

The principal Hugoniot of Bridgmanite: New constraints for planetary interiors

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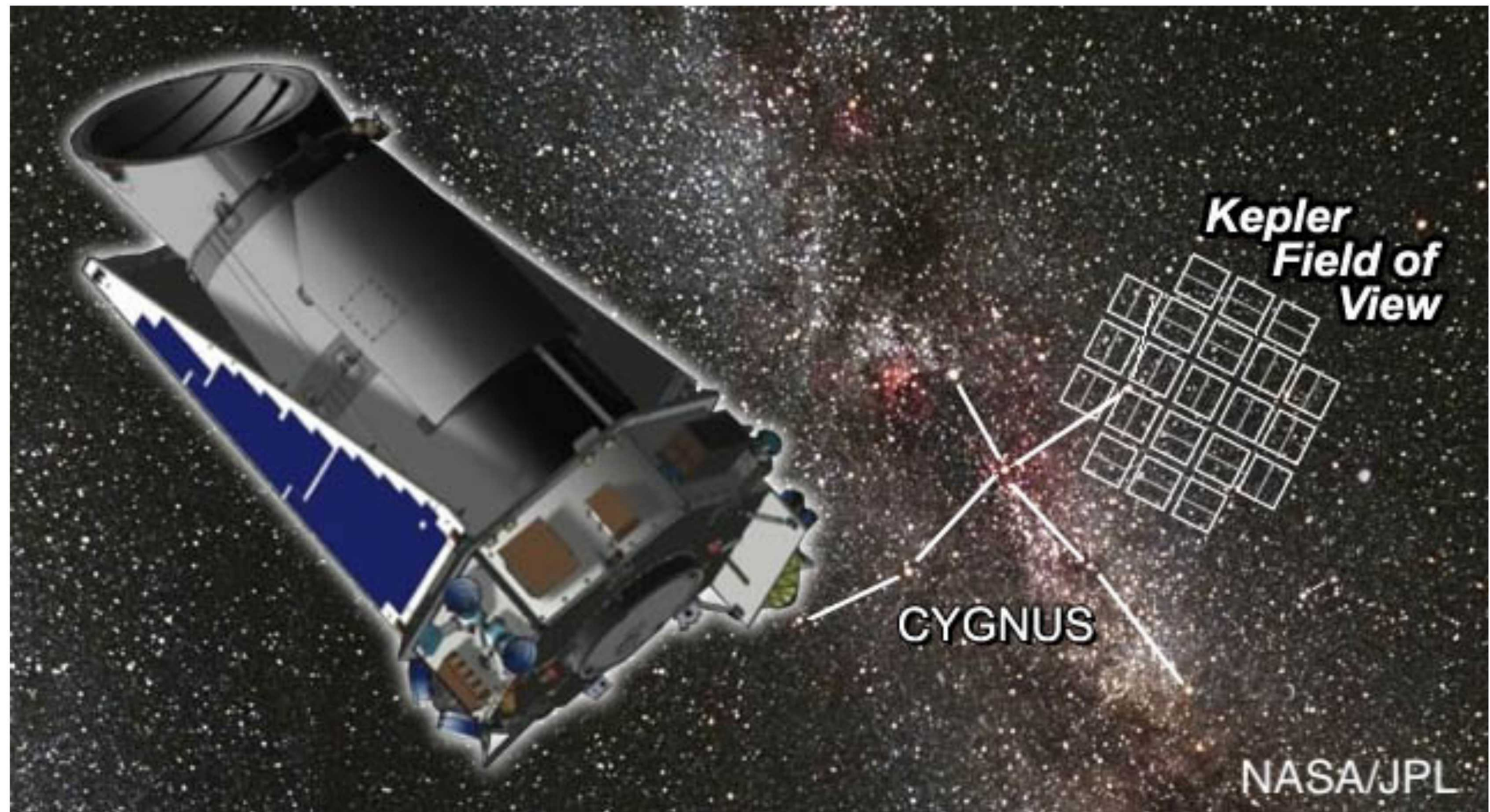


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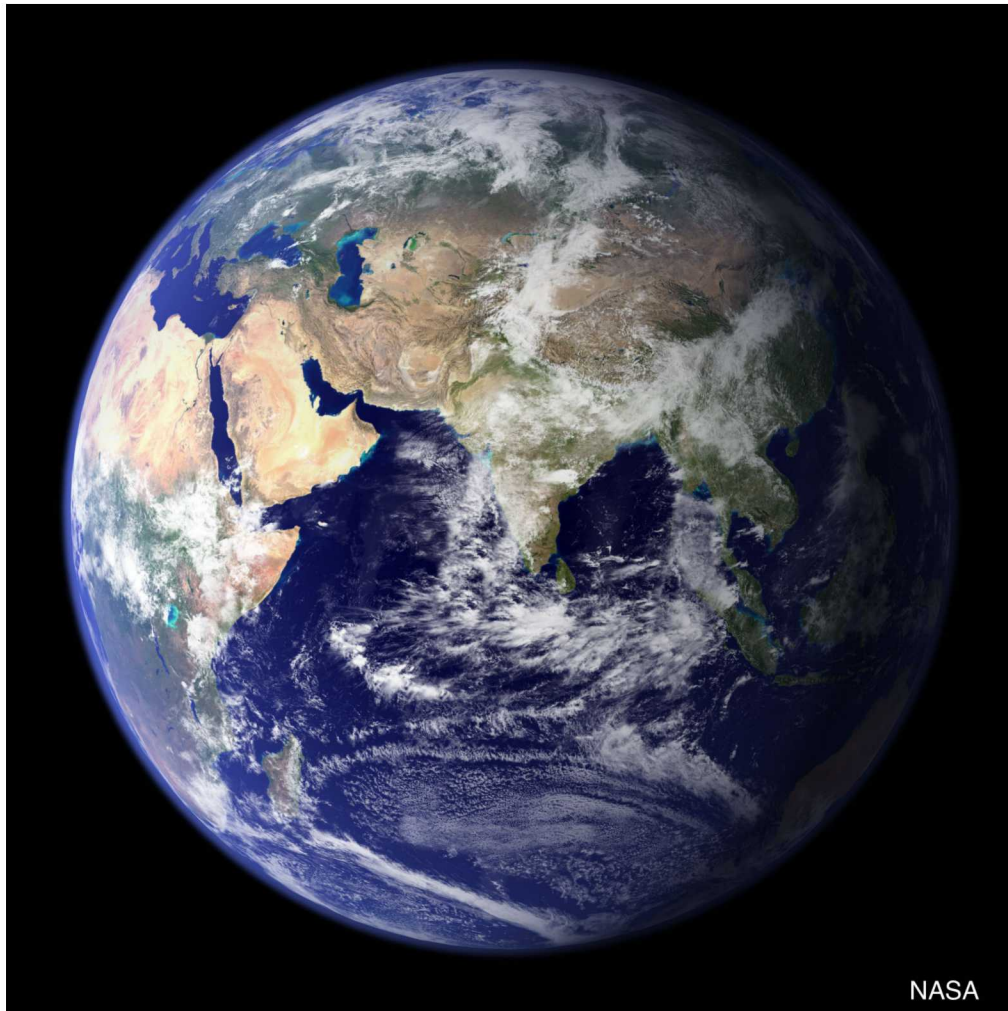


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How to go from this:



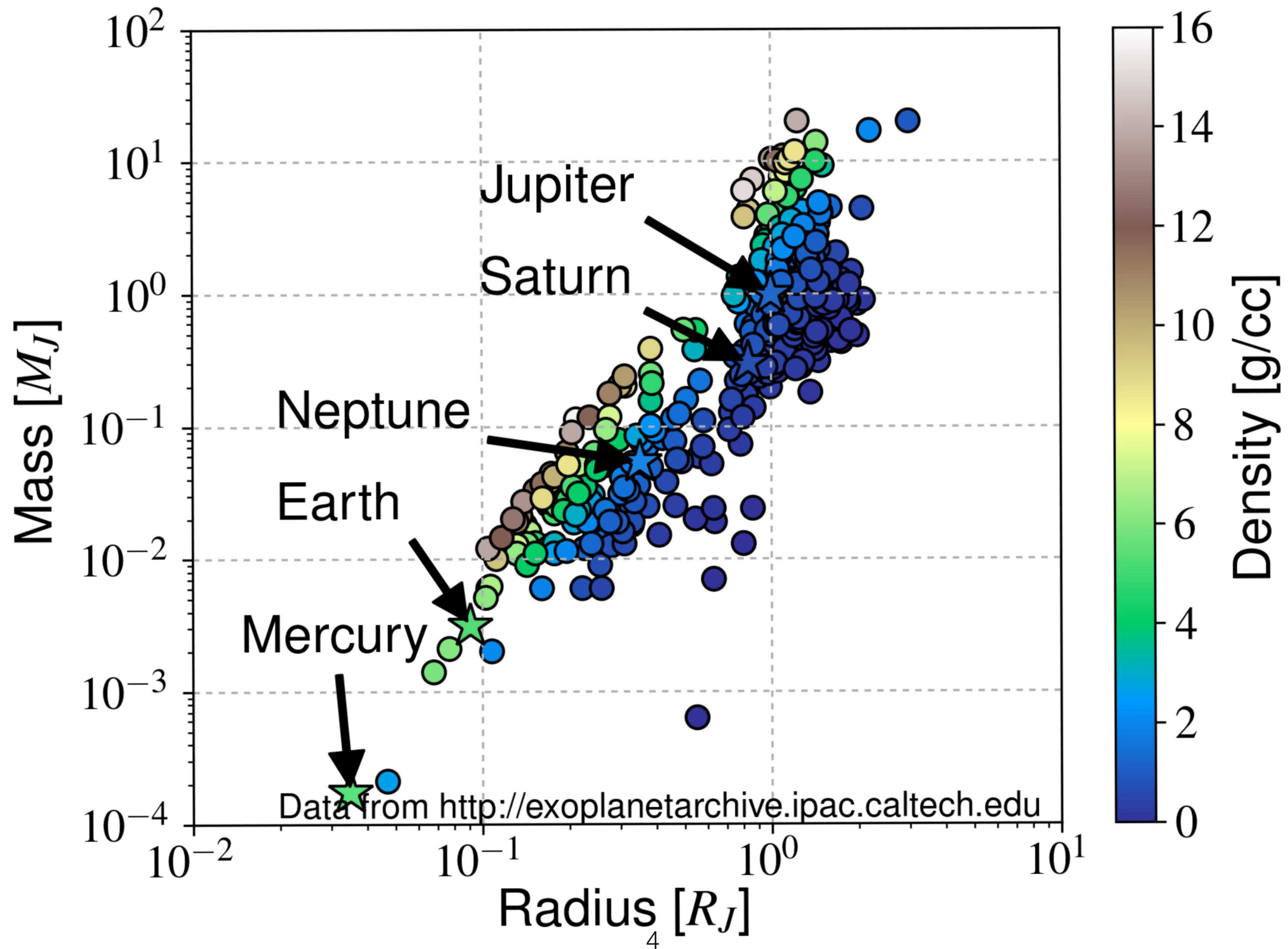
To this:



Planet Earth:

- **Radius 6371 km**
- **Mass 6×10^{25} kg**
- **Surface Temp 270 K**
- **Silicate mantle + iron core**
- **Non-equilibrium atmosphere**
- **Life!**
- **Etc...**

With this:



The EOS is fundamental

Planet equations:

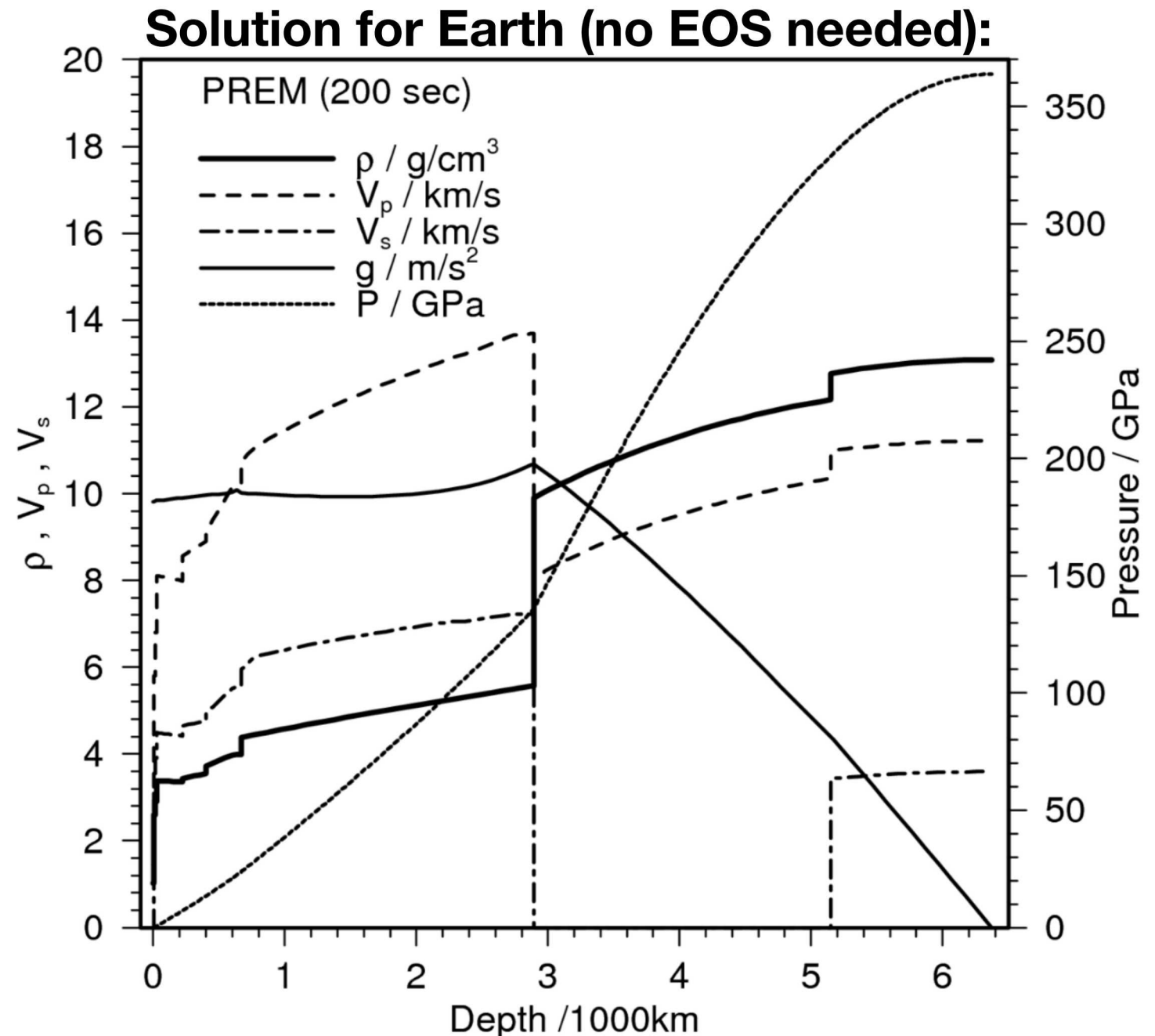
$$\frac{d\rho}{dr} = -\frac{\rho^2(r)g(r)}{K(r)}$$

$$g(r) = \frac{4\pi G}{r^2} \int_0^r u^2 \rho(u) du$$

$$\frac{dT}{dr} = -\frac{\rho(r)g(r)T(r)\gamma(r)}{K(r)}$$

Ingredients to solve:

- Planet size
- Planet mass
- EOS *or* seismic data



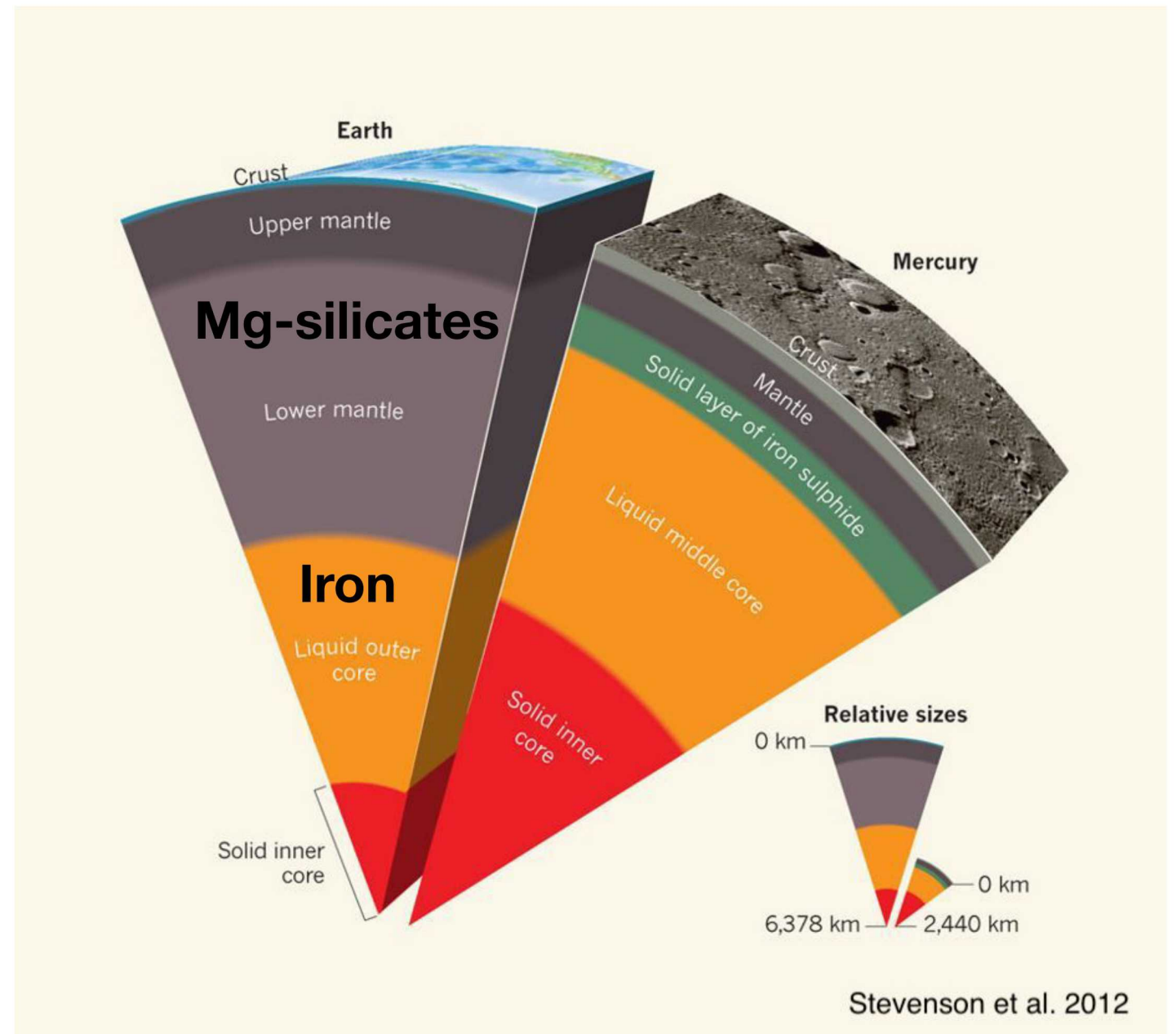
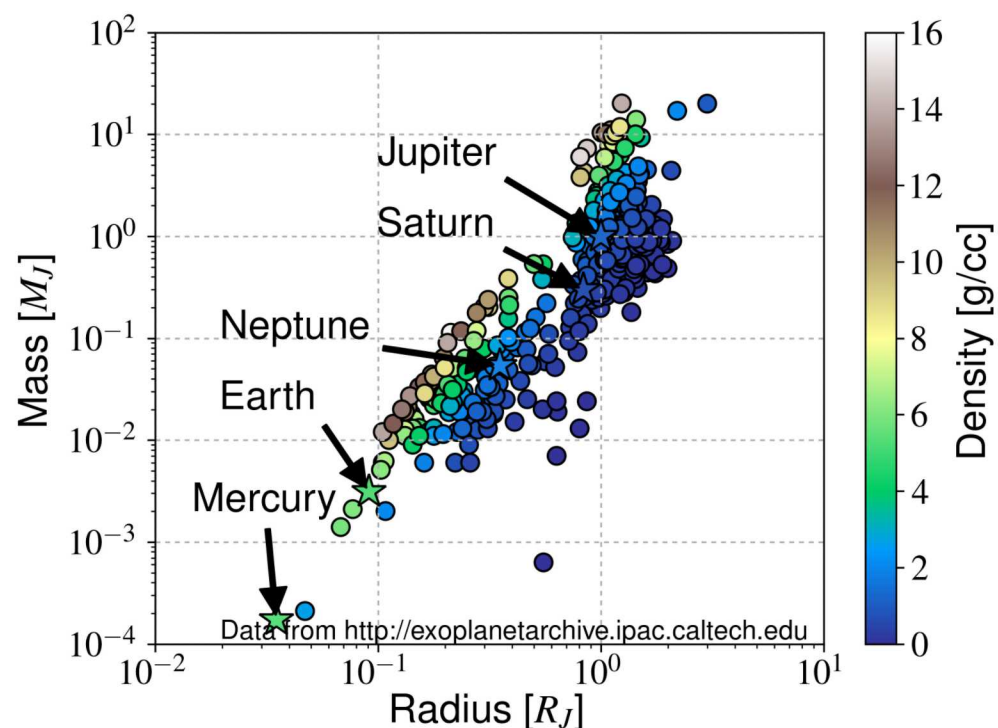
Exoplanet prototypes

Core mass fraction:

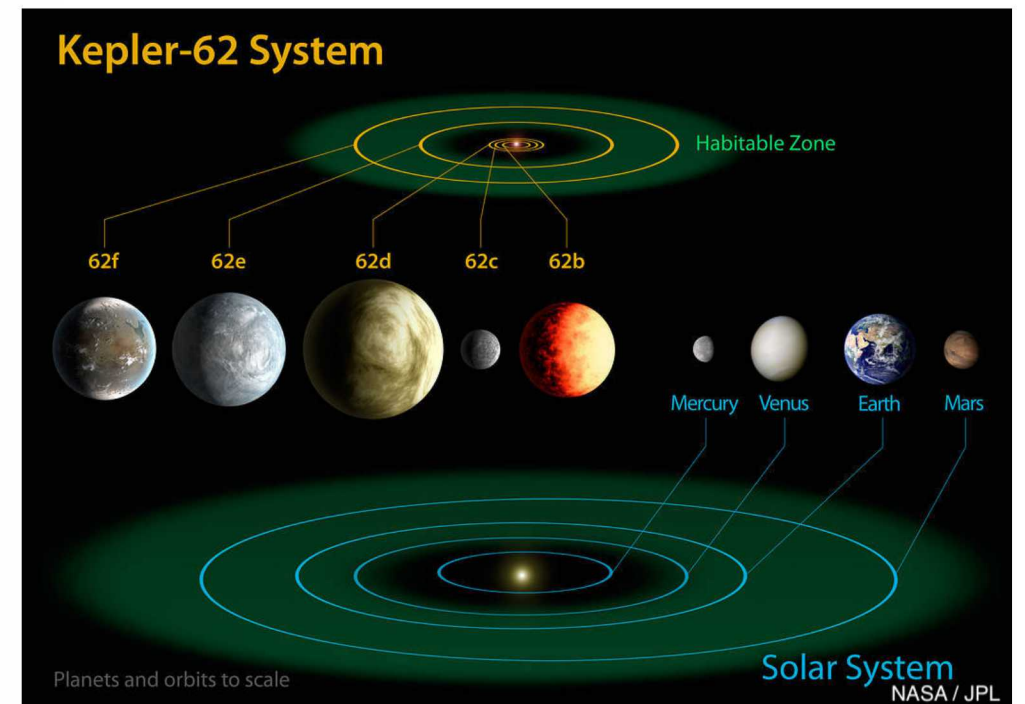
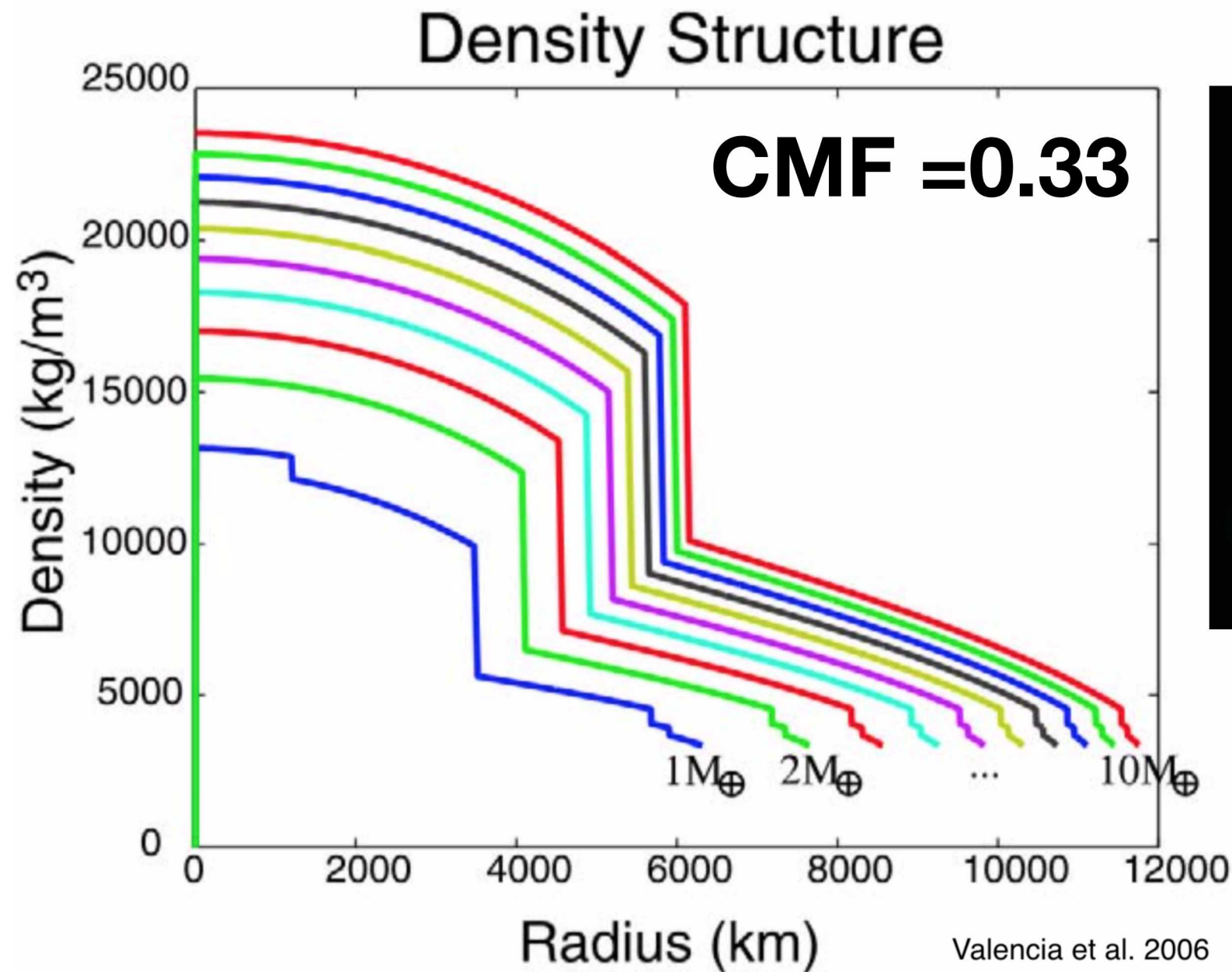
$$\text{CMF} = \frac{M_{\text{core}}}{M_{\text{planet}}}$$

Earth ~0.33

Mercury ~0.66



Exoplanet prototypes

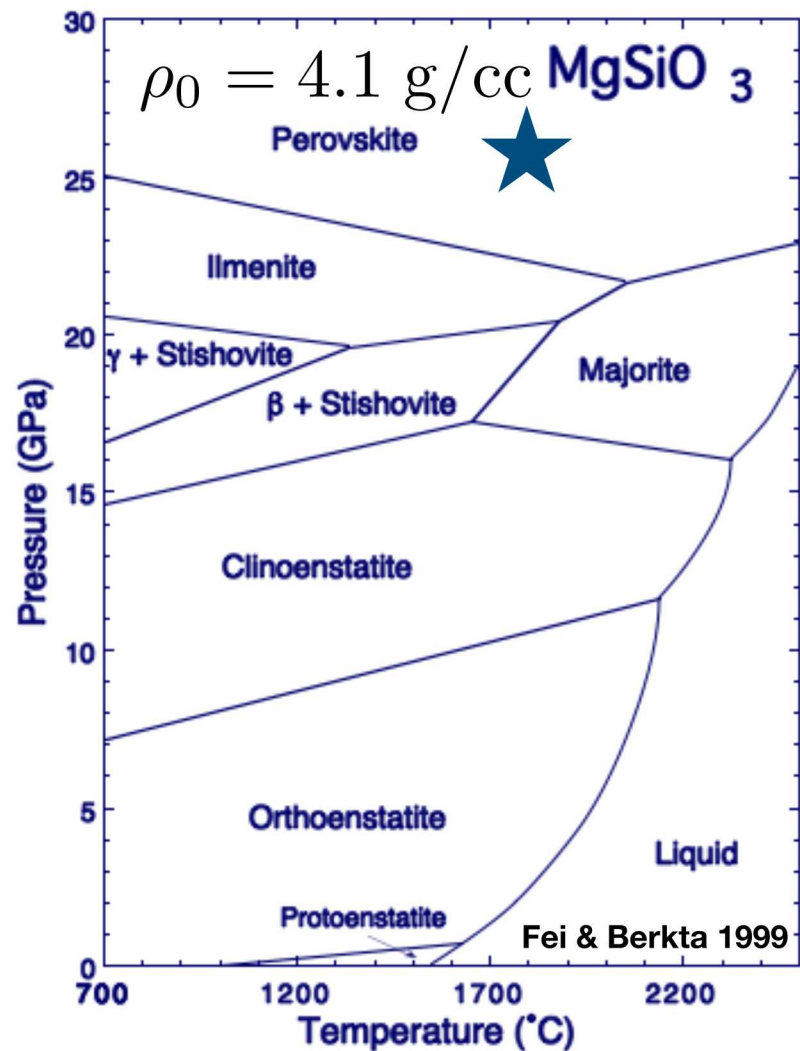


These models rely on EOS extrapolations

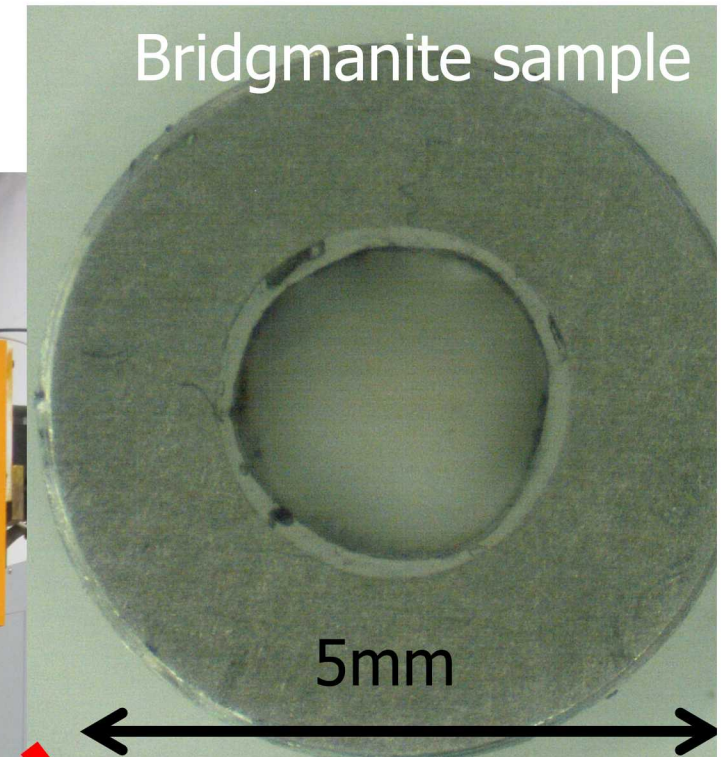
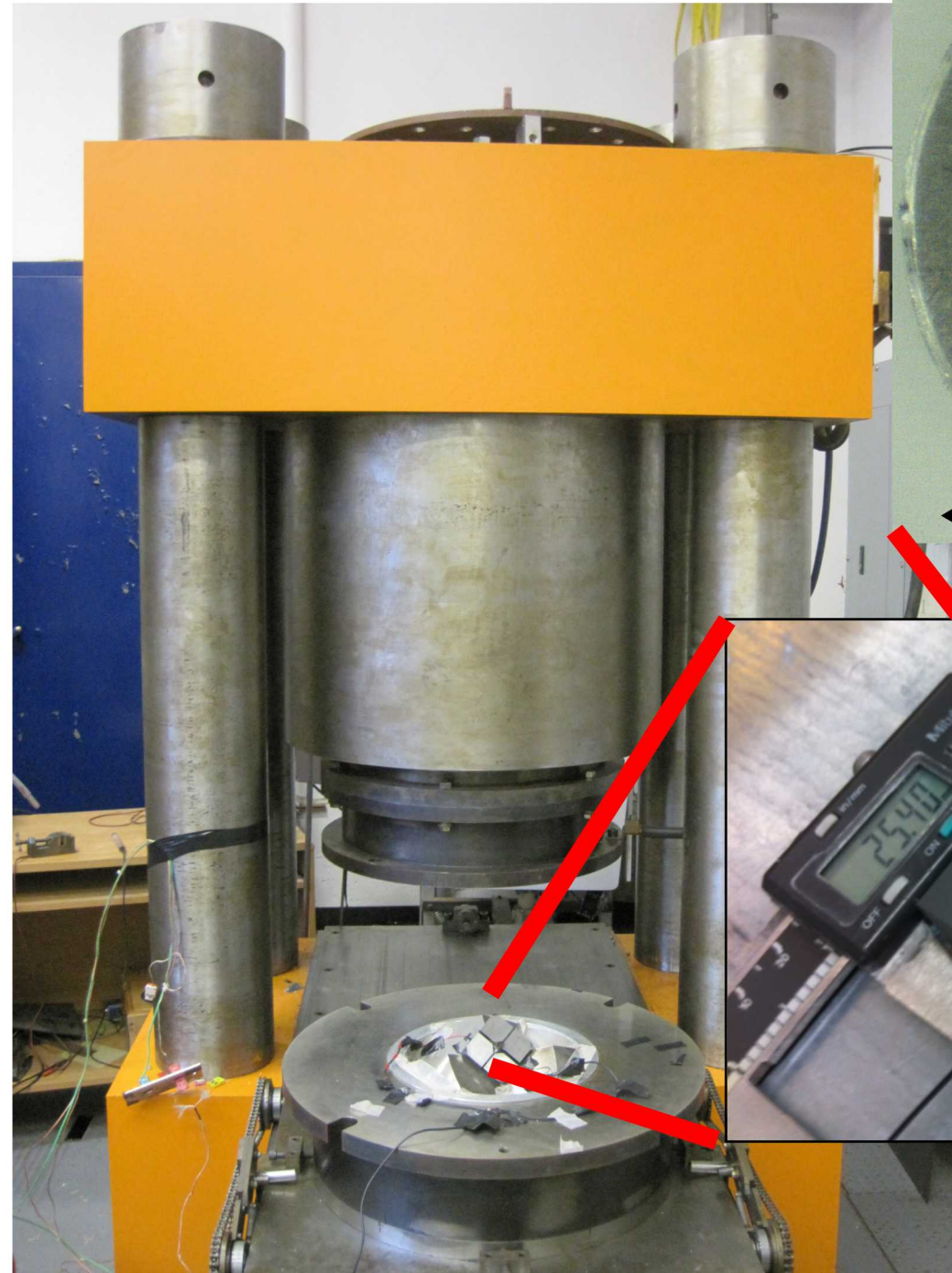
Project Goals

- 1. Synthesize bridgmanite MgSiO_3 samples**
- 2. Obtain Hugoniot states between 200-1000 GPa**
- 3. Generate new super-Earth structure models**

Synthesis at CIW GL



- 2-2.5mm disk
- 5 samples/run
- 40 runs

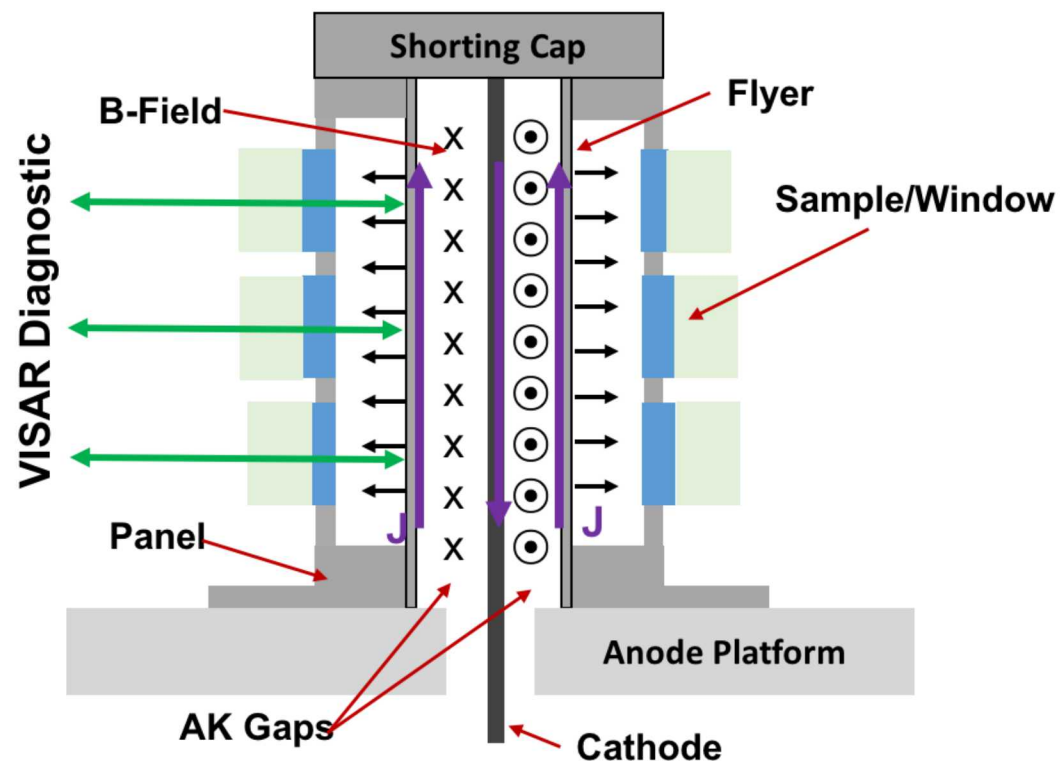
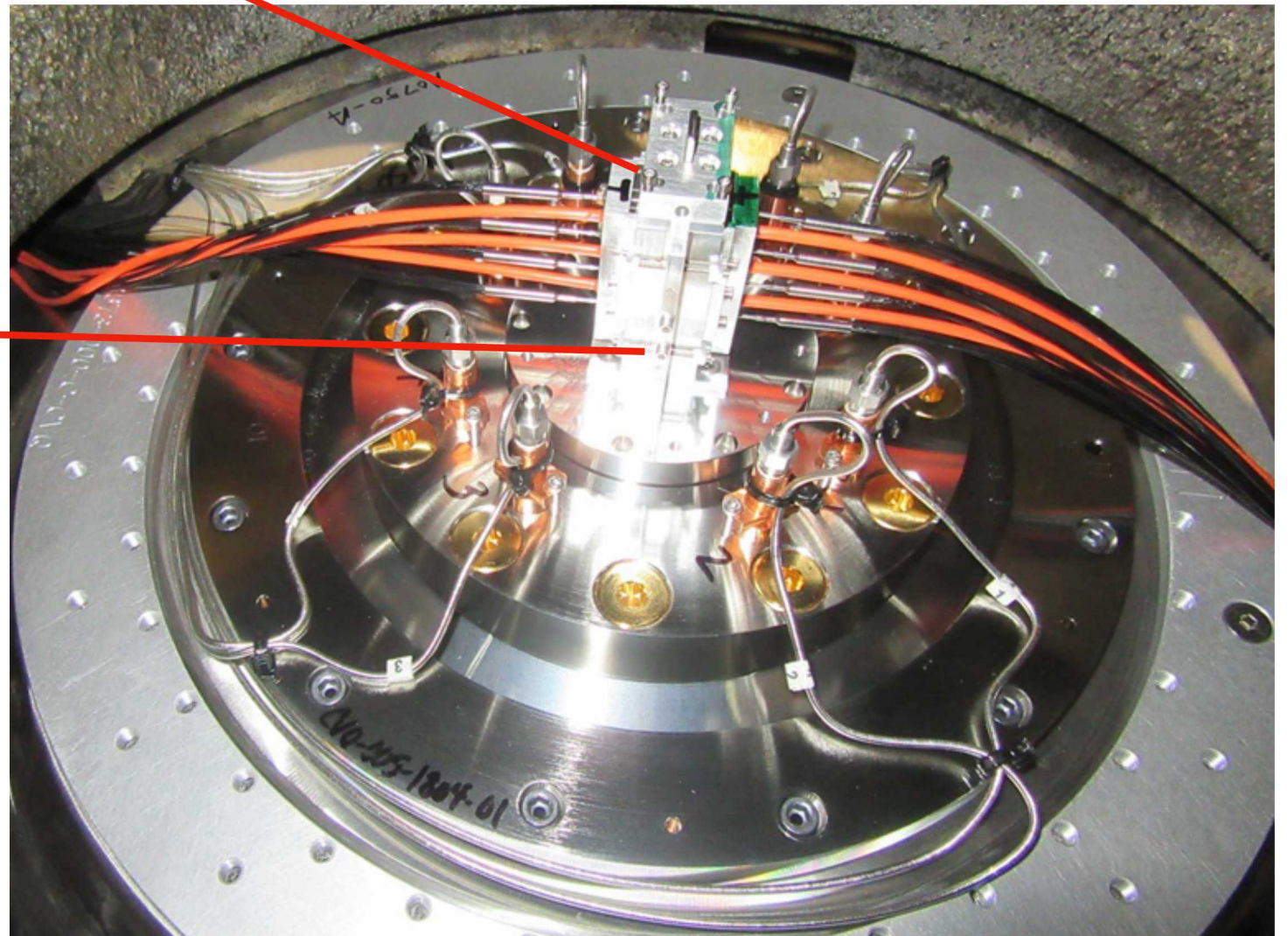


Z Experiment Design

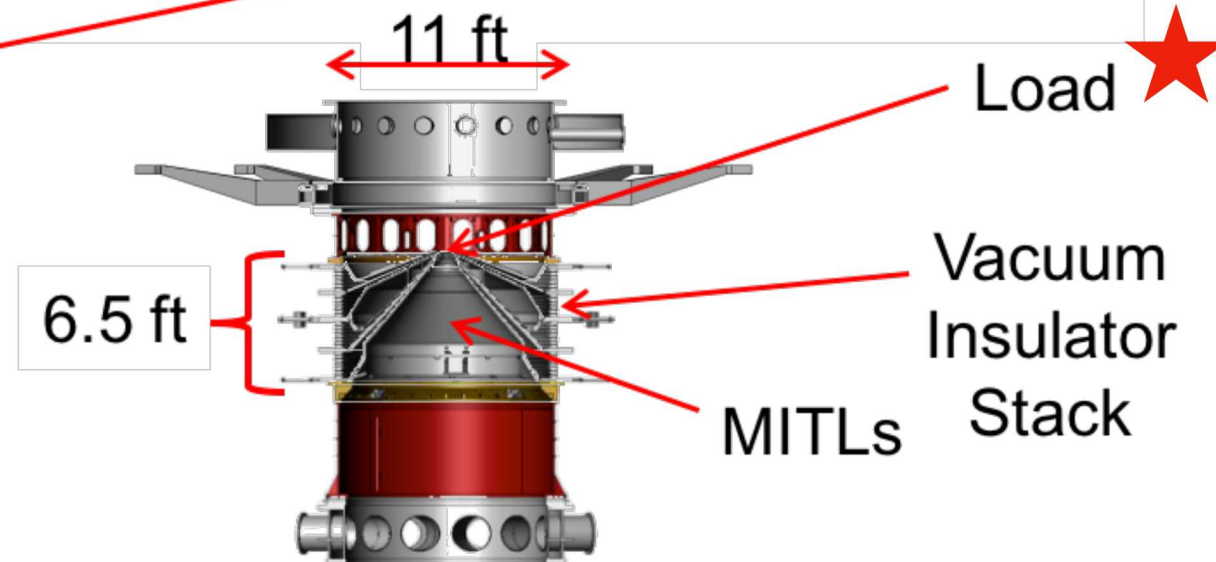
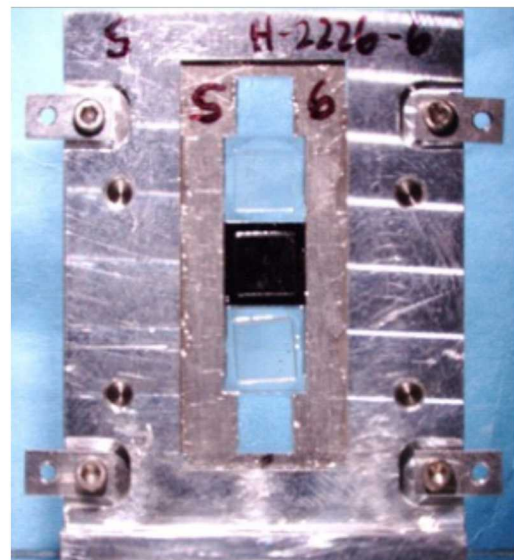
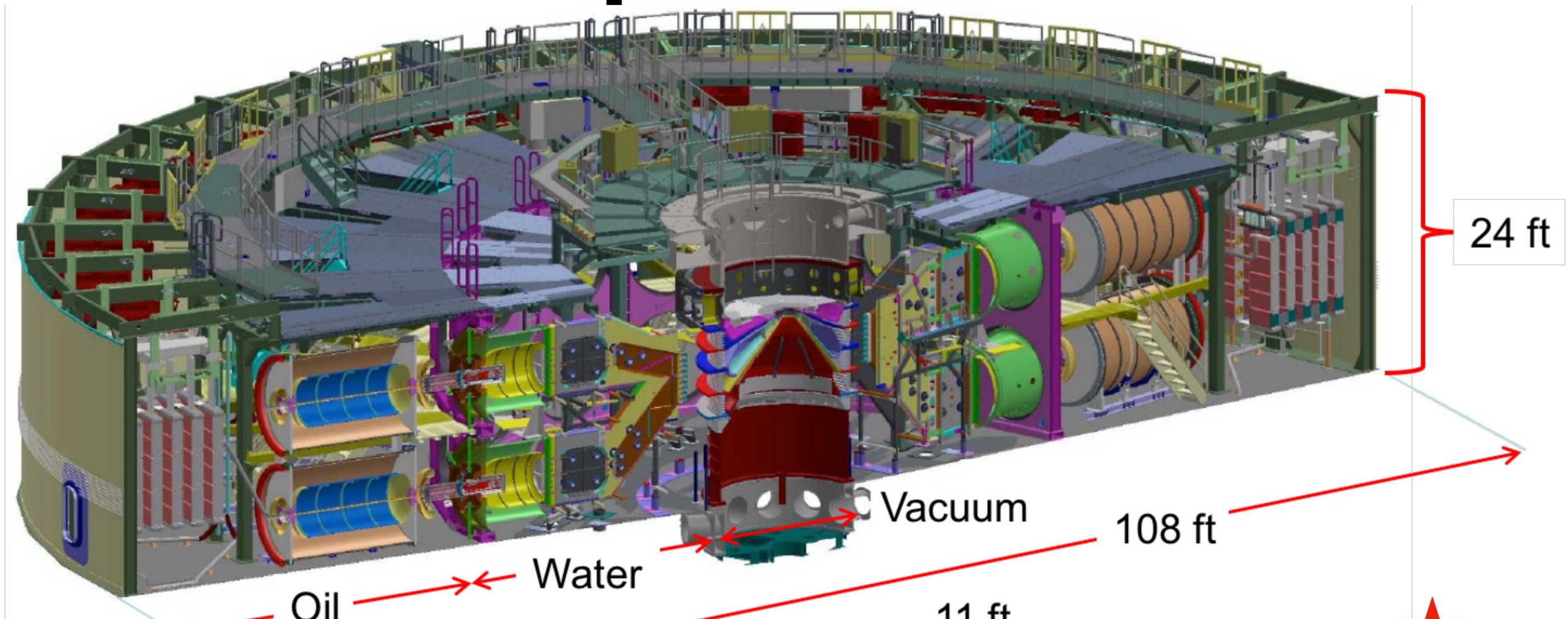


Brigmanite

Stripline Assembly



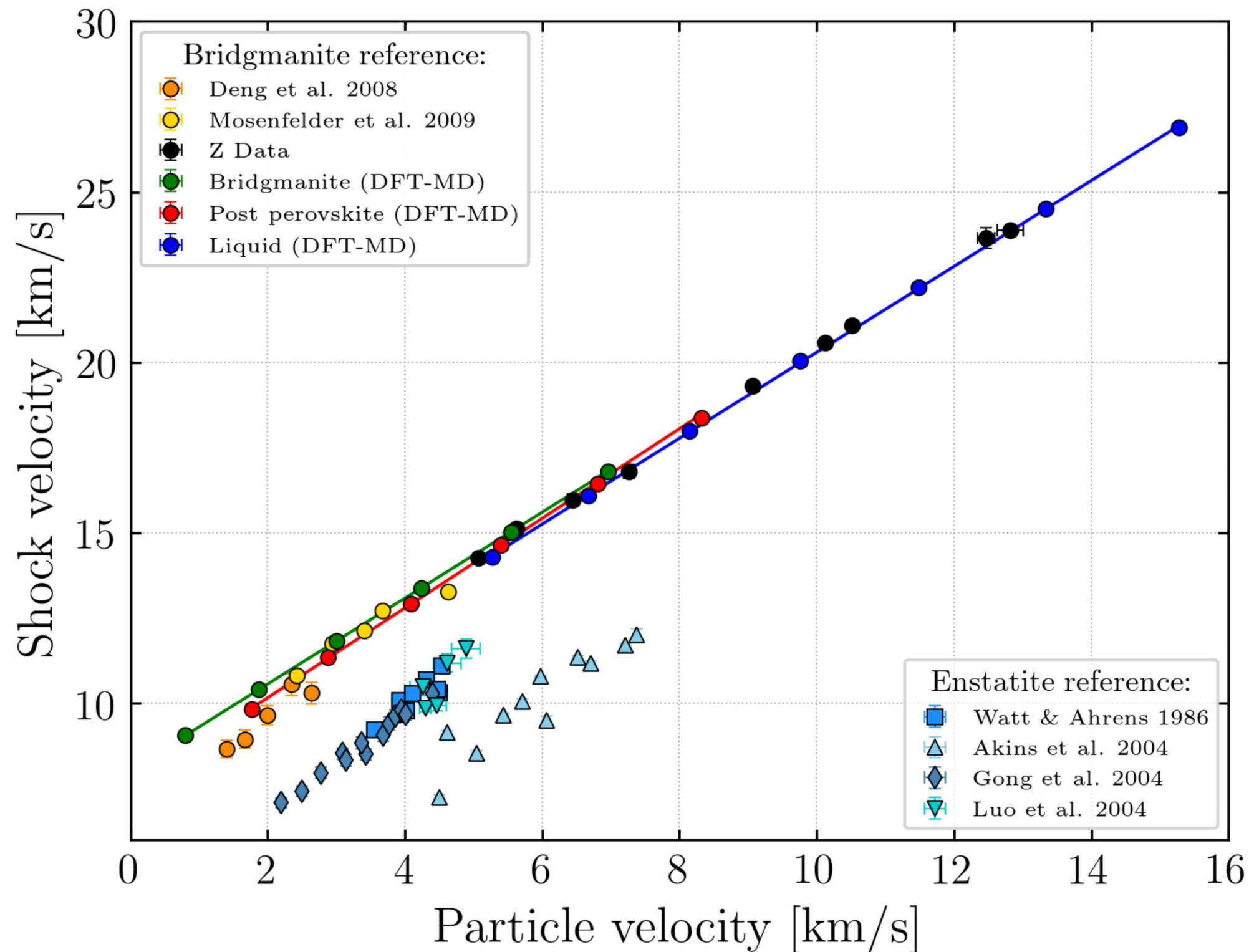
Z Experiments



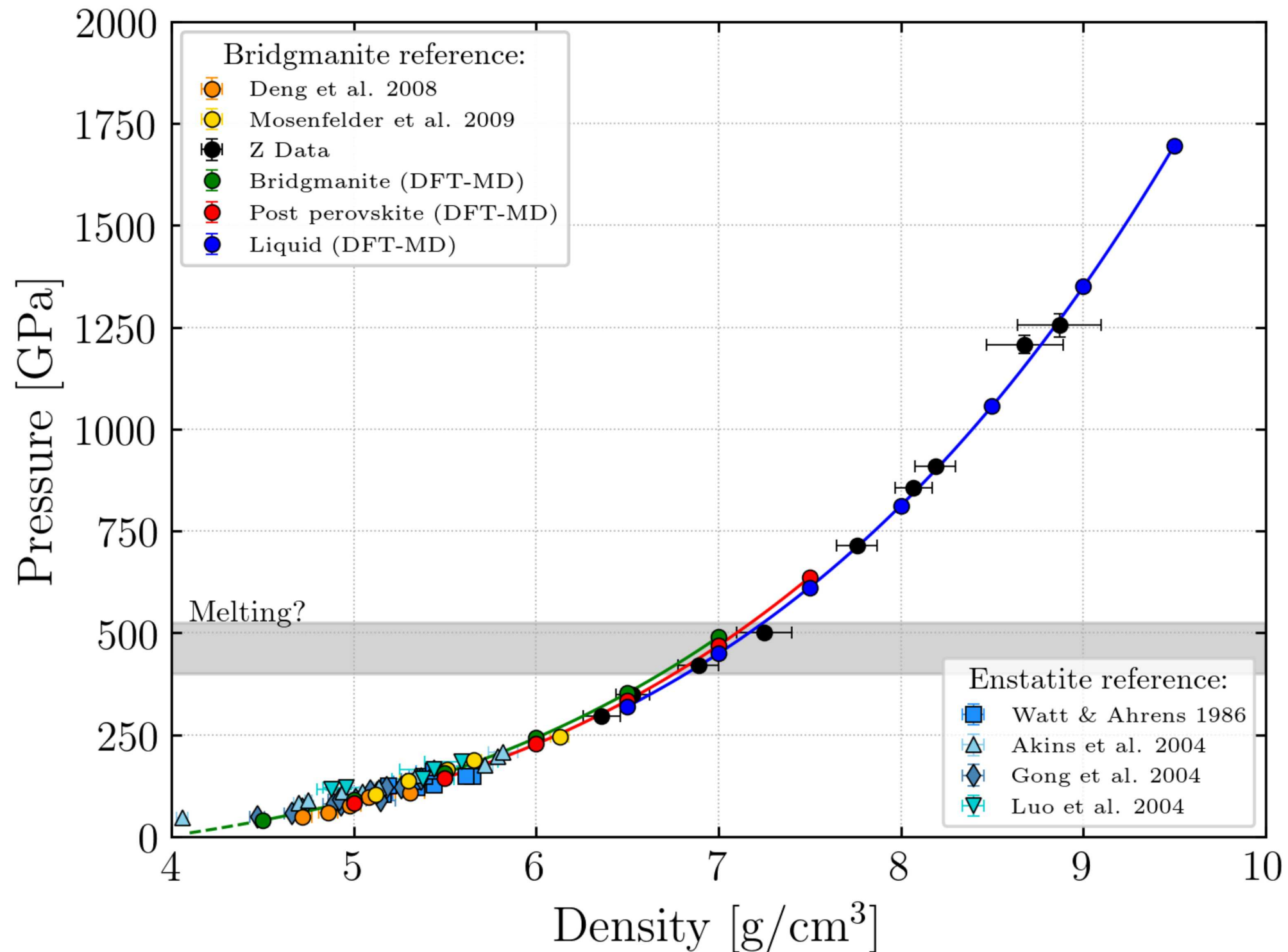
- 2.65×10^6 L of oil
- 1.14×10^6 L of water

Credit: S. Root (SNL)

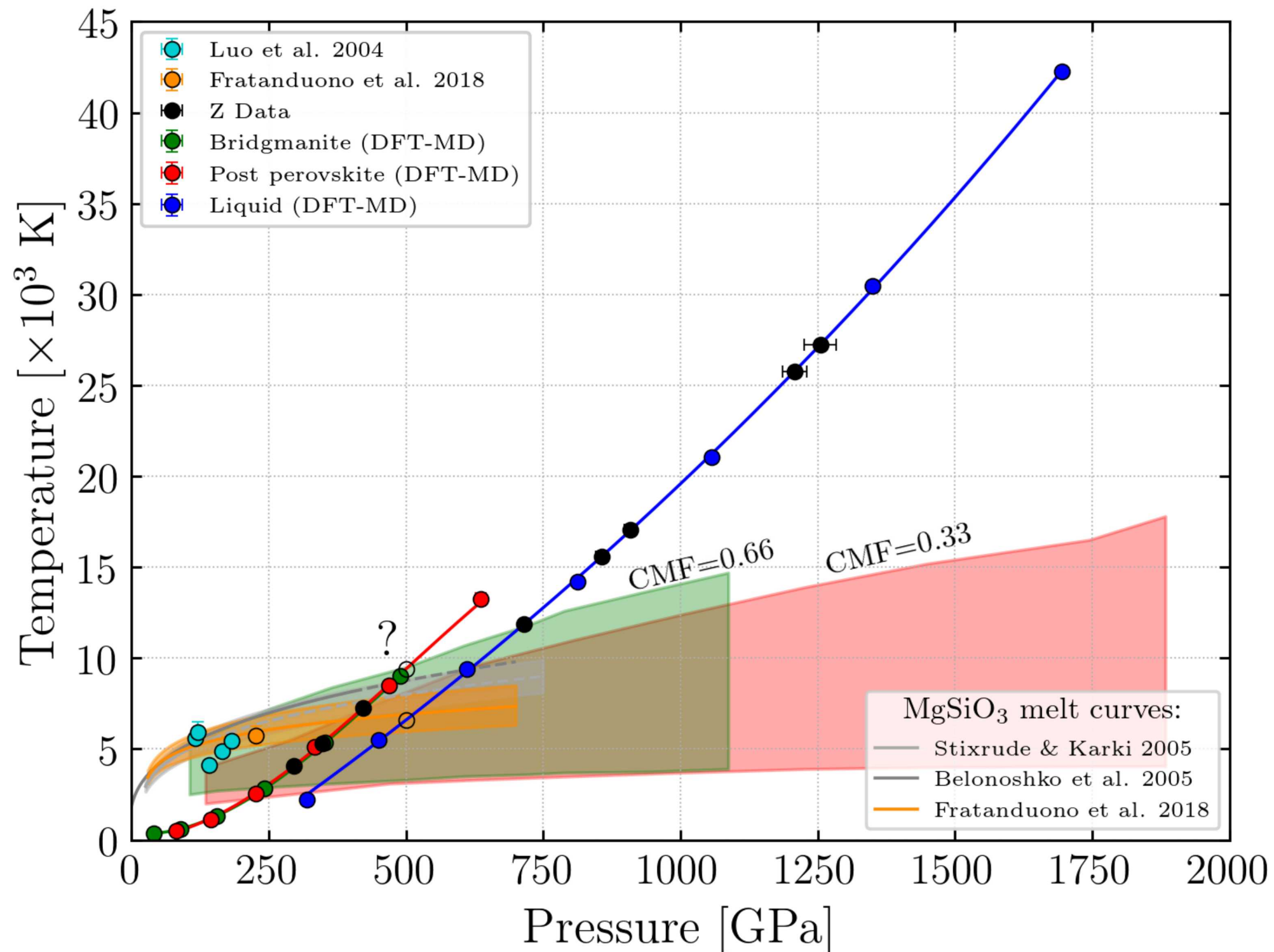
New data to $u_p=13$ km/s



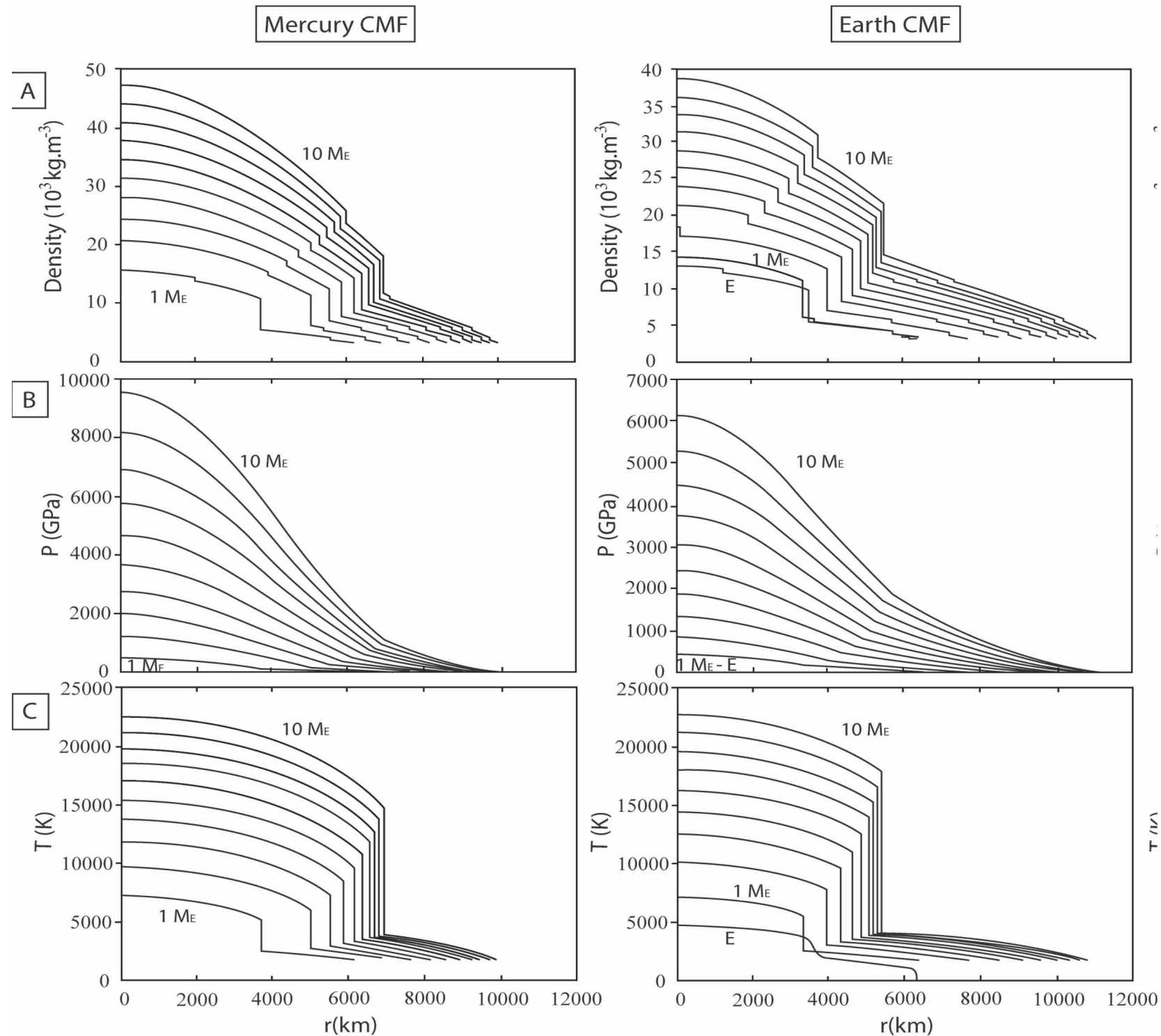
New data to $P=1250$ GPa



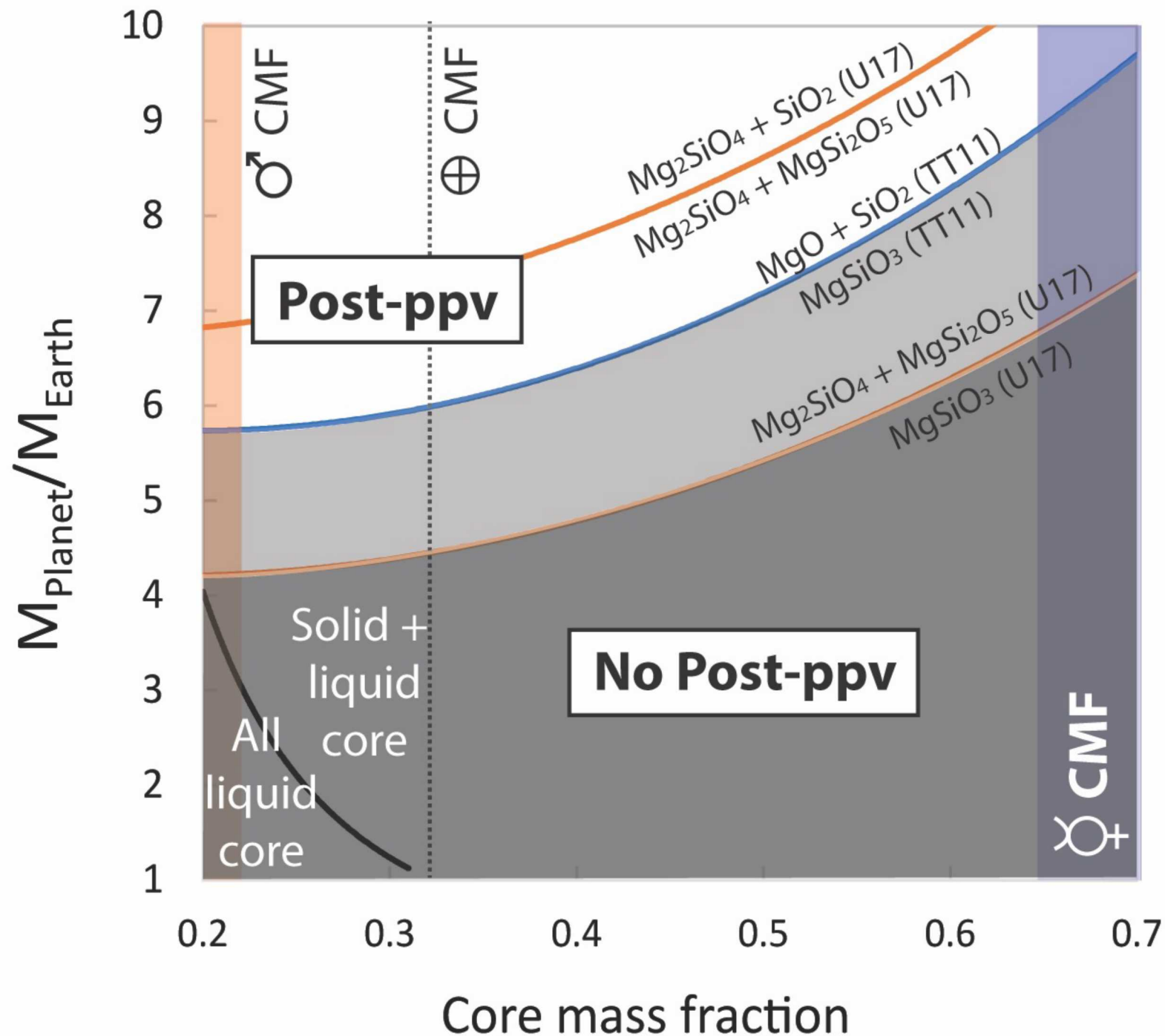
Inferred melting conditions



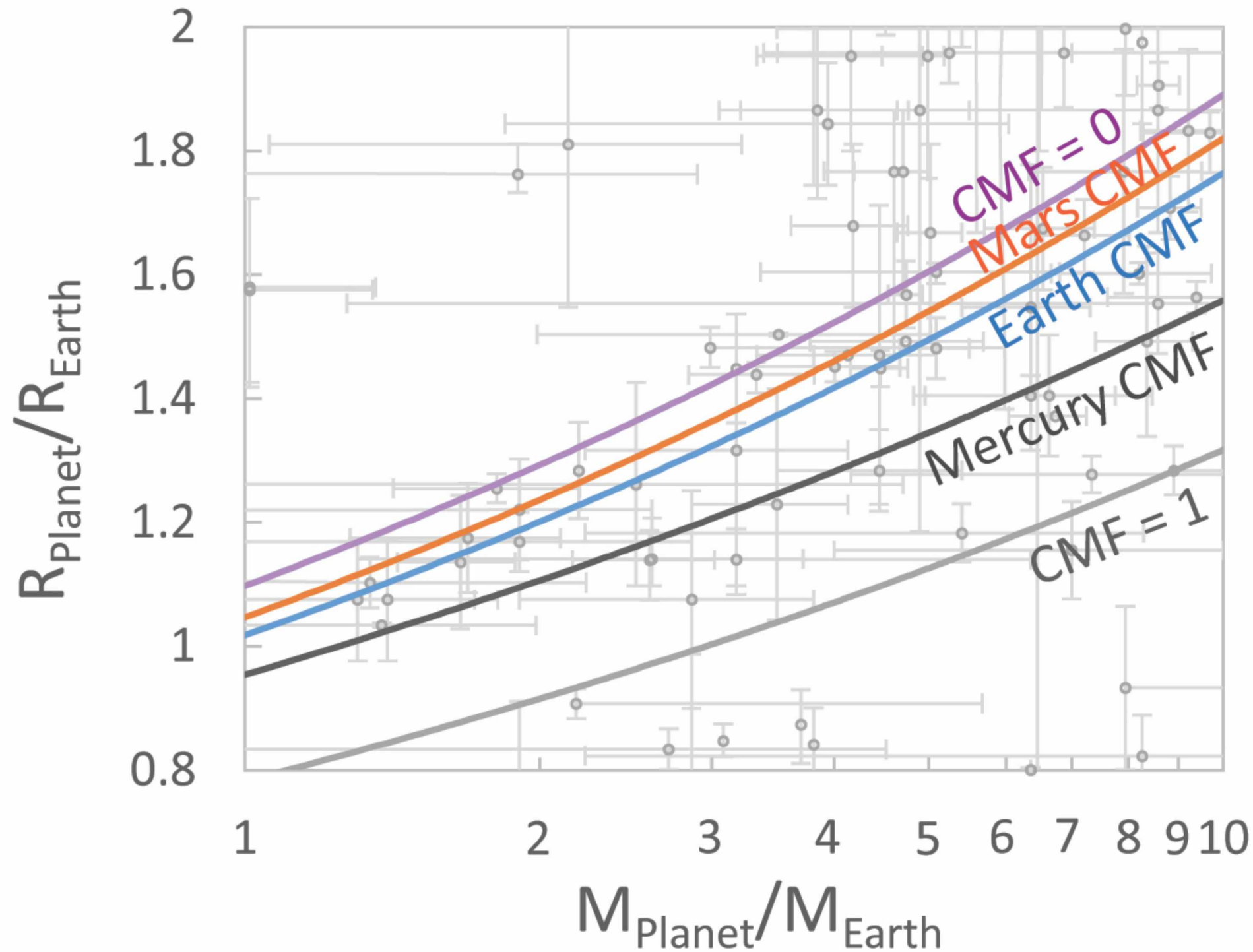
New interior structure models



New interior structure models



New interior structure models



Summary

- **X Shots executed Y shots remaining [ASK CHRIS]**
- **New dataset span 300-1250 GPa**
- **Melting likely occurs ~500 GPa**
- **Sound speed analysis *in progress***
- **New interior structure models *in progress***

The background of the image is a deep blue gradient, speckled with small white dots representing stars. In the foreground and middle ground, there is a large, overlapping cluster of spheres. These spheres vary in size and are covered in intricate, marbled patterns of various colors including blue, green, yellow, orange, red, and white. Some spheres have a more uniform, solid color, while others show complex, swirling patterns. The overall effect is reminiscent of a collection of colorful planets or perhaps a large number of decorated Easter eggs floating in space.

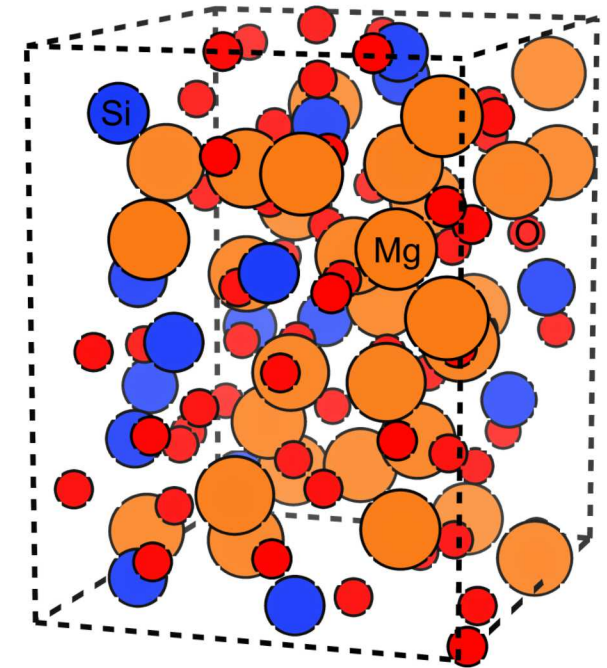
Questions?

Extra slides

DFT-MD Calculations

Two main ideas:

1. Density, not wfn, is sufficient to describe ground state of system
2. Factor SWE into N coupled 3d eqns rather than one 3Nd eqn



Thermodynamic quantities like E , P , T directly accessible *without assuming material response!**

