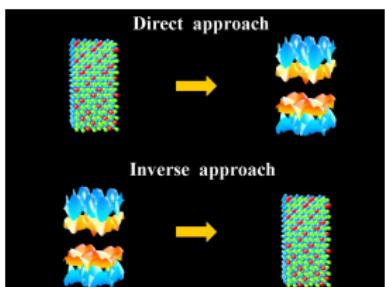
Center for Atomic-Scale Materials Physics, Department of Physics, Technical University of Denmark,
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(Received 20 February 2002; published 10 June 2002)

We show that density functional theory calculations have reached an accuracy and speed making it possible to use them in conjunction with an evolutionary algorithm to search for materials with specific properties. The approach is illustrated by finding the most stable four component alloys out of the possible fcc and bcc alloys that can be constructed out of 32 different metals. A number of well

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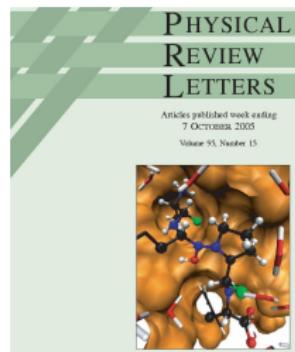
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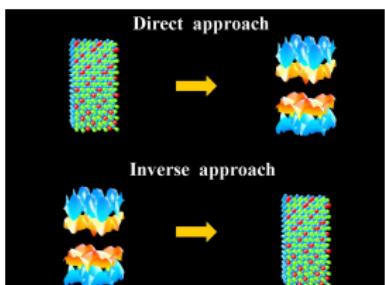
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David Beratan & Weitao Yang (Duke):
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molecular polarizabilities *JACS*
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Anatole Lilienfeld, Truman Fellow (FY08-FY11) in 1435

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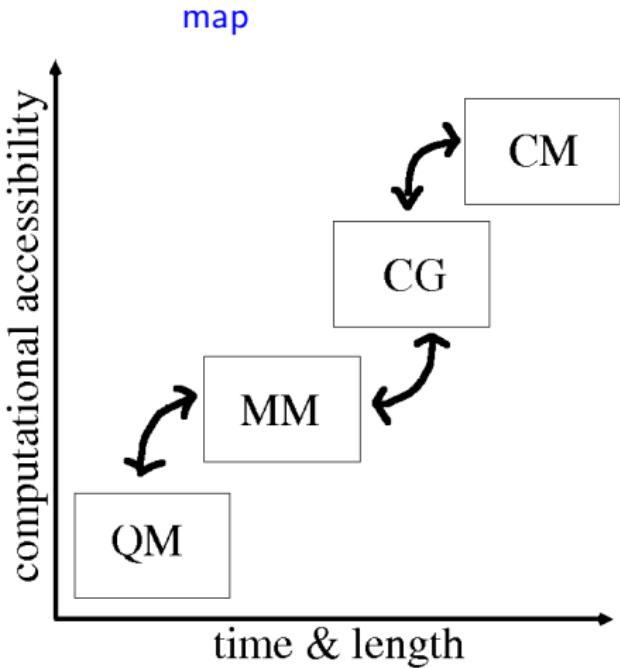
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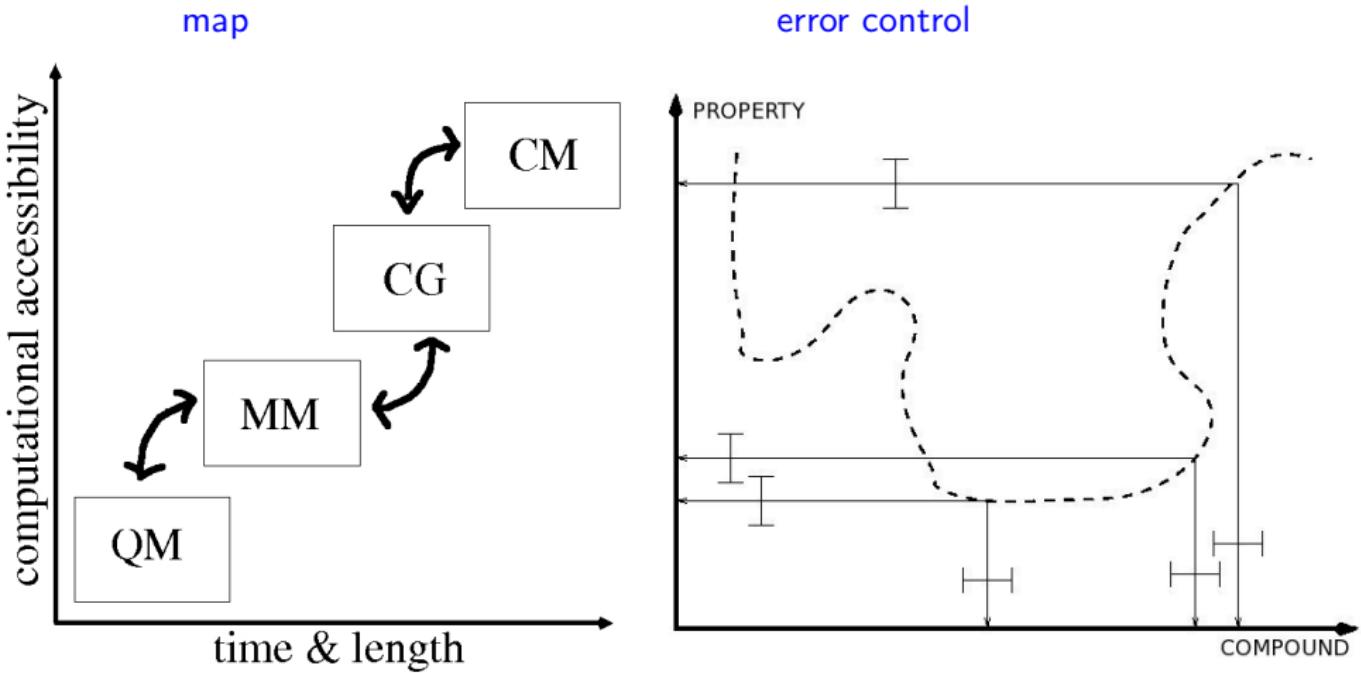
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- 4 test, assess, and apply to materials design, and subsequently forward to synthetic groups
→ **Holy Grail** (verbatim) FY10

Why accuracy? — error control of structure-property map



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Problems: Spin, intermolecular energies, band-gap/excited states

Today: intermolecular interactions (bulk) and Fermi level (band-structure)

Crystal structure prediction revisited ...

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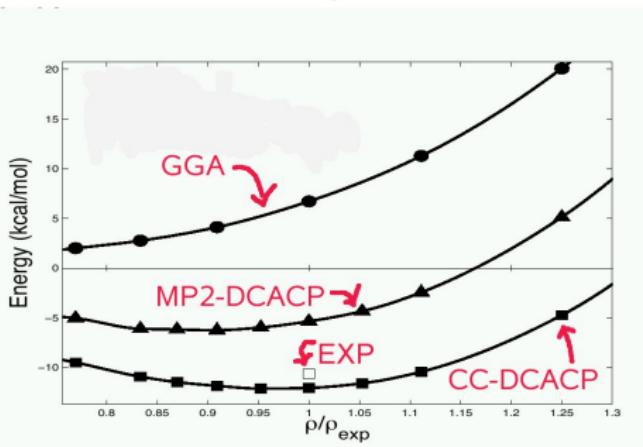
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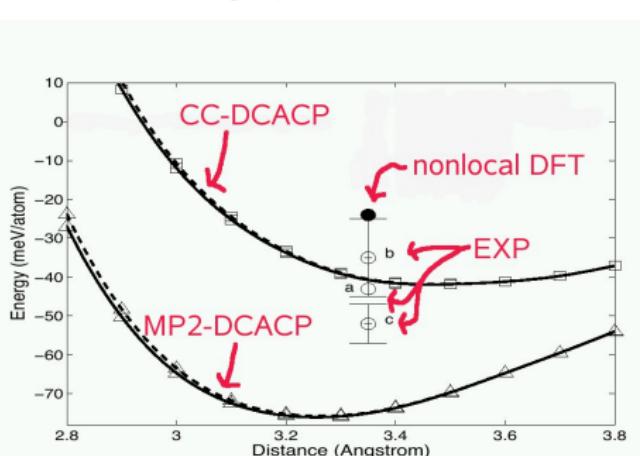
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BUT DFT & intermolecular energies problematic:

Benzene crystal



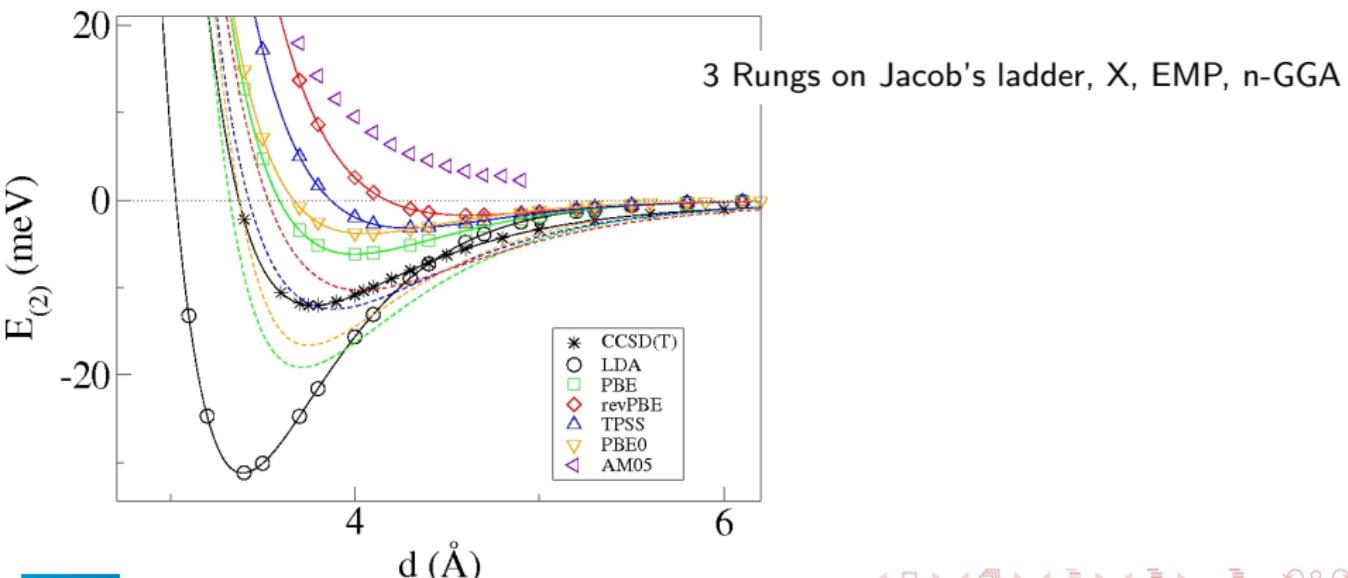
Three graphene sheets



London Dispersion and DFT

Heitler, Eisenschitz, and London, *Z f Phys* (1927, 1930)

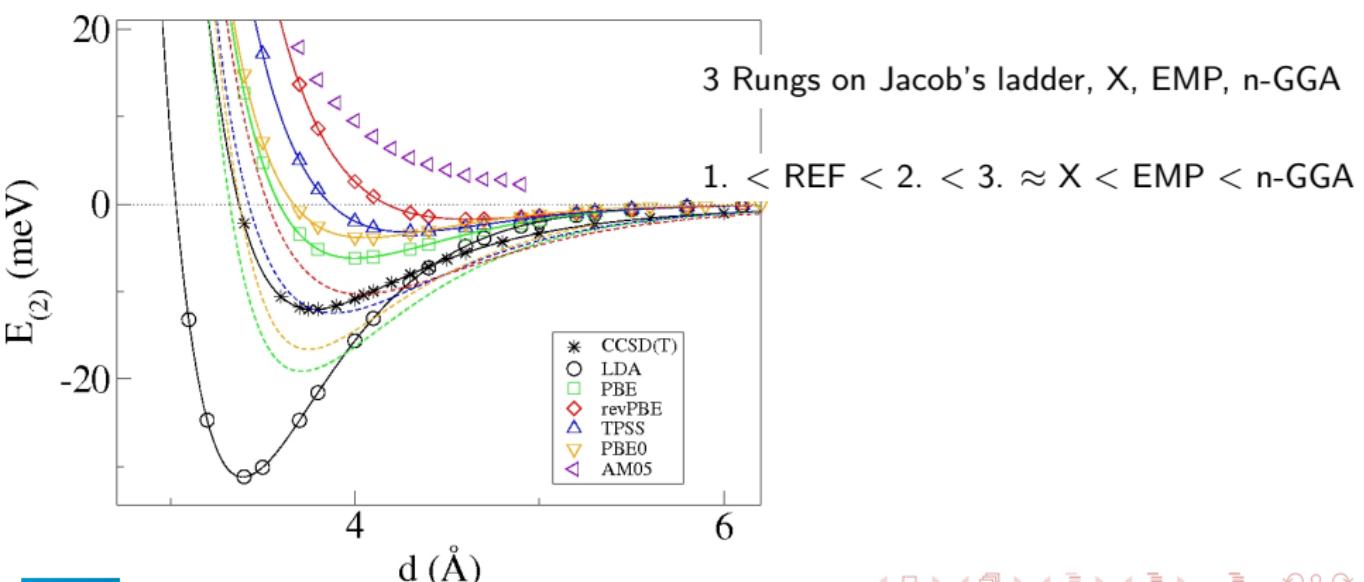
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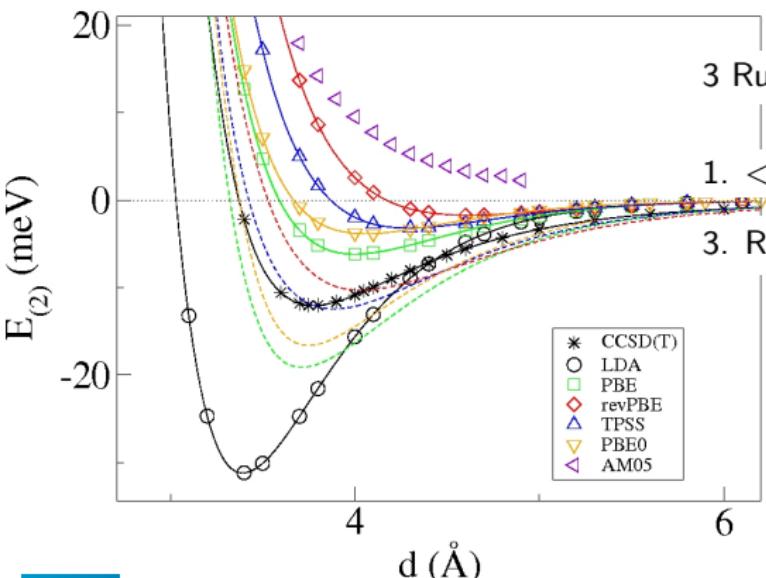
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3 Rungs on Jacob's ladder, X, EMP, n-GGA

1. < REF < 2. < 3. \approx X < EMP < n-GGA

3. Rung + C_6 deviate $\lesssim 3$ meV

→ sufficient for bulk, such as
molecular crystals . . .?

Molecular crystal structure prediction

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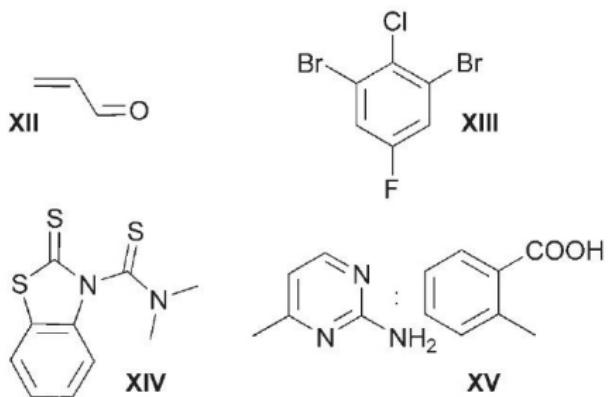
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'Major Advance in crystal structure prediction' — CSPBT 2007

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Compd	Hybrid rank ^[a]	TMFF rank ^[b]	Hybrid ΔE [kcal mol ⁻¹ atom ⁻¹]
XII	1	1, 37, 38, 69	0.000
	2	7	0.036
	3	13	0.059
XIII	1	2	0.000
	2	4	0.027
	3	3	0.029
XIV	1	1, 8	0.000
	2	9	0.019
	3	19, 25	0.042
XV	1	37	0.000
	2	17	0.015

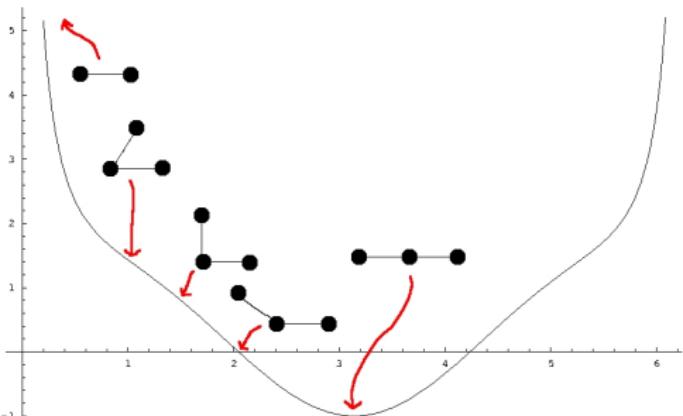
MBC are significant for bulk — role of 3-body?

Axilrod and Teller *J Chem Phys* (1943)

$$E_{(3)}[A, B, C] = \frac{3 C_{9A} C_{9B} C_{9C} \times (\cos[\gamma_{AB}] \cos[\gamma_{AC}] \cos[\gamma_{BC}] + 1)}{d_{AB}^3 d_{AC}^3 d_{BC}^3}$$

some interesting situations:

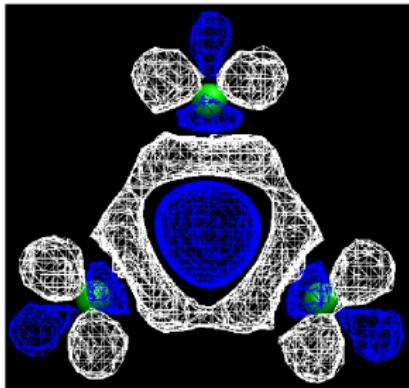
1. superimposed ($\gamma \rightarrow 0$):
 $E \rightarrow +\infty$
2. equilateral triangle ($\gamma = \pi/3$):
 $E \approx \frac{11}{8} \frac{C_{9A} C_{9B} C_{9C}}{3 d_{AB}^3}$
3. right triangle ($\gamma = \pi/2$):
 $E \approx \frac{C_{9A} C_{9B} C_{9C}}{d_{AB}^3 d_{AC}^3 d_{BC}^3}$
4. linear ($\gamma = \pi$):
 $E \approx -\frac{C_{9A} C_{9B} C_{9C}}{d_{AB}^3 d_{AC}^3 d_{BC}^3}$



MBC are crucial for bulk — 3-body & DFT?

$$E_{(3)} = E^{trim} - 3E_{(1)} - 3E_{(2)} = E^{trim} - 3E^{dim} + 3E_{(1)}$$

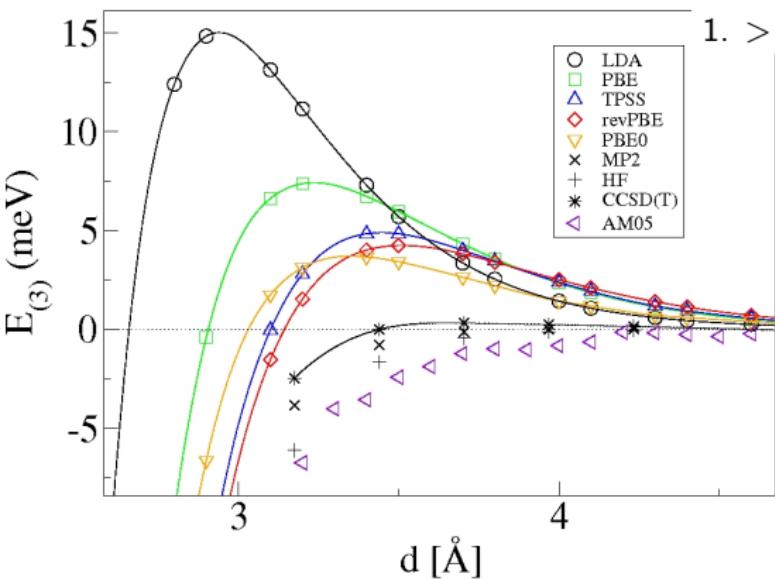
Ar₃ in the equilateral triangle



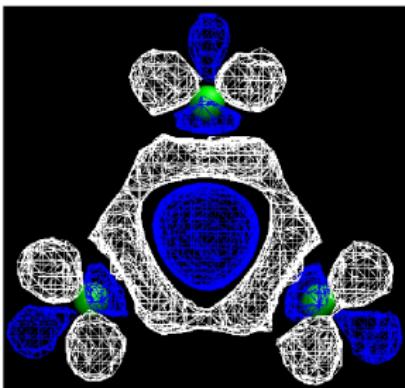
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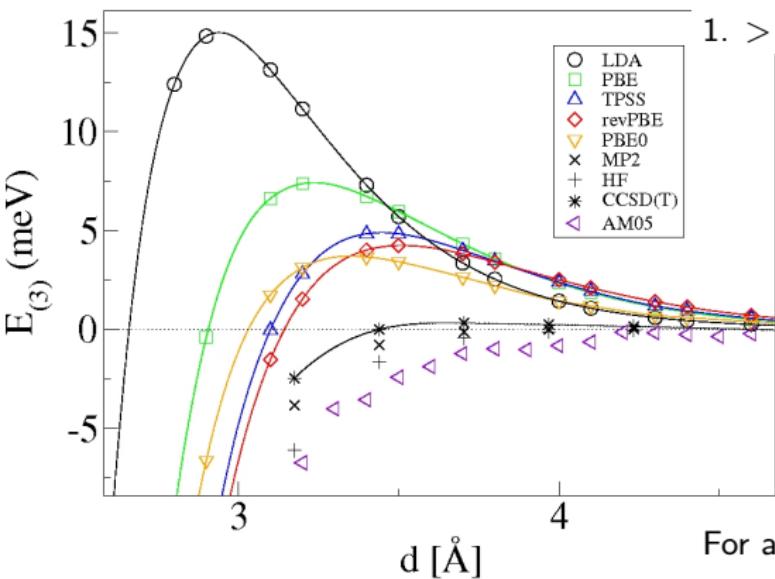
1. > 2. > 3. \approx X \approx EMP > REF > n-GGA



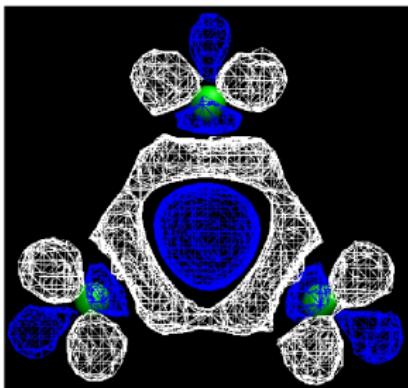
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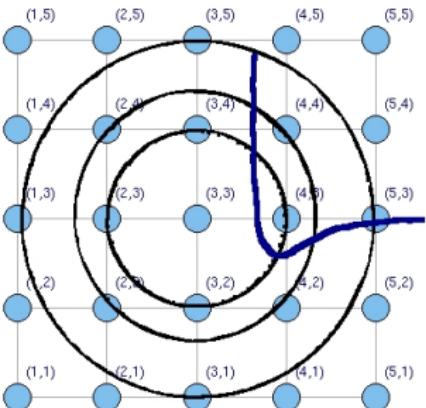
For all but n-GGA C_9 would worsen things
... and bulk?

Bulk's MBC & DFT?

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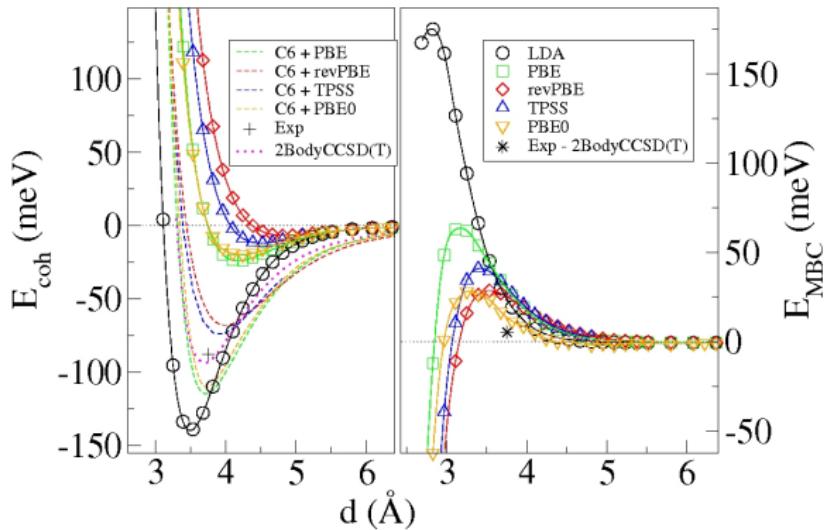
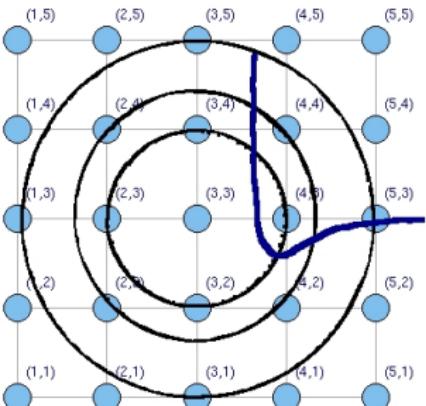
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A Tkatchenko and OAvL *PRB* **78** 045116 (2008)

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Can one improve upon band-gap?

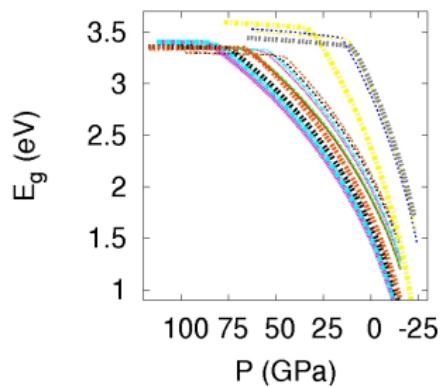
YES (Christensen *PRB* (1984), Segev et al. *PRB* (2007))

GaN, GaP, GaAs — industrially relevant semi-conductors whose band-gap is crucial to determine effects of defects

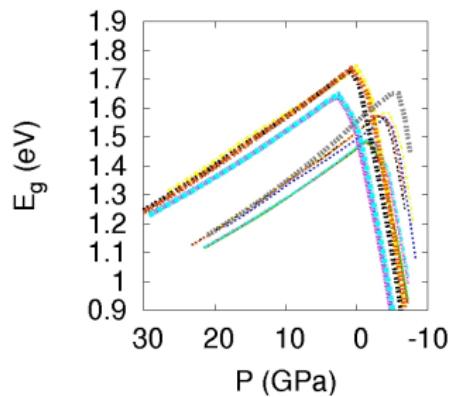
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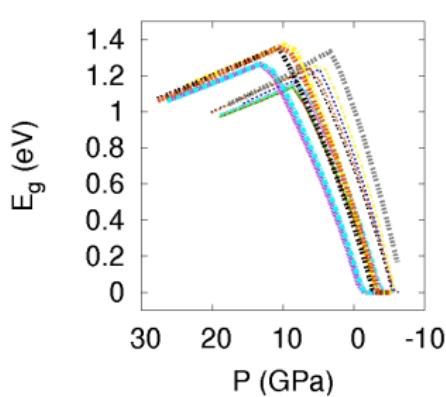
GaN



GaP



GaAs



OAvL and P Schultz *PRB* **77** 115202 (2008)

Activities and collaborators

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- xi Alchemical design of molecular conductors (I-Chun Lin and Koichi Yamashita, Tokyo University)

Conferences, visits, visitors

- ▶ Long Range Interactions in Nanoscale Science, October 2007, Annapolis, sponsored by the Council for the Division of Materials Sciences and Engineering (DMS&E). DMS&E is one of the research divisions in the Office of Basic Energy Sciences of the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE)
- ▶ 3 weeks visit group of Prof. Artem Oganov, ETH Zürich (crystal structure prediction), Nov 2007
- ▶ 3 weeks visit of Prof. Scheffler's theory department at FHI Berlin (3-body study with Alexandre), Dec 2007
- ▶ hosted 8 weeks visit of Matteo Guglielmi, (Jan & Feb 2008)
- ▶ American Physical Society meeting, March 2008, New Orleans
- ▶ Institute of Pure and Applied Mathematics, UCLA, reunion of Fall 2005 long-term program 'Bridging Time and Length Scales in Materials Science and Bio-Physics', CA, Jun 2008
- ▶ 1 week visit Prof. Koichi Yamashita at Tokyo University (molecular conductor), Jun 2008
- ▶ Meeting of the World-Association of Theoretically Oriented Chemists 2008 (WATOC08), Sydney AU, Sep 2008
- ▶ Various stays with Prof. Mark Tuckerman's group at NYU

⌚ \$\$\$? — acquisitions, contracts, students, metrics

- ▶ asgard — Desktop, quad-core Intel, 3 TB hard drive, 1 GB memory, linux, SRN
- ▶ frigg — Rack Compute node, 4×quad-core Intel, rack compute node, 0.5 TB hard drive, 128 GB memory, linux, SON
- ▶ TURBOMOLE — 'one of the fastest and most stable codes available for standard quantum chemical applications'
- ▶ postdoctoral researcher at NYU — 3 months of salary
- ▶ three PhD-students hosted at SNL — each for 3 months
- ▶ travel & collaborations
- ▶ <http://www.cs.sandia.gov/~oavonli>
- ▶ OAvL and P Schultz *PRB* **77** 115202 (2008),
A Tkatchenko and OAvL *PRB* **78** 045116 (2008)

Overview

	goals	systems	SNL	needs
1 st Yr	accurate DFT	crystals	<i>ab initio</i>	collaborations, software
2 nd Yr	multiscaling & GCE	T_m , reactions	realistic reactive	more man-power
3 rd Yr	perform RCD	oxidize CH ₄ , design HTF	service for RCD	amap
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⇒ opportunity to assemble pieces to accomplish major **breakthrough**

Acknowledgments

Mentor Ann Mattsson

Manager John Aidun

SNL Bob Bradshaw, Peter Feibelman, Harold Hjalmarson, Kevin Leung, Thomas Mattsson, Richard Muller, Steven Plimpton, Susan Rempe, Peter Schultz, John Shelnut, Nathan Siegel, Aidan Thompson

1435 Multiscale Dynamic Material Modeling Department

CSRI Deanna Ceballos (SMLS) and Vonda Coleman (OAA); Bill Goldman and Roger Retal (CSUs)

\$\$\$ US-NSF (IPAM workshop at UCLA), DOE (LRI workshop & Solar Energy), Tokyo University (visit),

LDRD: Truman Fellowship from Sandia National Laboratories



Yolanda Moreno (LDRD); Wendy Cieslak (VP 1000); Ilke Arslan, Whitney Colella, Darin Desilets, Jacques Loui, Gregory Nielson, David Scrymgeour (fellow Fellows)

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