

Bloch oscillations in lateral periodic nanostructure arrays: a possible new source/detector in far-infrared frequency range

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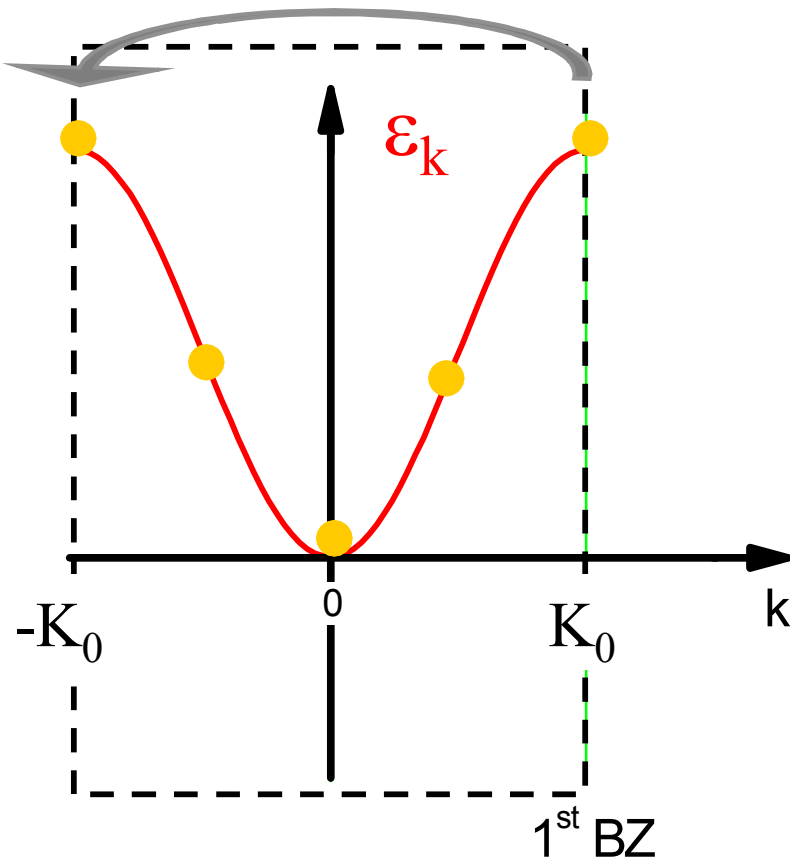


Outline

- Project goal
- What's Bloch oscillation?
- Sample fabrication
- Evidence of Bloch oscillation
 - ✓ I-V measurements
 - ✓ Edge magneto-plasmon resonance like behavior

What's Bloch oscillation?

Bloch, Z. Phys. 1928



$$K_0 = \pi/a$$

Under a DC electric field E

$$\hbar dk/dt = -eE$$

$$\epsilon_k \sim 1 - \cos(ak)$$

$$v \sim \partial \epsilon_k / \partial k \sim \sin(aeEt/\hbar)$$

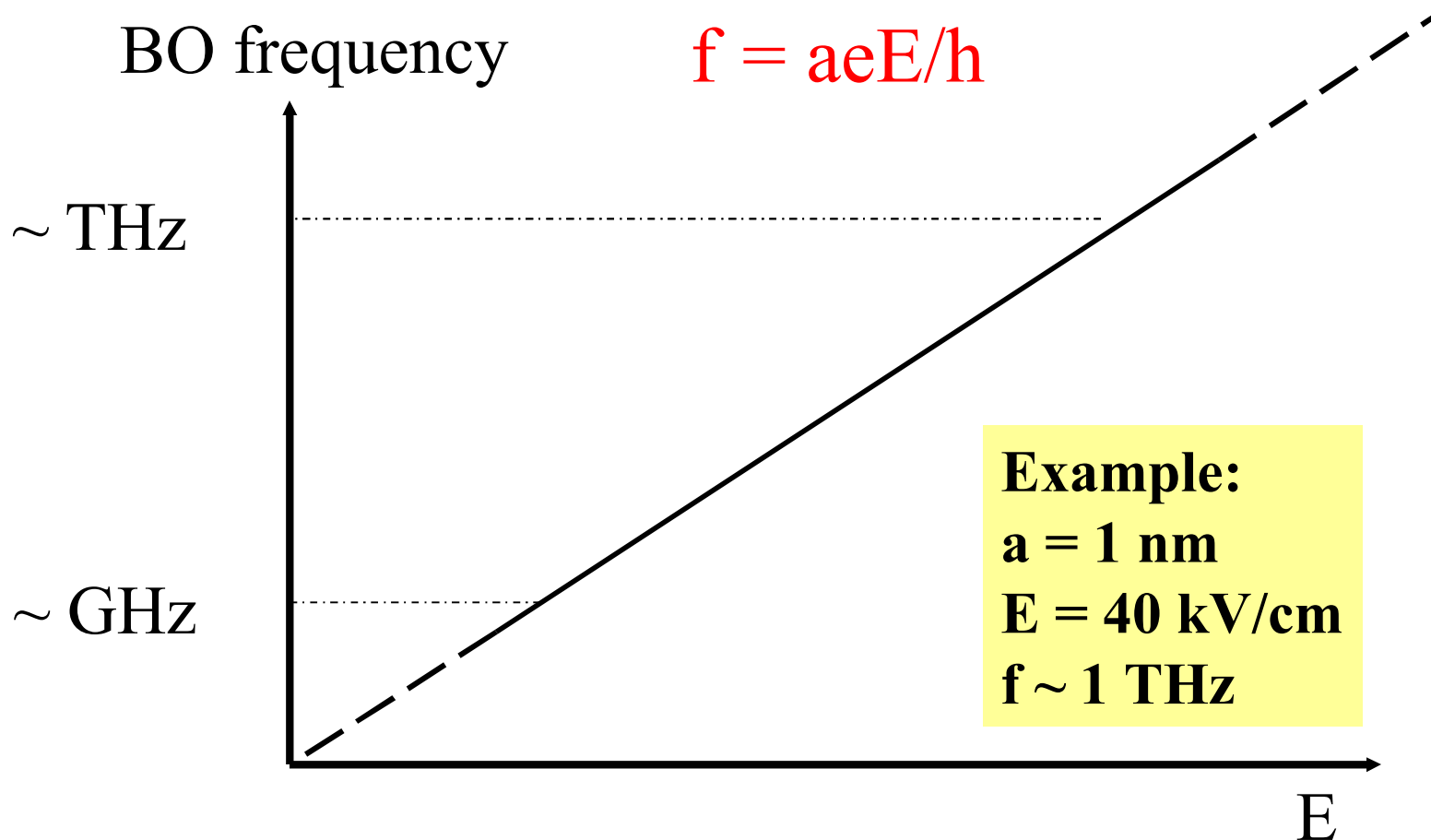
$$r \sim \cos(aeEt/\hbar) = \cos(2\pi ft)$$

$$f = aeE/\hbar$$

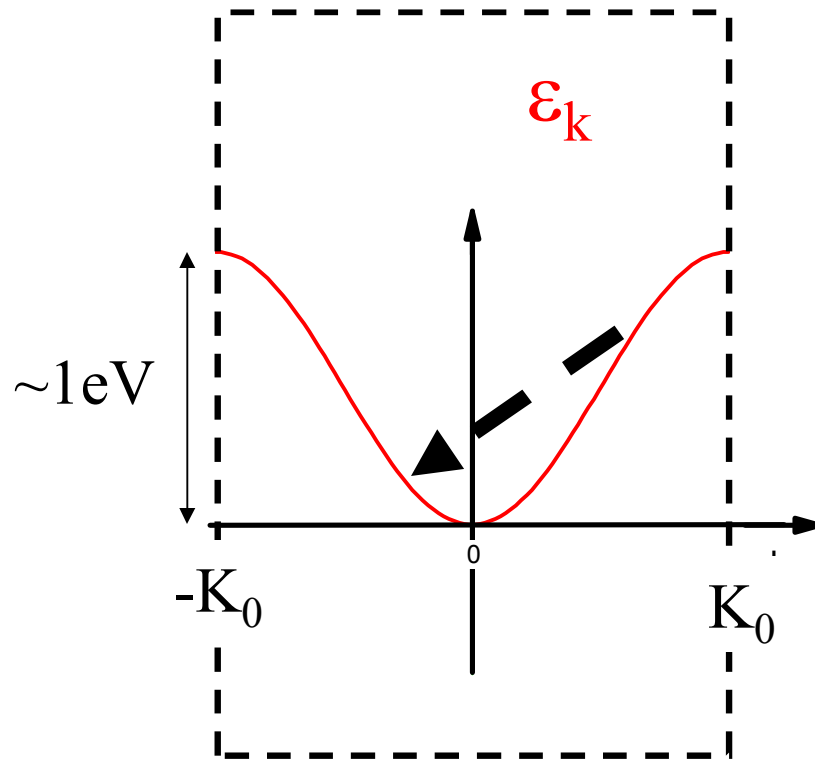
a : lattice constant

Why Bloch oscillation?

- Far-infrared application – frequency tunable



Problems in achieving Bloch oscillation



3D crystal

- Very high electric field
- Electron is scattered before it can complete a full oscillation

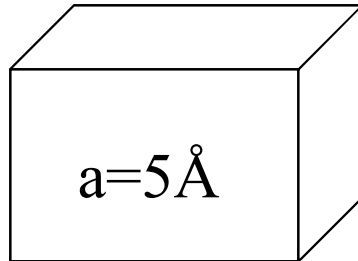
Scattering mechanisms:

- Impurities
- Phonons

1D vertical superlattice

Esaki and Tsu, 1975

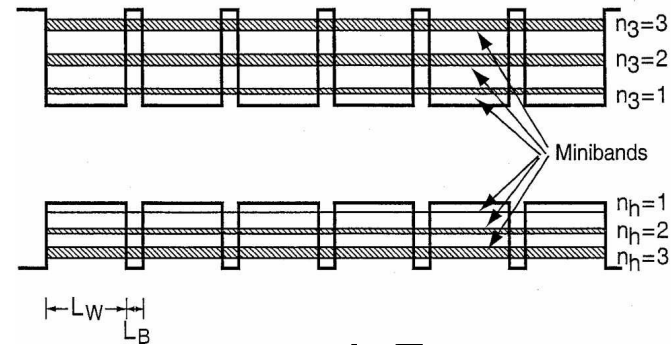
3D crystal



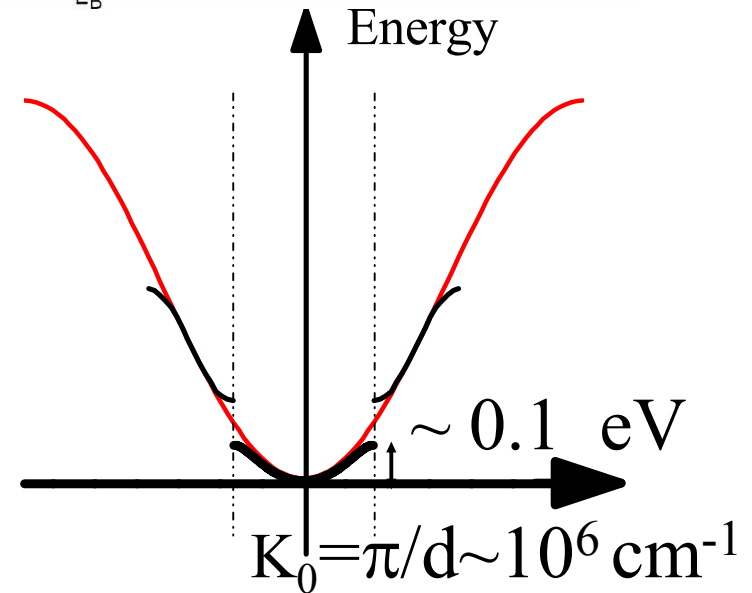
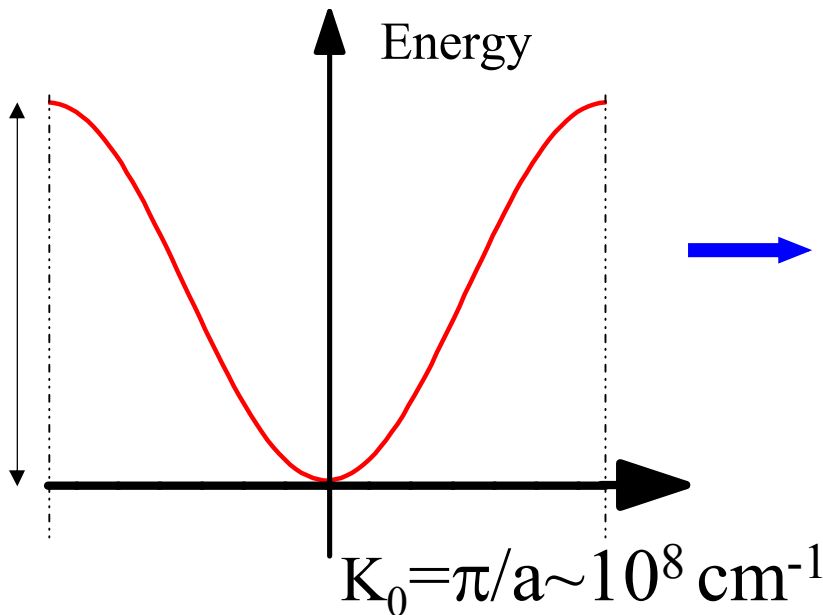
$$a = 5 \text{ \AA}$$



Superlattice



$\sim 1 \text{ eV}$





Many progresses made in 1D superlattice

However, issues in 1D vertical superlattice:

- **formation of high electric field domains**
- **electron – phonon scattering**
- **impurity scattering**
- **....**



New approach – 2D quantum dot superlattice

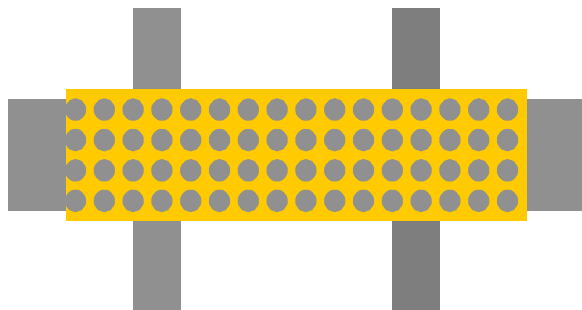
Dmitriev and Suris, Semiconductors 35, 212 (2001)

- 3D-quantum confinement, suppress electron-phonon scattering
- High sample quality, reduce disorder scattering
- 2D dimensionality, prevent formation of electric field domains
- Compatible with existing techniques, interferometric lithography

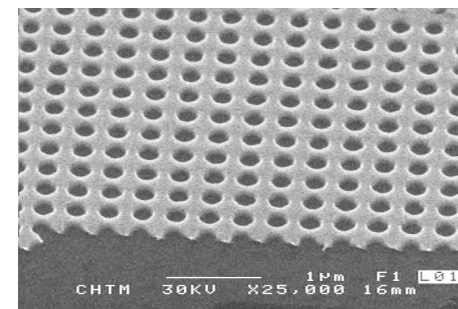
Sample fabrication

Though e-beam lithography is commonly used in nanometer scale fabrication, yet, for devices of cm^2 size, **interferometric lithography** is the best choice. It also provides *fast turn-around time* in new device fabrication, which is essential for explorative research.

Top view

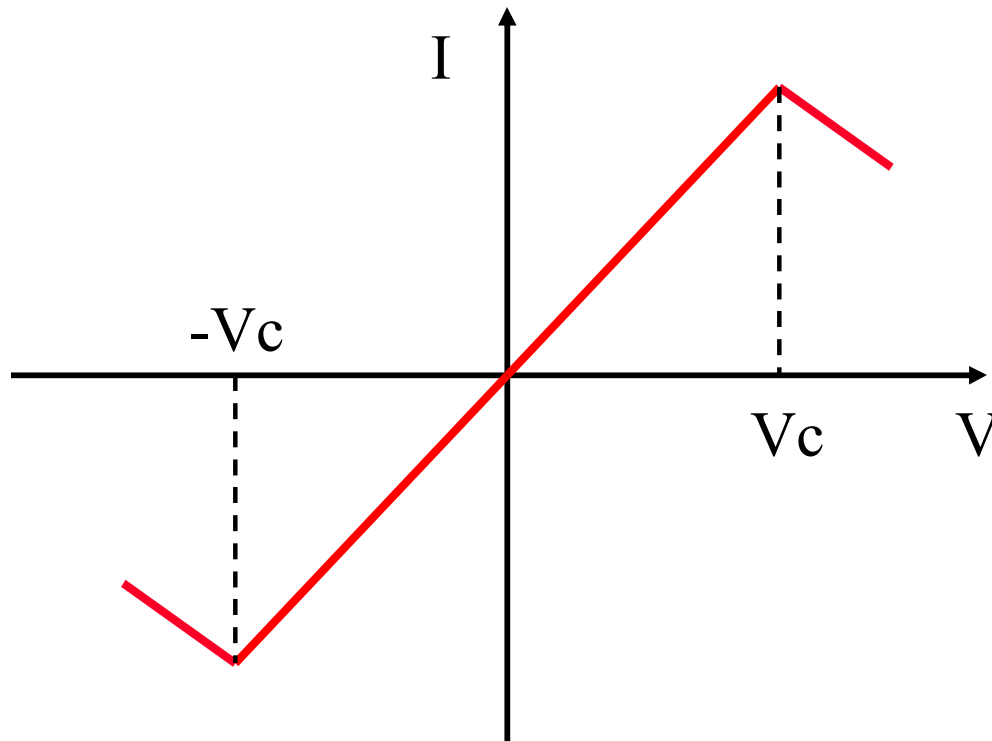


SEM picture



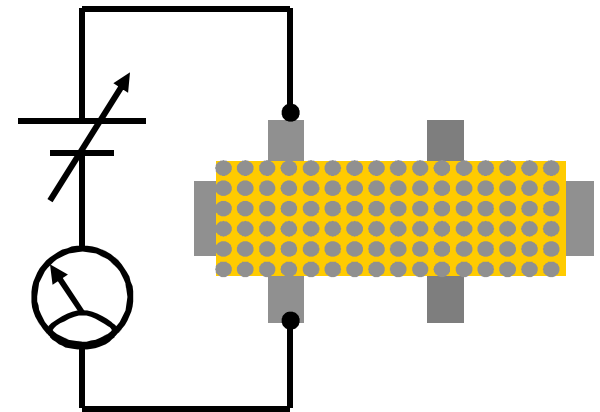
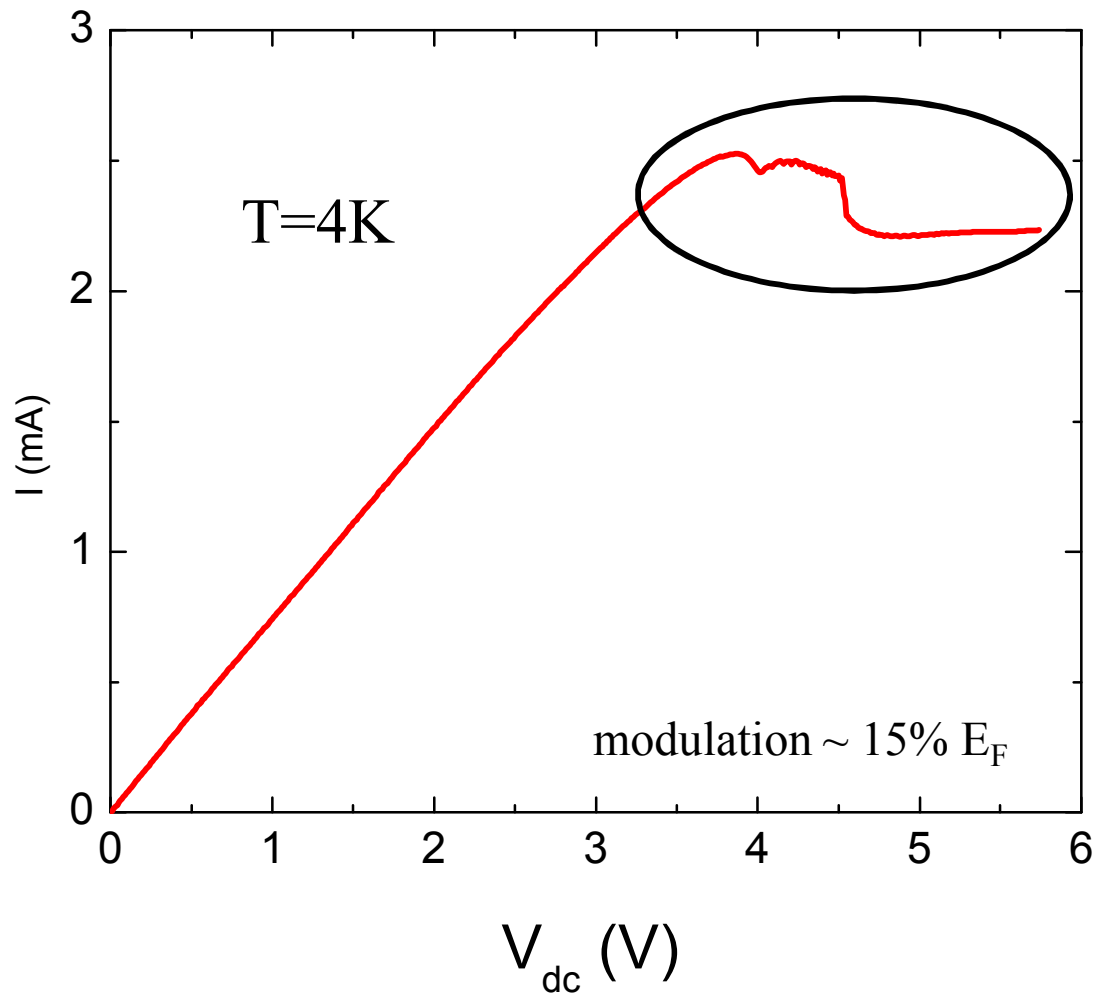
Evidence of Bloch oscillation

One signature for Bloch oscillation
--- negative differential conductance (NDC)



I – V measurement in 2D QDSL

NDC in QDSL!

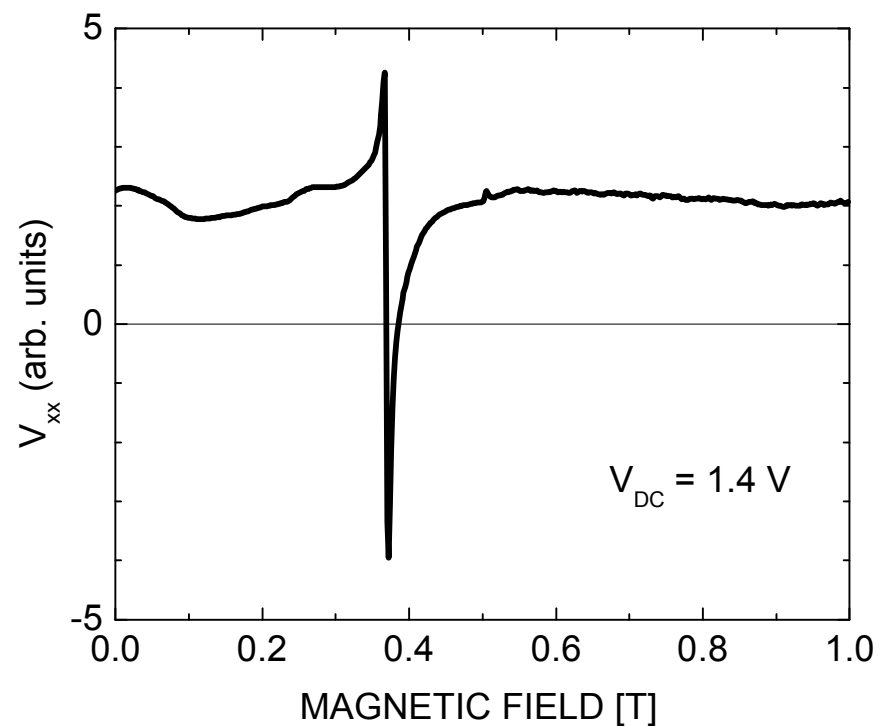
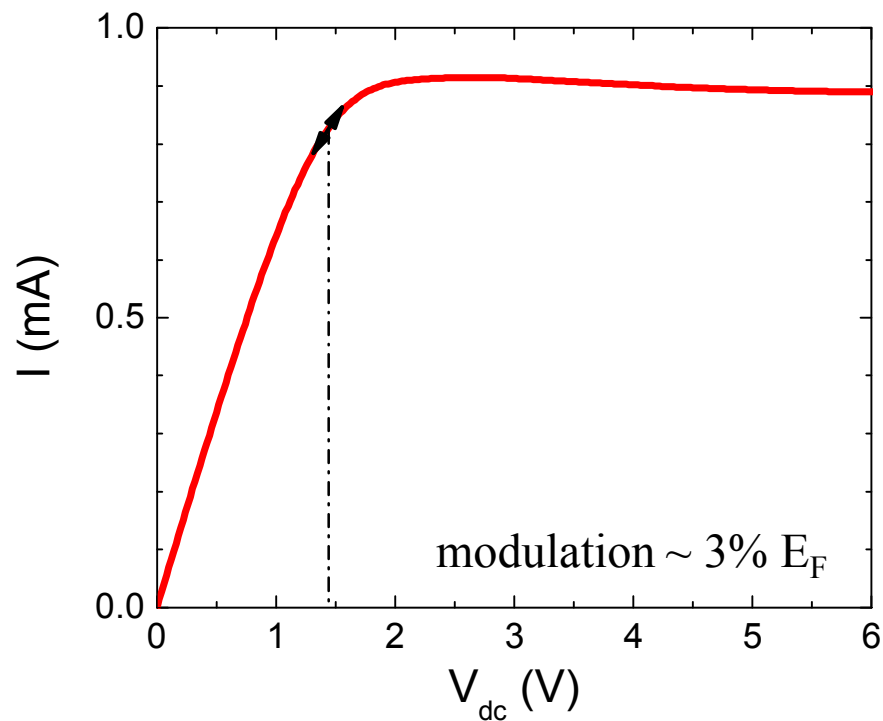




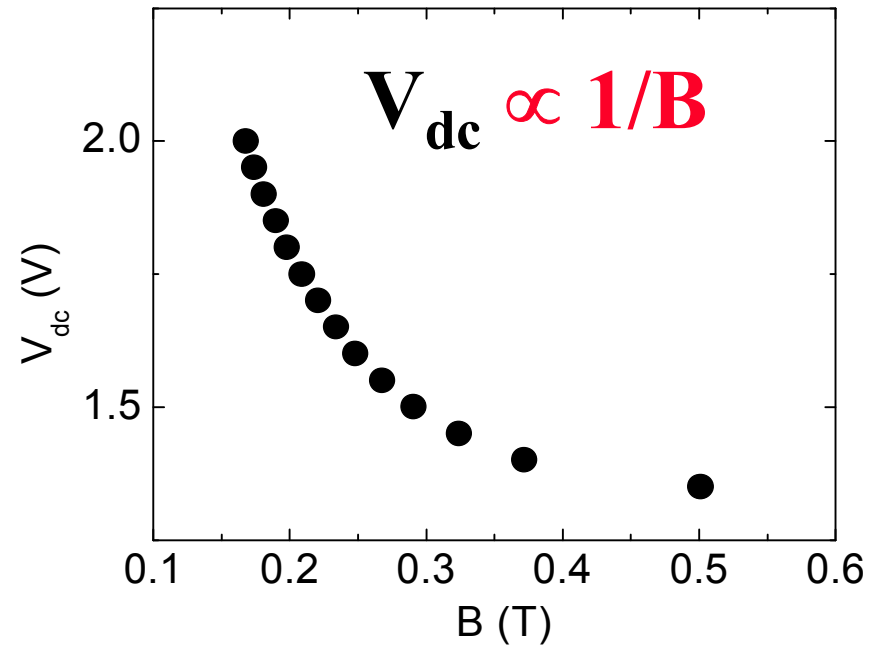
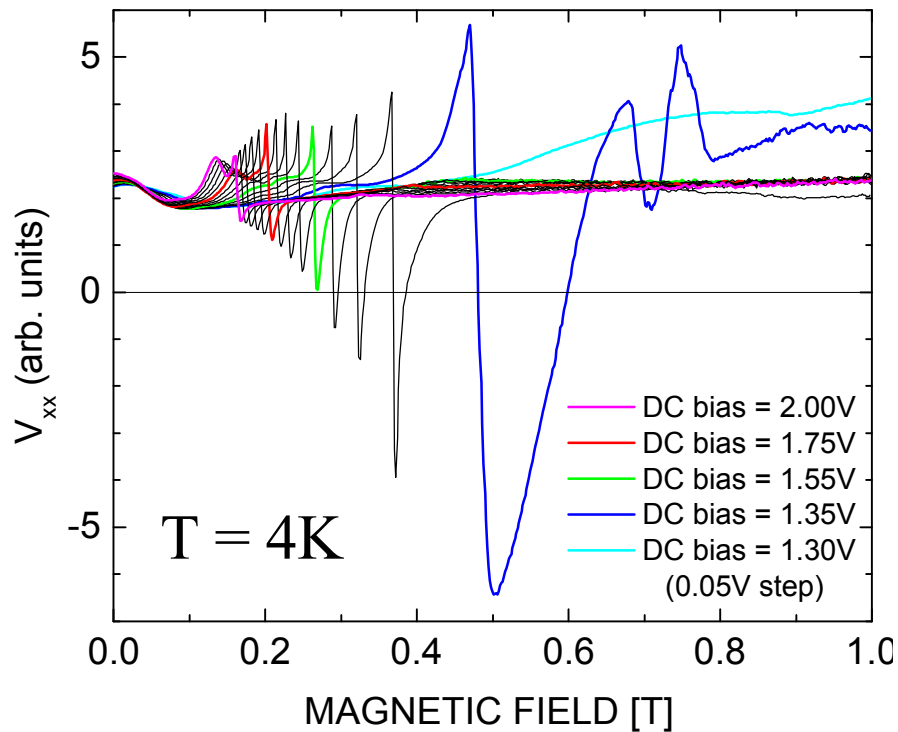
Physical origin of NDC ?

- Bloch oscillation?
- high field domains?
- ~~• thermal runaway?~~

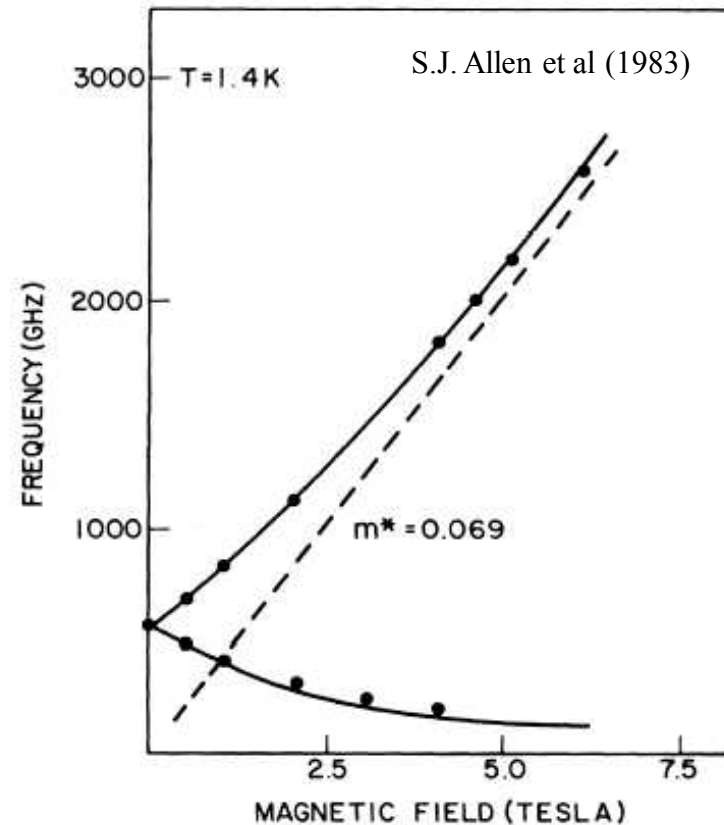
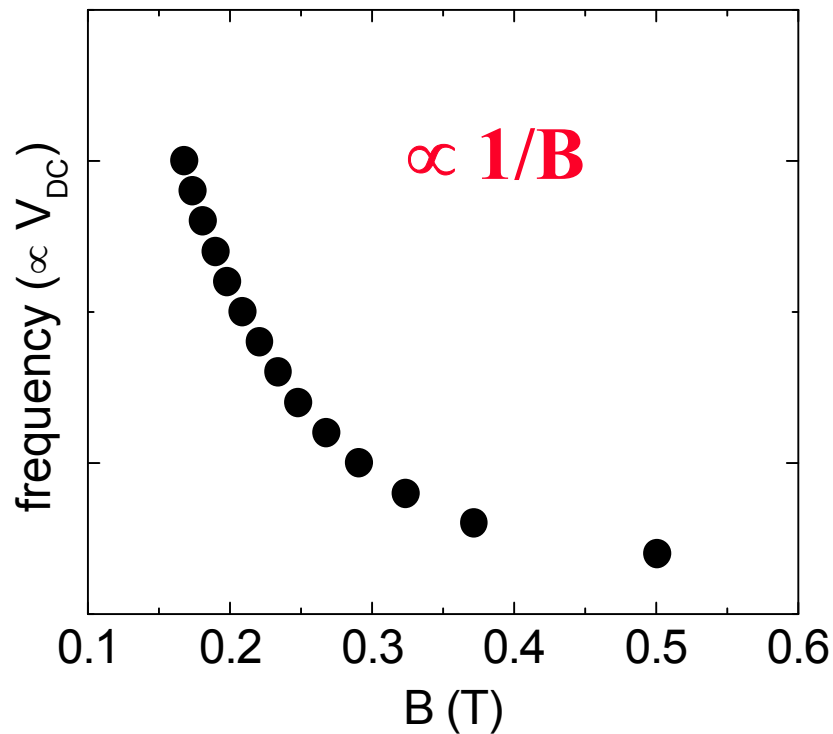
More evidence of Bloch oscillation



More evidence



Edge magnetoplasmon resonance?



$$\omega = -\hbar\omega_c/2 + [(\hbar\omega_c/2)^2 + \omega_0^2]^{1/2} \propto 1/B \text{ at high } B \text{ fields}$$



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