

# Microwave Spectroscopy of resistive Film Gated HIGFETS and MOSFETS

SAND2018-1930C

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*contract DE-NA0003525*

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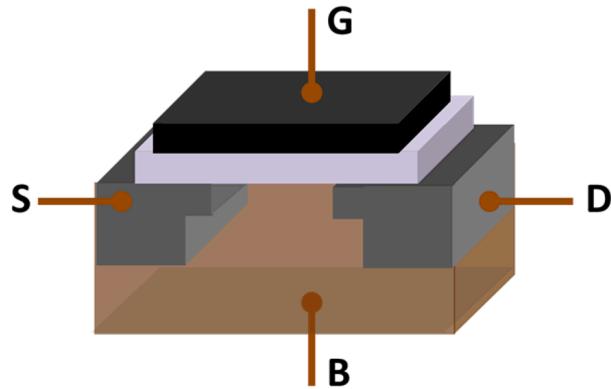
APS March Meeting, March 2018



# Outline

- What are Metal-Oxide-Semiconductor Field-Effect Transistors (MOSFET) and Heterojunction Field-Effect Transistors (HIGFET)?
- How we modified them.
- Computational Modeling.
- Comparison of DC behavior to the model.
- Experimental evidence device is working.

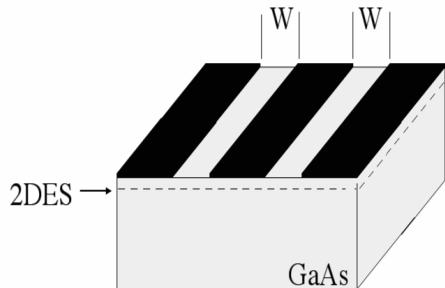
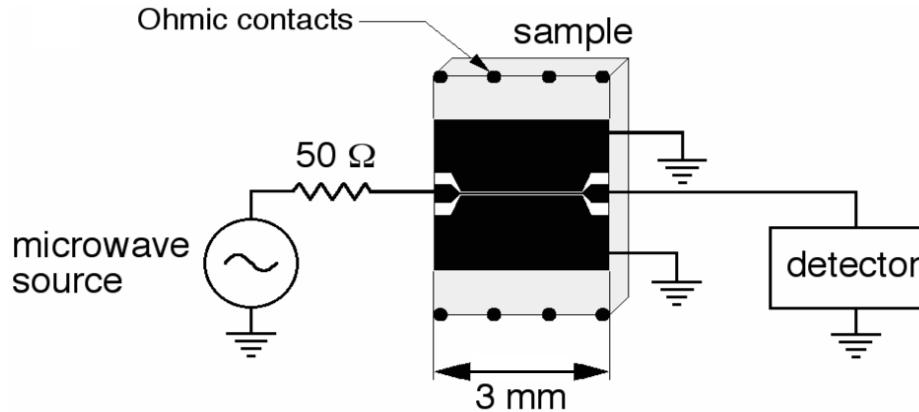
# What are MOSFETS and HIGFETS, and how we modified them.



B = Base  
S = Source  
D = Drain  
G = Gate

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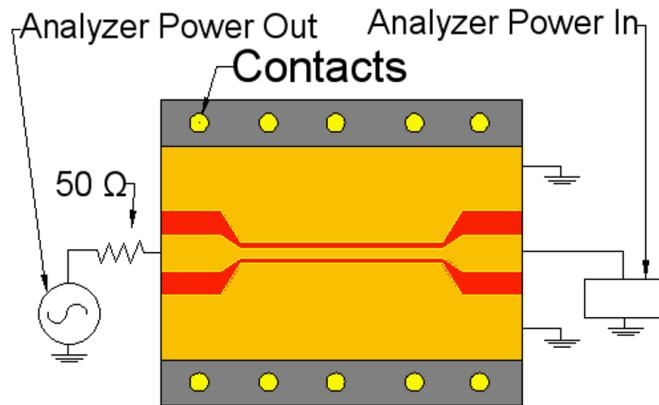
# Measuring Technique



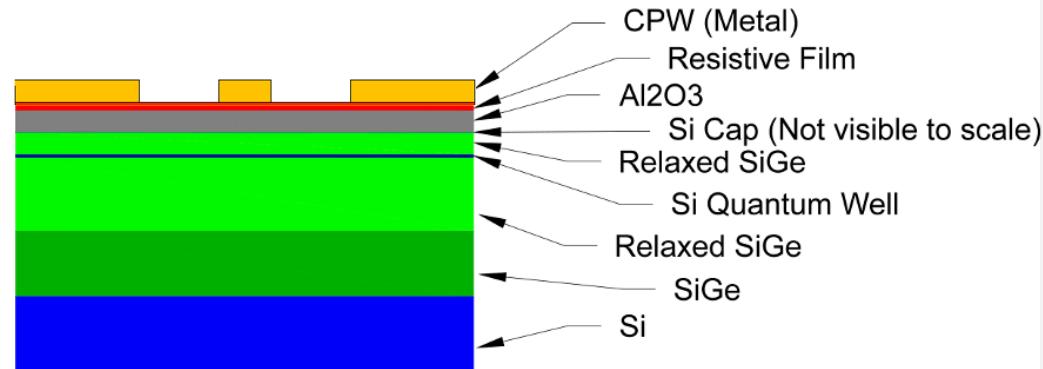
- Metal film makes coplanar waveguide (CPW) transmission line
- Center conductor driven, side planes grounded, “like coax”
- $\text{Re}(\sigma_{xx})$  from 2DES effect on signal

# Our devices and how we measure them

Diagram of Coplanar Waveguide (CPW)

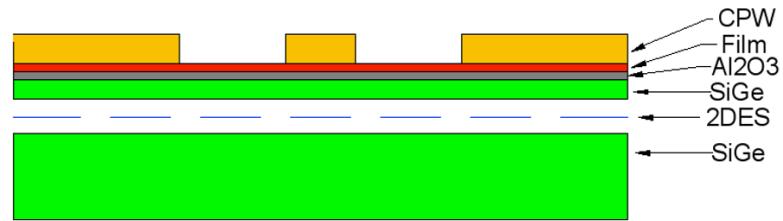
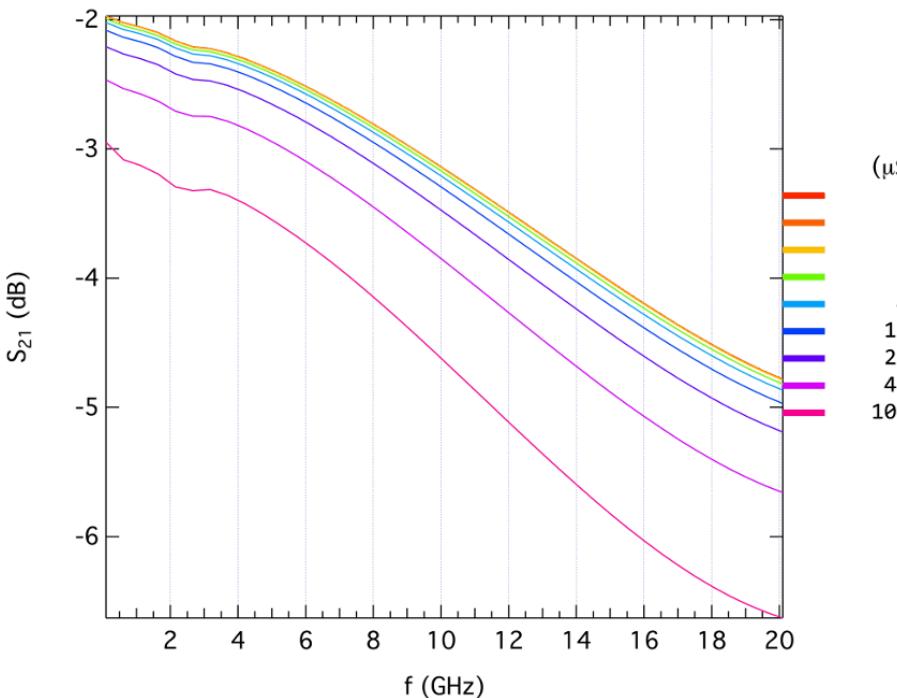


Scaled Cross Section of Device



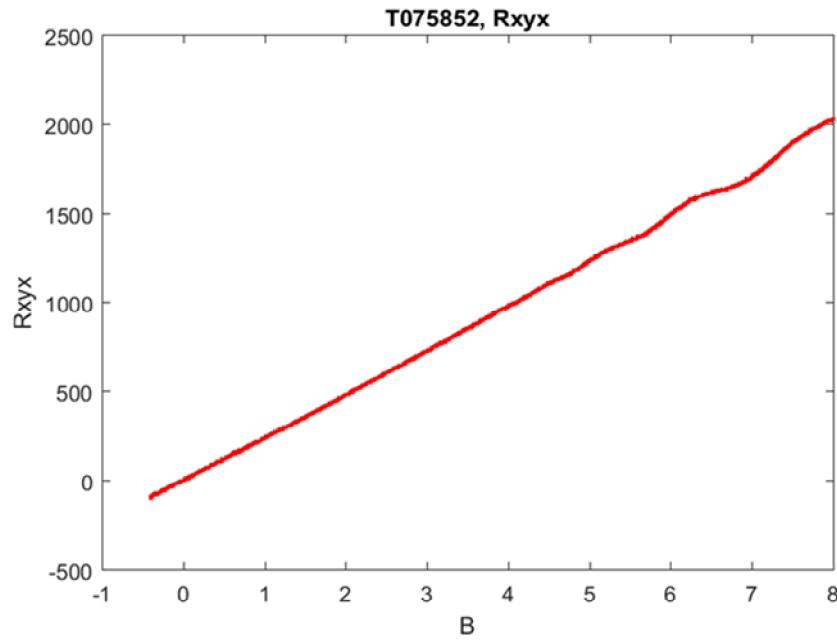
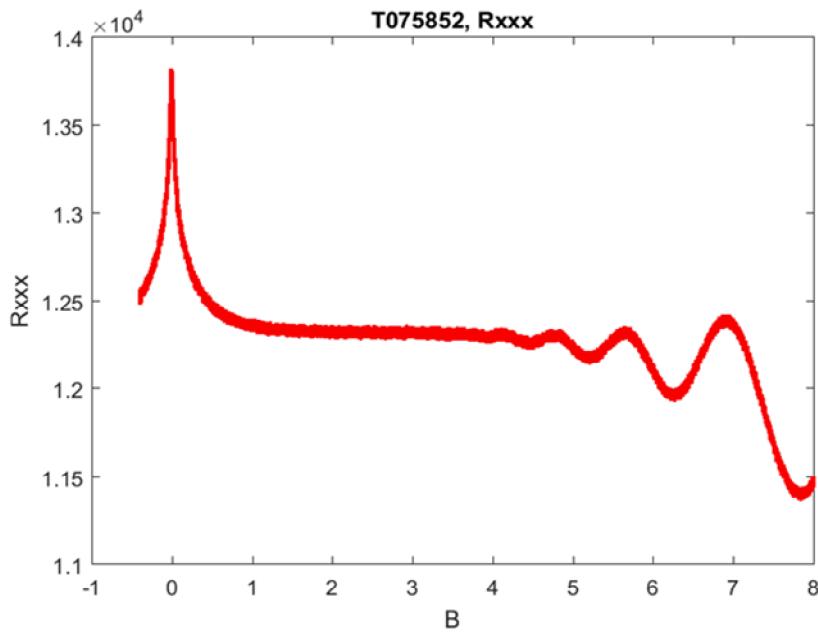
# Sonnet Modeling of Frequency Response

Sonnet Modeling of a HIGFET



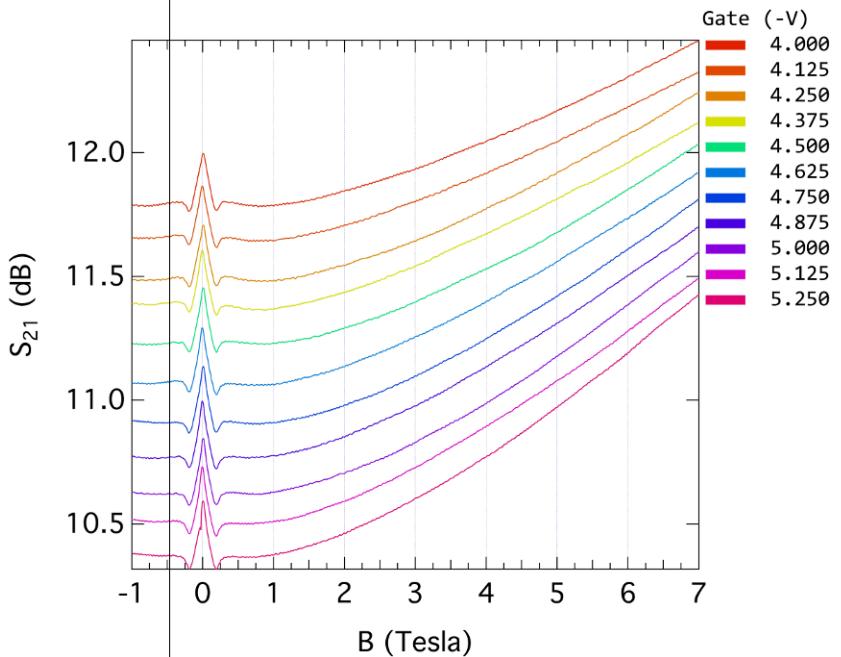
Example of Simplified Stack Used for Modeling, Not To Scale

# DC MOSFET Behavior

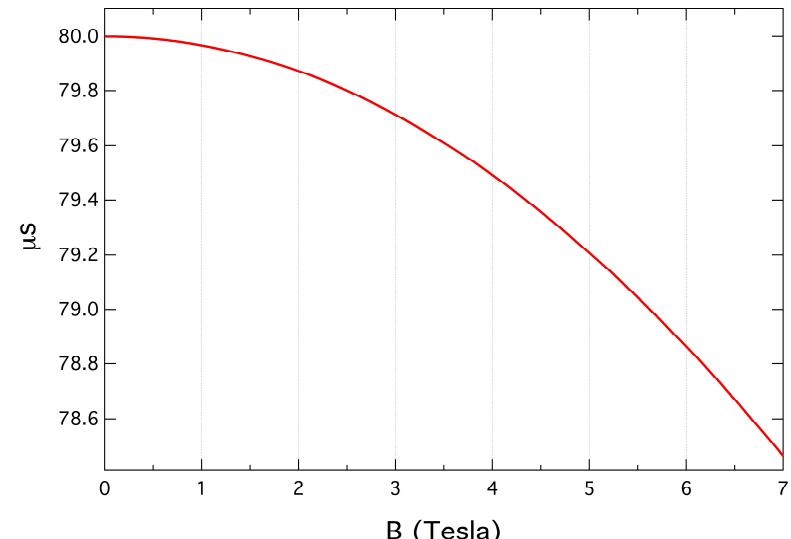


# High B MOSFET

MOSFET Magnetic Field Response



Idealized Conductivity



$$\ln |S_{21}| \sim -\sigma_{xx} = -\frac{\rho_{xx}}{\rho_{xx}^2 + \rho_{xy}^2}$$

$$\rho_{xy} = \frac{B}{ne}$$

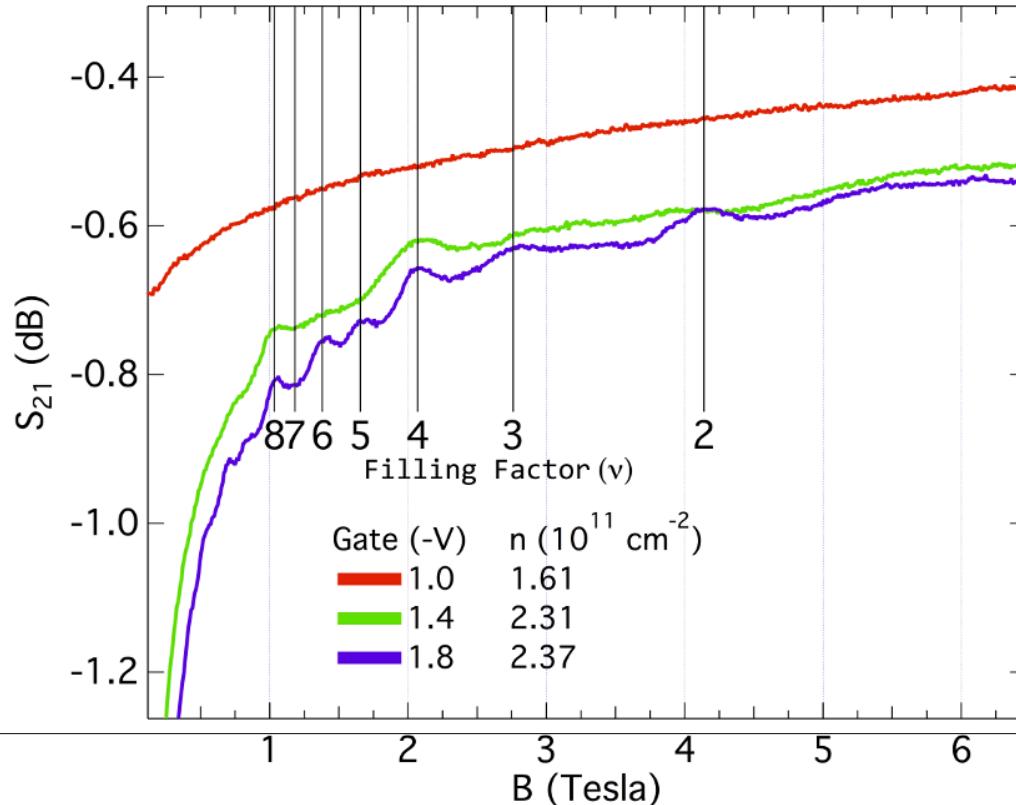
# Quantum Hall in a HIGFET

Landau Filling

$$\nu = \frac{nh}{eB}$$

Mobility

$$\mu = \frac{\sigma}{ne}$$



# Summary

- Add resistive film and CPW to devices.
- Resistive film prevents inhomogeneity in the 2D arising from the CPW, but also loads the CPW.
- Sonnet predicts limited frequency response of the device.
- Experimental data confirms Sonnet.
- So features seen in microwave spectroscopy should be from the 2D layer.
- Observed Quantum Hall proves microwave spectroscopy works.