

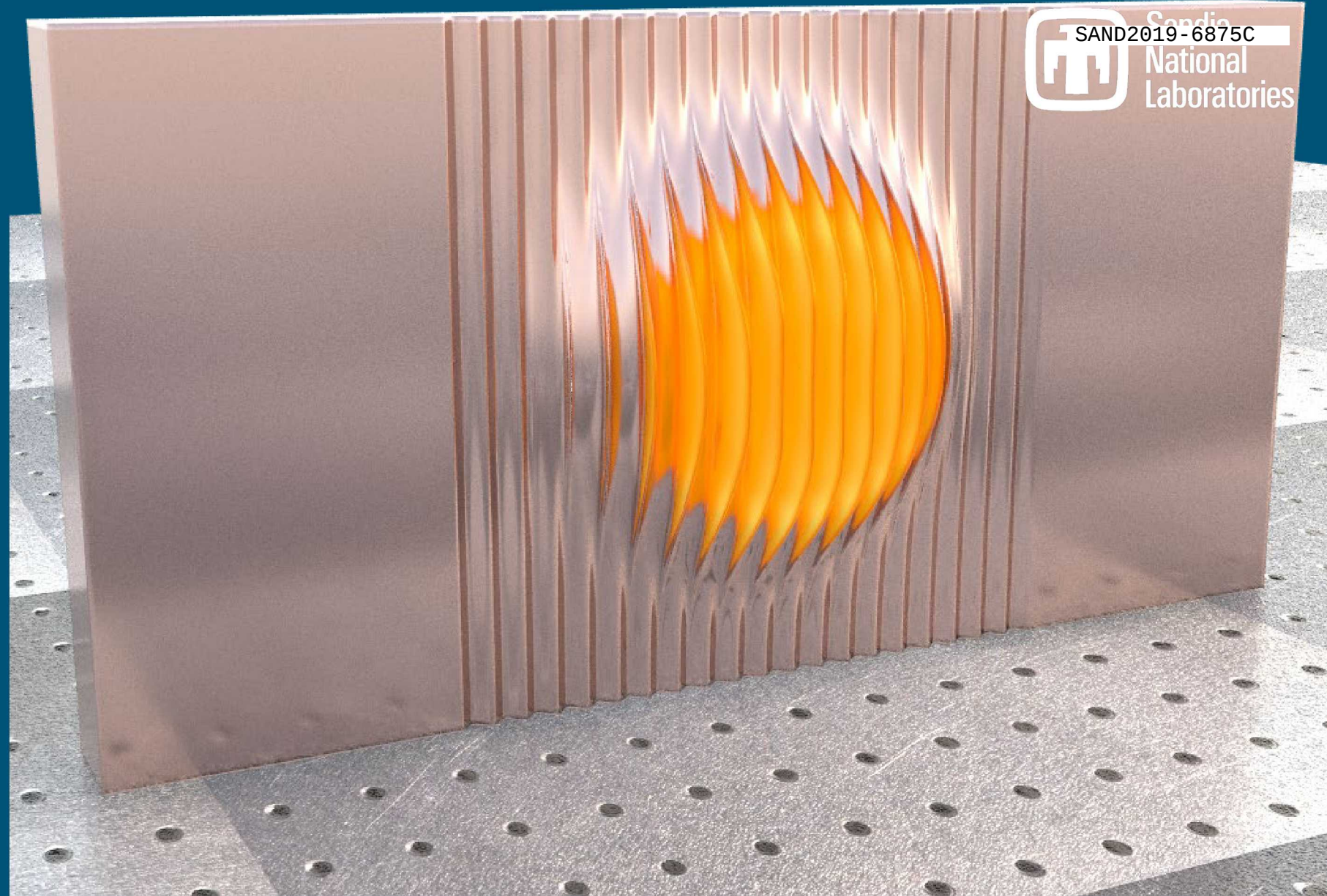
Validation and Calibration of Metal Strength Models Using Richtmyer-Meshkov Instability Measurements & Simulations

PRESENTED BY

Christopher Garasi

IN COLLABORATION WITH

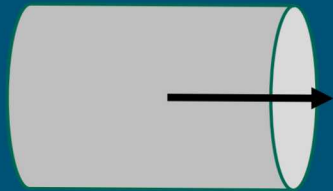
Joseph Olles, Ryan Coleman



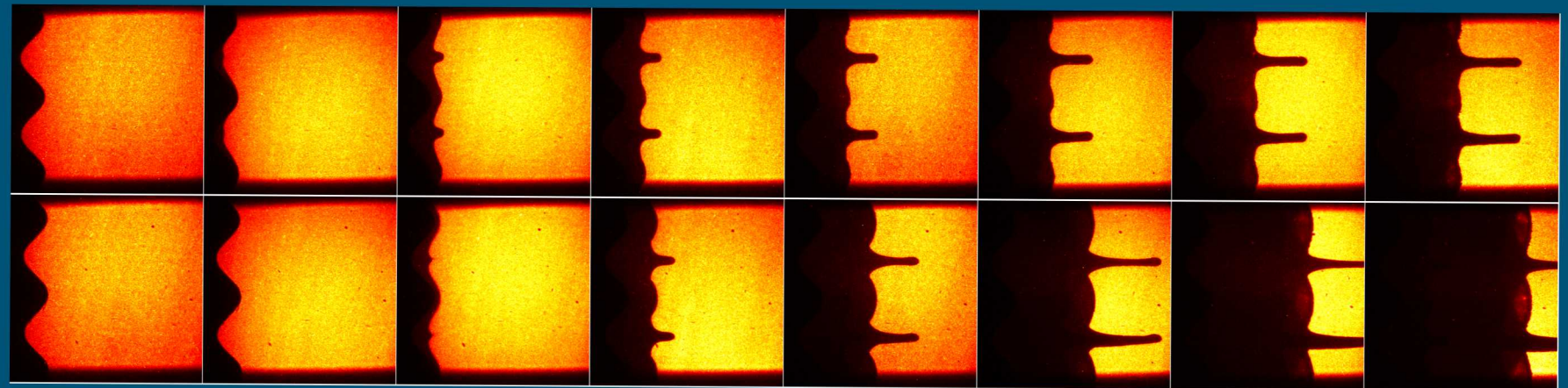
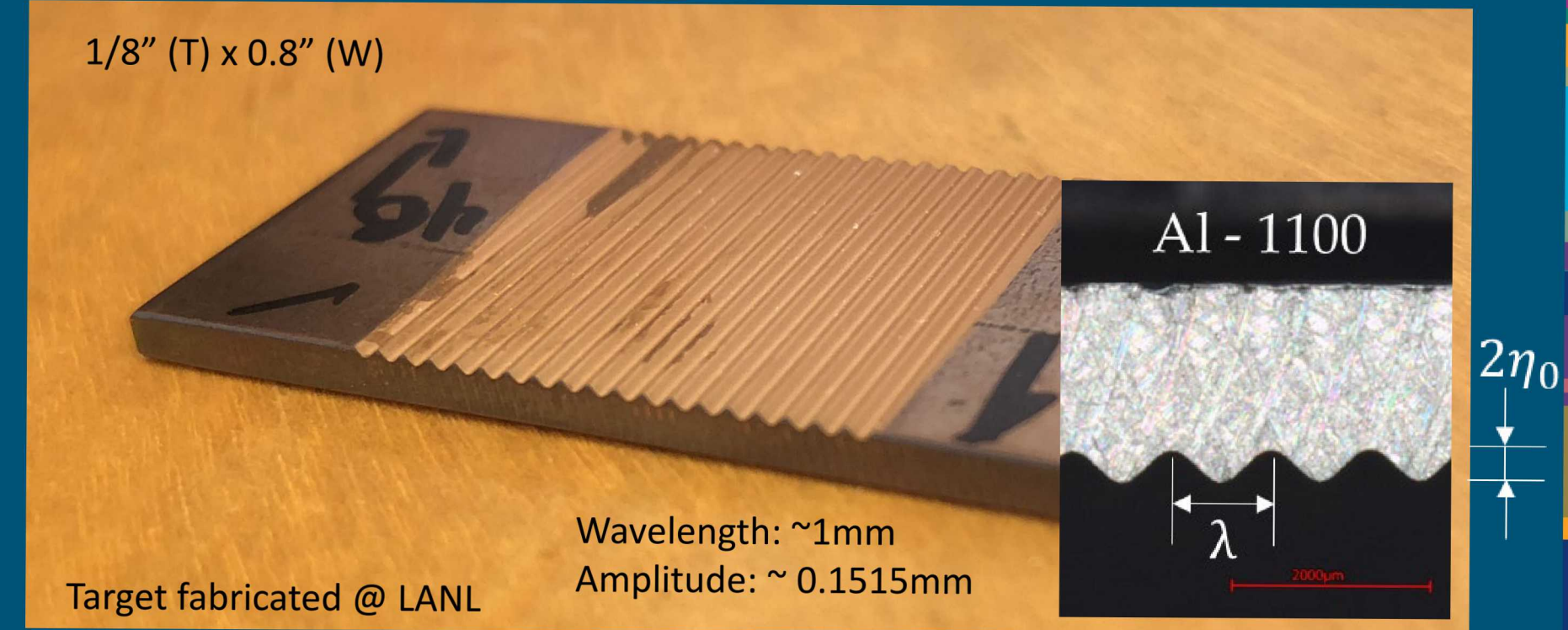
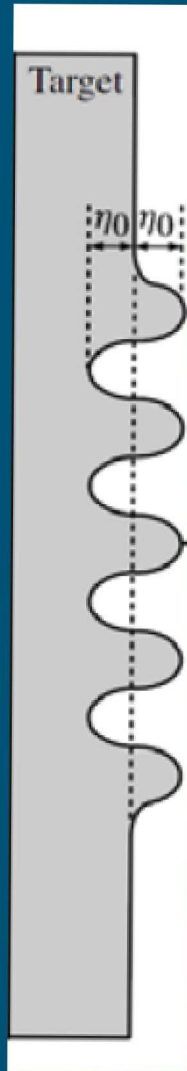
Richtmyer-Meshkov Metal Target Experiments @ APS



0.4" (D) x 4" (L)

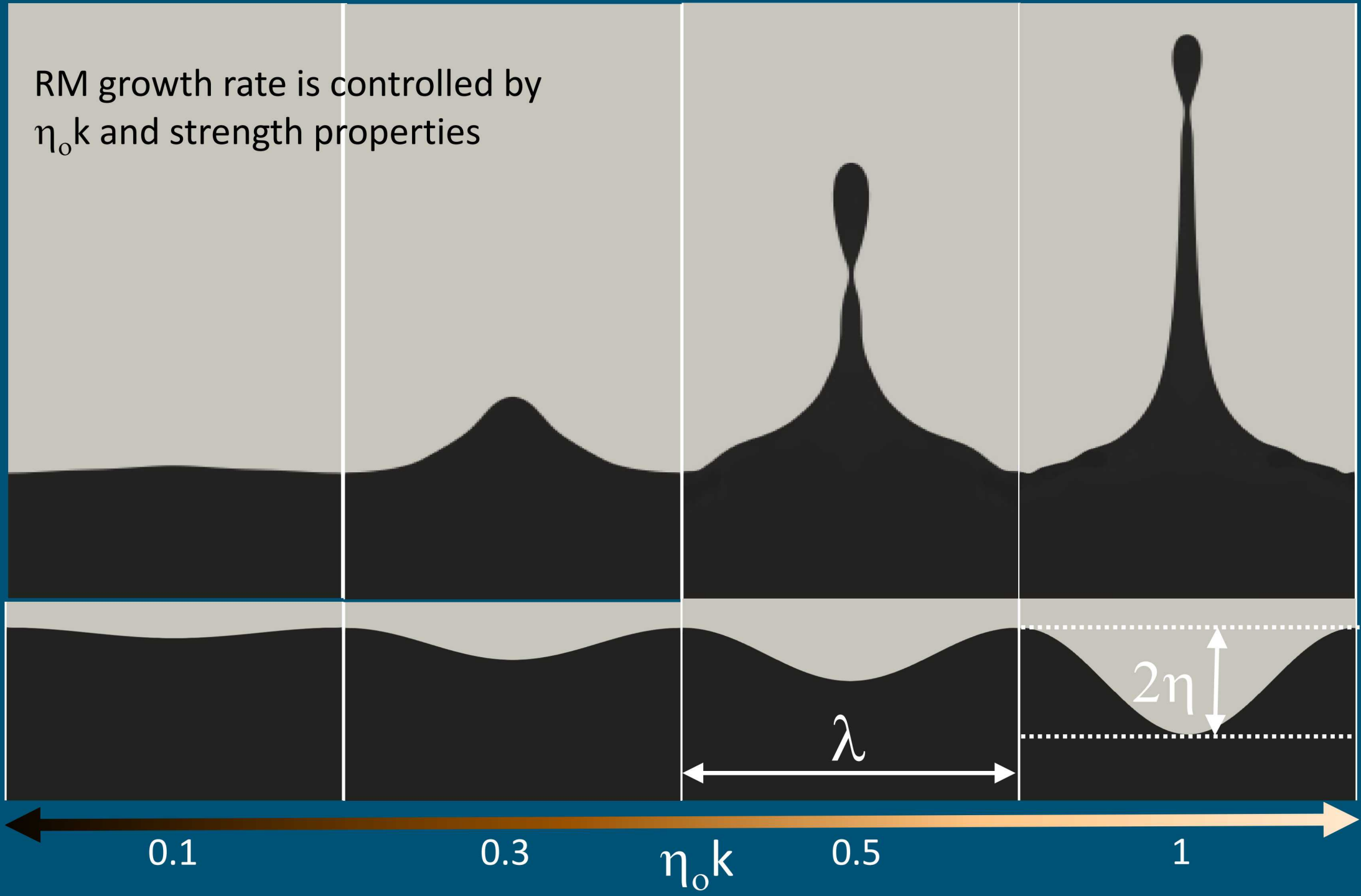


Al on Al
Cu on Cu

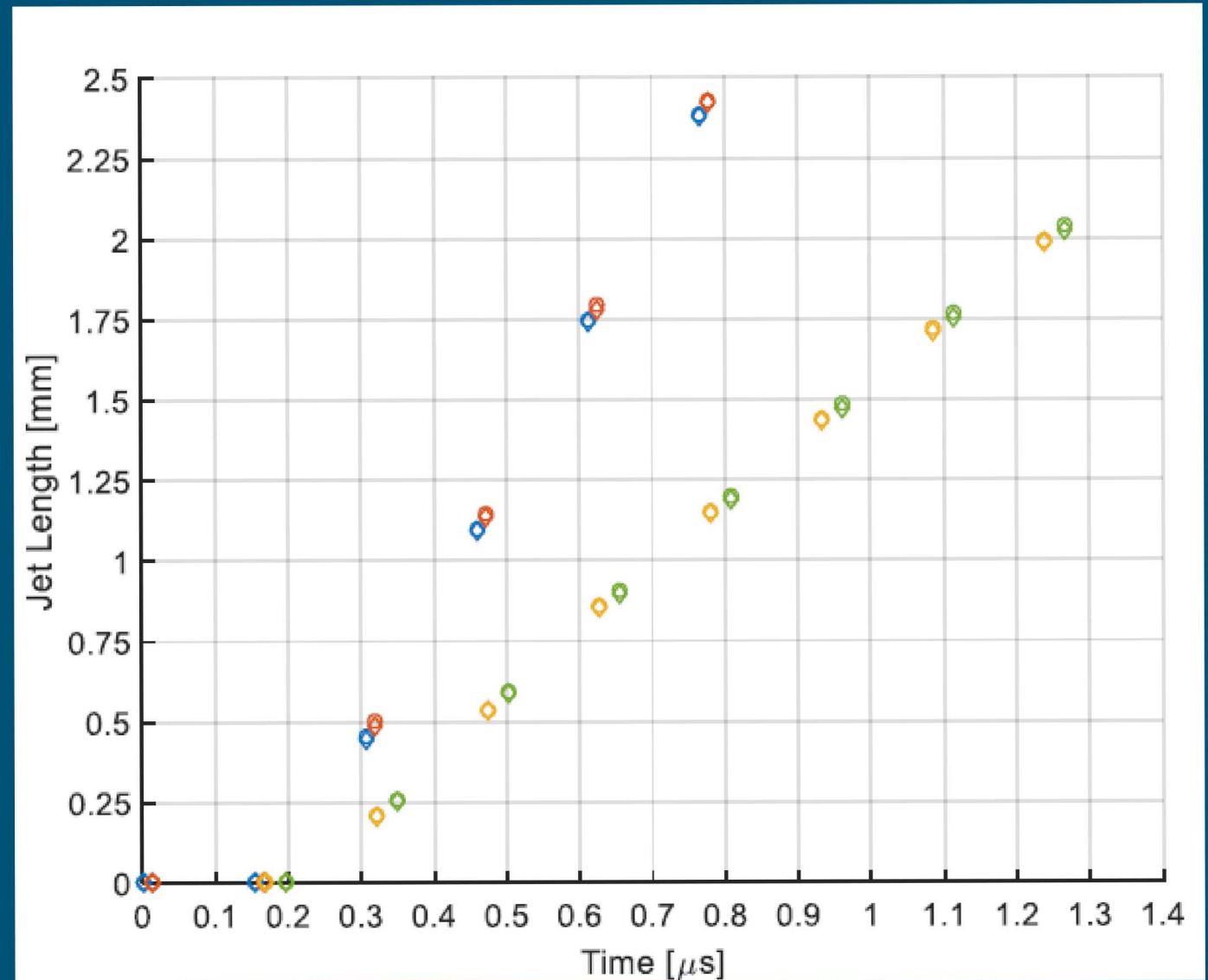
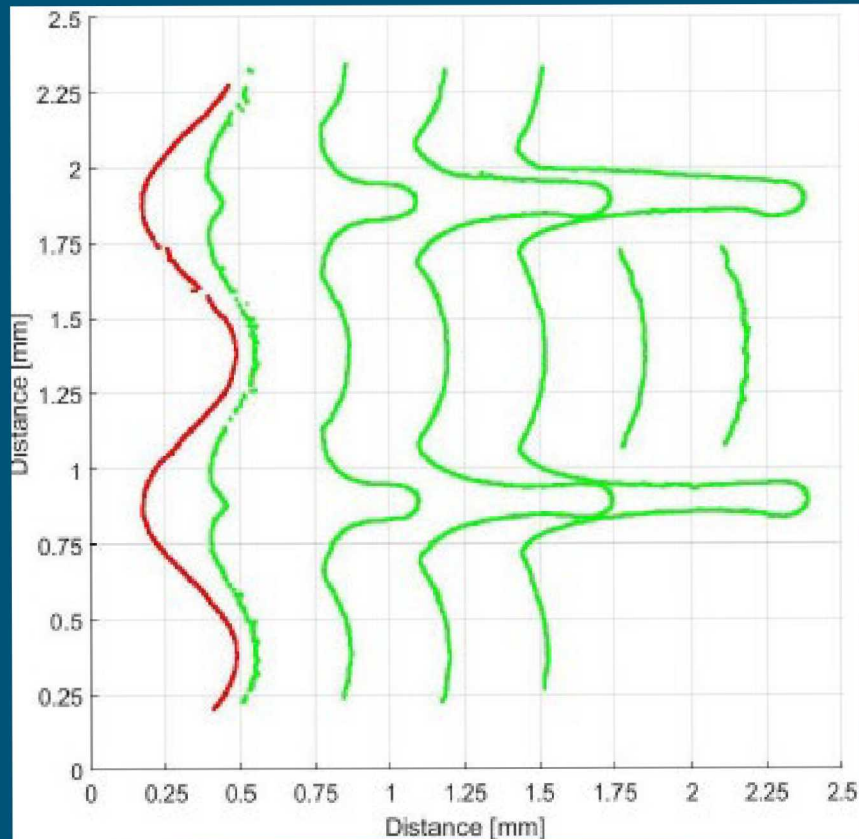


Experiments by Joseph Olles

RM growth rate is controlled by $\eta_o k$ and strength properties



RM Copper Target Experiment Measurements



ALEGRA RM Simulation Variations



2D Lagrangian

Single
Wavelength

2D Eulerian



3D Lagrangian

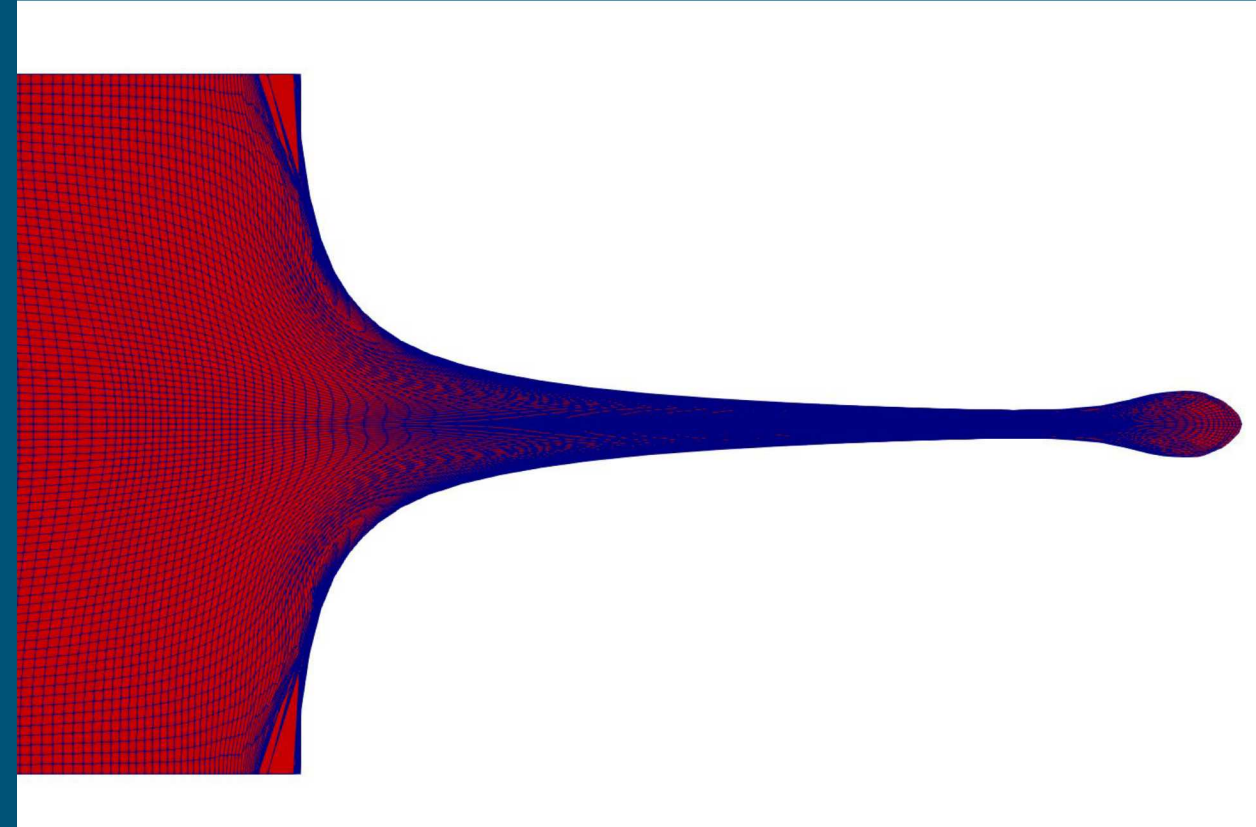
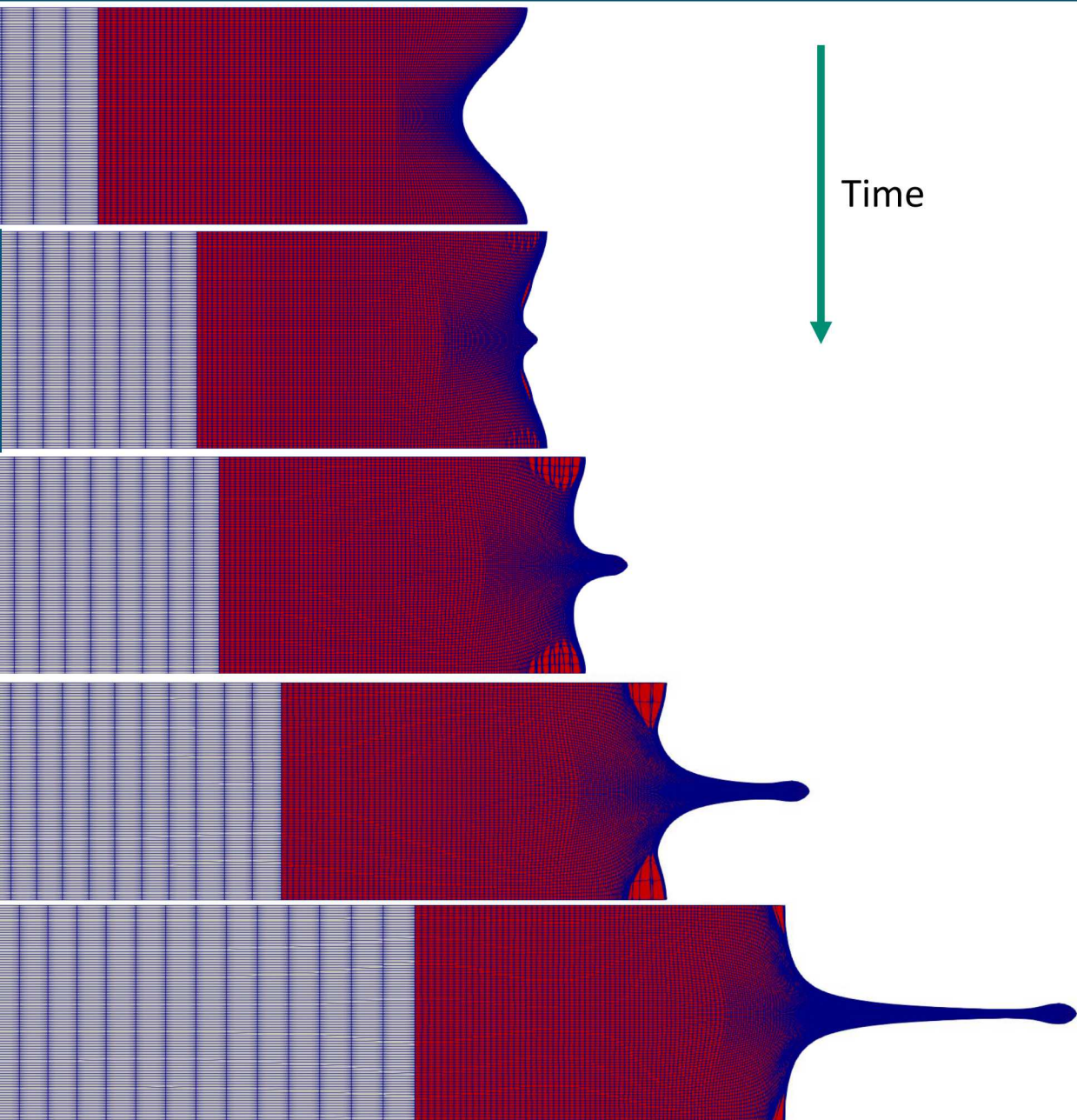


Elastic Perfectly Plastic
Johnson-Cook
Zerilli-Armstrong
Steinberg Guinan Lund
Preston Tonks Wallace

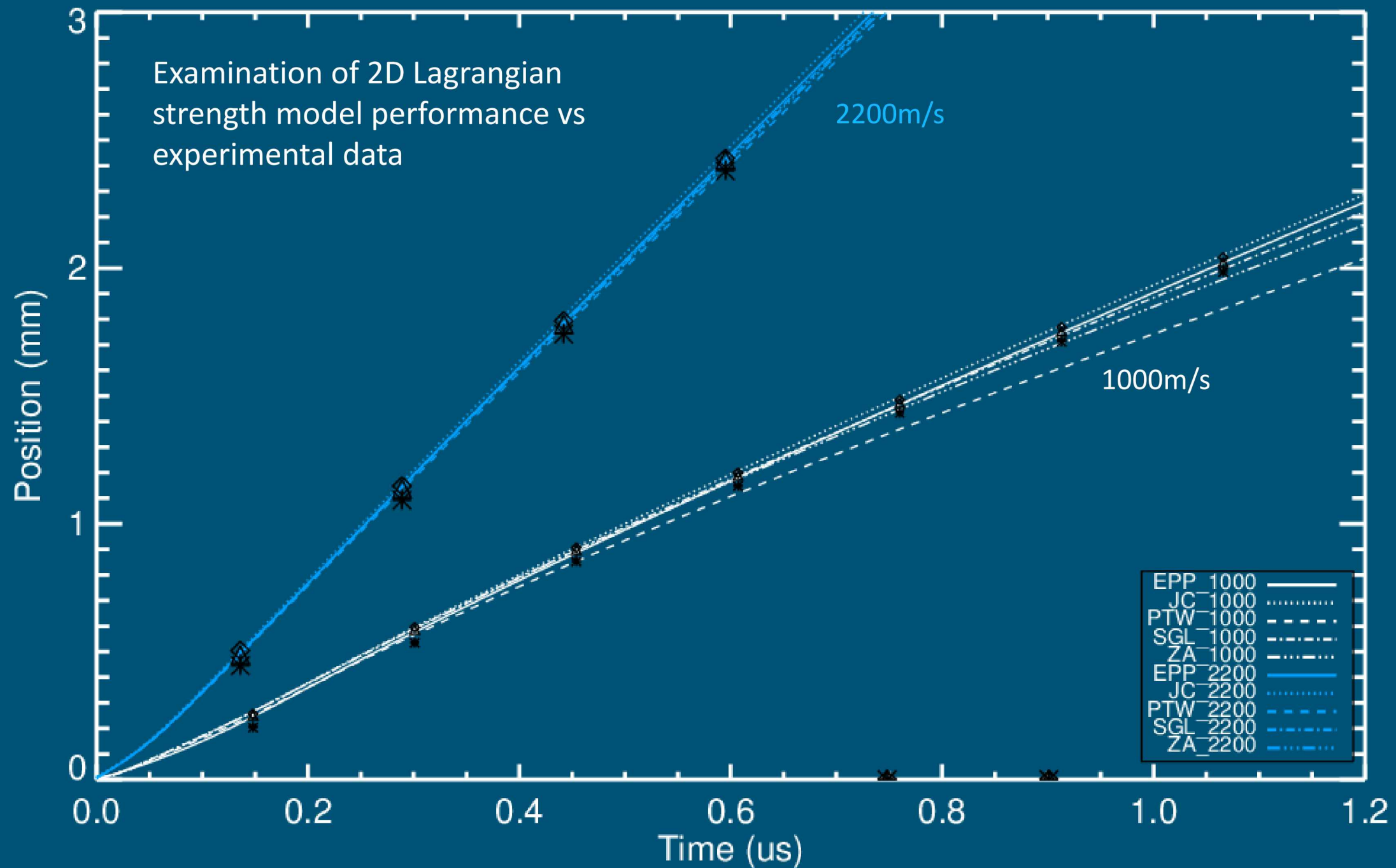
How well do the strength model results
compare to the experimental data?



2D Lagrangian Simulation

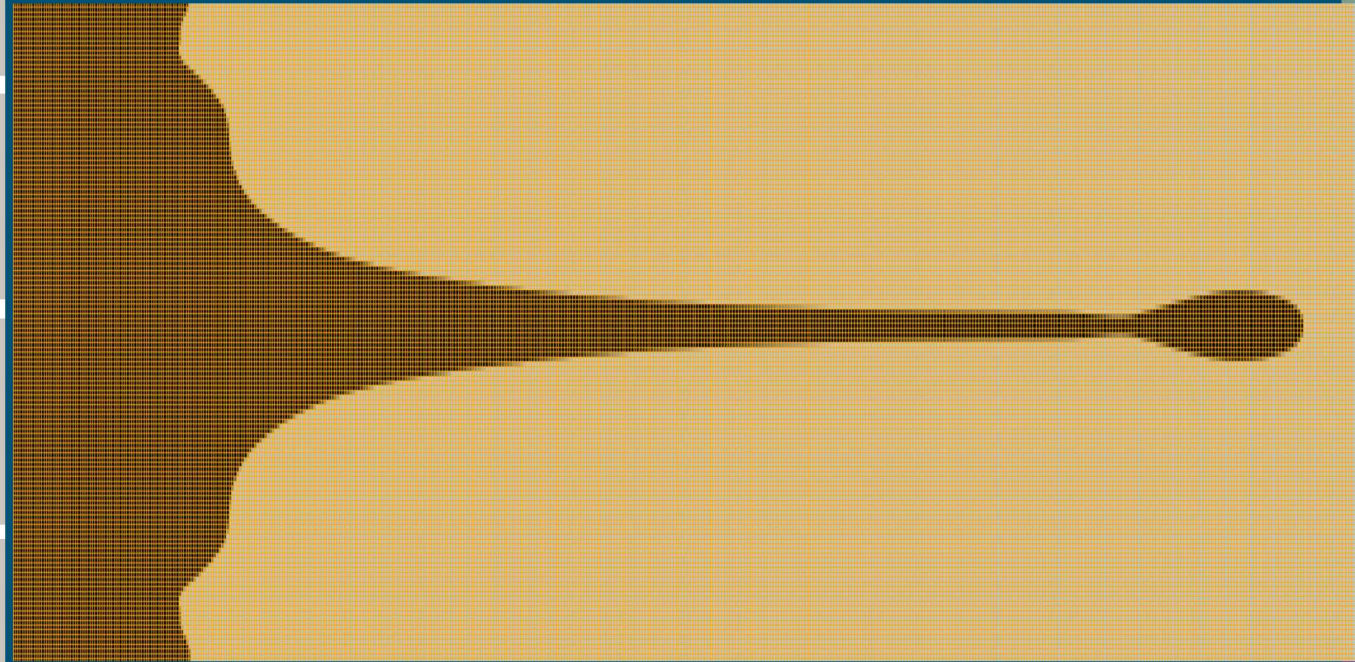
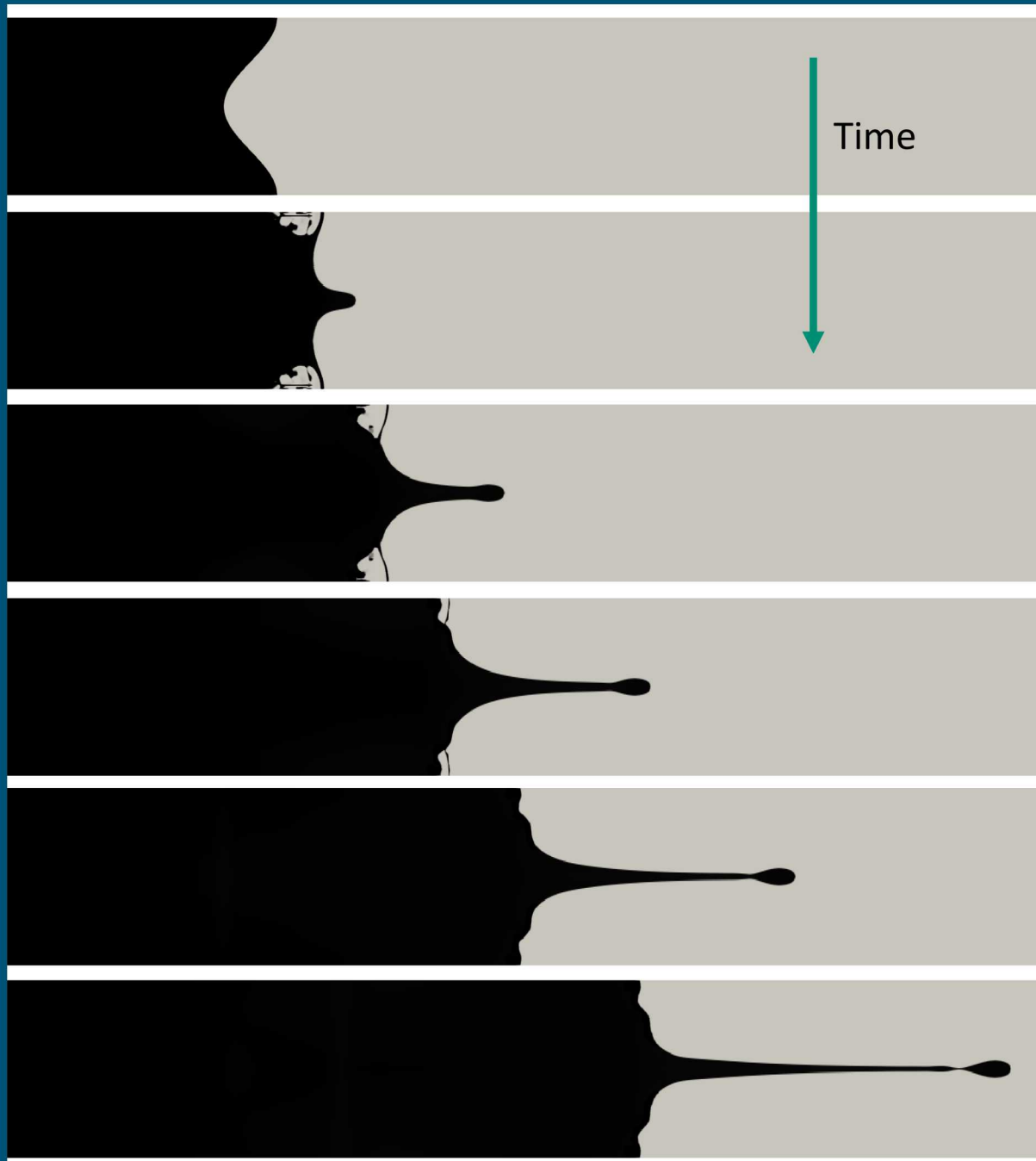


Simulations of increasing resolution were run to demonstrate jet growth convergence

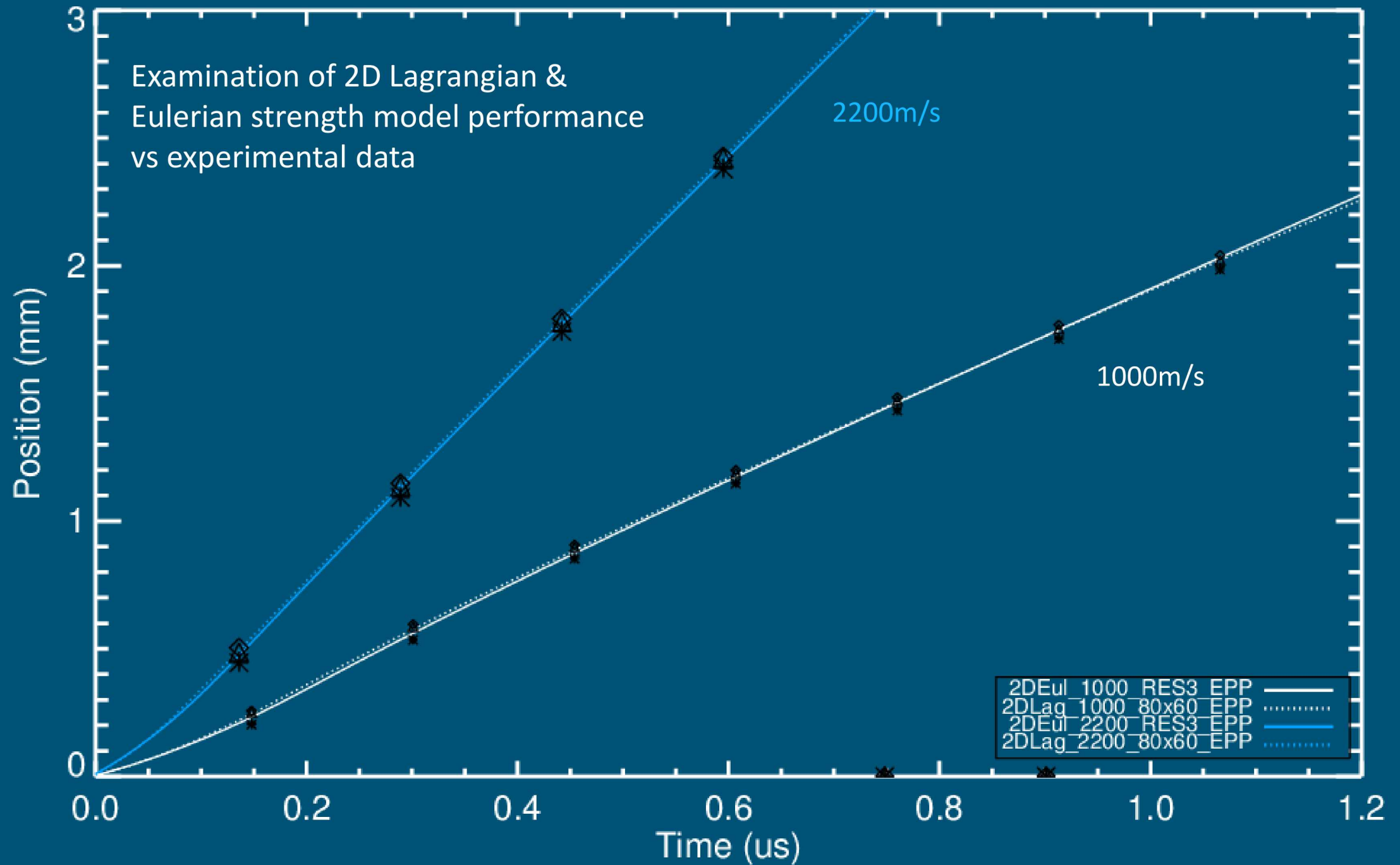




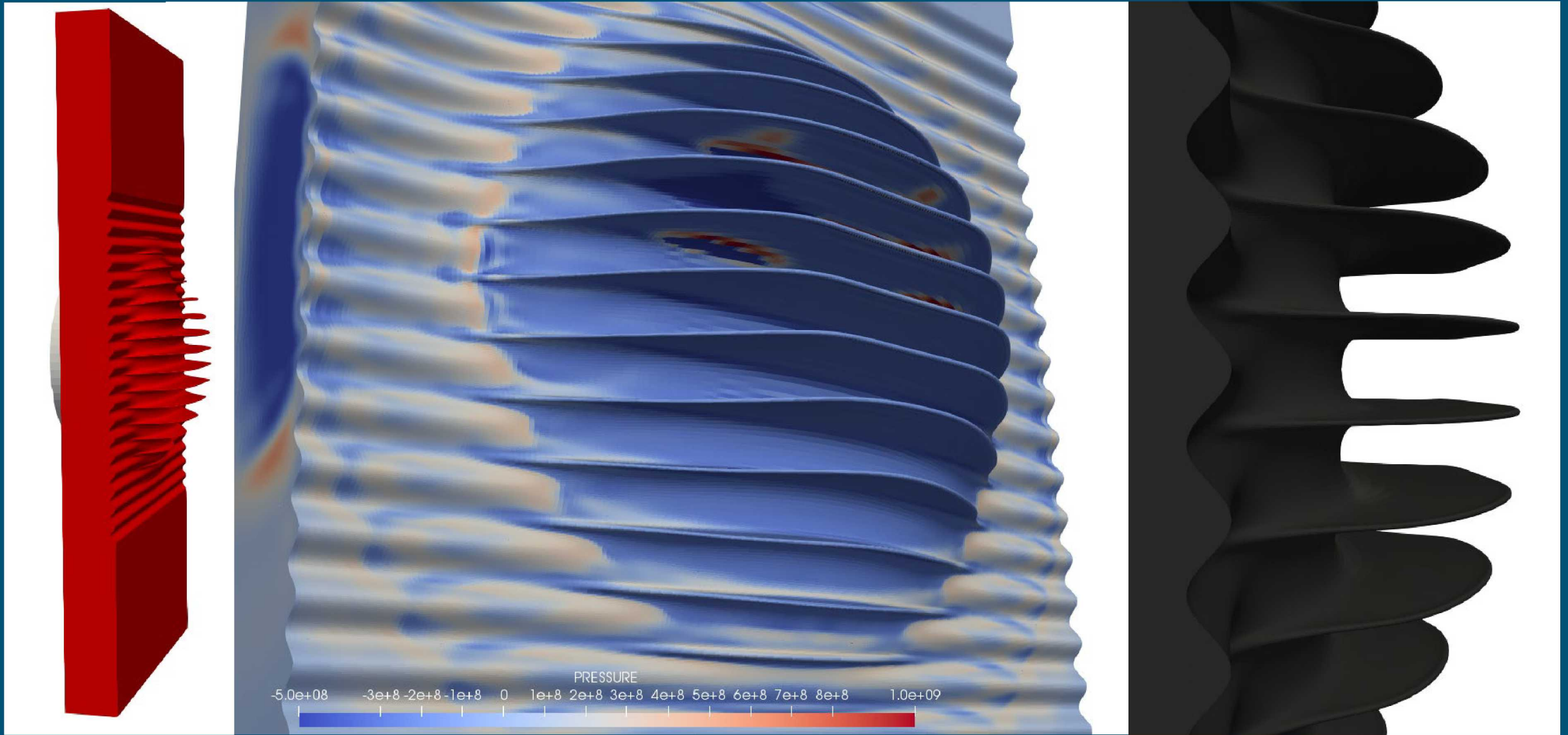
2D Eulerian Simulation



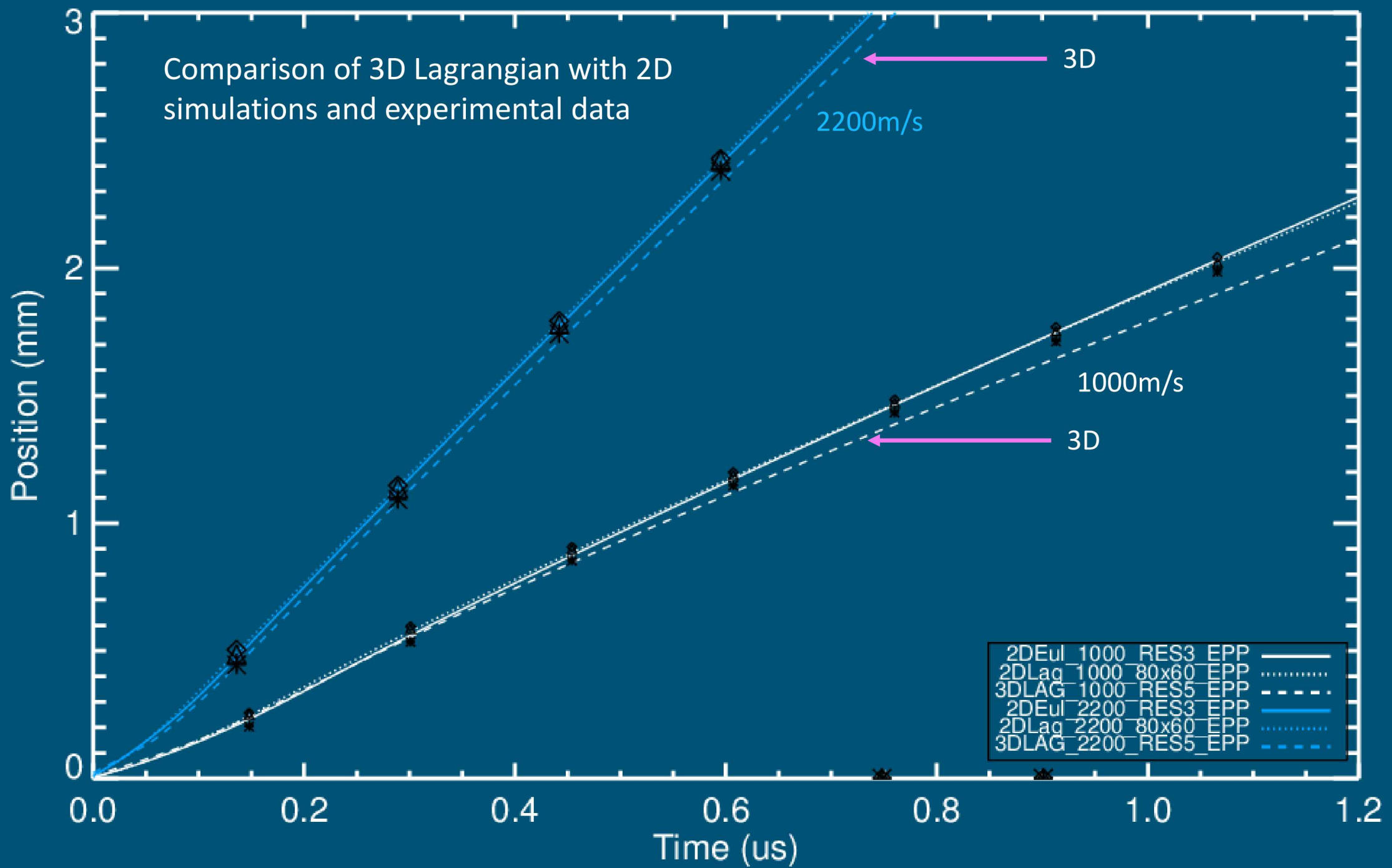
Simulations of increasing resolution were run to demonstrate jet growth convergence

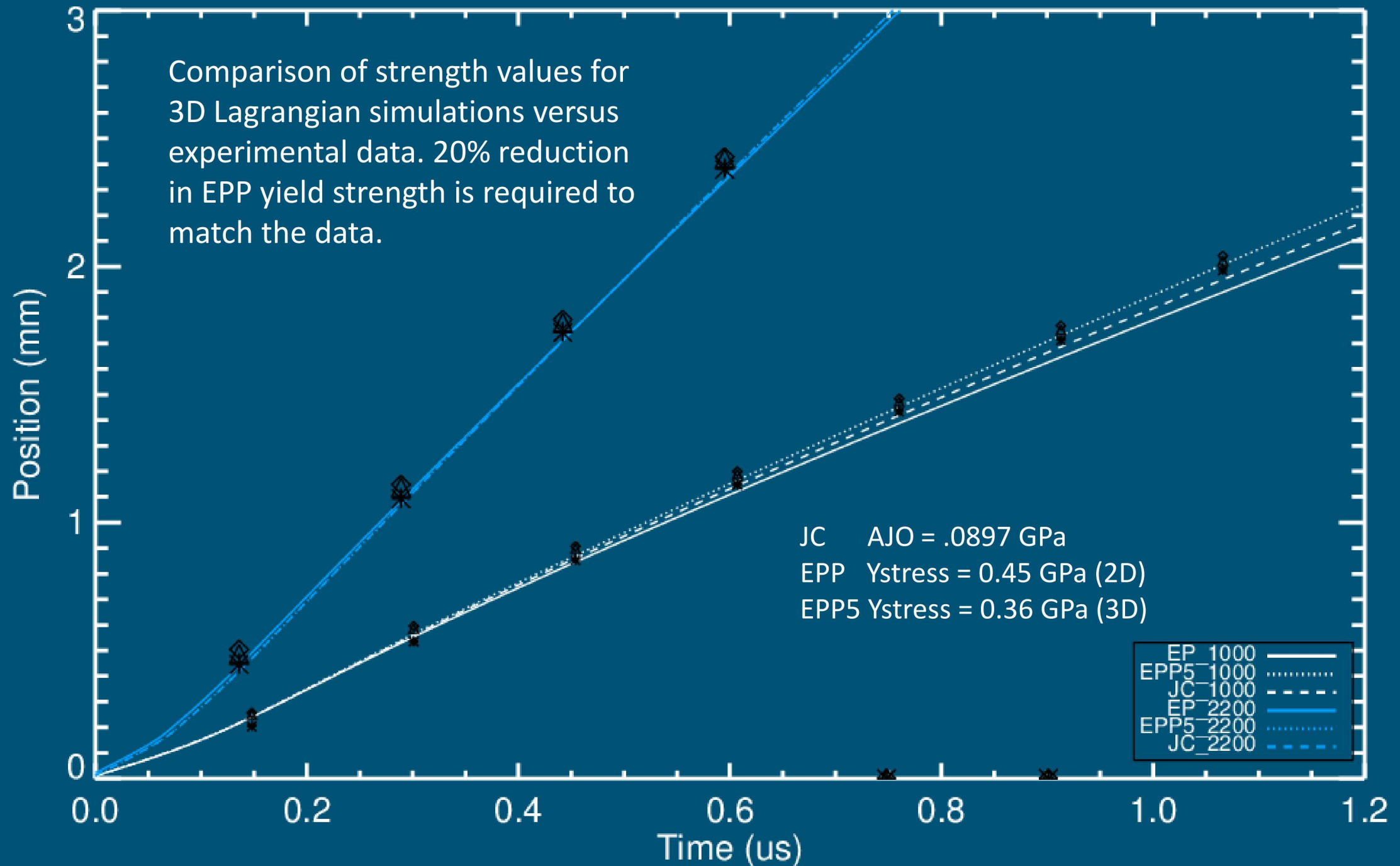


3D Lagrangian Simulation

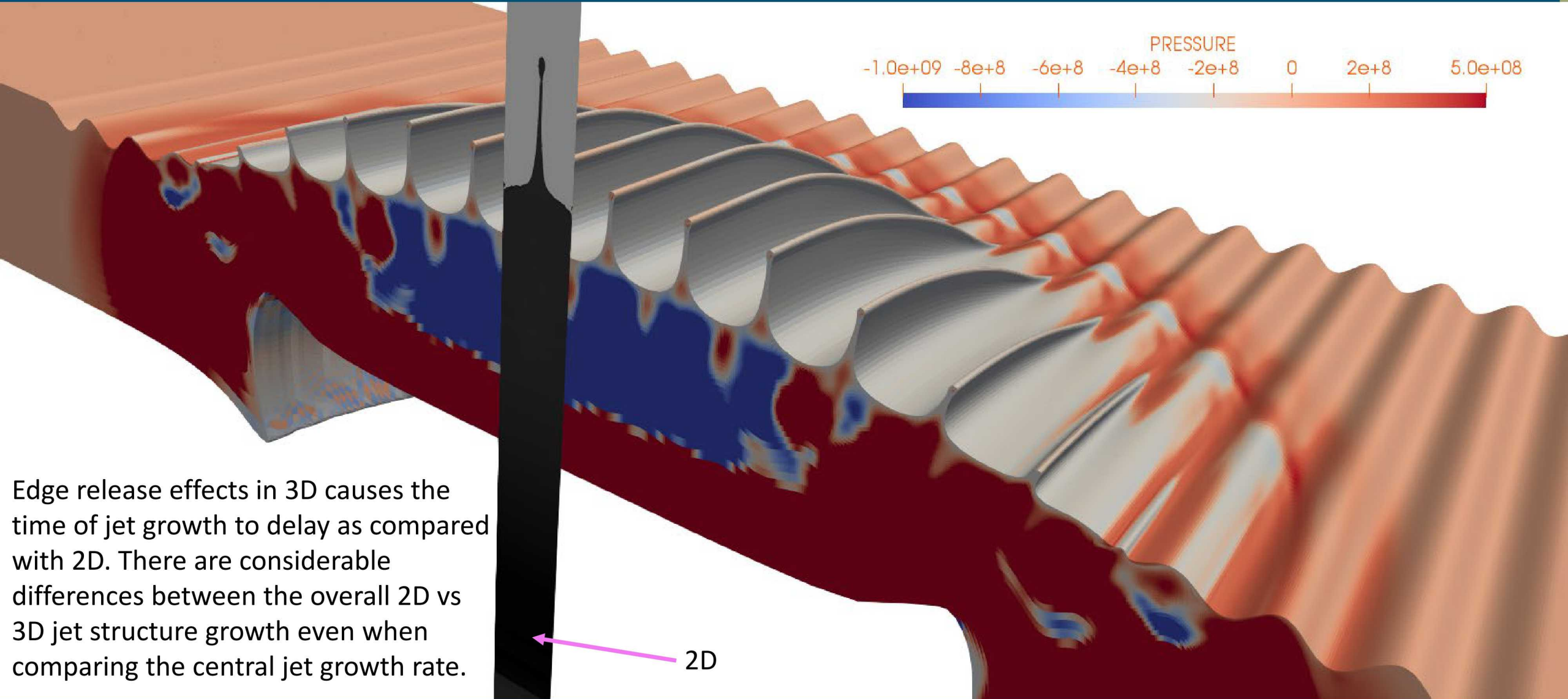


Simulations of increasing resolution were run to demonstrate jet growth convergence





Can a 2D Single Wavelength Simulation Accurately Capture the Experiment?





Successfully demonstrated resolution convergence for 2D & 3D *single-wavelength* RM simulations.

Of the five strength models tests (EPP, JC, PTW, ZA, SGL) the PTW 2D simulation was an outlier compared with the experimental data. Although EPP is a very simplistic model it could be calibrated to match the RM data within the experiment uncertainty.

3D Lagrangian simulations of the entire target demonstrate a jet growth behavior different than 2D simulations due to edge effects. A 20% reduction of the EPP model yield strength (vs 2D) was required to match the experimental data. 3D results with JC strength model fell outside of the experimental uncertainty.

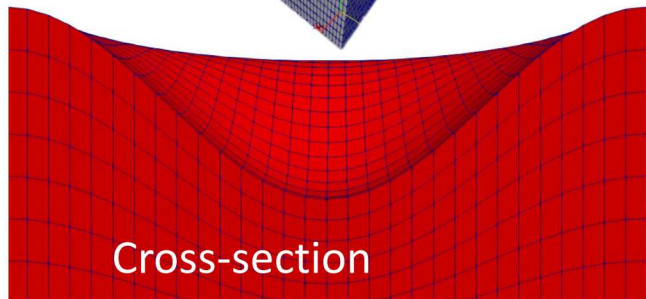
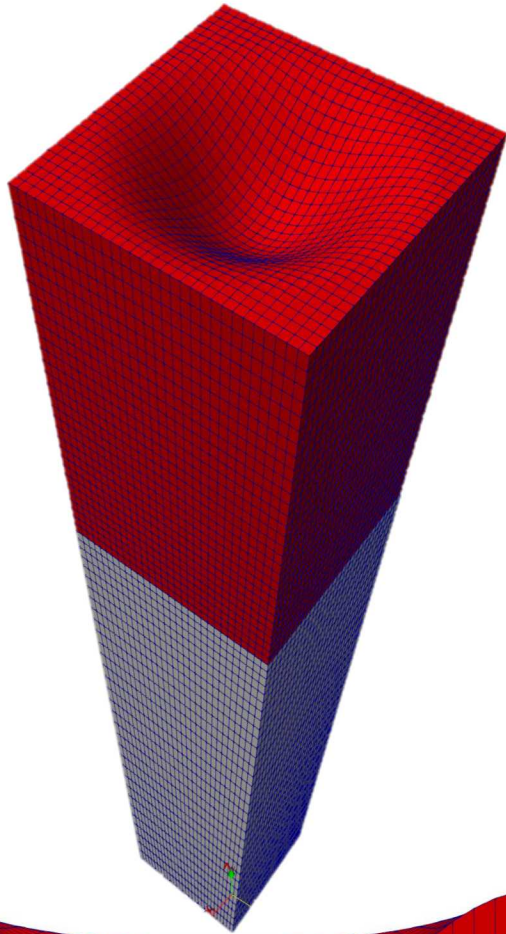
LESSON LEARNED

RM experiments can be used to calibrate strength models however one must be aware of the true 3D nature of the experiment and the impact on calibration for 2D vs 3D simulations.

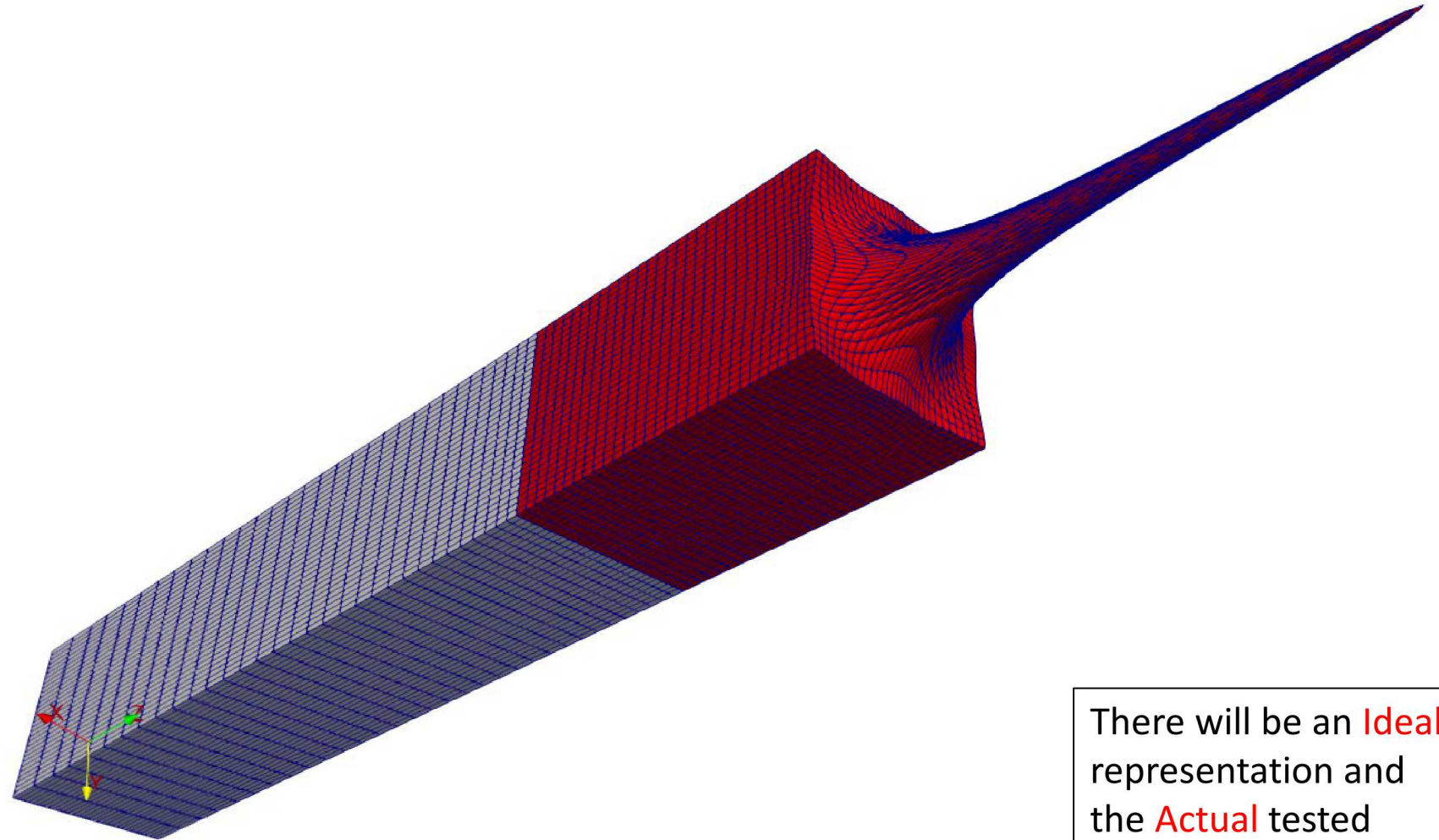
SUMMARY

Metal-on-Metal ALEGRA Lagrangian Meshing

Axisymmetric Sinusoidal Perturbation Initialization



Cross-section



There will be an **Ideal** representation and the **Actual** tested configuration

Copper Material Models



JOHNSON-COOK EP

AJO	8.9700e+07
BJO	2.9187e+08
CJO	2.5000e-02
MJO	1.0900e+00
NJO	3.1000e-01
TJO	1.3807e+03
POISSON	3.3300e-01

ZERILLI ARMSTRONG

C1ZE	0.0000e+00
C2ZE	8.9000e+08
C3ZE	2.8001e-03
C4ZE	1.1500e-04
C5ZE	0.0000e+00
AZE	6.5000e+07
NZE	1.0000e+00
POISSON	3.3000e-01

EPP

Yield Stress	(2D) 4.485e+08 (5x) (3D) 3.588e+08 (4x)
POISSON	0.33

Copper Material Models



STEINBERG GUINAN LUND

R0ST	8.9300e+03
TM0ST	1.7899e+03
ATMST	1.5000e+00
GM0ST	2.0200e+00
AST	2.8300e-11
BST	3.7702e-04
NST	4.5000e-01
C1ST	0.0000e+00
C2ST	0.0000e+00
G0ST	4.7700e+10
BTST	3.6000e+01
EIST	0.0000e+00
YPST	0.0000e+00
UKST	0.0000e+00
YSMST	0.0000e+00
YAST	0.0000e+00
Y0ST	1.2000e+08
YMST	6.4000e+08
POISSON	3.3300e-01

PRESTON TONKS WALLACE

ALPHA	2.0000e-01
THETA	2.5000e-02
P	2.0000e+00
S0	8.5000e-03
SINF	5.5000e-04
KAPPA	1.1000e-01
GAMMA	1.0000e-05
Y0	1.0000e-04
YINF	1.0000e-04
Y1	9.4000e-02
Y2	5.7500e-01
BETA	2.5000e-01
TMELT	1.3564e+03
G0	5.1800e+10
AM	1.0552e-25
RAD	1.0000e+00
POISSON	3.3300e-01