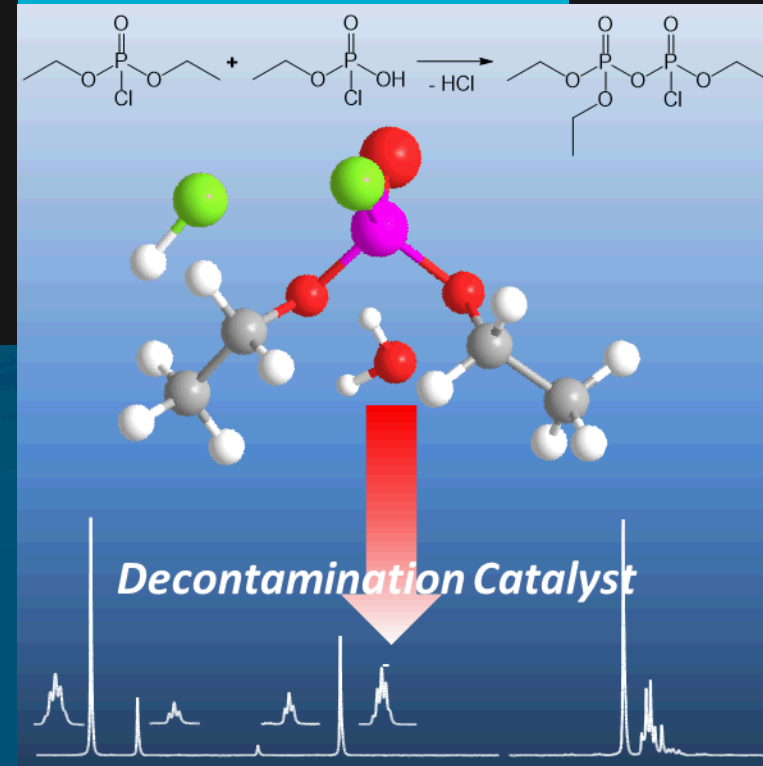


Multinuclear NMR Monitoring of Decontamination Chemistries of Bulk Chemical Agents and Simulants

PRESENTED BY

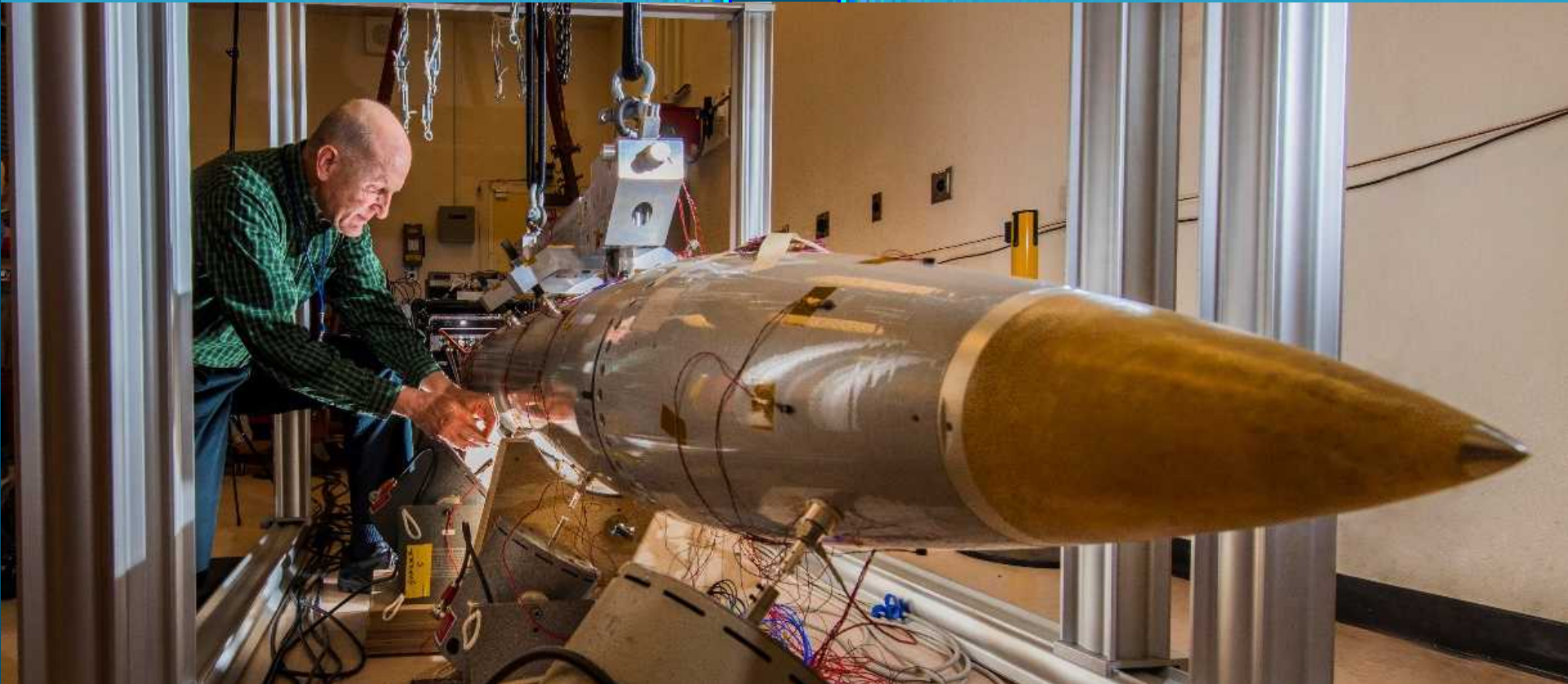
Todd M. Alam

Practical Applications of NMR in Industry Conference (PANIC): (Session) NMR in National Security. March 2018



NNSA Laboratory - Purpose Statement

Sandia develops advanced technologies to ensure global peace



Multiple missions beyond the nuclear weapon (WP) program.

Global and Homeland Security

Global Security



Homeland Security Programs



Homeland Defense and Force Protection



WMD Counterterrorism and Response

Cyber and Infrastructure Security



Motivation: Control of Chemical Warfare Agents and Recent World Events

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Tokyo
(1995)



Malaysia (2017)



North Korea



Syria/Iraq/Iran

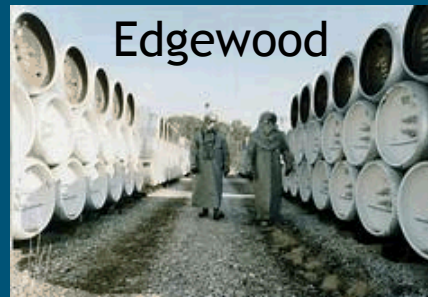
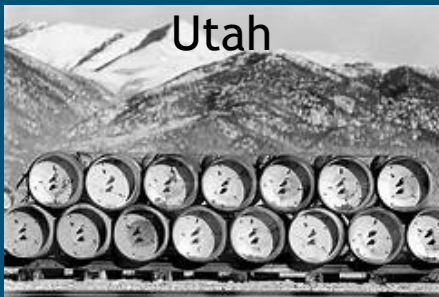
Cape Ray Ship - Destruction Processes



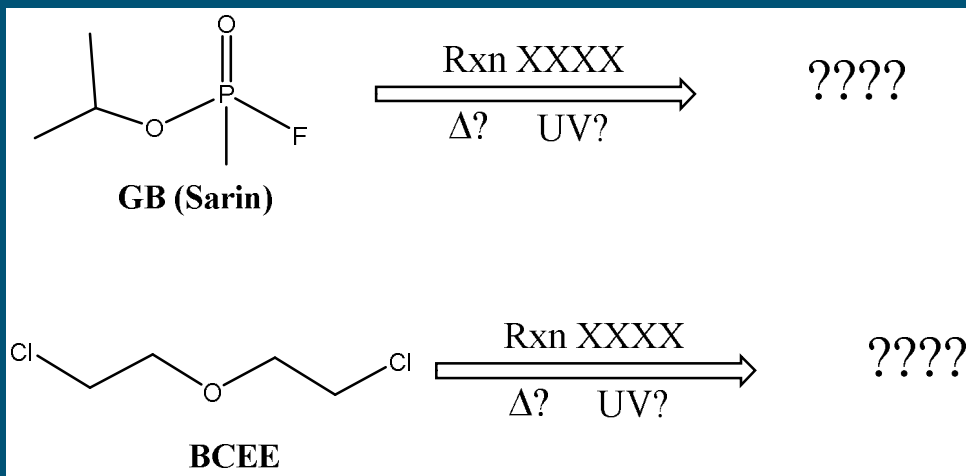
- Housed 1,038.5 tons of CWAs and precursors that Syria declared.
- Ship contained two field hydrolysis units.
- Process involves very **high dilution** of the agents with water (acid or basic) solutions.
- Mission took place in the Mediterranean Sea.
- Endeavor Started on July and August, 2014.

New Chemistries for Bulk Decontamination?

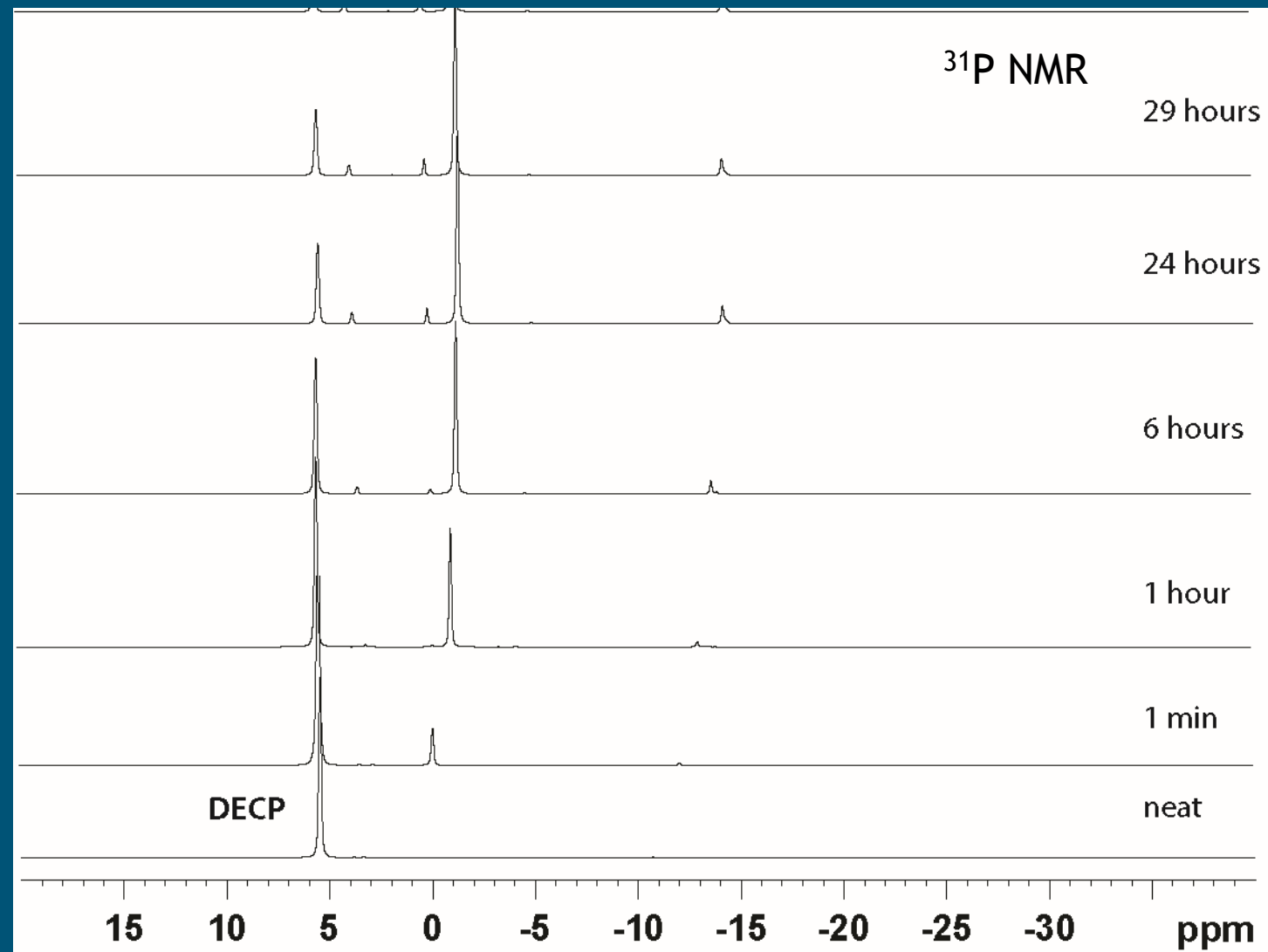
- Exploring chemistries that can be used for “*in-situ*” decontamination.
- For non-secure sites or limited time access for process.
- Should be “catalytic” and involve small amounts of the reactive chemical.
- Process does not involve dilution - must be performed on the neat (bulk) agents and precursors.
- Reactive chemicals must be cheap and readily available in obtainable amounts.
- No “exotic” materials or synthesis required.
- End Target: The CWA must either be degraded or unusable following reaction.



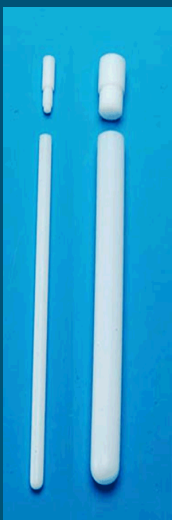
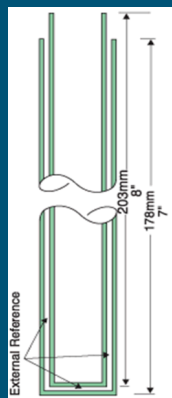
Using NMR to Following Decomposition Kinetics



- Kinetics via ^{31}P (**), ^{13}C , ^1H and ^{19}F NMR.
- 2D correlation experiments used for assignments.
- Simplest is usually the best.
- Easy.... Neat!
- XXXX - Reaction conditions (details may not be given).



Sample Handling for Neat Simulant Reactions



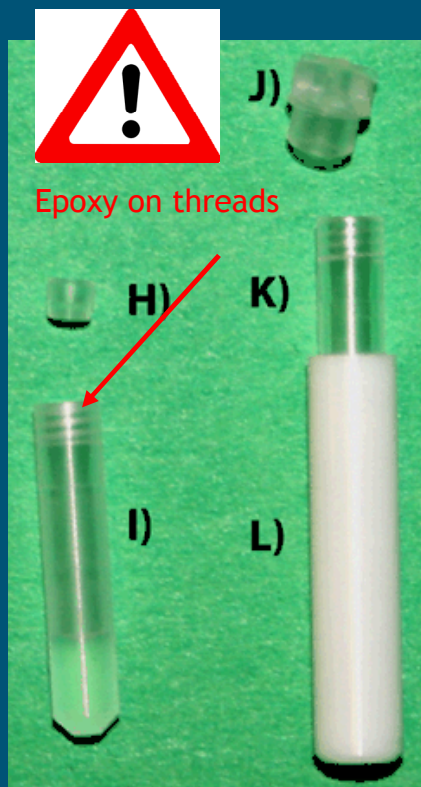
5 mm sealed
Teflon inserts
(\$\$)



5 mm Teflon
liners (unsealed)



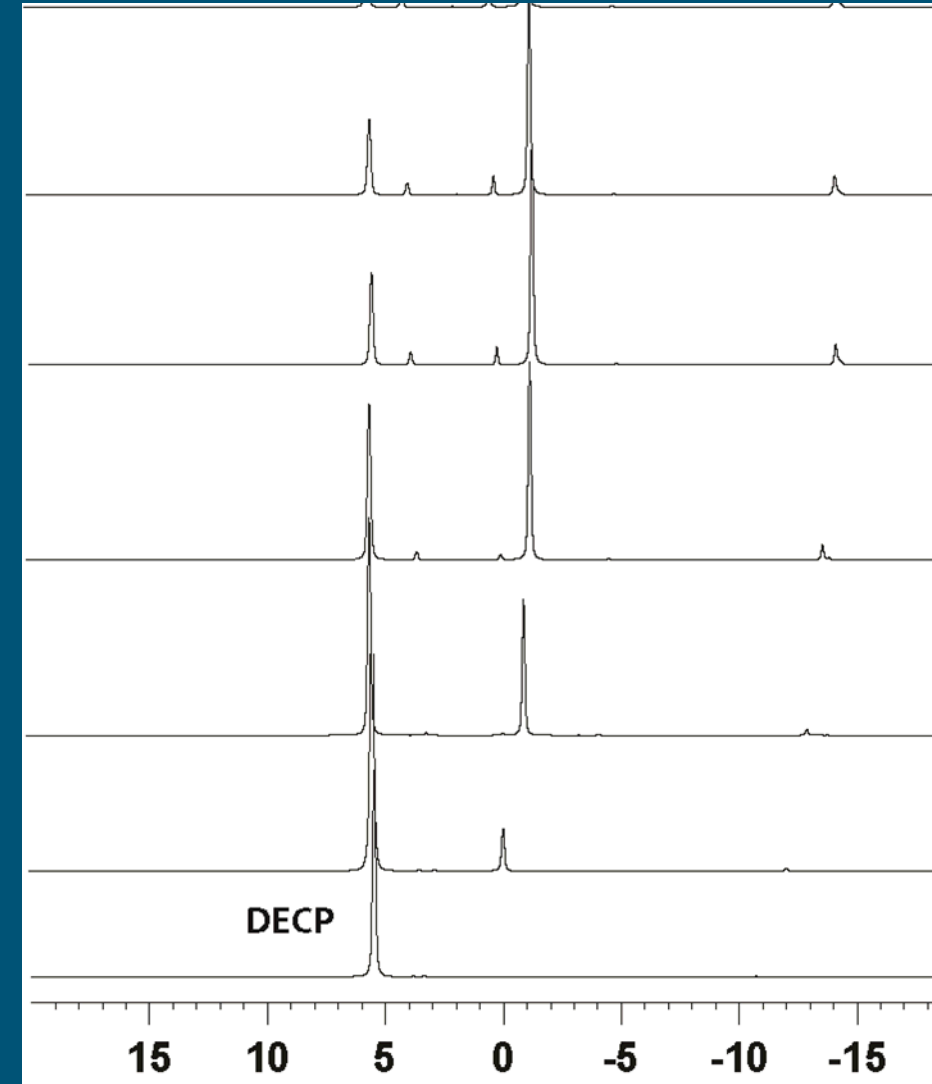
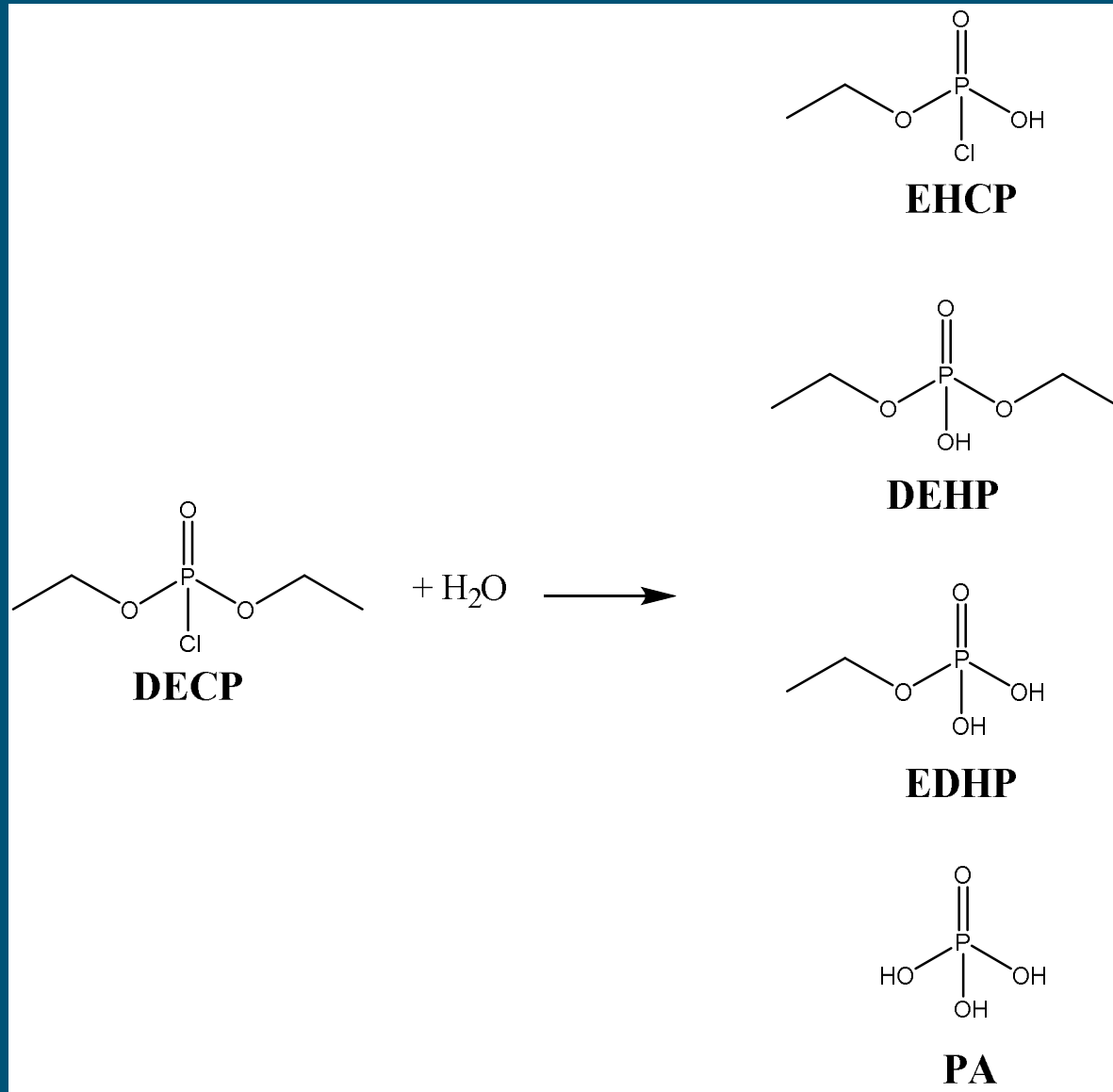
Concentric tubes
(capped)



HRMAS Inserts
Epoxy seal

- ES&H concerns over handling of 1 ml reaction volumes of neat simulants. (DFP LD50 2 mg/kg)
- All reactions tested in vials before repeat analysis for kinetic NMR studies (*i.e.* violent).
- “Nastier Simulants” restricted to controlled NMR facility with restricted access.
- Decontamination solutions available.
- Reduce possibility of exposure using double containment with tube configuration.
- Explored a variety of different possibilities.
- Still no perfect solution for HRMAS inserts - “dry” sample only.

DECP Reaction followed by ^{31}P NMR

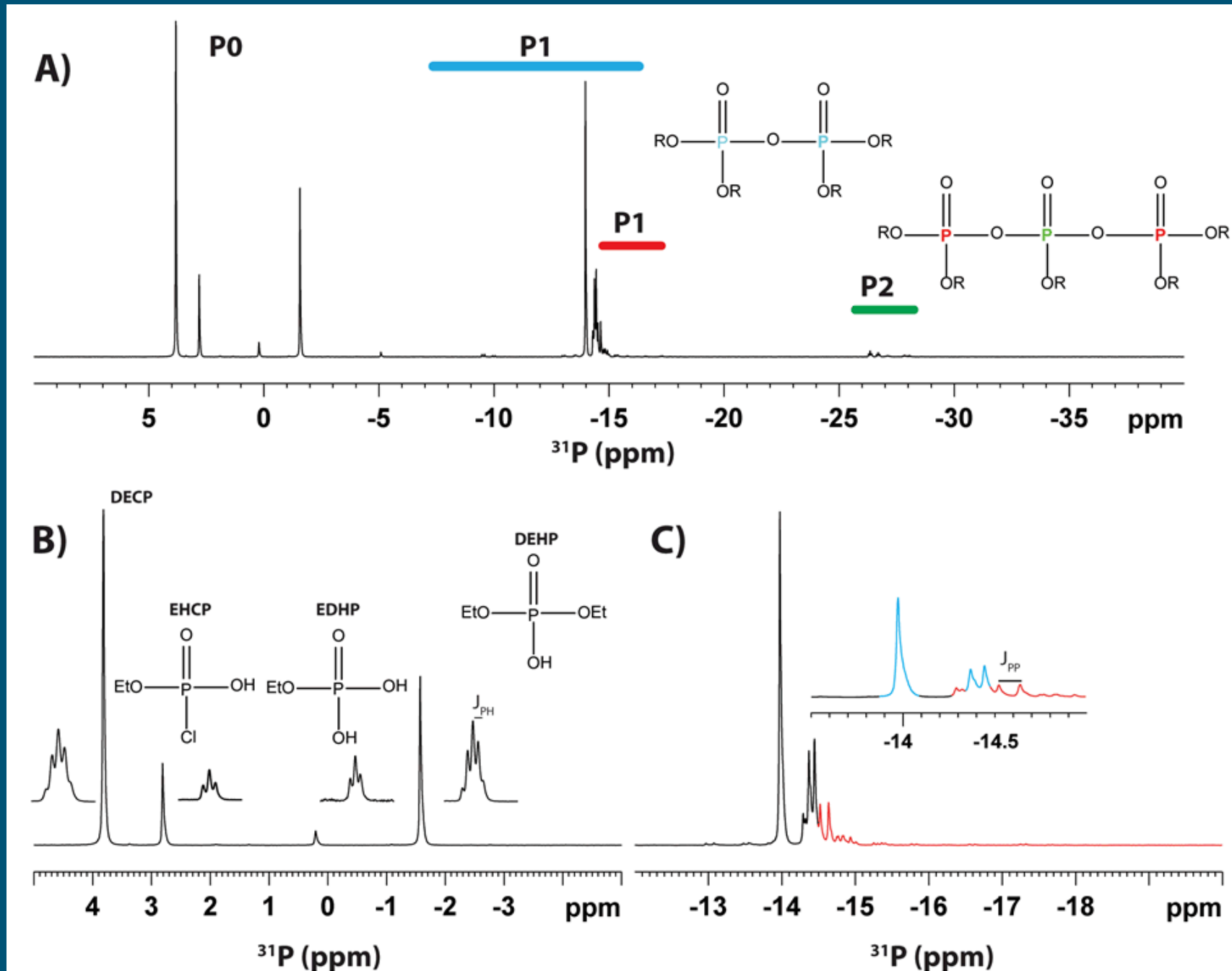


DECP

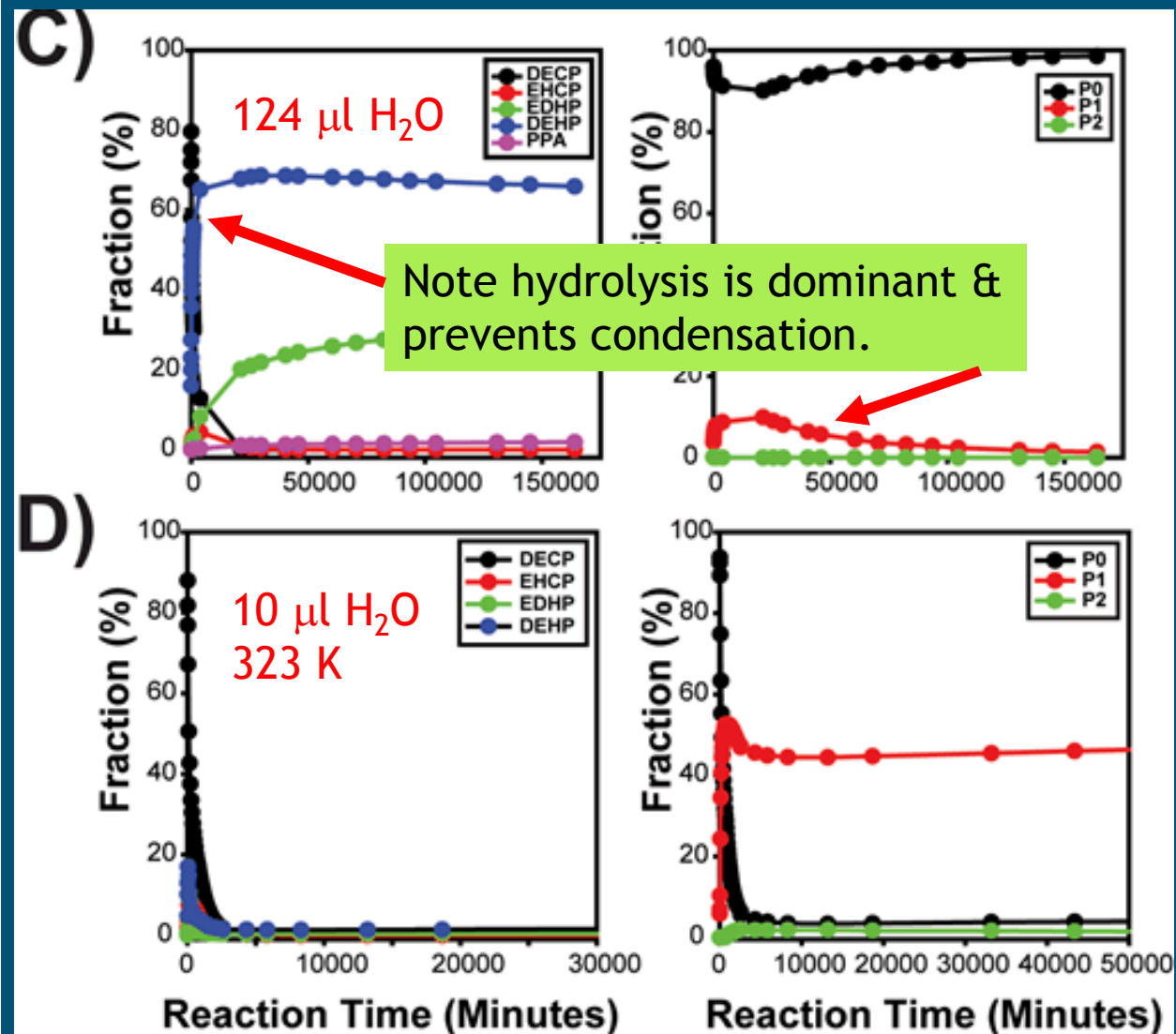
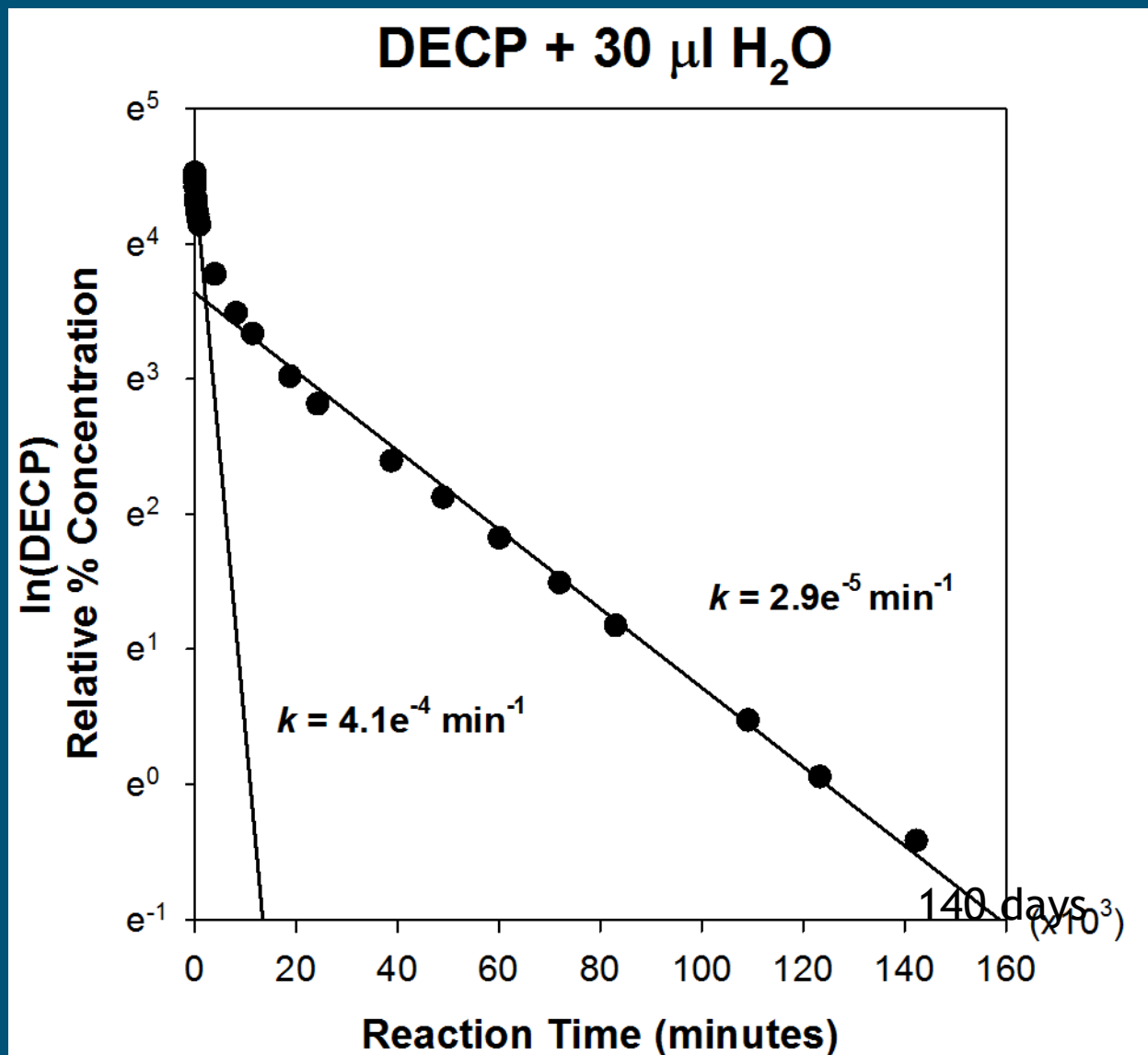
Monomer degradation species identified based on P-H J couplings.

Condensation to form polyphosphates is actually a dominant reaction.

P_n
 $n = \# \text{ of P-O-P bonds}$



DECP Reaction Kinetics by ^{31}P NMR



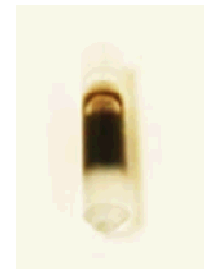
DECP Reactions



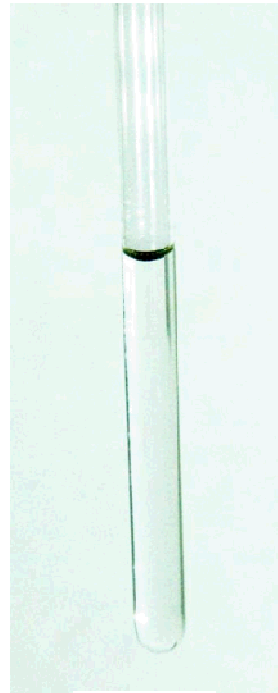
DECP + 124 μl H_2O



DECP + 30 μl H_2O



DECP + 30 μl H_2O
(Seawater)

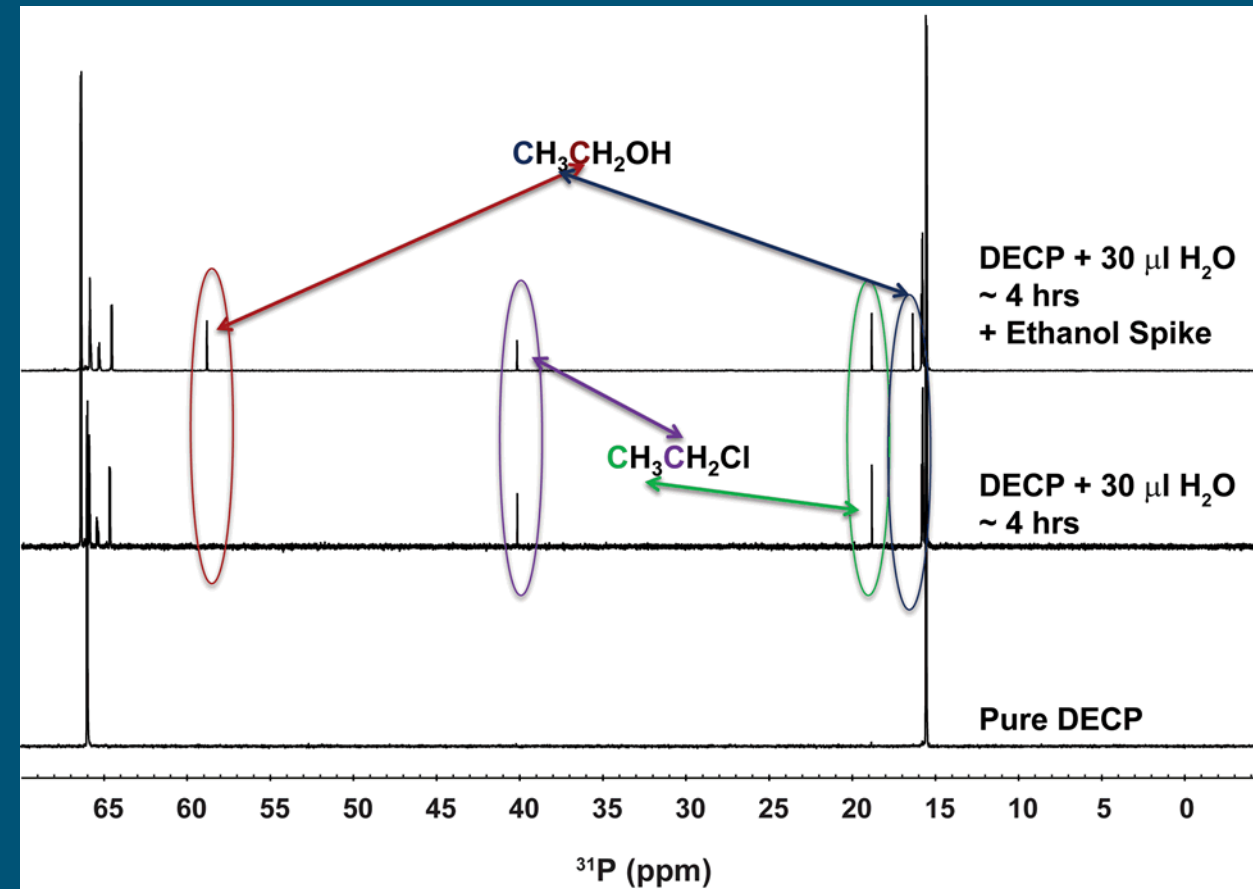
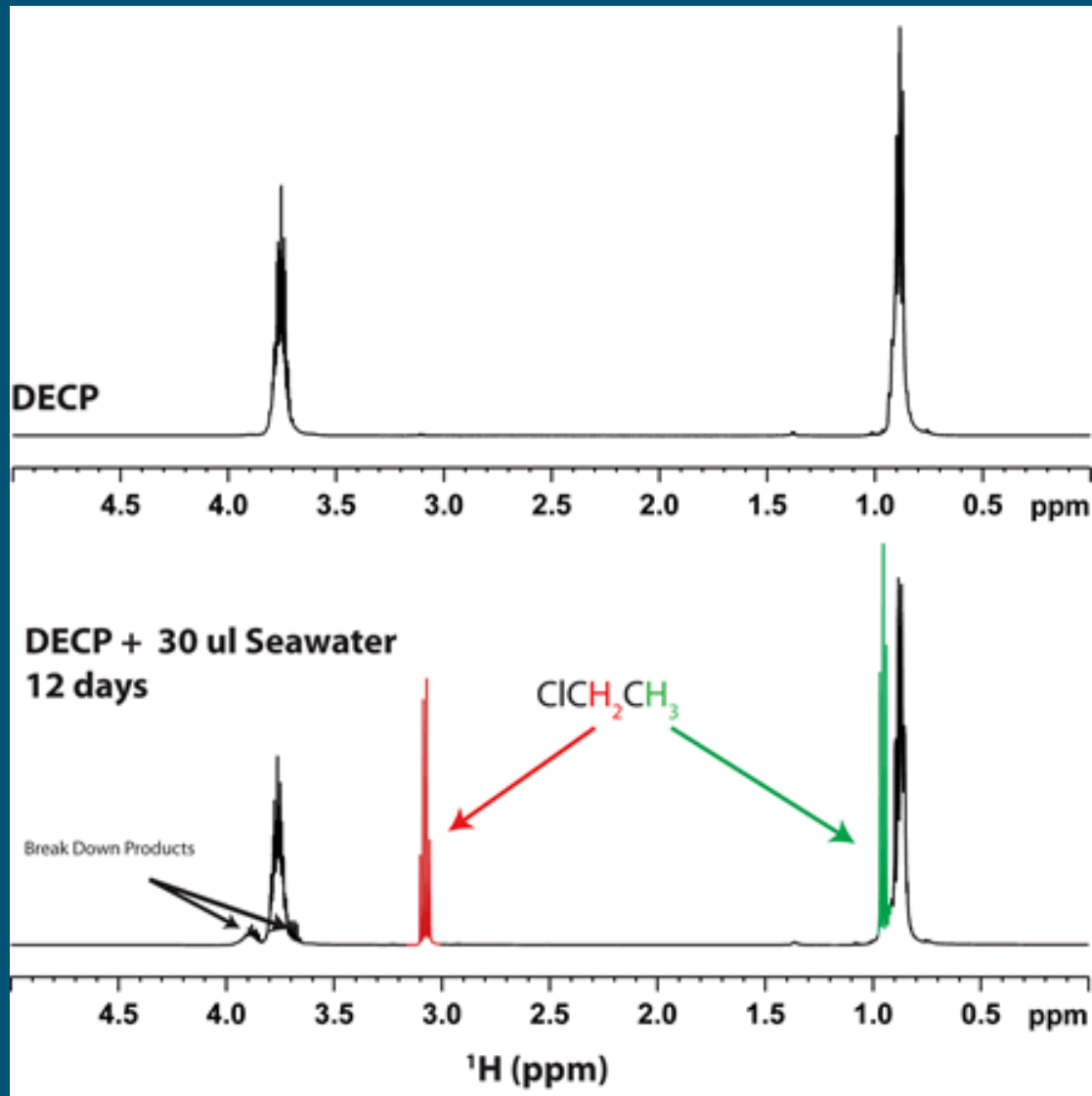


DECP



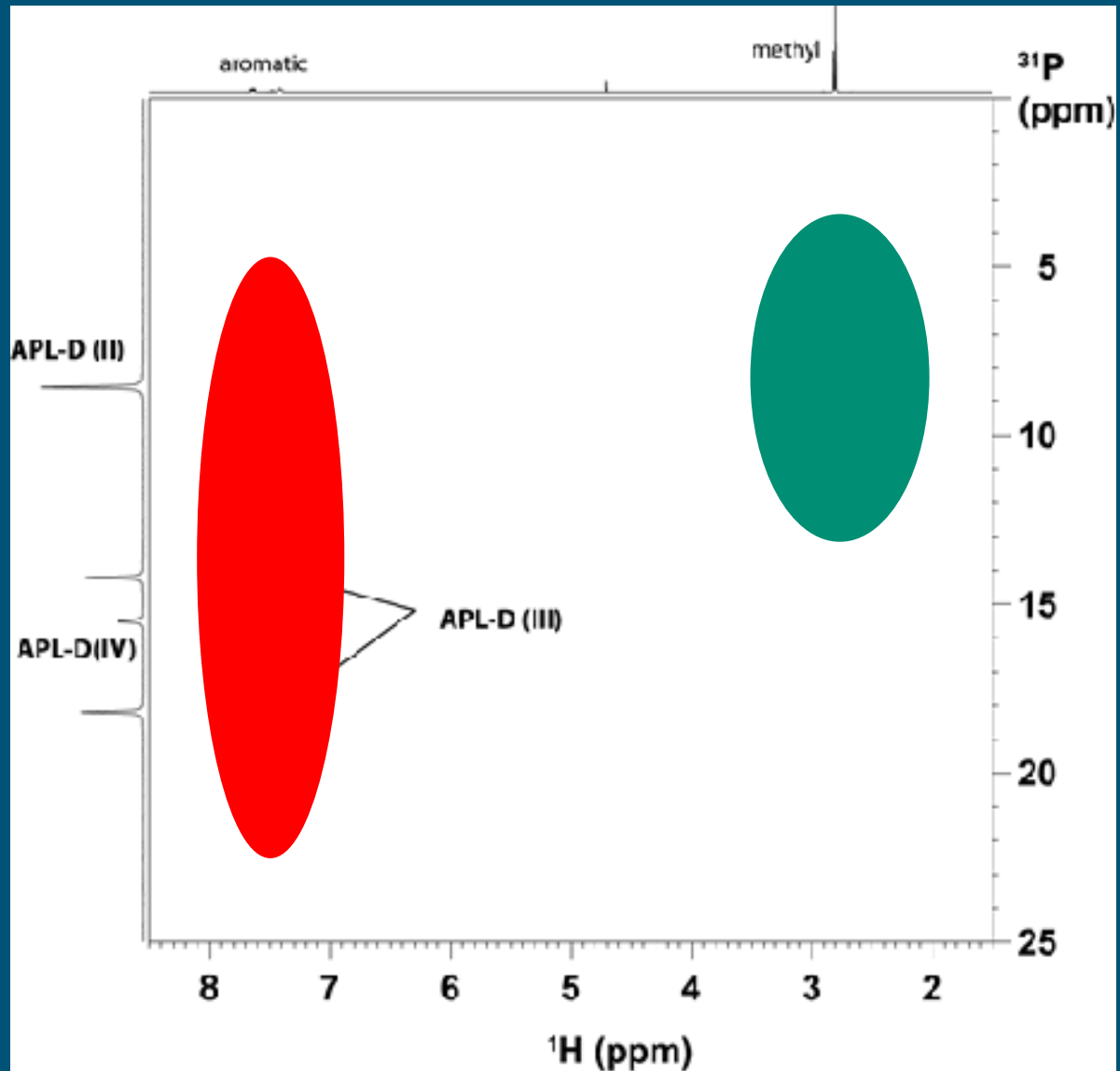
DECP + 30 μl H_2O

^1H NMR DECP Reactions



^{31}P 2D HMBC NMR

- 2D HMBC experiments not as powerful as desired.
- ^1H chemical shift separation not as resolved as the ^{31}P chemical shifts.
- Occasionally get additional structural information.



2D ^{31}P - ^{31}P COSY NMR of DECP Reaction

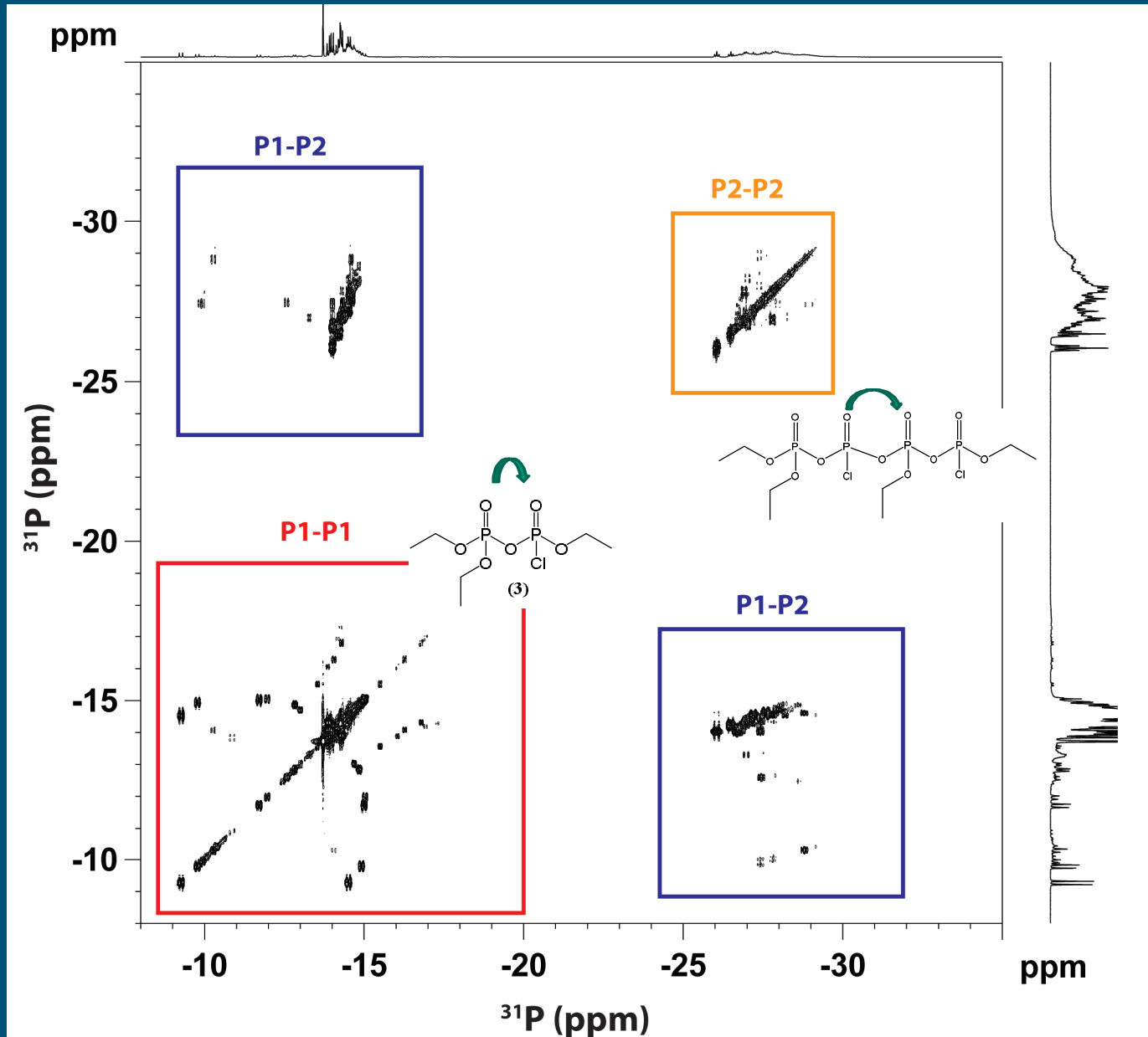
Can directly monitor chain growth (condensation)....

P1 = end groups

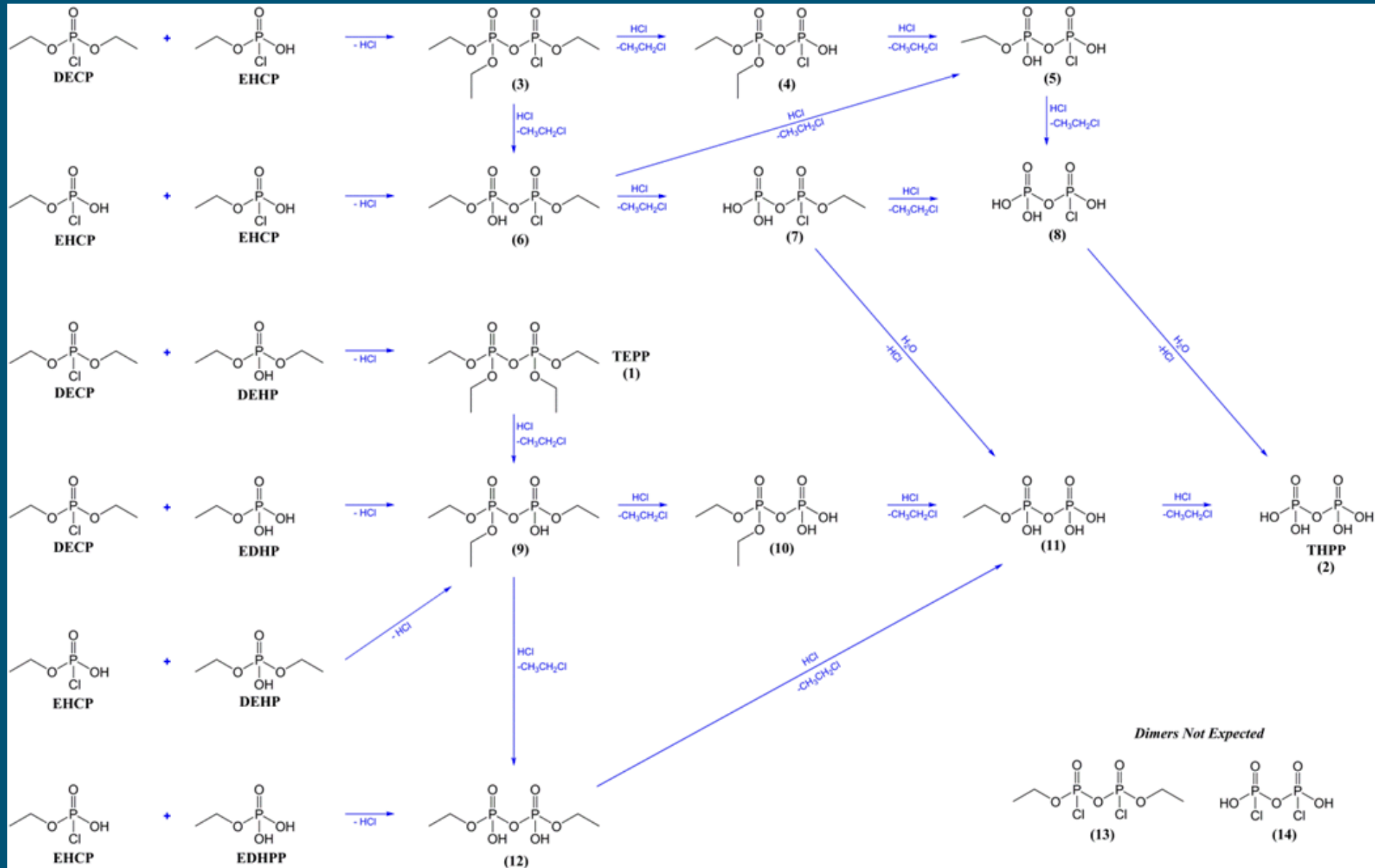
P2 = intrachain groups

P3 = Crosslinks

2D COSY from a almost complete reaction.

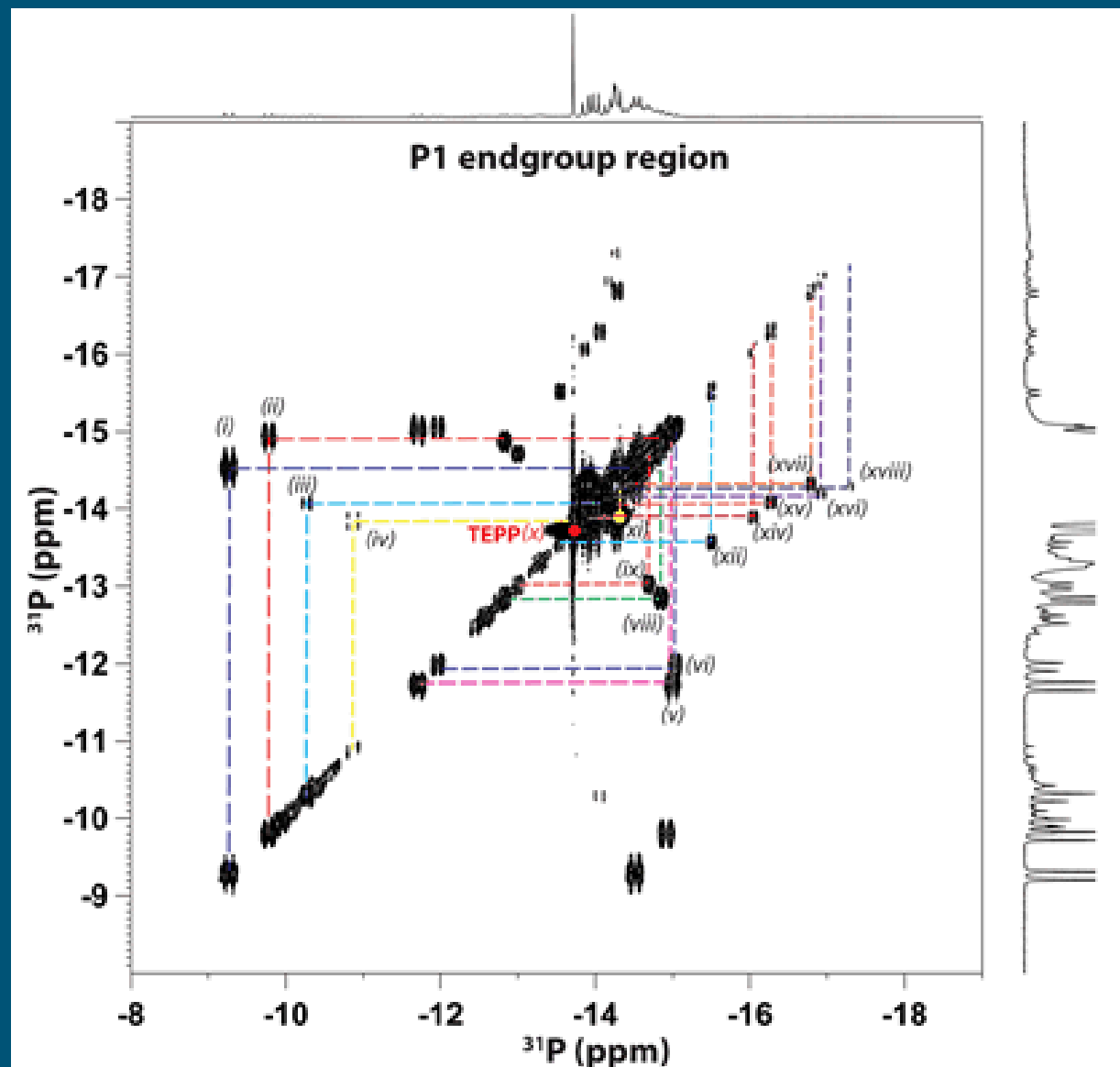


Cascade of Condensation Reactions

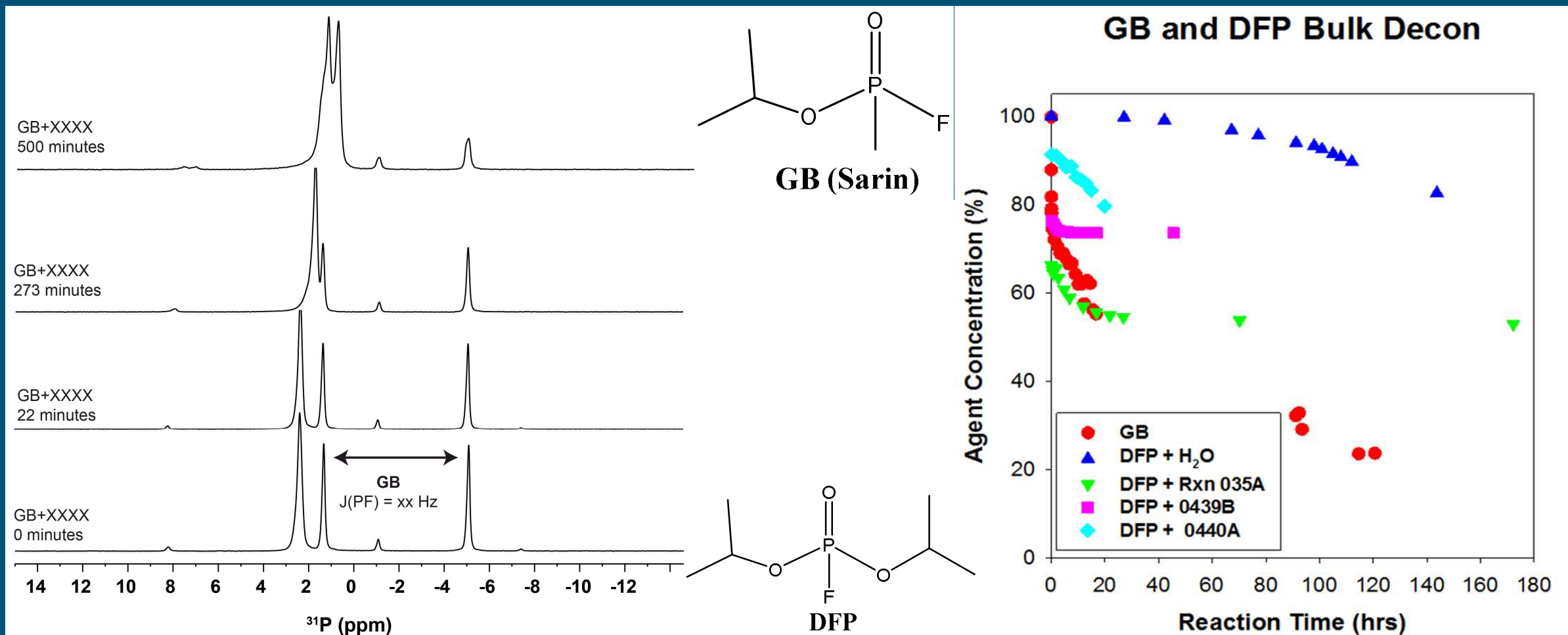


Observation of Majority of Dimer Structures in ^{31}P COSY

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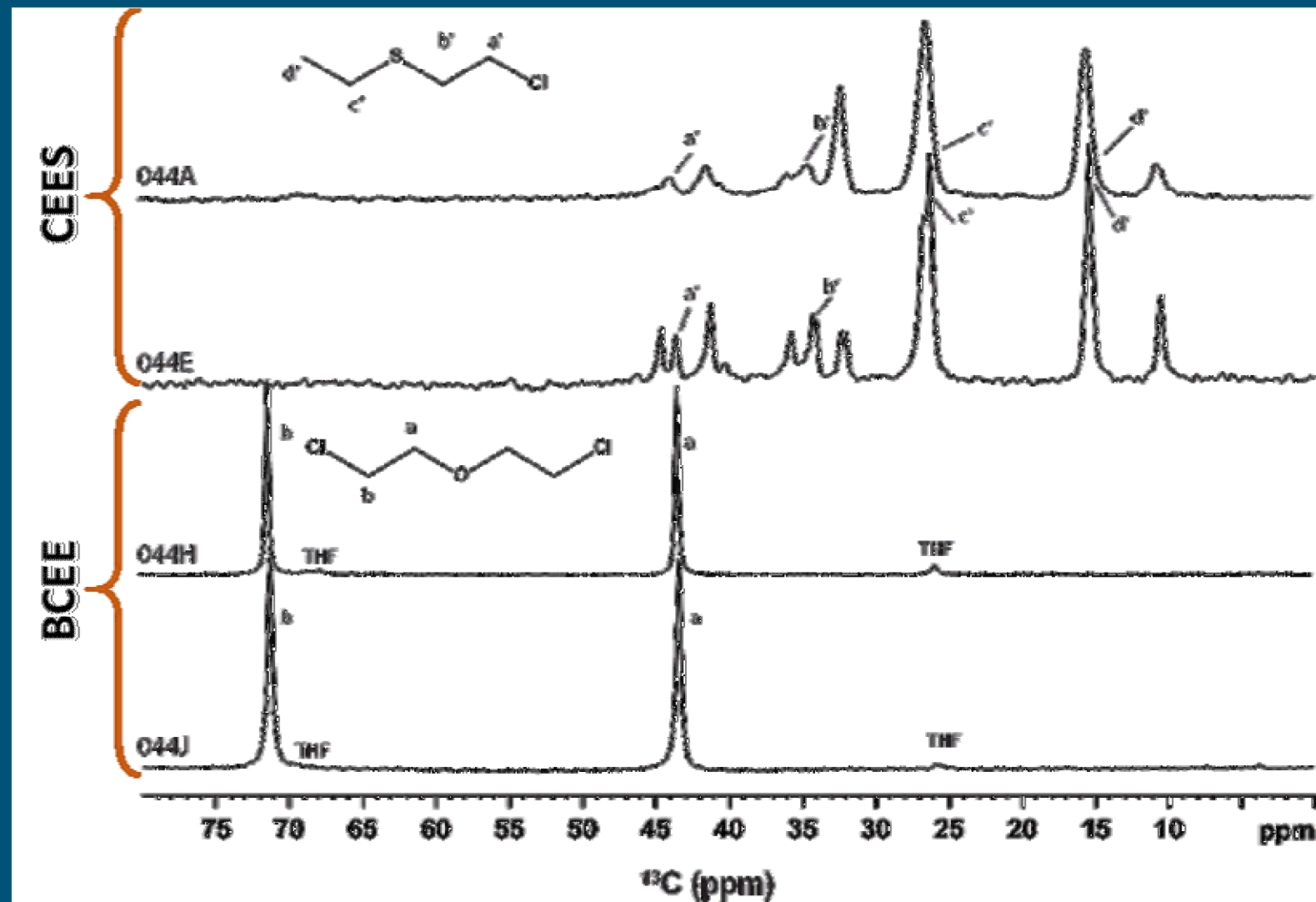
Bulk Decontamination: Agents and Simulants



**GB reactions performed at Edgewood

Other Nuclei – ^{13}C NMR Decontamination of HD Simulants

- Reaction chemistry varies with simulant used.
- No large data base comparing reactivities for CWAs and simulants.
- Can provide guidance for selection of simulants in HD directed efforts.

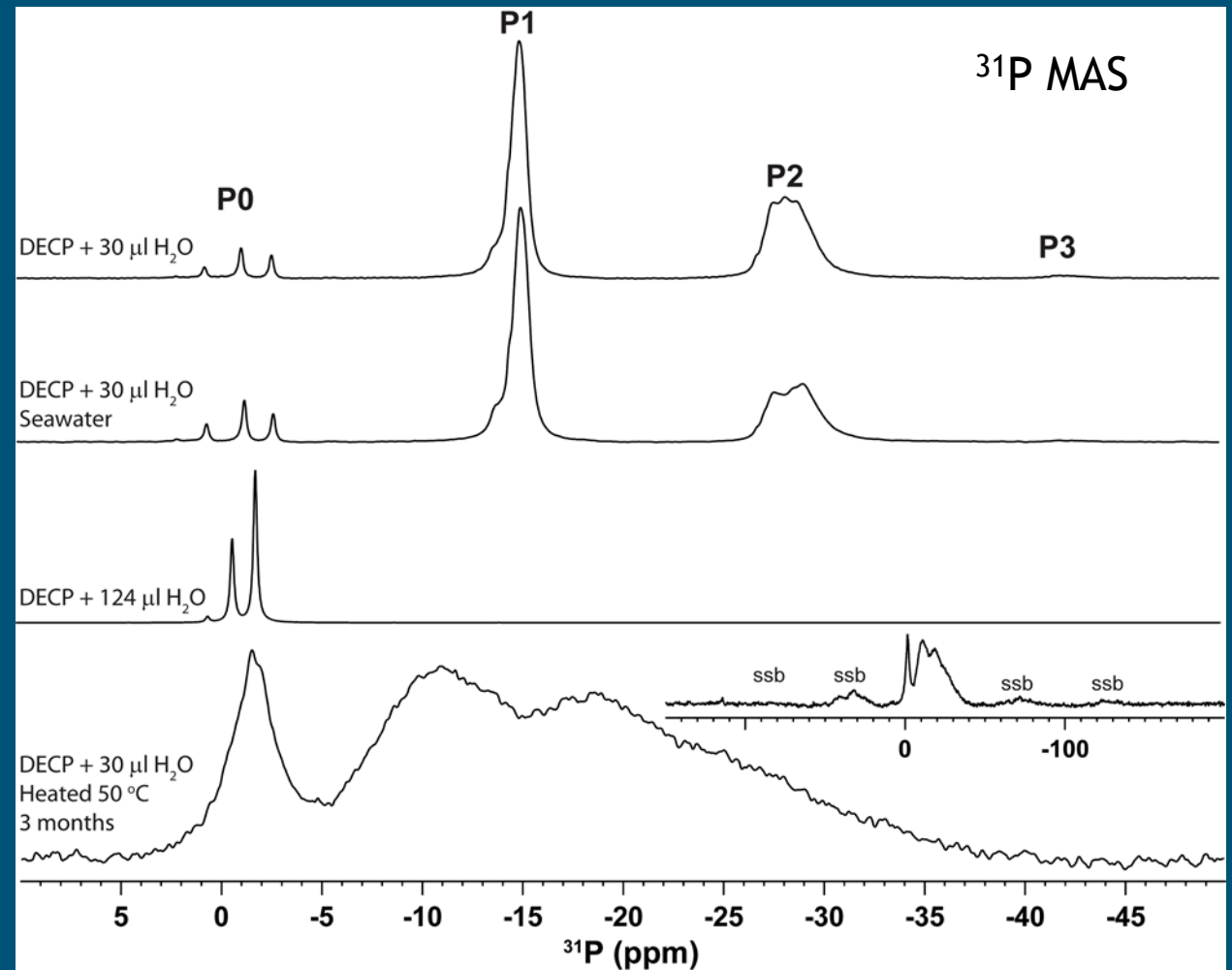
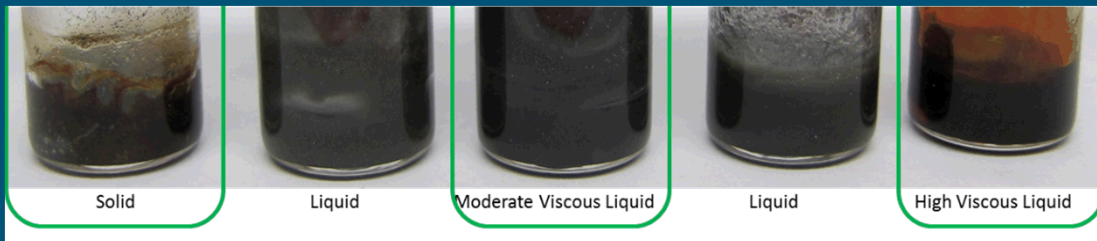


MAS NMR of Solid Precipitate for Many Reactions

BCEE

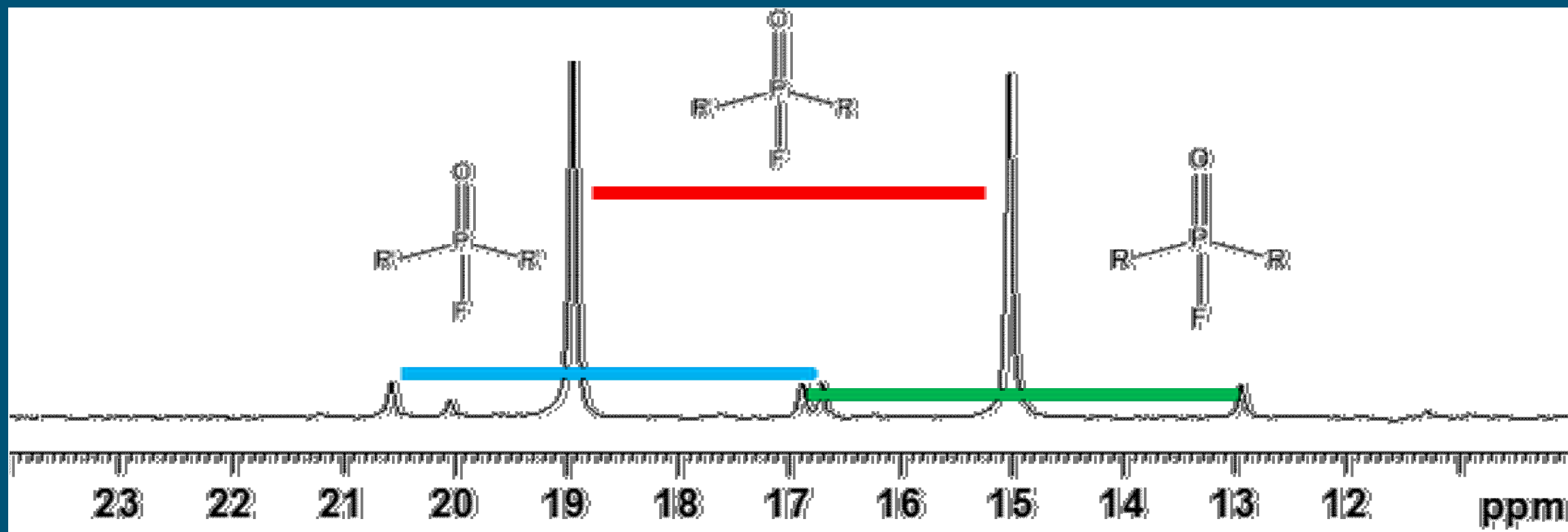


CEES



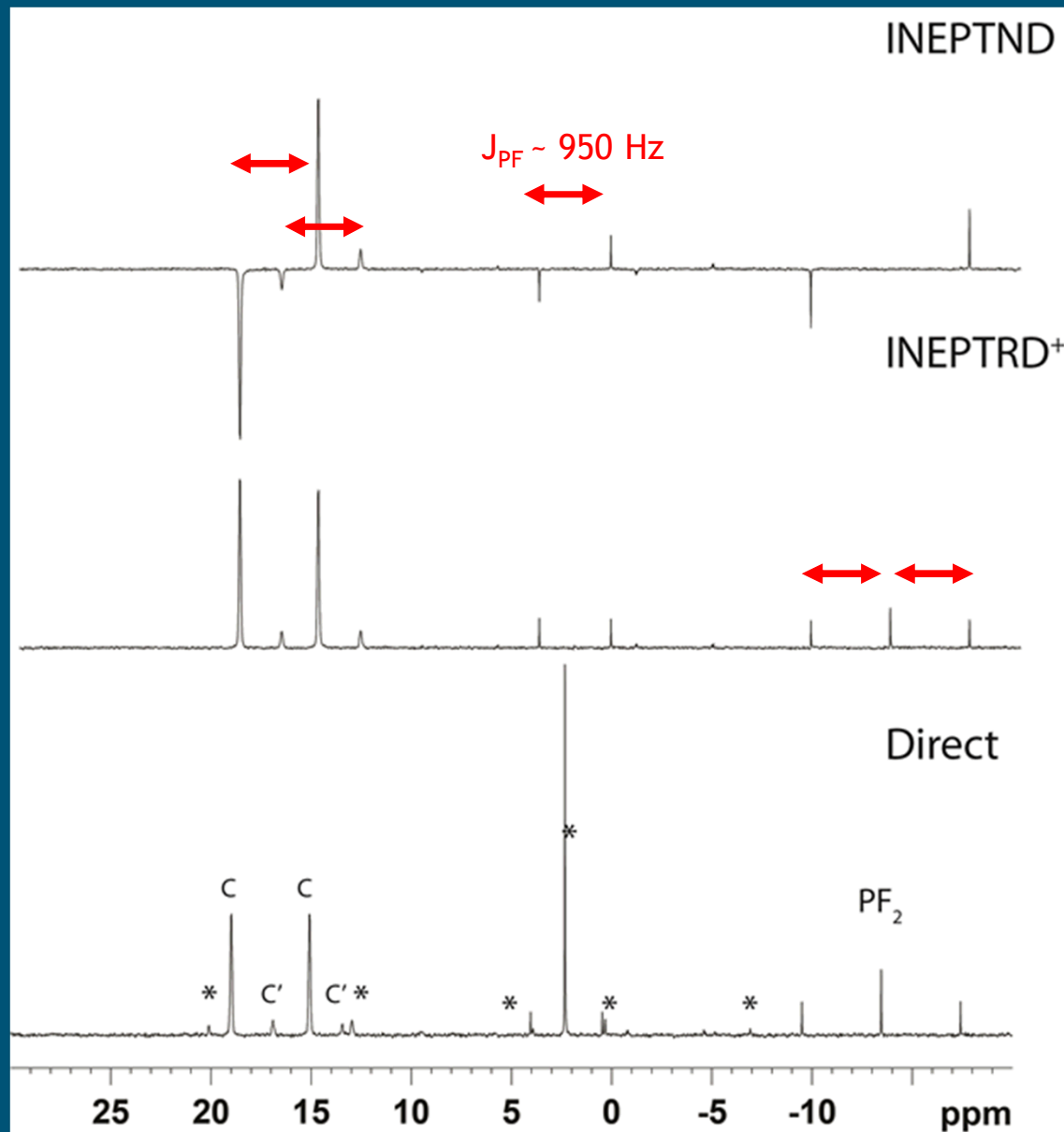
^{31}P NMR Synthetic Signatures - Forensics

- R and R' different ligands.
- In some instances get combinations during synthesis (Forensics).
- Some decontamination reactions also cause ligand exchange (toxicity?)



^{31}P - ^{19}F INEPT NMR of Degradation Species

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- For compounds containing P-F bonds the INEPT (Insensitive Nuclei Enhancement by Polarization Transfer) experiment is powerful.
- Immediately can identify compounds containing P-F bonds and those degradation species that do not (*).
- ^1H - ^{31}P coupling produces small multiplets, some loss of signal intensity.
- Probe limitations... need that ^1H - ^{19}F -X tunable probe!
- Observed some significant ^{19}F frequency offset effects with standard 180° pulses... need to explore adiabatic and shaped pulses for broadband excitation.*
- 2D HMQC and HMBC conflicts between large J and gradient pulse lengths.*

Acknowledgements



Dr. Mark K. Kinnan (Sandia), WMD Threats & Aerosol Science Department
Decontamination chemistry expert. DTRA PI

David McGarvey, Toxicology Branch, R&T Directorate, U.S. Army ECBC



Brendan Wilson (UG West Virginia Univ.) DHS-STEM Fellowship
Currently Graduate Student at Ohio State University.



Randi Poirier, Sandia Technical Staff.



UG University New Mexico, Student Intern
Currently Graduate Student at University Colorado Bolder.

Thanks for your attention.....