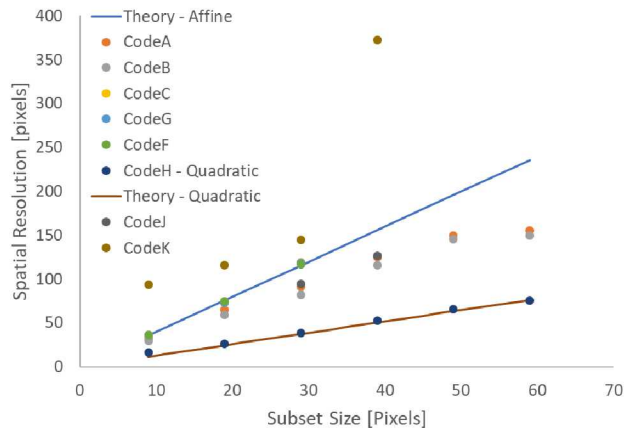


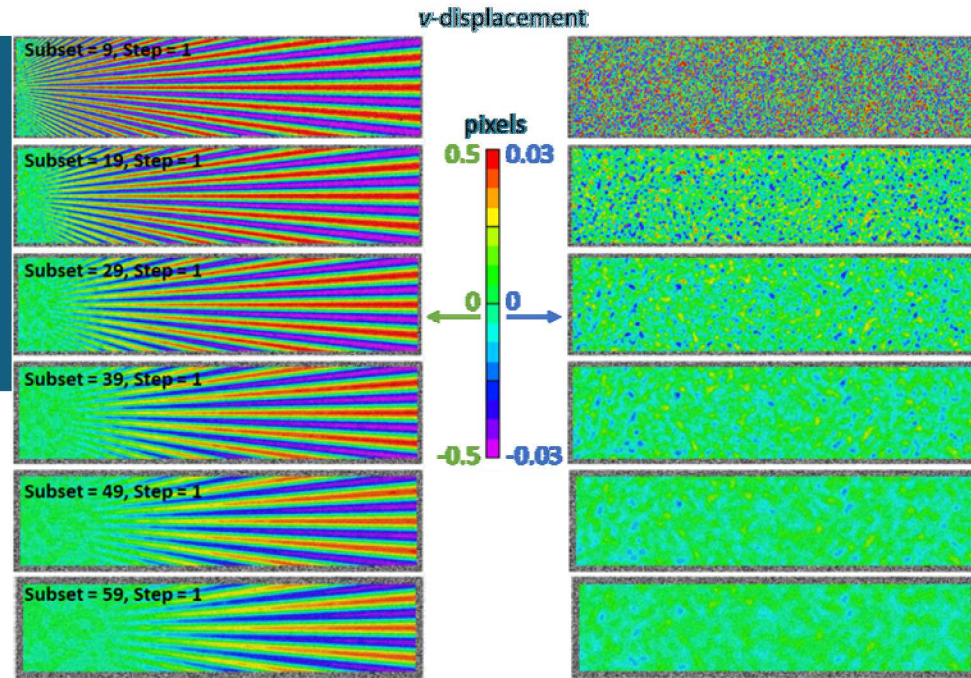
# Update on the DIC Challenge 2.0 and the Stereo-DIC Challenge



PRESENTED BY

Phillip Reu, Benoît Blaysat, Elizabeth Jones,  
Jeff Helm, and Mark Iadicola

Sandia National Laboratory



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DIC Challenge Mission: Provide standardized image sets for DIC code verification and validation.

### DIC Challenge (<https://sem.org/dic-challenge>)

- International DIC board of experts developing image sets to be used for **verification** and **validation** of DIC codes.
- No ties to commercial or university codes
- Open and free to participate
- Code developers do their own analysis to ensure “optimum” results.
- Benchmarked results provided for all to see
- Proven image sets provided for **Journal Publications**
- Standard images to test **improvements** in DIC code.



### DIC Board Members

- Phillip Reu (Sandia) – Chair
- Mark Iadicola (NIST) – co-chair
- Helena Jin (Sandia) – DVC Challenge Lead
- Will LePage (Univ. of Michigan) – SEM Lead
- Benoît Blaysat (Univ. Clermont Auvergne) – Lead 2D Challenge 2.0
- Elizabeth Jones (Sandia)
- Evelyne Toussaint (Univ. Clermont Auvergne)
- Hugh Bruck (University of Maryland)

### DIC Challenge 1.0 is Published

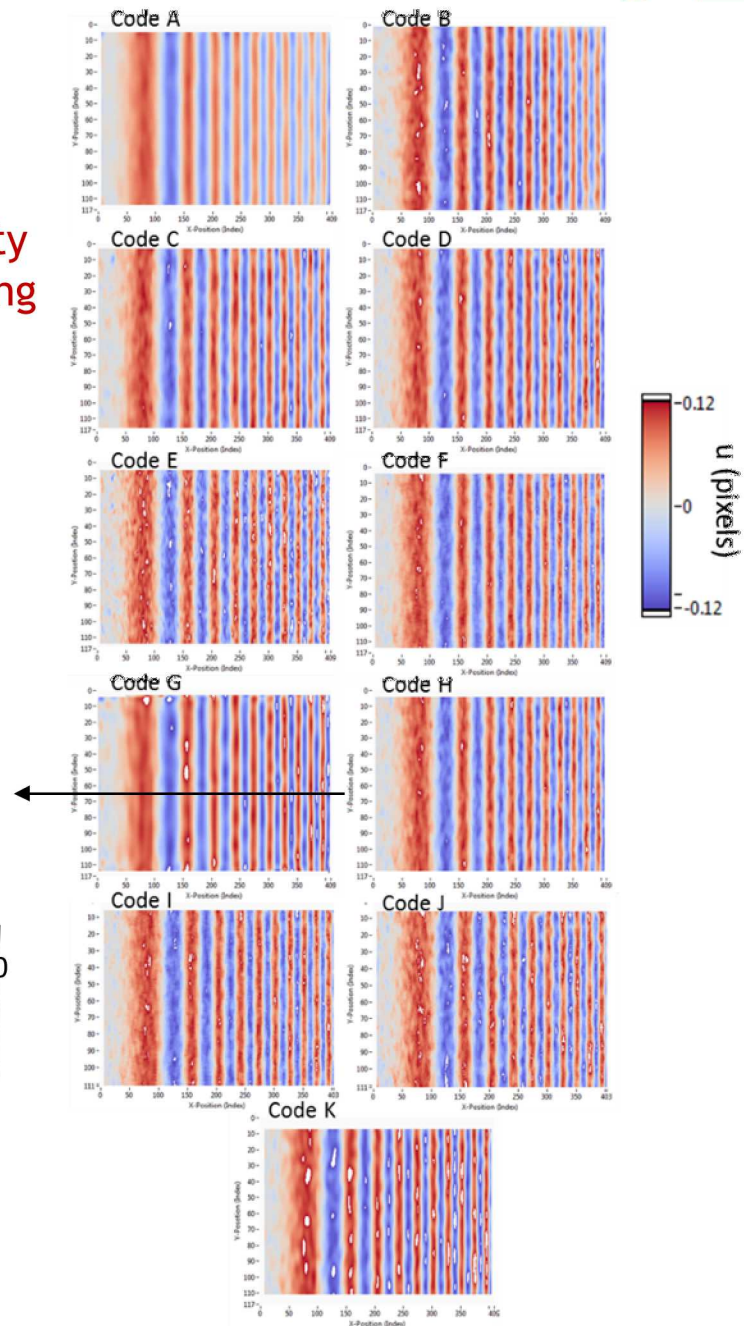
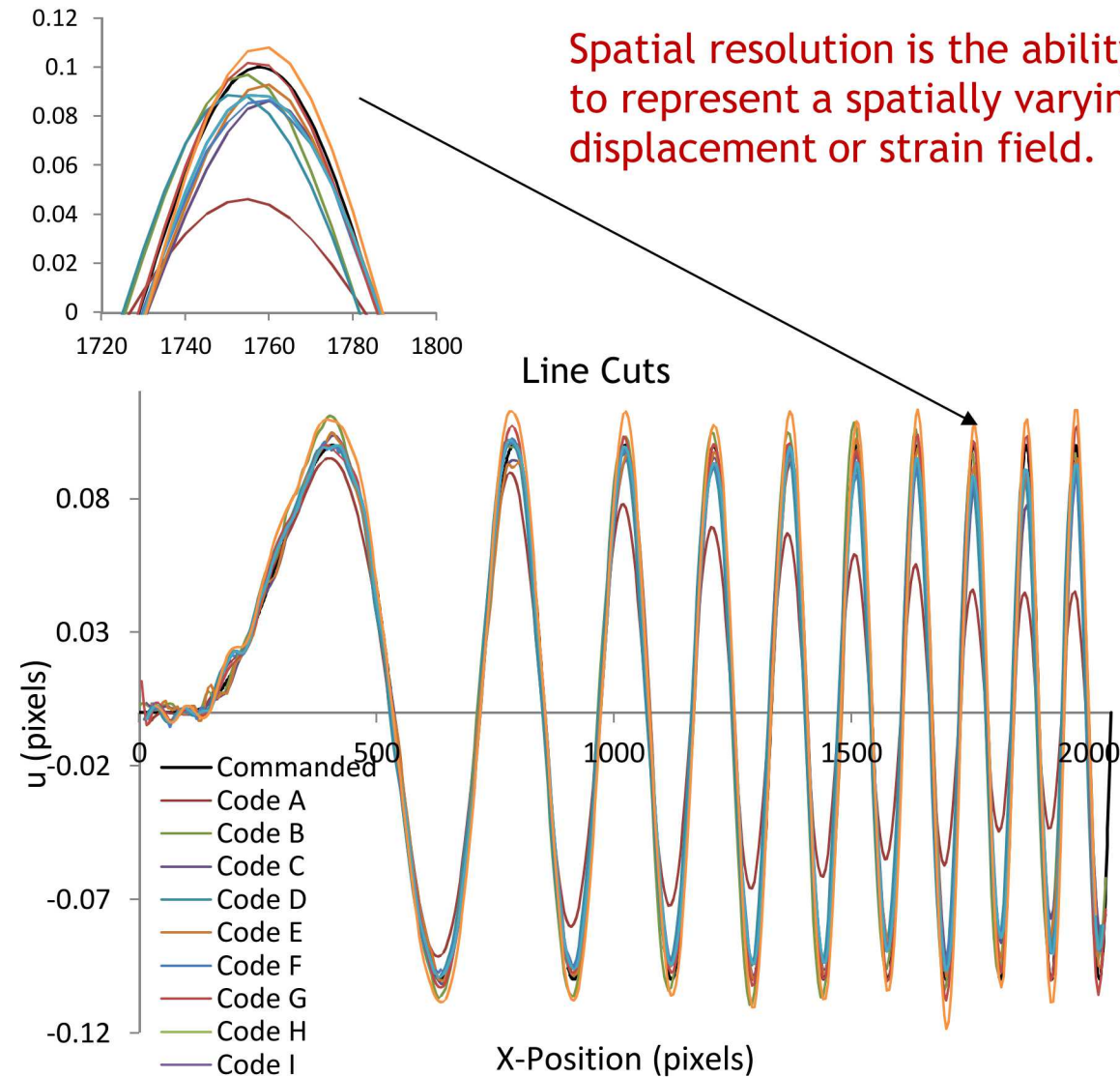
Reu, P. L., et al. (2017). "DIC Challenge: Developing Images and Guidelines for Evaluating Accuracy and Resolution of 2D Analyses." Experimental Mechanics.



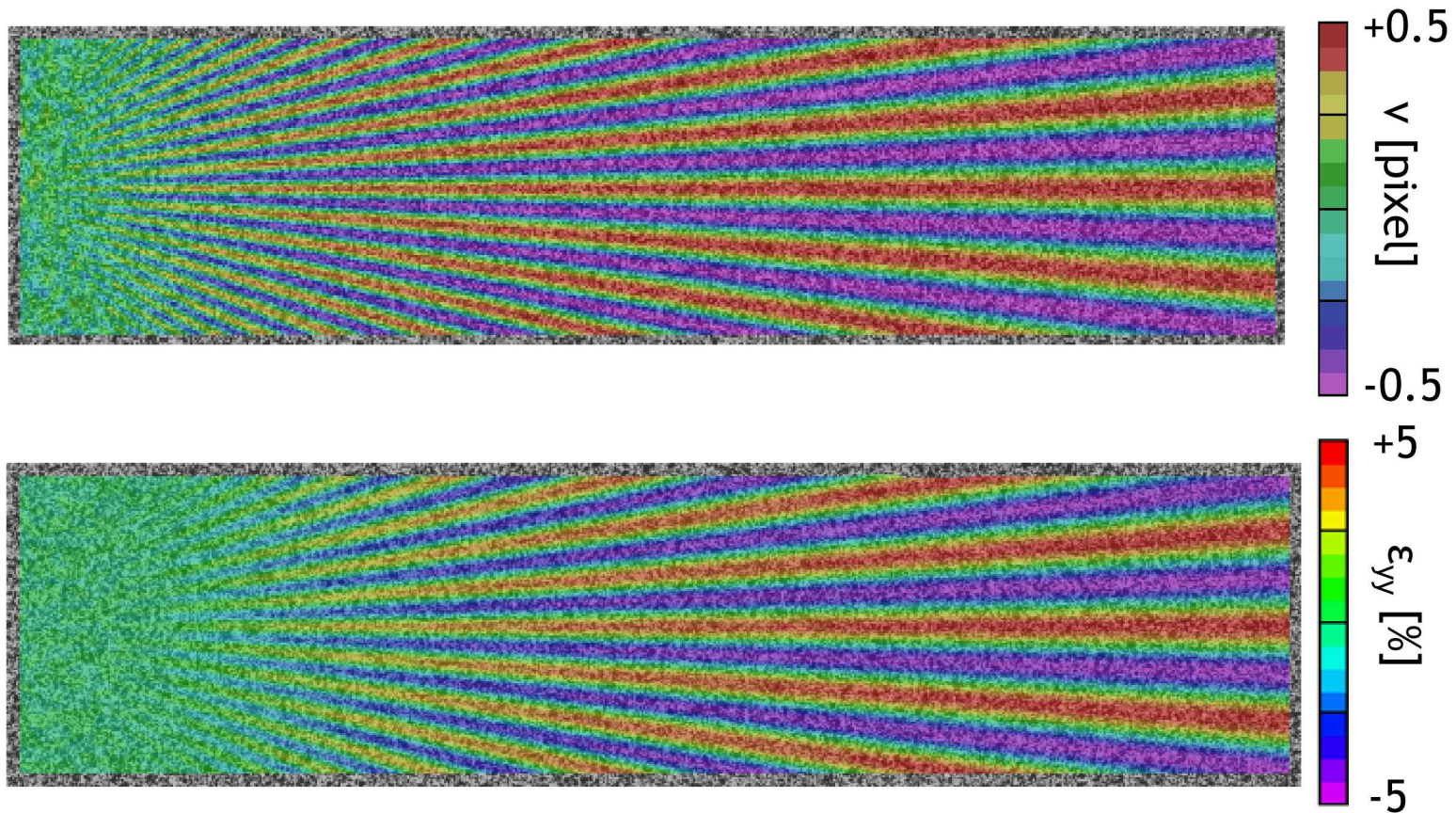
# Why the 2D Challenge 2.0? Testing spatial resolution.

## Spatially varying sine wave

- Amplitude  $\pm 0.1$  pixels
- Results in varying strain amplitude



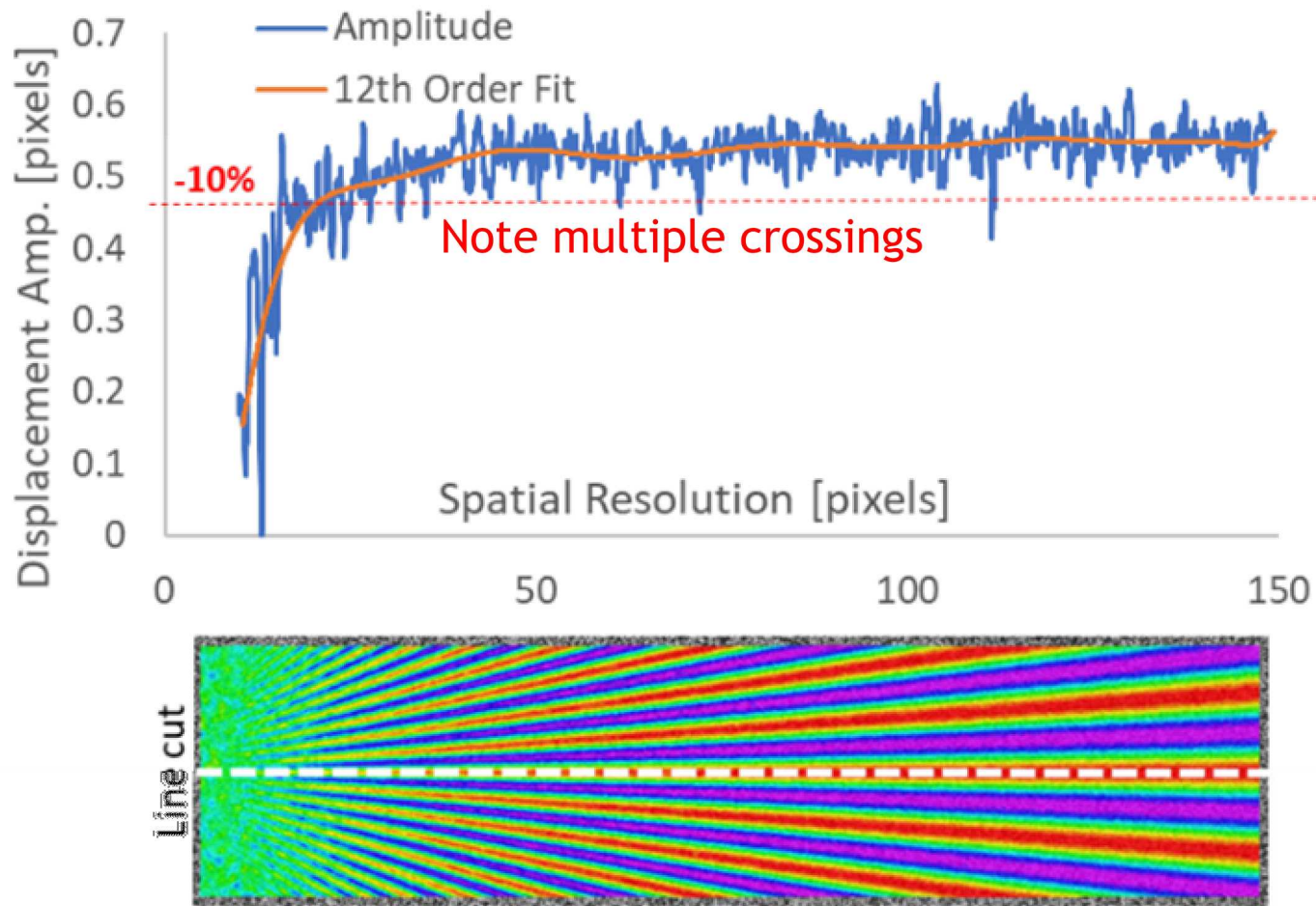
2D DIC Challenge Images are designed to test spatial resolution in a single image.



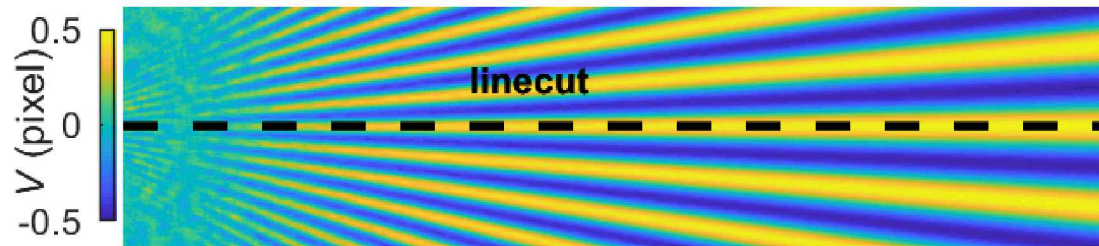
- Grediac, M., et al. (2017). "A Critical Comparison of Some Metrological Parameters Characterizing Local Digital Image Correlation and Grid Method." Experimental Mechanics **57(6): 871-903**.
- Sur, F., et al. (2017). "Rendering Deformed Speckle Images with a Boolean Model." Journal of Mathematical Imaging and Vision.



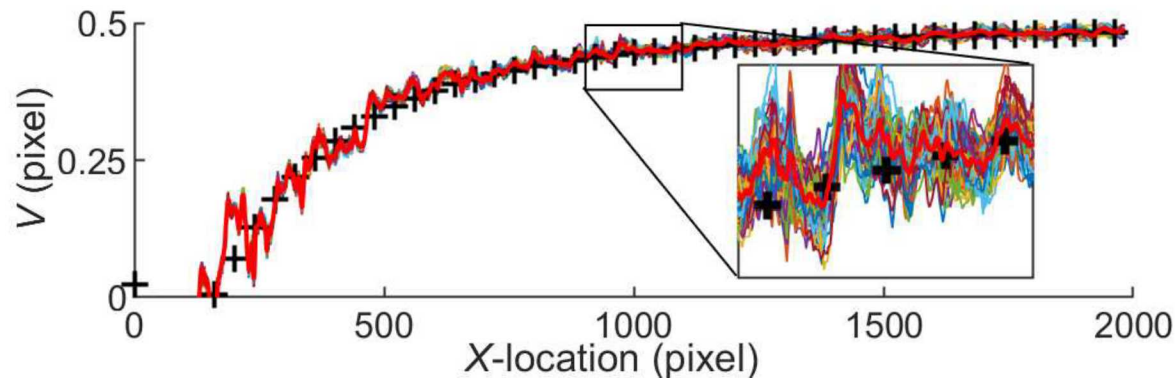
The spatial resolution is calculated using a fit to a 12<sup>th</sup> order polynomial and finding the 10% attenuation.



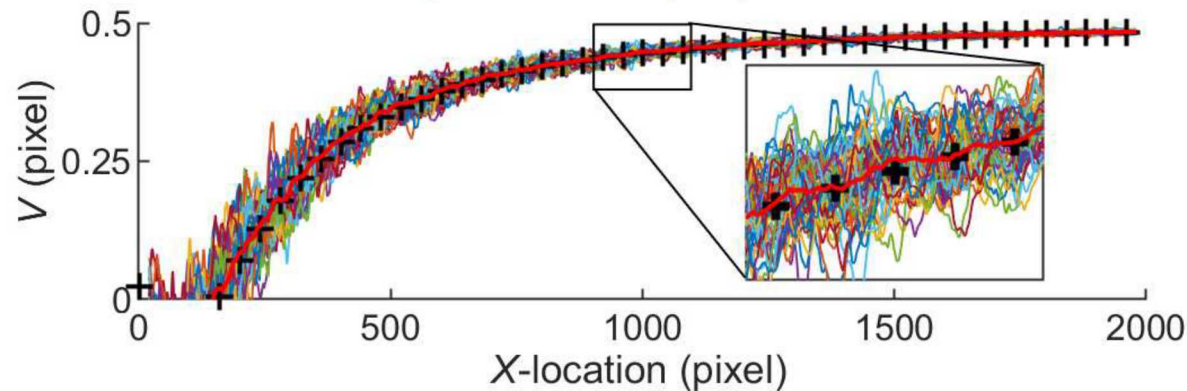
# Pattern Induced Bias (PIB) – Requires fitting to find the cut-off frequency



Independent heteroscedastic noise

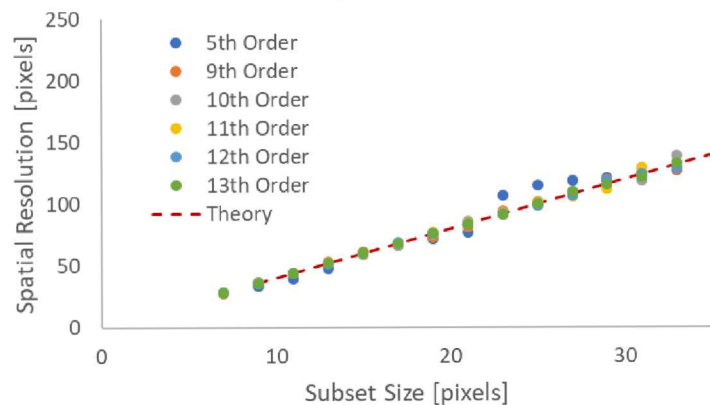
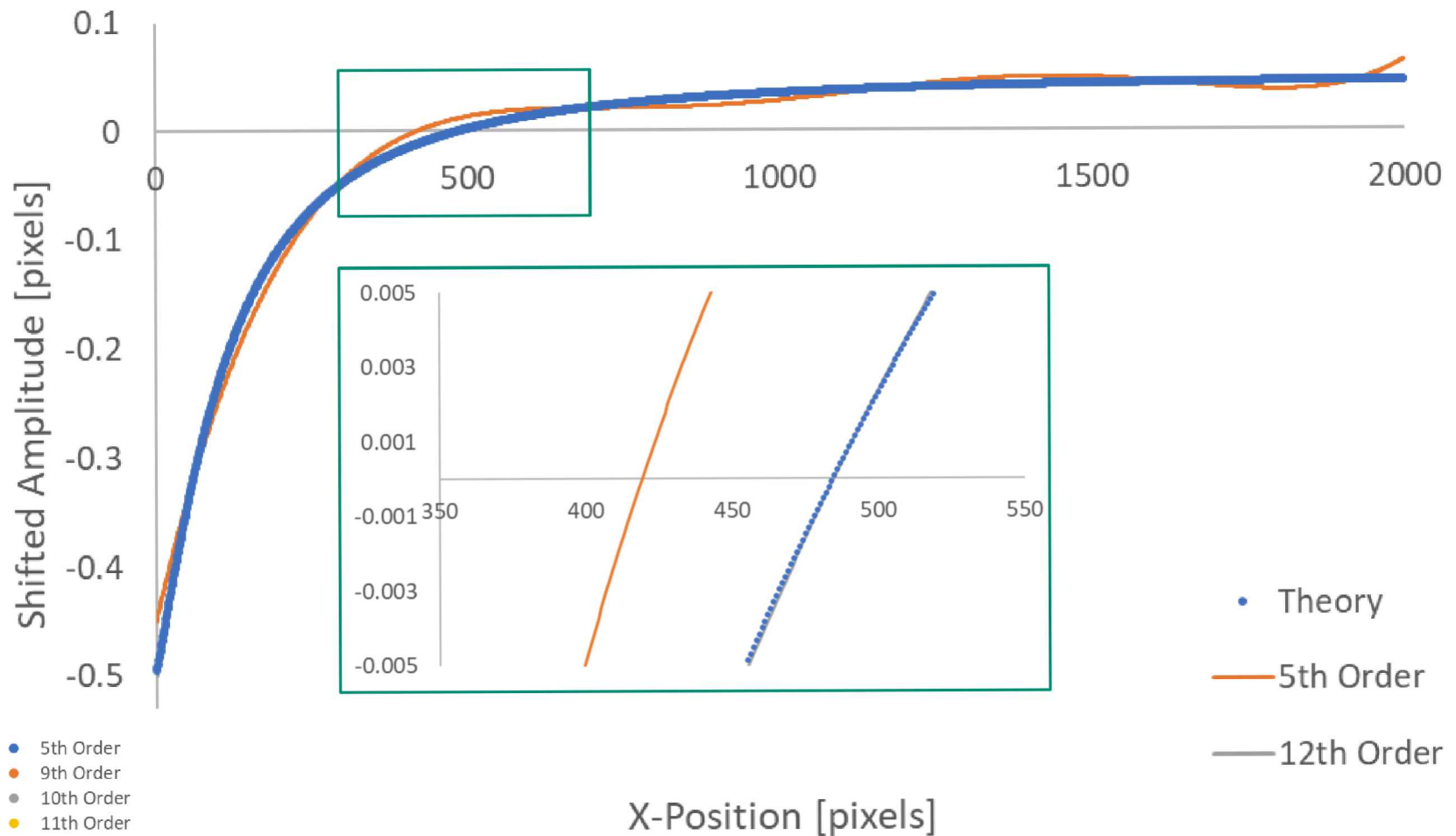


Independent unique patterns

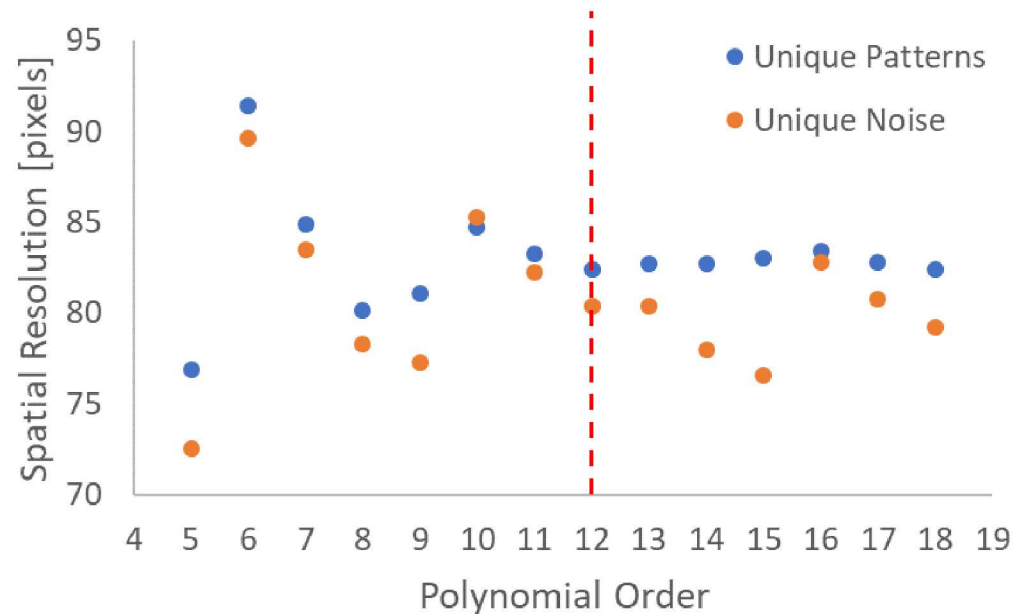
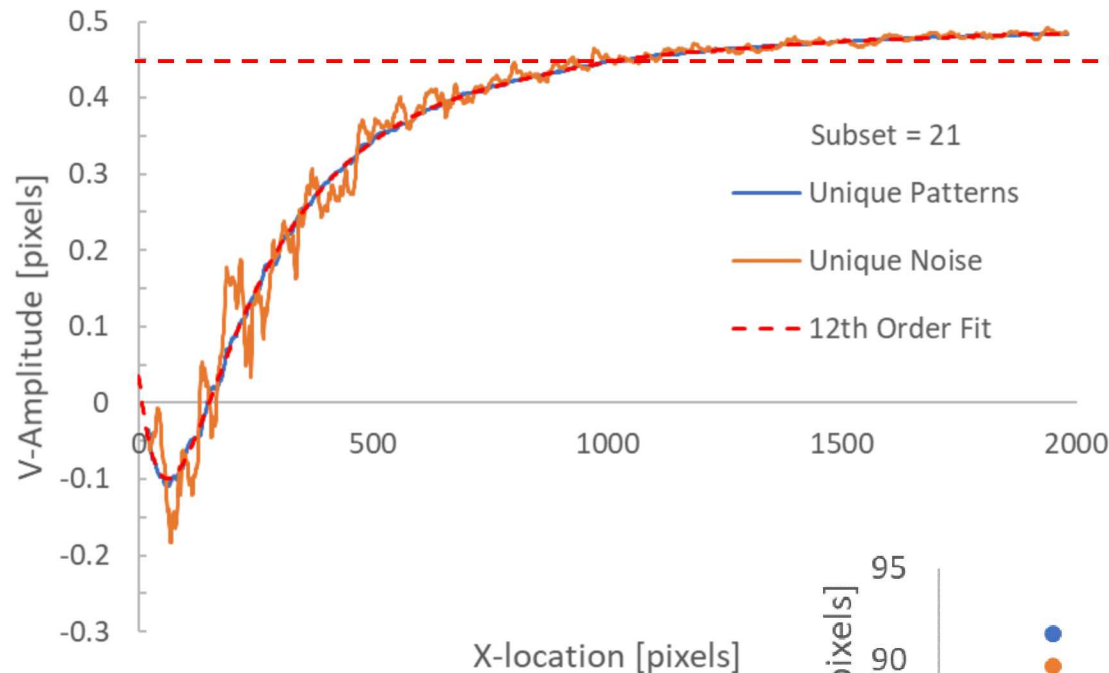


Stay for the next talk!

12<sup>th</sup> Order provides a good fit relative to the theory, without overfitting.

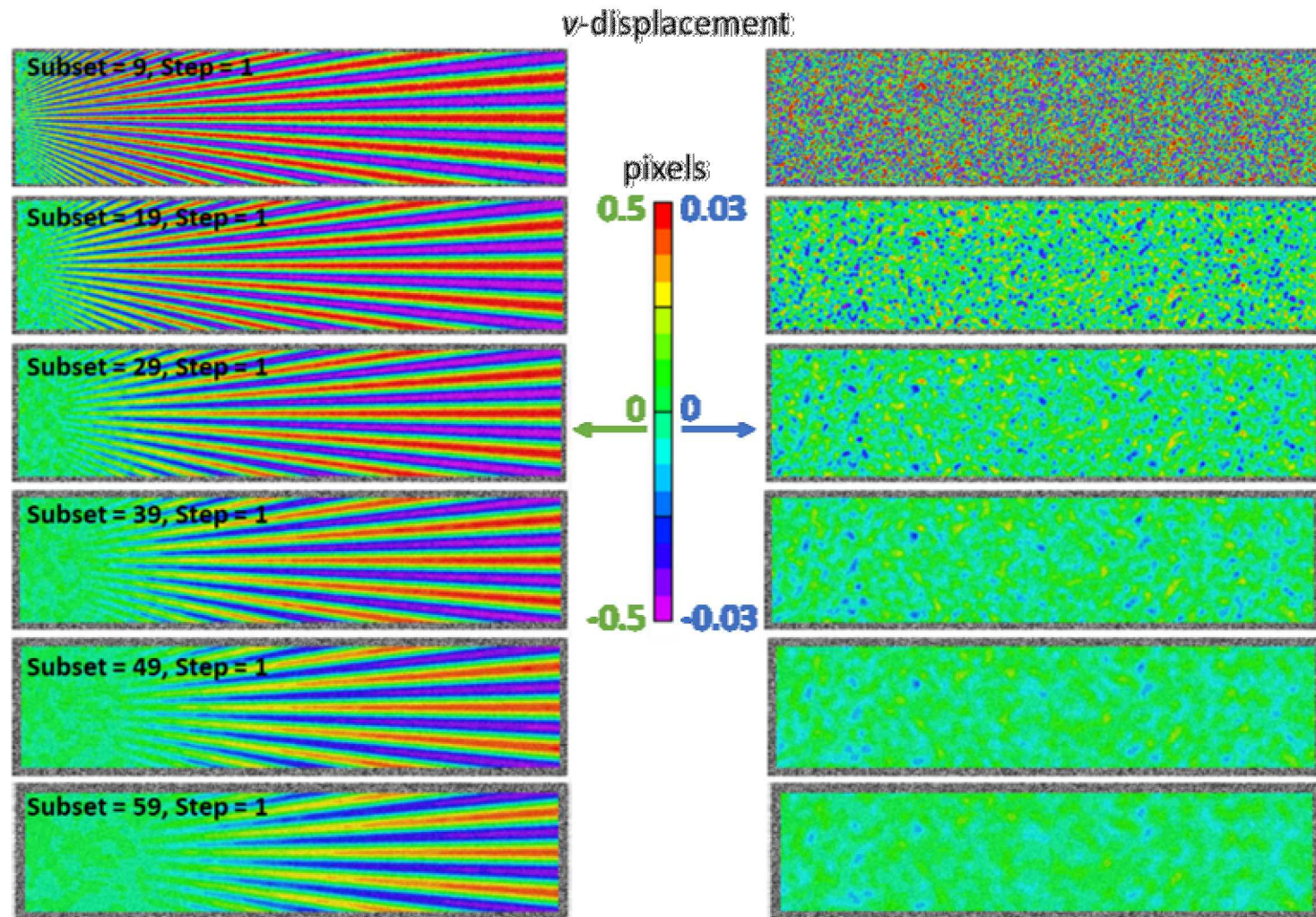


Using the PIB unique-pattern averaged DIC result to eliminate PIB error, the 12<sup>th</sup> Order Fit is good.





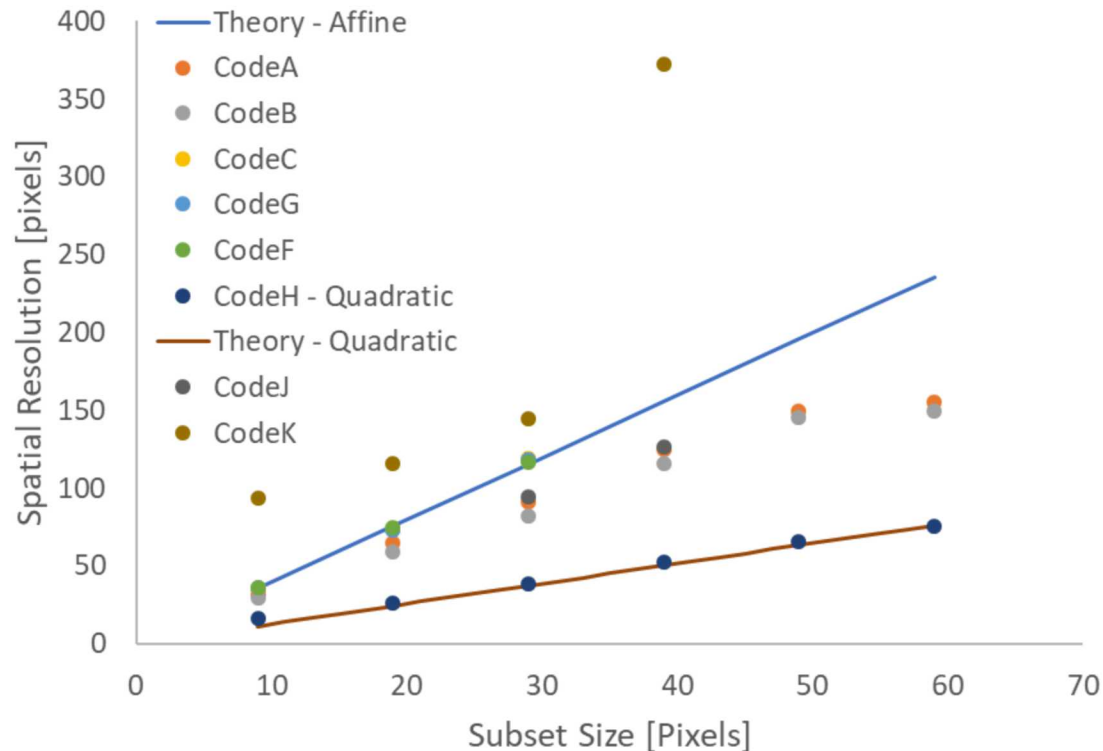
# Full-field displacement results showing the trade-off between spatial resolution and noise.



- Selected subset sizes (or element size) from smallest to relatively large.
- All are on the same scale

Displacement results match the theoretical spatial resolution predictions.

All local codes.

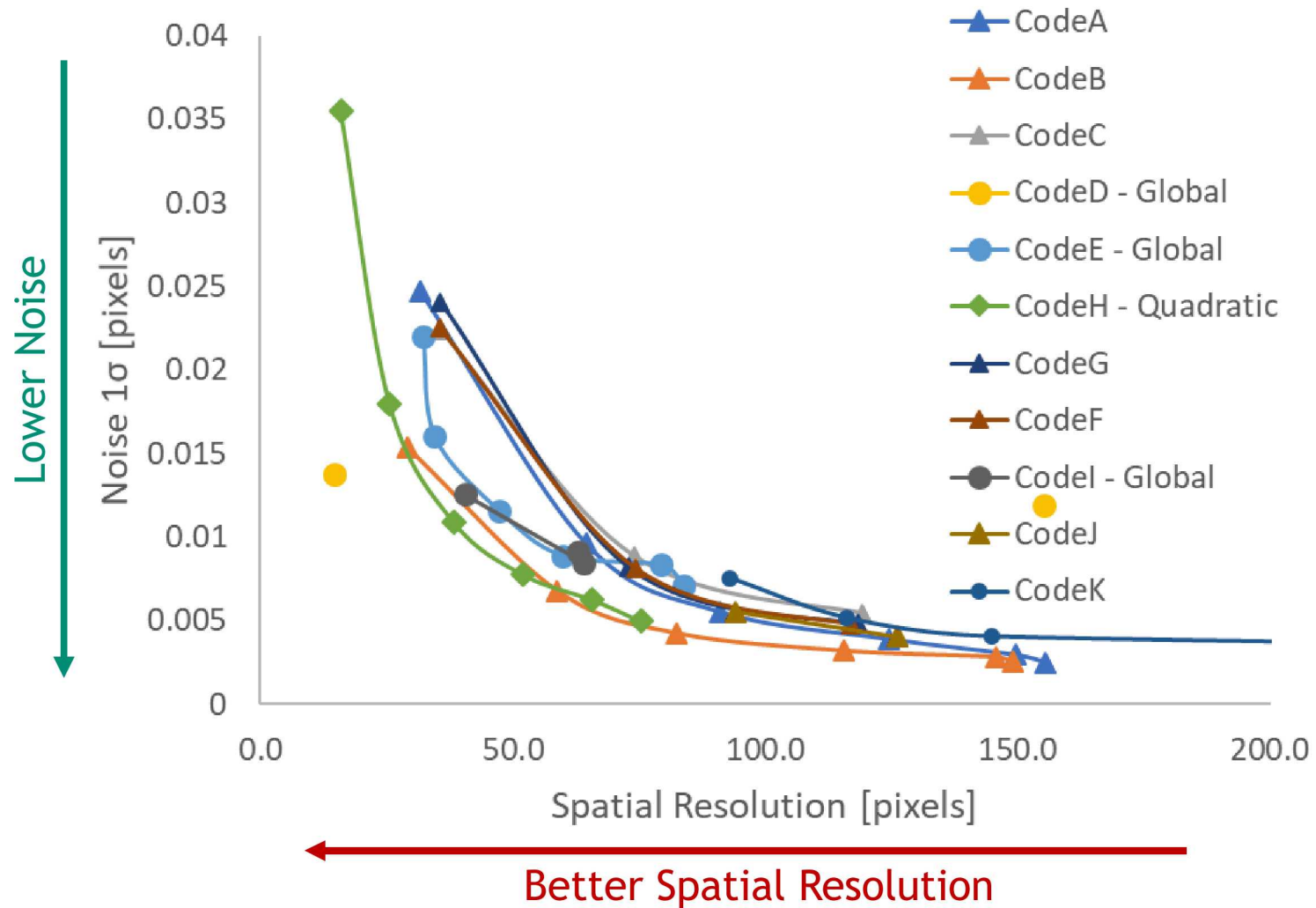


- For a rectangular weighting on the subset.
- Gaussian windowing performs slightly better.
- Some different approaches yield results that are quite different.

- Grediac, M., et al. (2017). "A Critical Comparison of Some Metrological Parameters Characterizing Local Digital Image Correlation and Grid Method." Experimental Mechanics **57(6): 871-903.**

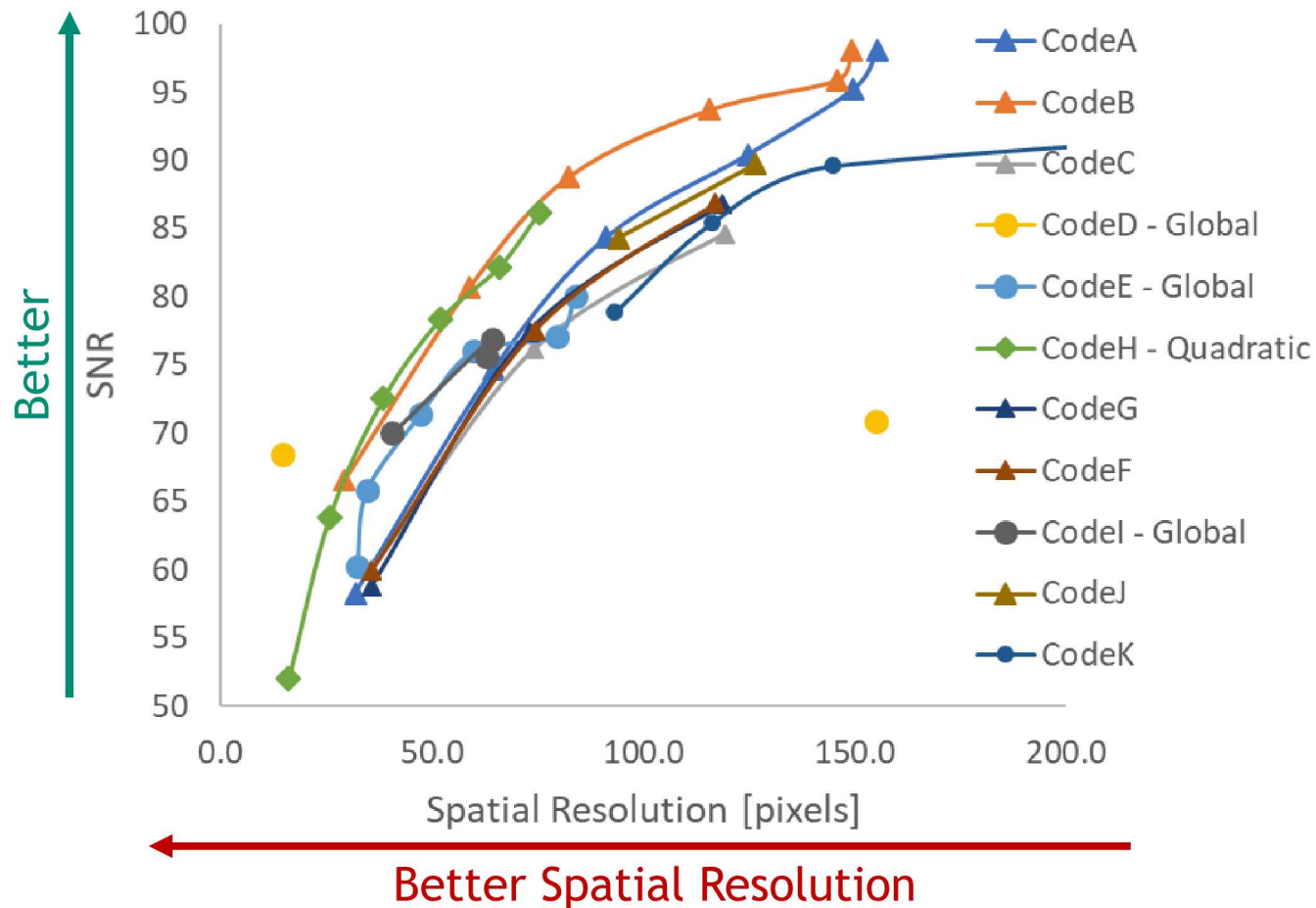
There is a trade-off between spatial resolution and noise for **all** DIC codes – both global and local.

Spatial Resolution [pixels]	CodeA	CodeB	CodeC	CodeD - Global	CodeE - Global	CodeH - Quadratic	CodeG	CodeF	CodeI - Global	CodeJ	CodeK
20.0				0.014		0.036					
30.0		0.015				0.018					
40.0	0.025				0.022	0.011	0.024	0.023			
50.0					0.016	0.008	0.018	0.017	0.013		
60.0		0.007				0.006	0.012	0.011	0.009		
70.0					0.008	0.005	0.008	0.008	0.008		
80.0		0.004					0.007	0.007	0.007		
90.0					0.007		0.006	0.006	0.006		
100.0							0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.007
120.0		0.003					0.004	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.005
140.0							0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.004
150.0		0.002		0.012			0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.003
160.0							0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002



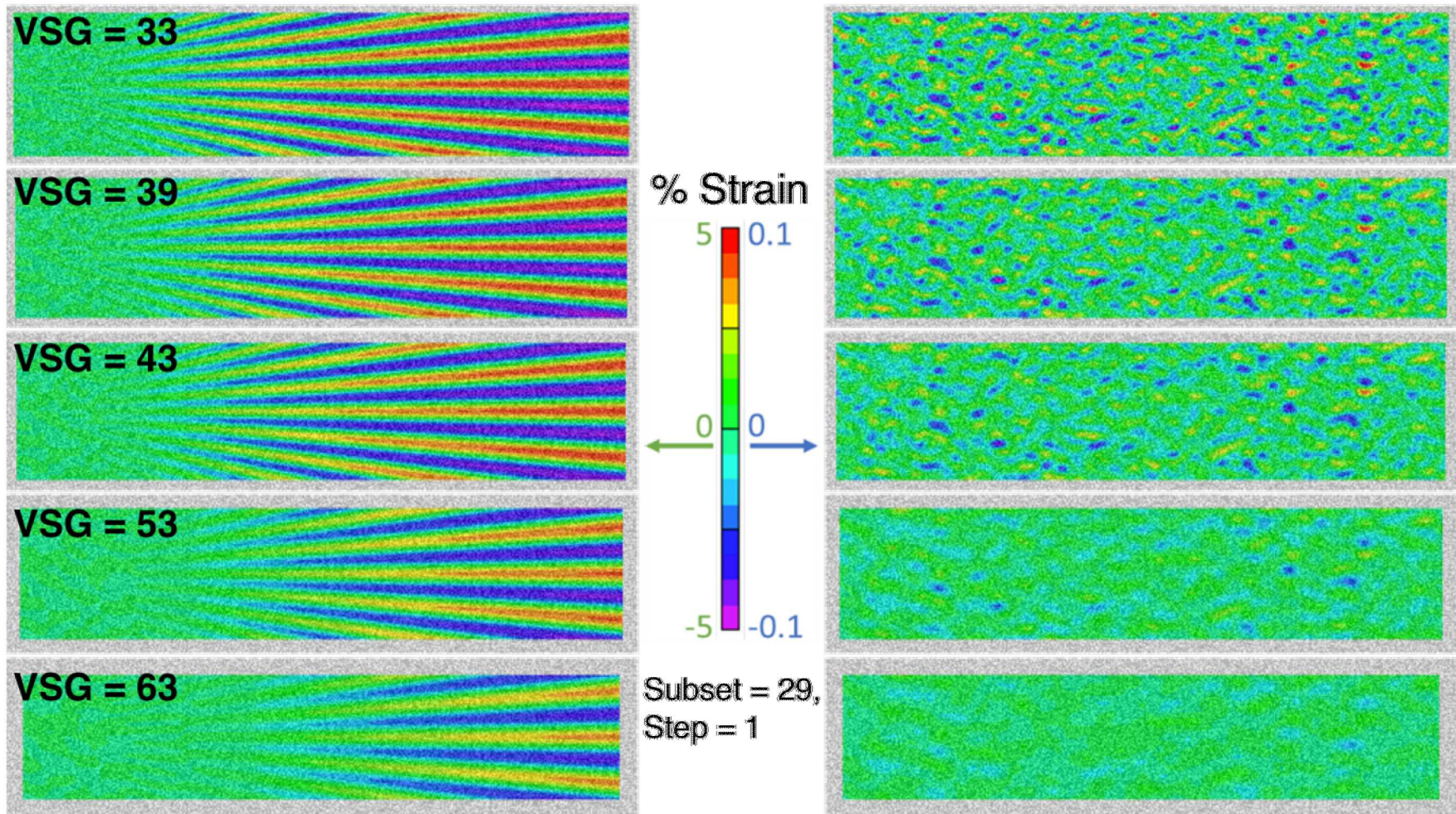


Signal to noise and spatial resolution are similar for all implementations.



$$\text{SNR} = 20\log_{10}(A_{\text{signal}}/A_{\text{noise}}) \text{ where } A_{\text{signal}} = 0.5 \text{ \& } A_{\text{noise}} = \sigma^2$$

Typical full-field strain results for a single code. Virtual Strain Gauge (VSG) from “small” to “large”.



$$\text{VSG} = [(\text{Strain Window} - 1) * \text{Step}] + \text{Subset}$$

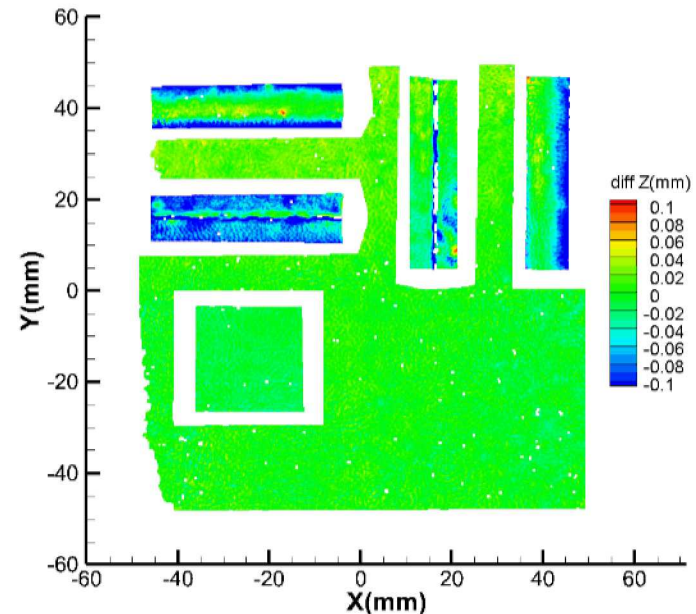
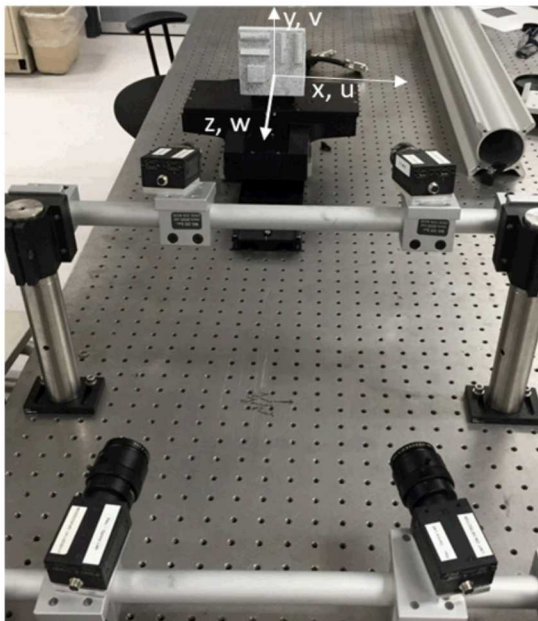


Add final call to be included in the paper. Can your code do better?

## Participating Codes

- |                         |               |
|-------------------------|---------------|
| 1. Correlated Solutions | 6. LaVision   |
| 2. GOM                  | 7. Dantec     |
| 3. DI3e Global          | 8. CorreliSTC |
| 4. DI3e Local           | 9. ALDIC      |
| 5. MatchID/AdaptID      | 10. Ncorr     |

Stereo-DIC Results are also due to Jeff Helm.





iDICs – A society to provide training, certification, standardization and guidelines for DIC.

## Annual International DIC Society Conference

October 14 – 17, 2019 in Portland, OR

- Abstracts due: June 30<sup>th</sup>, 1 Pager and 250 words
- Certification Level 1 - Exams offered
- Classes: DIC 101, 201, Patterning and Grid



## Accomplishments

- DIC Good Practices Guide (Freely Available)
- Certification Level 1 - First tests done
- 4 International Conferences

## Committees

- Standards & Best Practices - Mark Iadicola
- Training & Certification - Tim Schmidt
- Applications - Dave Dawicke
- University Education - Mark Pankow
- DIC Challenge - Phillip Reu

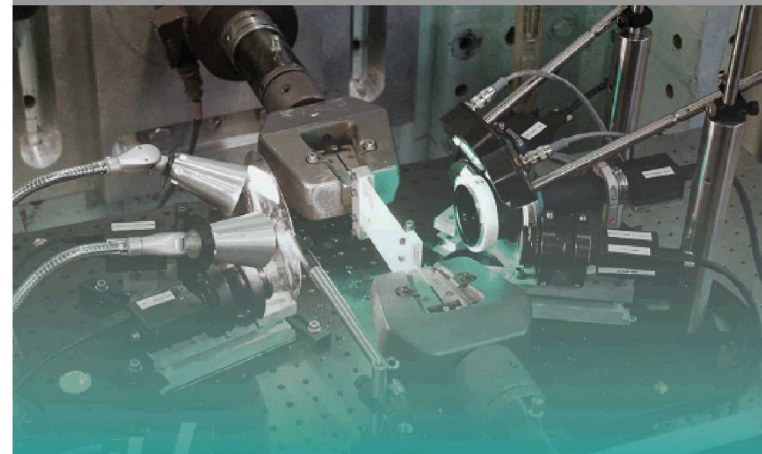
iDICs INTERNATIONAL  
DIGITAL IMAGE CORRELATION  
SOCIETY

A Good Practices Guide for  
Digital Image Correlation

Standardization, Good Practices, and Uncertainty Quantification Committee

October, 2018

<http://idics.org/guide>



**Mission: Extend – Improve – Train**

Extending the Frontiers: Training the next Generation: Standardizing for Industry: Improving our