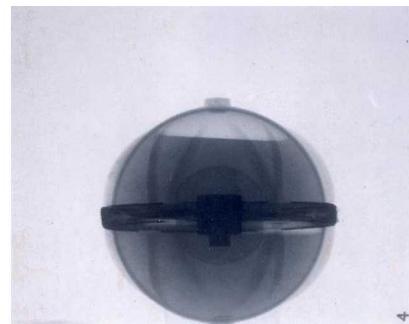


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# ANALYSIS OF EDS VESSEL CLAMPING SYSTEM AND DOOR SEAL

Jerome Stofleth, Robert Crocker, John Ludwigsen, Megan Tribble  
ASME 2019 PVP | July 14-19, San Antonio, Texas, USA



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# DISCUSSION TOPIC

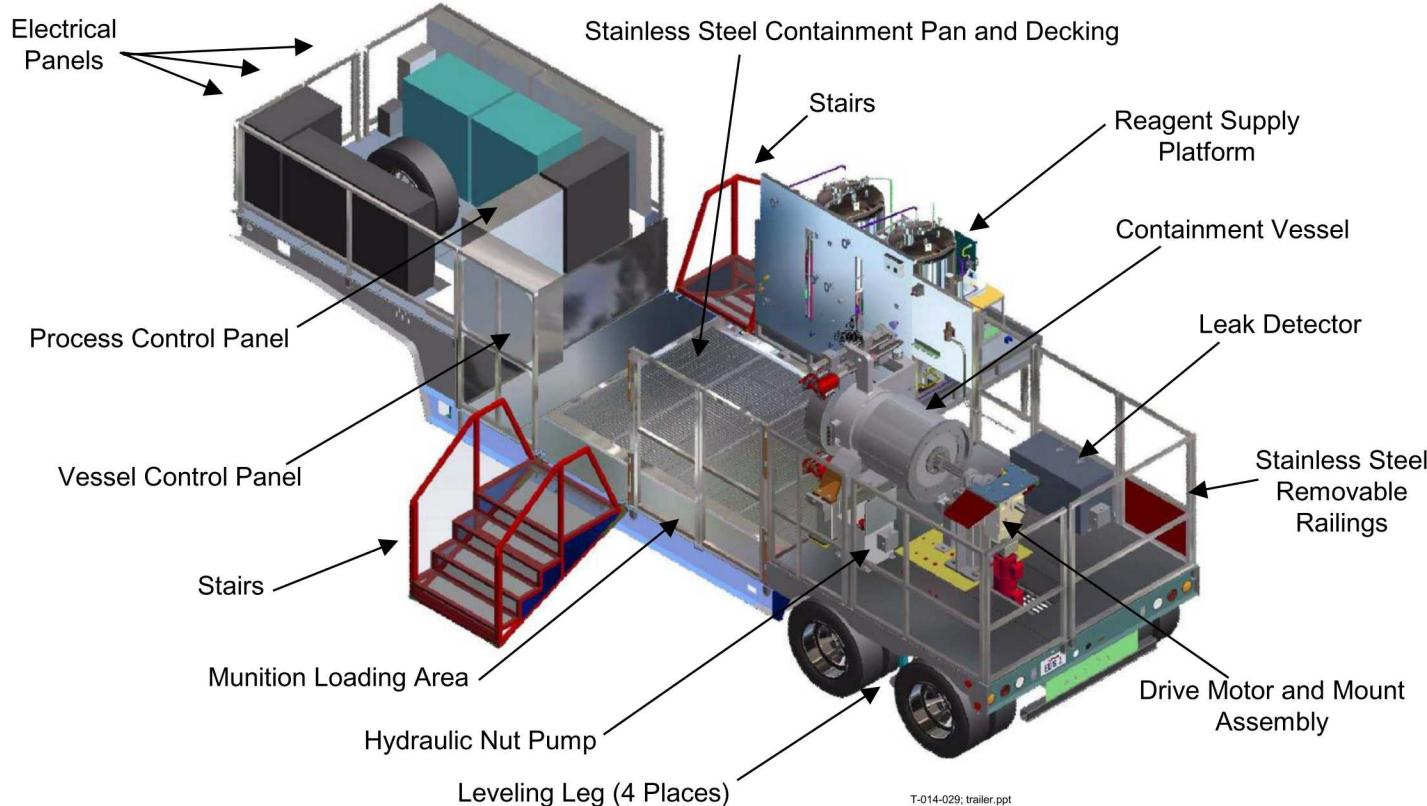
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**ANALYSIS OF DOOR SEAL AND  
CLAMPING SYSTEM INTEGRITY UNDER  
AN EXPLOSIVE DRIVEN IMPULSIVE LOAD  
IN THE EXPLOSIVES DESTRUCTION  
SYSTEM (EDS) CONTAINMENT VESSEL**



# EDS SYSTEM OVERVIEW

EDS is a trailer-mounted chemical munition treatment system with a rotating explosive containment vessel



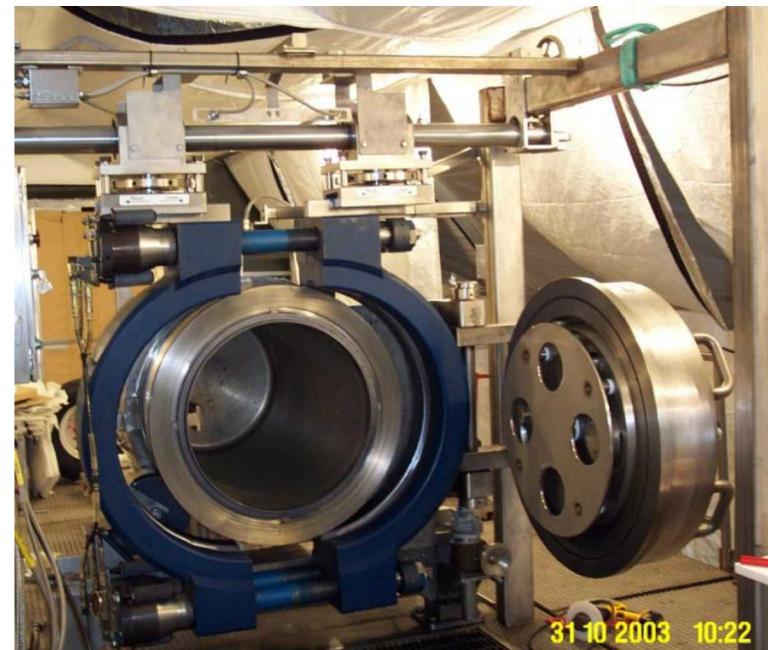
T-014-029; trailer.ppt  
7/1/02

**Phase 2 System**  
40-foot single drop trailer  
11 foot shipping height  
8.5 feet wide  
55,000 pounds total

# EDS VESSEL DESCRIPTION

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- Cylindrical cup
- Flat door
- 316 stainless steel
- Grayloc™ metal gasket
- 4140 steel clamps
- Vessel volume is 620 liters
- Rated for ~500 uses at 9 pounds TNT equivalent unitary charge, centrally located



ASME stamped for Static and Impulsive loadings

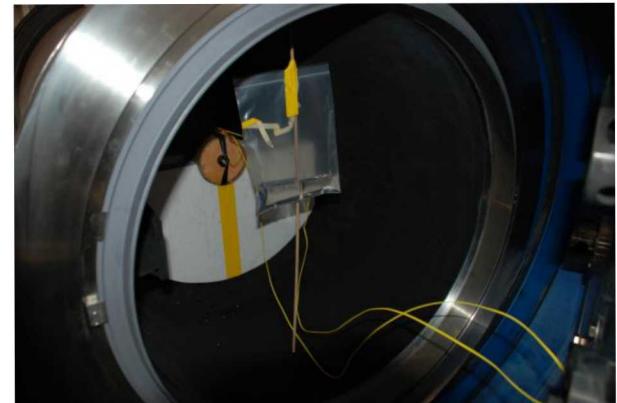
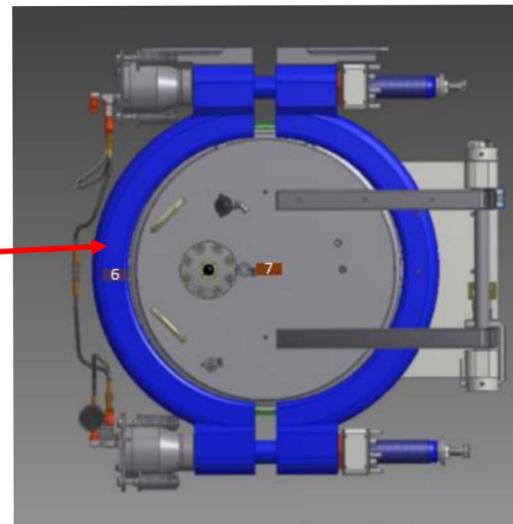


# SEALING SYSTEM DESIGN

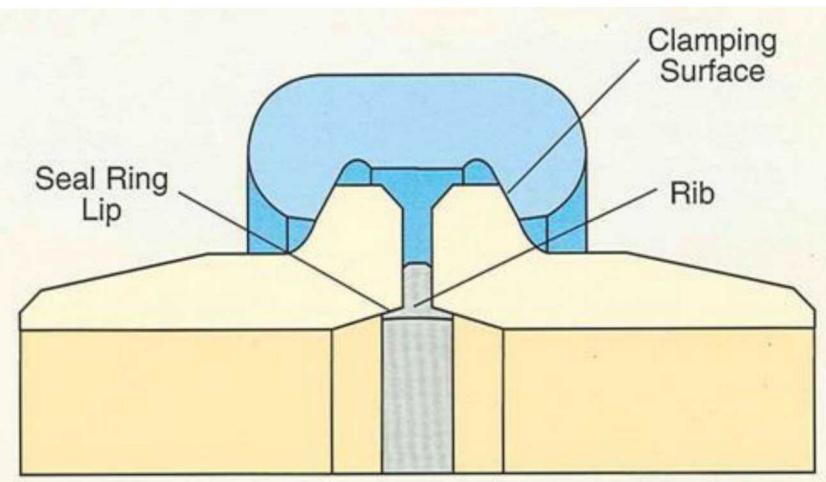
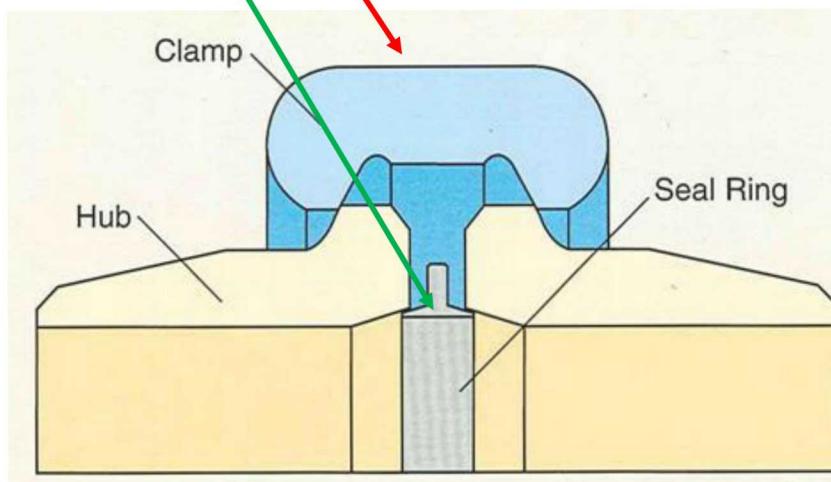
2-Piece clamping system

Clamp

Seal ring



Seal ring on vessel





# INSTRUMENTATION

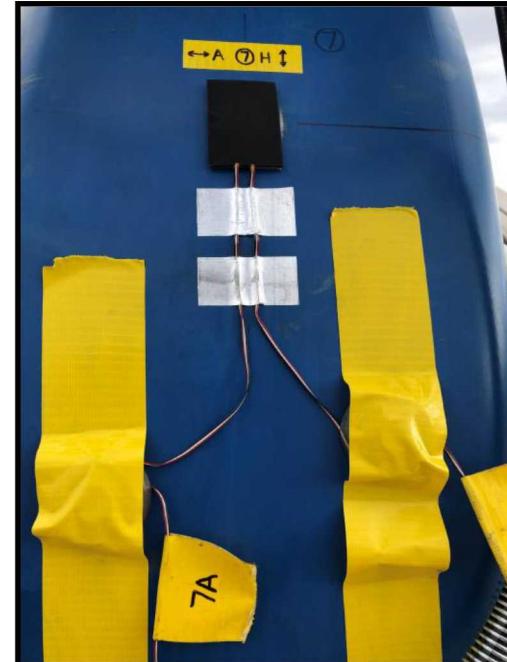
## Strain Gages

Some strain gage locations:

Vessel body



Clamp exterior



Clamp interior

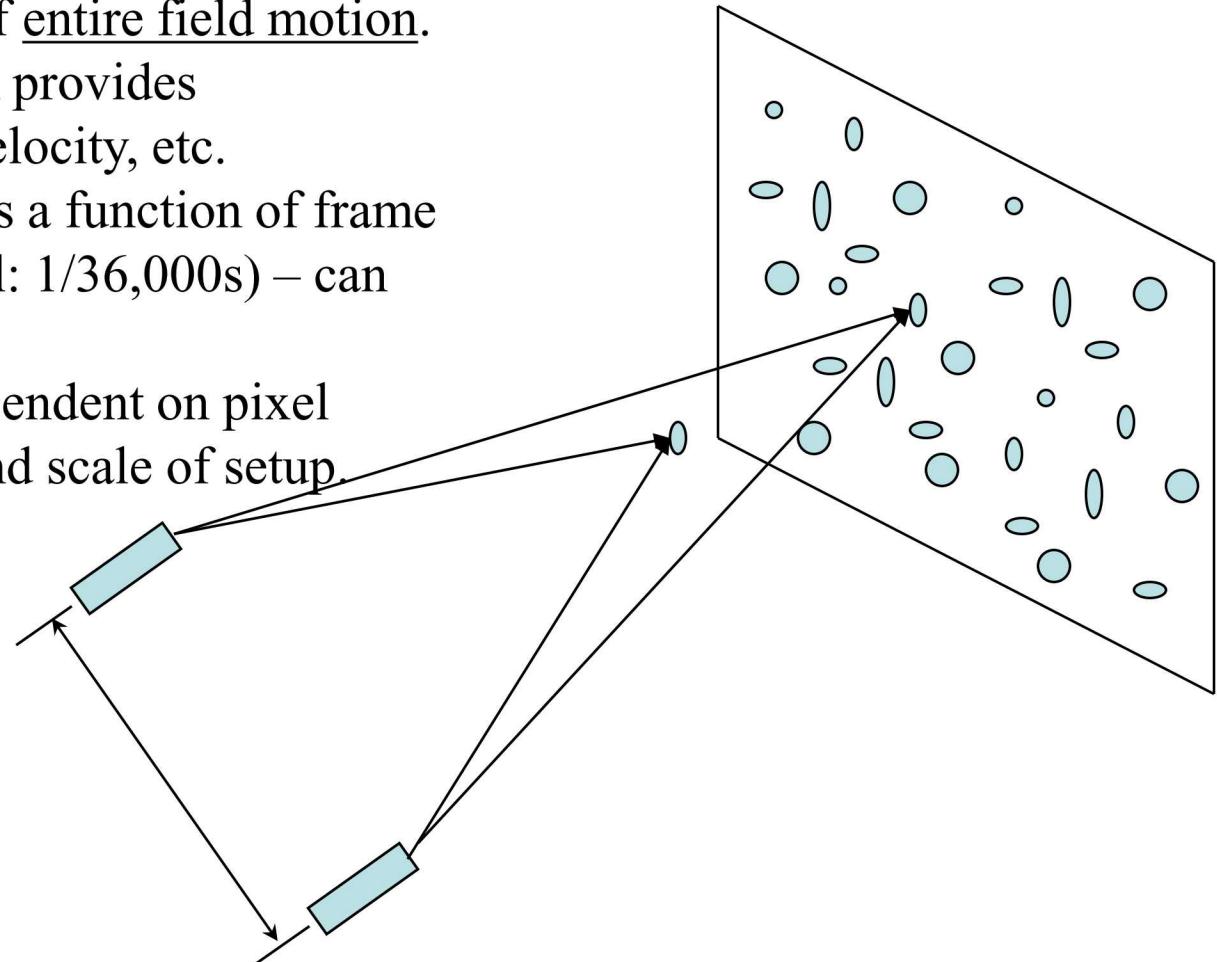
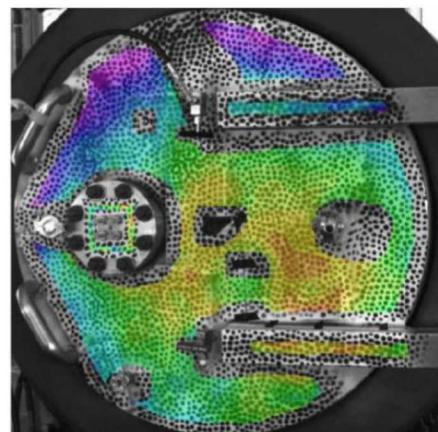




# INSTRUMENTATION

## Digital Image Correlation (DIC)

- Pseudo-random speckle pattern provides for stereo correlation of entire field motion.
- Correlation algorithm provides displacement, strain, velocity, etc.
- Temporal resolution is a function of frame rate of cameras (typical: 1/36,000s) – can be up to 1/500,000s
- Spatial resolution dependent on pixel resolution of camera and scale of setup.



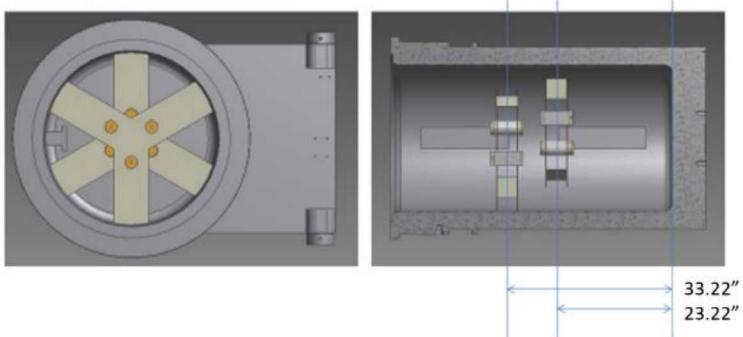


# EXPLOSIVE TEST LOAD

## 9lbs Composition C-4 (11lbs TNT)

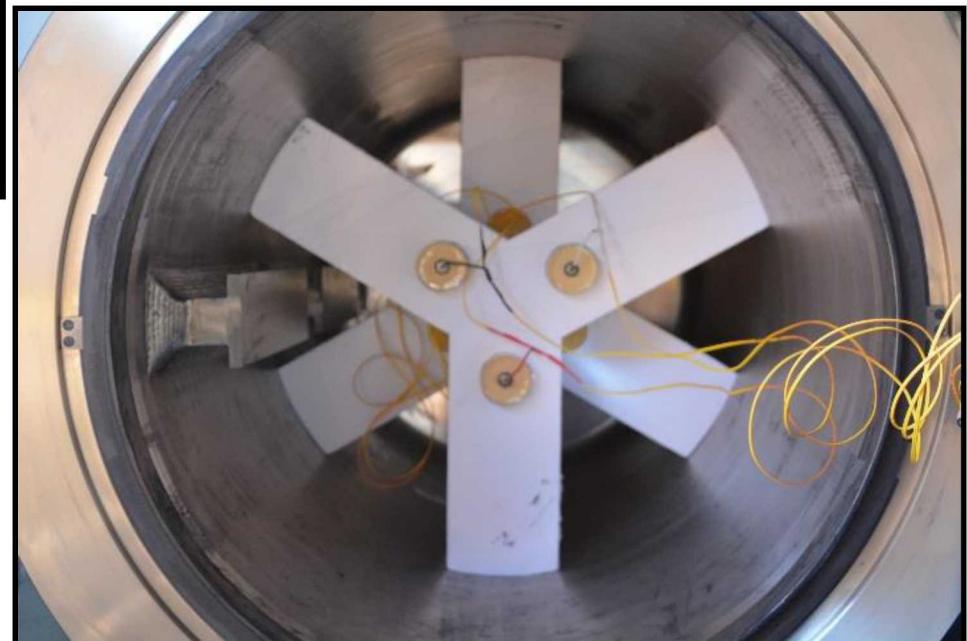
### Orientation 1/1

Rear charge group plane 23.22" from aft interior wall  
Front charge group plane 23.22" from interior door surface  
Rear charge group top dead-center



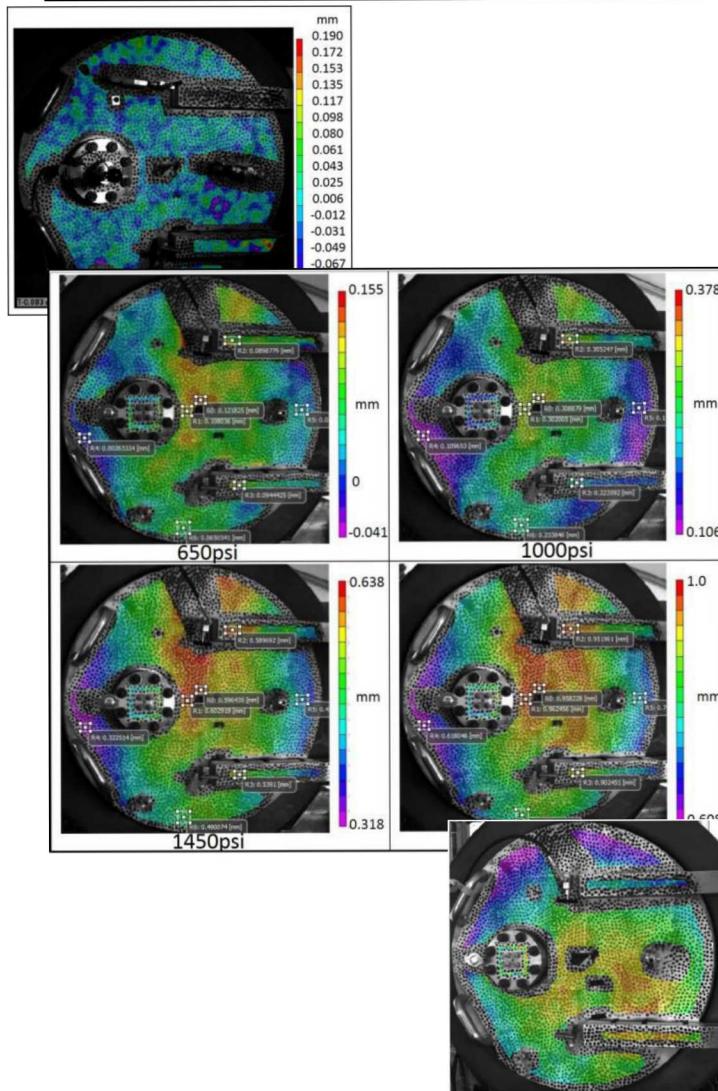
Individual 1.5 lbs C-4 charges

6 charges in orientation 1/1

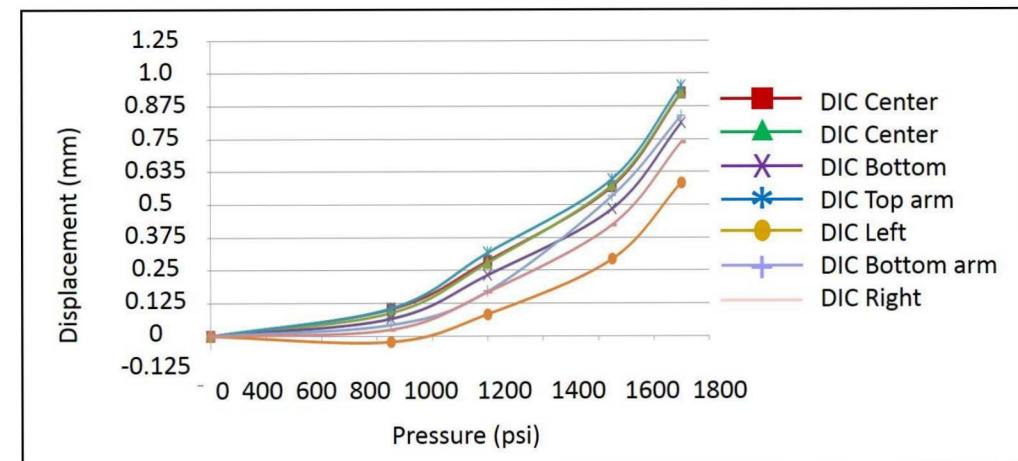




# HYDROSTATIC TEST RESULTS



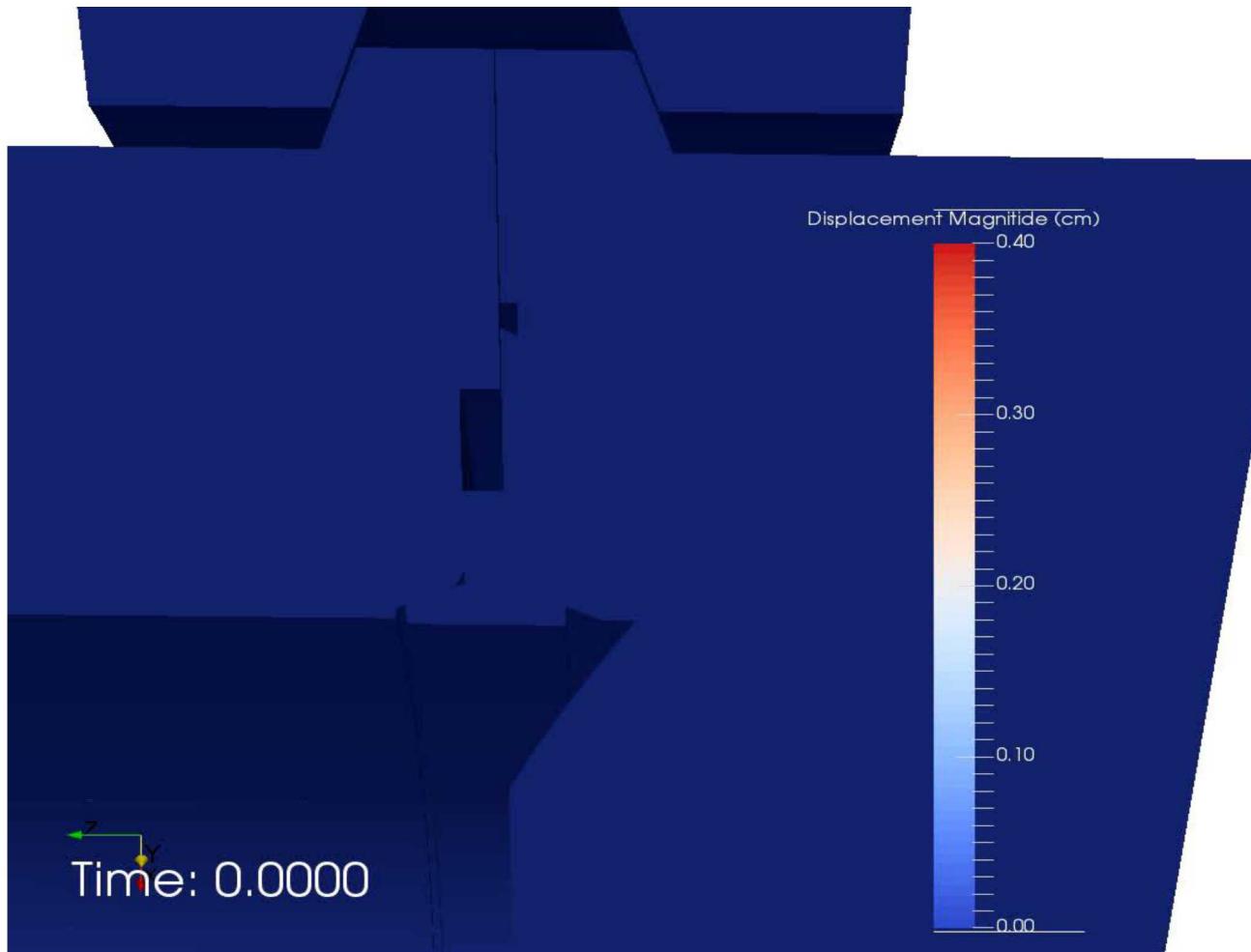
Pressure (psi)	Feeler gage	DIC center	DIC bottom	DIC side	left	DIC right side
0	0	0	0	0		0
650	0.102	0.104	0.067	-0.022		0.025
1000	0.203	0.291	0.236	0.085		0.170
1450	0.254	0.578	0.492	0.298		0.430
1700	0.356	0.940	0.824	0.593		0.750
2000	0.269					
2500	0.610					
2850	0.965					
0	0.058					



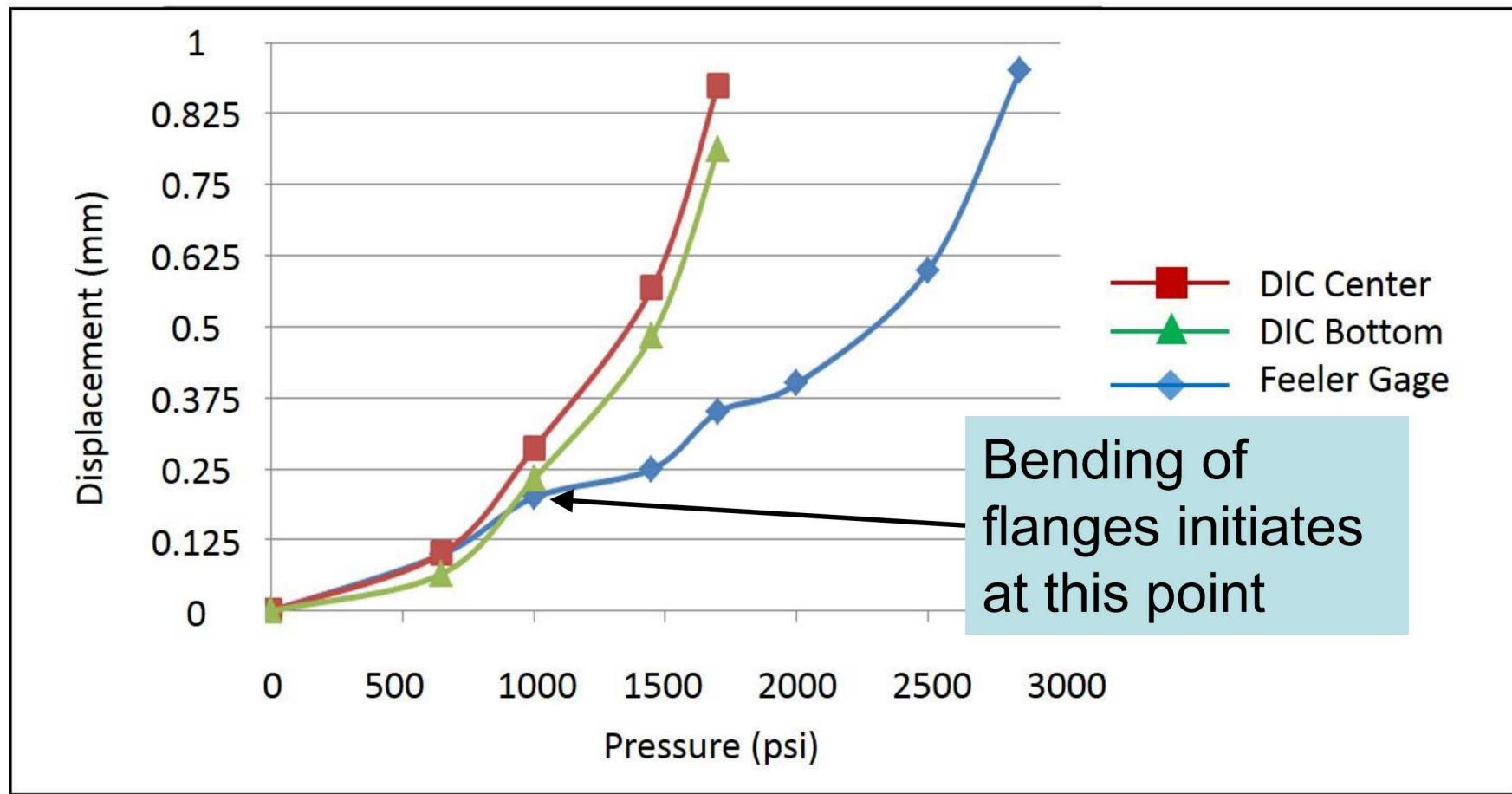


# COUPLED HYDROCODE / FINITE ELEMENT MODEL OF CLAMP GAP

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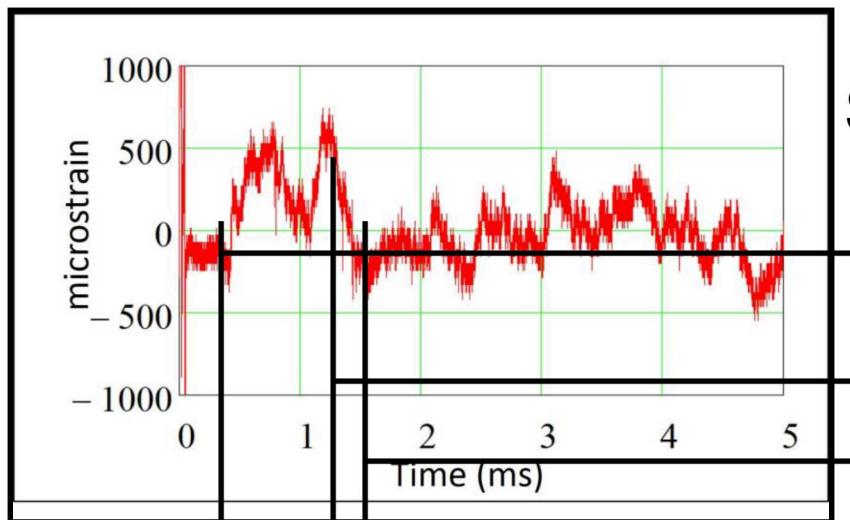


# DOOR/BODY GAP COMPARISON (feeler gage versus DIC)





# DYNAMIC TEST RESULTS (Strain)

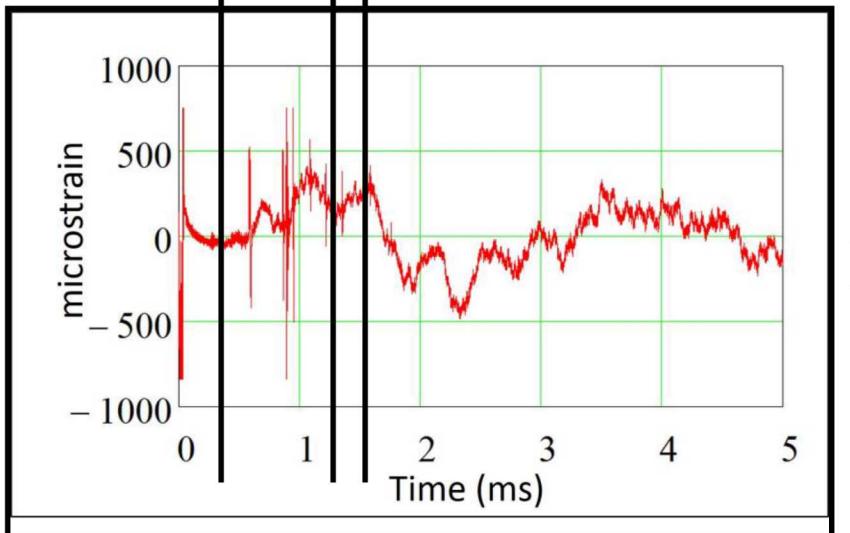


Strain at door center point

0.2 $\mu$ s – beginning of bending

1.2 $\mu$ s – peak bending

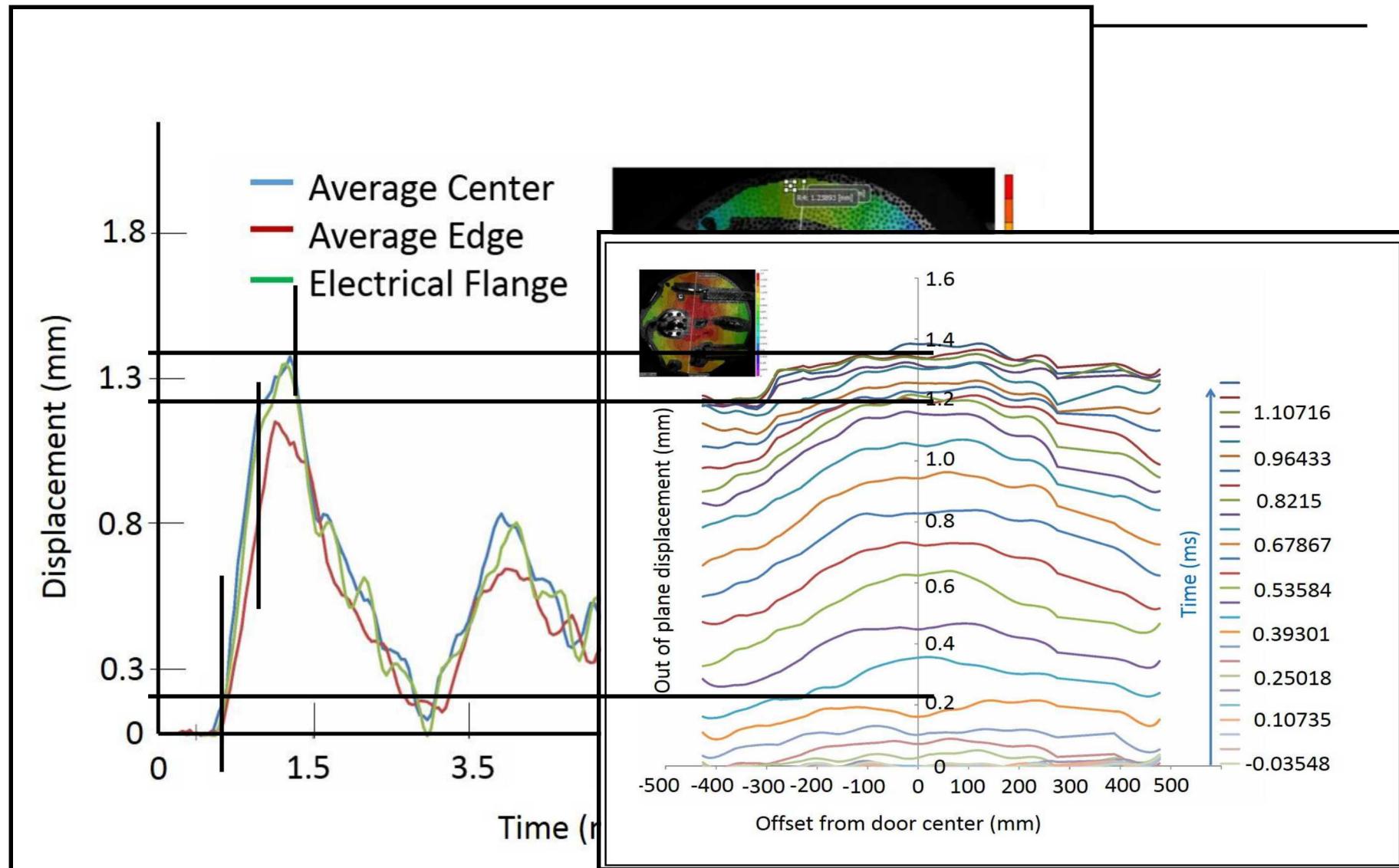
1.4 $\mu$ s – bending stops



Hoop strain on clamp interior

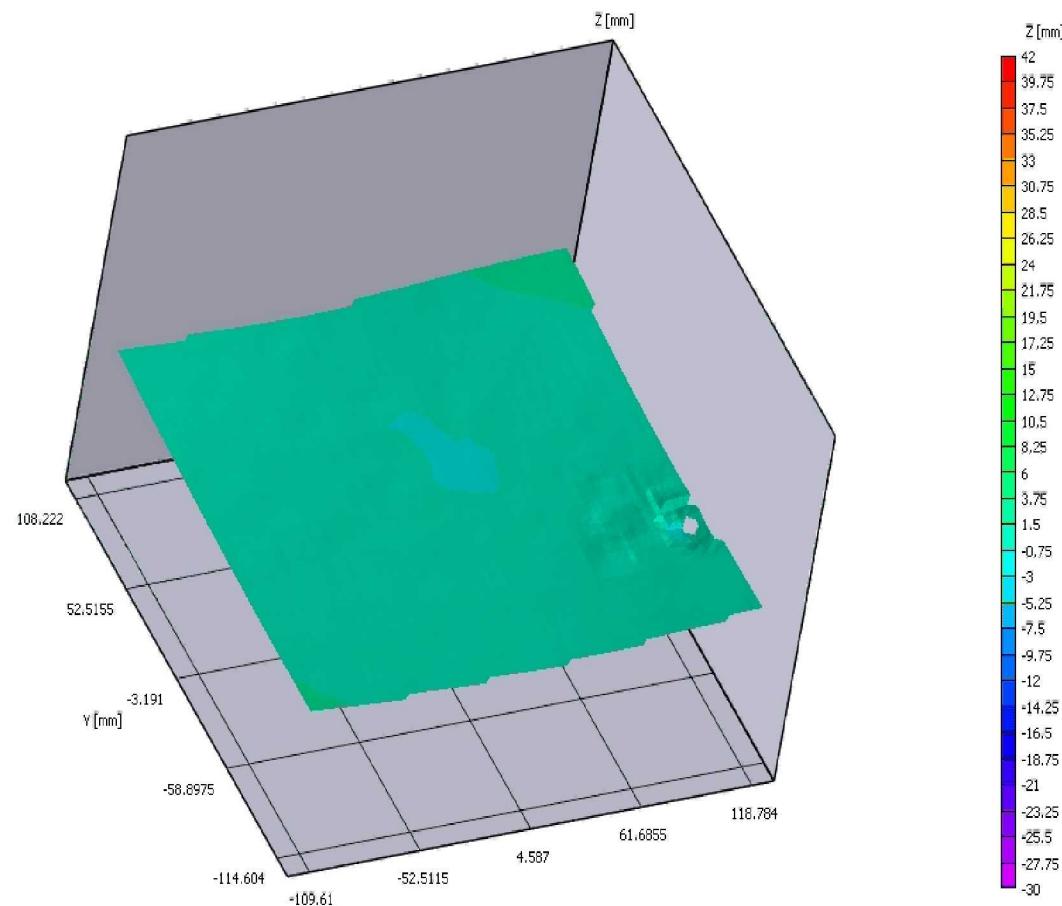
# DIC RESULTS

## Center point and line cut motion



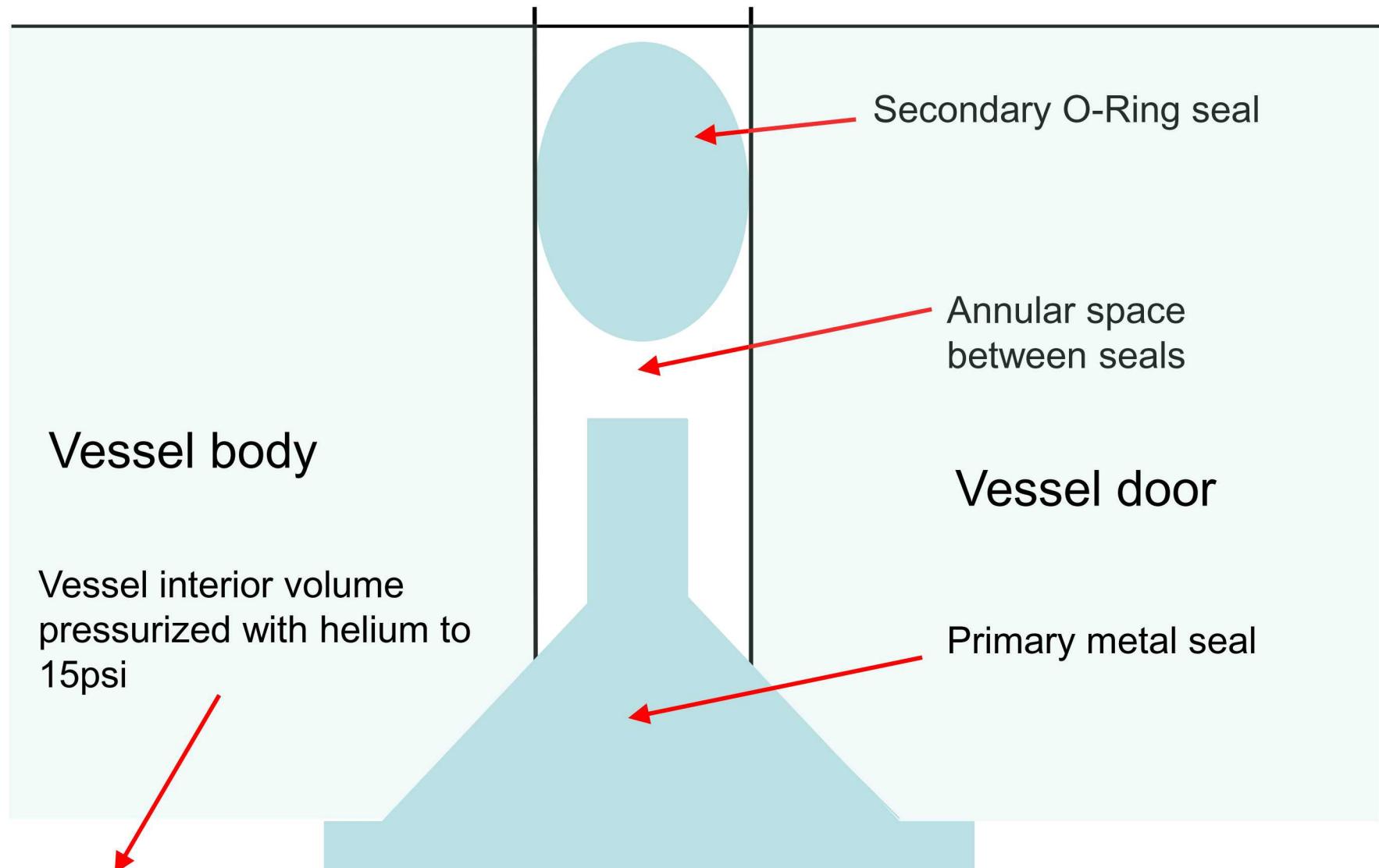


# DIC EXAMPLE



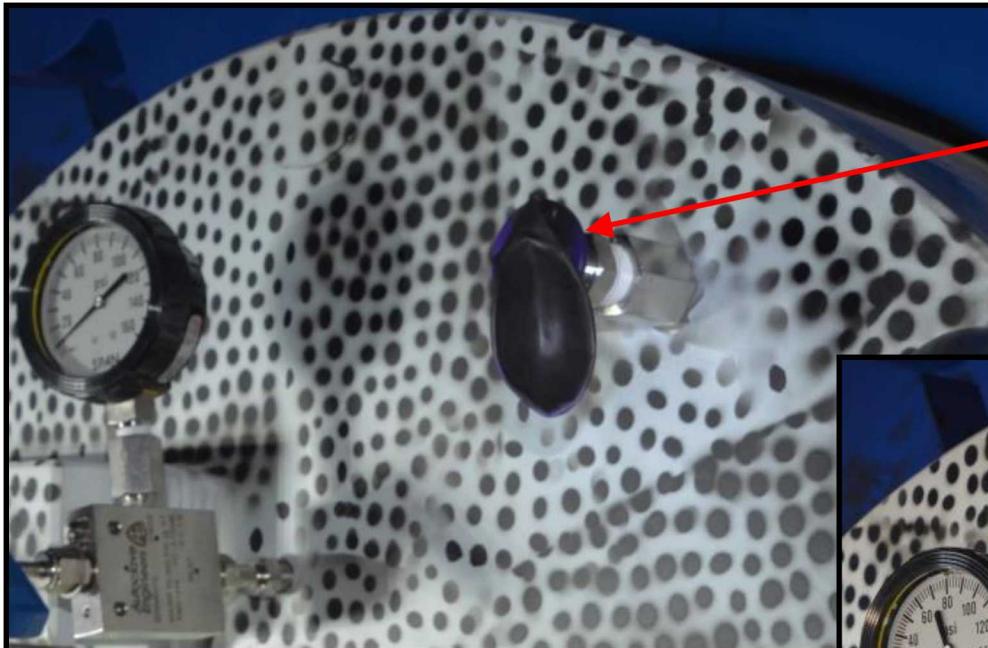


# VESSEL BURP MEASUREMENT

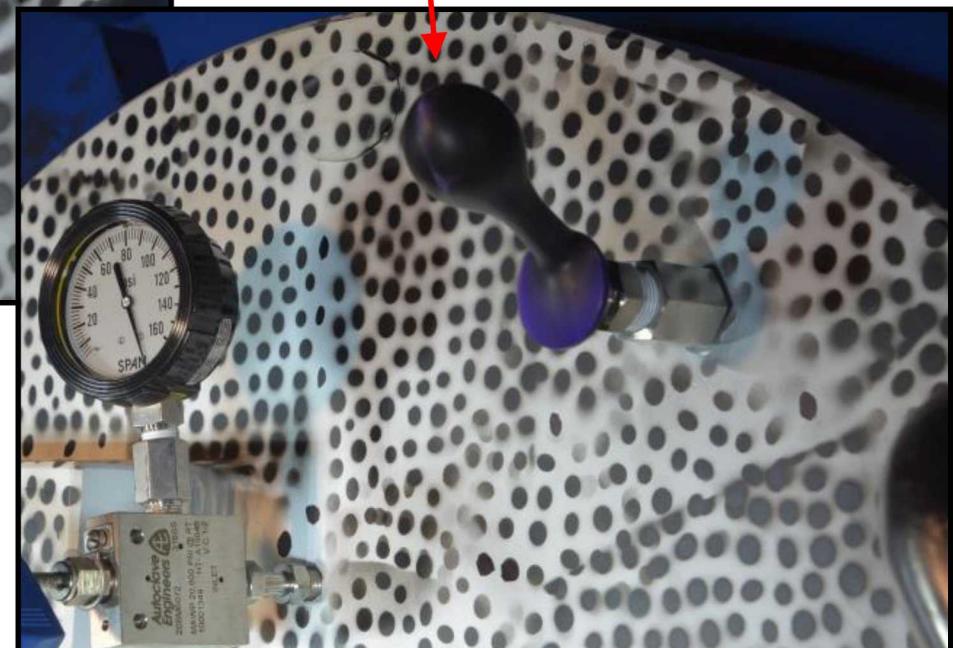




# VESSEL “BURP”



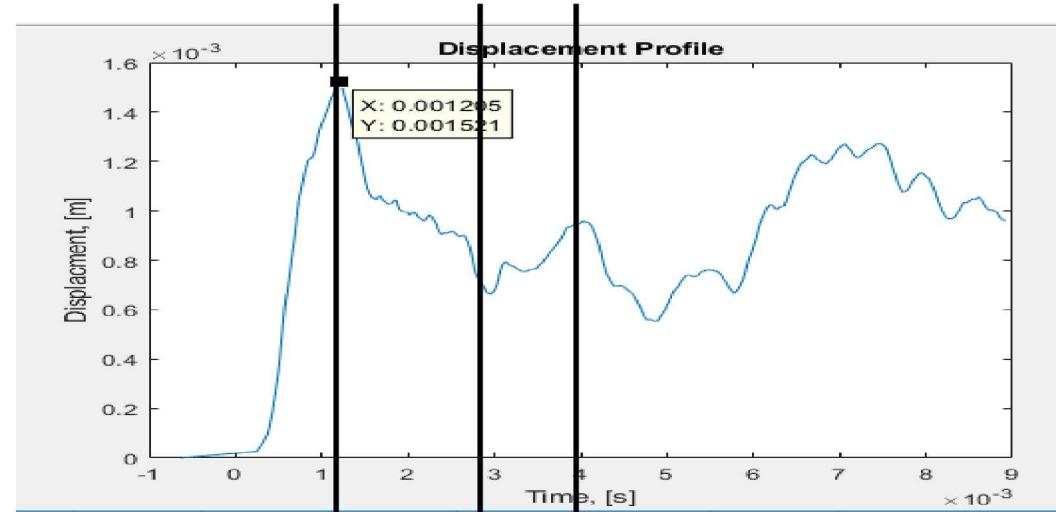
Pre-shot (deflated)  
Post-shot (inflated)



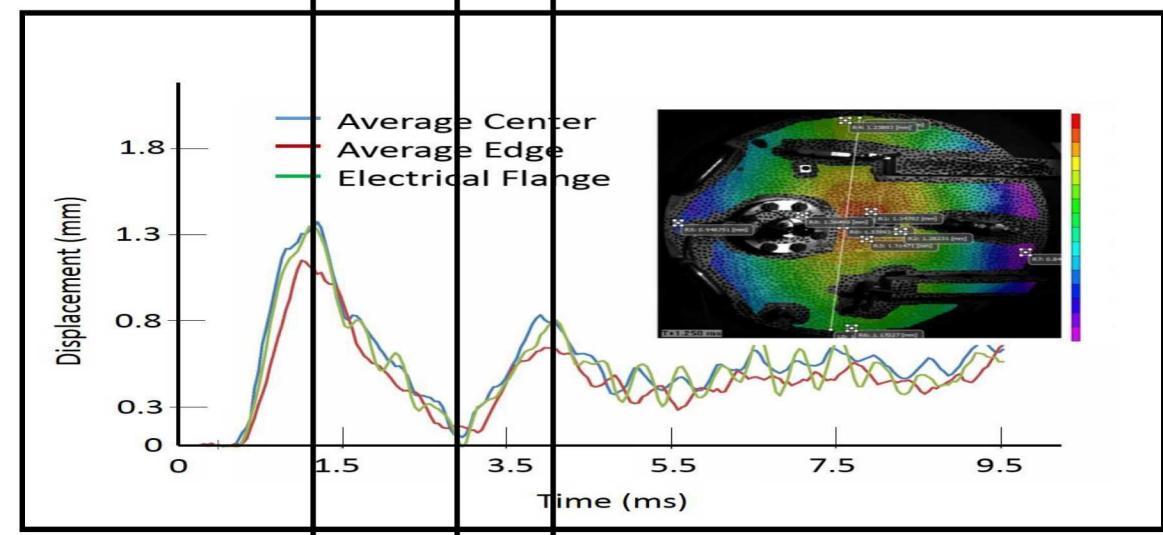
No helium detected in  
inflated balloon volume  
– must be air from  
exterior

# Recent Photonic Doppler Velocimetry (PDV) compared to old DIC

PDV 2019



DIC 2013





# Acknowledgements

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**Development of the EDS P2 was funded and directed by the US Army Recovered Chemical Munitions Directorate (RCMD).**

Sandia California

Brent Haroldsen  
Mien Yip

Sandia New Mexico

Peter Montoya  
Gilbert Gonzalez  
Paul Schneider

US Army Recovered Chemical Munitions Directorate

William Adams