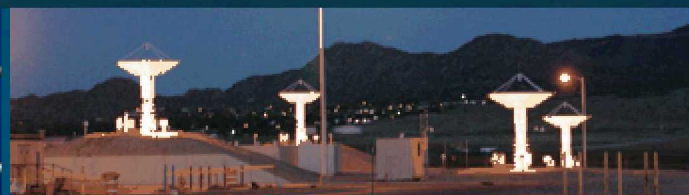
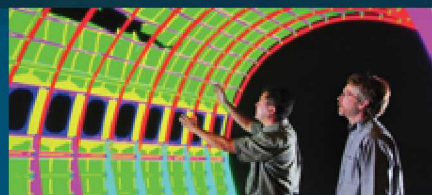
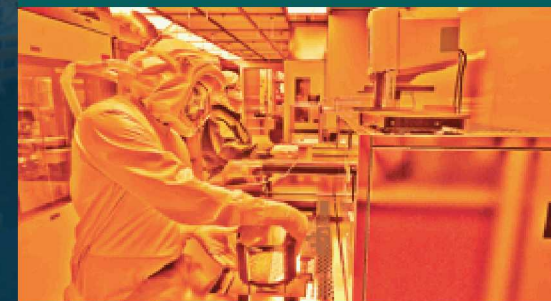


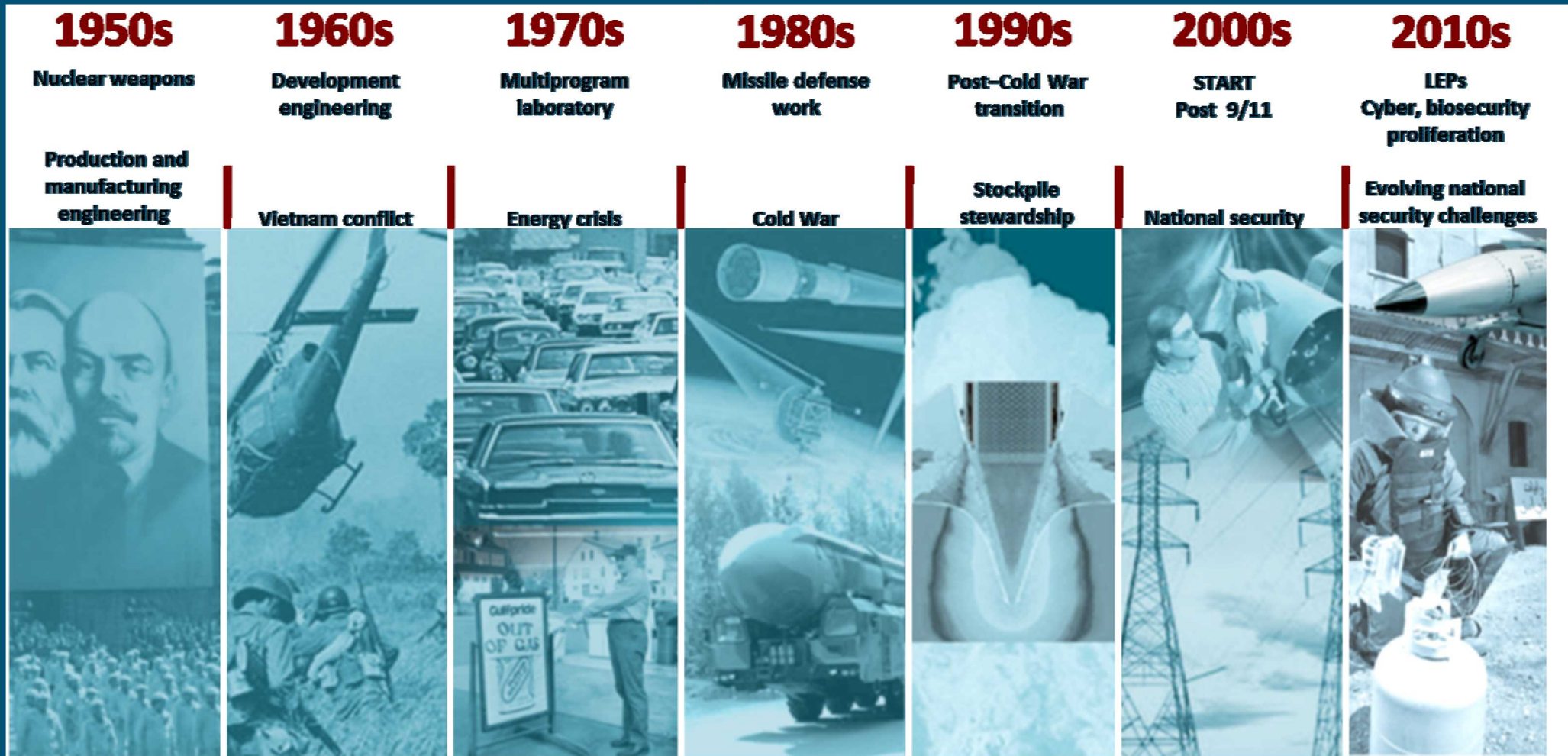
# Advanced Microsystems Radiation Effects R&D at Sandia National Laboratories



PRESENTED BY

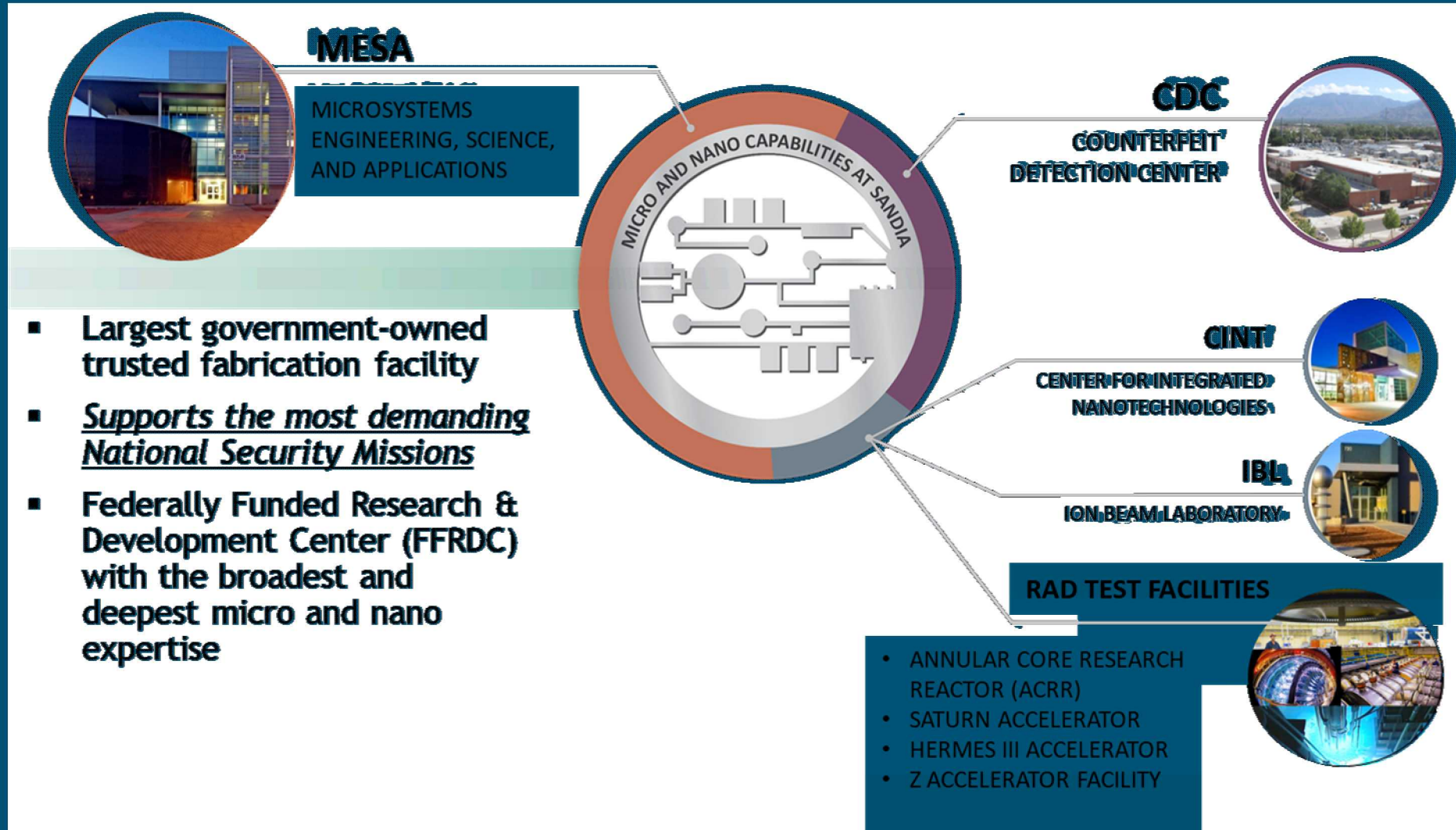
Nathan Nowlin

## Sandia National Laboratories Leads in National Security Solutions Across the Decades and Across Many Mission Areas

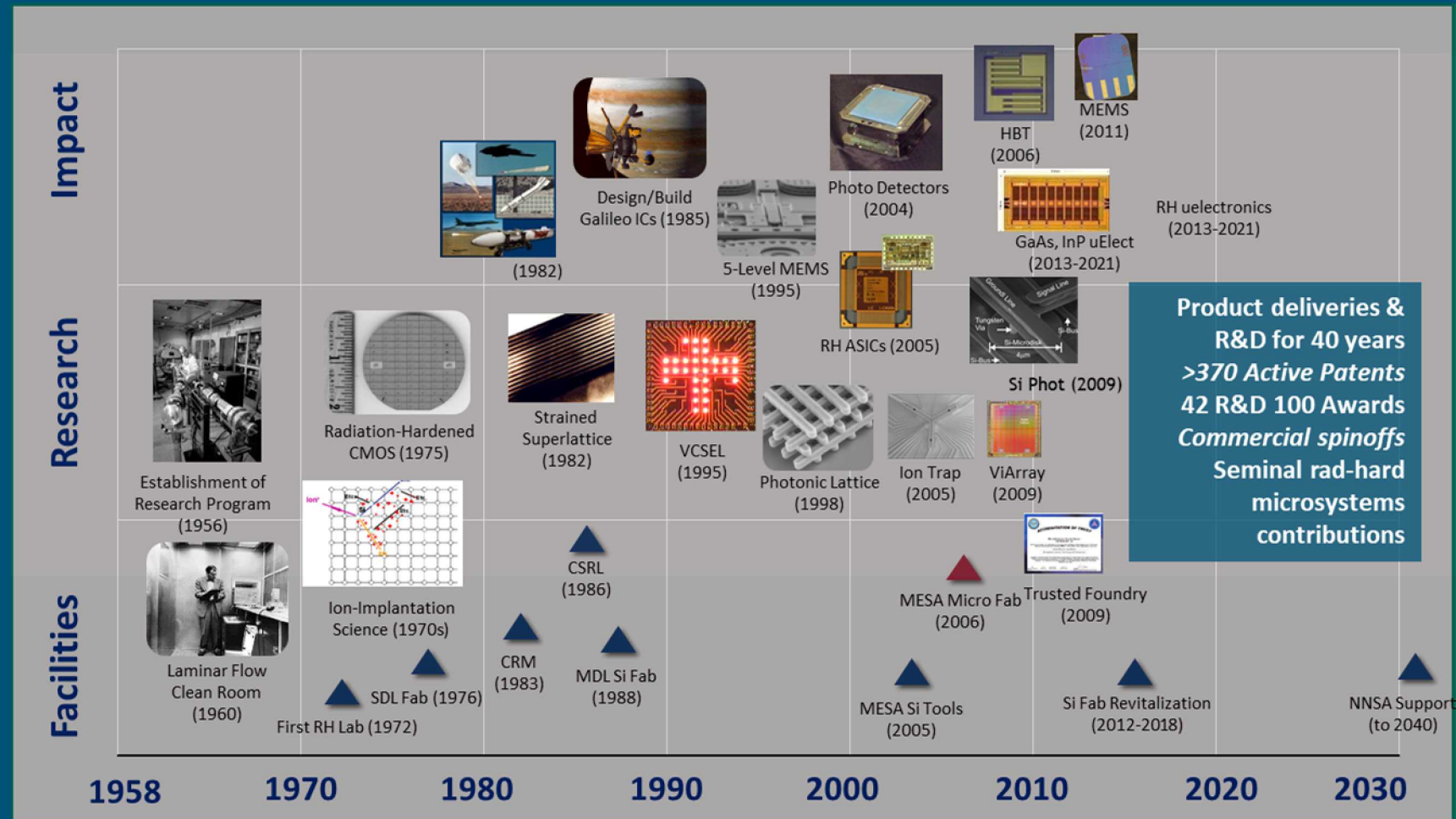


- Sandia National Laboratories is a Department of Energy (DOE) laboratory for weapons, energy, non-proliferation, cyber security, anti-terrorism and many other national security missions
- Initially Z-division of Manhattan Project (Non-nuclear Components)

## Our Leadership Stems from a Broad Array of Capabilities and Resources Across Many Disciplines



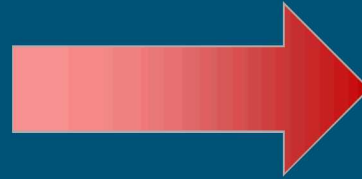
# SNL's MESA Capability Arises from a Rich Legacy of High Impact Innovation



# MESA Leadership is Enabled through Co-located Production and R&D

## Hundreds of thousands parts across many products:

- Si CMOS ASICs
- III-V HBT SSICs
- MEMS Sensor
- Photonic Arrays
- Focal Plane Arrays
- RFICs (design & qualify)
- Optoelectronic device



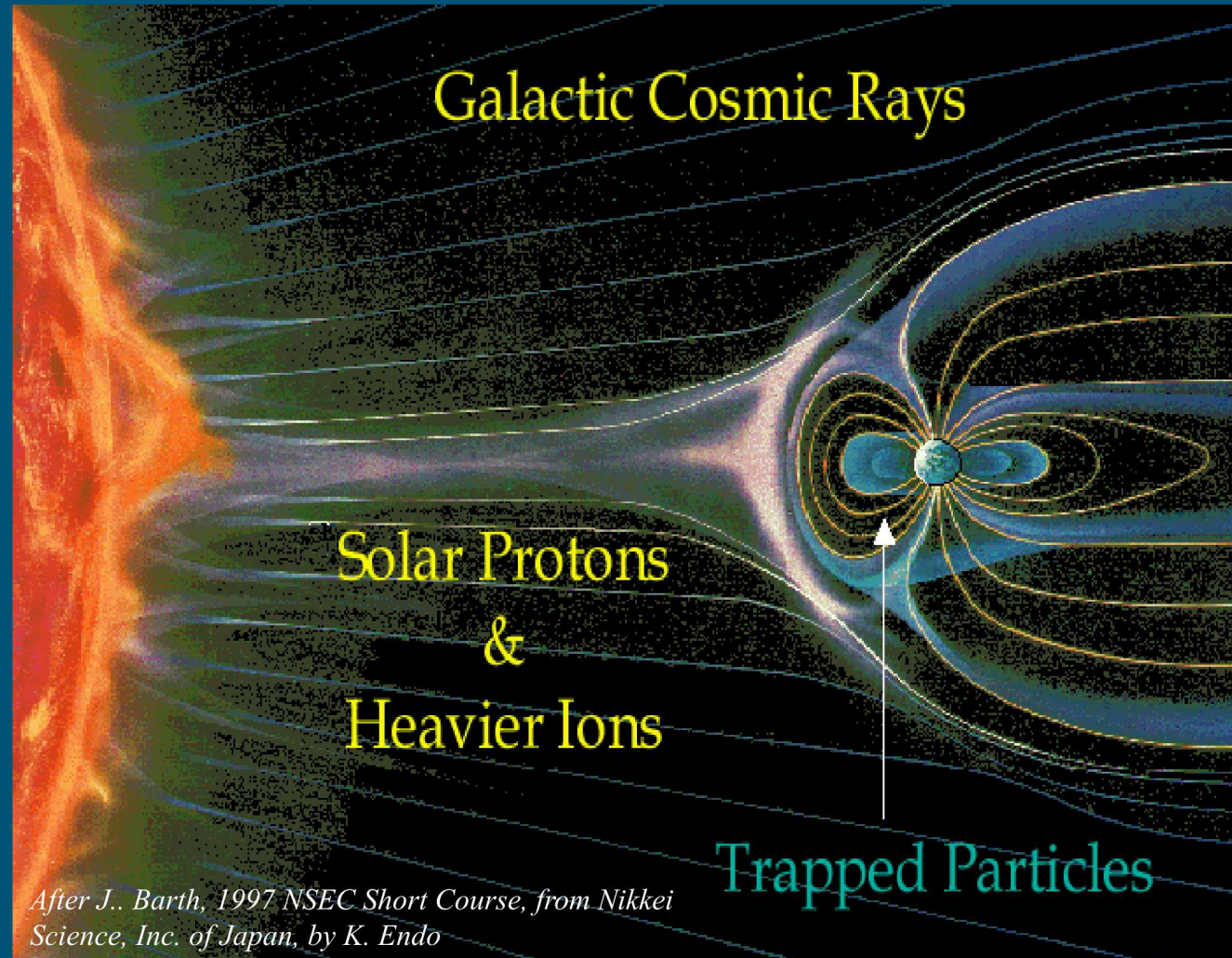
### Co-located R&D and Production



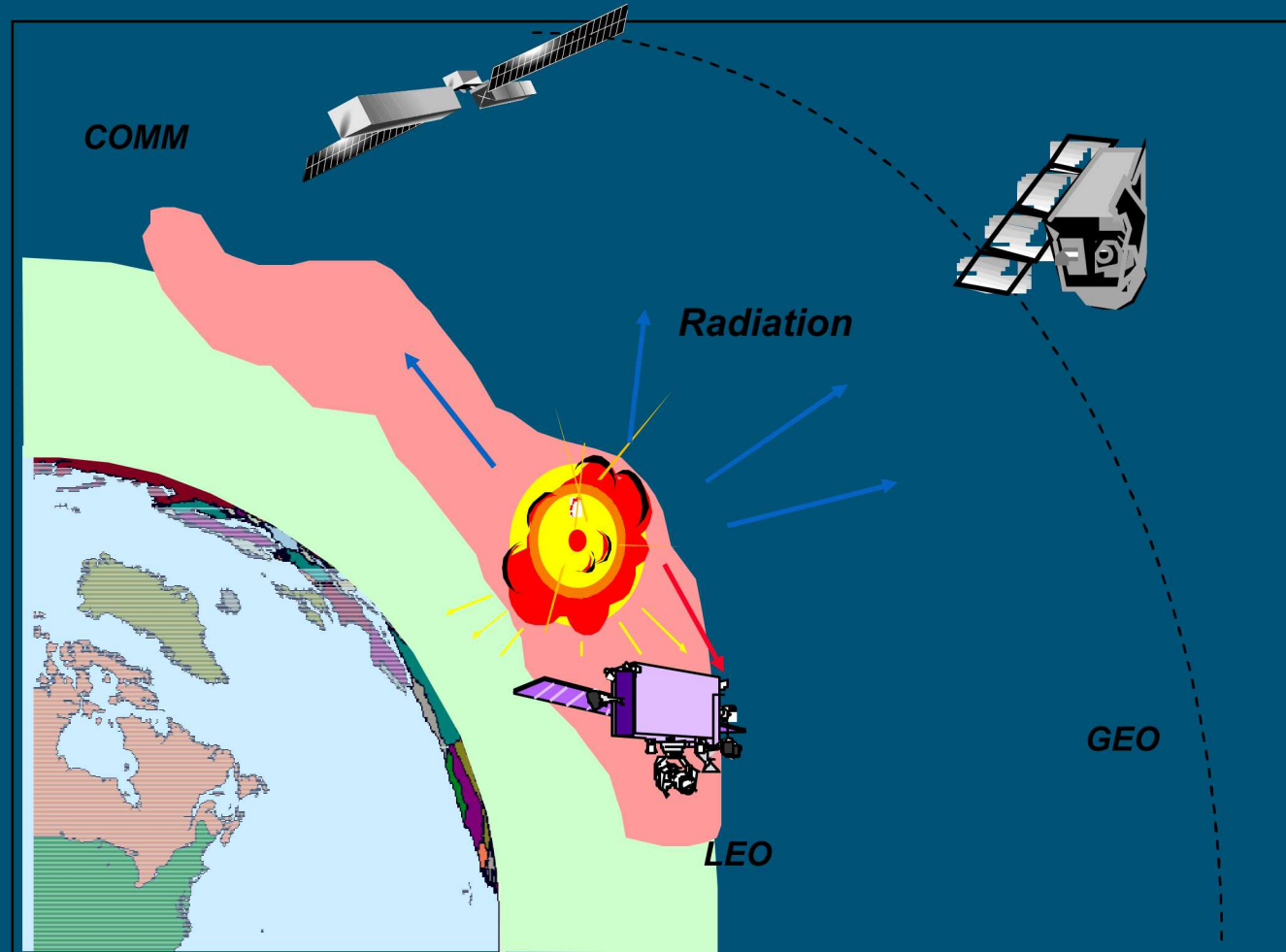
Research & Development  
 Design - Trusted Fabrication  
 Packaging - Radiation Effects Testing  
 Reliability/Qualification - Failure Analysis  
 Product Acceptance

Microsystems Engineering, Science, and Applications (MESA)

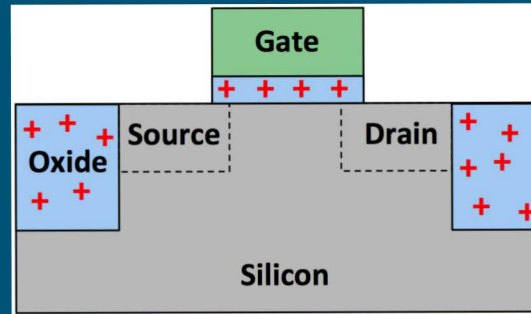
6 National Security Assets Must Survive Natural Space Radiation Effects...



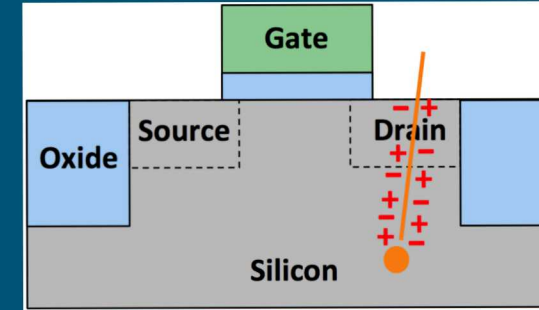
# 7 And Man-Made Radiation Environments



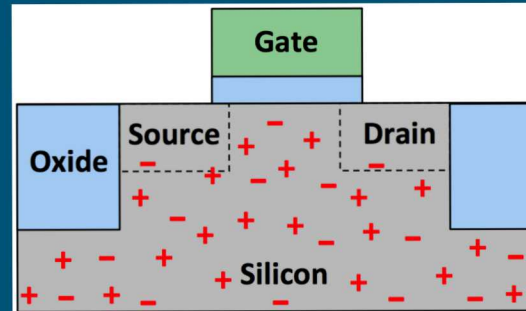
# Radiation Causes Four Basic Effects in Microelectronics



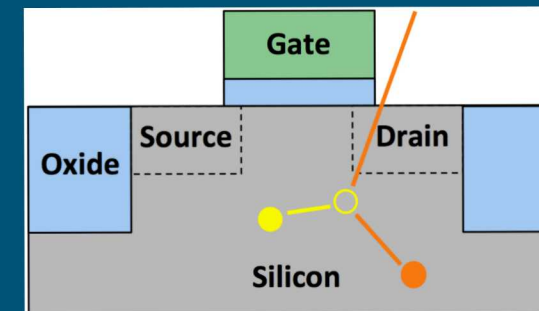
Total Dose Effects



Single Event Effects  
Upset, Transient, Latchup



High Dose Rate Effects



Displacement Damage Effects

**Innovative approaches are required to optimize tradeoffs between radiation hardness and system performance**

# Opportunities to Explore and Integrate Hardness Assurance Abound Across the Spectrum of Semiconductor Manufacturing Nodes...

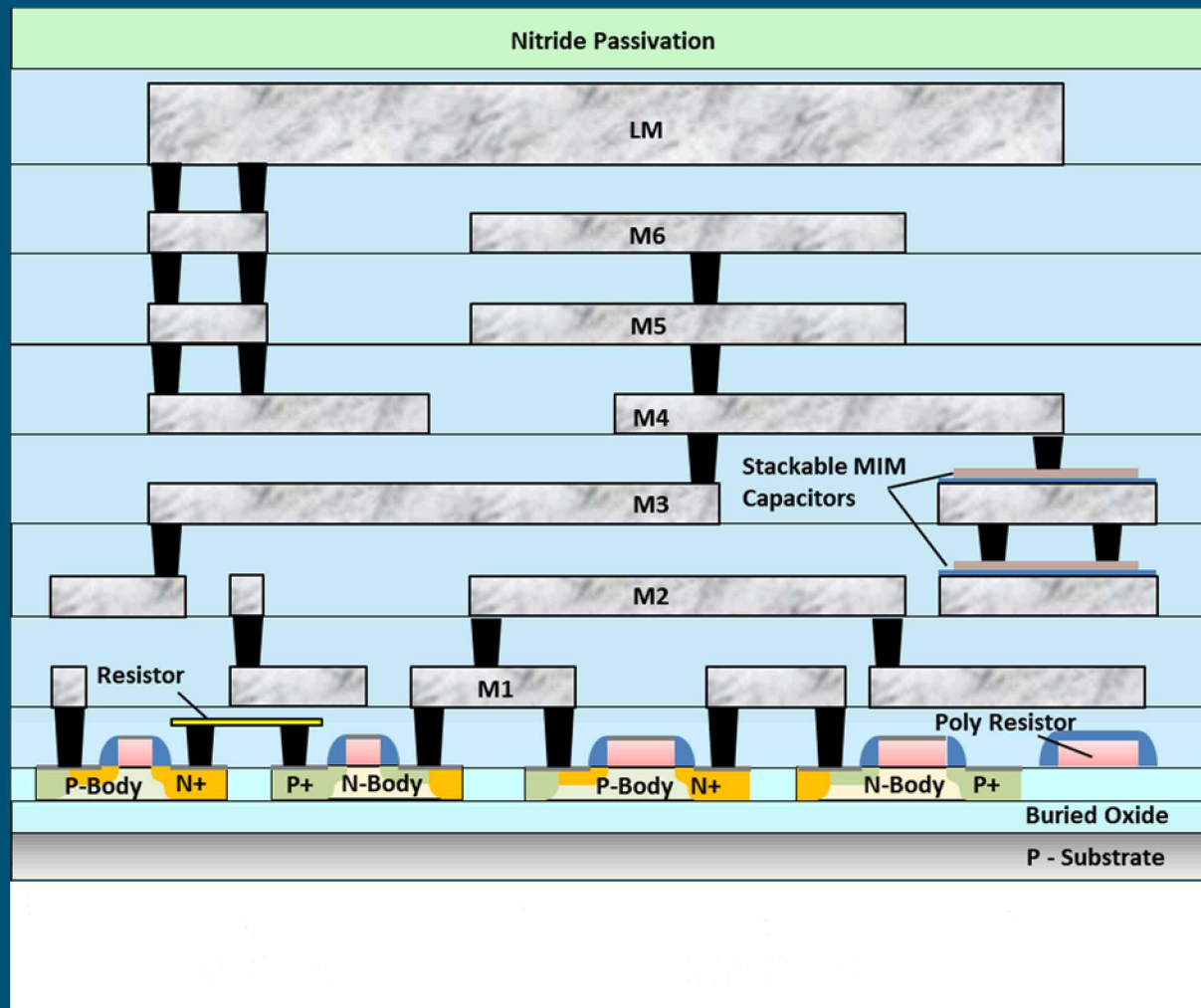
Increasing integration density

Tech	TID	SEL	SEU	SET	DD	DR
SNL A	Rad Hard	Rad Hard	Rad Hard	Rad Hard	Rad Hard	Rad Hard
SNL B	Rad Hard	Rad Hard	Rad Hard	Rad Hard	Rad Hard	Rad Hard
DOD A	Rad Hard	Rad Hard	Needs Work	Rad Hard	Rad Hard	Needs Work
COM A	Rad Hard	Rad Hard	Needs Work	Needs Work	Unknown	Unknown
DOD B	Rad Hard	Rad Hard	Needs Work	Needs Work	Unknown	Unknown
COM B	Rad Hard	Rad Hard	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown
COM C	Rad Hard	Rad Hard	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Rad Hard
COM D	Not Rad Hard	Not Rad Hard	Unknown	Unknown	Not Rad Hard	Unknown
COM E	Not Rad Hard	Not Rad Hard	Needs Work	Needs Work	Not Rad Hard	Not Rad Hard

**LEGEND**

- Rad Hard
- Needs Work
- Unknown
- Not Rad Hard

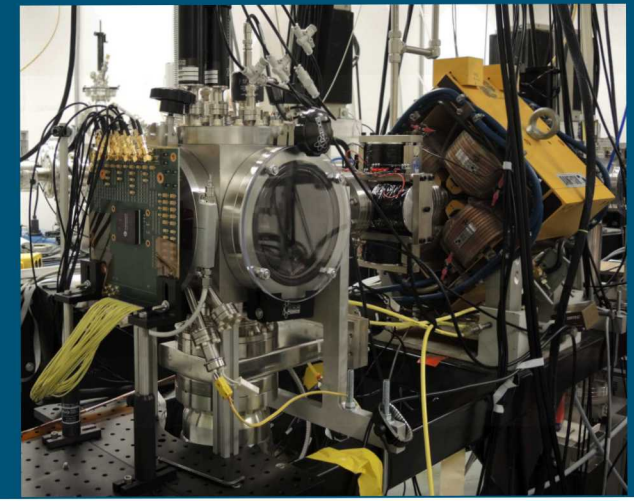
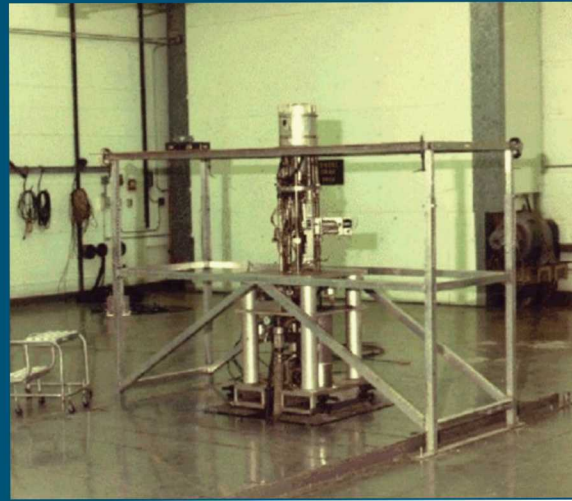
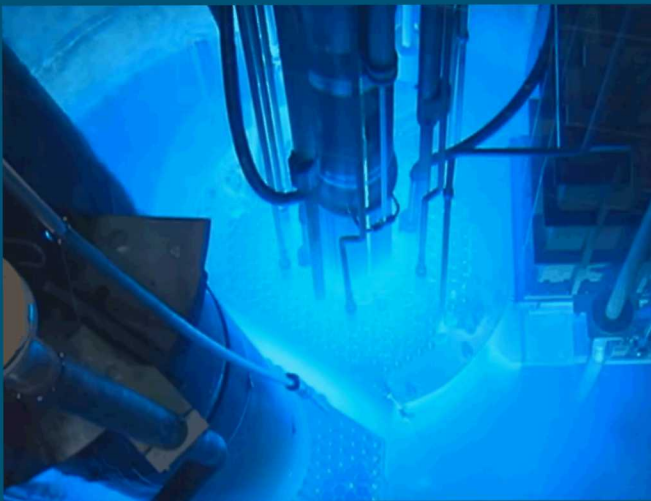
# We Serve the Nation by Developing and Maintaining Trusted Radiation Hardened Process Technologies, for Example in Silicon CMOS...



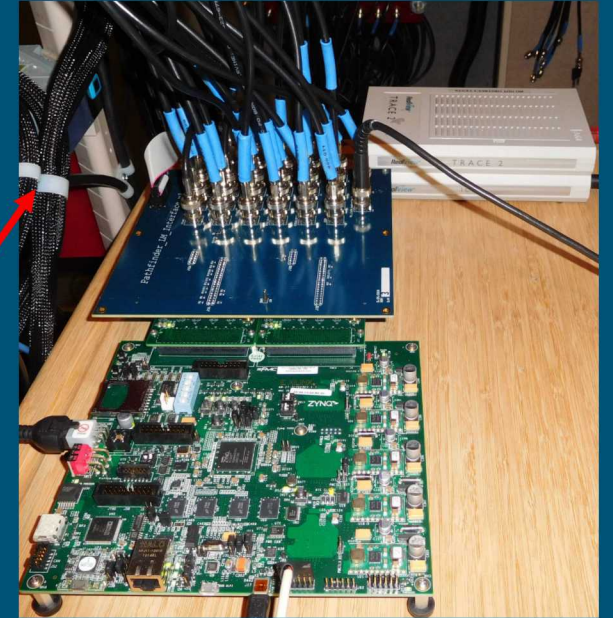
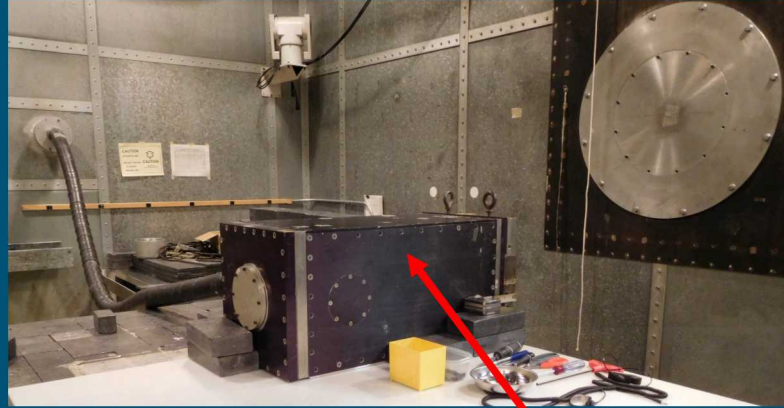
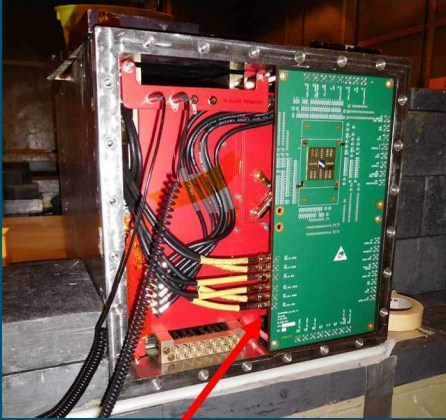
**Our technologies have been successfully demonstrated  
in the harshest of environments**

# We Have 100's Years of Experience in Radiation Hardness Assurance at a Wide Variety of Radiation Environment Simulators, for Example...

- Little Mountain 958 Flash X-ray
- Sandia SPHINX facility
- Annular Core Research Reactor
- White Sands Fast Burst Reactor
- Sandia Ion Beam Laboratory
- TAMU Cyclotron
- And many others



# Testing in Harsh Radiation Environments is Challenging and Requires Precise and Careful Experimental Design and Execution



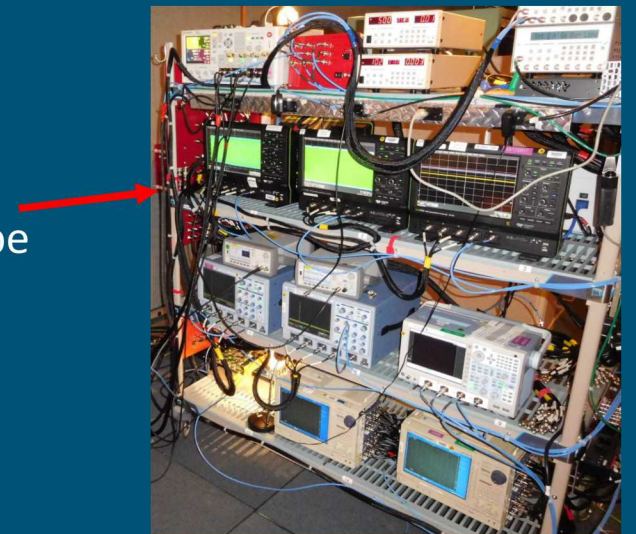
Test boards enclosed in a Sandia-designed Low-Noise RF Test Fixture

Test board and support electronics separated by ~50 feet of coaxial cables

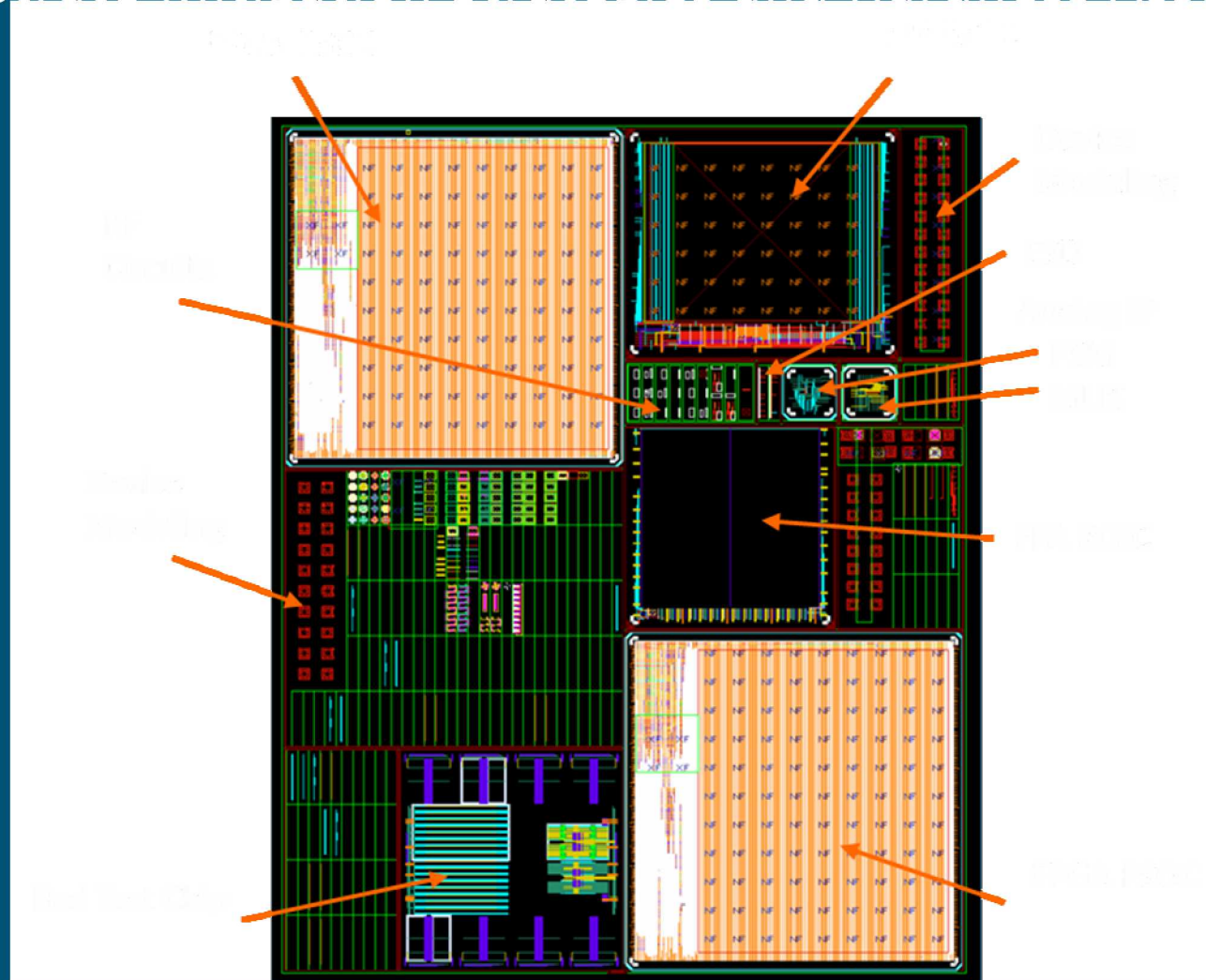
- 1 GHz operation possible because of on-chip clock generators and built-in self-test circuitry
- Support electronics included on FPGA evaluation boards and ARM ICE box

Diamond photoconducting detectors (PCDs) and high-speed oscilloscopes for pulse-shape measurements

Thermoluminescent dosimeters (TLDs) to measure total dose

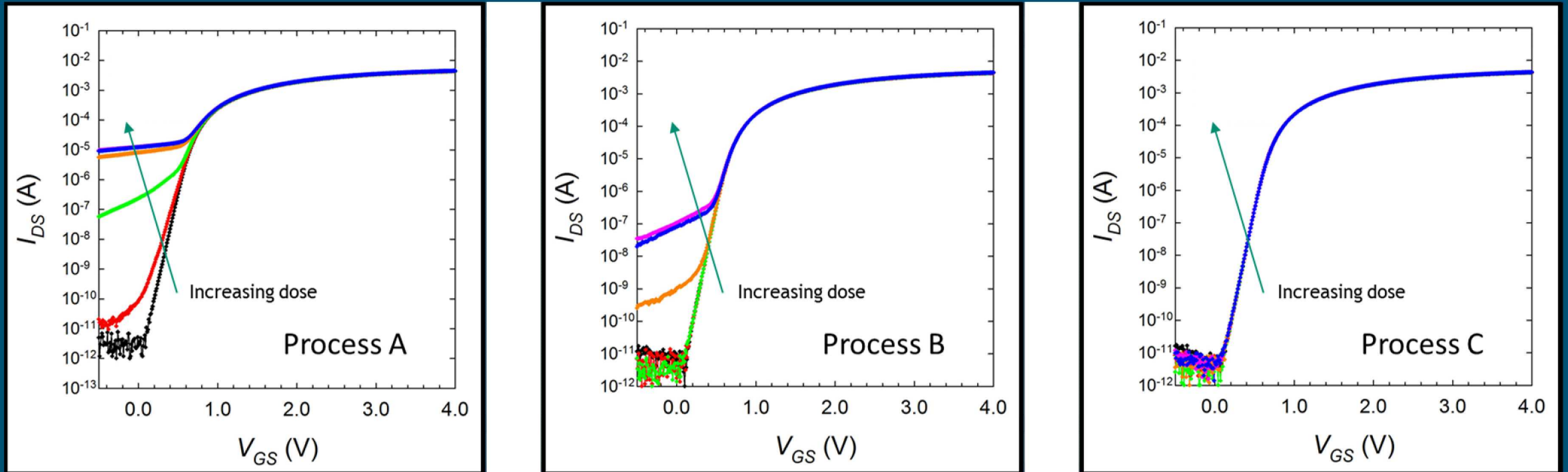


# Innovative Integrated Circuit Design and Specialized Test Structures are Used to Demonstrate Mitigation Strategies and Hardness Assurance



**We run a Multi-Project Wafer (MPW) program for the benefit of many partners and customers**

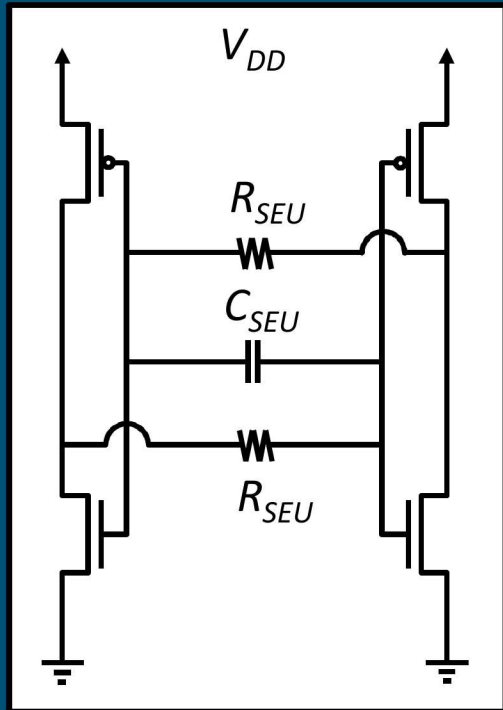
# Intimate Access and Deep Technological Understanding Enable Robust Solutions for Radiation Hardened Applications



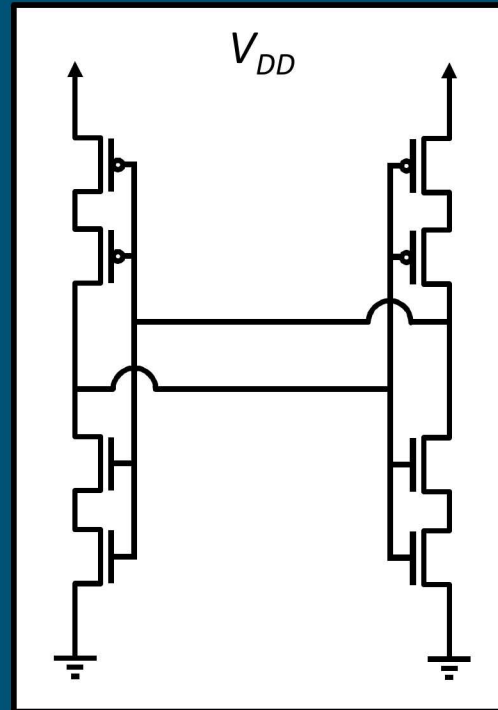
**We routinely study process splits to improve transistor leakage from total ionizing radiation dose**

# Clever Circuit Architectures are Necessary to Prevent Single Event Upsets, Challenging Engineering to Maintain Product Performance

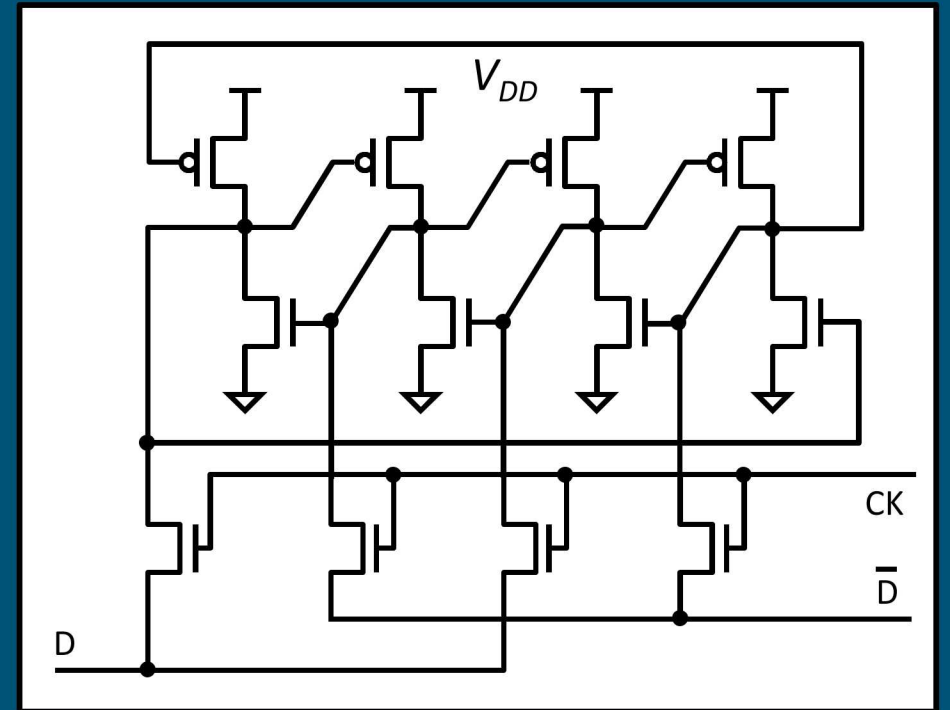
Single-event upset hardening approaches include RC delay hardening and design approaches based on either internal redundancy (e.g., DICE latch) or blocking current transients (stacked transistors)



**RC Delay**  
(speed penalty)

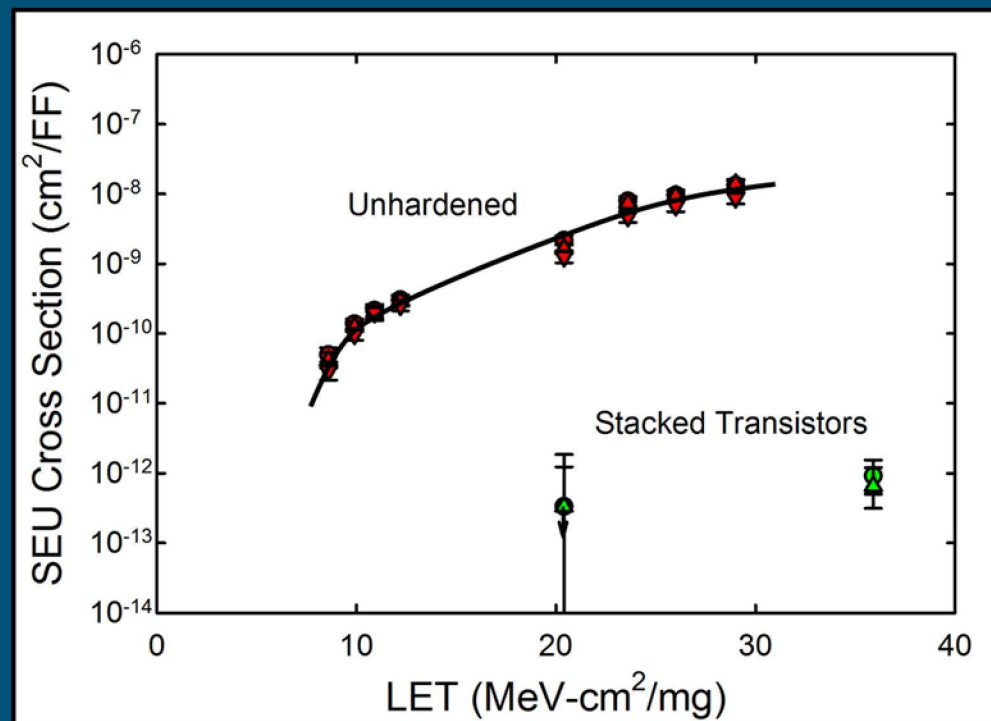


**Stacked Transistors**  
(area penalty)



**DICE Latch**  
(area penalty)

# Heavy Ion Data Show that Stacked Transistor Approach Can Be Very Effective for Mitigating Single-Event Upset



Texas A&M

15K DFF Chain

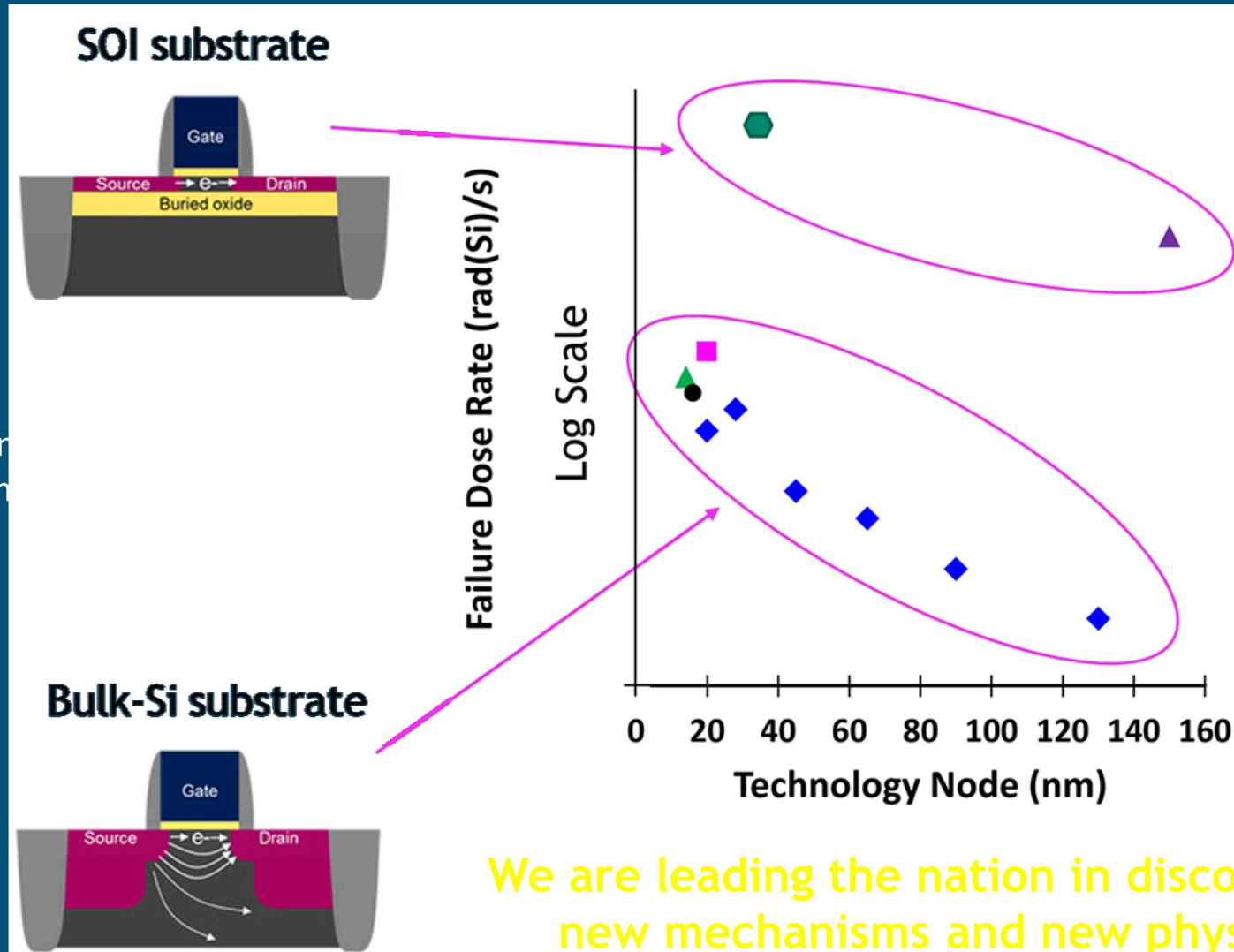
$V_{DD} = 1.6 \text{ V}$

Static

**Due to large area penalty of stacked transistor approach, other optimizations are under investigation**

# At Sandia, We Have a Unique Mission in Radiation Hardening at the Extremes of the Possible, for Example Demonstrating Dose-Rate Performance in the Most Demanding Environments

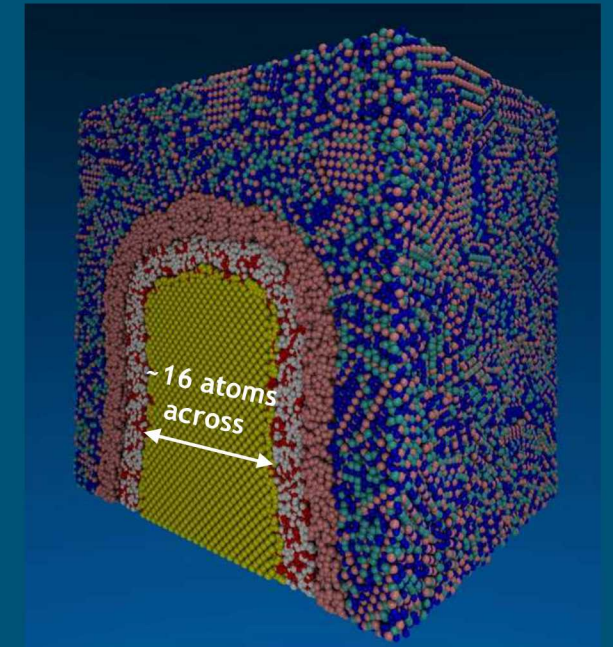
- Scaling volume



# One Such Recent Discovery Shows CMOS Technology Has Scaled to the Point that it is Now Susceptible to Neutron Displacement Damage...

- Neutron displacement damage (nDD) introduces defects in the silicon lattice
  - Reduces minority carrier lifetimes → significantly affects minority carrier devices such as bipolar transistors
  - Metal-Oxide-Semiconductor (MOS) transistors are majority carrier devices
    - Usually not sensitive to nDD
    - Complementary MOS (CMOS) technologies are often not tested for nDD
- Highly Scaled CMOS may become susceptible to nDD
  1. Silicon feature sizes are now as small as DD clusters
  2. Silicon channels are very lightly doped (nearly intrinsic) in FinFET and Ultra-Thin-Body SOI technologies
    - Defects will cause larger effect in (new) lightly-doped transistors than in (old) heavily-doped transistors
- Design mitigations are an area of active research
  - Redundancy
  - Error Correction Techniques

Atomic level model of 14nm FinFET  
[Aveyard & Rieger, EMC 2016]



- Sandia National Laboratories is a Leading R&D Institution with Compelling Mission Applications
- Our Nation Requires a Trusted, Assured, Reliable Supply of Microelectronics and Microsystems Components to Ensure its Security in Energy, Defense, Commerce...
- The Advanced Microsystems Radiation Effects Department is the Leader in Technology Development and Radiation Hardness Assurance for the Sandia MESA Capability
- NNSA has committed to the long term support of this capability and the Nation is increasingly turning its focus to ensuring strong on-shore microelectronics capabilities continue to exist
- Come help lead our nation in defining the future of microelectronics for national security