

# Investigating the chemical and biological landscape of *Nannochloropsis salina* cultures to mitigate pond crashes

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Systems Biology Department

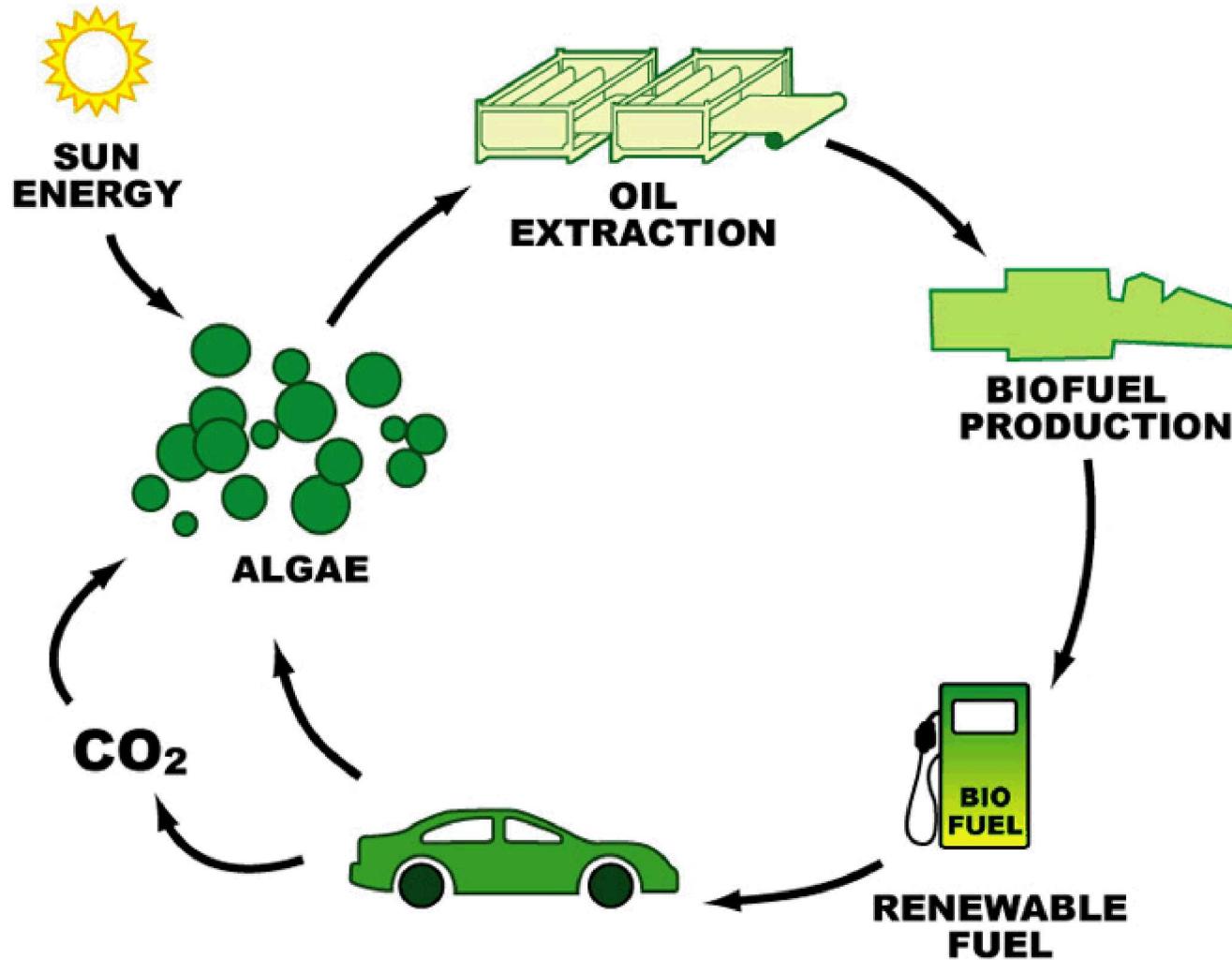


National Nuclear Security Administration

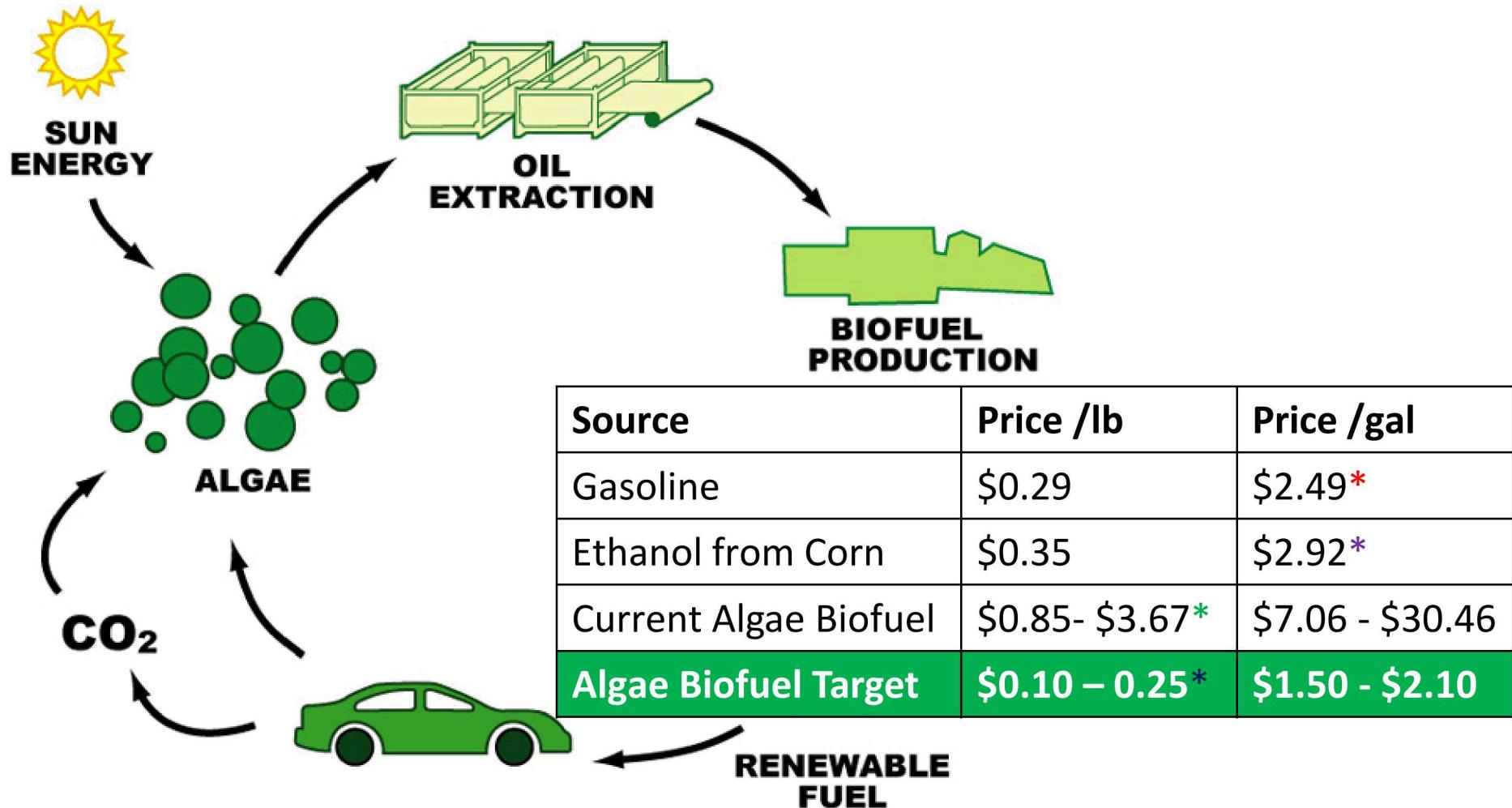
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF  
**ENERGY** | Energy Efficiency &  
Renewable Energy  
BIOENERGY TECHNOLOGIES OFFICE

February 14, 2018

**Biofuel is the future**, but there are serious economic barriers before it becomes reality.



# Biofuel is the future, but there are serious economic barriers before it becomes reality.



\*Approximate national average for 2017

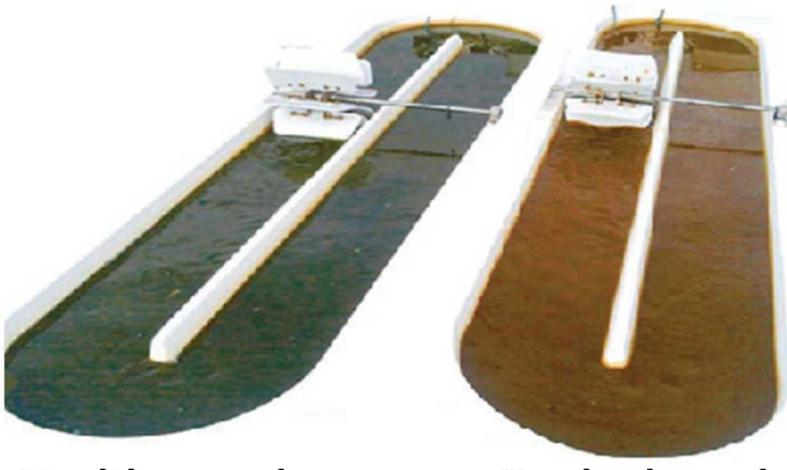
\*Sun et al, *Energy*, 36 (2011) 5169-51795.

\*2017 DOE Alternative Fuel Price Report

\*BETO Multi-Year Program Plan, March 2016

**Target selling prices for algae  
biomass in 2022 is \$494/ton  
AFDW (ash-free dry weight;  
2014\$) to achieve \$5/GGE  
(gasoline gallon equivalent).**

**- BETO MYPP, 2014**

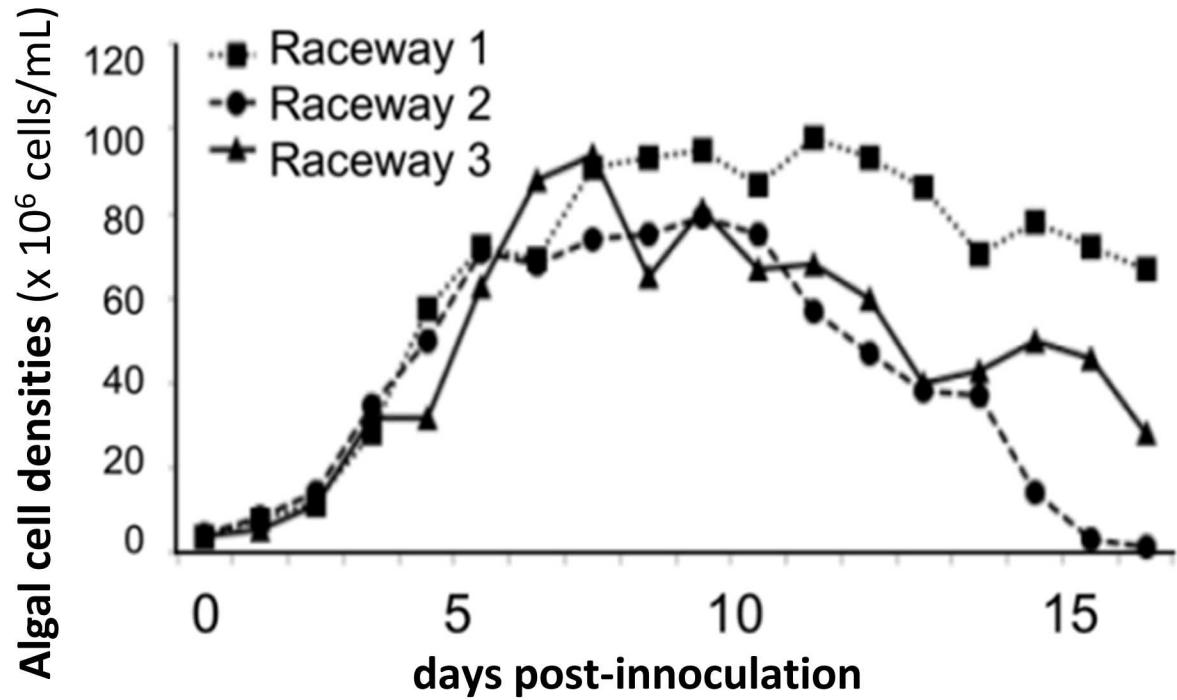


Healthy pond

Crashed pond

**Pond crashes:** *N. salina* growth in biological replicate raceways at Texas Agrilife. Raceways show moderate to severe **biomass loss** as a result of algal predation.

Algal population crashes cause **losses of up to 30% of annual crop production** from the typical open raceway system.



Carney et al. 2016

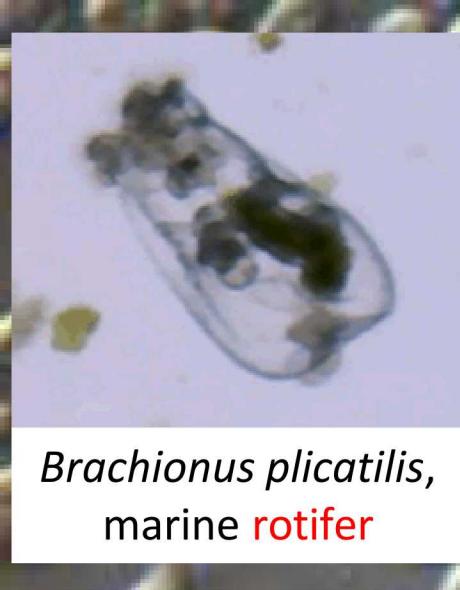
A high-magnification, grayscale microscopic image showing a dense, monolayered population of Nannochloropsis salina cells. The cells are small, oval-shaped, and exhibit a slight greenish tint. They are arranged in a somewhat organized, overlapping pattern across the frame.

# *Nannochloropsis salina*

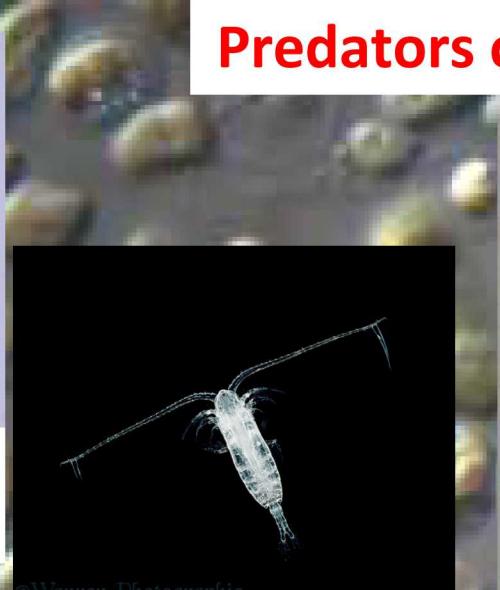


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# Predators of microalga



*Brachionus plicatilis*,  
marine rotifer



©Warren Photographic  
Marine planktonic  
copepod, *Calanus*



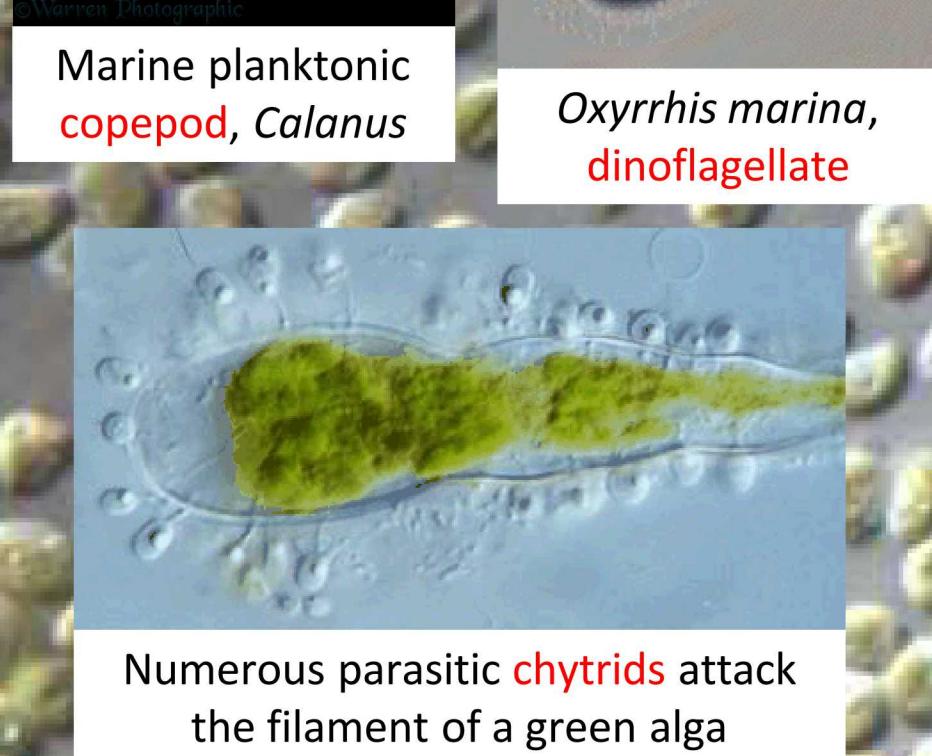
*Oxyrrhis marina*,  
dinoflagellate



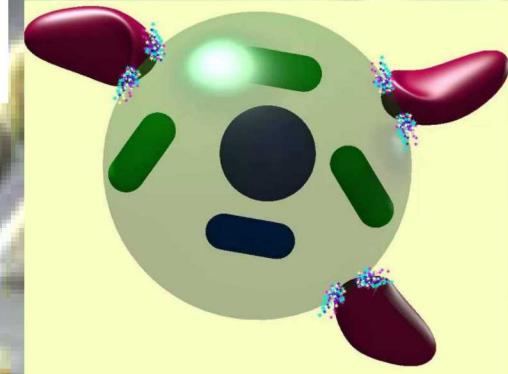
alga infected with  
chlorovirus



*Poterioochromonas*,  
a golden algae or  
chrysophyte



Numerous parasitic chytrids attack  
the filament of a green alga



*Vampirovibrio  
chlorellavoras*  
bacterial predation on  
green alga, *Chlorella*.

# Our Approach

- 1) Can we identify and monitor volatile chemicals that indicate when algae is infected with predators?
- 2) Can we stabilize algae culture and prevent algal predation with probiotic bacteria?
- 3) Can we isolate and identify chemicals from these probiotic bacteria to understand the mechanism of algae protection?

# Today's talk will focus on...

1) Can we identify and monitor volatile chemicals that indicate when algae is infected with predators?



2) Can we stabilize algae culture and prevent algal predation with probiotic bacteria?



3) Can we isolate and identify chemicals from these probiotic bacteria to understand the mechanism of algae protection?



# Our Approach

Can we stabilize algae culture and prevent algal predation with probiotic bacteria?

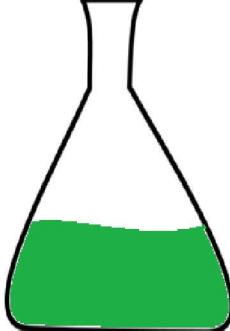
**TABB/SFA**

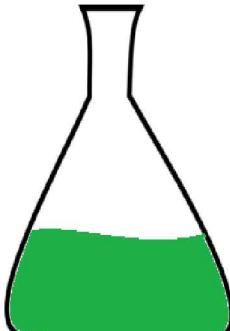
Can we isolate and identify chemicals from these probiotic bacteria to understand the mechanism of algae protection?

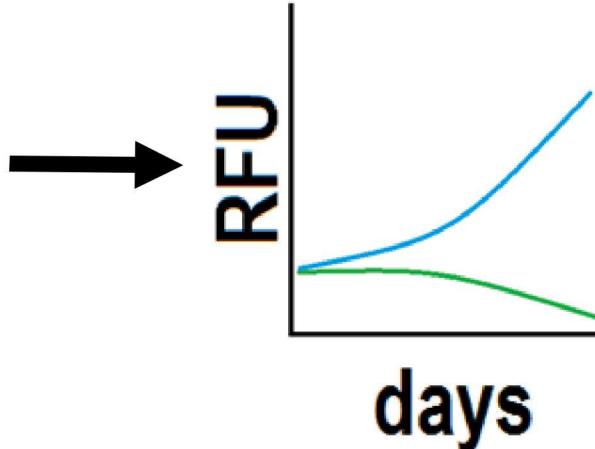
**POSSE LDRD**

# Consortia experiment: screen

Algae survival assay (Rotifer live/dead assay)

  
protective  
algal-bacterial  
consortia

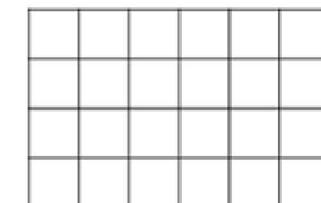
+/-   
rotifer  
+/-  
  
Ns control



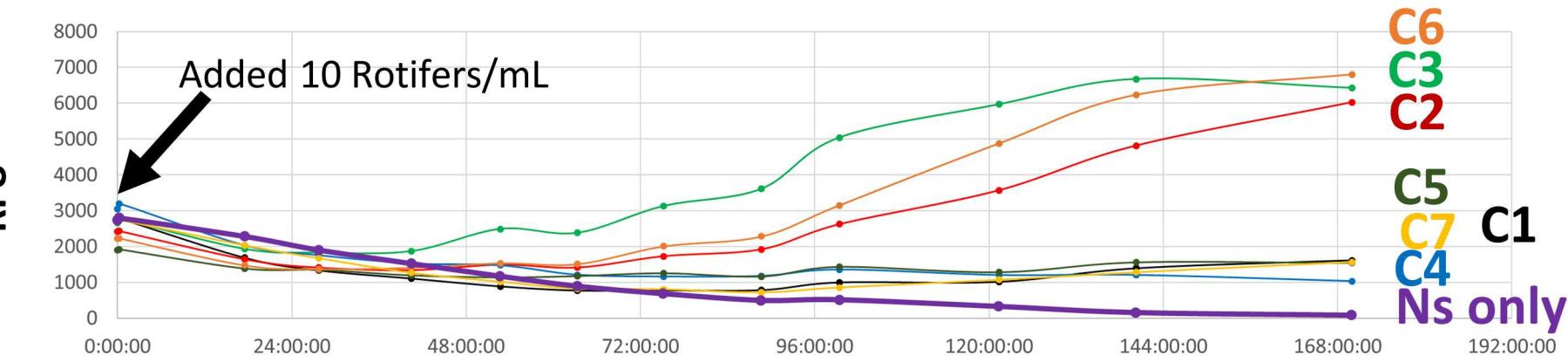
consortia-  
protected  
algae with  
rotifers

control algae,  
not protected  
from rotifer  
predation

- *Nannochloropsis salina*: 1-2 M Ns cells/mL
- *Brachionus plicatilis*: 10 Rotifers/mL
- Daily timepoints, ex/em: 430/685 nm
- Microtiter plate,  
2 mL per well



# Consortia yield protection from predation by rotifers



day 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

# rotifers in each well	sample name
~10	Consortia 1
0	Consortia 2
0	Consortia 3
>20, fast	Consortia 4
3	Consortia 5
0	Consortia 6
>20, fast	Consortia 7
>50, fast	Ns control

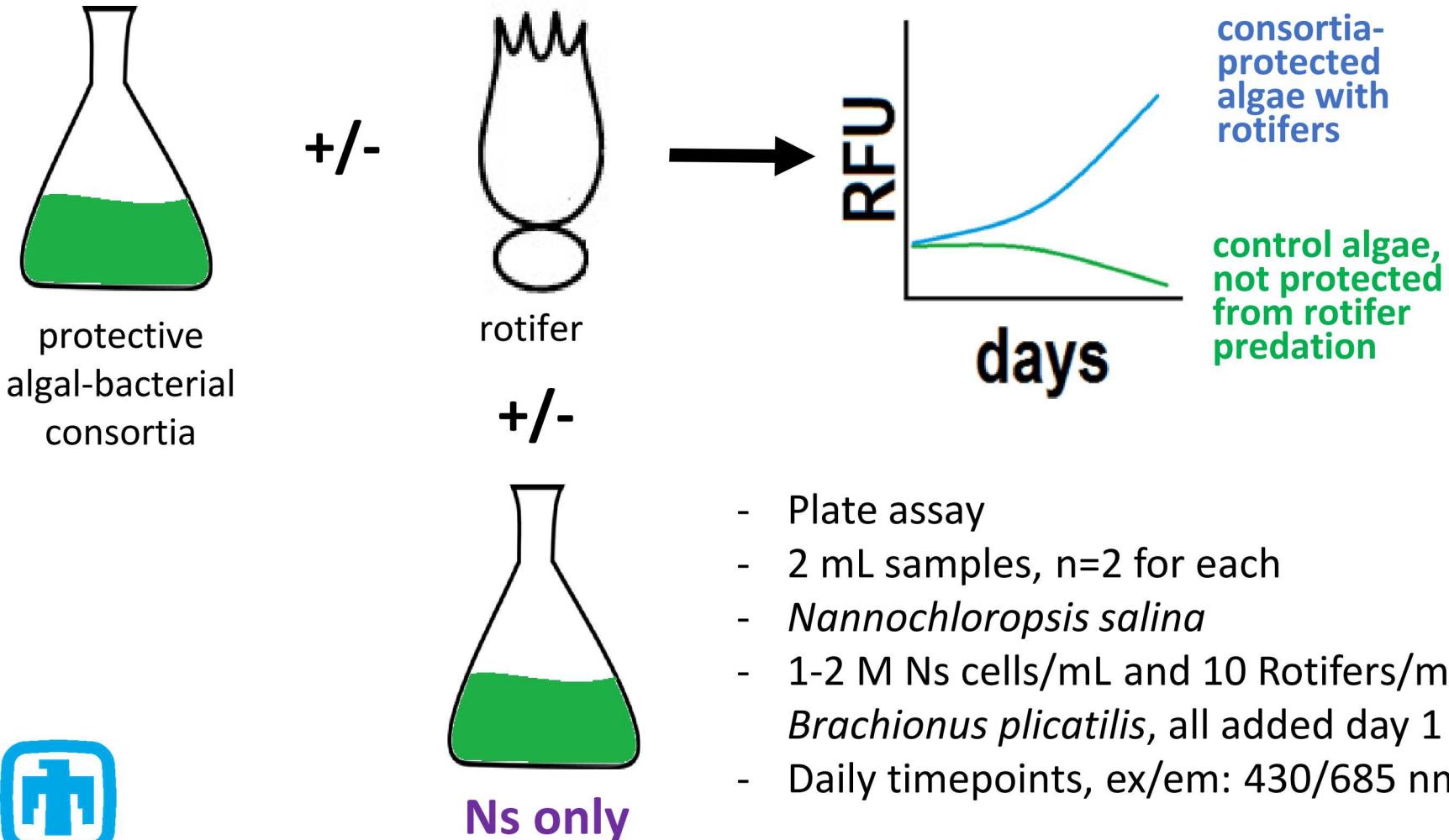
## Plate assay:

- Not many live rotifers present after 7 days with consortia
- Several rotifers were swimming “slowly”
- Very few eggs present
- Rotifer birth control?!

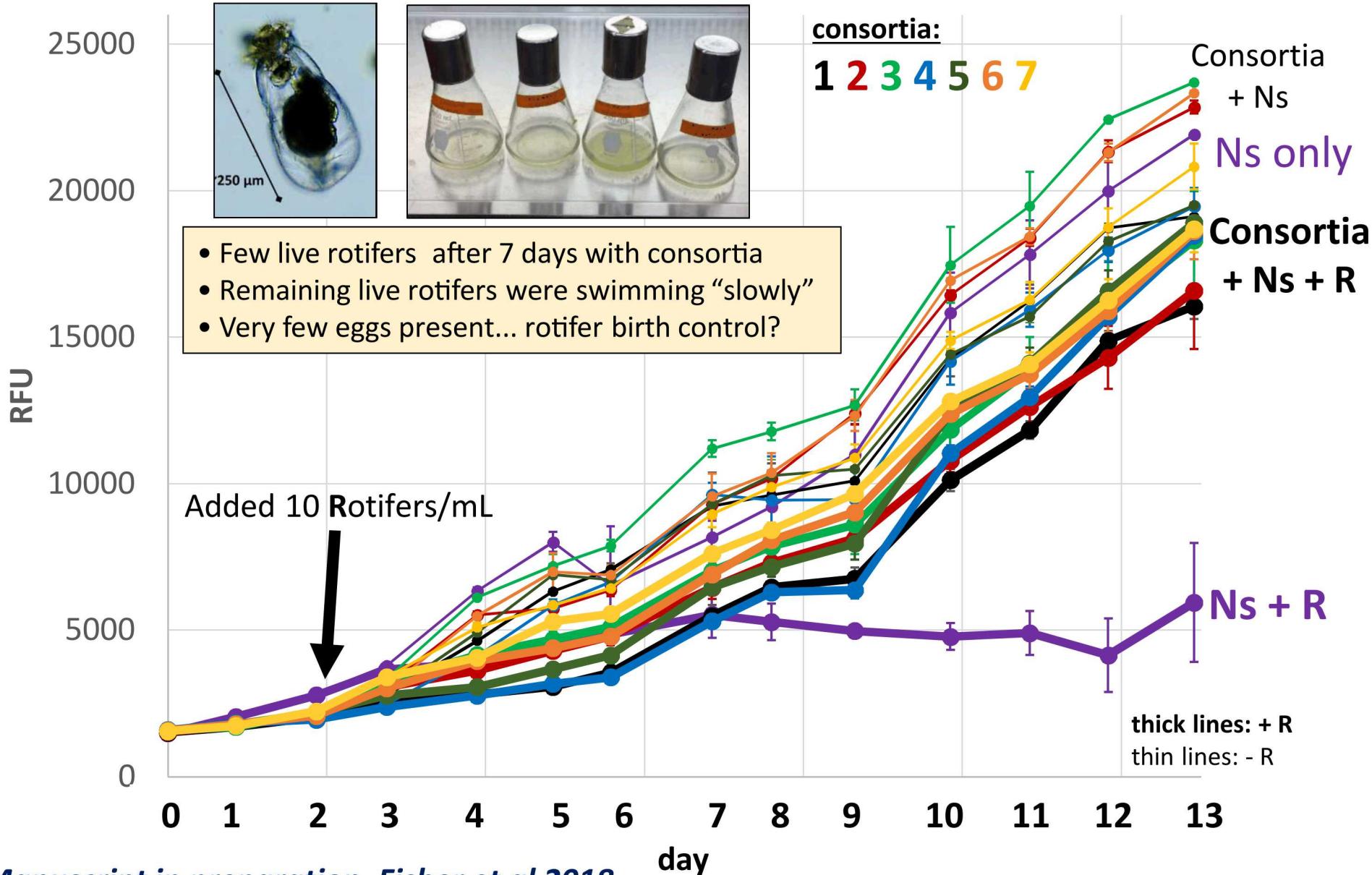


# SNL CONSORTIA

## Consortia experiment: screen Algae survival assay



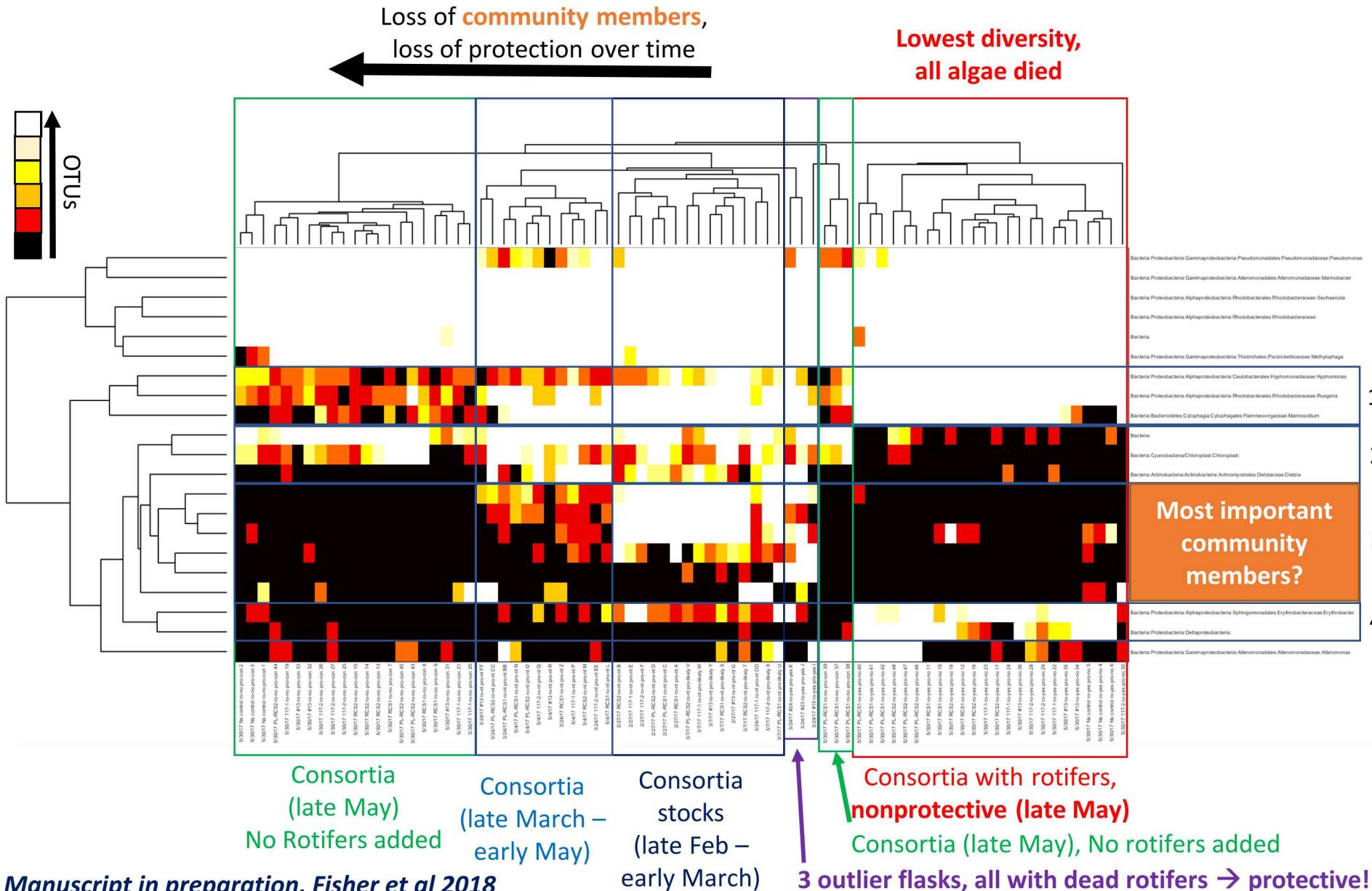
# Bacterial consortia protect algae from rotifers



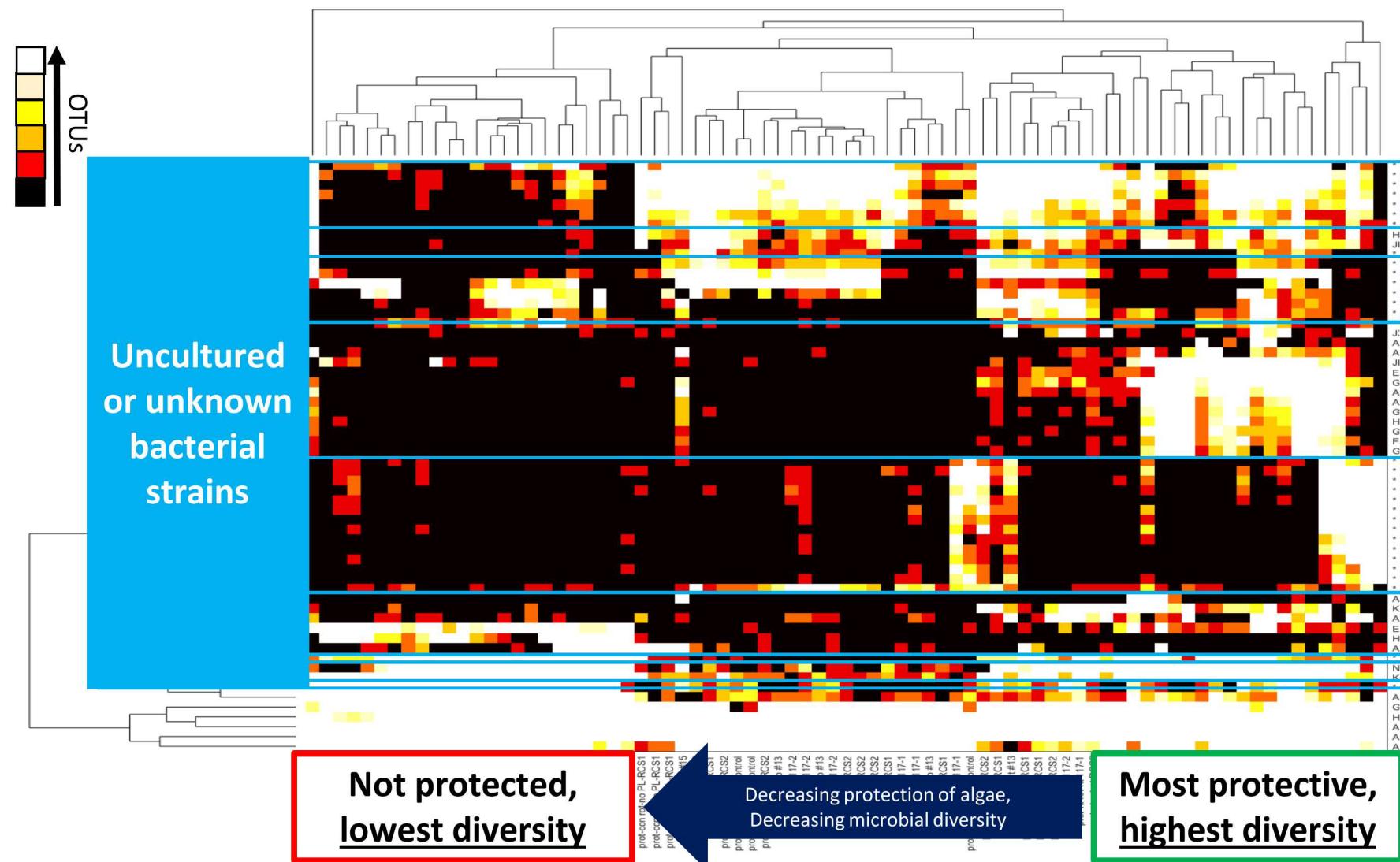
Manuscript in preparation, Fisher et al 2018

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# Protective consortia have more bacterial diversity



# Protective consortia have more bacterial diversity

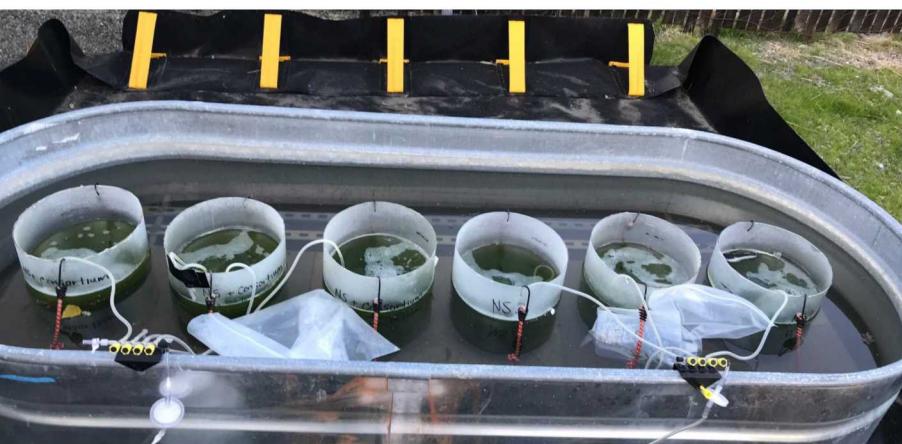


*Manuscript in preparation, Fisher et al 2018*

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# Sandia Outdoor Mesocosm Setup



## Objective:

Do consortia stabilize algal culture in outdoor mesocosm culture?

Do consortia retain protective qualities outside the laboratory?

3 axenic Ns samples - **A1 A2 A3**

3 Ns + consortia samples - **C1 C2 C3**

17L volume for each

## Daily sampling:

- Fluorescence
- Cell counts
- OD 750

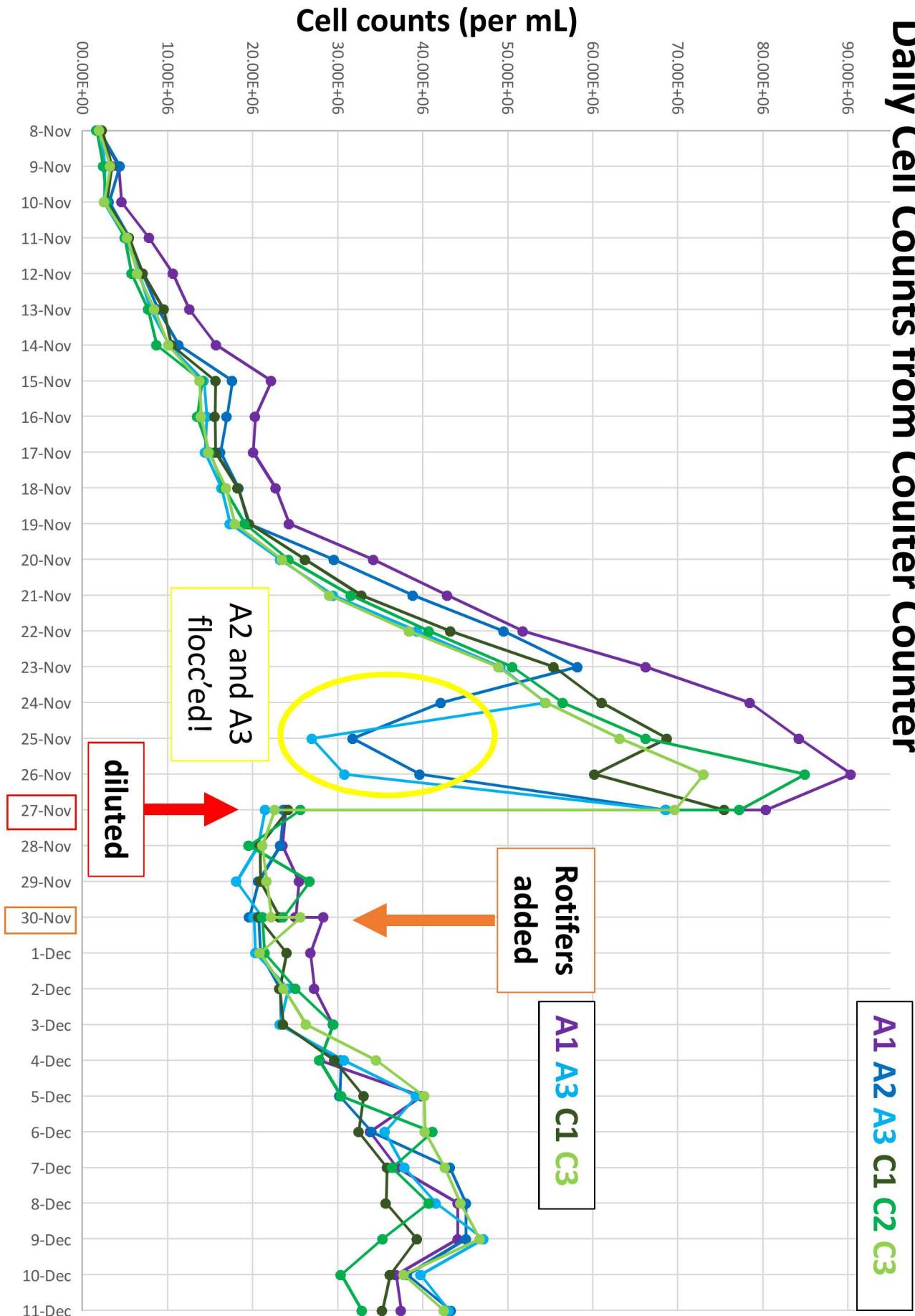
## Sample every 3 days:

- AFDW
- Nutrient analysis
- Sequencing

Added non-axenic rotifers at 1 per 500,000 algal cells (retained same ratio from lab experiments)

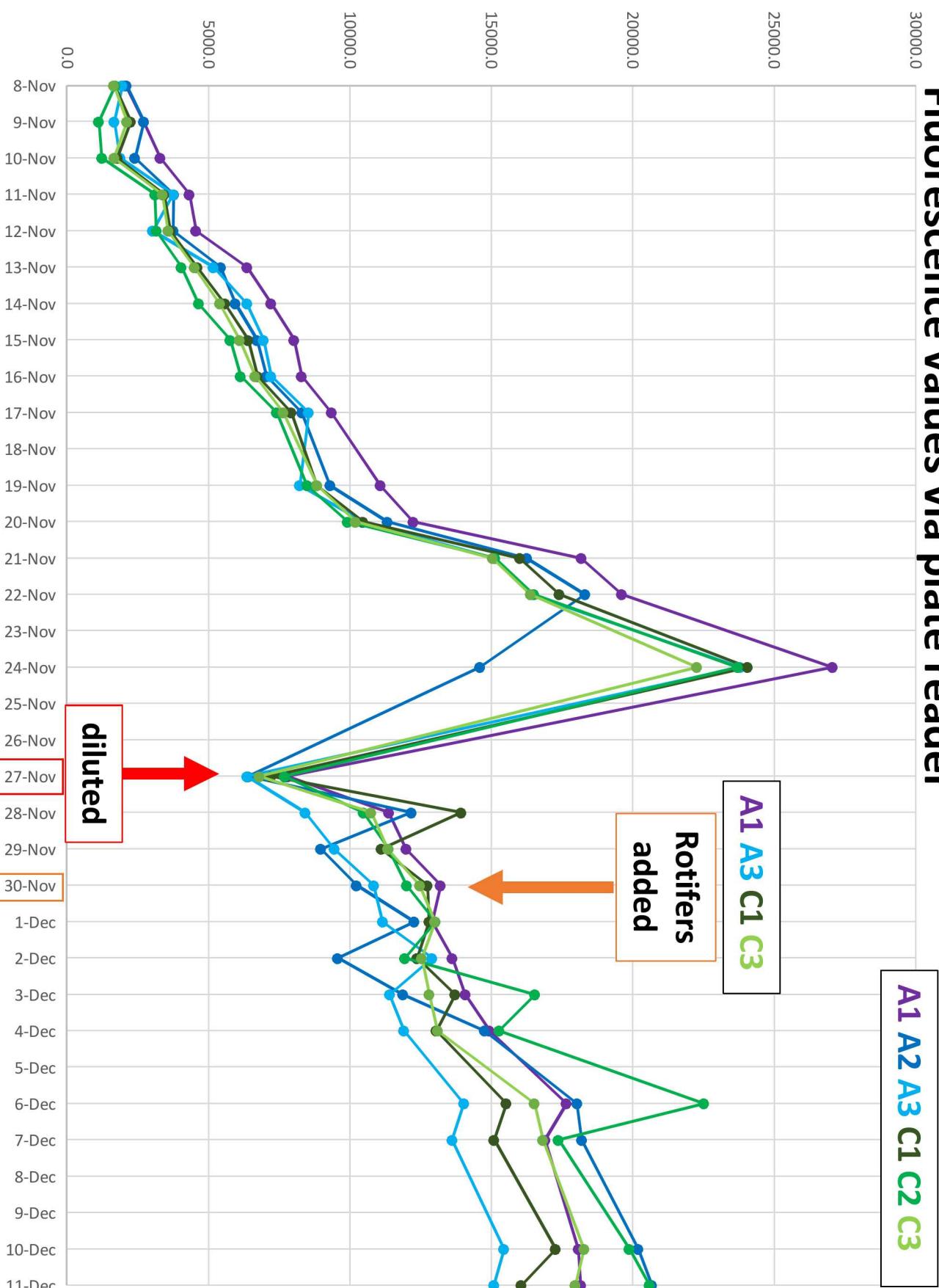
to test protective ability of consortia in outdoor mesocosm.

# Daily Cell Counts from Coulter Counter

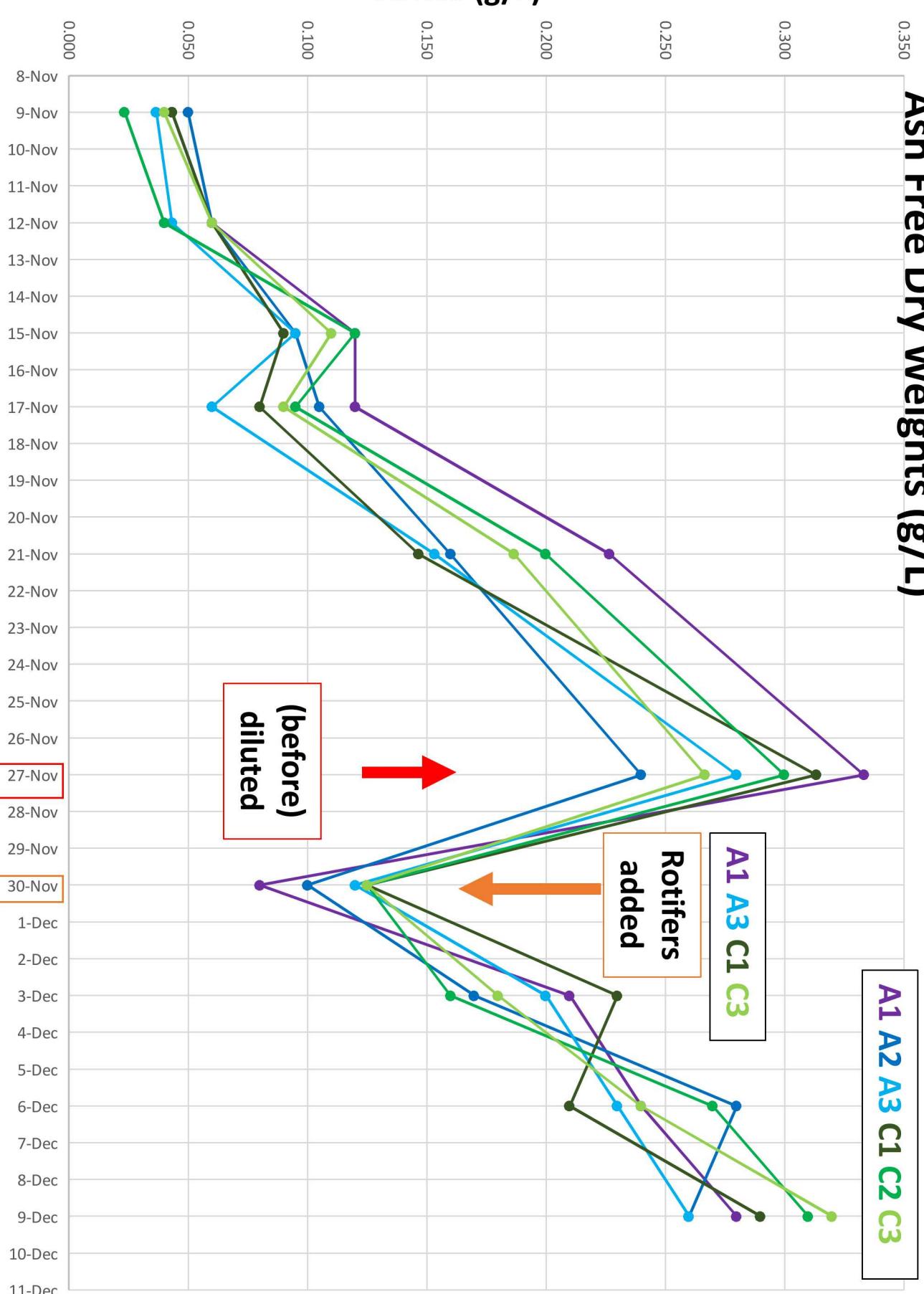


# Fluorescence values via plate reader

## RFU at 680nm

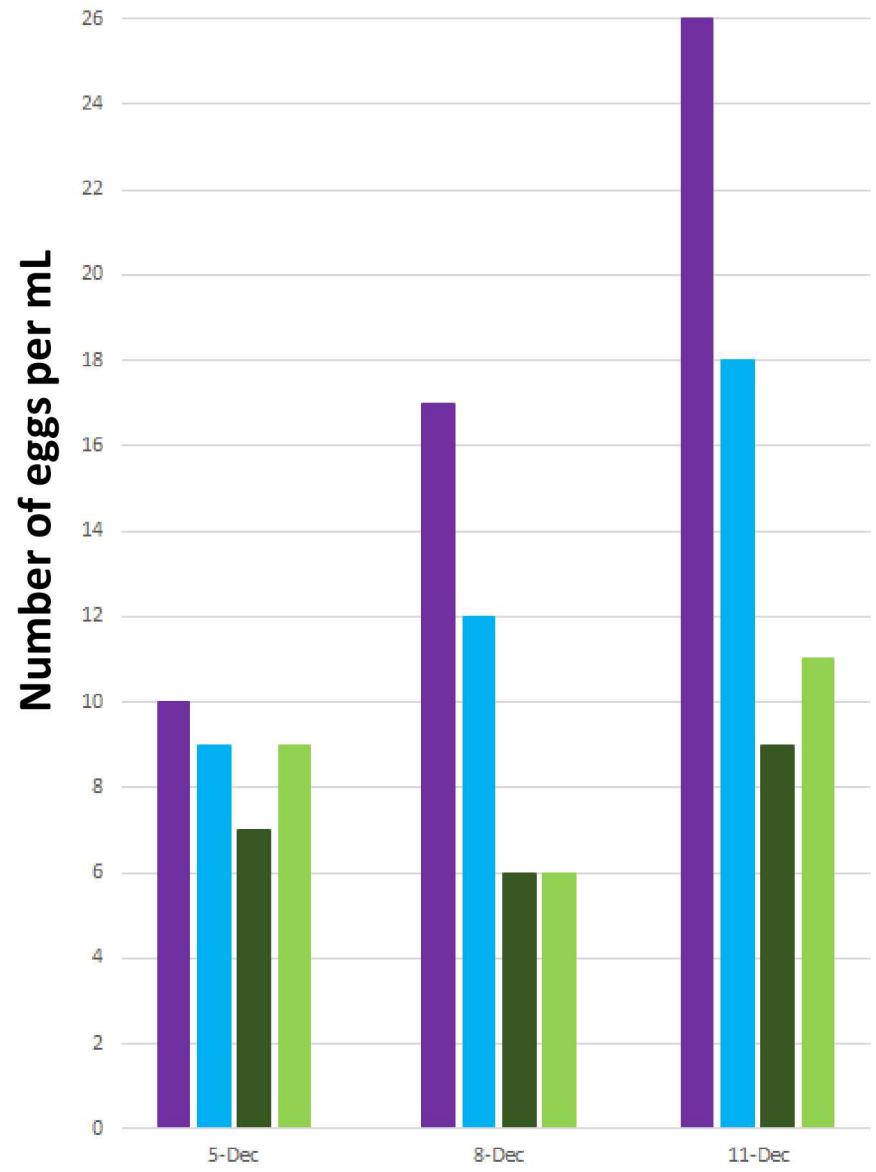
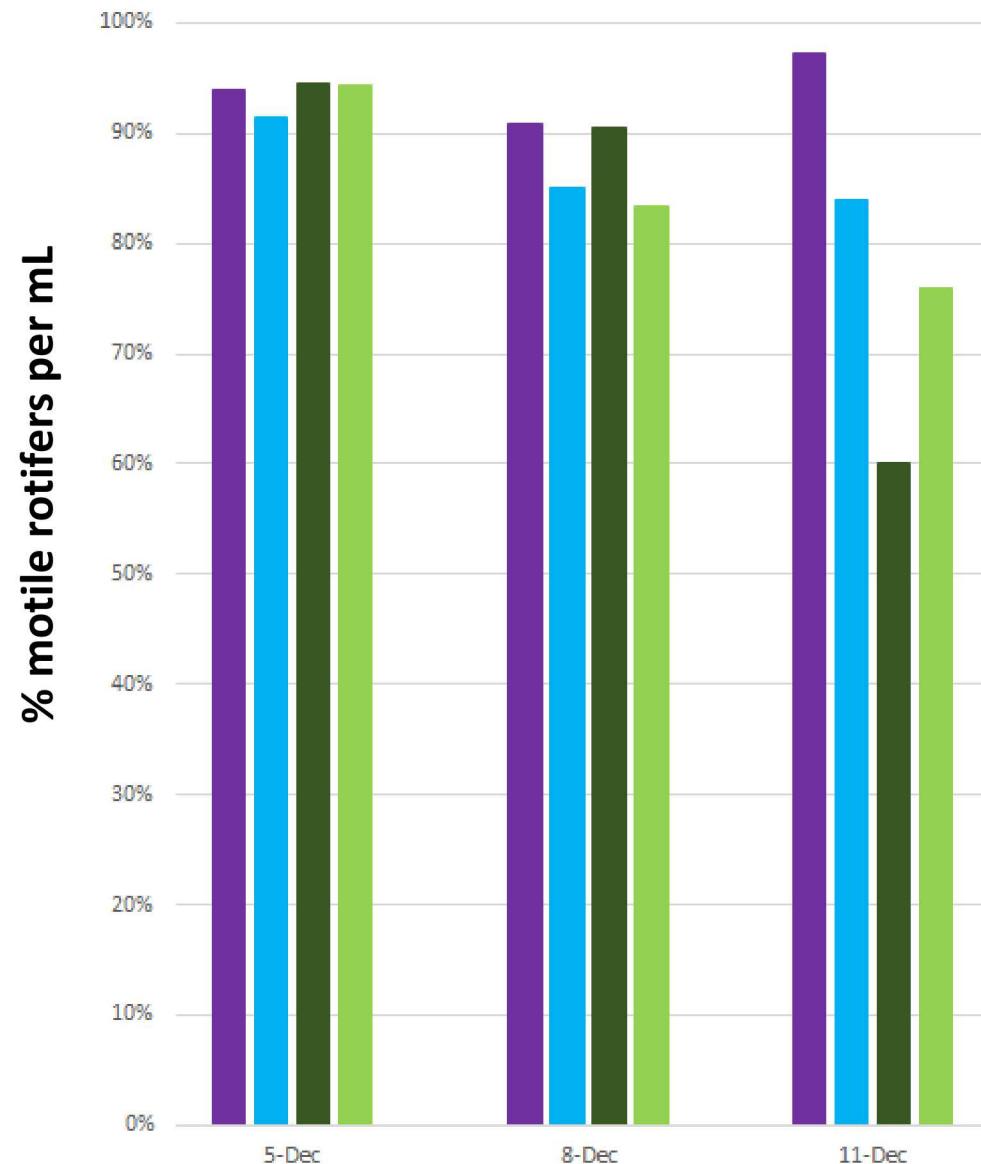


# Ash Free Dry Weights (g/L)



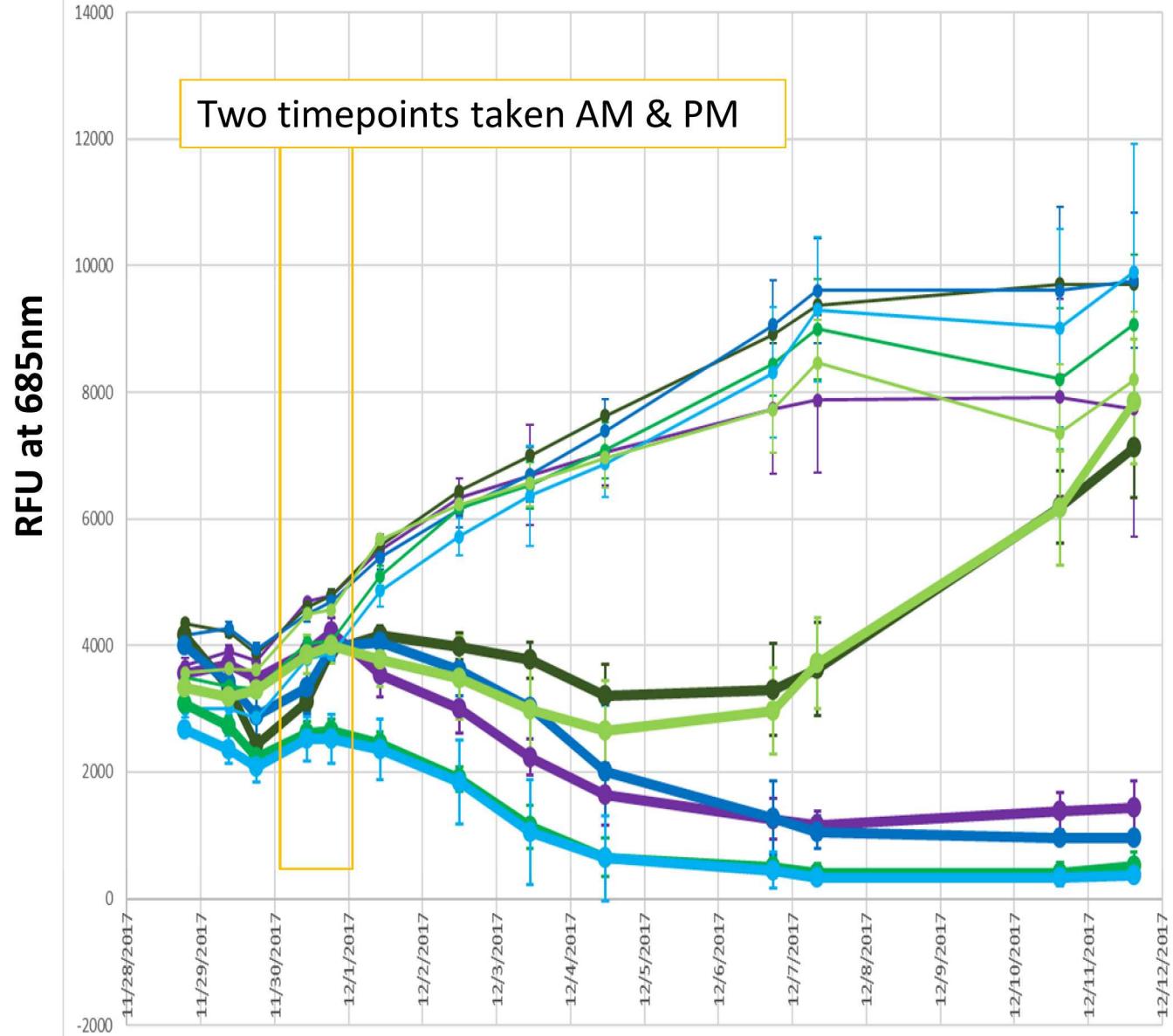
# Rotifer and egg counts per mL

A1 A3 C1 C3

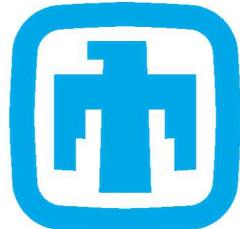


# Plate assay of mesocosms

A1 A2 A3 C1 C2 C3

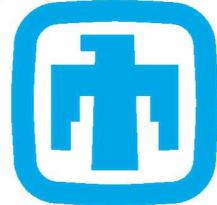


# SNL CONSORTIA: CONCLUSIONS



- ❖ **Low sun, low temperatures Nov – Dec: not ideal**
  - Affected algal growth ... consortia growth?
  - Affected rotifer feeding and mesocosm crash
  - Algae doubled every 3-4 days, only 1 dilution needed
- ❖ **Rotifers purchased, not axenic...**
  - High quantity of rotifers → Reed aquaculture
  - Did non-axenic rotifers “come with” bacteria that helped rotifers survive better than they would have normally...?
  - What bacteria did rotifers arrive with? How were consortia dynamics affected? (only 16S sequencing will help us learn this information).
- ❖ **16S Sequencing data will be really interesting!**
- ❖ **Nutrient analysis will also be interesting**

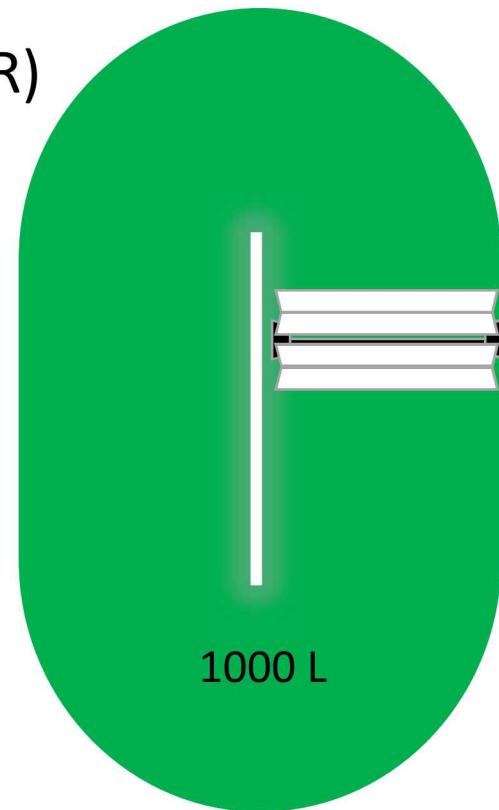
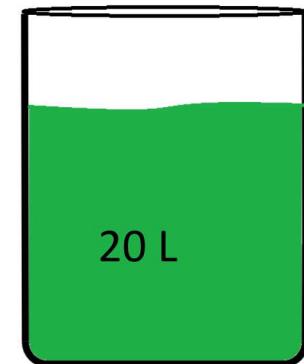
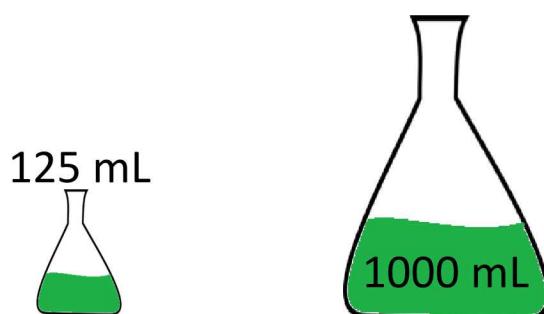
# SNL CONSORTIA: FUTURE WORK



- **State of Technology for DISCOVR**

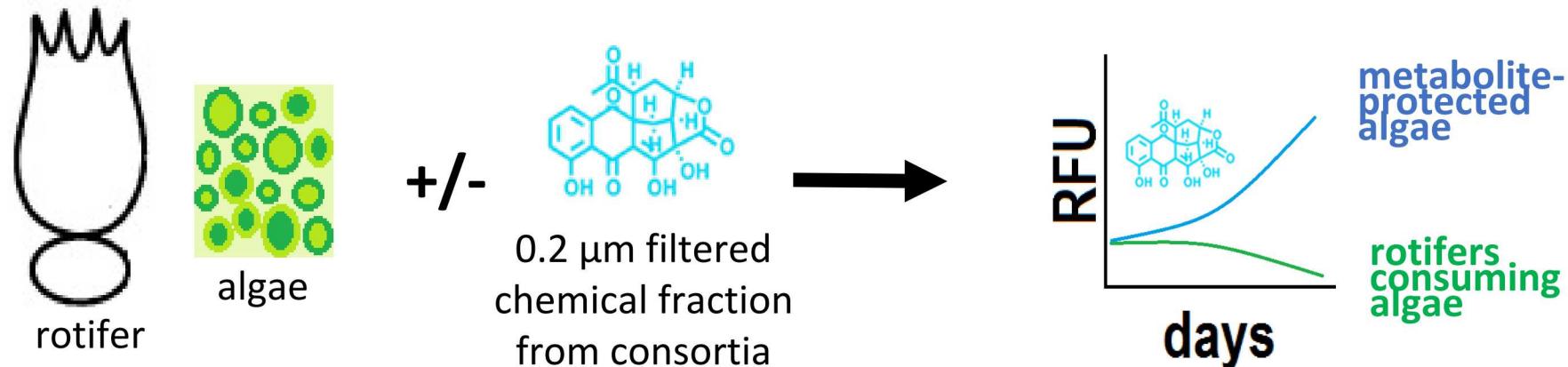
- Test consortia in outdoor ponds at ASU and/or TAMU in 2018
- 16S amplicon sequencing (Illumina MiSeq) analysis of consortia
- Consortia simplification experiments
- Determine mechanism (UPLC-MS and NMR)

- **Test consortia with more algae  
and more predators...**



# Chemical fraction experiments

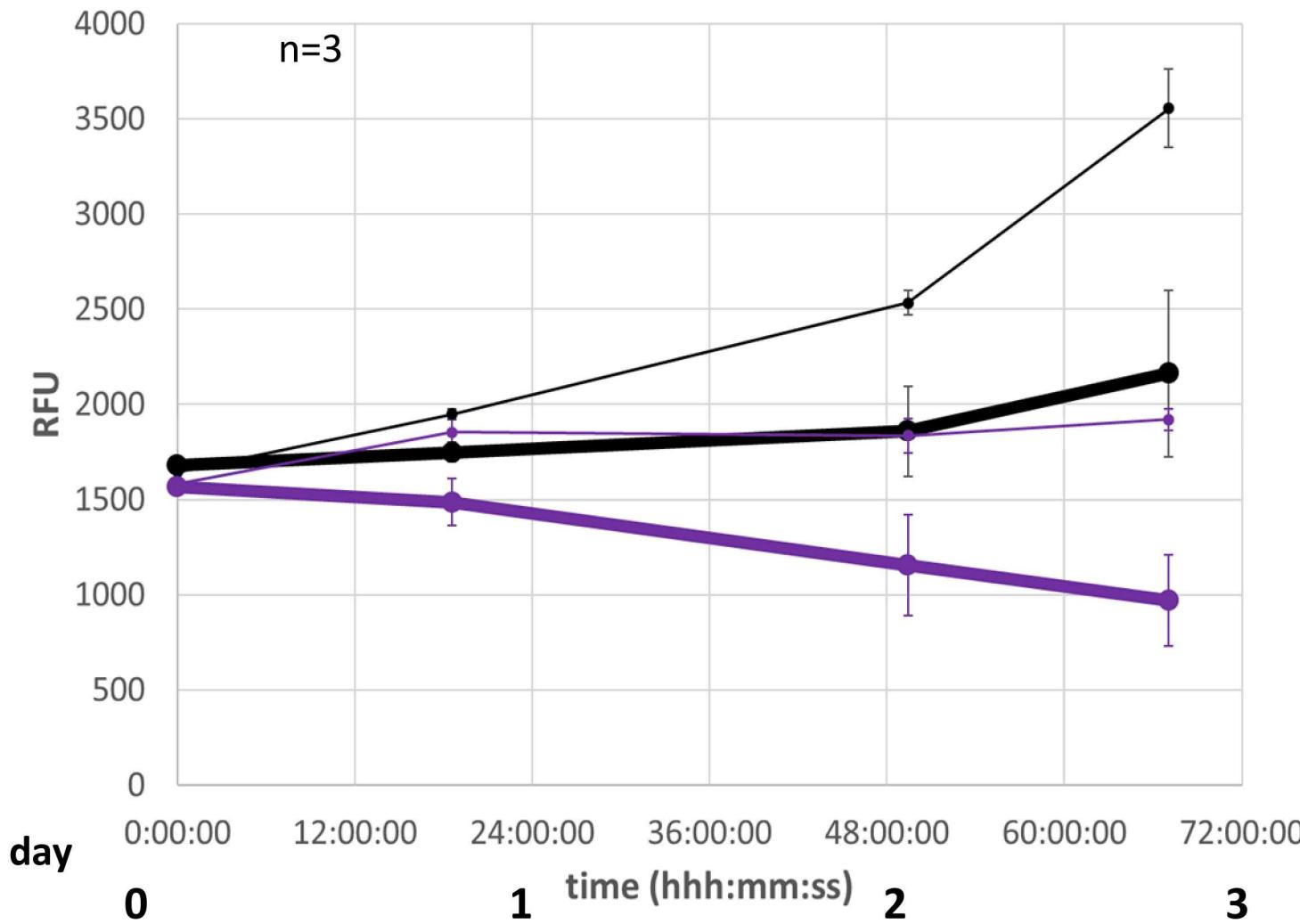
Algae survival assay (Rotifer live/dead assay), sans bacteria



- **0.2 μm filter protective consortia + Ns only control**
- Used filtrate; added in Ns and rotifers
- *Nannochloropsis salina*: 3 M Ns cells/mL
- *Brachionus plicatilis*: 8 Rotifers/mL
- Daily timepoints, ex/em: 430/685 nm

# SNL CONSORTIA: MECHANISM ...

Chemical fraction from C1 consortia yield protection for 3 days



$Ns + C1 =$   
Probiotic?

**$Ns + C1$**   
*(no bacteria)*  
+ Rotifers

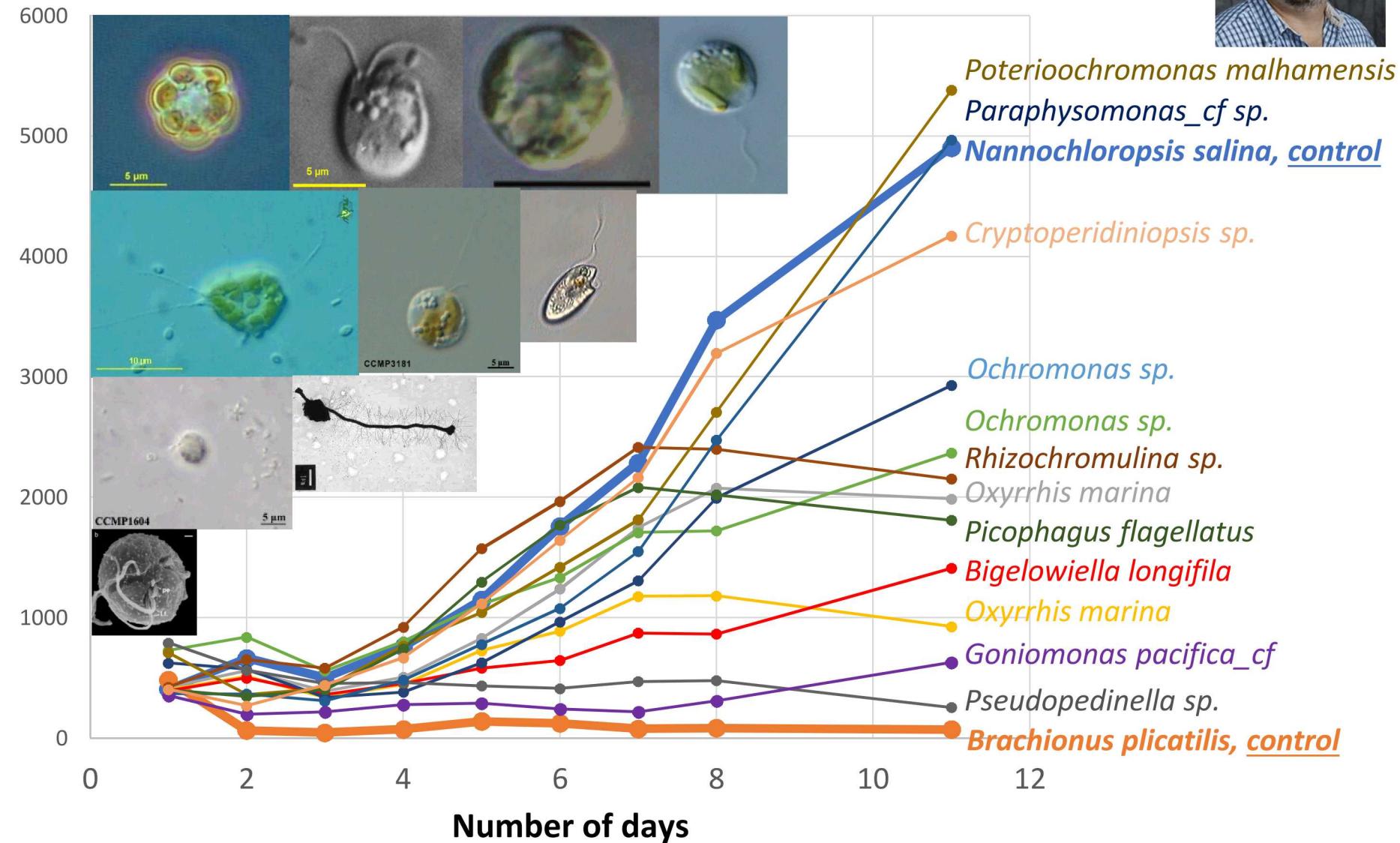
**$Ns$  only**

**$Ns$  control**  
+ Rotifers

# We are assembling “a diverse panel of nasty things” – Todd W. Lane



## Effect of various predators on *Nannochloropsis salina* concentration





**Sandia  
National  
Laboratories**

CA

Todd W. Lane  
Pamela D. Lane  
Mary Tran-Gyamfi  
James Jaryenneh  
Franny Carcellar  
Kunal Poorey  
Peter McIlroy  
Krissy Mahan  
Nataly Beck

NM

Matt Moorman  
Curtis Mowry  
Adam Pimentel  
Stephen Anthony  
Jerilyn Timlin  
Jaclyn Murton

**Thank you!**

**ATP3**

Algae Testbed  
Public-Private Partnership



**Lawrence Livermore  
National Laboratory**

Michael Thelen

Xavier Mayali

Rhona Stuart

Chris Ward

Ty Samo

Jennifer Pett-Ridge



Laura T. Carney



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