

SAND2019-10335C

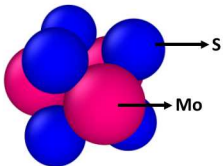
MoS₂ in the Real World: Extending an Ideal Model to Water, Oxygen, and Defects

Adam R. Hinkle, John Curry, Nicolas Argibay, Michael T. Dugger,
and Michael Chandross

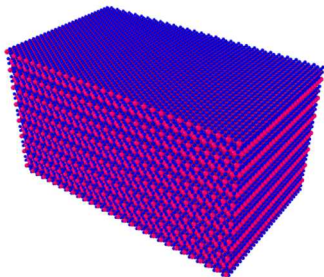
Sandia National Laboratories, Albuquerque, NM, USA

ACS 2019, San Diego

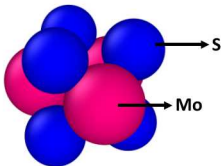
Motivation & Background



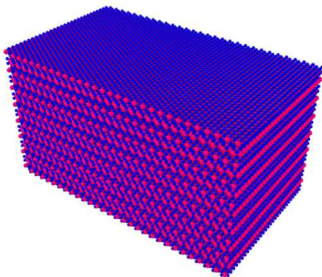
Molybdenum disulfide (MoS₂)



Motivation & Background



Molybdenum disulfide (MoS_2)

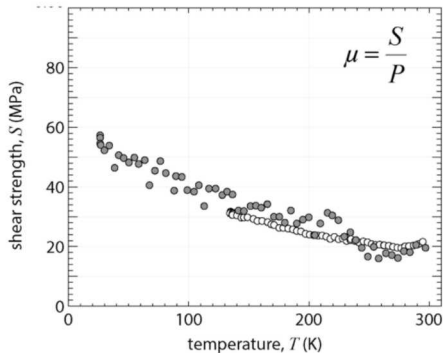
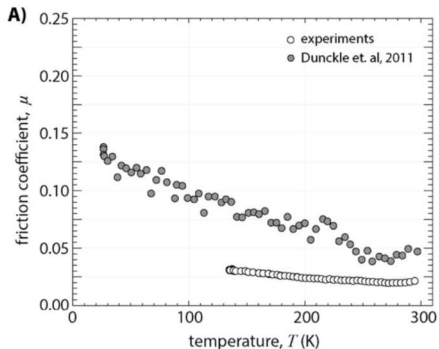


Space:

- operate in vacuum (+atomic oxygen in low earth orbit)
- store months – years before use; generally non-serviceable
- operating temperatures from 50 – 300K, depending on location
- large investments of time and money
- many mechanisms operate in run-in regime dominated by aging mechanisms



T-dependence $\mu = \mu(T, P)$ and $S = S(T)$ via MoS₂ Friction Experiments

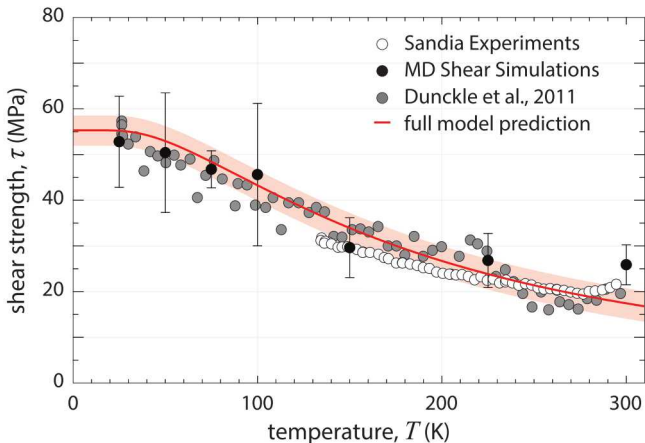


Curry and Hinkle, et al., ACS Appl. Nano Mater. (2018) 1, 10

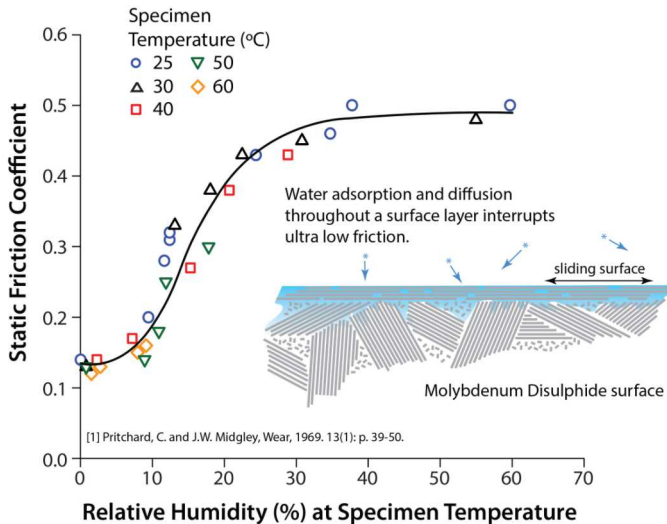
$$S(T) = S_L \left(1 - \exp \left(-\frac{\Delta E_i + \Delta E_r}{k_B T} \right) - \exp \left(-\frac{\Delta E_c}{k_B T} \right) + \exp \left(-\frac{\Delta E_r + \Delta E_c}{k_B T} \right) \right)$$

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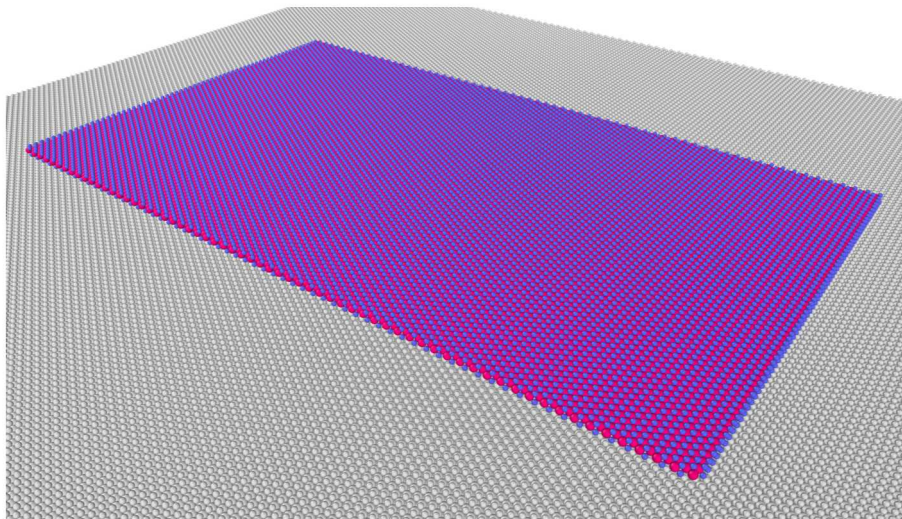
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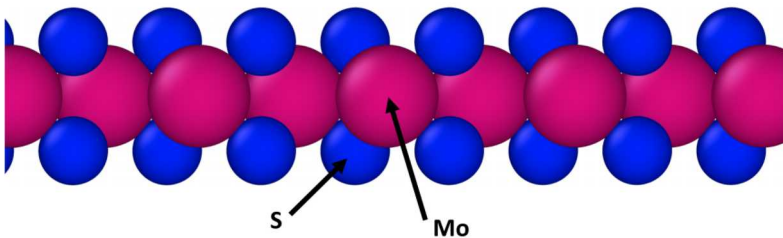
Effect of Water on Friction of MoS₂



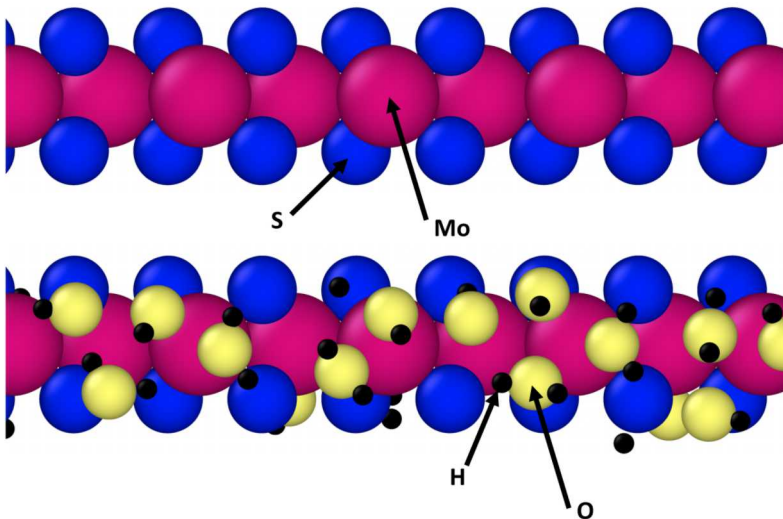
Effect of Water on Friction of MoS₂; 700nm² Flakes



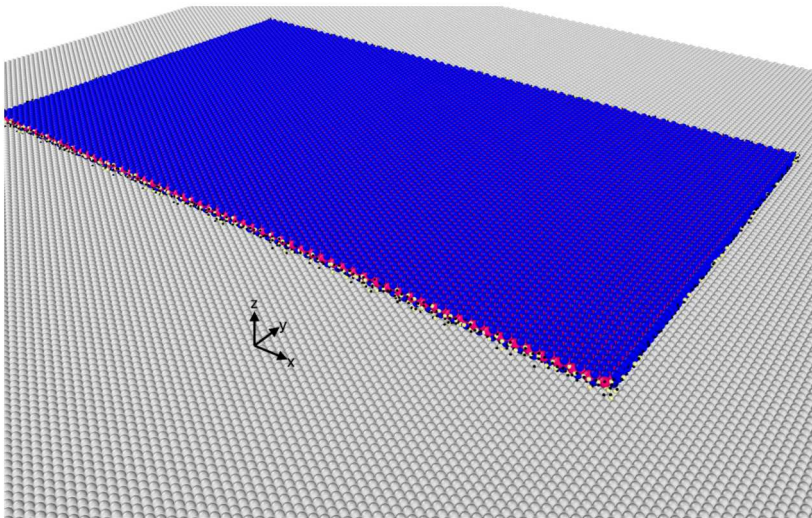
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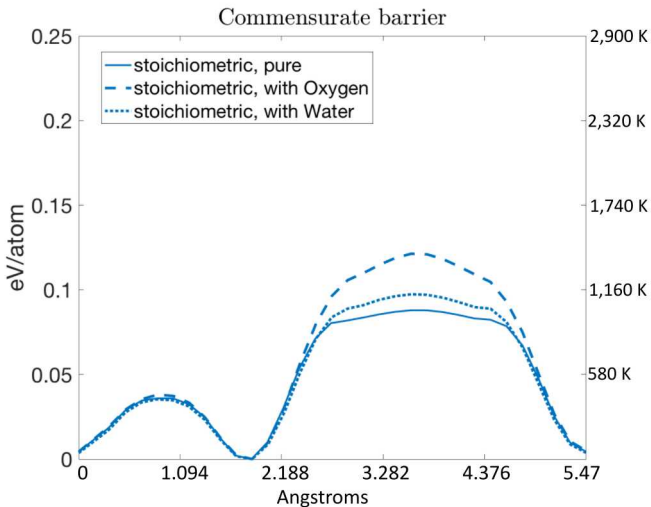
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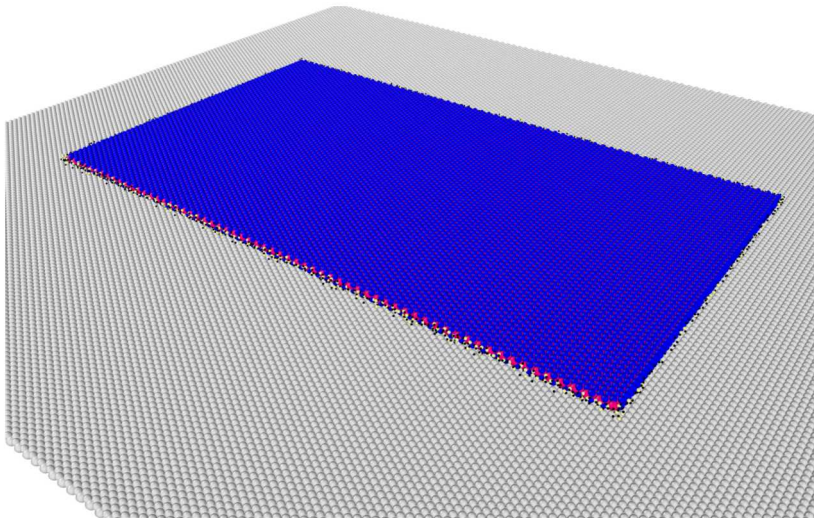
NEB Commensurate Sliding with H₂O and O₂



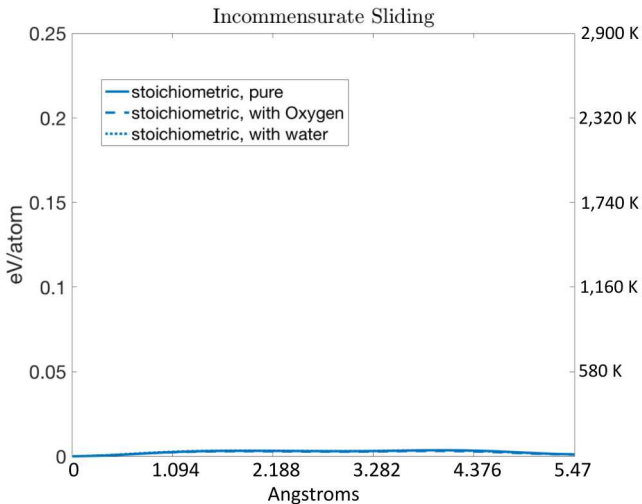
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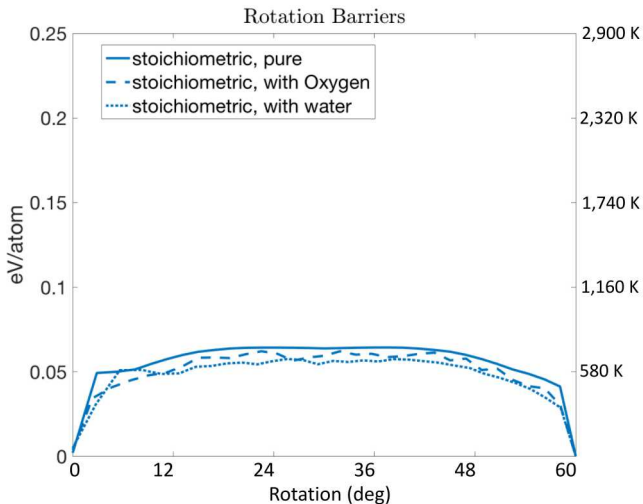
NEB Flake Rotation and Incommensurate Slide with H₂O and O₂



Effect of Water on Friction of MoS₂



Effect of Water on Friction of MoS₂

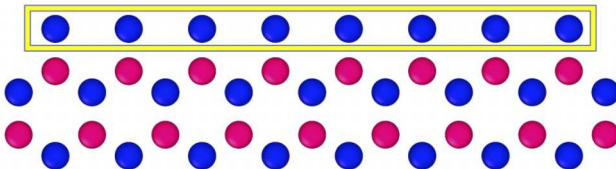


Effect of Water on Friction of MoS_2

Termination of bonding sites with Sulfur atoms

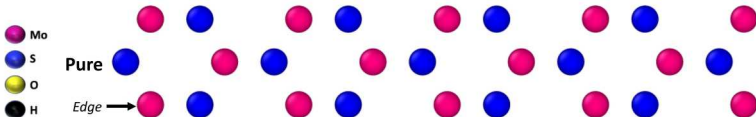


Unterminated edge

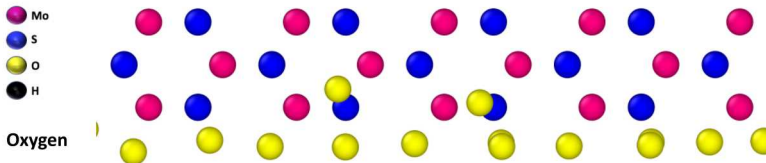
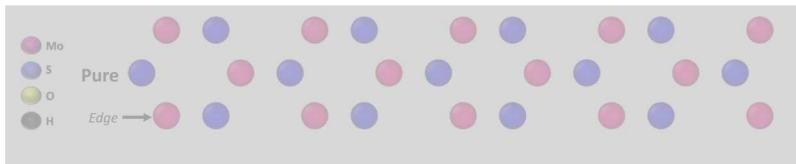


S-terminated edge

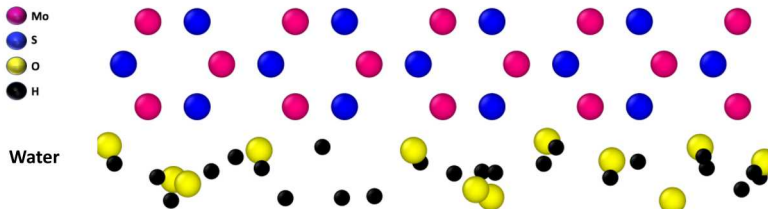
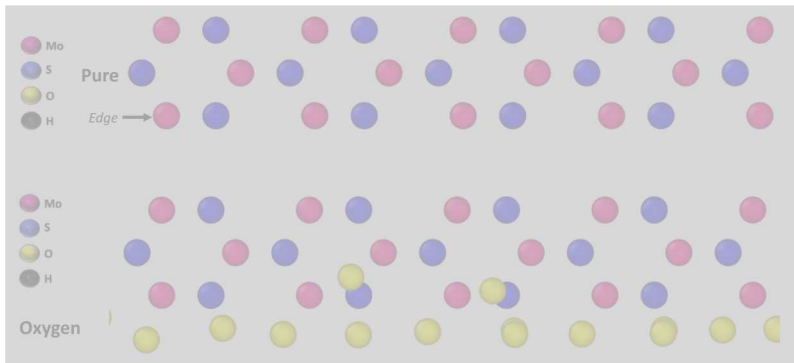
Defects: Exposed Mo



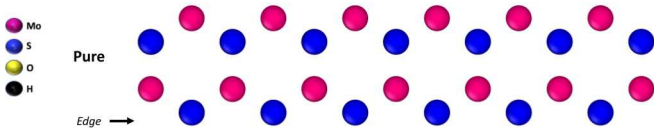
Defects: Exposed Mo with Oxygen



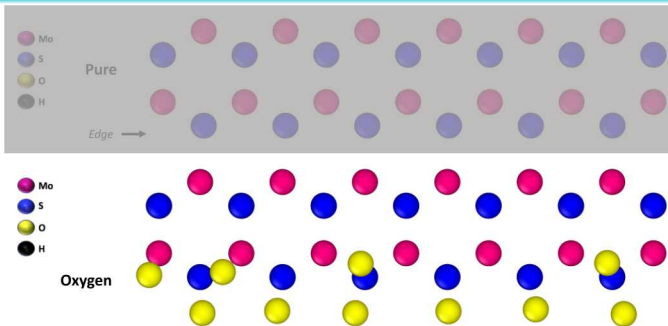
Defects: Exposed Mo with H₂O



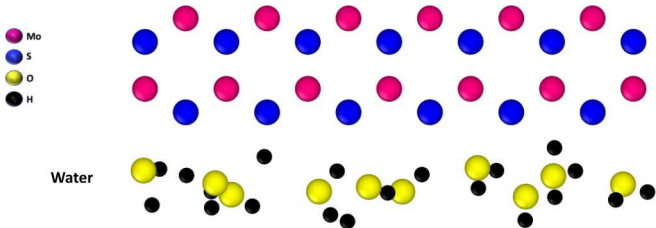
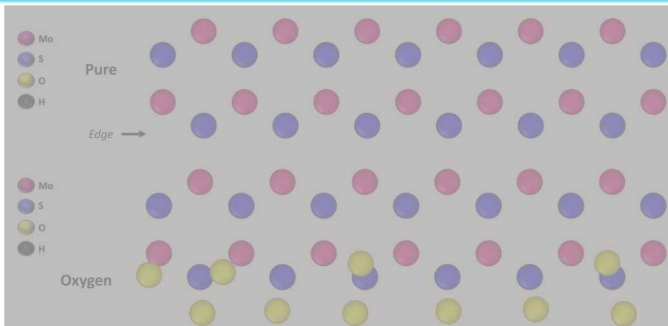
Defects: Exposed S



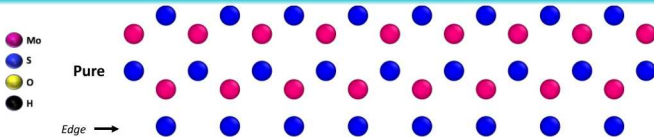
Defects: Exposed S with Oxygen



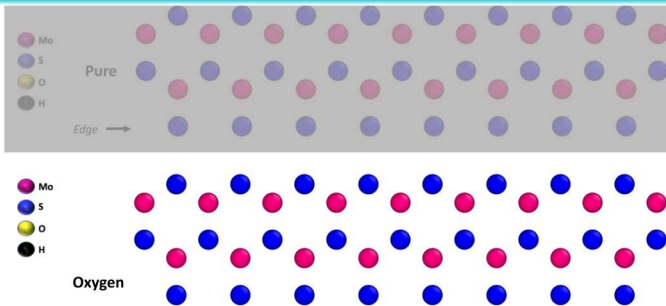
Defects: Exposed S with H₂O



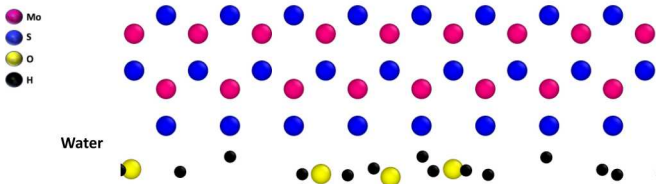
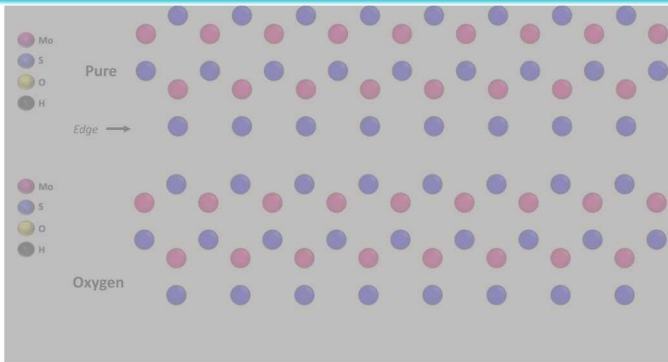
Defects: Added S (66.8% S, 33.2% Mo)



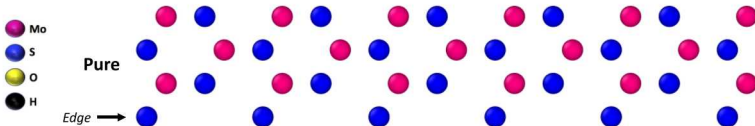
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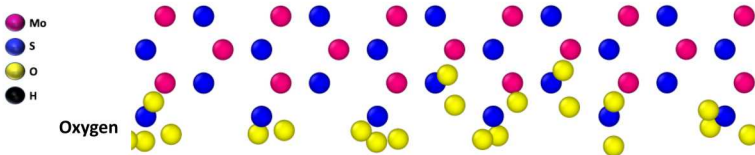
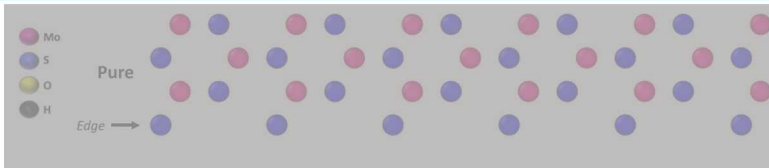
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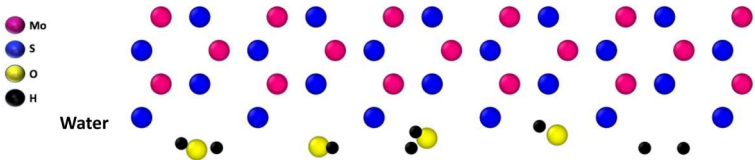
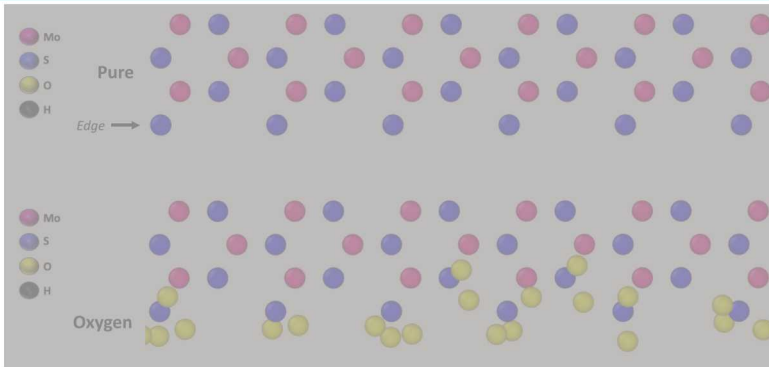
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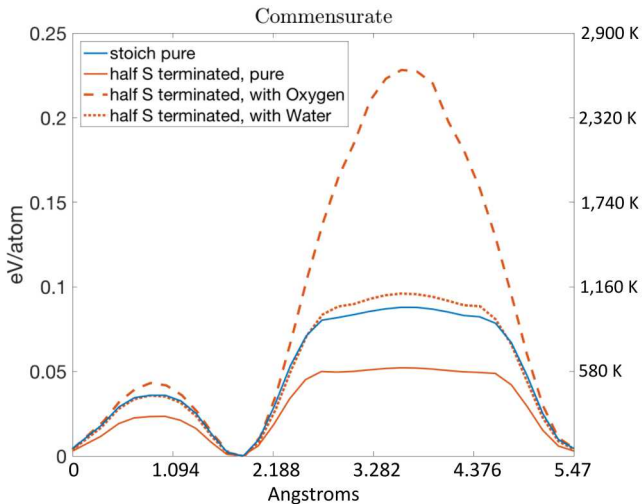
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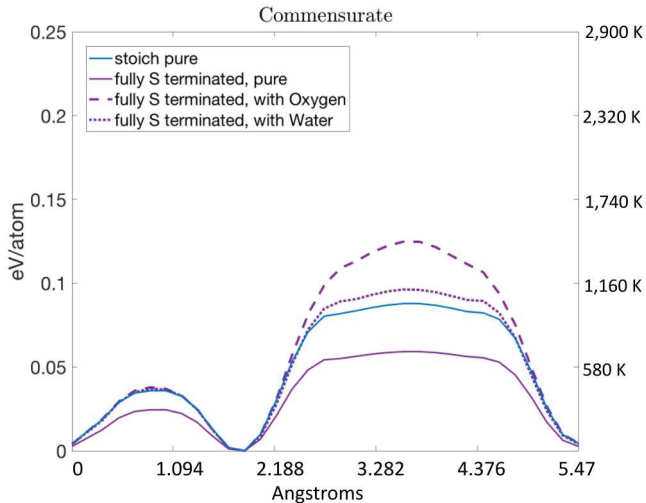
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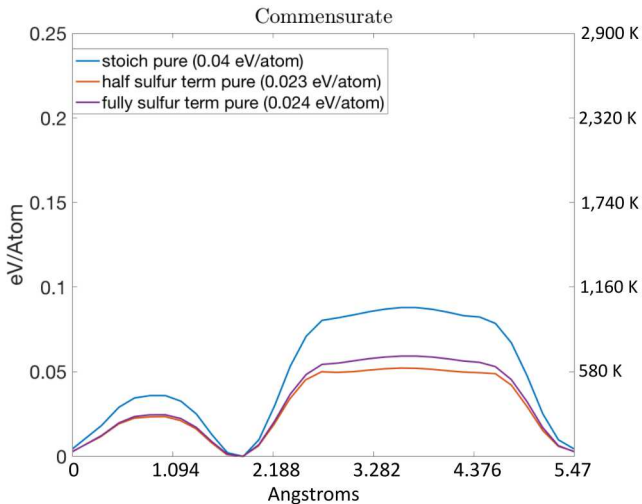
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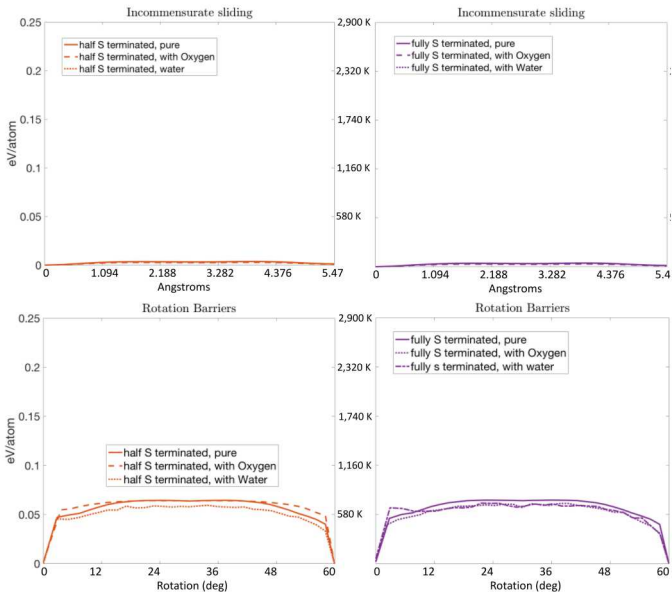
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- Defects (edge changes) affect barrier far more than H₂O/O₂/O around edges, but only commensurate barrier.
- Water between flake and substrate; possible “third body effect”
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- Effect of strain/deformation on chemistry and reactivity with environment.

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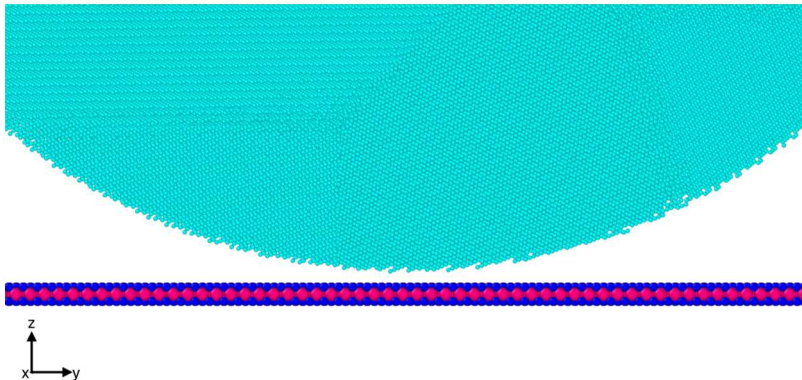
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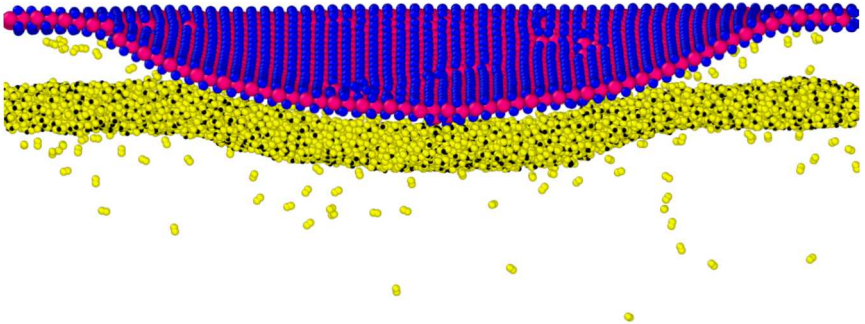
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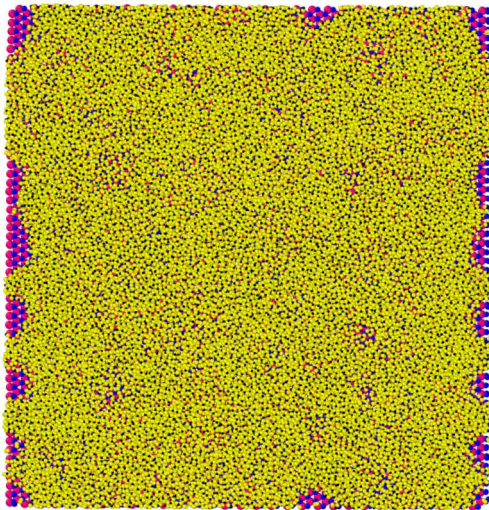
Indentation of MoS₂



Strained MoS₂ and increased reactivity?



Strained MoS₂ and increased reactivity? Accelerated MD?



Acknowledgements & Questions

- Sandia National Laboratories is a multimission laboratory managed and operated by National Technology and Engineering Solutions of Sandia, LLC., a wholly owned subsidiary of Honeywell International, Inc., for the U.S. Department of Energy's National Nuclear Security Administration under contract DE-NA0003525.



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