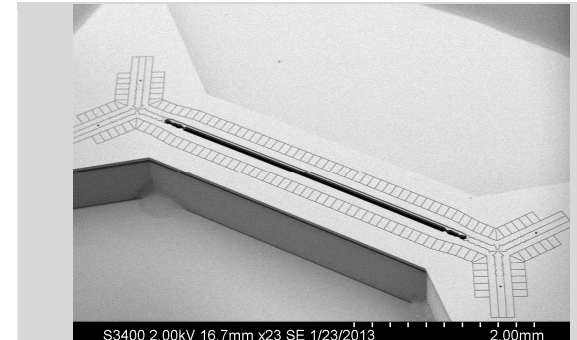
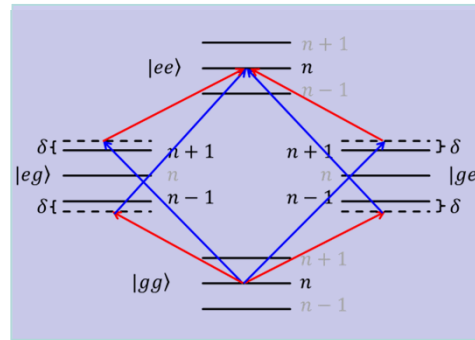
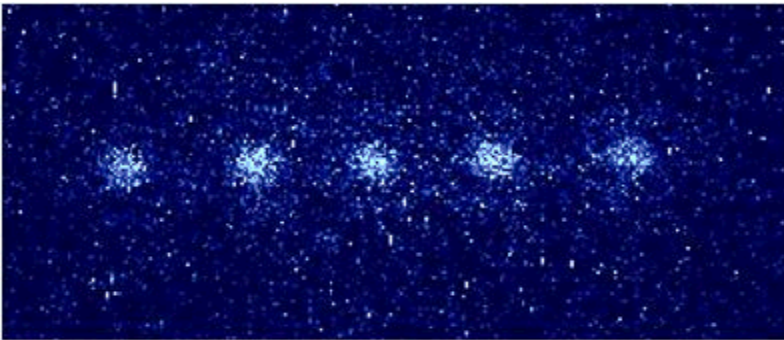


Exceptional service in the national interest



Quantum Information Processing in surface ion traps

Peter Maunz, Jonathan Mizrahi, Kenneth Rudinger,
Eric Nielsen, and Robin Blume-Kohout

February, 2015



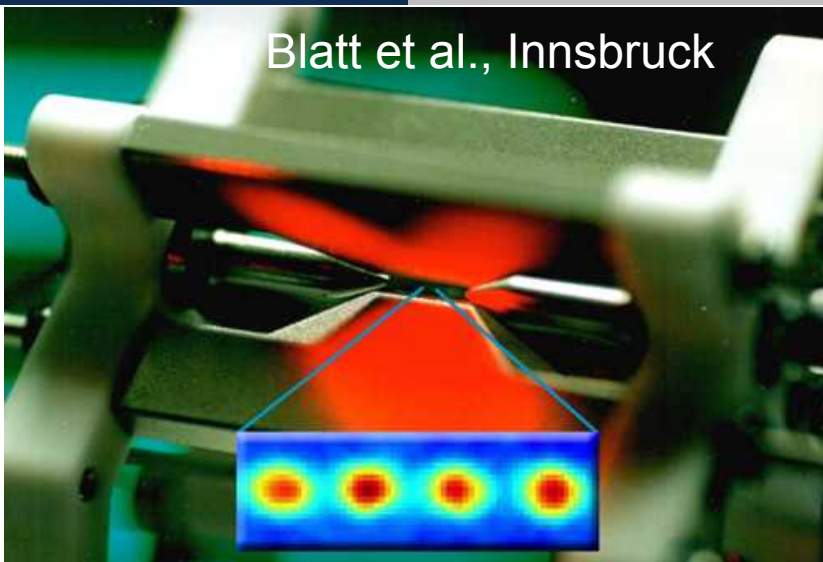
Sandia National Laboratories is a multi-program laboratory managed and operated by Sandia Corporation, a wholly owned subsidiary of Lockheed Martin Corporation, for the U.S. Department of Energy's National Nuclear Security Administration under contract DE-AC04-94AL85000.



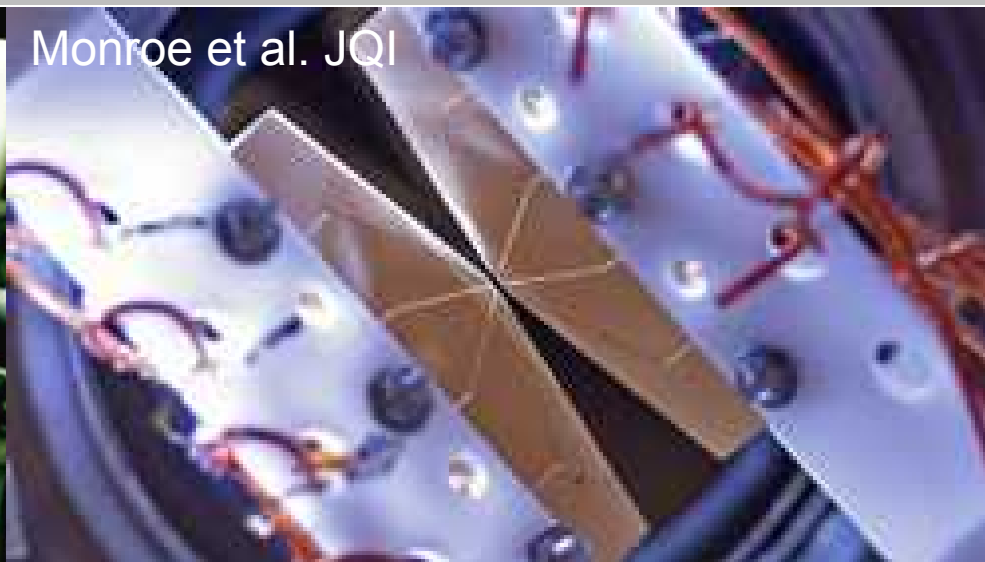
Sandia
National
Laboratories

Towards scalable ion traps

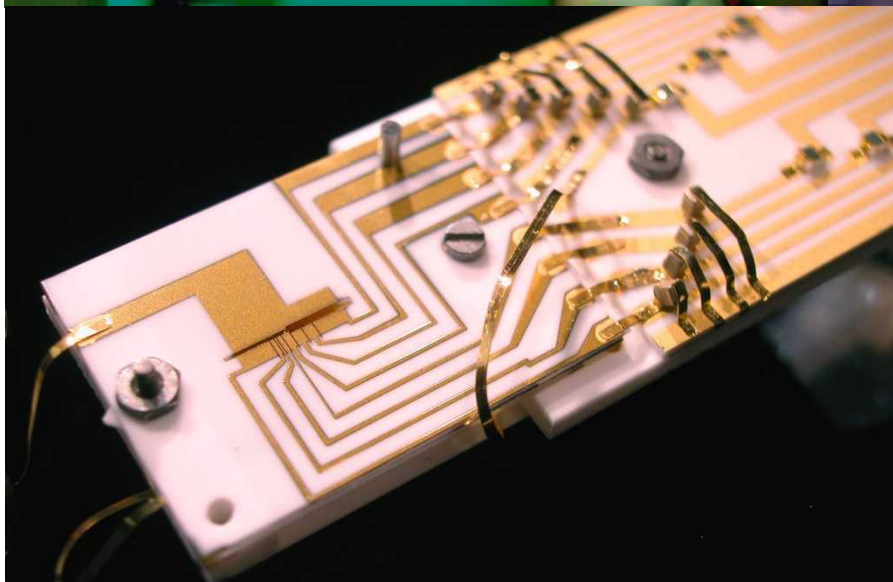
Blatt et al., Innsbruck



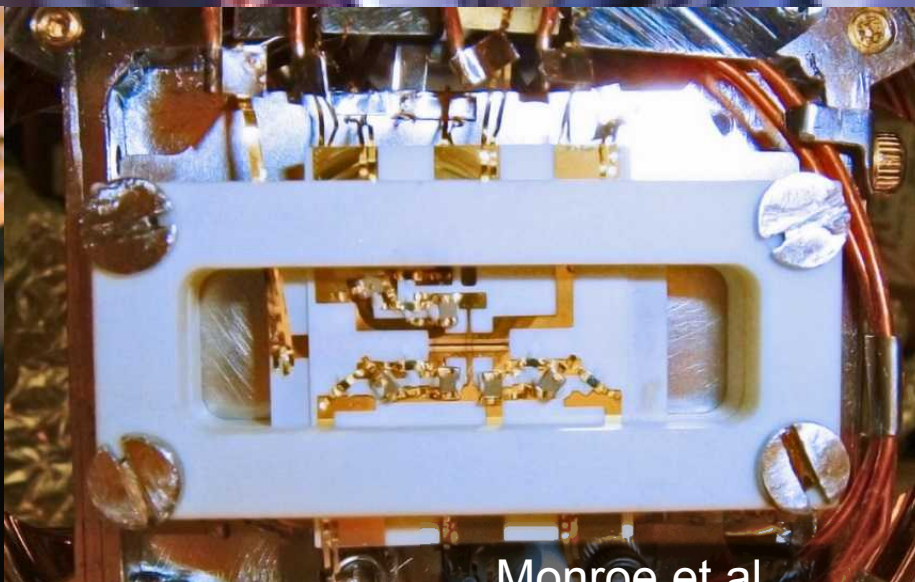
Monroe et al. JQI



Wineland et al. NIST Boulder



Monroe et al.
JQI



Micro-fabrication

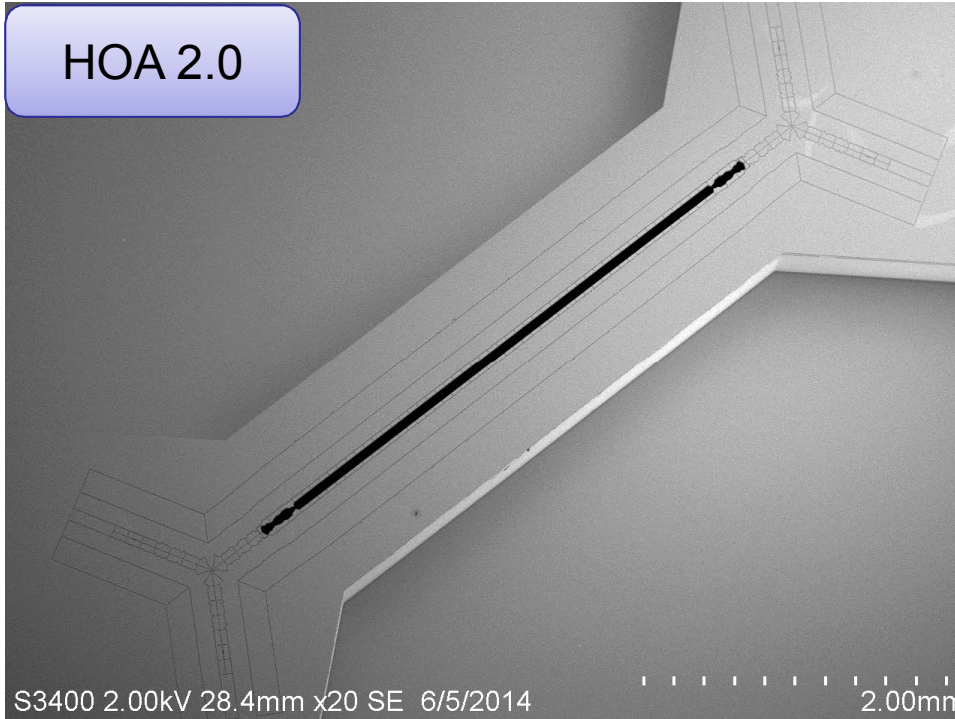
- Microfabrication enables scalable traps
- Optimize traps for Quantum information processing
- In realizing QIP we can learn and solve the challenges in small micro-fabricated traps



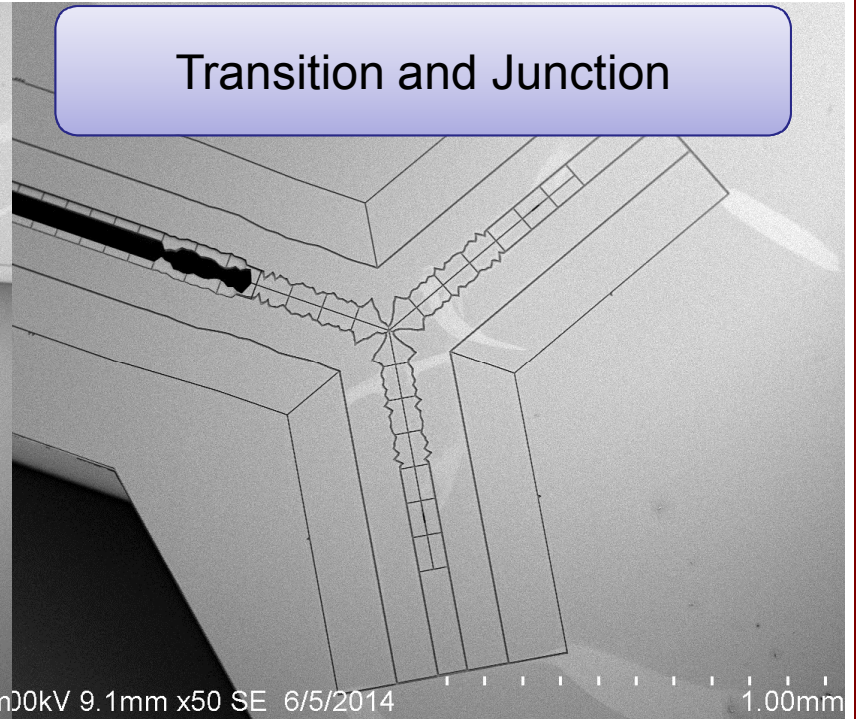
I A R P A

Trap details

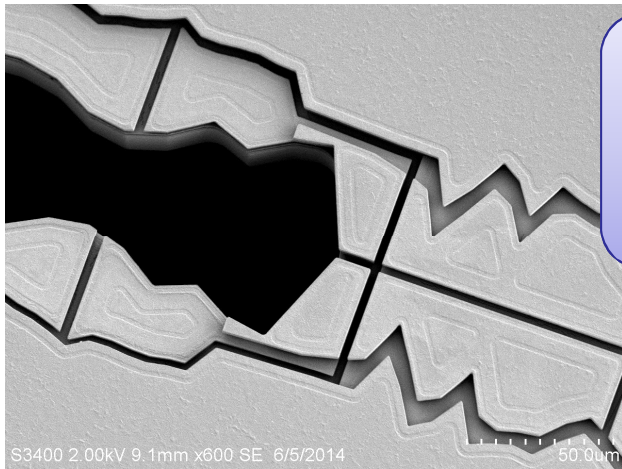
HOA 2.0



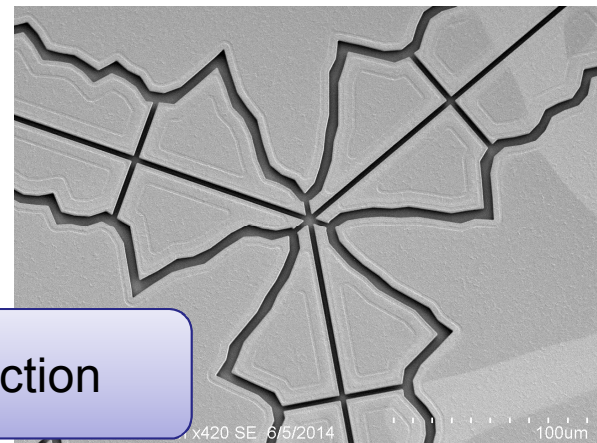
Transition and Junction



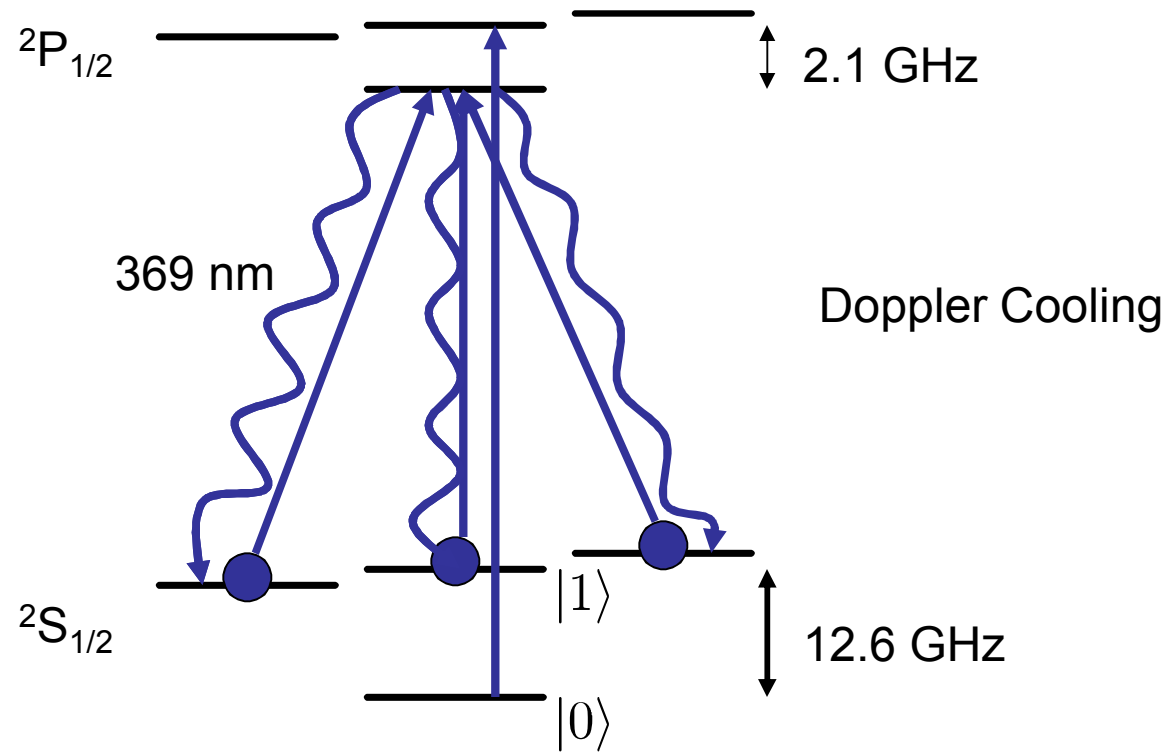
Vertical distance
12 μm



Junction



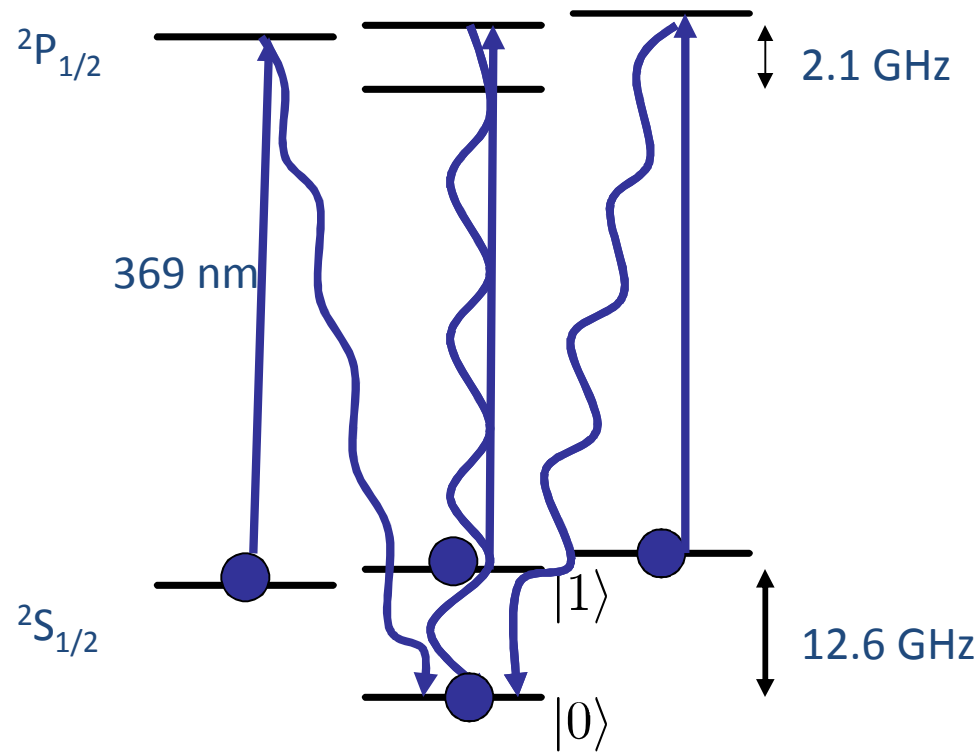
The Ytterbium Qubit



clock state qubit, magnetic field insensitive.

S. Olmschenk *et al.*, PRA **76**, 052314 (2007)

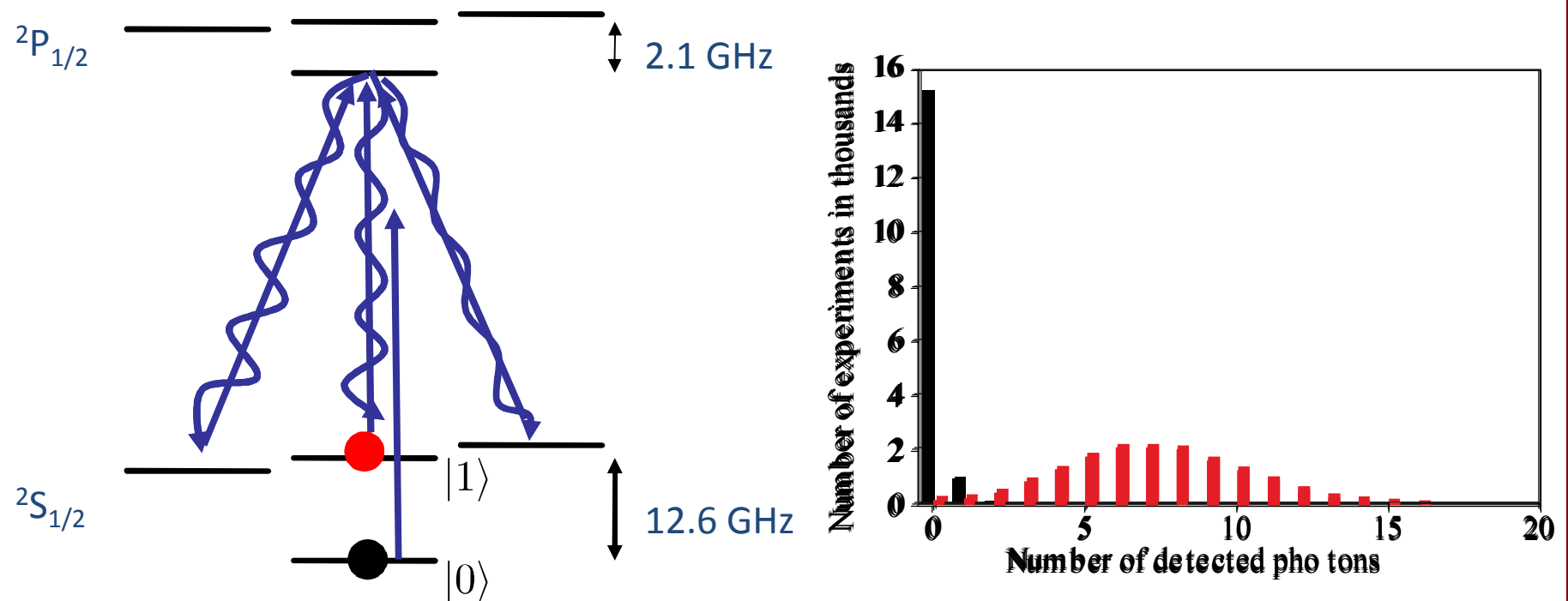
state initialization



clock state qubit, magnetic field insensitive.

S. Olmschenk *et al.*, PRA **76**, 052314 (2007)

$^{171}\text{Yb}^+$ state detection



S. Olmschenk *et al.*, PRA **76**, 052314 (2007)

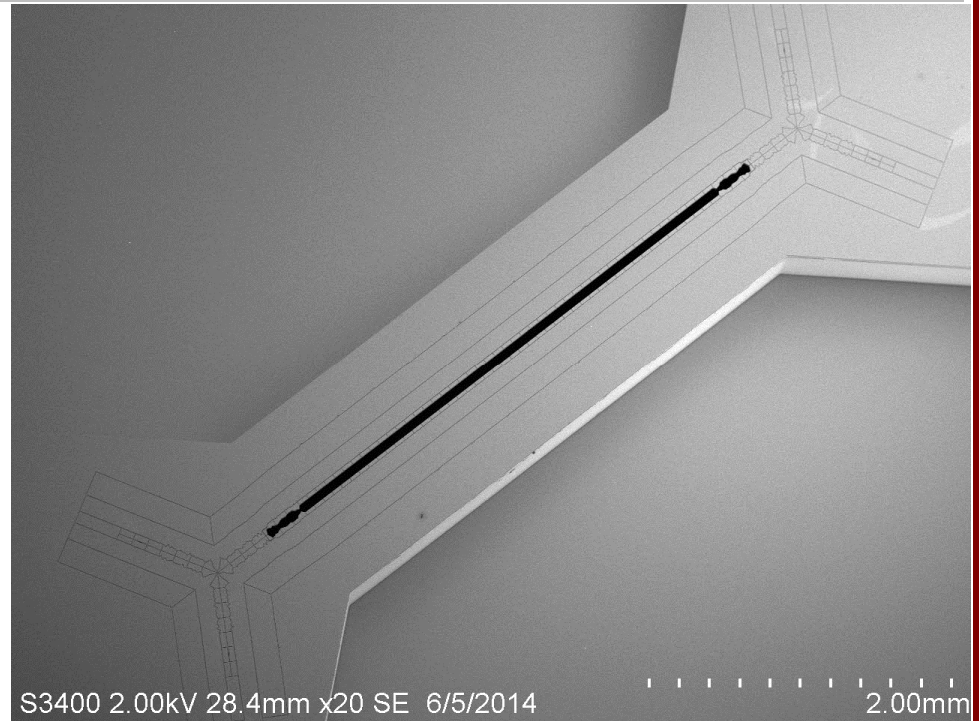
Trap characteristics

Trap frequencies:

- radial 2.7 MHz
- rf frequency used : 49 MHz
- stable for two ions

Trapping times:

- Single ion: Up to 74h observed
- Two ions: Up to 4h observed
- Without cooling: >5 minutes



Quantum process verification

- Quantum tomography

- Recipe

$$\langle\langle E_j | G_{\text{characterize}} | \rho_i \rangle\rangle$$

- In trapped ion system:

$$\langle\langle E_k | G_{\text{analyze}} G_{\text{characterize}} G_{\text{prepare}} | \rho \rangle\rangle$$

- Needs perfect gates to prepare and analyze
 - Result is process matrix

- Randomized benchmarking

- Folds the characterization of the process in a single number
 - Not very helpful for debugging
 - Only sensitive to some errors in second order

- Gate Set Tomography

- Developed by Robin Blume-Kohout et al at Sandia

Gate Set Tomography

Gate Set Tomography

$$\langle\langle E_k | \quad G_{\text{analyze}} \quad G_{\text{characterize}} \quad G_{\text{prepare}} \quad | \rho \rangle\rangle$$

Does not rely on perfect gates, operation of gates is extracted from their operation

$$\langle\langle E_k | F_i G_l^{2^n} F_j | \rho \rangle\rangle$$

F_i Fiducials to rotated in all bases

$G_l^{2^n}$ Germ set designed to linearly amplify all possible errors

- Delivers detailed debugging information
- Consistency checks of the approximation



GST: results

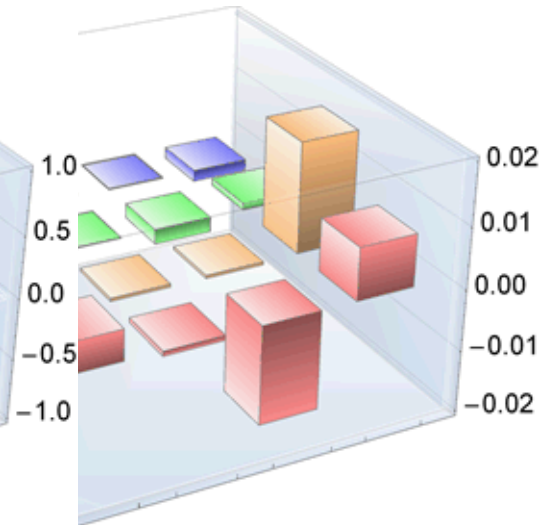
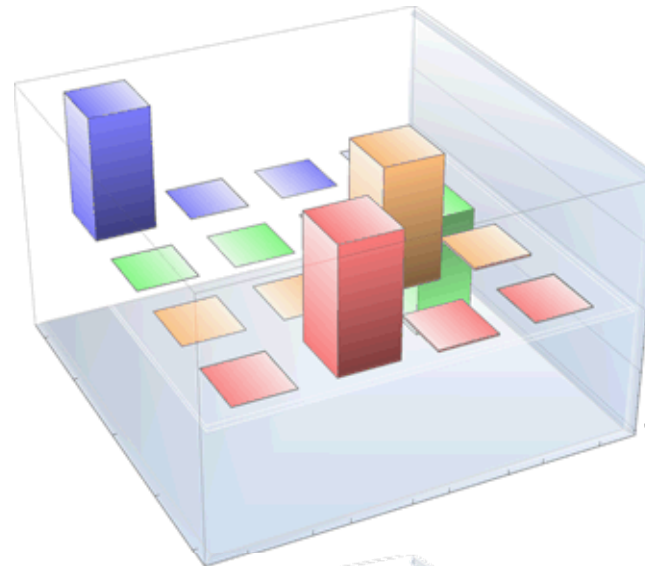
	ML estimate (long dataset)	Target gates
ρ	$\begin{pmatrix} 0.0092 & -0.0017 + 0.0088i \\ h.c. & 0.9908 \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$
E	$\begin{pmatrix} 0.988 & 0.0019 + 0.0089i \\ h.c. & 0.012 \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$
G_1	$\begin{pmatrix} 1.0001 & -0 & 0.0003 & 0.0001 \\ 0.0001 & 0.9994 & -0.0003 & -0 \\ -0.0001 & 0.0006 & 0.999 & -0.0003 \\ -0 & -0.0001 & 0.0002 & 0.9998 \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$
G_2	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -0.0001 & -0.0045 & -0.0005 \\ 0 & 0.9994 & -0.006 & -0.0018 \\ -0.005 & -0.0112 & -0.0064 & -0.9991 \\ 0.0006 & 0.0063 & 0.9993 & 0.0143 \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$
G_3	$\begin{pmatrix} 1.0001 & 0.0033 & 0.0001 & 0.0049 \\ 0.0033 & -0.0001 & -0.0005 & 0.9992 \\ -0.0002 & -0.0024 & 0.9995 & -0.0161 \\ -0.0019 & -0.9989 & 0.0179 & 0.0085 \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$
G_4	$\begin{pmatrix} 1.0001 & -0 & 0.0062 & 0.0028 \\ -0 & 0.9997 & 0.0127 & 0.0022 \\ 0.0066 & 0.0164 & -0.9976 & 0.0065 \\ -0.004 & -0.0004 & -0.0066 & -0.9981 \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$

Gate Errors

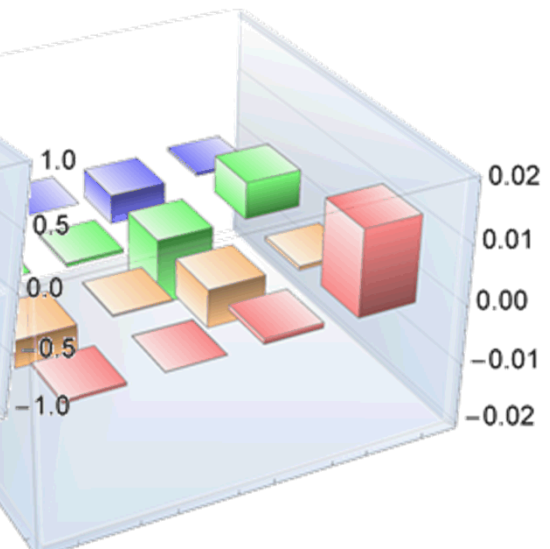
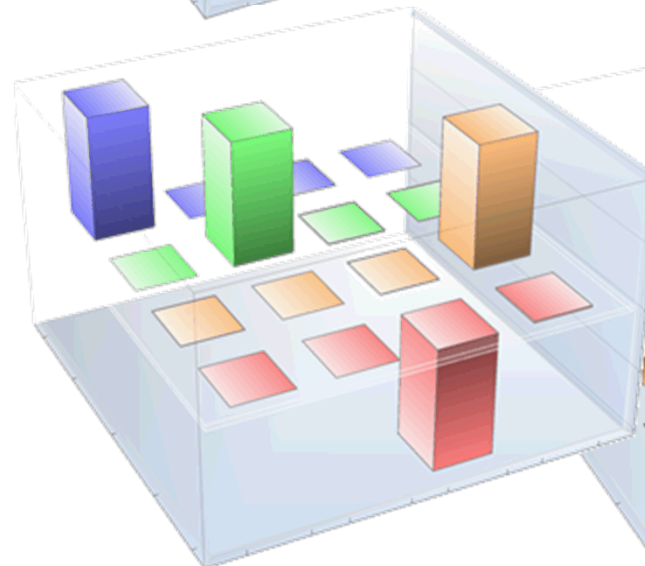
Density Matrix estimations

Residuals

G_3
 $R_y(\pi/2)$

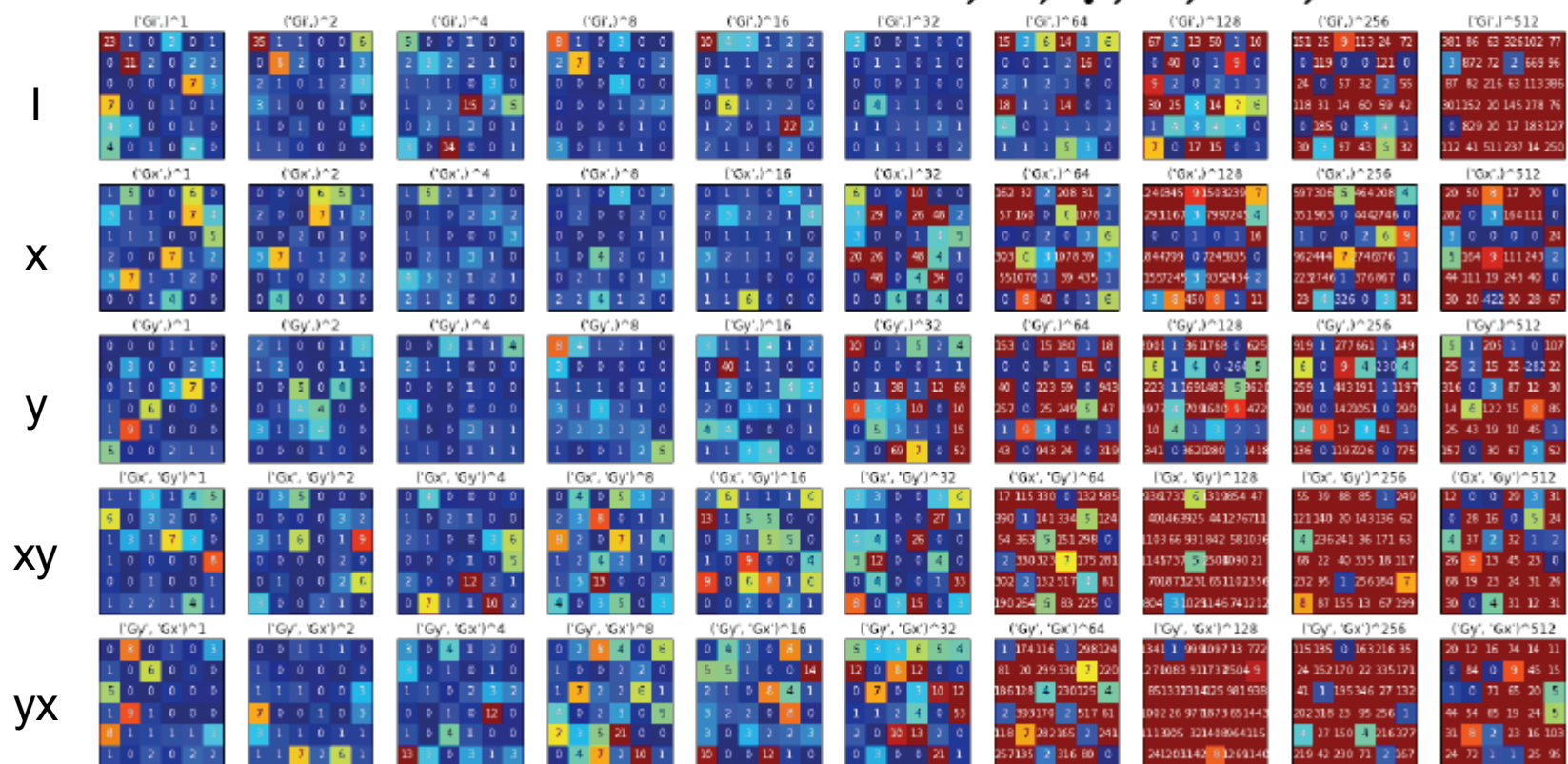


G_2
 $R_x(\pi/2)$



GST: non-Markovian noise

Hierarchical χ^2
for best fit to $L=1,2,4,8,16,32$

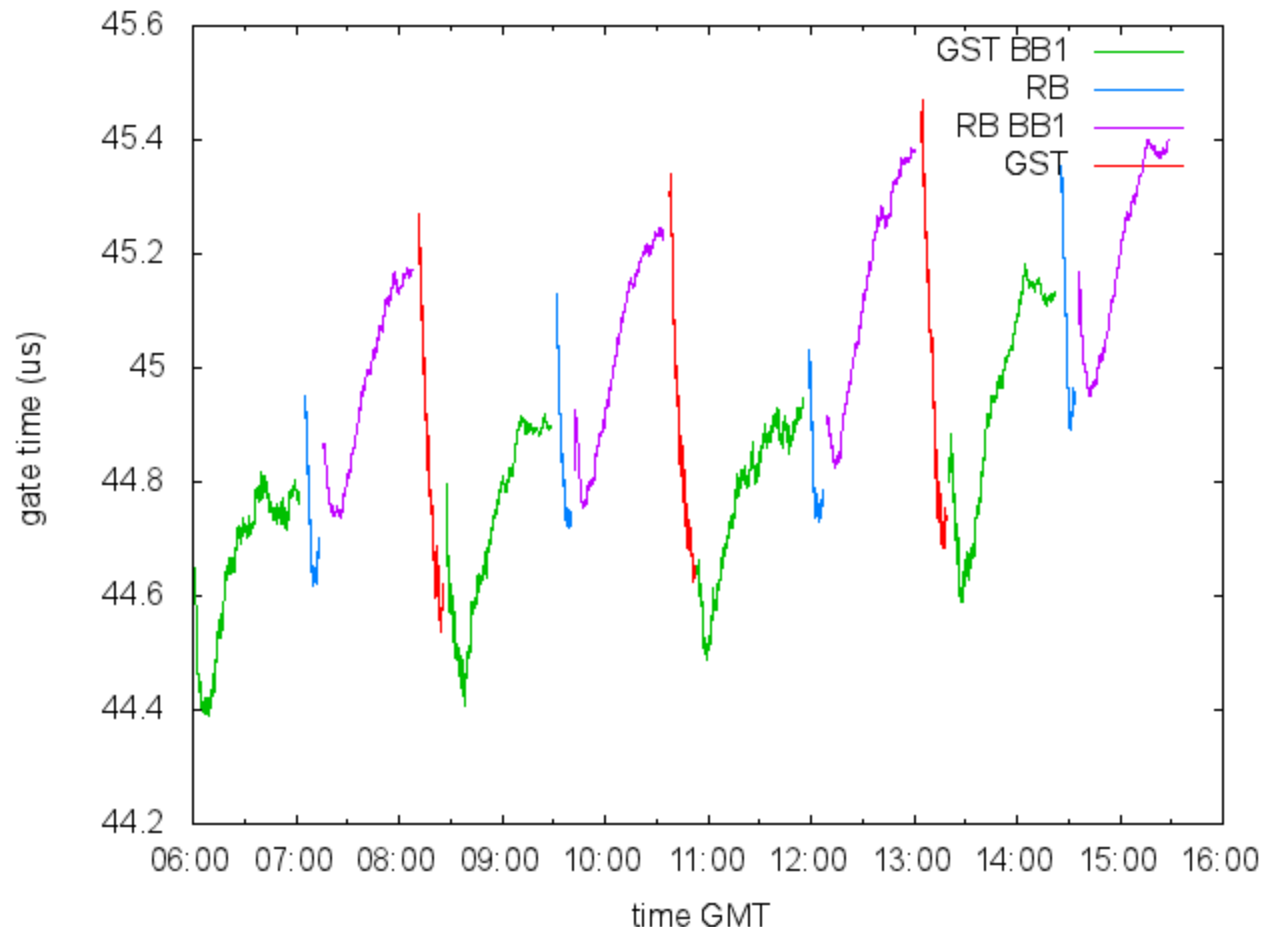


Hierarchical χ^2 for $L = 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256, 512$

Drift control

- Improved the system: temperature stabilization, elimination of components from microwave system
- Microwave π -times are measured independently and concurrently
- Feedback (locking) scheme adjusts π -times dynamically

Measured $\pi/2$ -times



Drift control algorithm

GateTimeIntegrator = GateTime << 5



GST sequence

Prepare dark state

Apply 21 GateTime microwave pulse

State detection result = 1 if bright else 0

GateTimeIntegrator -= result

GateTime = GateTimeIntegrator >> 5

Comparison to target gates

Gate	Process Infidelity	Trace Dist.	Frobenius Dist.	Error Generator
Gi	0.000226	0.007575	0.002768	$\begin{pmatrix} -4 \times 10^{-5} & 0.0001 & -0.0001 & -2 \times 10^{-5} \\ 1 \times 10^{-6} & -0.0003 & -0.0002 & -0.0052 \\ -2 \times 10^{-5} & 0.0001 & -0.0001 & -5 \times 10^{-5} \\ 1 \times 10^{-5} & 0.0055 & 4 \times 10^{-5} & -0.0005 \end{pmatrix}$
Gx	0.00005	0.00692	0.00247	$\begin{pmatrix} -4 \times 10^{-5} & -1 \times 10^{-5} & 0.002 & -0.0013 \\ -2 \times 10^{-5} & -0.0001 & -0.0009 & 0.0007 \\ 0.002 & 0.0008 & -4 \times 10^{-5} & -0.0041 \\ -0.0013 & -0.0009 & 0.0041 & -0.0001 \end{pmatrix}$
Gy	0.000113	0.007158	0.002555	$\begin{pmatrix} -0.0001 & -0.0009 & 1 \times 10^{-5} & -0.0025 \\ -0.0009 & -0.0001 & -0.0003 & 0.0043 \\ -7 \times 10^{-6} & 0.0004 & -0.0001 & 0.0003 \\ -0.0025 & -0.0043 & -0.0004 & -0.0001 \end{pmatrix}$

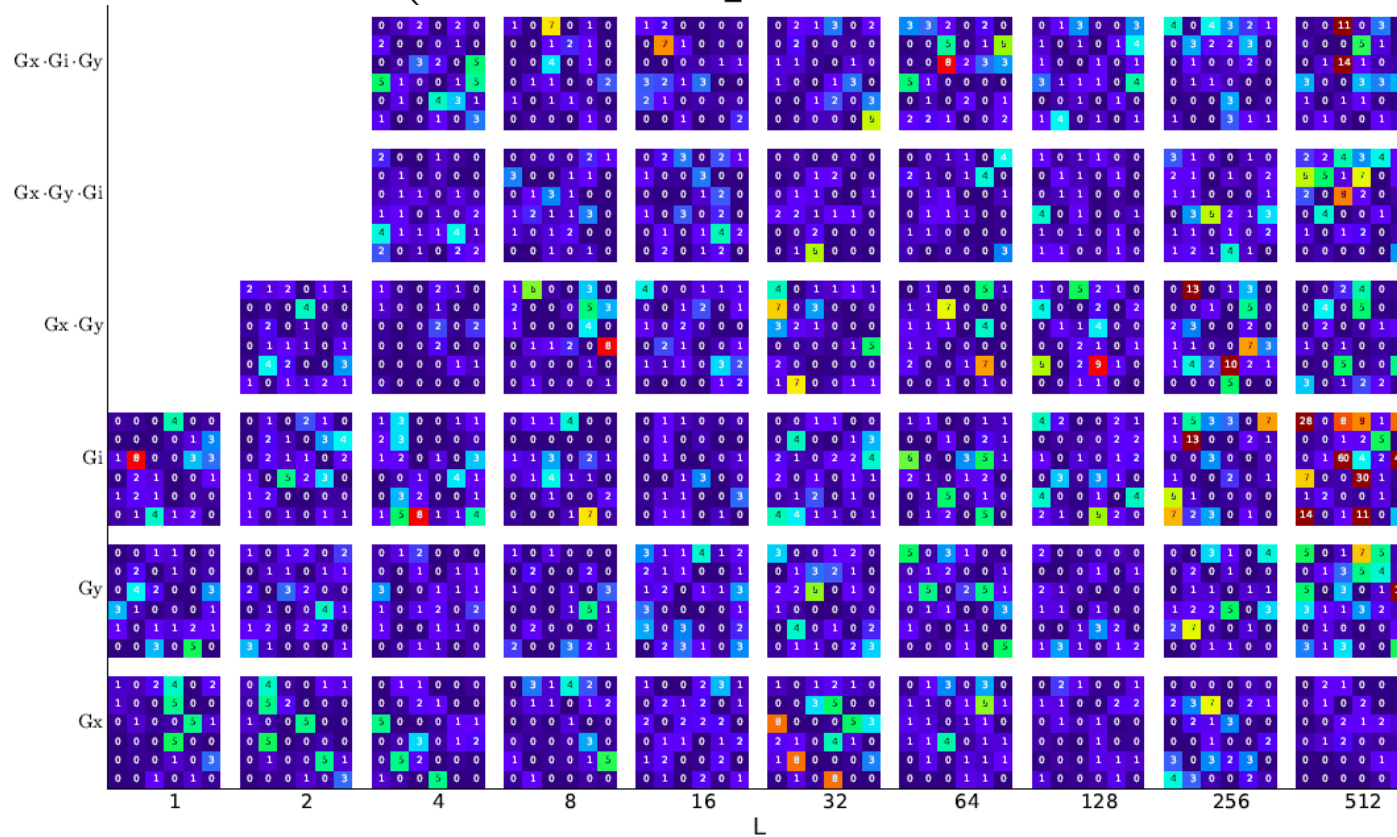
Worst case process infidelity: 2×10^{-4}

Gate analysis

Gate	Eigenvalues	Fixed pt	Rotn. axis	Angle	Diag. decay	Off-diag. decay
Gi	1 0.9999 $0.9996e^{i0.0}$ $0.9996e^{-i0.0}$	0.9775 0.0004 -0.2107 0.0063	0.5252 -0.009 0.8506 -0.0244	0.001699 π	0.000121	0.000365
Gx	$1e^{i1.6}$ $1e^{-i1.6}$ 1 0.9999	1 0 -0.0003 0.0017	-3×10^{-6} -1 -3×10^{-5} -0.0009	0.501308 π	0	0.000046
Gy	$0.9999e^{i1.6}$ $0.9999e^{-i1.6}$ 0.9999 0.9999	-0.9896 0.0008 0.1437 -0.0016	-0.2474 0.0001 0.9689 -0.0001	0.501366 π	0.000109	0.000136

non-Markovian noise after optimization

χ^2 of GST fit (BB1 compensated microwave gates)



- Same color scale as before
- Very good results for the BB1 compensated gates Gx and Gy

There is a qubit in the box!

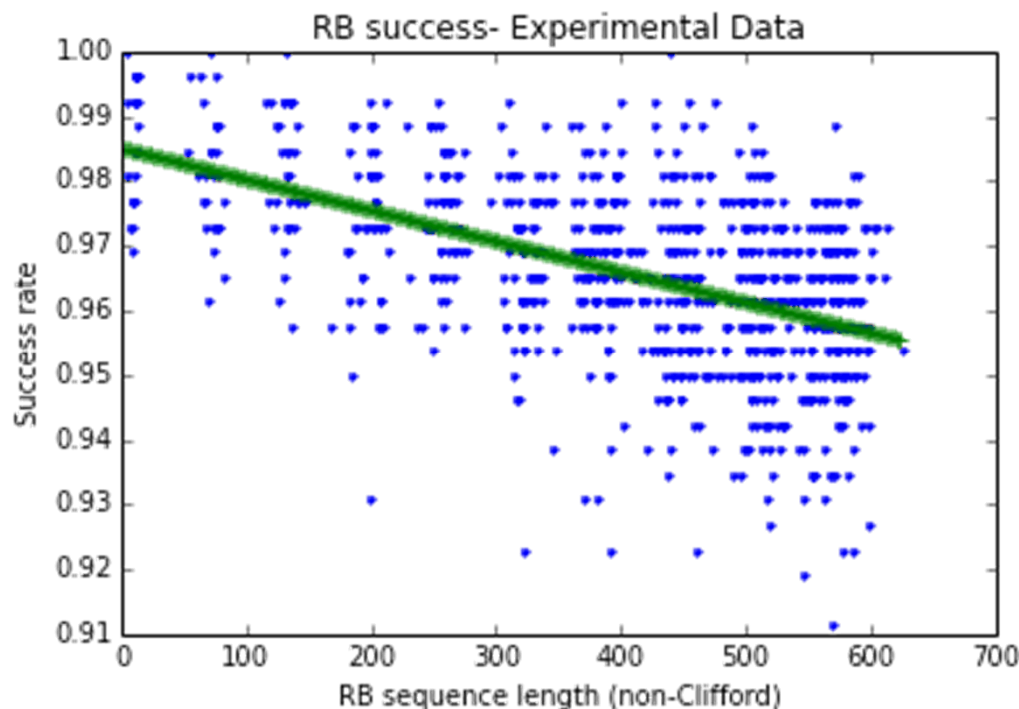
Randomized benchmarking and GST

Randomized Benchmarking:

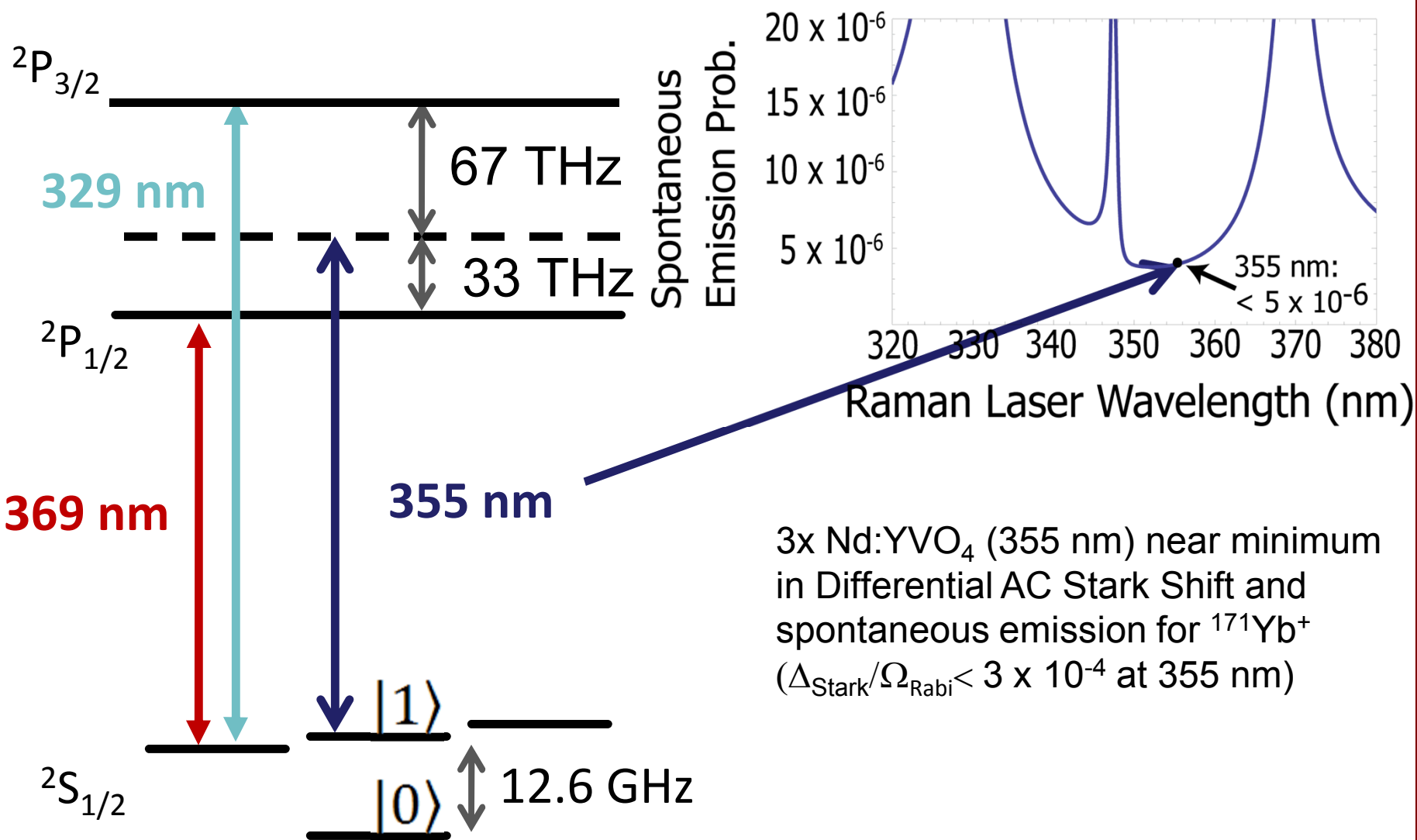
- Average infidelity per gate 4.9×10^{-5}
- GST worst case gate infidelity 2×10^{-4}

Randomized benchmarking:
Less sensitive to certain errors

Randomized benchmarking
Experimental

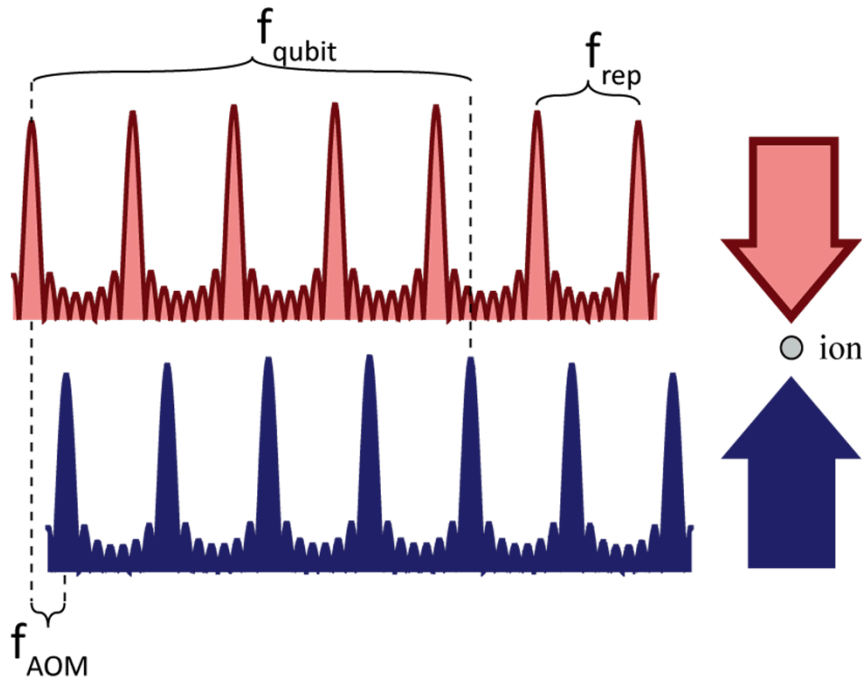


355 Raman transitions: $^{171}\text{Yb}^+$



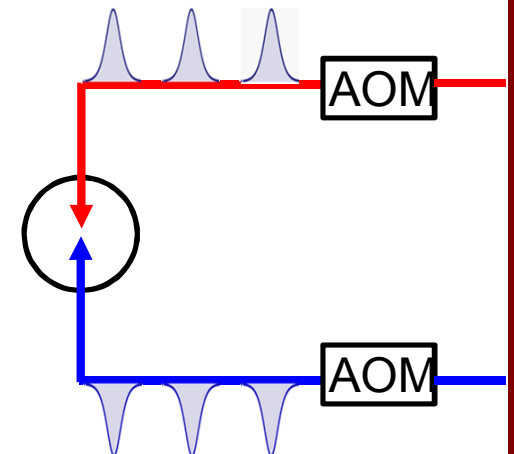
Pulsed laser Raman transitions

- Couple to ions using 355nm frequency comb
- Beat note created by repetition rate and AOM shift
- Get large splitting for free

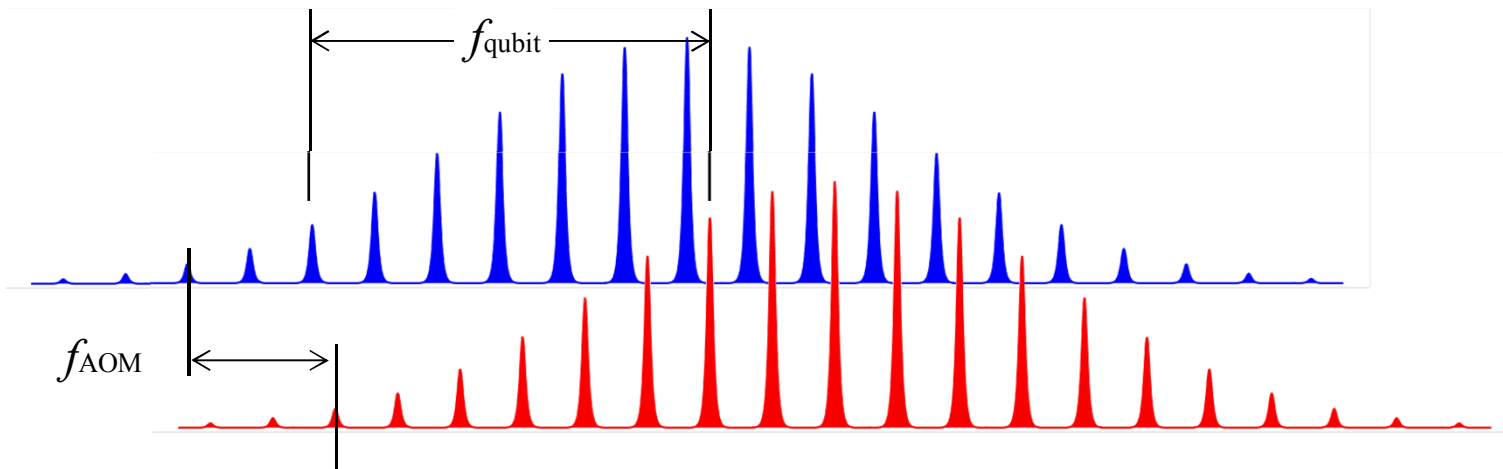
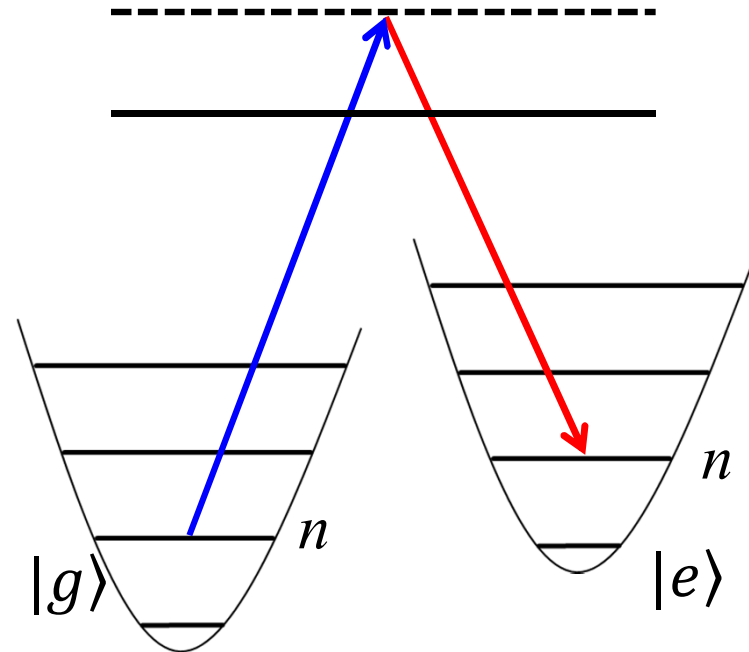
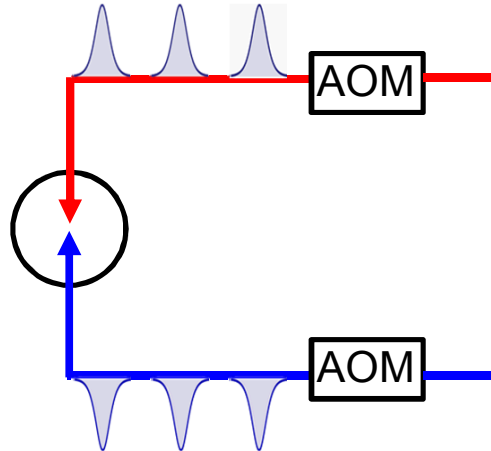


Requirement:

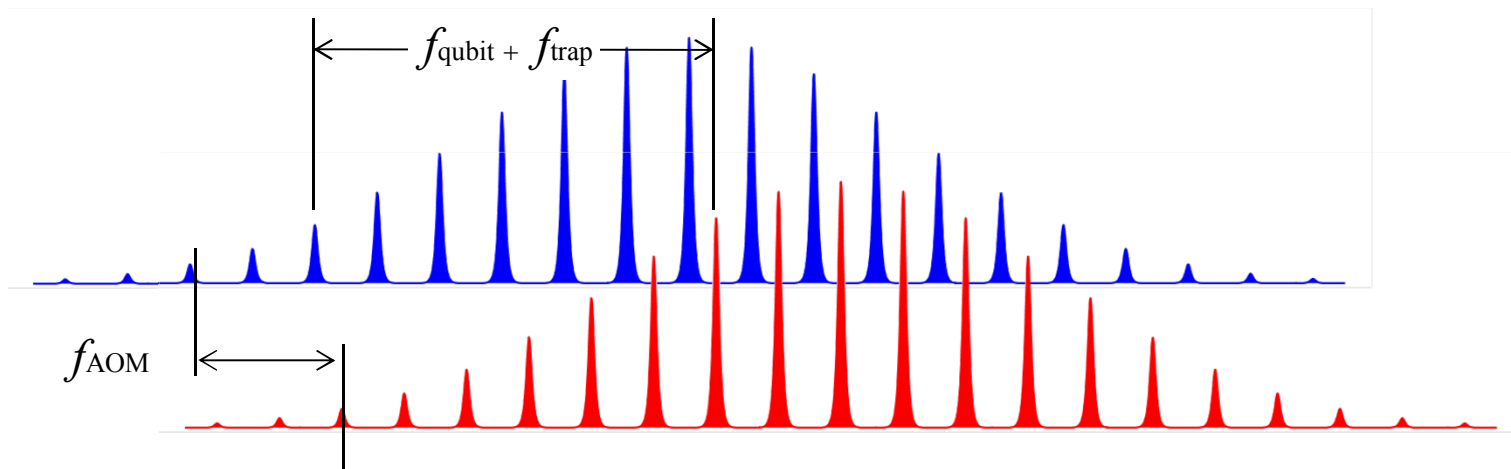
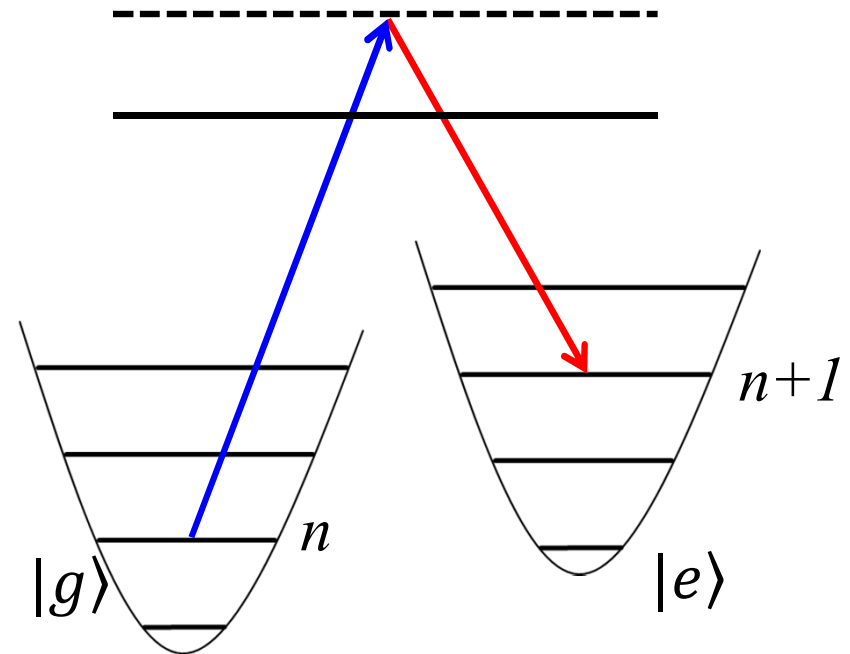
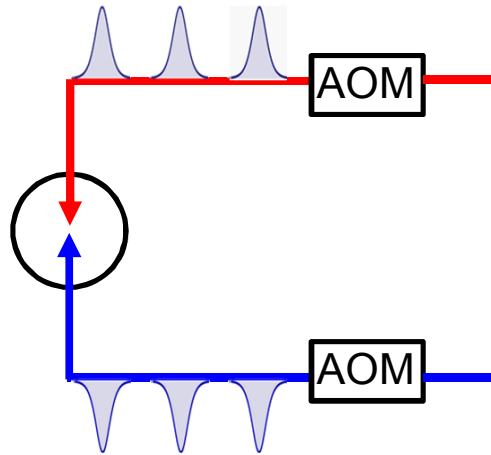
$$f_{\text{qubit}} = n f_{\text{rep}} \pm f_{\text{AOM}}$$



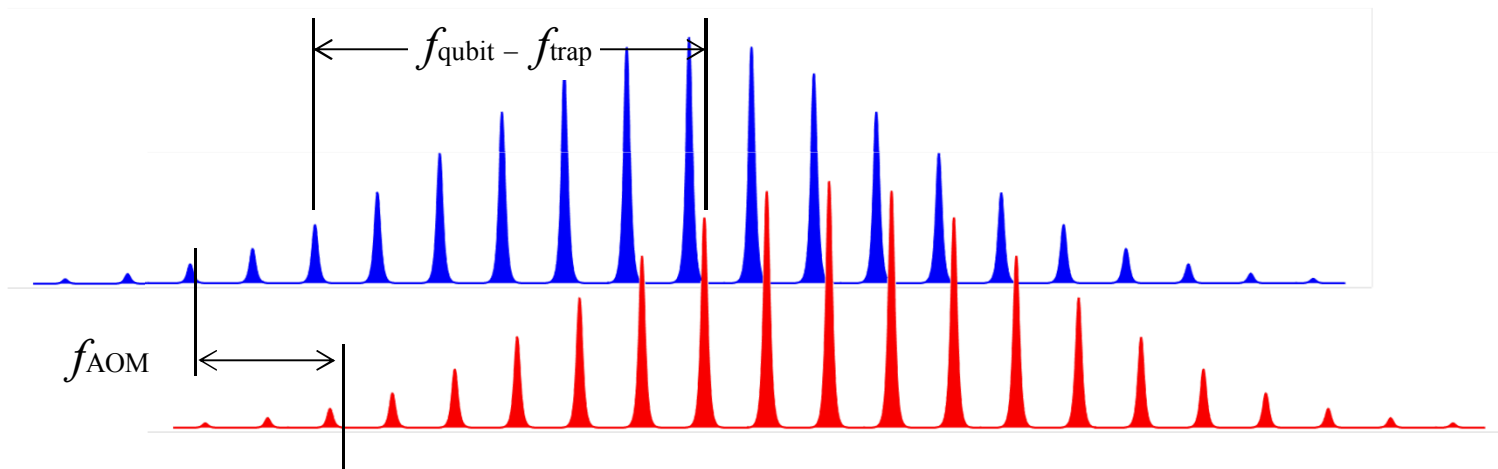
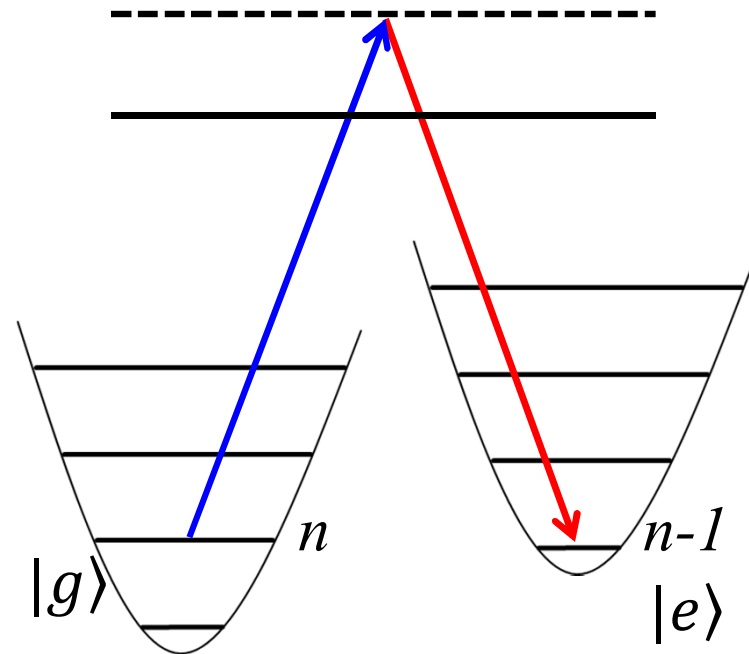
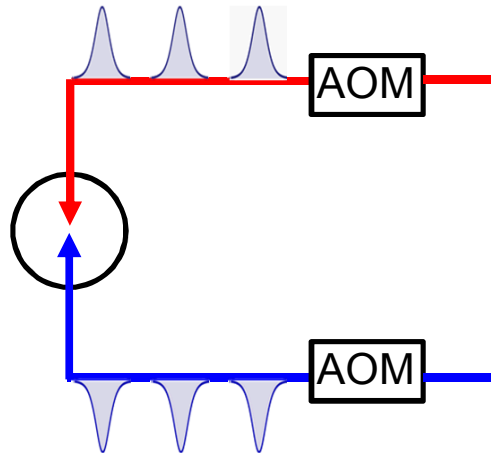
Pulsed laser Raman transitions



Pulsed laser Raman transitions

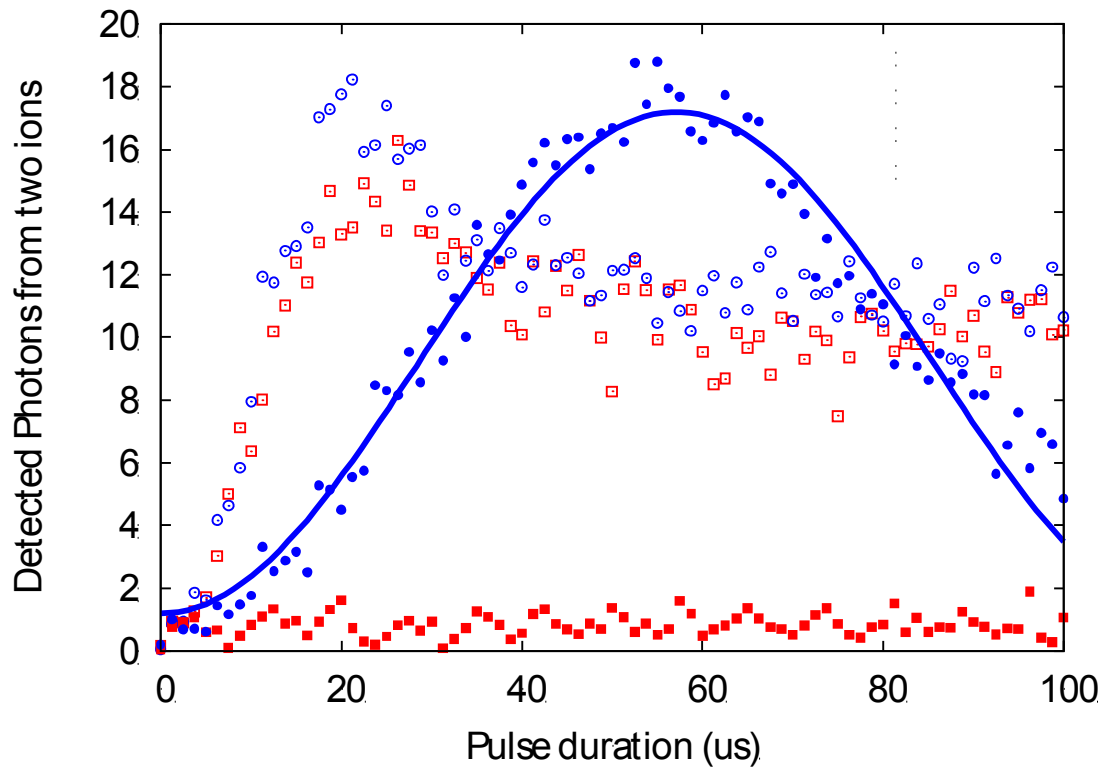


Pulsed laser Raman transitions

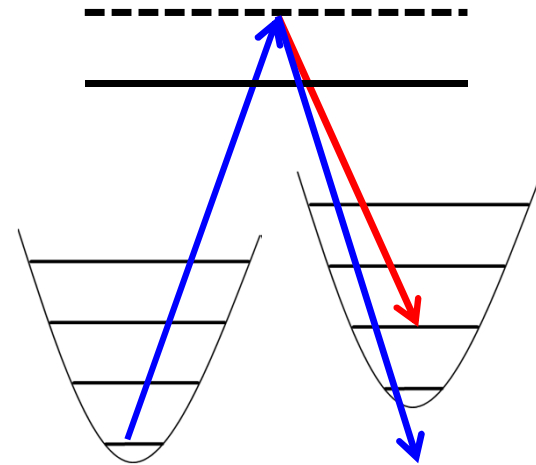


Sideband cooling

- Ground state cooling evident when red sideband cannot be driven
- Data shows ground state cooling of two ion radial tilt mode, $\bar{n} \ll 1$



red Doppler cooled □
 blue Doppler cooled ○
 red Sideband cooled ■
 blue Sideband cooled ●



Heating in Two Ion Chain

Transversal
Center of Mass



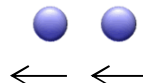
2 modes

Transversal Tilt

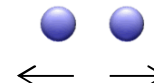


2 modes

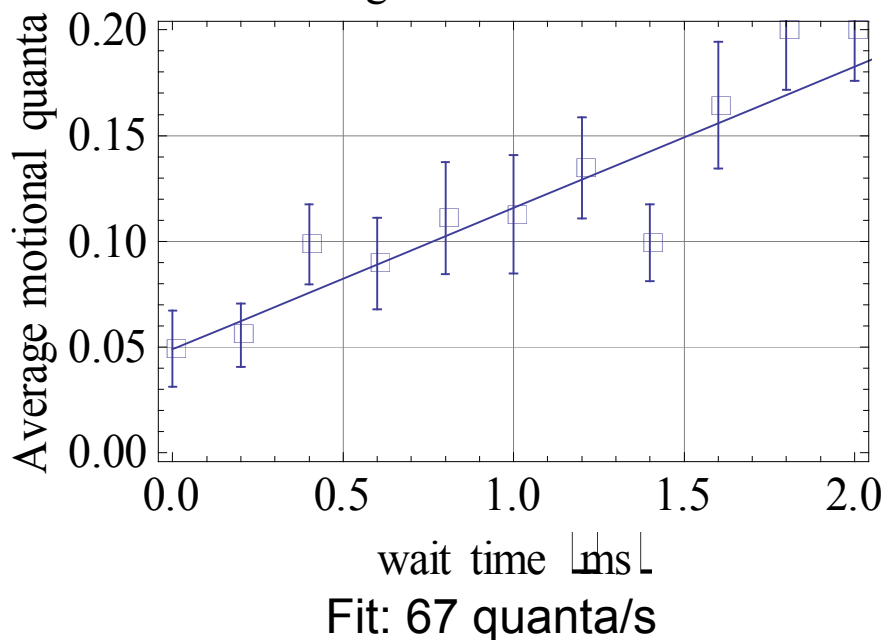
Longitudinal
Center of Mass



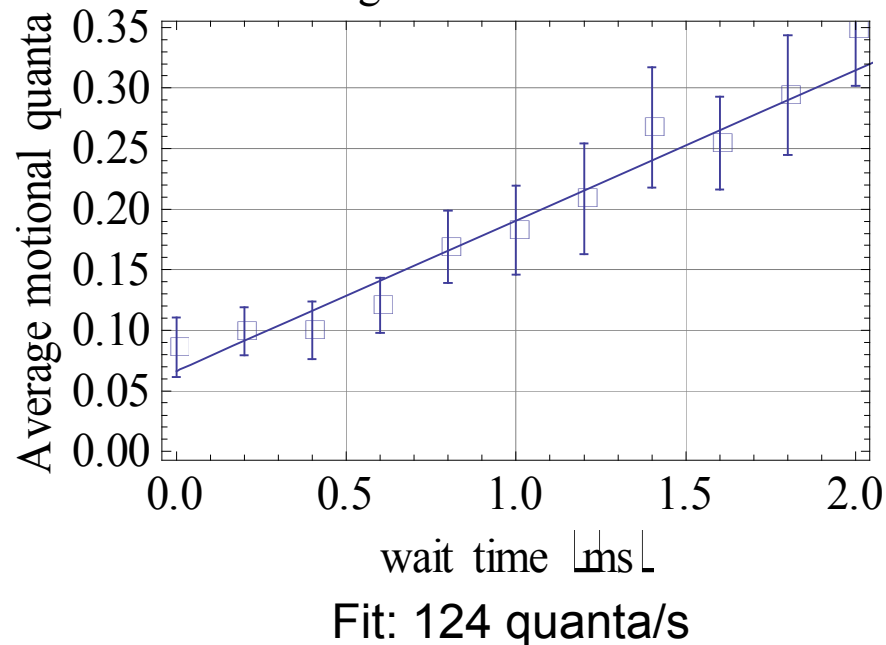
Longitudinal
Stretch



Heating rate at 2.8113 MHz



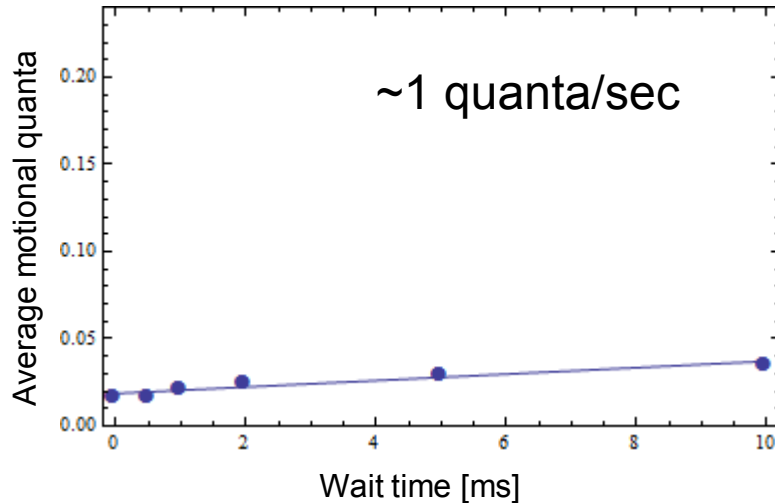
Heating rate at 2.46831 MHz



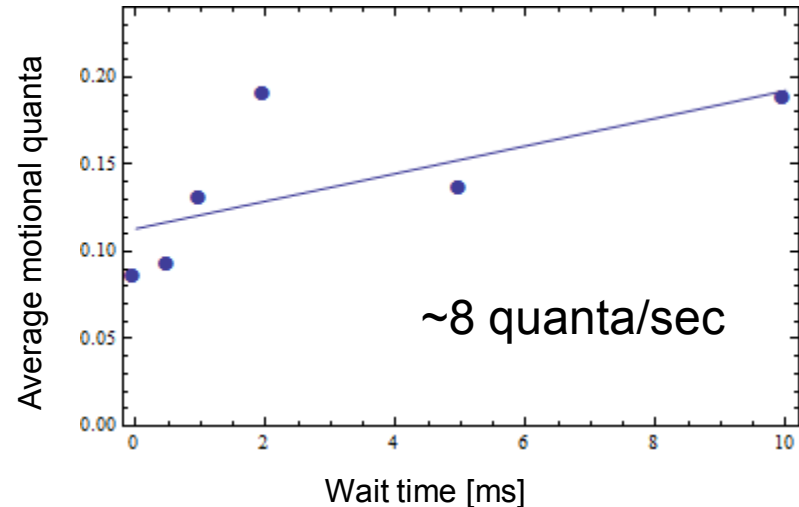
- Likely to be limited by technical noise

Heating in Two Ion Chain

1.84 MHz tilt

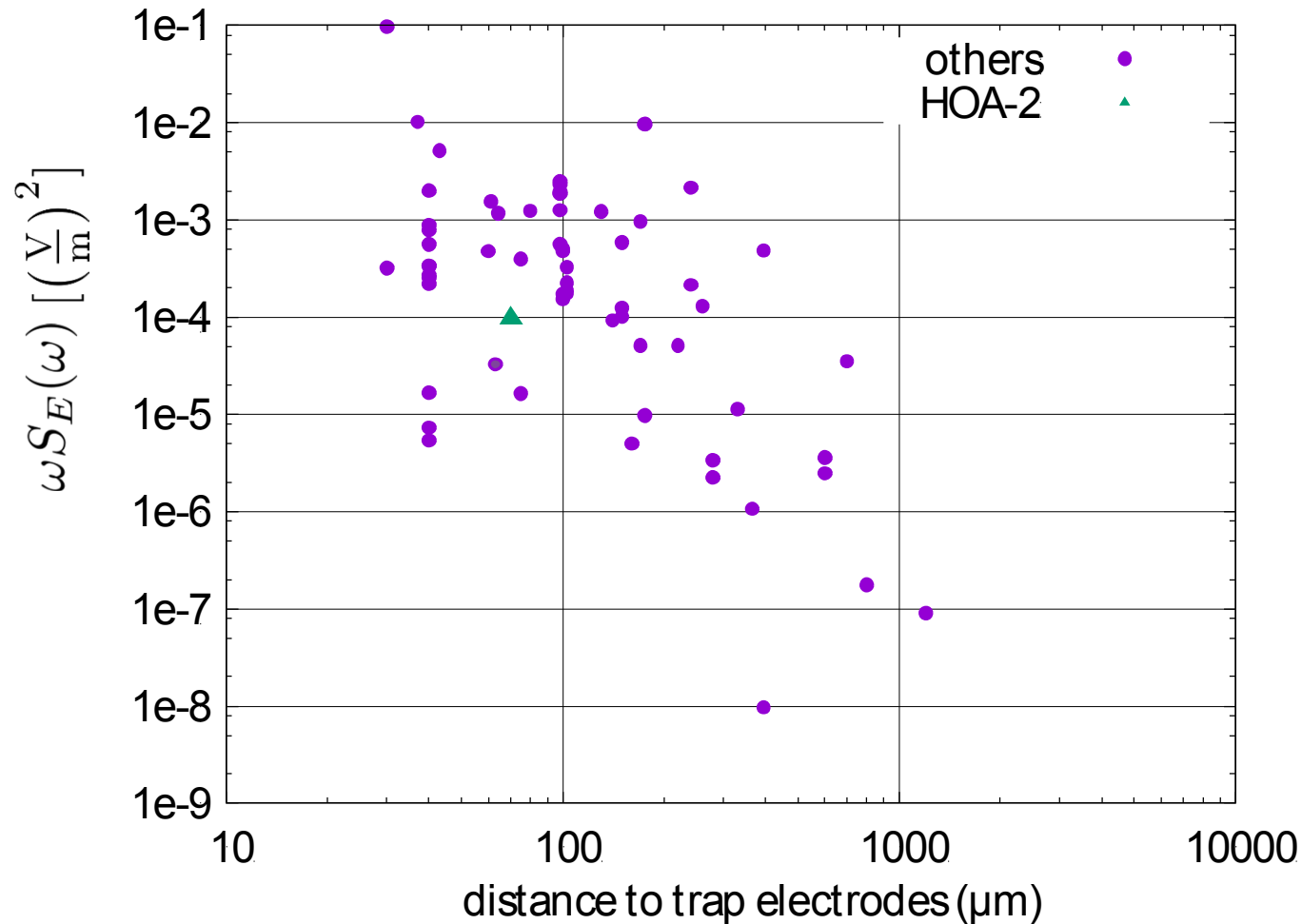


2.32 MHz tilt



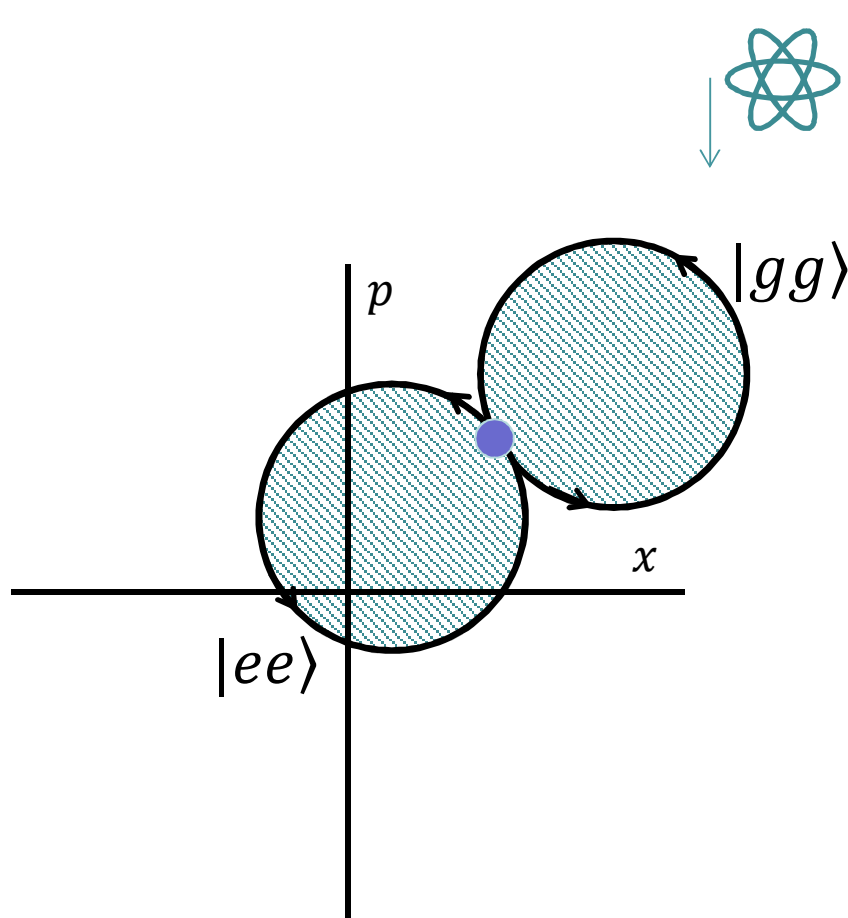
- Using tilt mode near 1.84 MHz for gate
- Lowest heating <1 quanta/sec

Heating rate in context



Entangling Gate

Basic idea: Use common motion of the ions to mediate entanglement

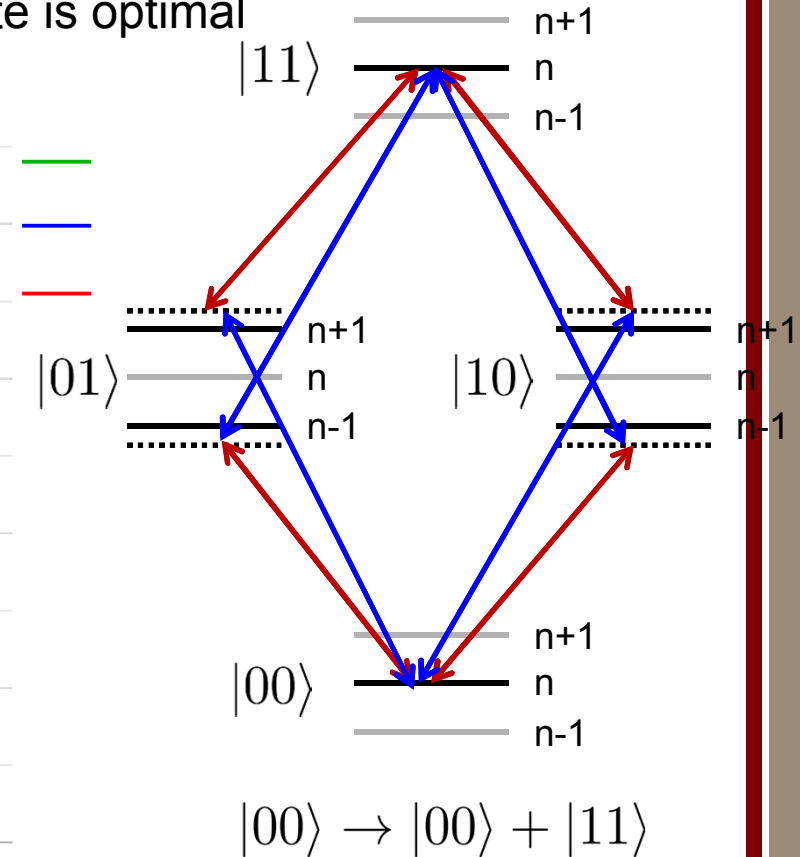
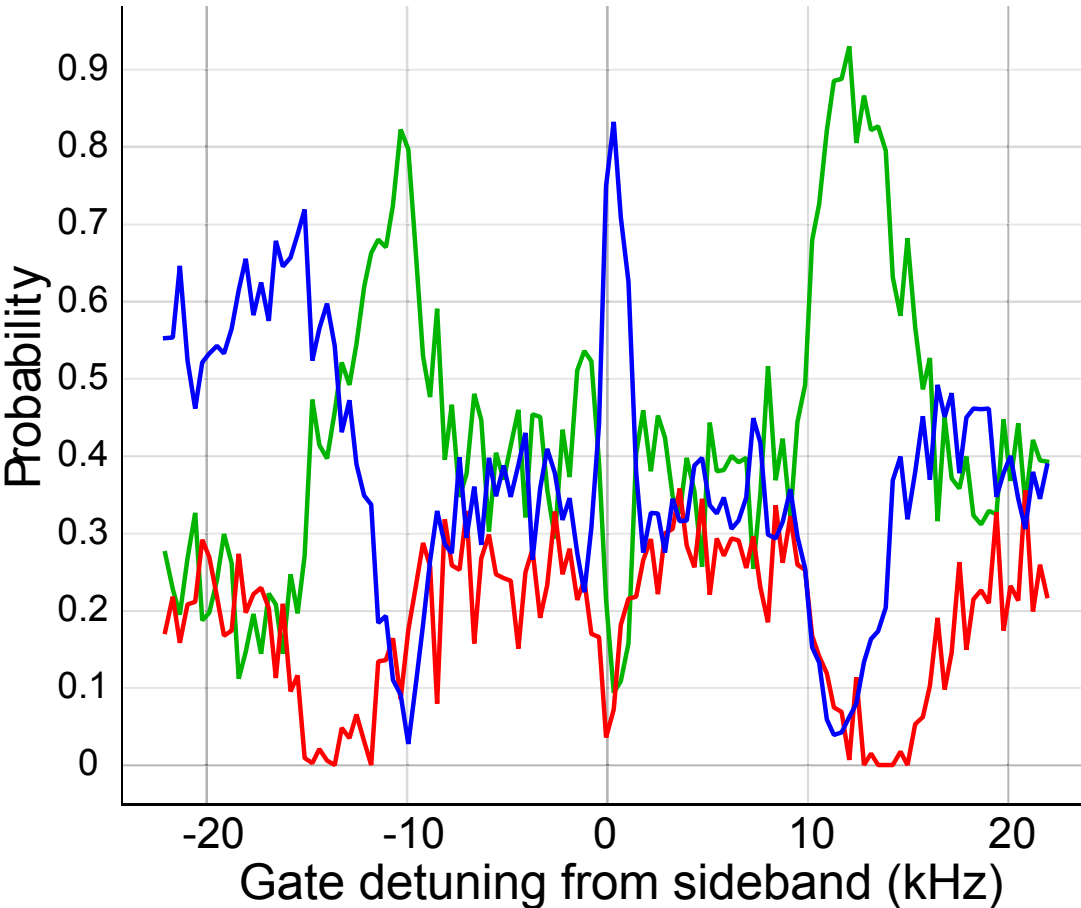


- Raman beams create *spin-dependent force*
- Force drives the ions away from and then back to their starting position
- Spin dependent phase remains

- [1] K. Mølmer, A. Sørensen, PRL 82, 1835 (1999)
 [2] A. Sørensen, K. Mølmer, PRL 82, 1971 (1999)
 [3] A. Sørensen, K. Mølmer, PRA 62, 022311 (2000)

Entangling Gate

- Scanning detuning reveals point where gate is optimal



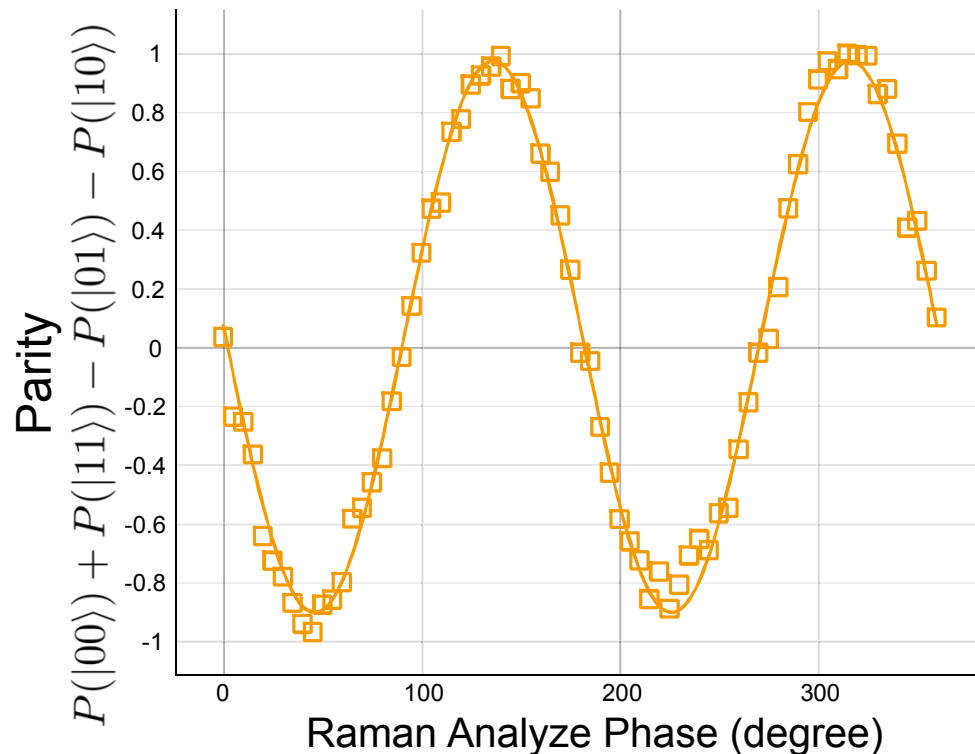
Blue: Zero ions bright

Red: One ion bright

Green: Two ions bright

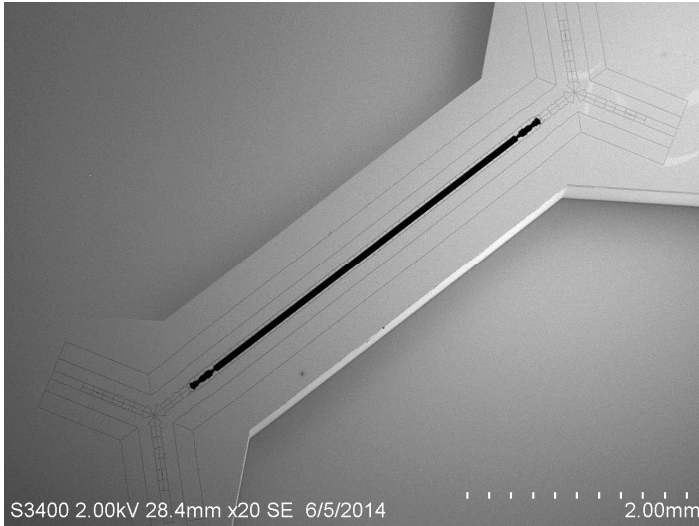
Entangling Gate – preliminary results

- Populations reveal diagonals of density matrix, parity scan reveals coherences
- Taken together they yield the fidelity



- Gate fidelity 97% $\mathcal{F} = \frac{1}{2}(P(|00\rangle) + P(|11\rangle)) + \frac{1}{4}c = 0.97$
- Have yet to characterize sources of infidelity

Conclusion



Microfabricated traps are ready for QIP

- Experiments were done in HOA-2 and Thunderbird trap

HOA-2 has advantages over Thunderbird:

- Higher trap frequencies
- Better trap characteristics
- Optical access for individual addressing

Thank you

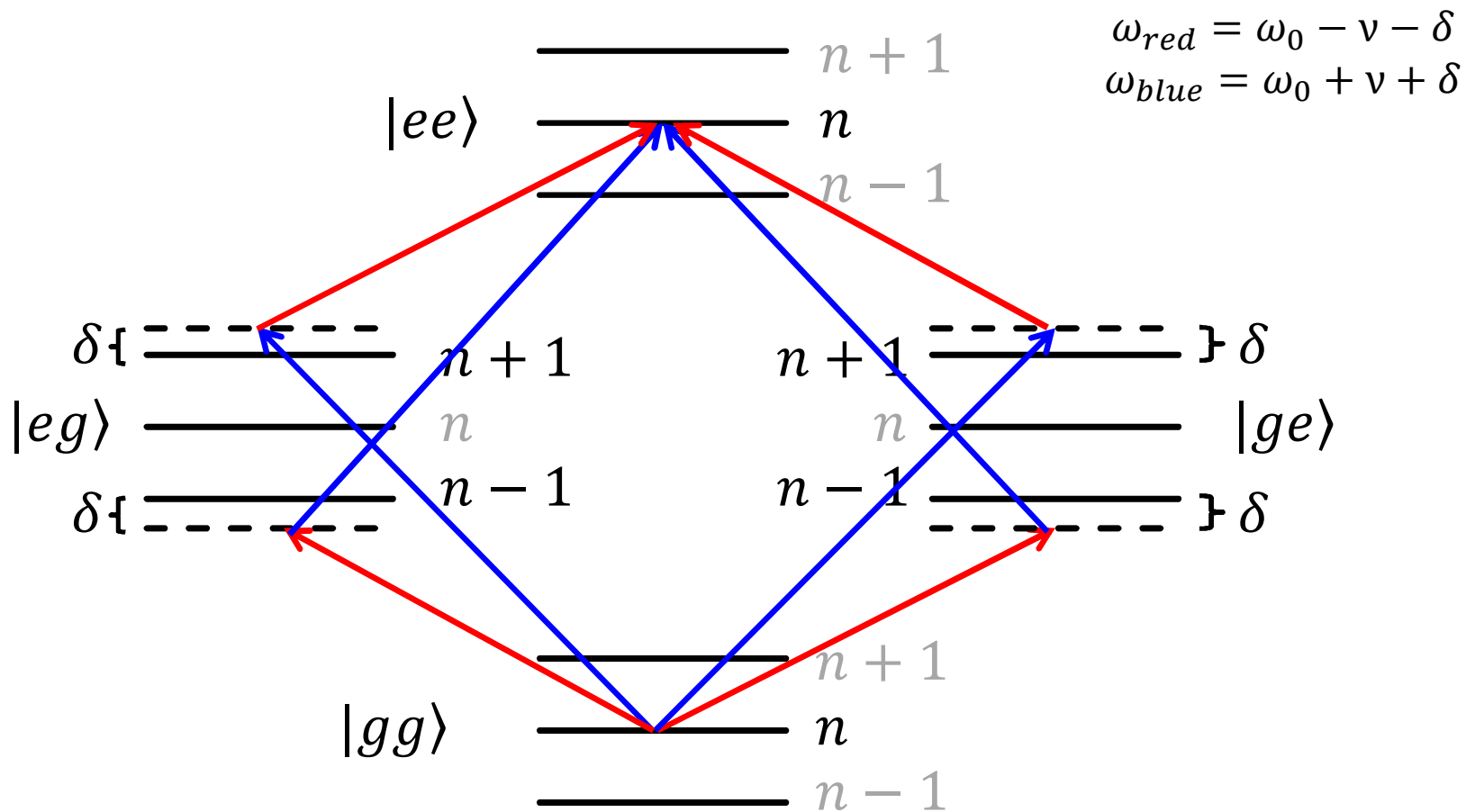
Job openings for postdocs:
<http://Sandia.jobs> opening 648055

plmaunz@sandia.gov
dlstick@sandia.gov

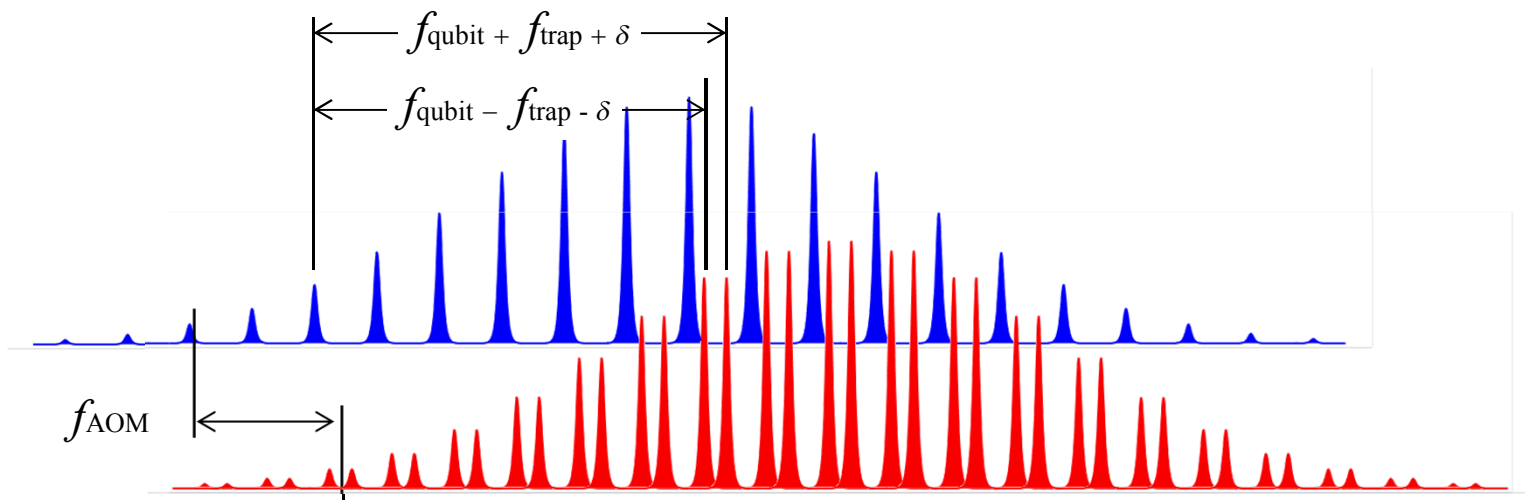
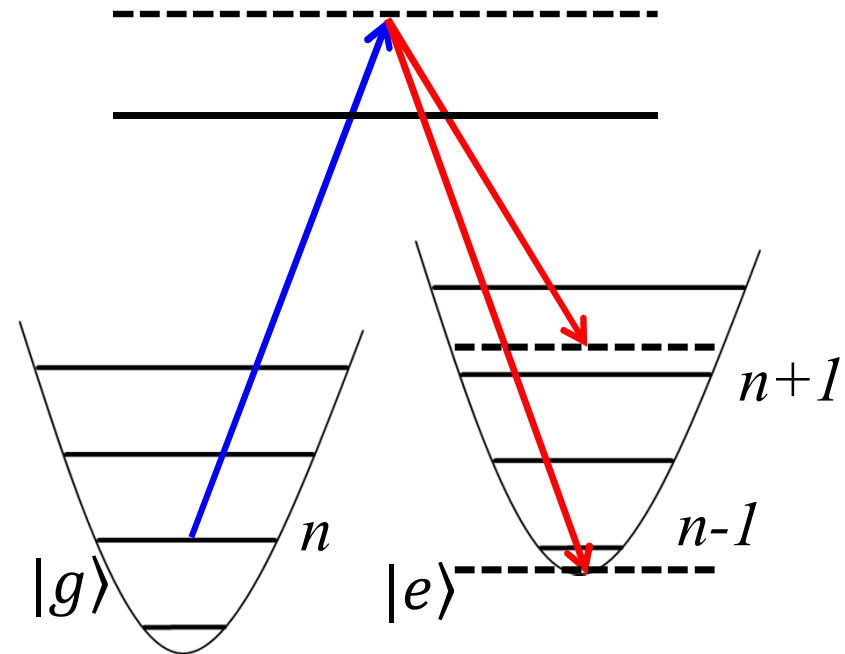
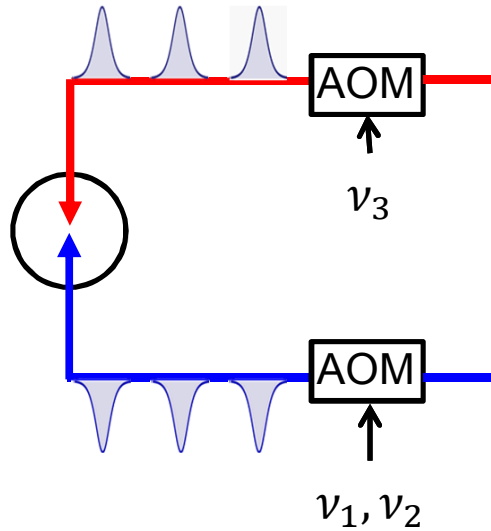


Entangling Gate

Creating a spin-dependent force with Raman beams:
Apply red and blue detuned sidebands simultaneously

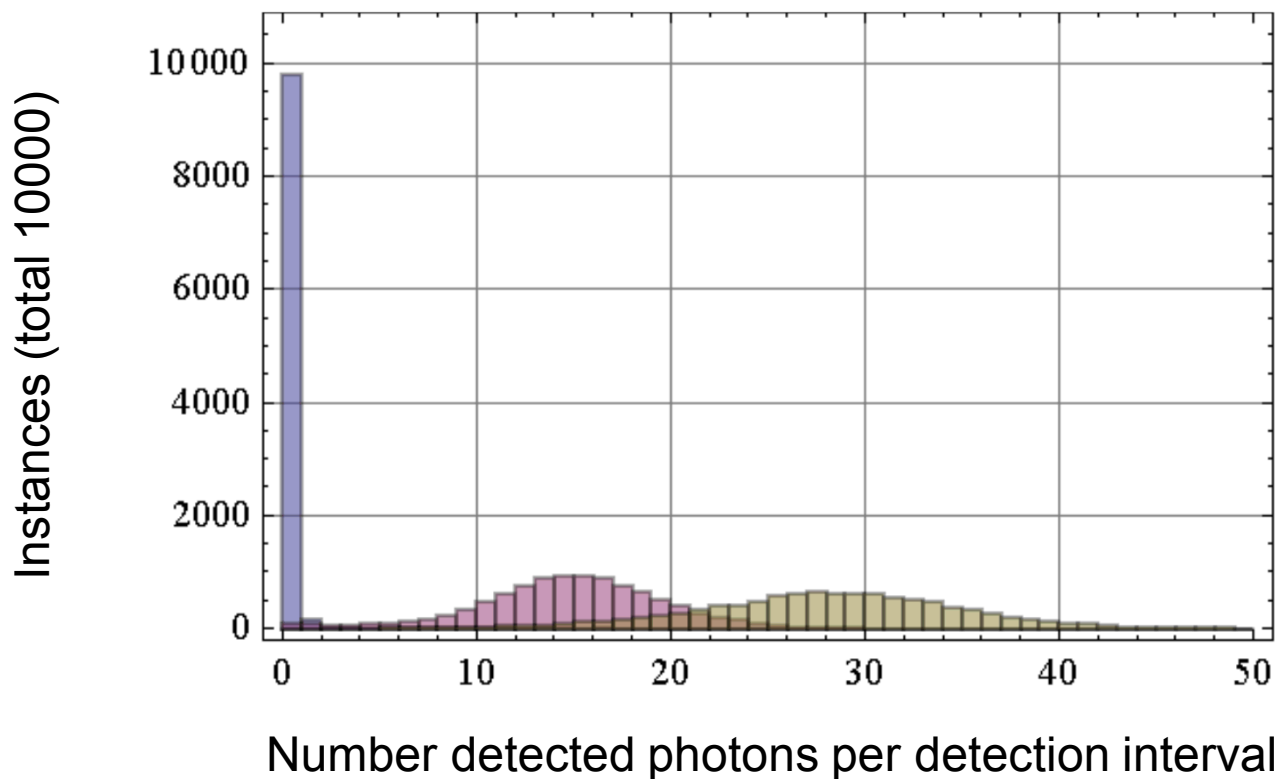


Entangling Gate



State Detection using Histograms

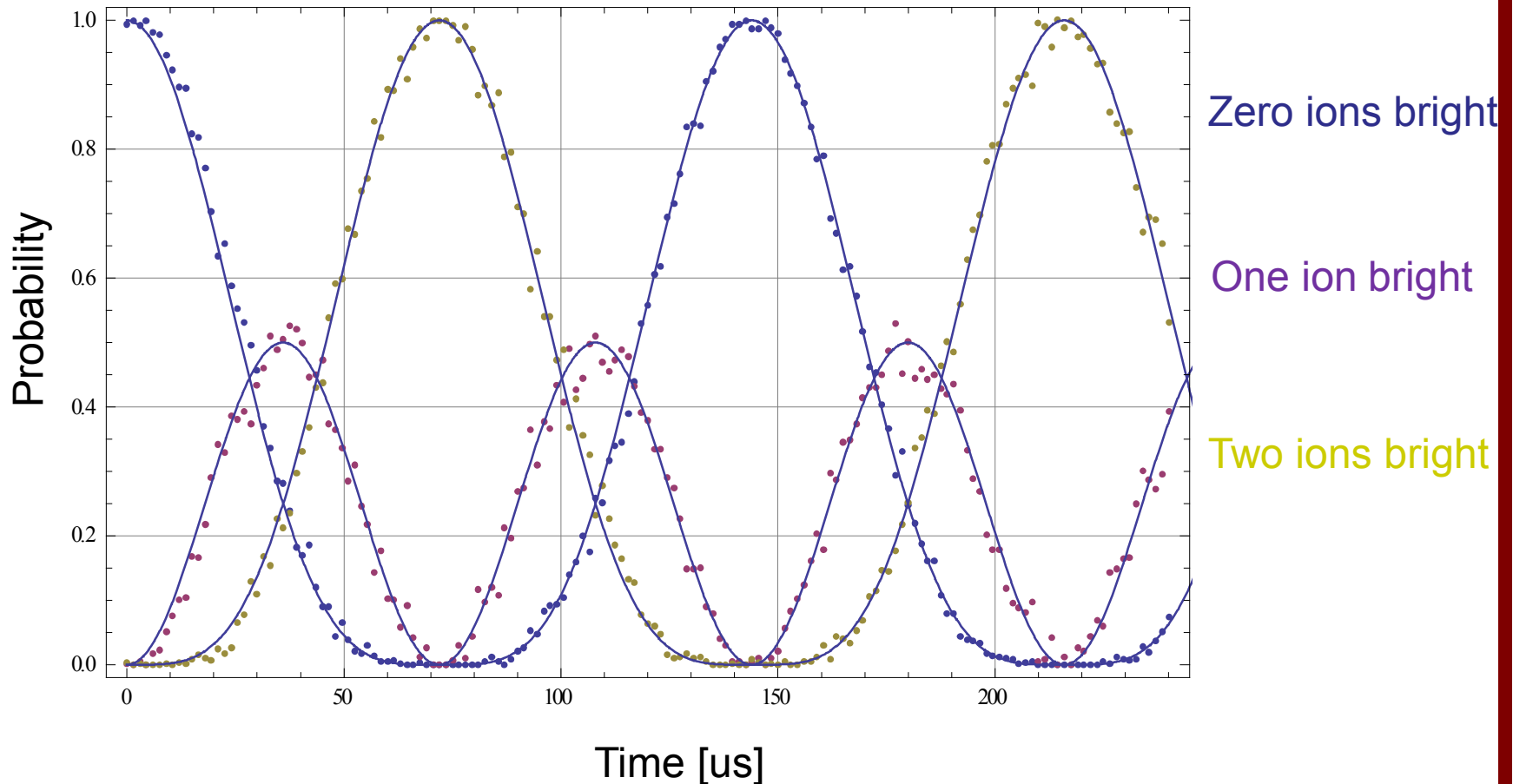
Example histograms



Long term plan: segmented PMT for individual state detection
Currently limited by optical crosstalk

State Detection Using Histograms

Global Rabi Oscillations on two ions



One parameter (Rabi time) is sufficient to simultaneously fit all three curves



- ## Lock at 32nd harmonic

- Coherence time $> 2\text{s}$

