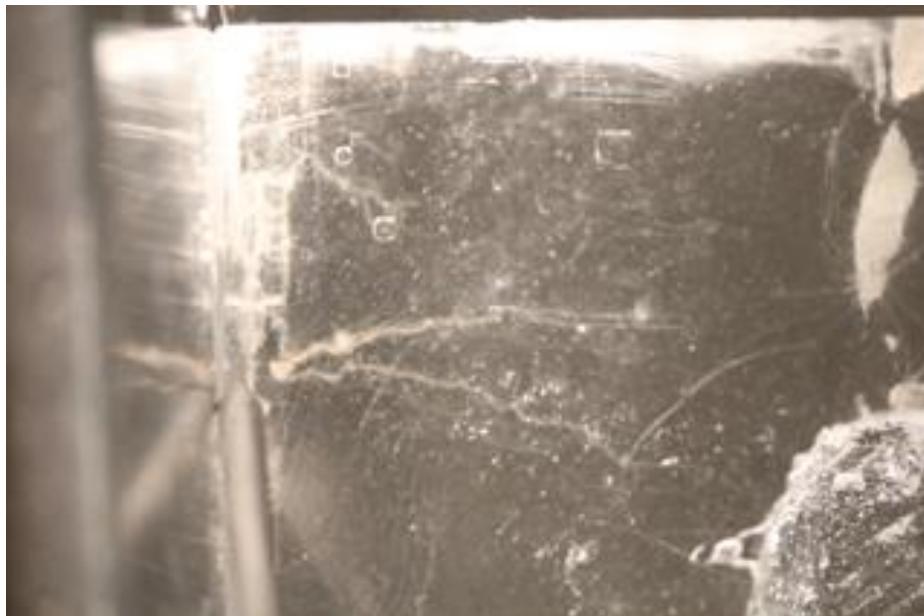
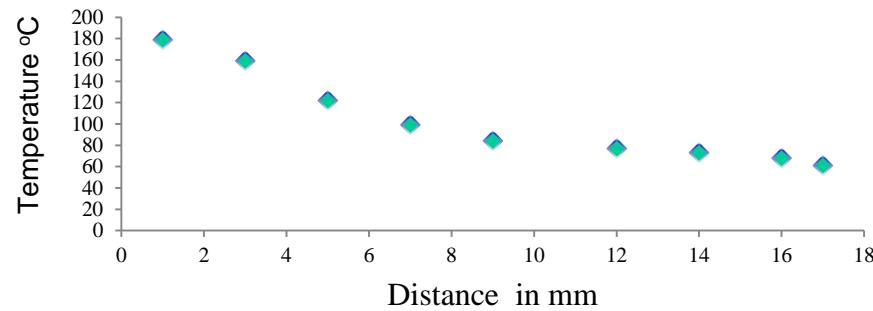


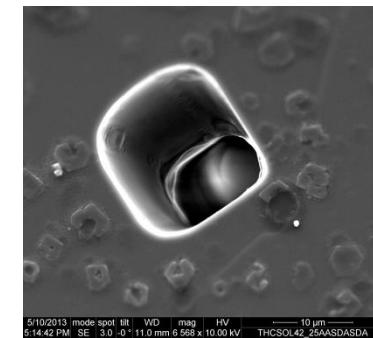
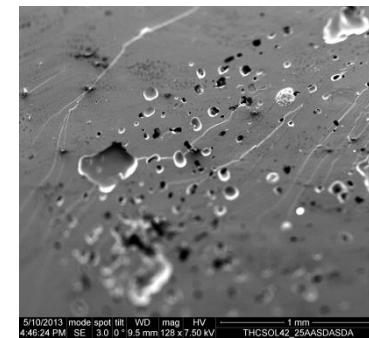
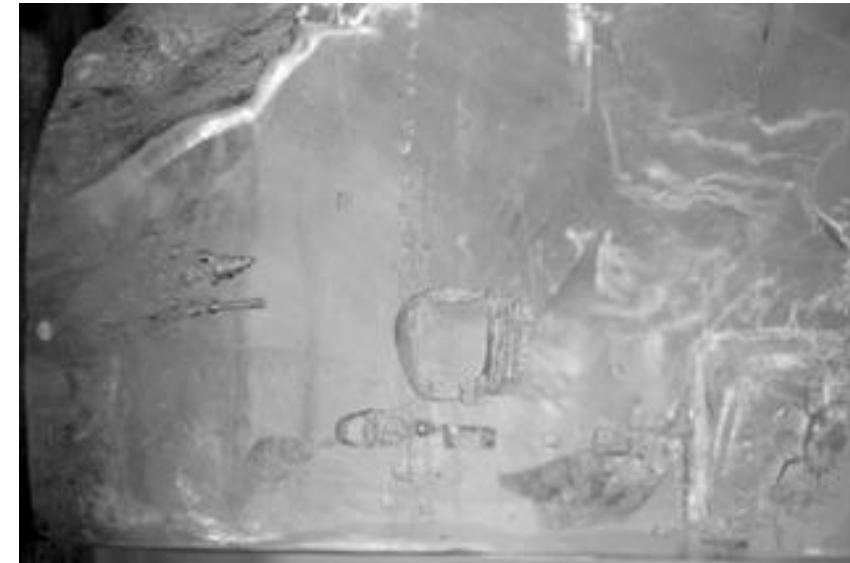
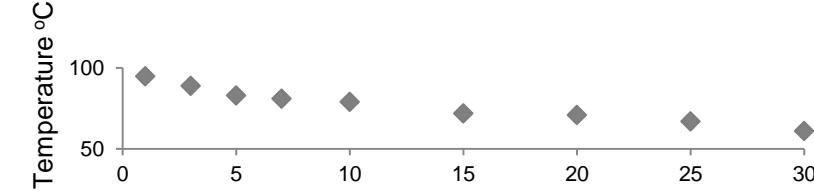
Task F - Fluid Inclusion and Movement in Tight Rocks (FINITO)

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Sandia National Laboratories

Observations: Temperature effect

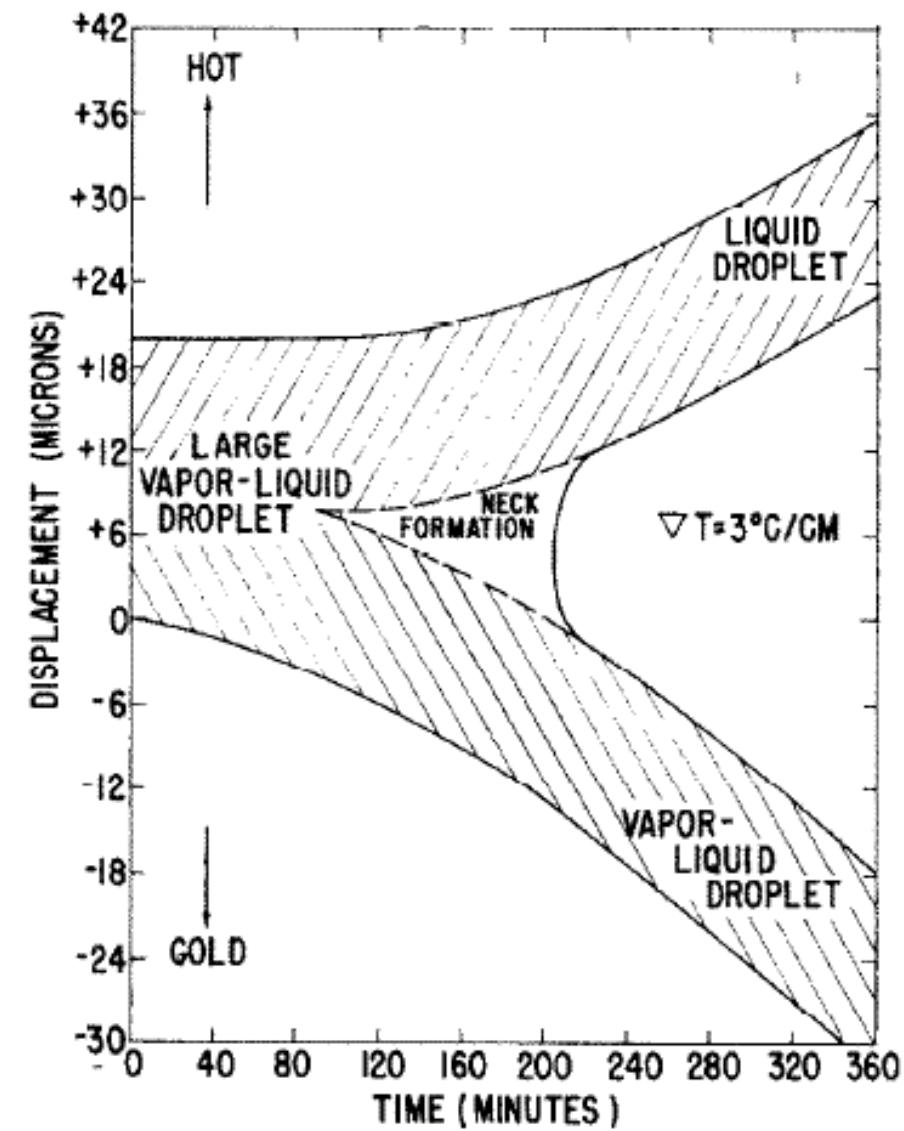
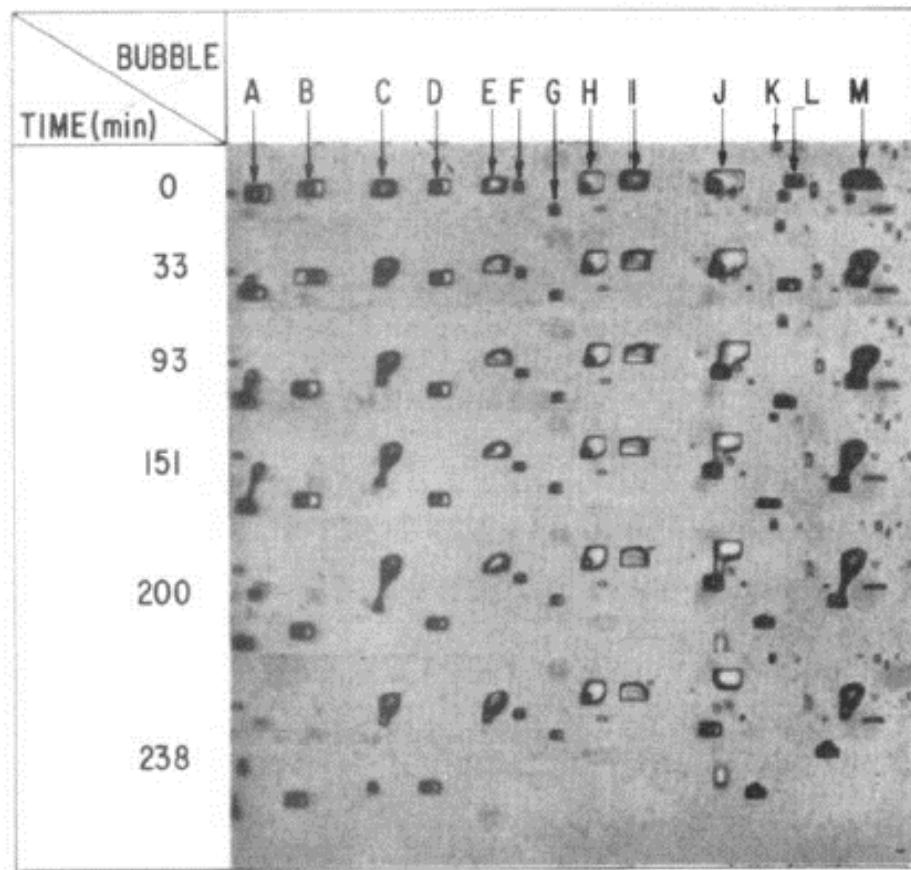


Caporuscio et al. (per. Comm.)



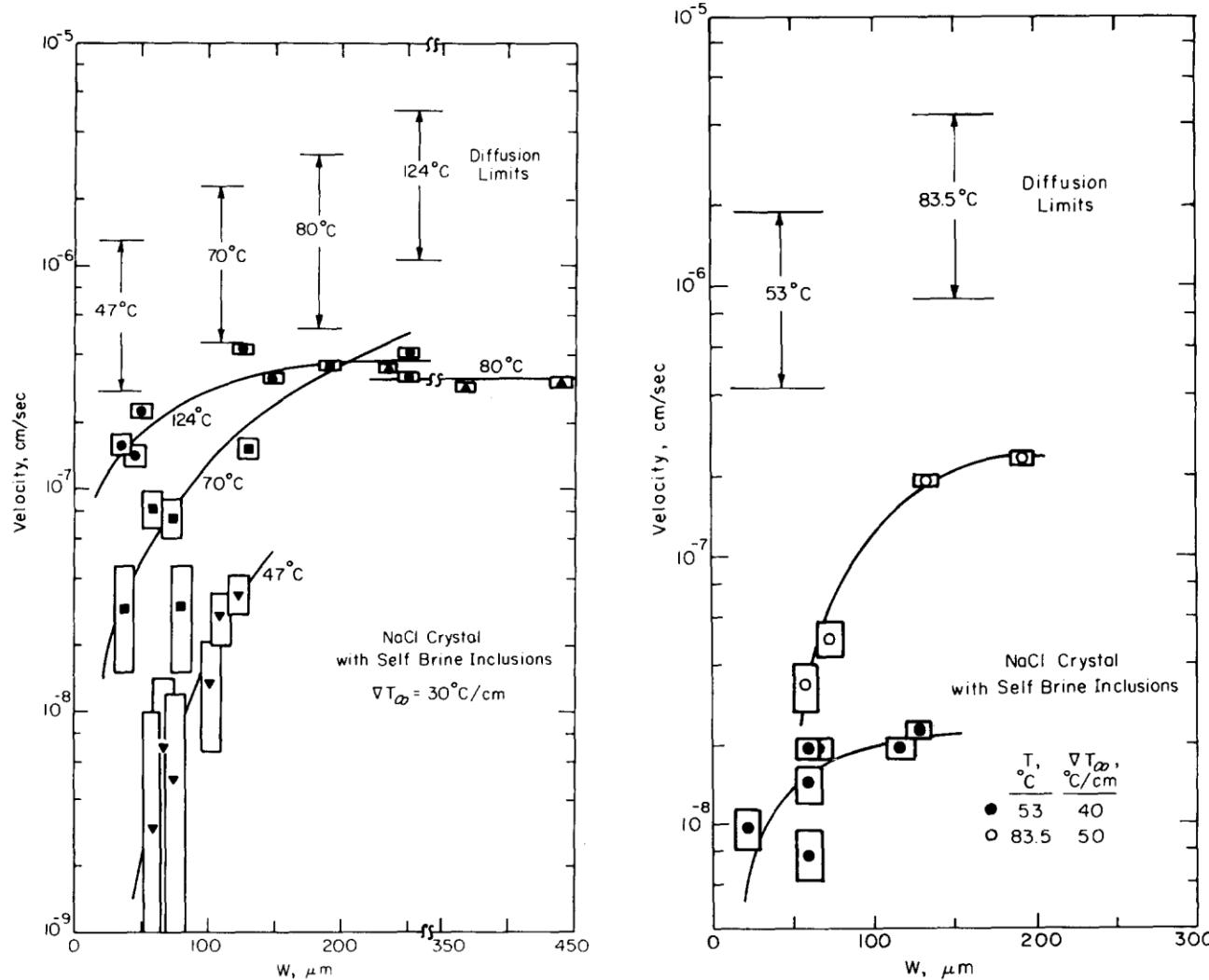
Interface instability and channeling

Observations: Biphase inclusions



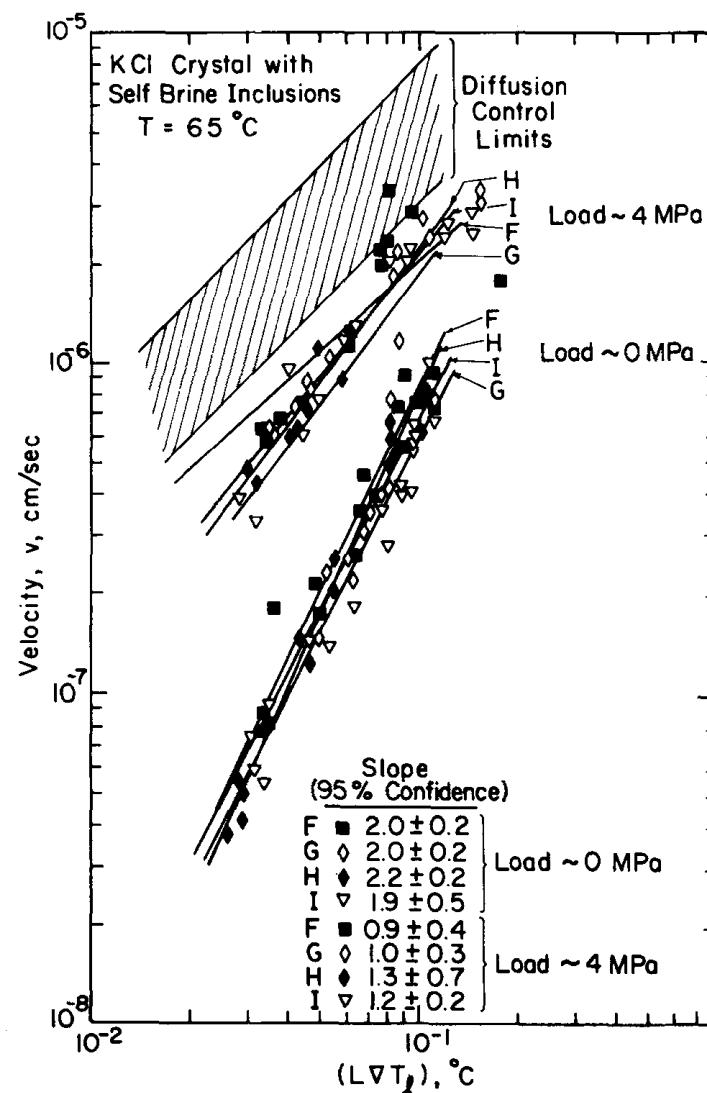
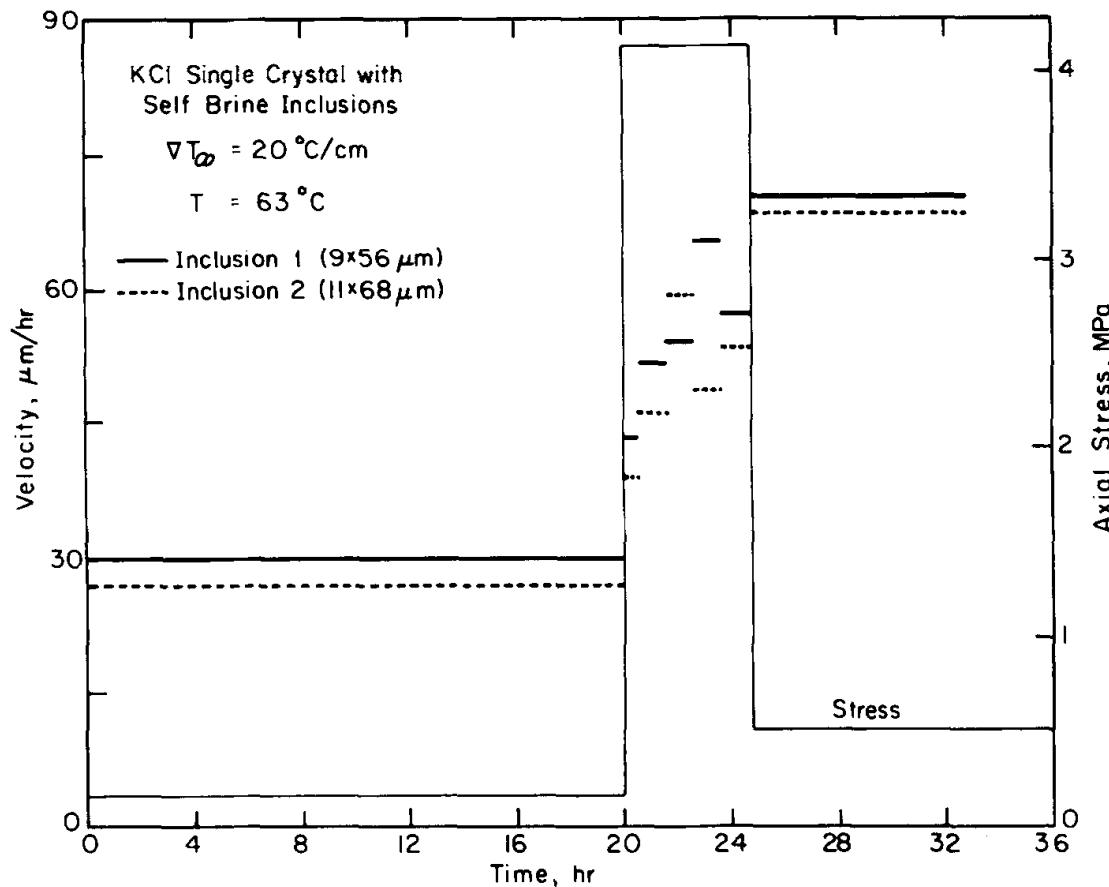
Anthony & Cline (1972)

Observations: Size dependence



Olander et al. (1982)

Observations: Effect of stress



Olander et al. (1982)

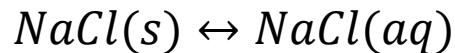
Fluid inclusion migration under a thermal gradient

Within Ω :

$$\frac{\partial m}{\partial t} = D \nabla^2 m$$

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} = \alpha$$

On Ω :



$$R_d = k(K_d - m)$$

$$K_d(T, \kappa) = K_d^0 e^{\frac{\Delta H_r}{RT} \left(\frac{T}{T_0} - 1 \right) - \frac{2\gamma V_m \kappa}{RT}}$$

$$-D \vec{\nabla} m \cdot \vec{n} = R_d$$

Curvature effect

Kinematics of Ω :

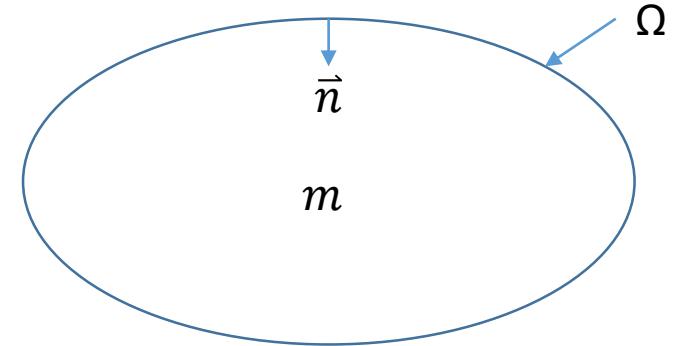
$$\Omega(x, y, z, t) = 0$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \Omega \cdot \vec{V} + \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial t} = 0$$

$$\vec{V} + V_0 \vec{t} = -V_m R_d \vec{n}$$

$$\vec{n} = -\frac{\vec{\nabla} \Omega}{|\vec{\nabla} \Omega|}$$

$$\kappa = -\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{n}$$

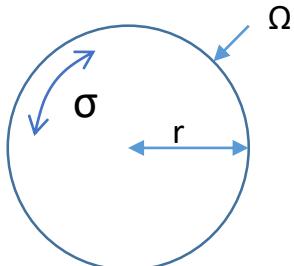


Questions:

- Steady state shape of a fluid inclusion?
- Morphological instability
- Dependence of inclusion movement on thermal gradient, size, solubility, etc.
- Effect on overall fluid movement

Moving boundary problem, level-set method for numerical solution

Model analysis

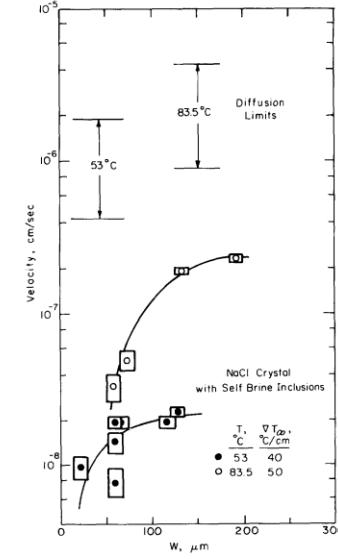
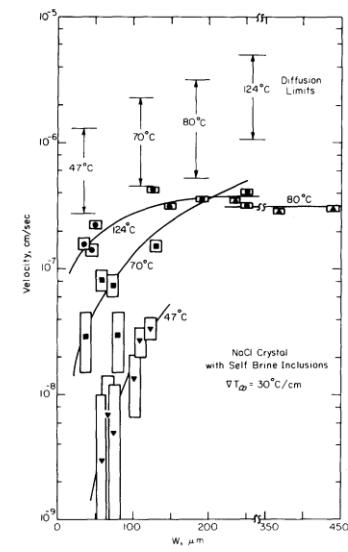
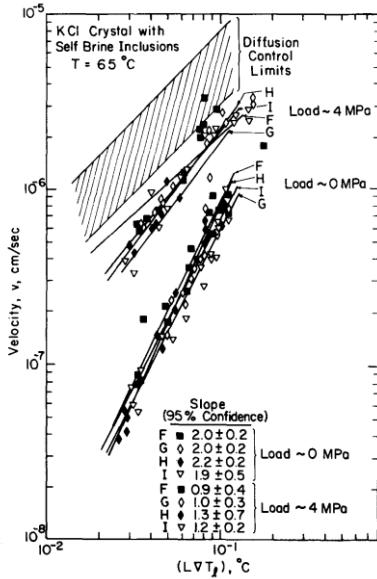


$$V_0 \approx \frac{V_m D K_d^0 \Delta H_r \alpha}{R T_0^2} e^{-\frac{2\gamma V_m}{R T_0 r}}$$

$$K_d^0 \propto e^{\frac{\Delta H_r}{R T_0} + \frac{\beta V_m \sigma^2}{R T_0}}$$

Wang (2017)

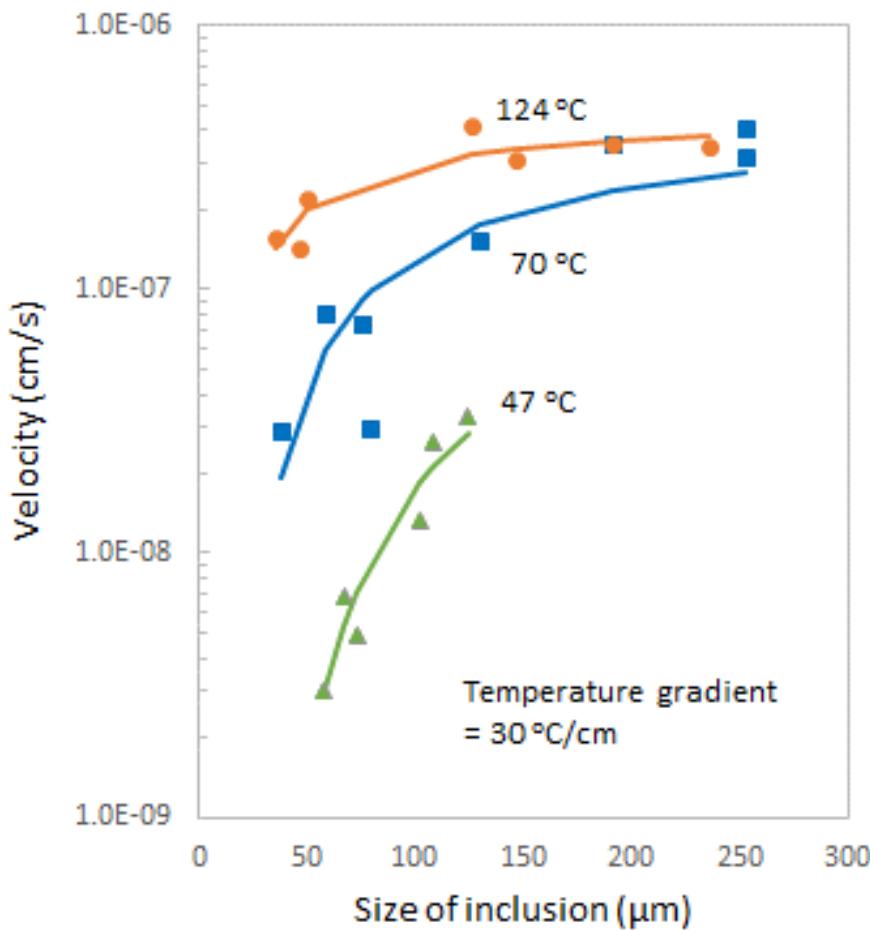
$$D \propto e^{\frac{\Delta E}{R T_0}}$$



Data from Olander et al. (1982)

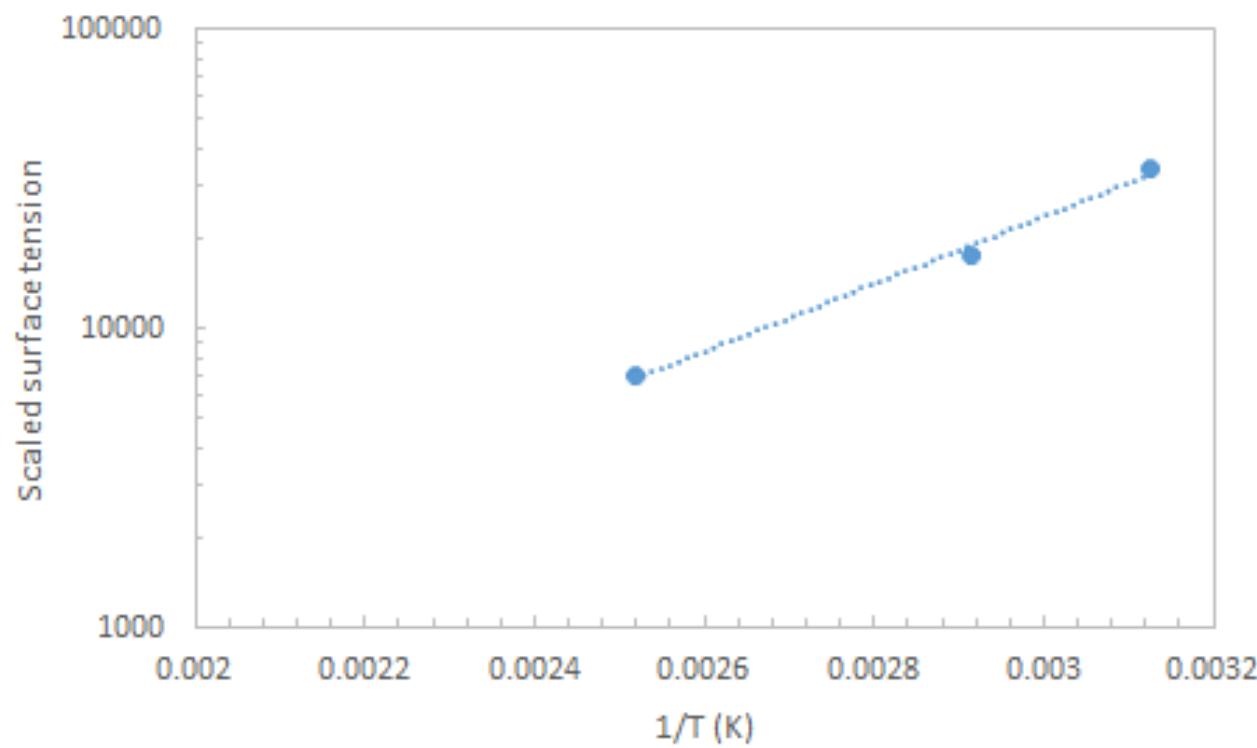
Model fitting

$$V_0 \approx \frac{V_m D K_d^0 \Delta H_r \alpha}{R T_0^2} e^{-\frac{2\gamma V_m}{R T_0 r}}$$

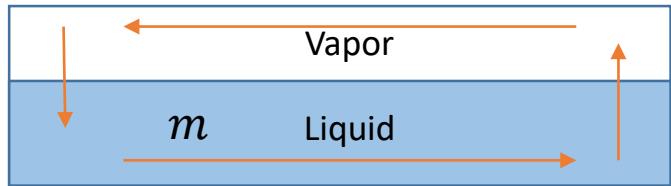


Data from Olander et al. (1982)

Model fitting (cont.)



Binary-phase inclusions



$$T_0 - \frac{\Delta T}{2} \quad T_0 \quad T_0 + \frac{\Delta T}{2}$$

$$\rho_v(T) = \rho_v^0 e^{\frac{\Delta H_r^w}{RT} \left(\frac{T}{T_0} - 1 \right)}$$

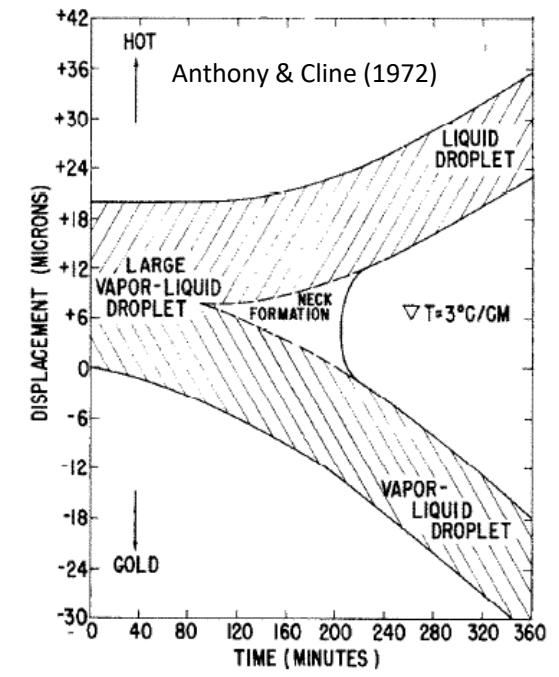
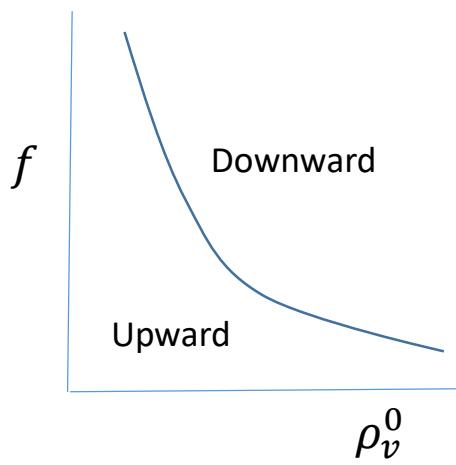
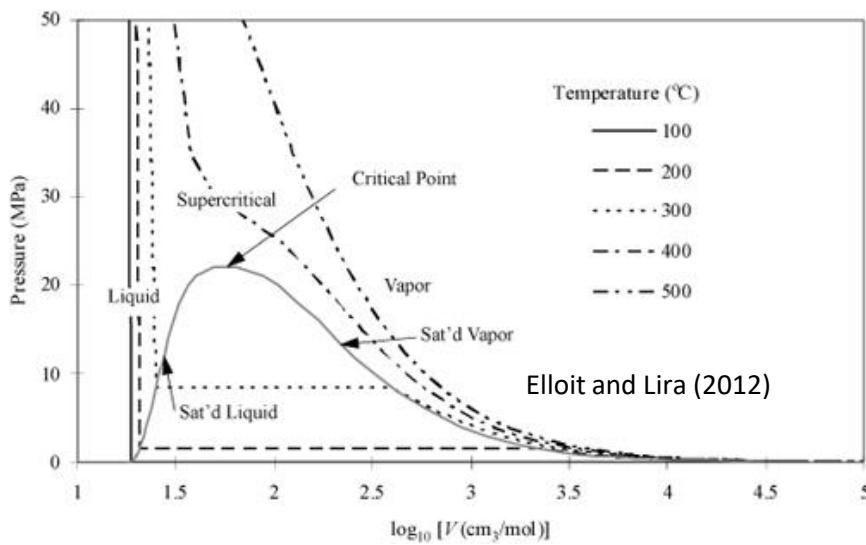
$$A_v D_v \frac{\partial \rho_v}{\partial x} = A_l V_l \rho_w$$

$$-D \frac{\partial M}{\partial x} + m V_l = 0$$

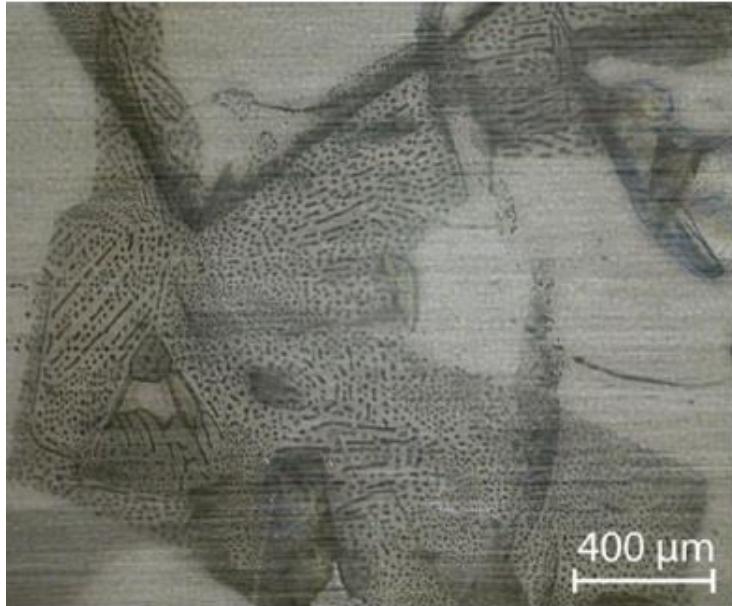
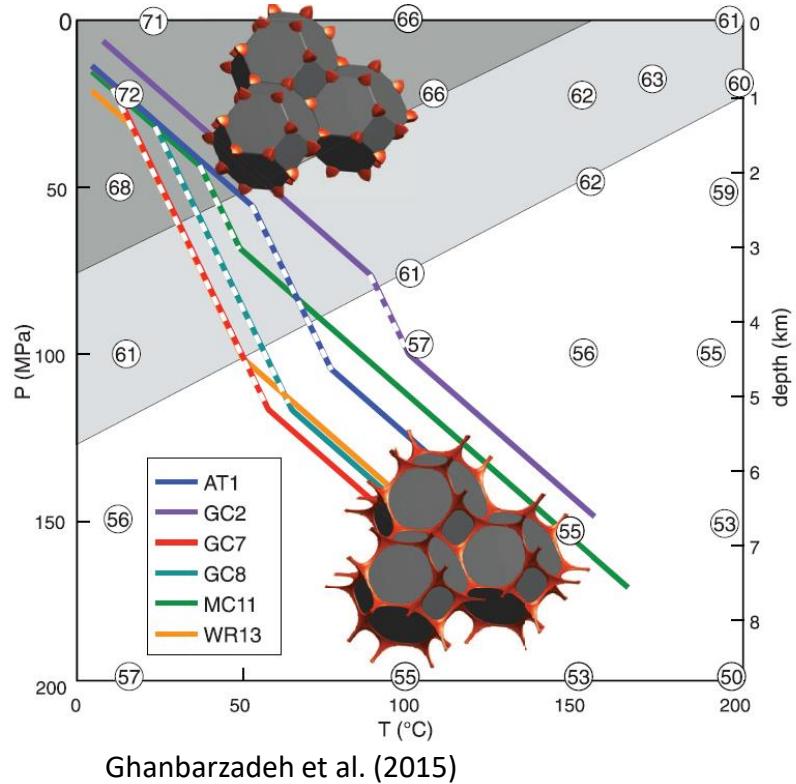
$$f = \frac{A_v}{A_l}$$

Bifurcation point:

$$f_c = \frac{D \Delta H_r \rho_w}{D_v \Delta H_r^w \rho_v^0(T_0)}$$

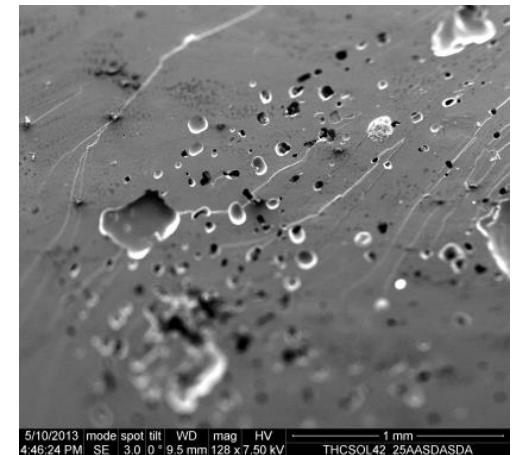


Work in progress



Thiemeyer et al. (2015)

- Morphological instability and channeling
- Effect of stress on dihedral angle and percolation threshold; implications to field scale fluid flows
- Mechanism for the presence of fluid inclusions along grain boundaries
- Effect of stress on dihedral angles



Caporuscio et al. (per. Comm.)

$$\theta = 2\cos^{-1}[\gamma_{ss}/(2\gamma_{sl})]$$

Schedule

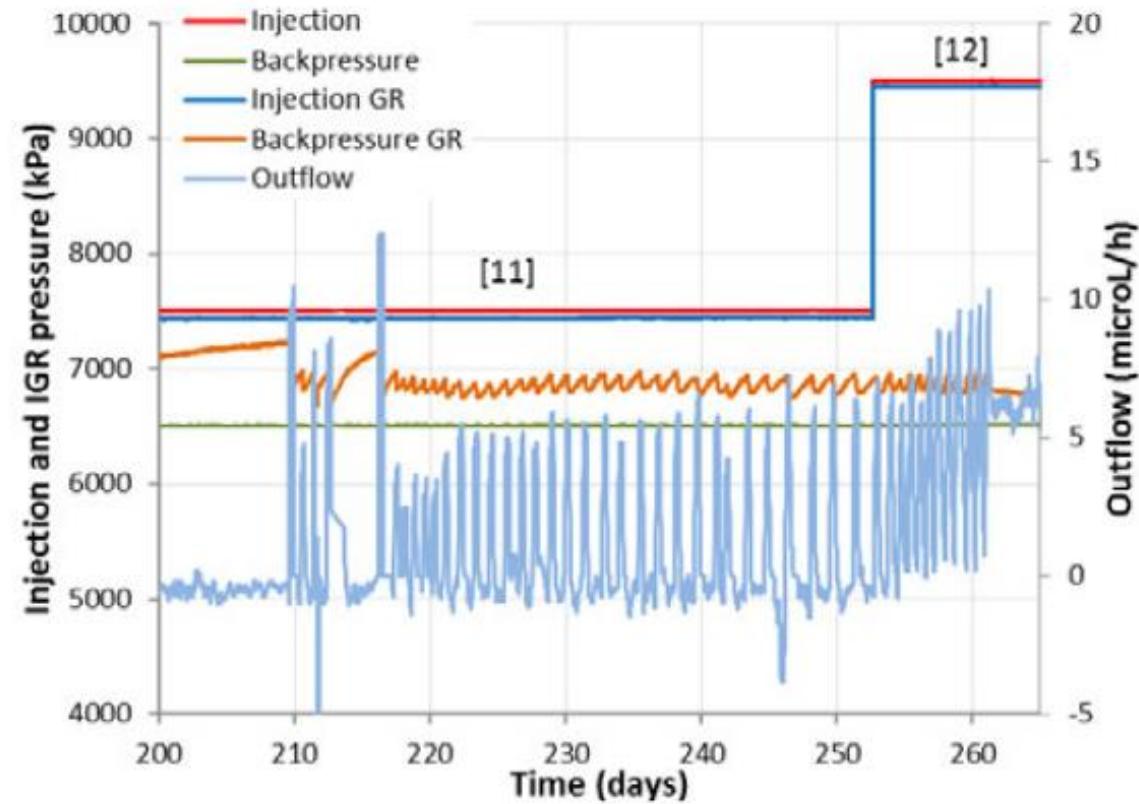
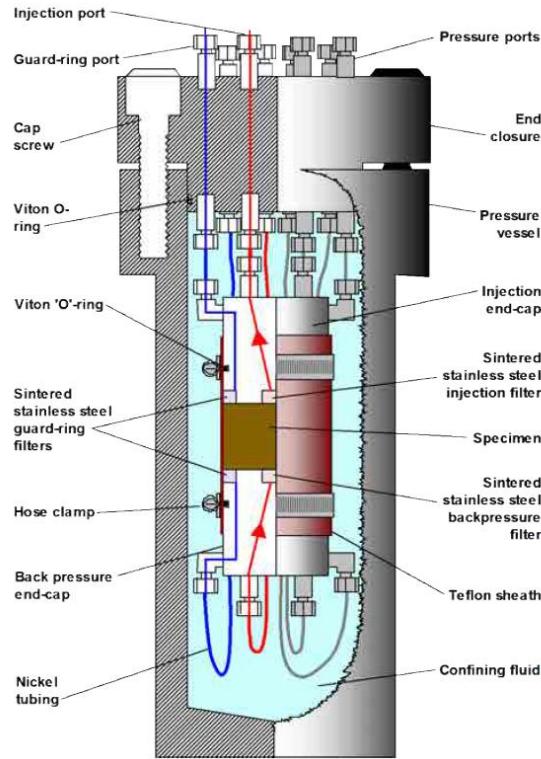
	1. year		2. year		3. year	
	1. workshop	2. workshop	3. workshop	4. workshop	5. workshop	6. workshop
WP - 1						
Literature recherche						
Process definition/description						
Conceptuel modeling						
WP - 2						
Upscaling study (microscale - macroscale)						
Mathematical formulation						
Programm developement						
WP - 3						
Modelling against observation						

TASK A: modElliNg Gas INjection ExpERiments (ENGINEER)

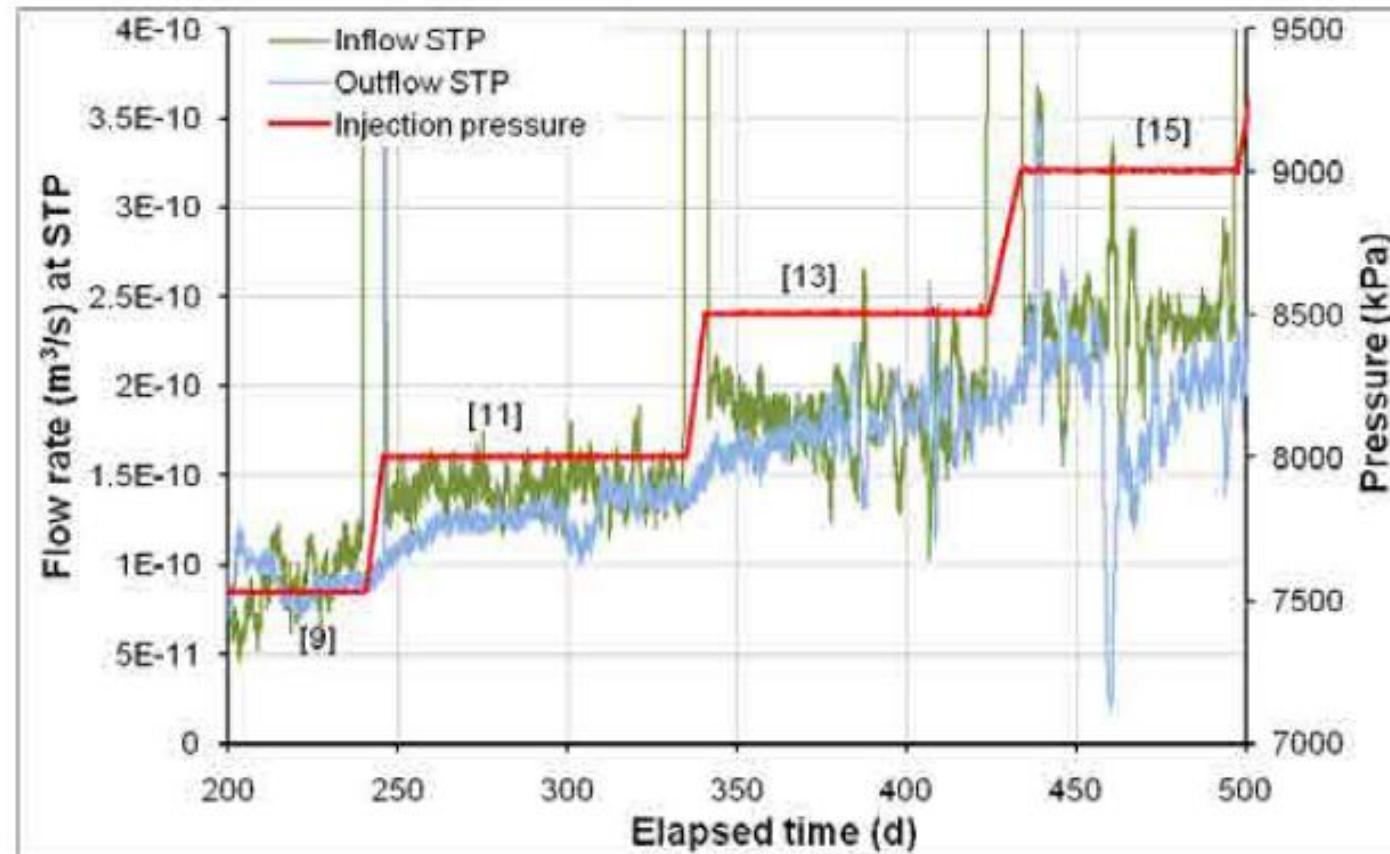
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SAND2017-4132PE

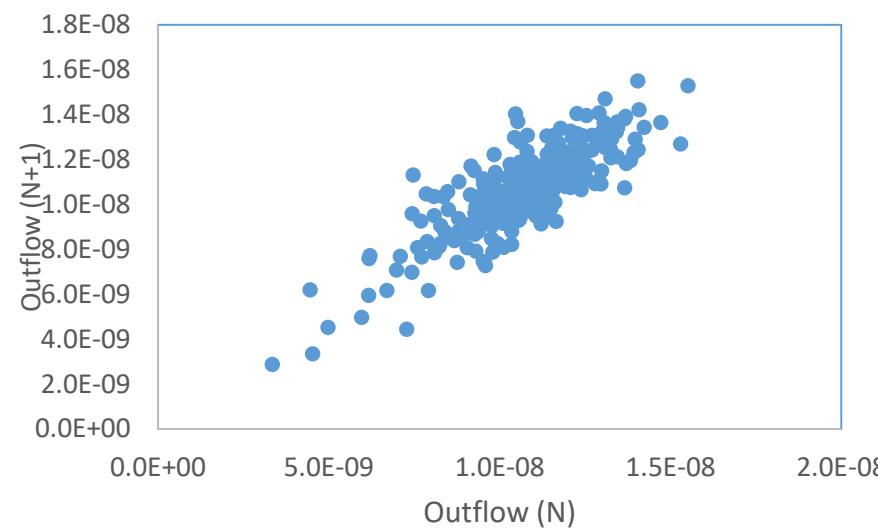
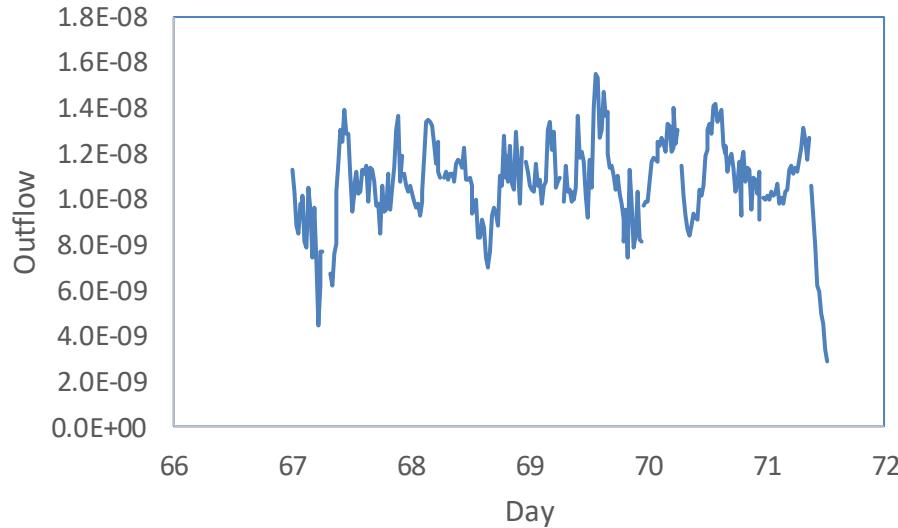
Dynamic behaviors of the system



Dynamic behaviors of the system (cont.)

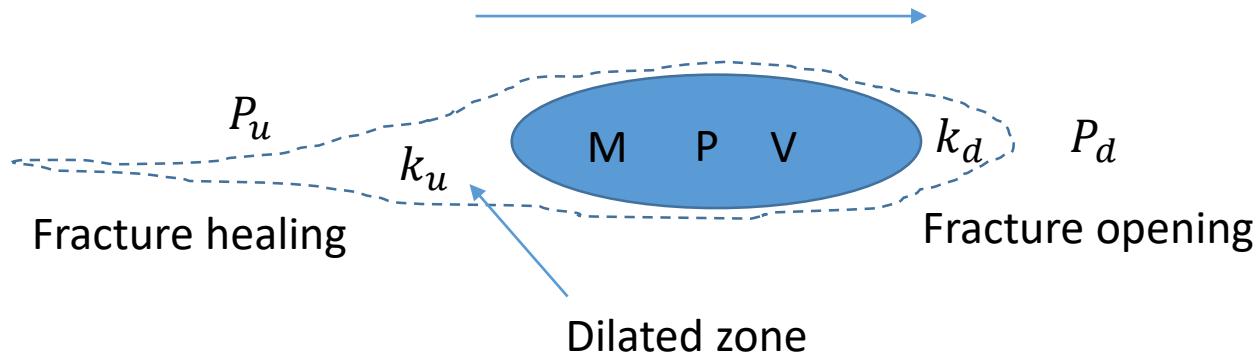


Time series analysis: Delay Coordinate embedding (DCE) method



- Differentiate from chaotic behaviors from random (white noise) variations.
- Provide an insight about the dimensionality of the systems (number of controlling variables).
- **Limitation: Require sampling at equal time steps.**
- **Original data (not averaged).**

Bubble migration under a pressure gradient



Continuous logistic equation

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = \lambda_1 P \left(1 - \frac{P}{K}\right)$$

$$\lambda_1 = \frac{(k_u^0 P_u + k_d^0 P_d) RT}{V} \quad \lambda_2 = \frac{(k_u^0 + k_d^0) RT}{V} \quad K = \frac{\lambda_1}{\lambda_2}$$

$$\frac{dM}{dt} = k_u(P_u - P) - k_d(P - P_d)$$

Delay logistic equation

$$k_u = k_u^0 P \quad k_d = k_d^0 P \quad M = \frac{PV}{RT}$$

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = \lambda_1 \left(1 - \frac{P}{K}\right) \int_{-\infty}^t G(t-s)p(s)ds$$

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = \lambda_1 \left(1 - \frac{P}{K}\right) \int_{-\infty}^t \alpha e^{-\alpha(t-s)}p(s)ds$$

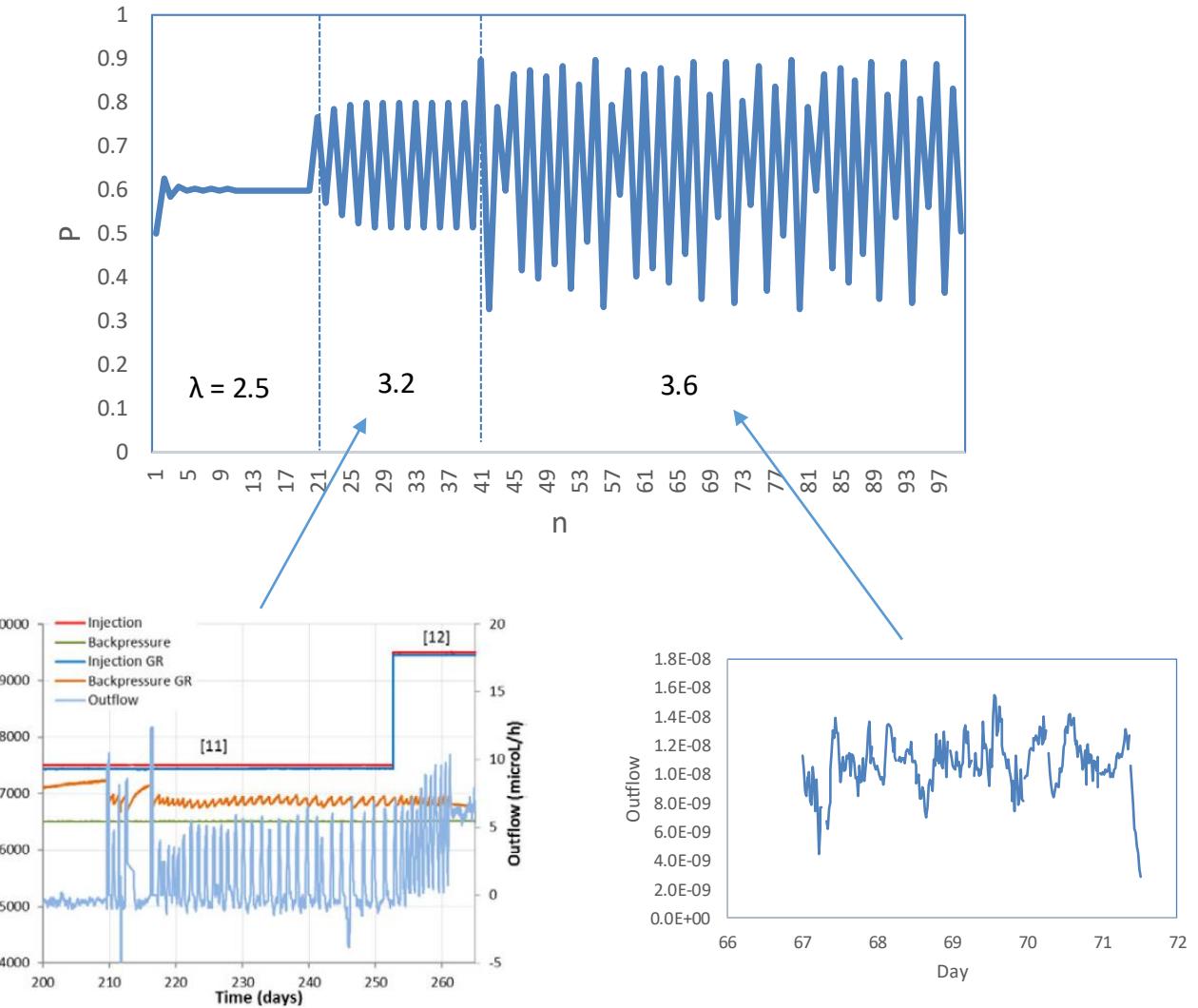
Logistic map: An illustration

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = \lambda_1 p \left(1 - \frac{P}{K}\right)$$

$$P_{n+1} = P_n + \lambda_1 P_n \left(1 - \frac{P}{K}\right) \Delta t$$

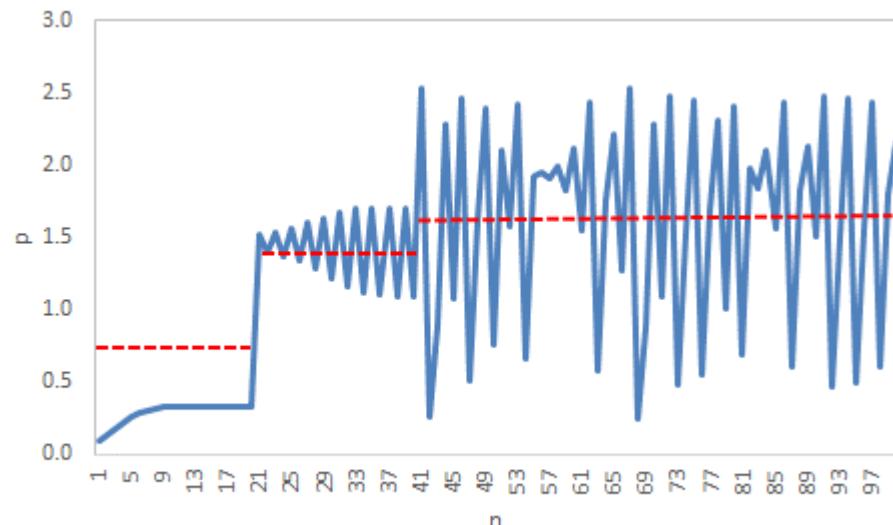
$$\lambda = 1 + \lambda_1 \Delta t$$

$$p_{n+1} = \lambda p_n (1 - p_n)$$

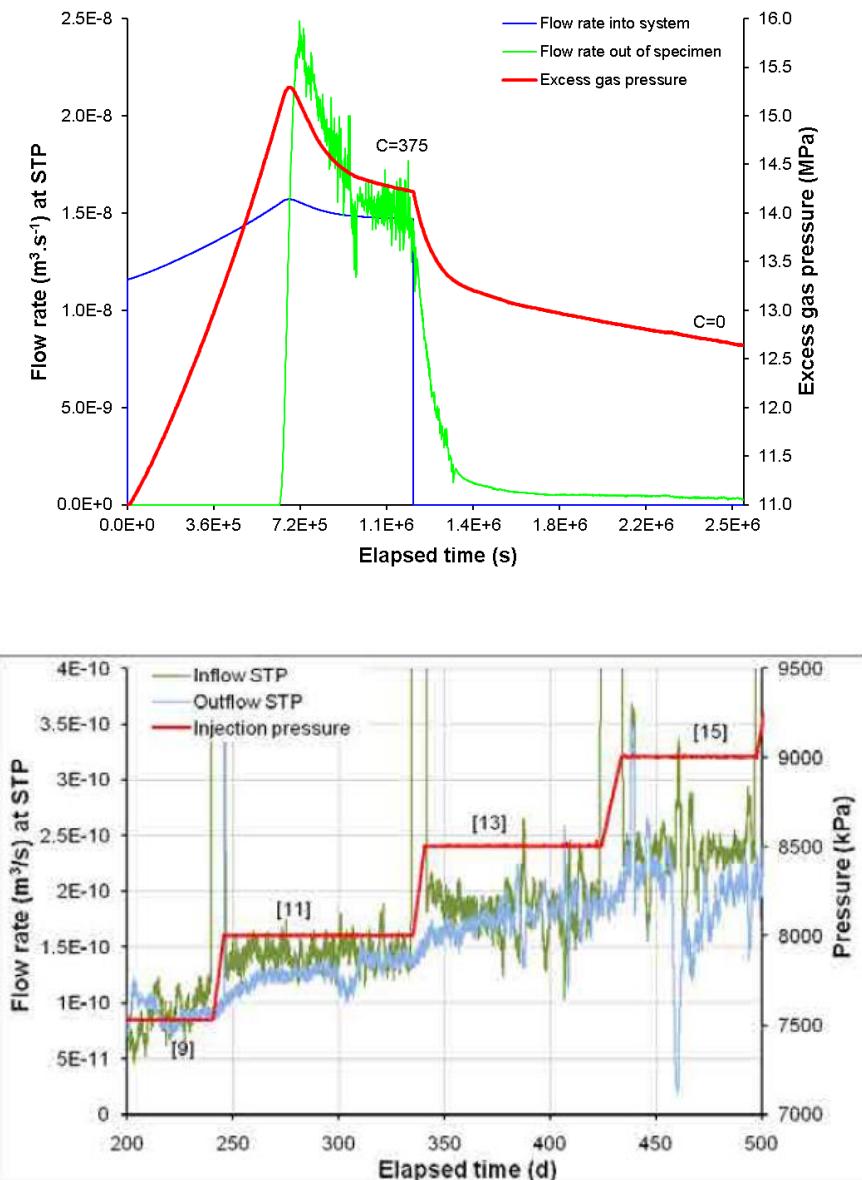


FORGE Report D4.17 (Harrington, 2013)

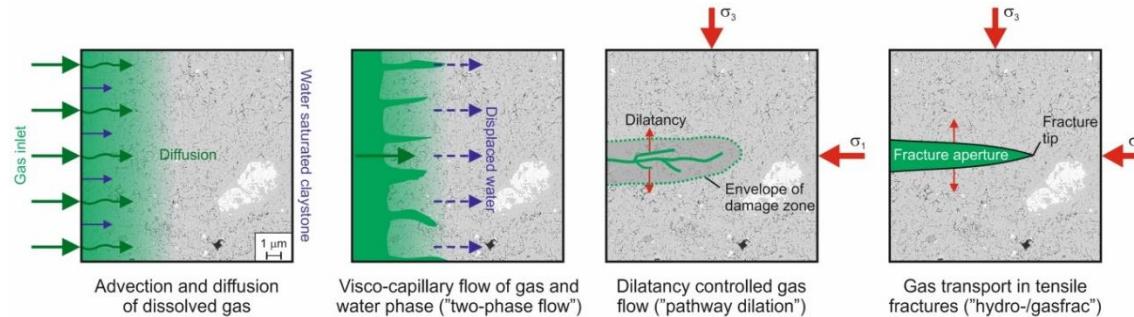
Qualitative comparison with experimental observations



Parameters λ and K are proportional to the injection pressure and the ability of material for local dilation.



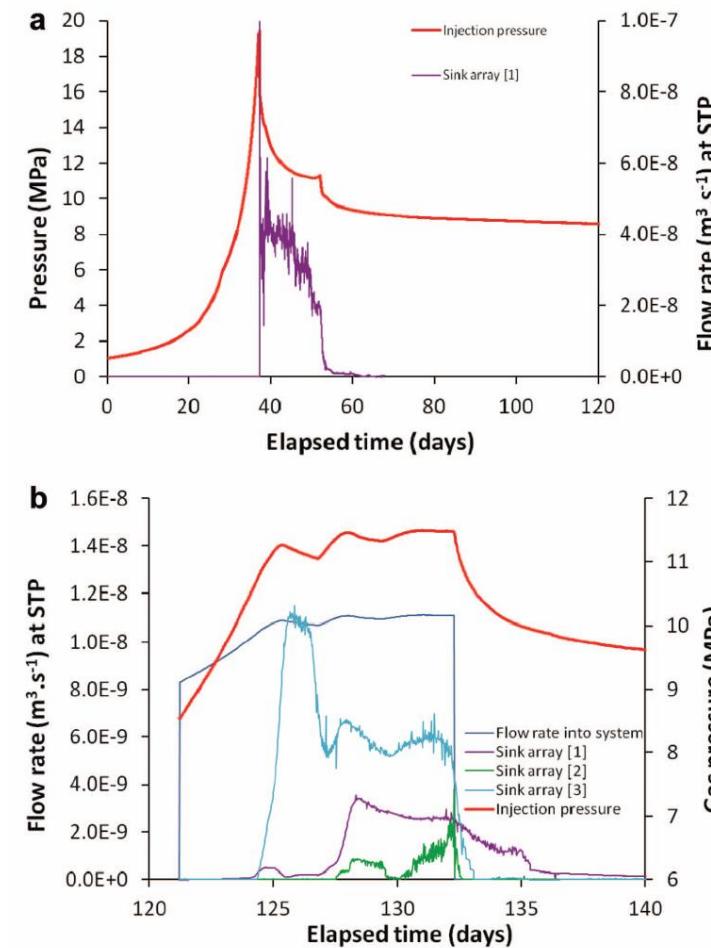
Infiltration instability: How many channels would develop within a given system?



Harrington & Tamayo (2016)

In clay-rich system considerable evidence exists suggesting gas flow is accompanied by the creation of preferential pathways and dilation of the clay

- Channeling of gas percolation front
- Instability of the movement of individual gas bubbles



Graham et al. (2012)

Linear instability analysis

Viscoelastoplastic model
(Yarushina et al, 2015)

$$\frac{\partial(1-\varphi)}{\partial t} + \nabla_j \left((1-\varphi) v_j^s \right) = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial t} + \nabla_j \left(\varphi v_j^f \right) = 0$$

$$\varphi(v_i^f - v_i^s) = -\frac{k}{\eta_f} (\nabla_i p^f + g \rho^f \hat{z}^i)$$

$$\nabla_j \bar{\sigma}_{ij} - g \bar{\rho} \hat{z}^i = 0.$$

$$p_e = -\eta_\varphi \dot{\varphi}$$

$$p_e = \bar{p} - p^f = (p^s - p^f)(1 - \varphi)$$

Not a simple coupling.
Additional terms need to be formulated.

+

Immiscible two-phase flow
(Riaz & Tchelepi, 2004)

$$\mathbf{u}_w = -\frac{k k_{r_w}}{\mu_w} (\nabla P_w + \rho_w \mathbf{g}),$$

$$\mathbf{u}_n = -\frac{k k_{r_n}}{\mu_n} (\nabla P_n + \rho_n \mathbf{g}),$$

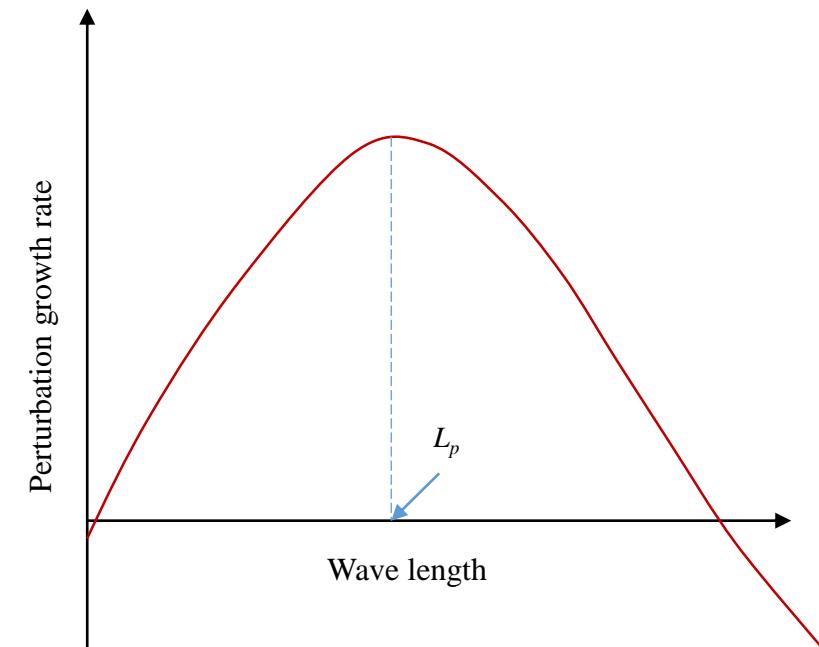
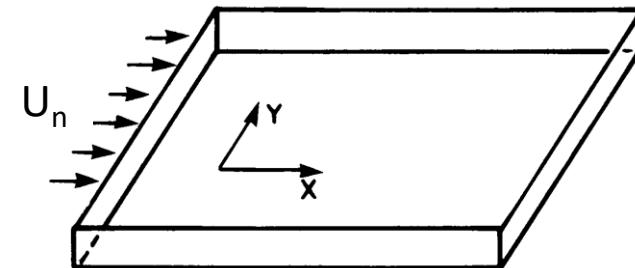
$$\frac{\partial S_w}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot \mathbf{u}_w = 0,$$

$$\frac{\partial S_n}{\partial t} - \nabla \cdot \mathbf{u}_n = 0,$$

$$\mathbf{u}_t = \mathbf{u}_w + \mathbf{u}_n,$$

$$P_c = P_n - P_w,$$

$$\frac{dP_c}{dS_w} = \sqrt{\frac{\phi}{k}} \gamma_{nw} \cos \theta,$$



Schedule

Next steps

- Complete the mathematical formulation and analysis for single bubble movement.
- Complete delay coordinate embedding (DCE) analysis.
- Complete the formulation for the channeling of a gas percolation front.
- Consider how to incorporate the instability analysis into a 2D or 3D continuum model.