

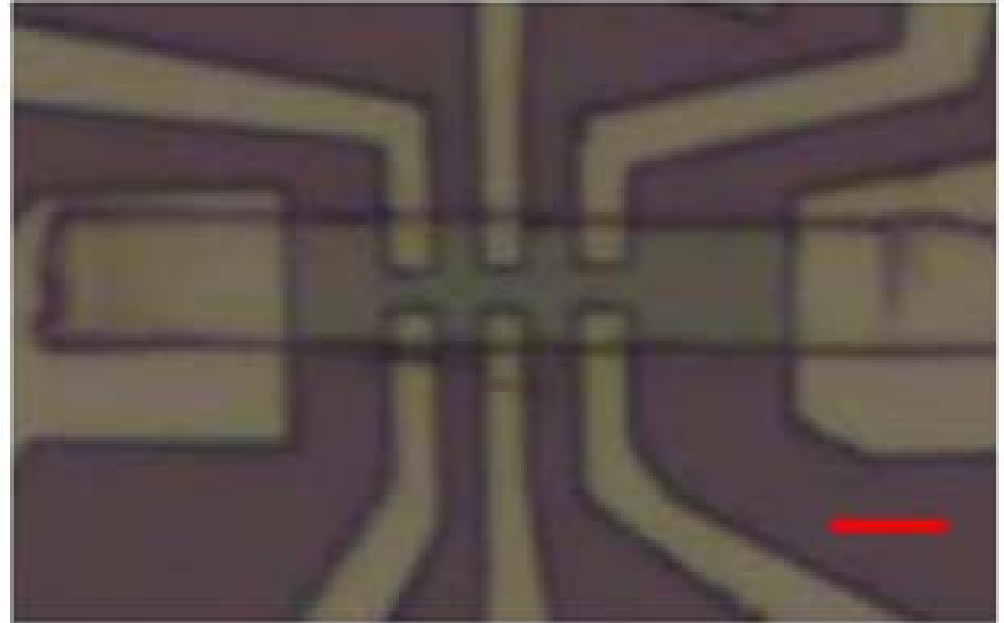
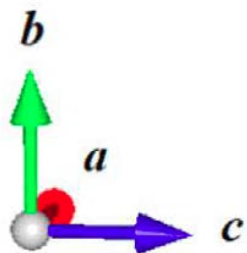
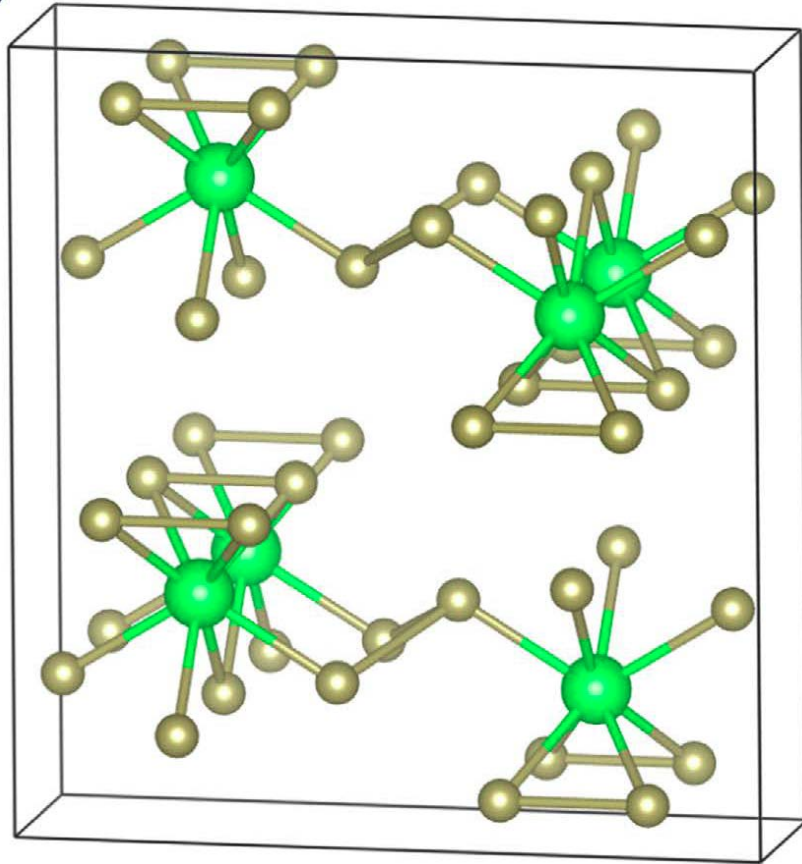
Quantum Transport Studies in Two Dirac Semimetals

Wei Pan

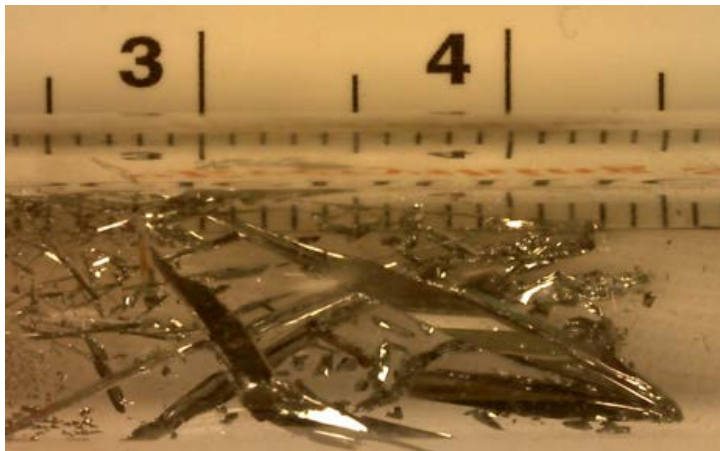
Sandia National Labs

Outline –

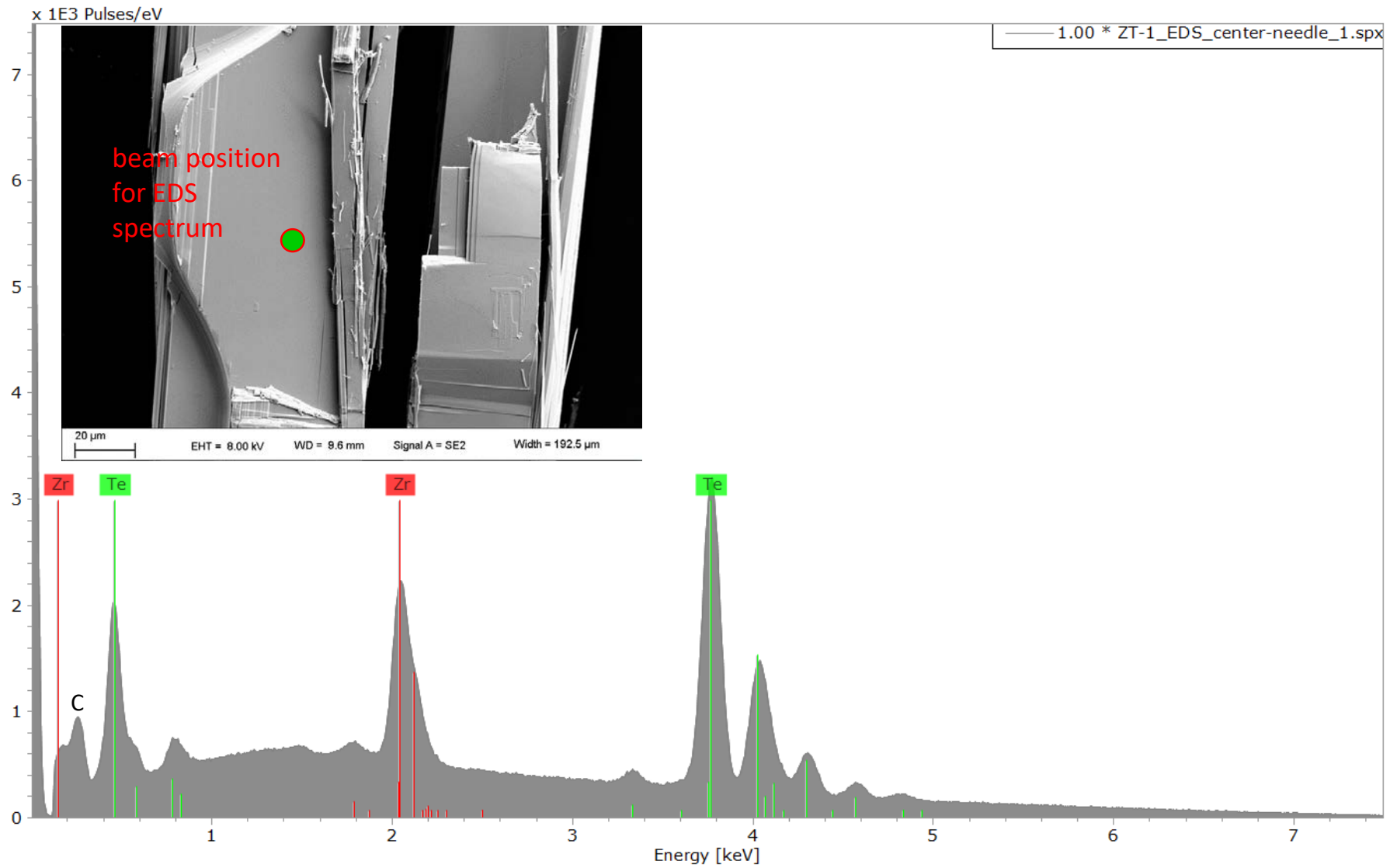
- Quantum transport studies in ZrTe_5
 - Growth and characterization
 - Photocurrent
 - Quantum oscillations at fractional Landau index
- Quantum transport studies in Cd_3As_2
 - Quantum oscillations and Berry phase
 - Proximity induced superconductivity in Josephson junctions



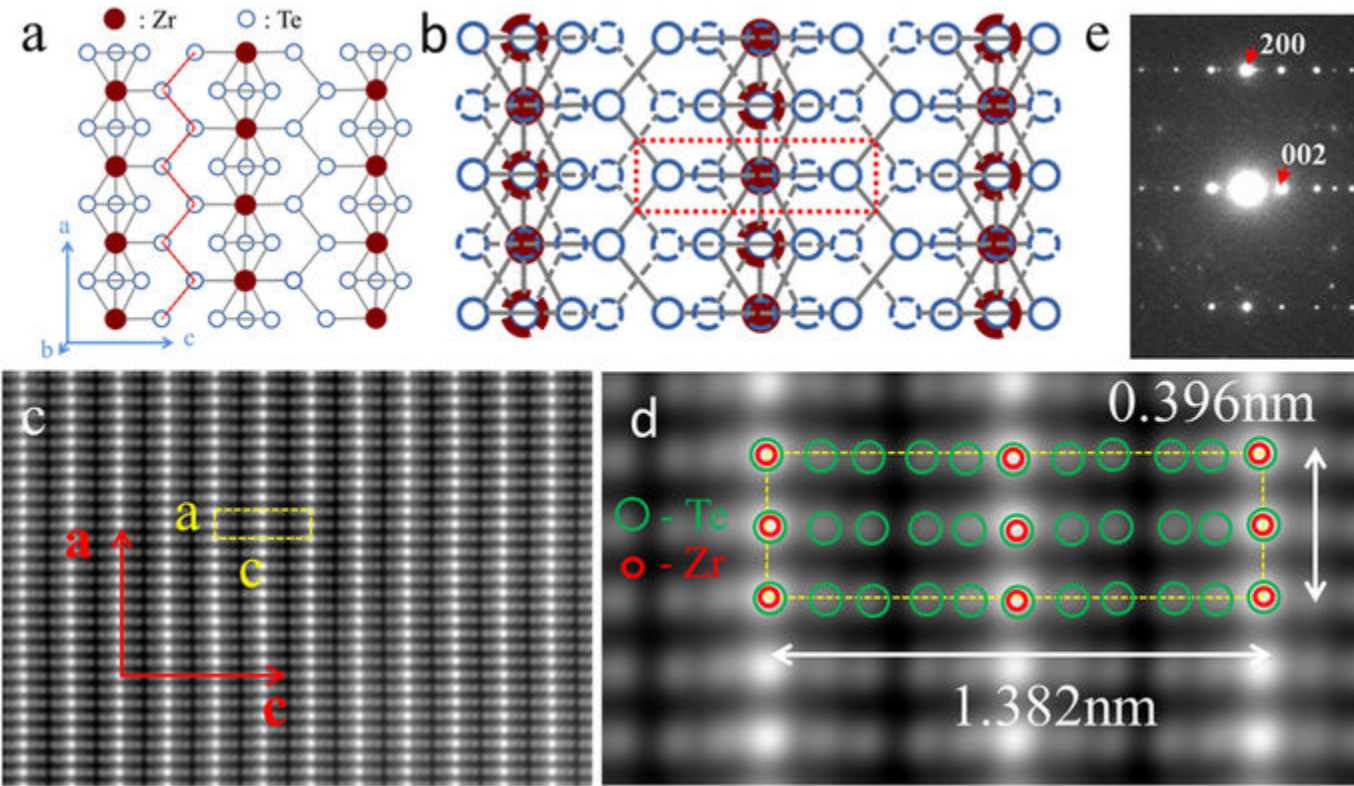
vapor transport growth



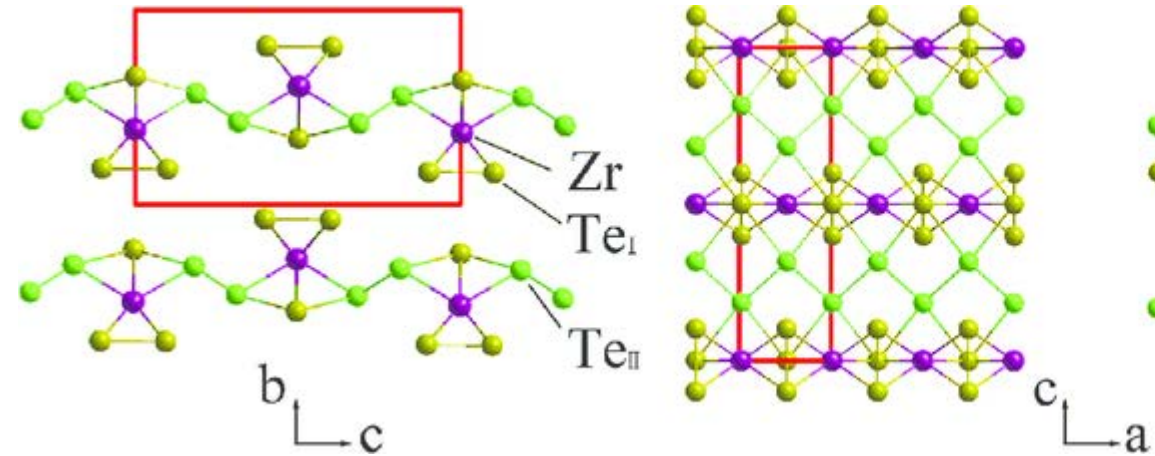
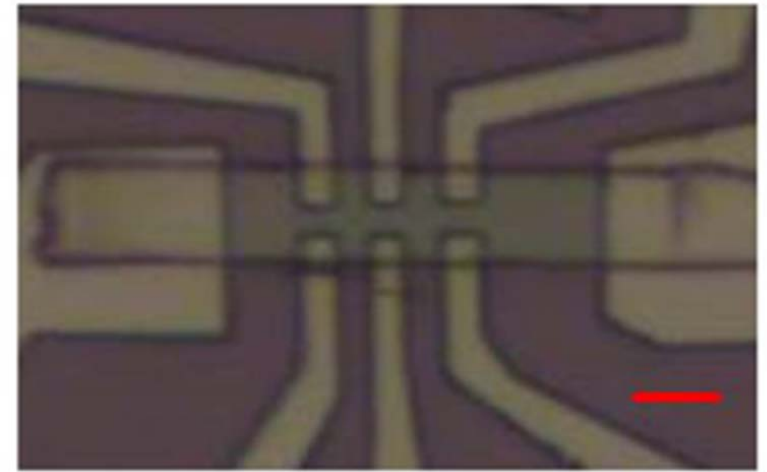
XRD



AC-STEM



W. Yu, et al. *Scientific Reports*, 6,35357 (2016)

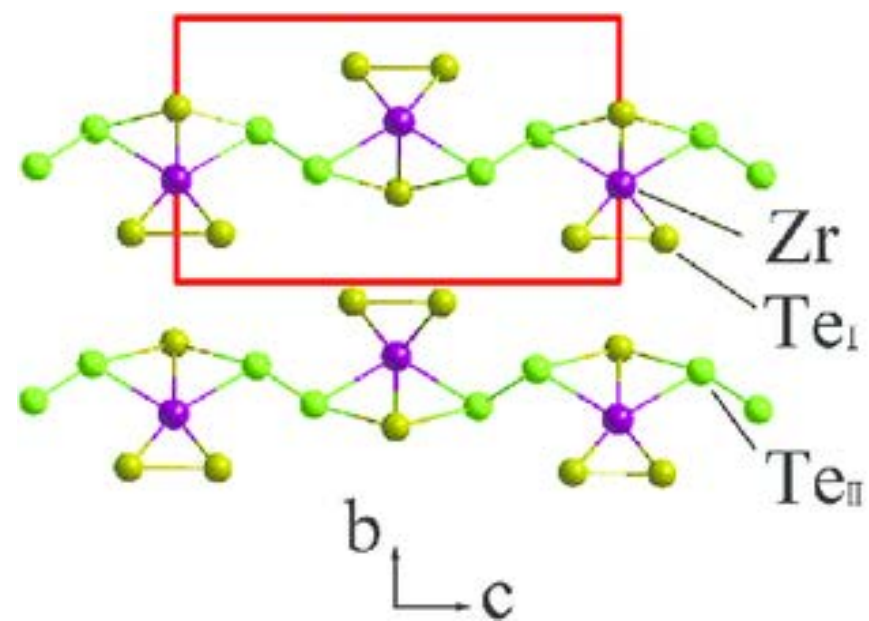
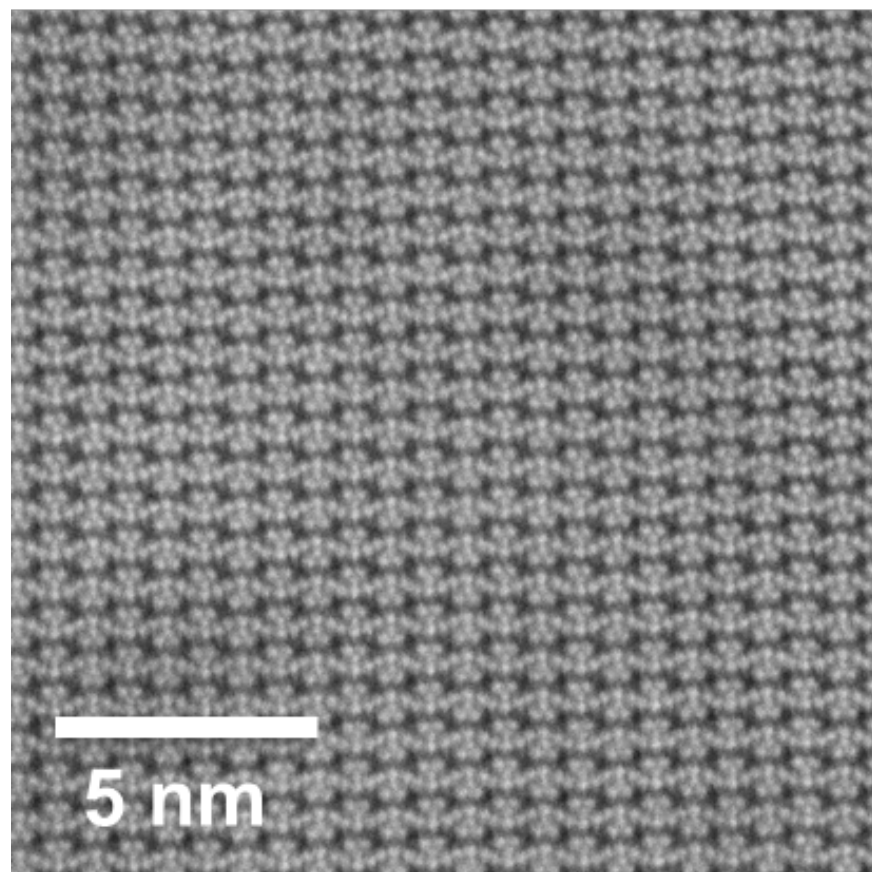


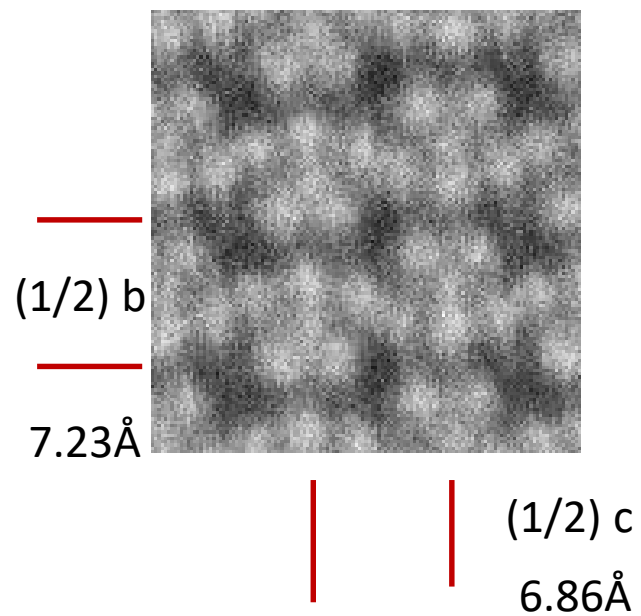
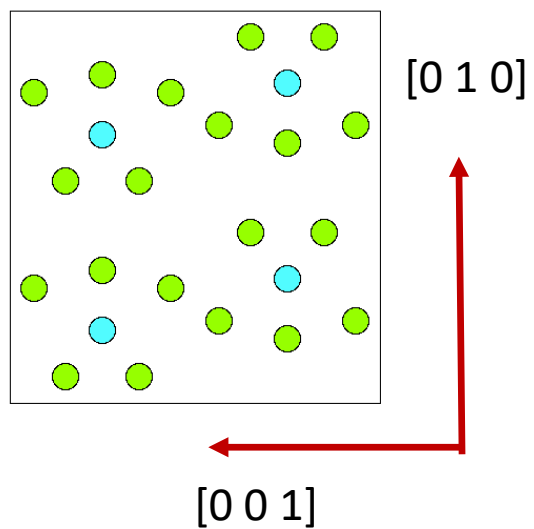
Spacegroup: Cmcm (#63)

$a=3.9875\text{\AA}$, $b=14.530\text{\AA}$, $c=13.724\text{\AA}$

H. Fjellvåg, A. Kjekshus, *Solid State Communications*, 60 (2) (1986) 91-93

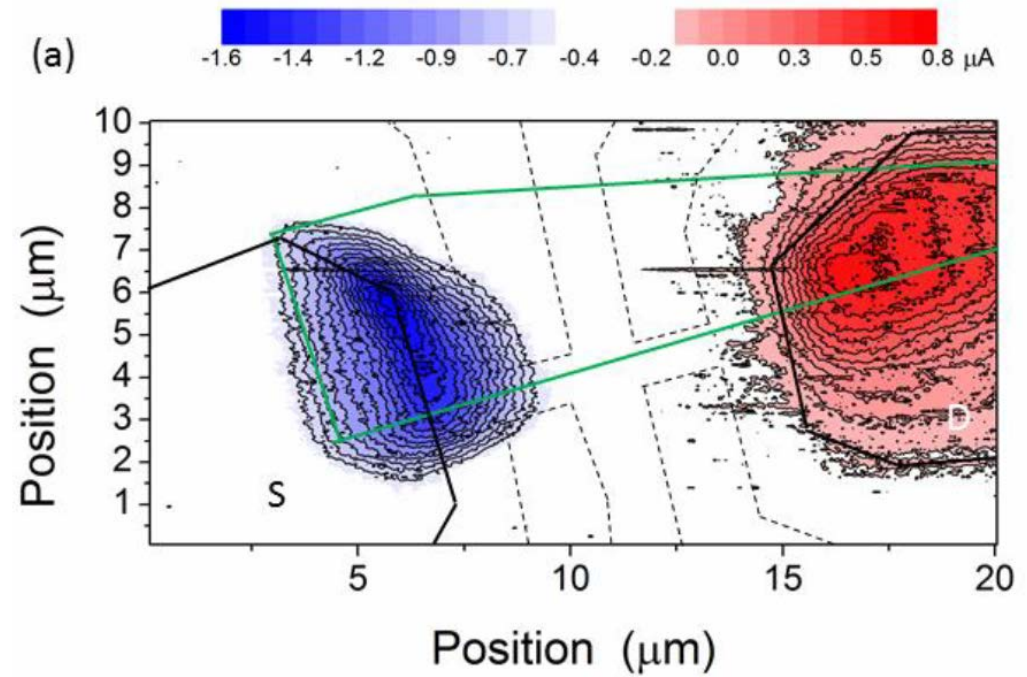
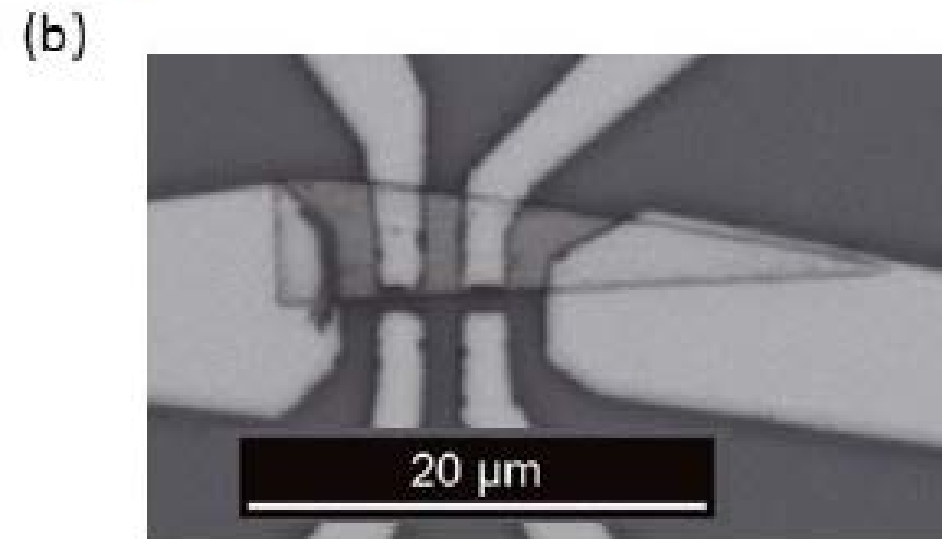
HAADF-STEM





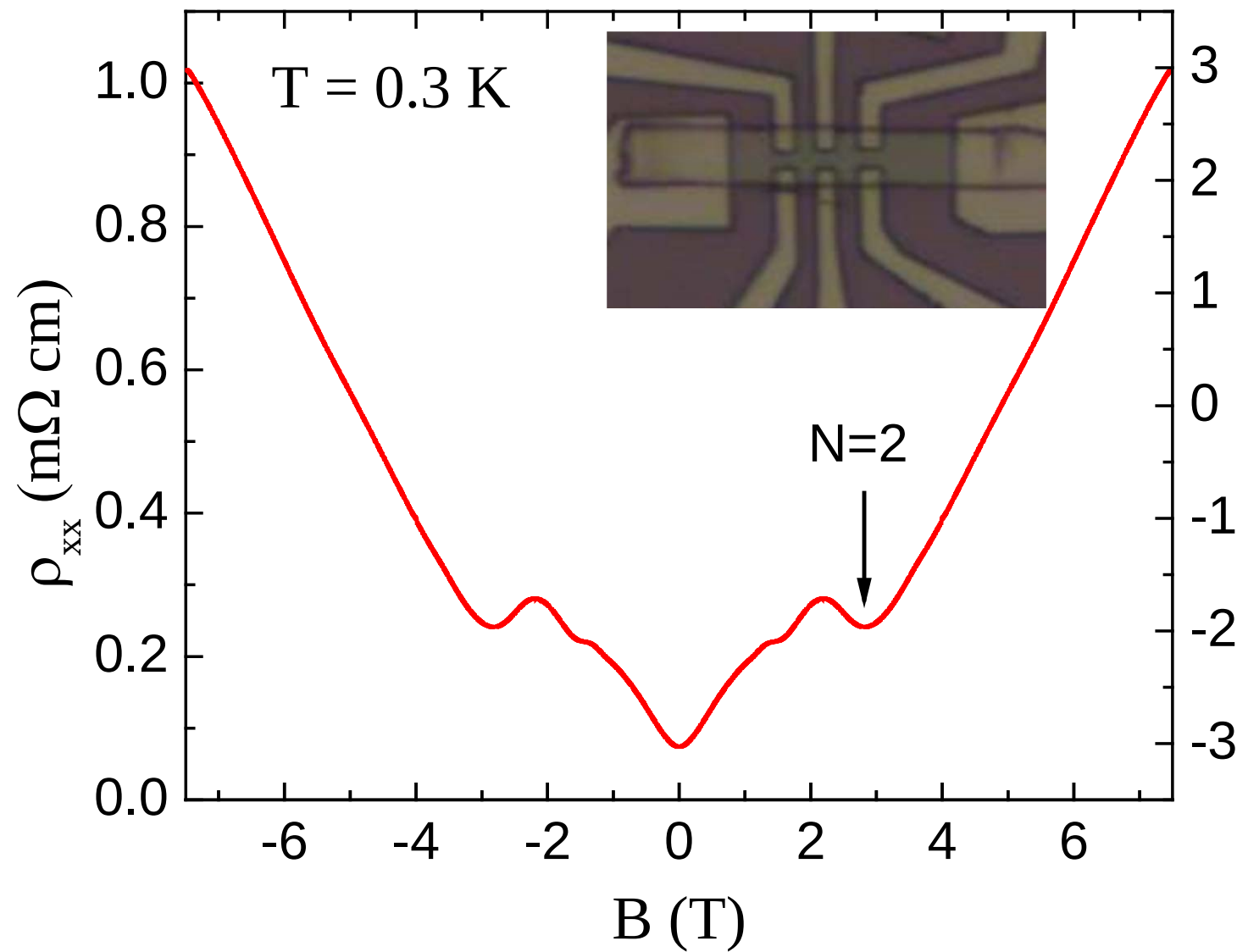
Spacegroup: Cmcm (#63)
 $a=3.9875\text{\AA}$, $b=14.530\text{\AA}$, $c=13.724\text{\AA}$

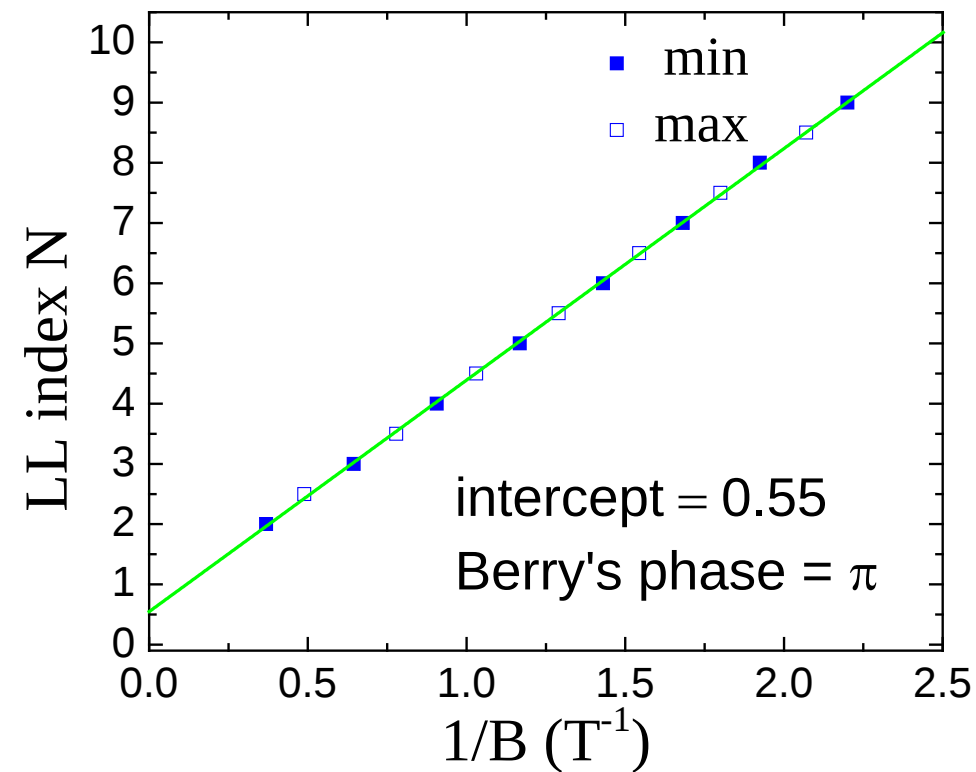
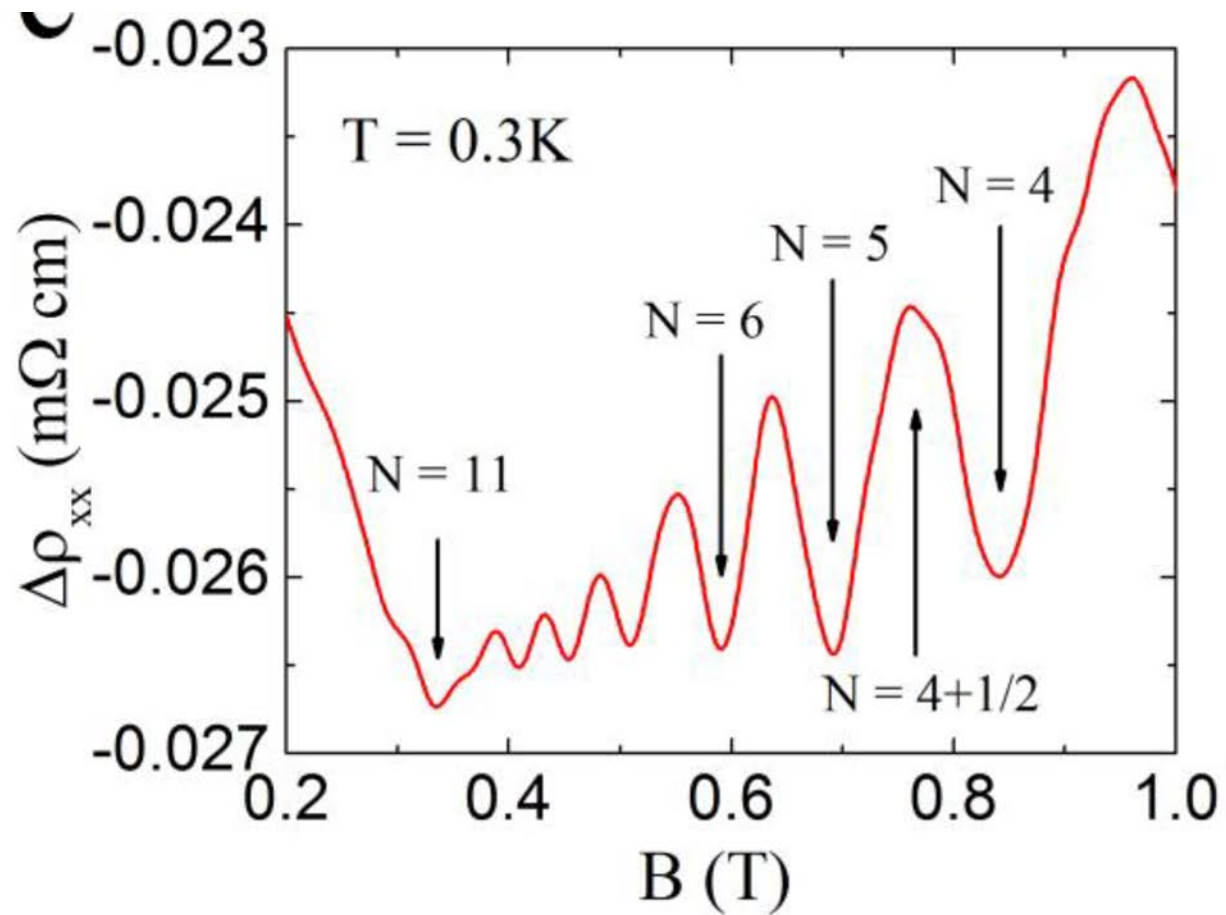
scanning photocurrent microscopy



- a very strong photothermoelectric response under visible light illumination
- a responsivity as high as 74 V/W and a Noise-Equivalent Power as low as 42 pW/Hz^{1/2} at room temperature.
- ZrTe₅ a promising material to realize high performance, room-temperature, broadband, photodetectors.

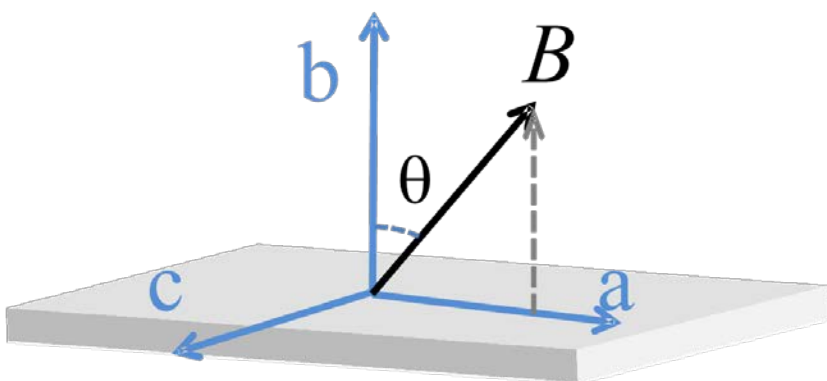
Quantum oscillations in ZrTe5



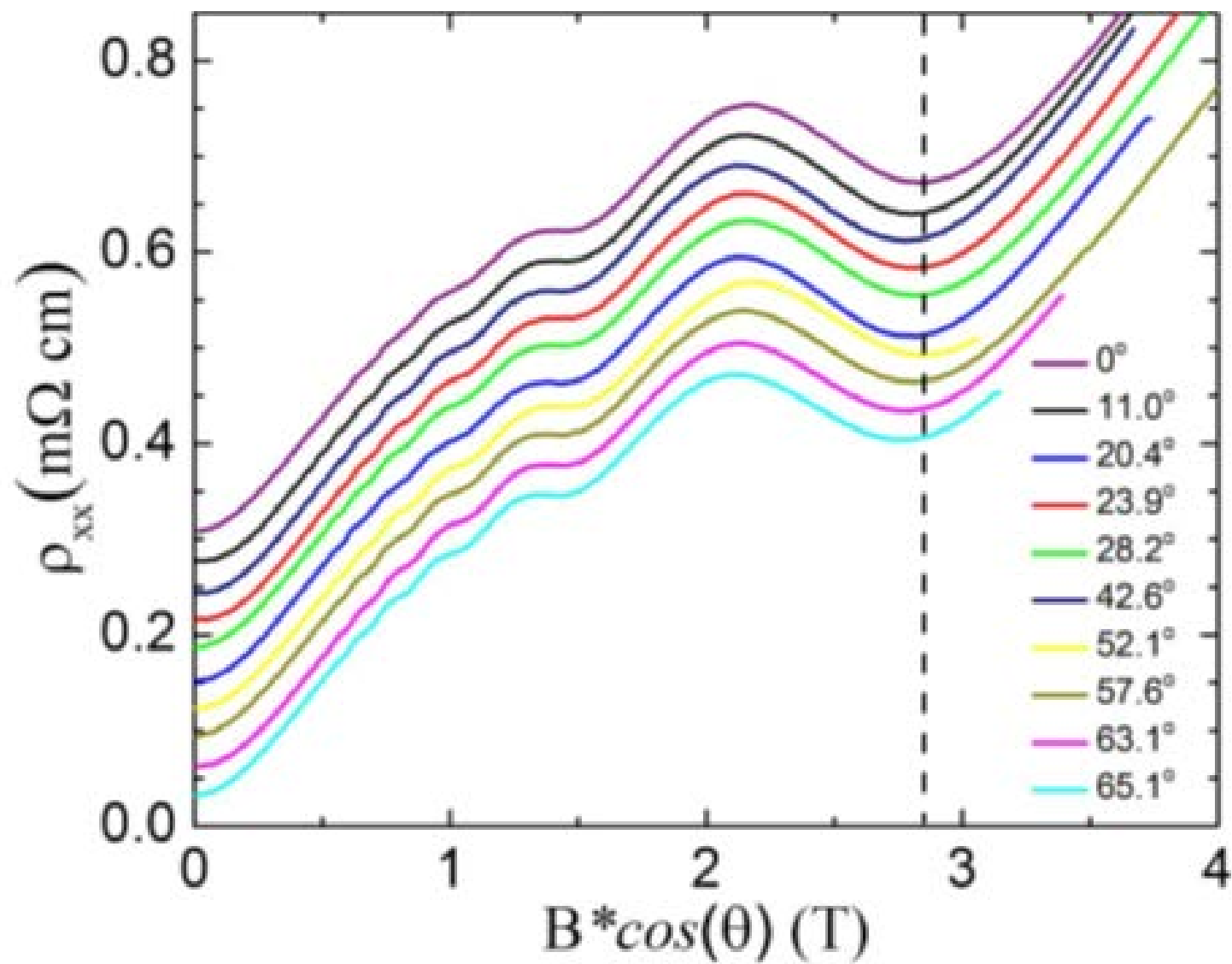


1. $\mu_q = 1/B = 2.5 \times 10^4 \text{ cm}^2 \text{V}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$

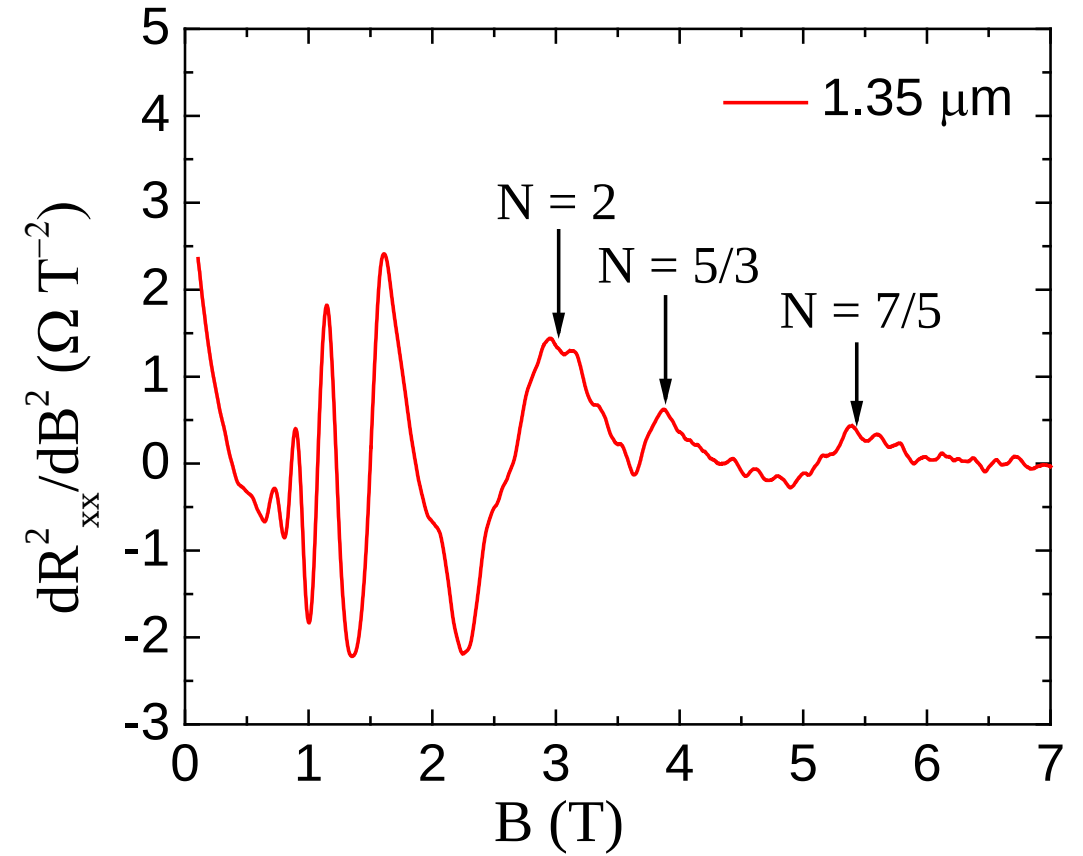
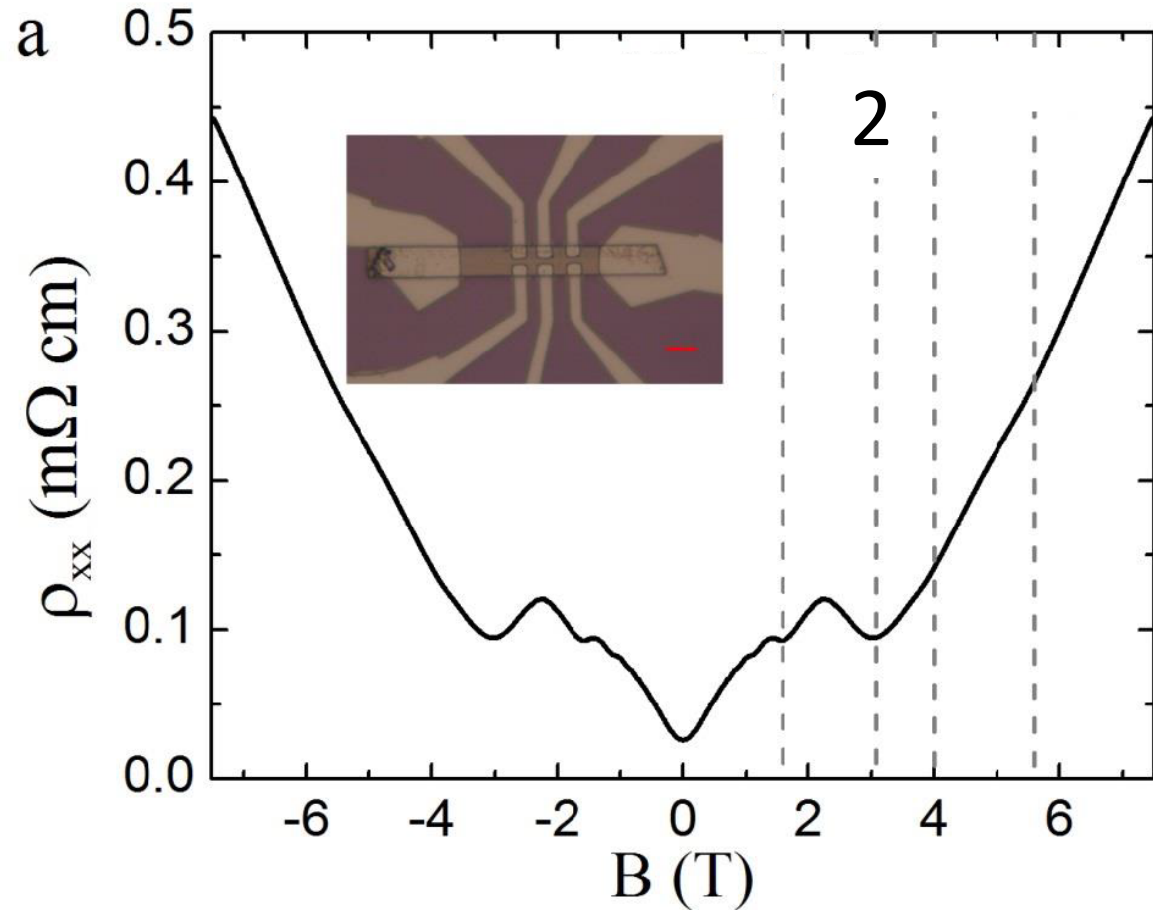
2. $n^{\text{SdH}} = \frac{2e}{h} \frac{N}{1/B} = 1.86 \times 10^{11} \text{ cm}^{-2}$

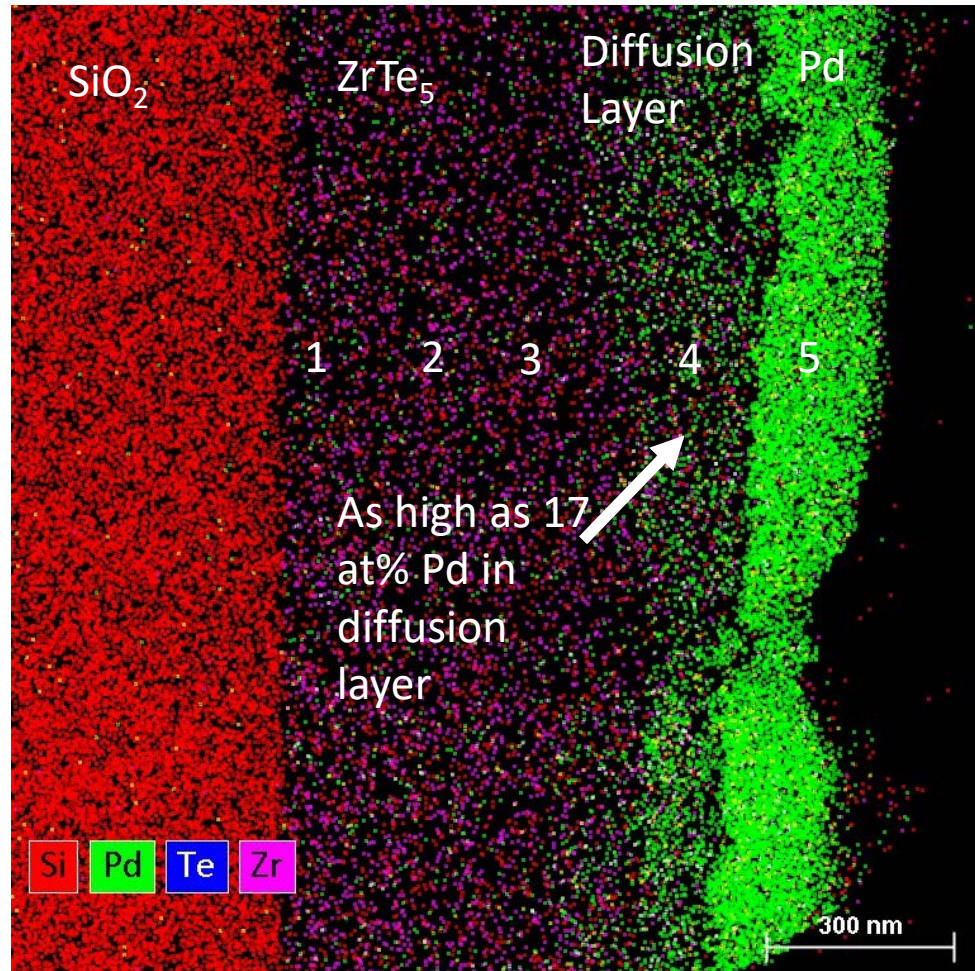


$$B_{\perp} = B * \cos(\theta)$$



Quantum Oscillations at Fractional Landau levels





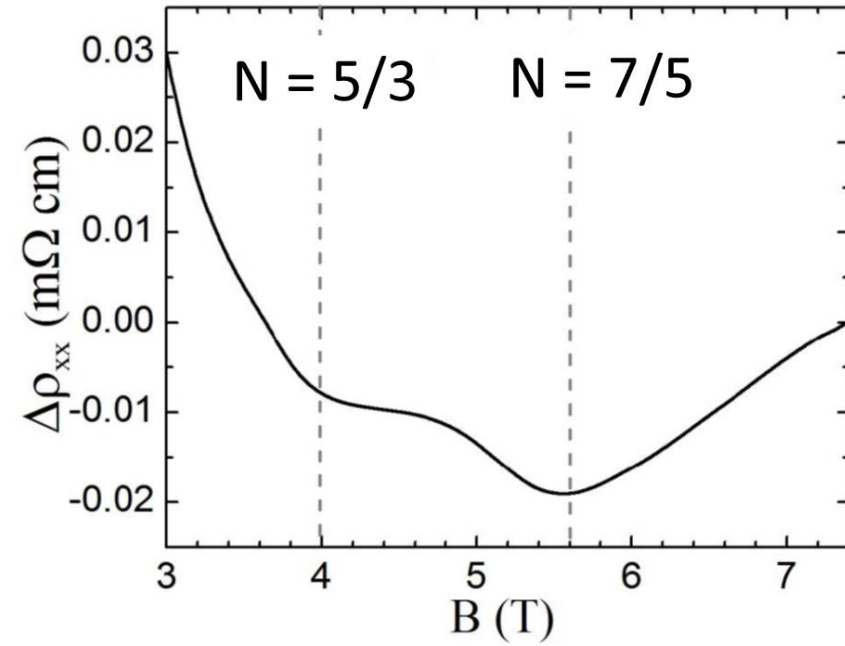
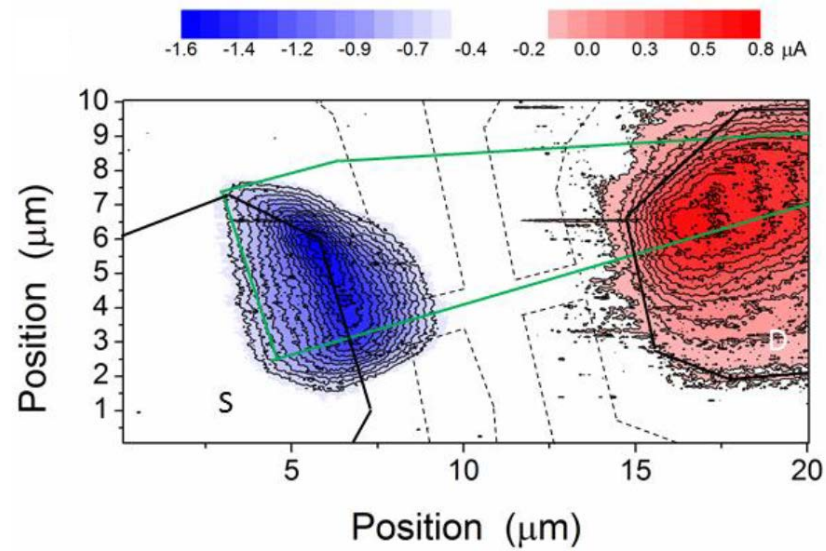
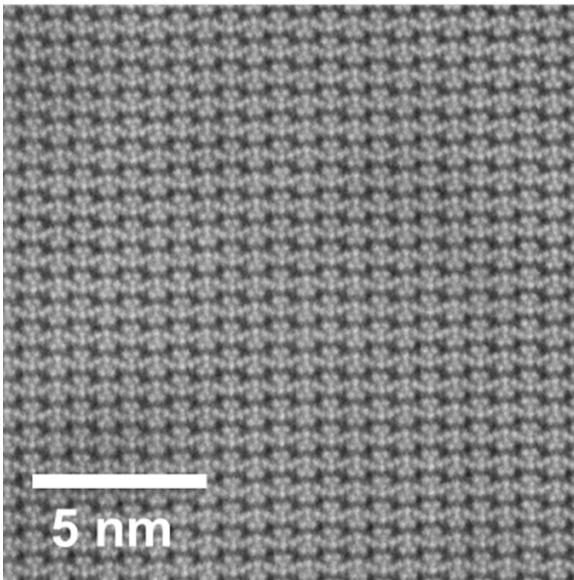
Pd-containing ZrTe₅ does not show evidence for additional phases (from diffraction studies), consistent with Pd diffusing in based on our DFT calculations.

DFT calculations:

- No evidence of Pd reacting with ZrTe₅
- Suggestions of Pd diffusing into ZrTe₅
- Ionic radius of Pd⁺² ~ 86-100 pm

Summaries of experimental results in ZrTe_5

HAADF-STEM



Quantum transport studies in Cd_3As_2

Band structure of cadmium arsenide at room temperature*

M. J. Aubin, L. G. Caron, and J.-P. Jay-Gerin[†]

*Groupe de Recherche sur les Semiconducteurs et les Diélectriques et Département de Physique, Université de Sherbrooke,
Sherbrooke, Québec, Canada, J1K 2R1*

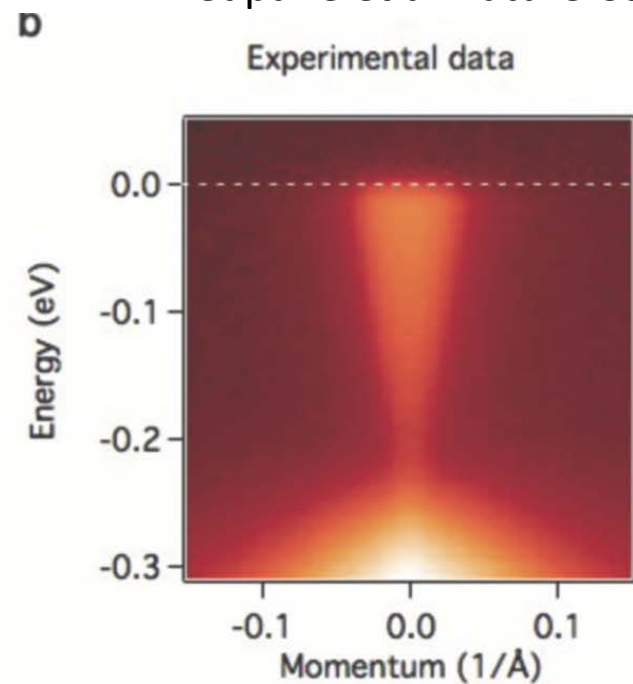
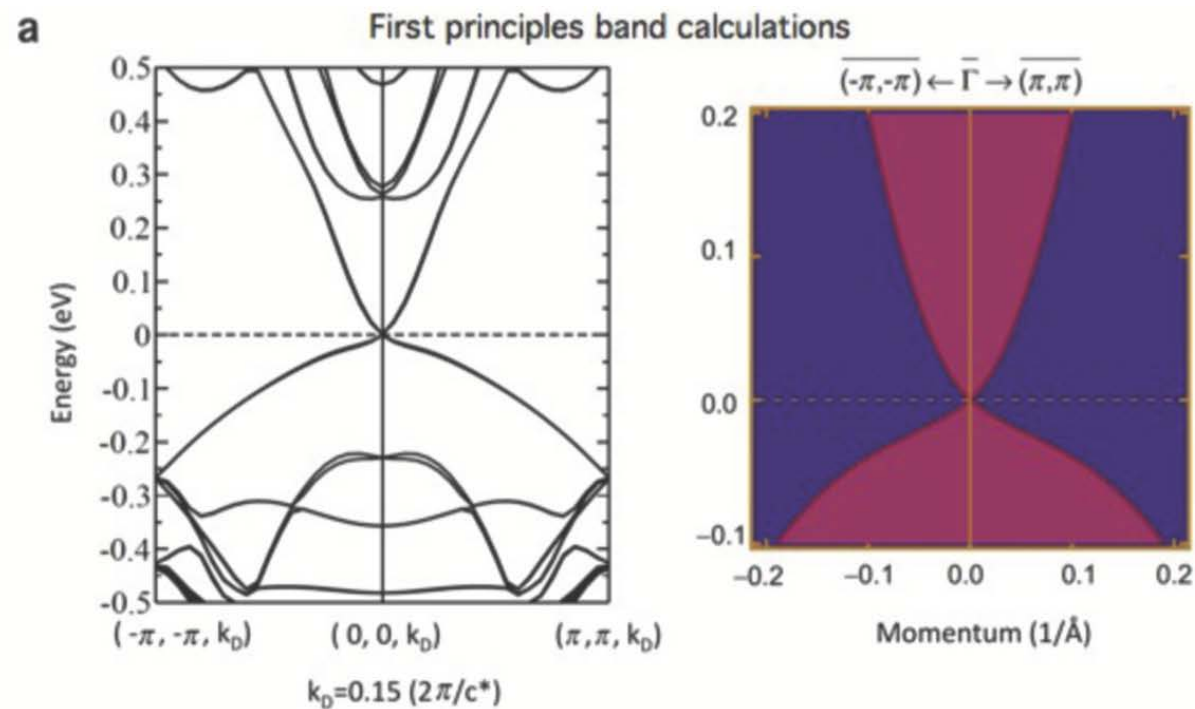
(Received 5 October 1976)

I. INTRODUCTION

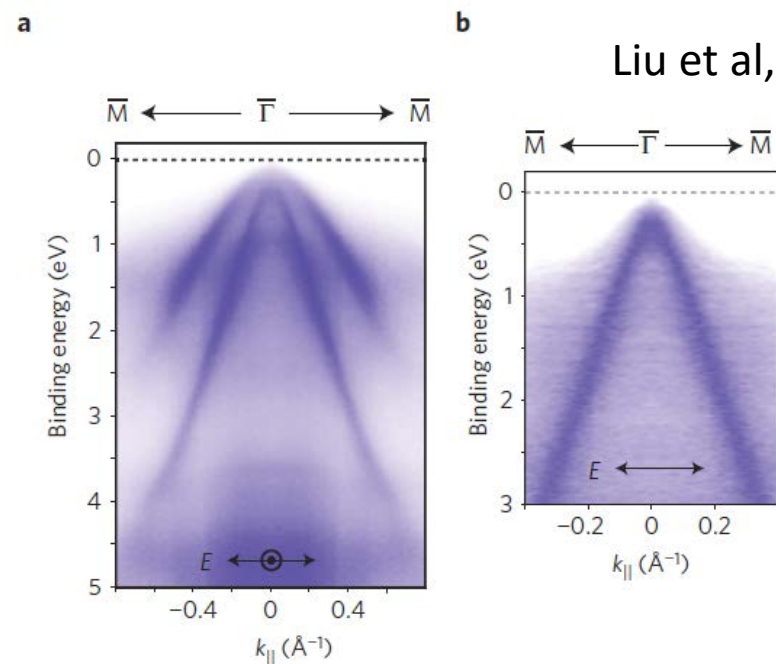
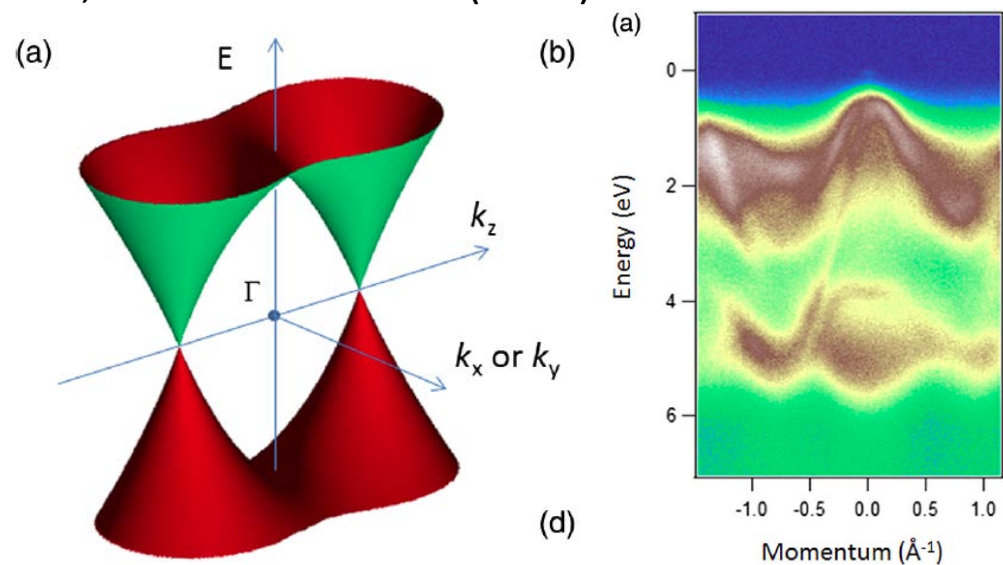
Cadmium arsenide (Cd_3As_2) has long been considered an unusual semiconductor because of its high electronic mobility and the large number of carriers always present. At room temperature, mobilities of $10\,000\text{ cm}^2/\text{V sec}$ have been reported¹⁻¹³ with $2 \times 10^{18}\text{ electrons/cm}^3$. An impressive amount of data on this compound has accumulated in the literature over the years, but a convincing model for the band structure which would satisfy all these data and all workers involved has not been forthcoming. The situation has been com-

Wang et al. Three-dimensional Dirac semimetal and quantum transport in Cd₃As₂. Phys. Rev. B 88, 125427 (2013).

Cd₃As₂ is a 3D Dirac semimetal, protected by the C4 symmetry and spin-orbit coupling.

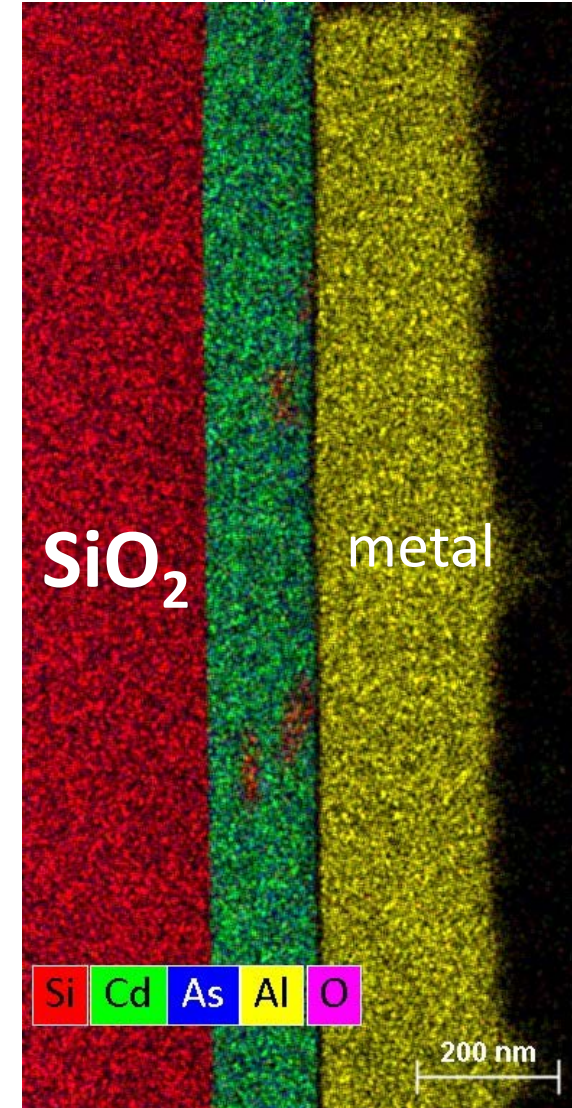
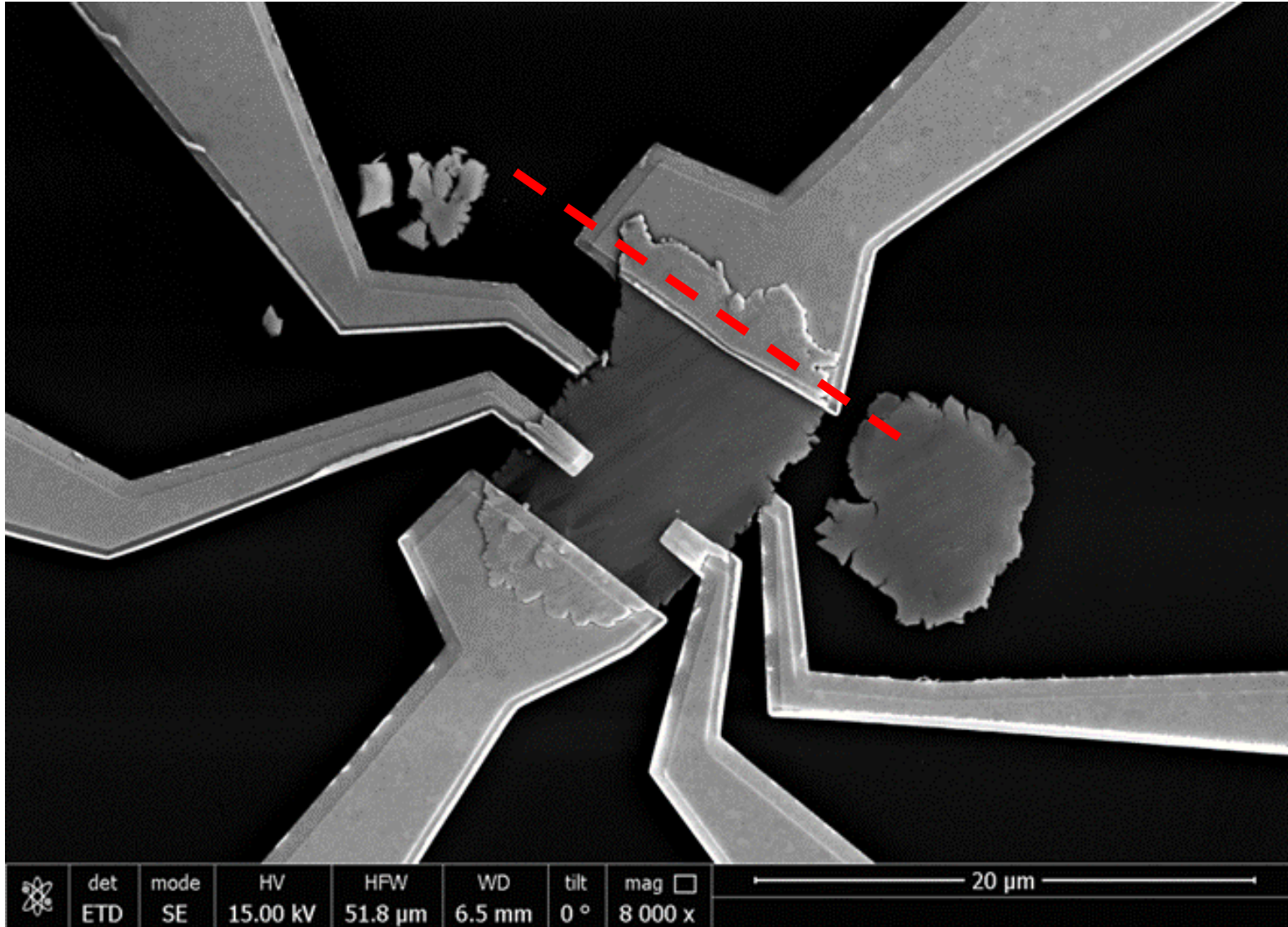


Borisen et al, PRL 113m 027603 (2014)

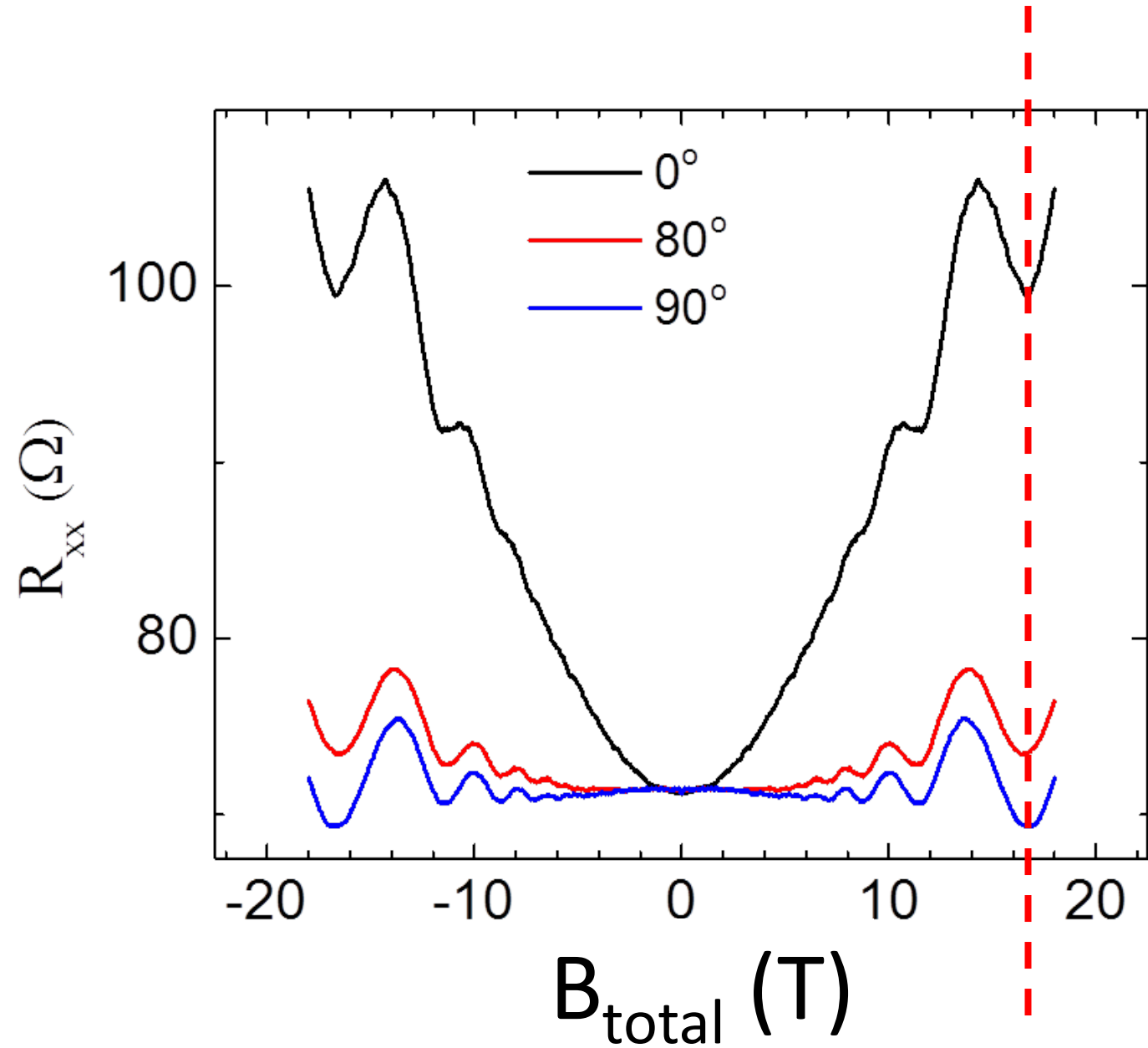
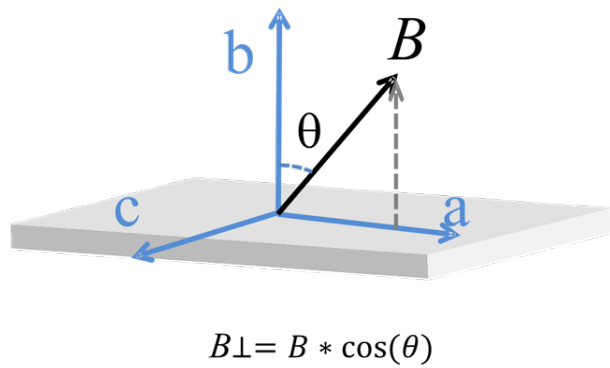


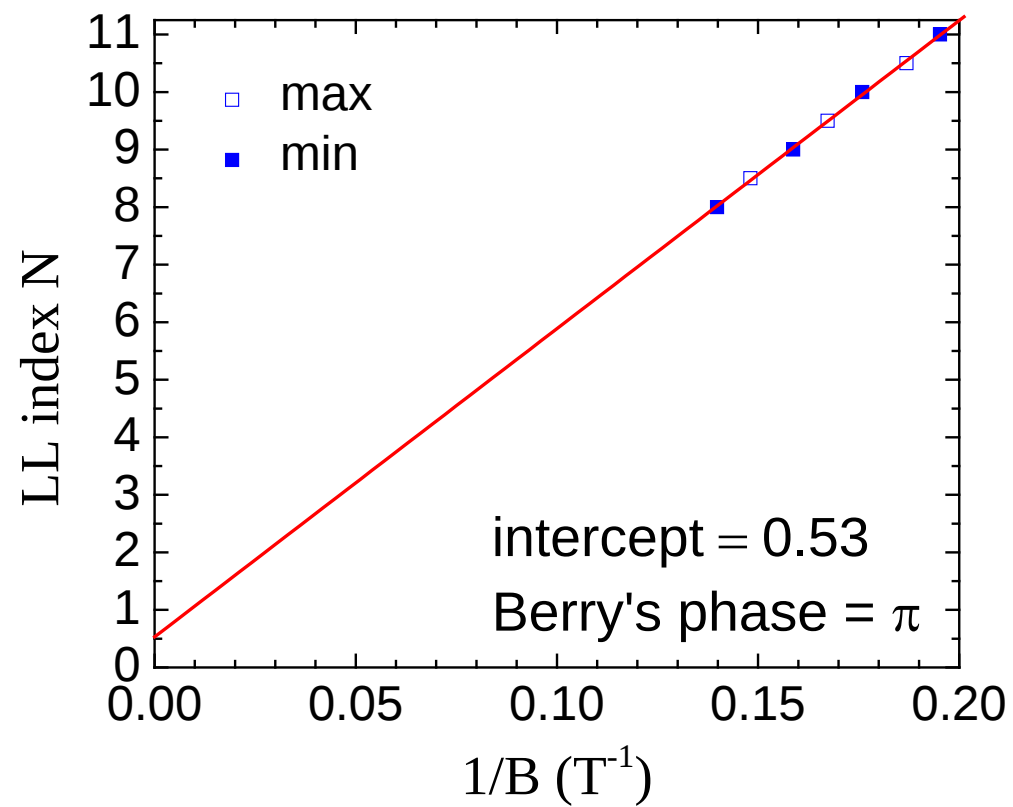
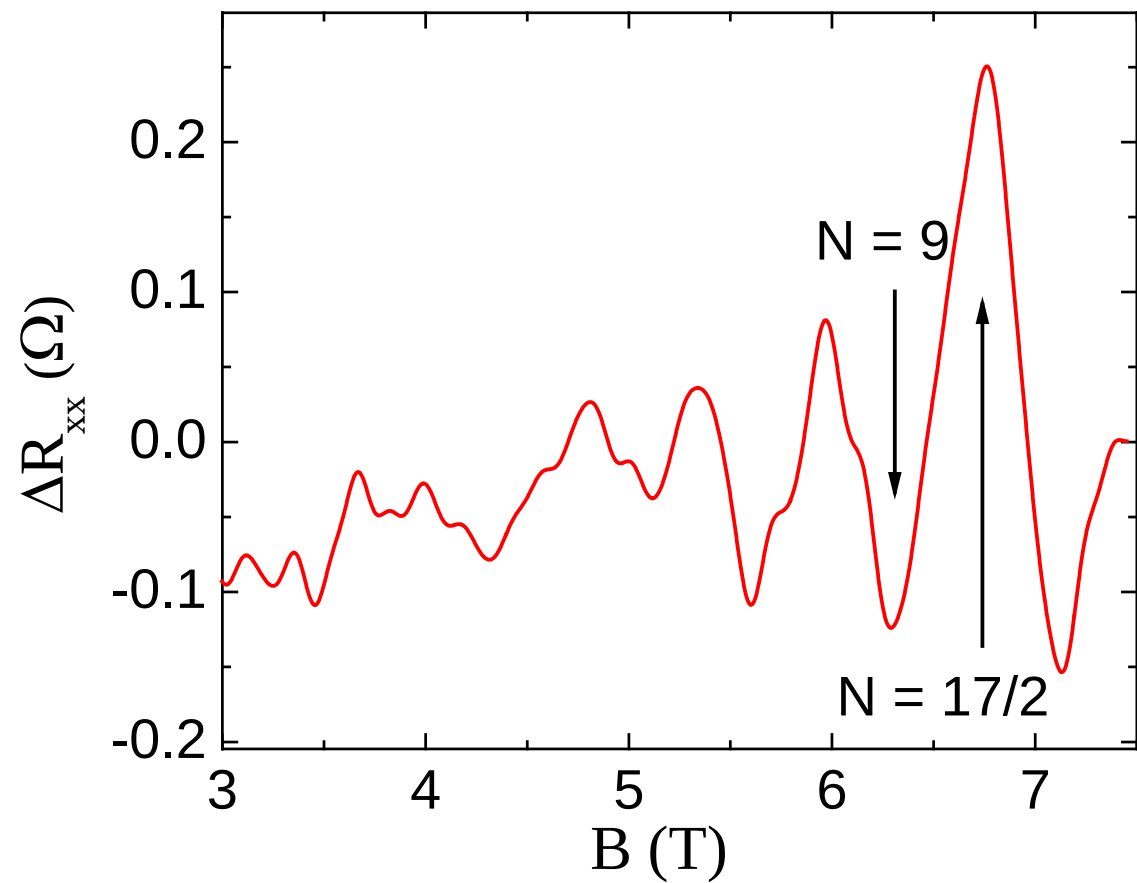
Liu et al, Nature Mat. (2014).

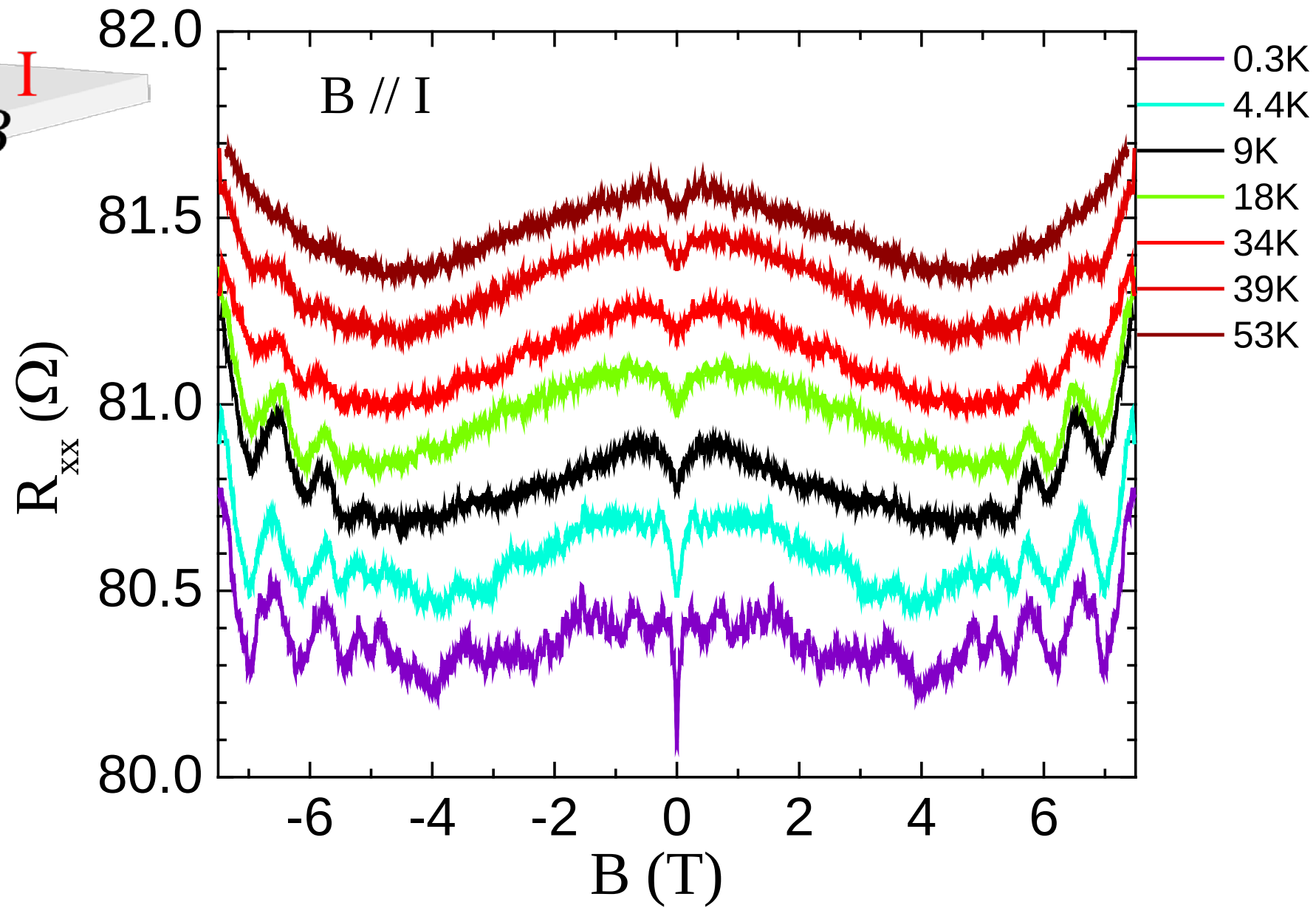
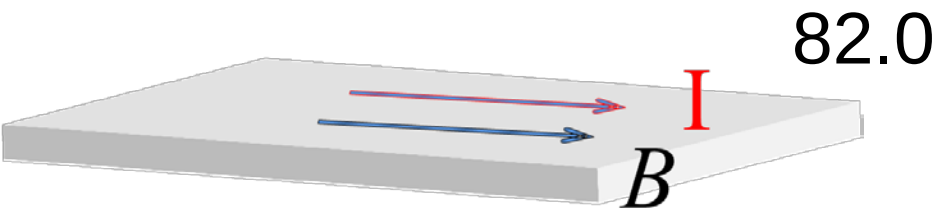
micro-platelet device



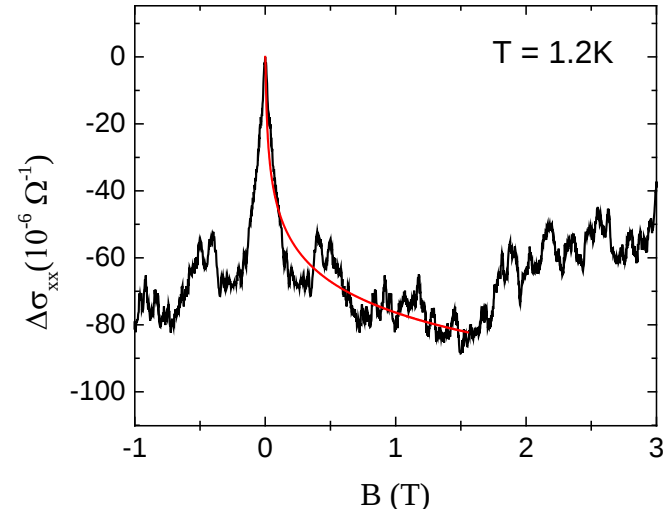
3D nature







Weak anti-localization

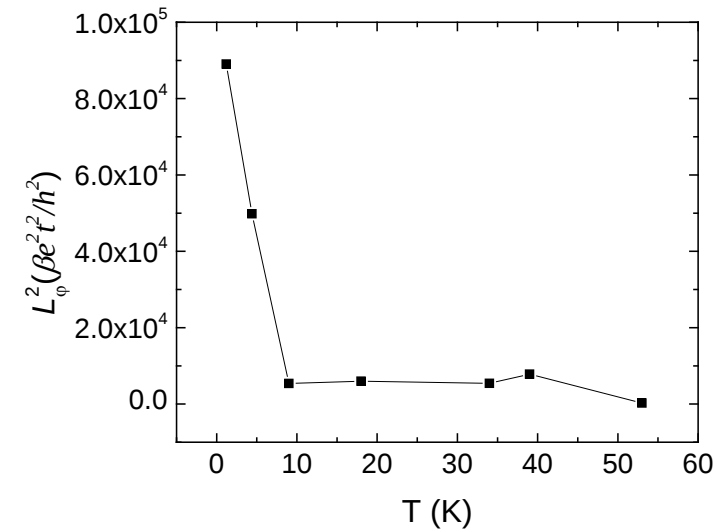
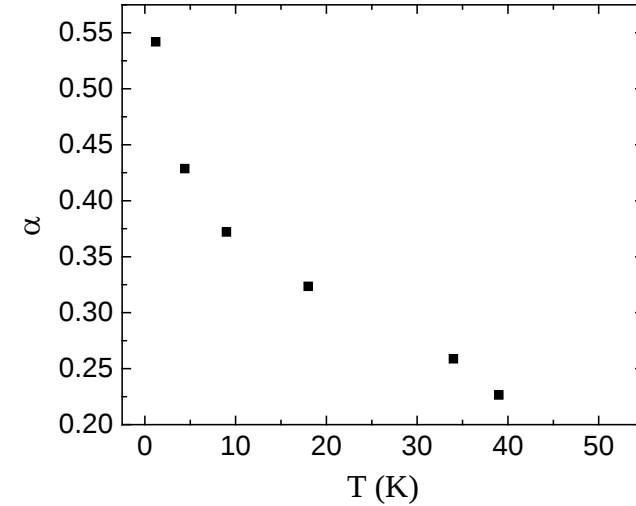


$$\Delta\sigma_{||}(B) \cong \alpha \frac{-e^2}{2\pi^2\hbar} \ln \left(1 + \beta \frac{et^2}{4\hbar B_\varphi} B^2 \right)$$

$$B_\varphi = \hbar / (4eL_\varphi^2)$$

Conventional materials: $\alpha = -1$

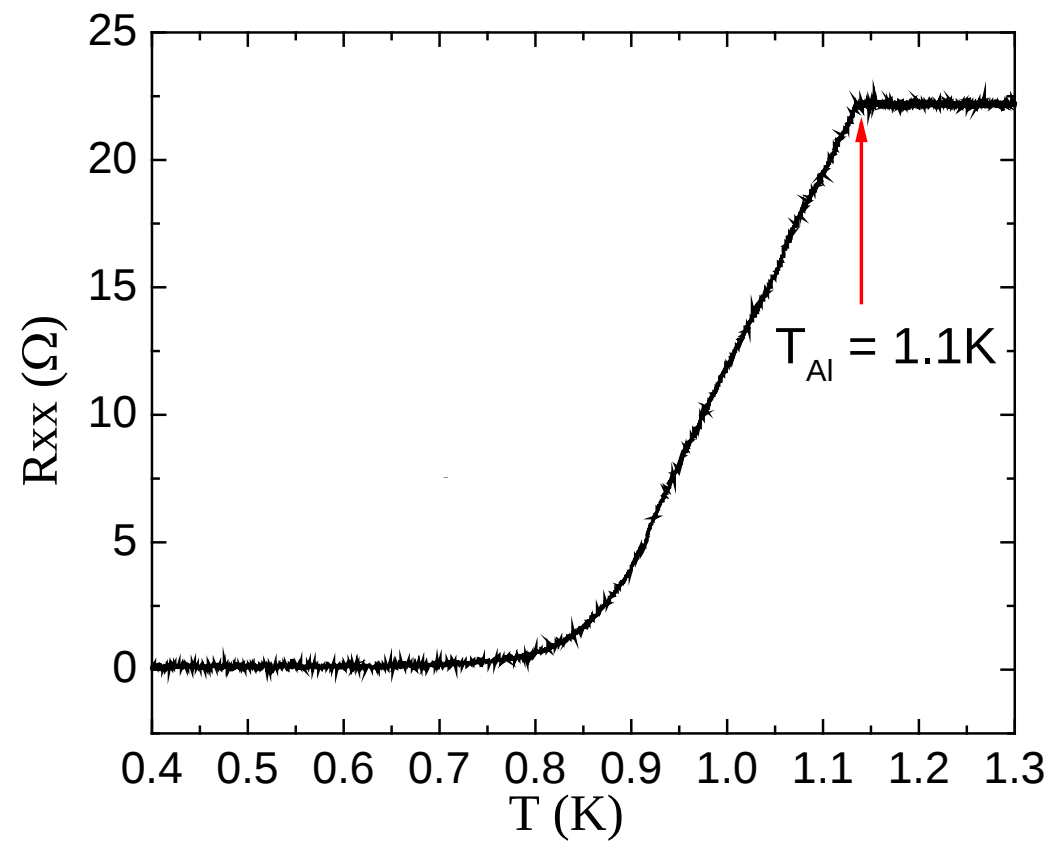
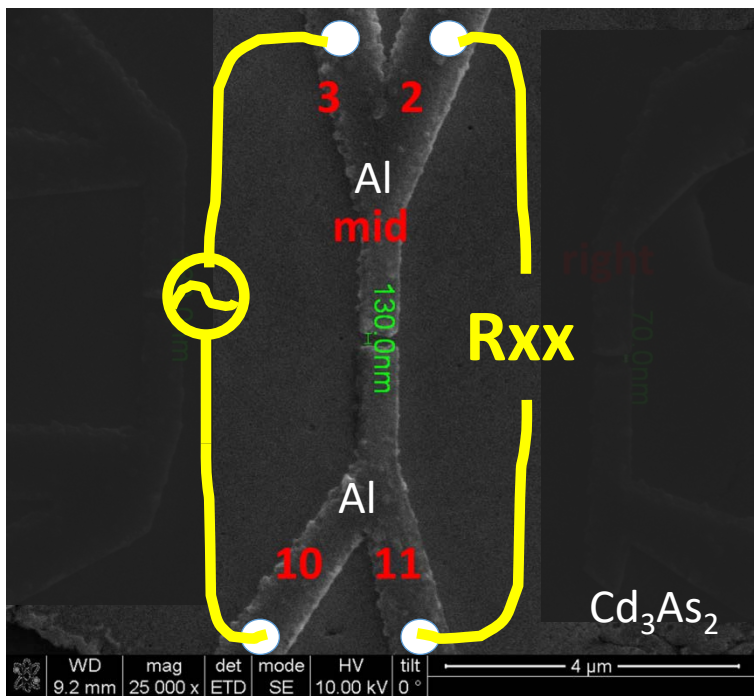
Dirac materials: $\alpha = 0.5$

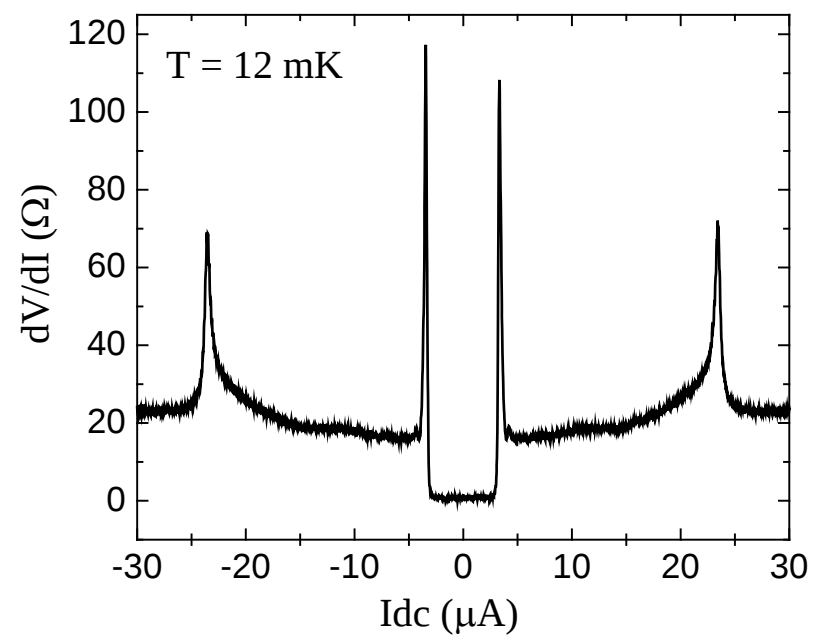
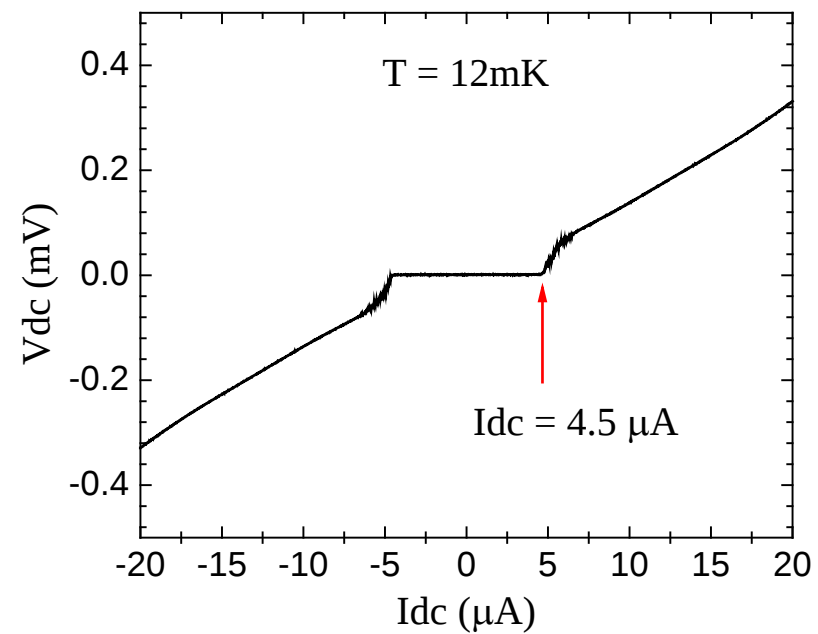
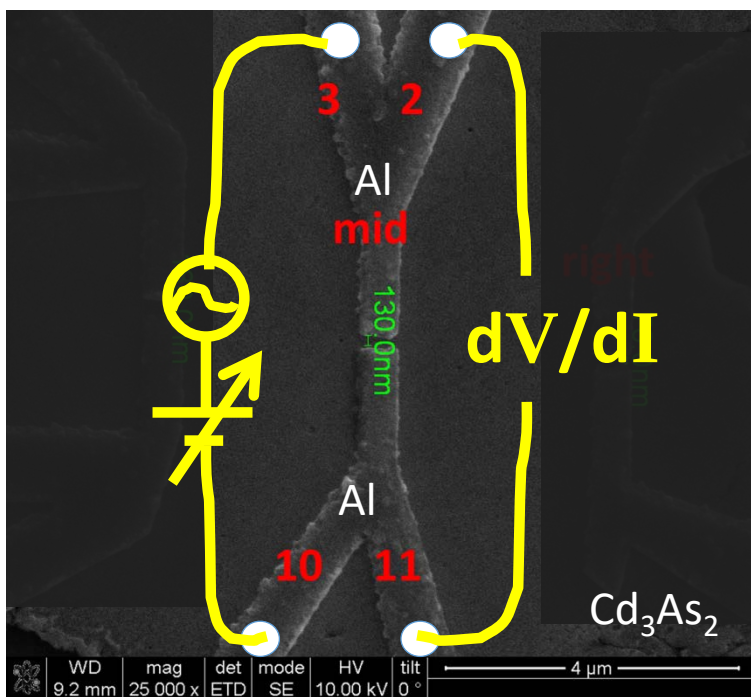


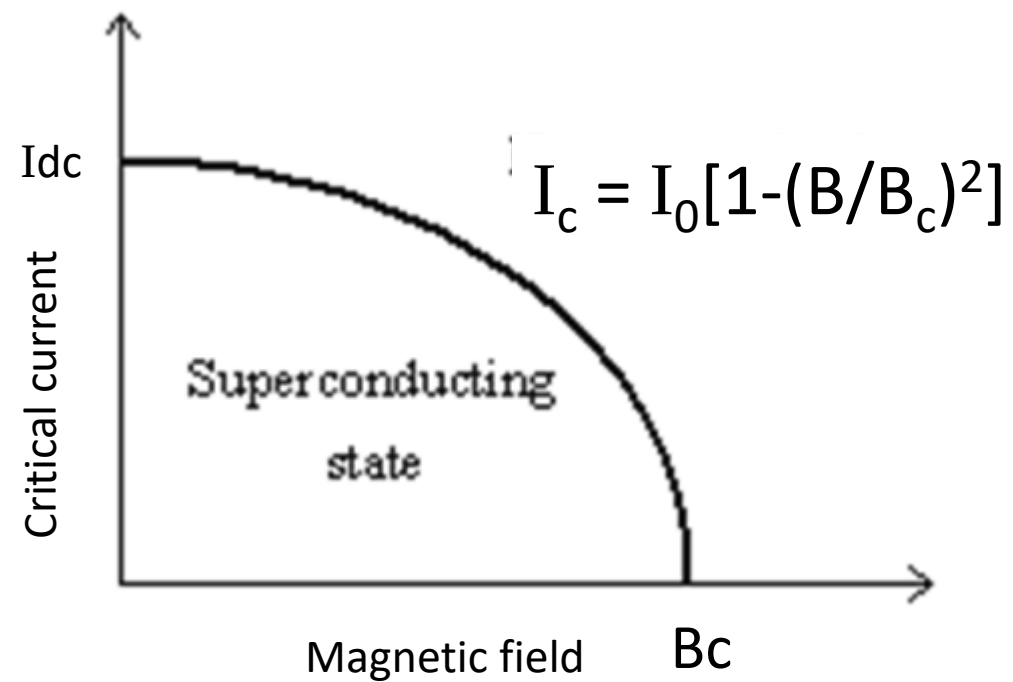
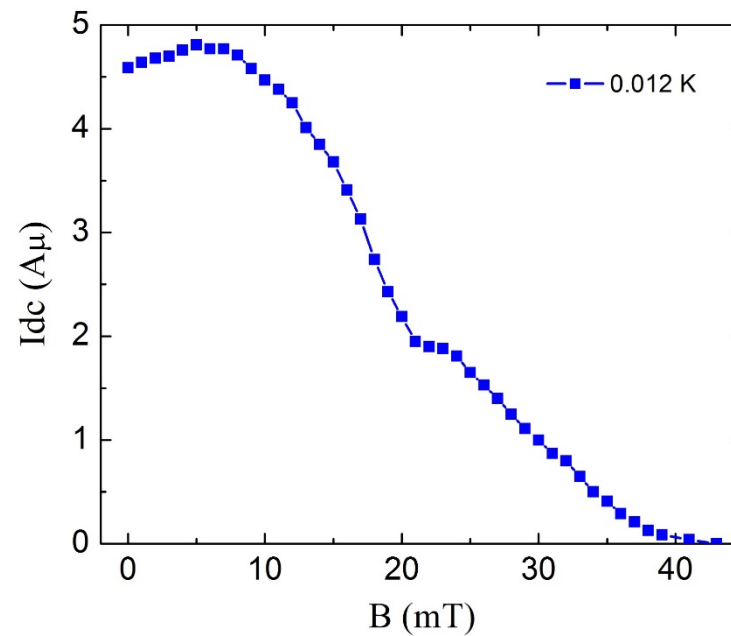
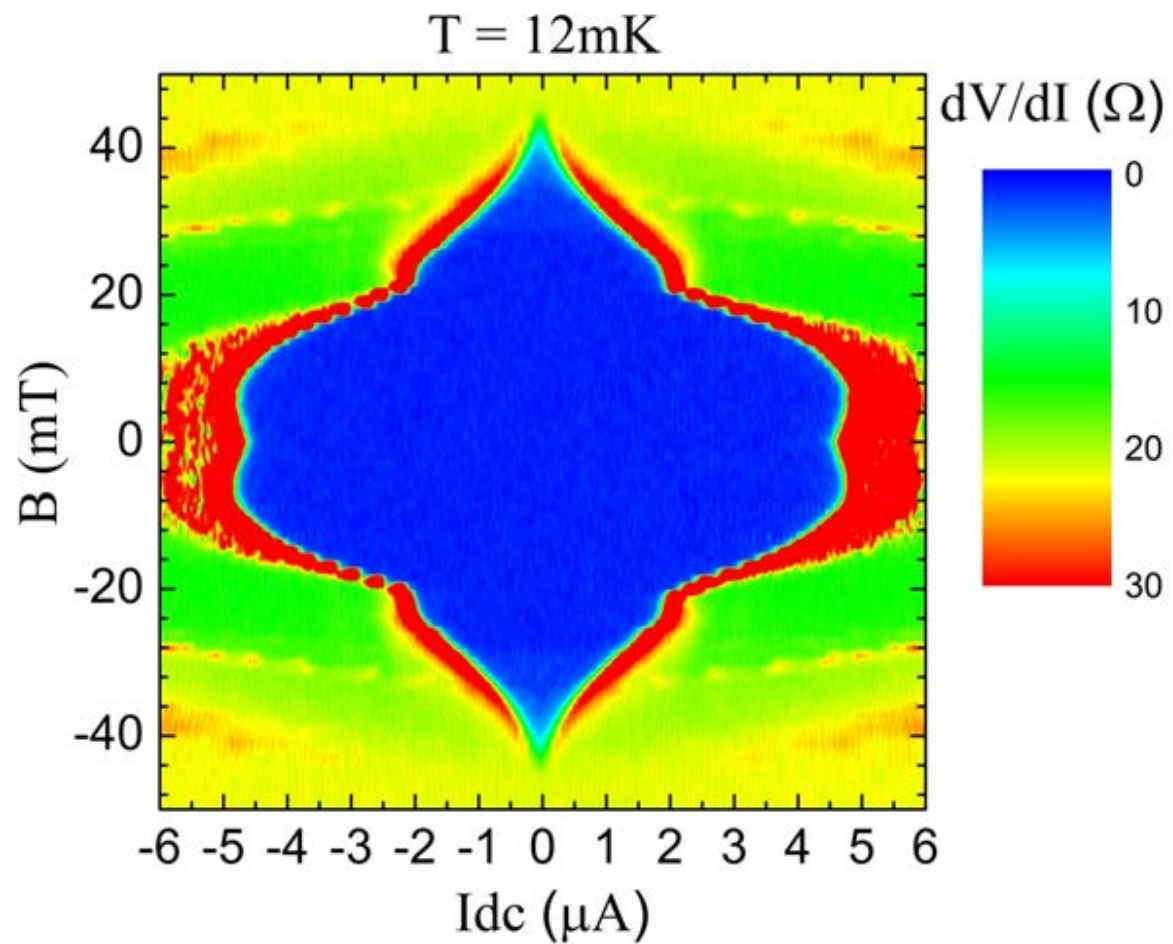
Proximity induced superconductivity in Cd_3As_2

L. Fu and C.L. Kane,

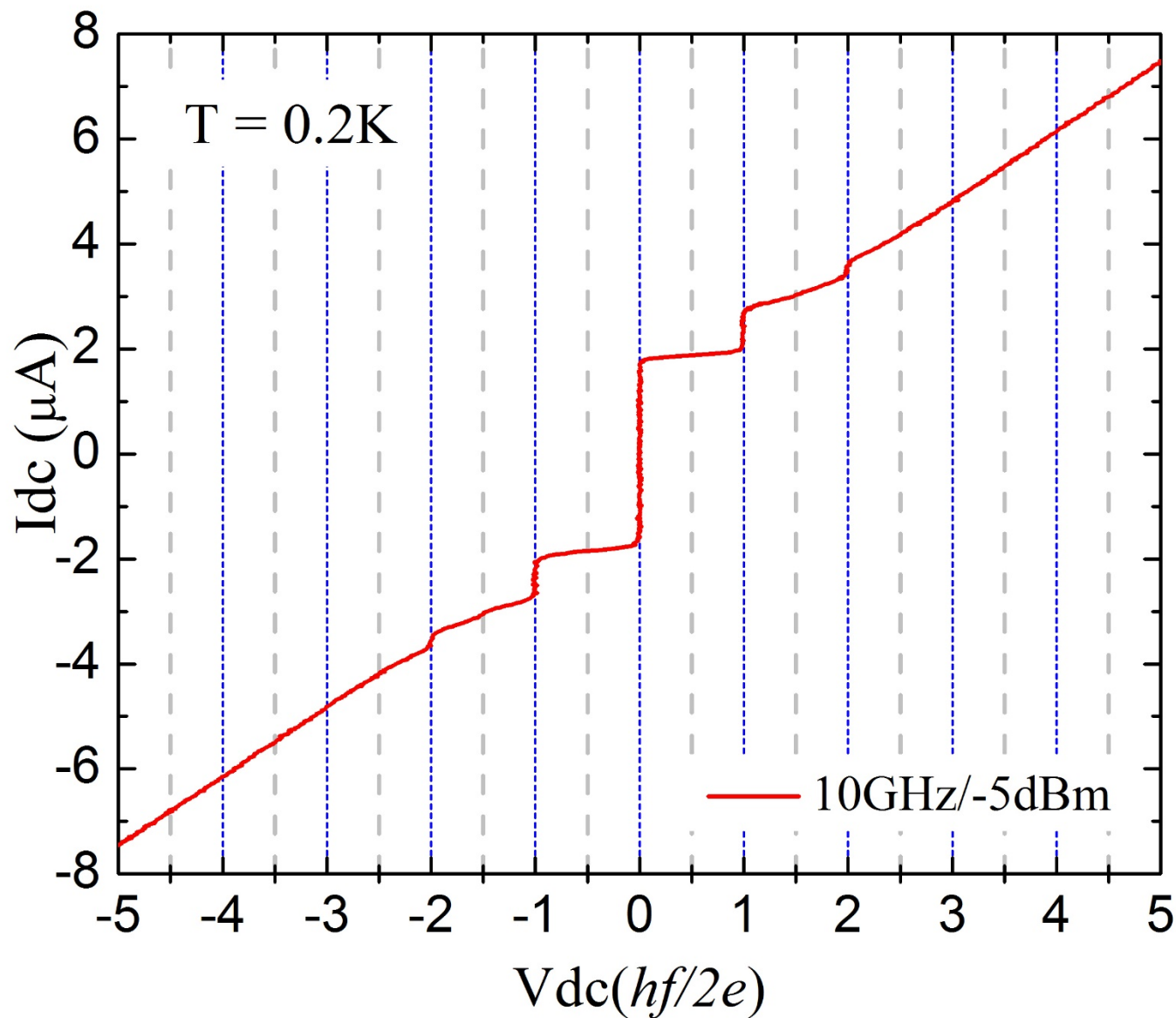
Superconducting Proximity Effect and Majorana Fermions at the Surface of a Topological Insulator,
Physical Review Letters 100, 096407 (2008).







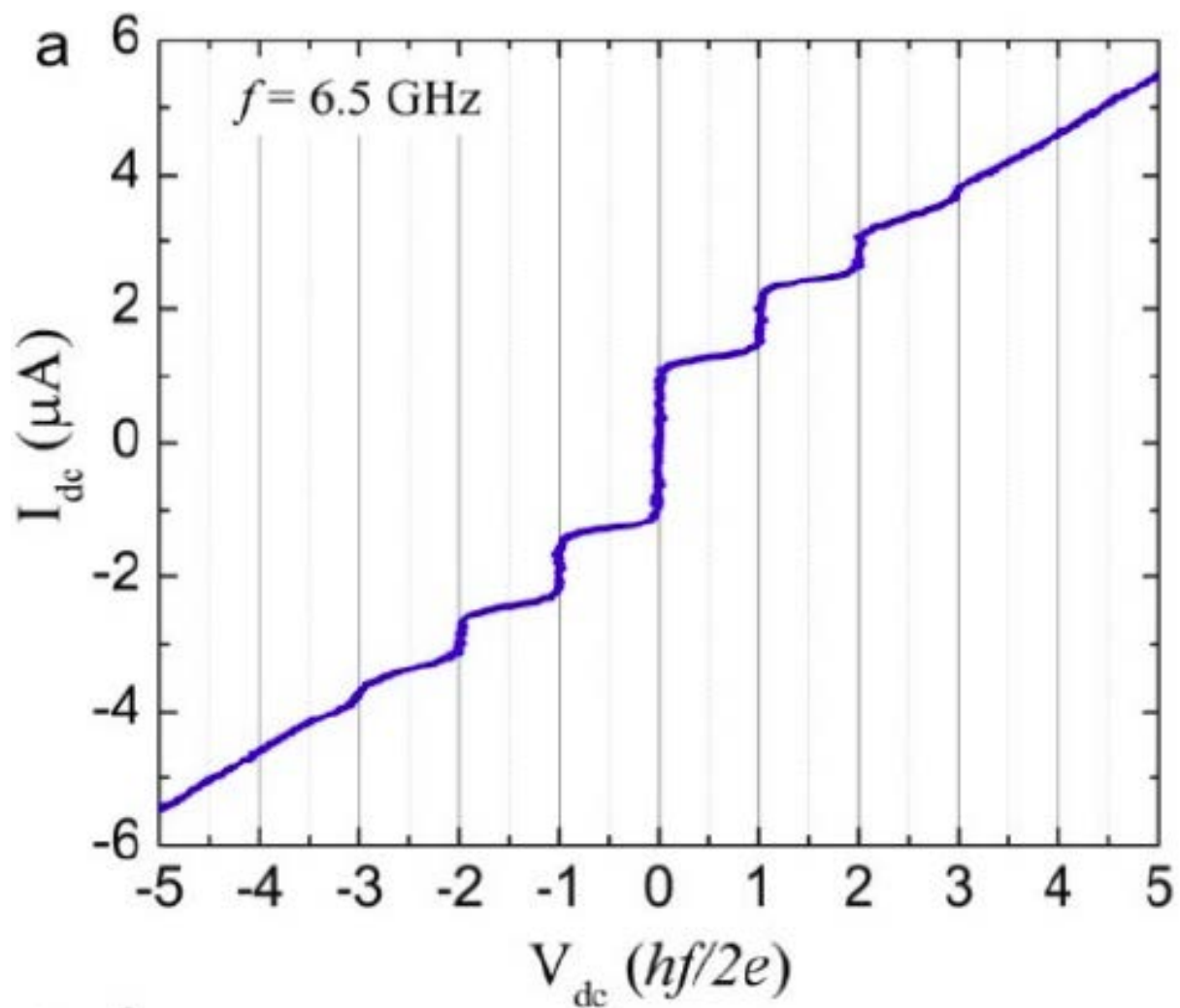
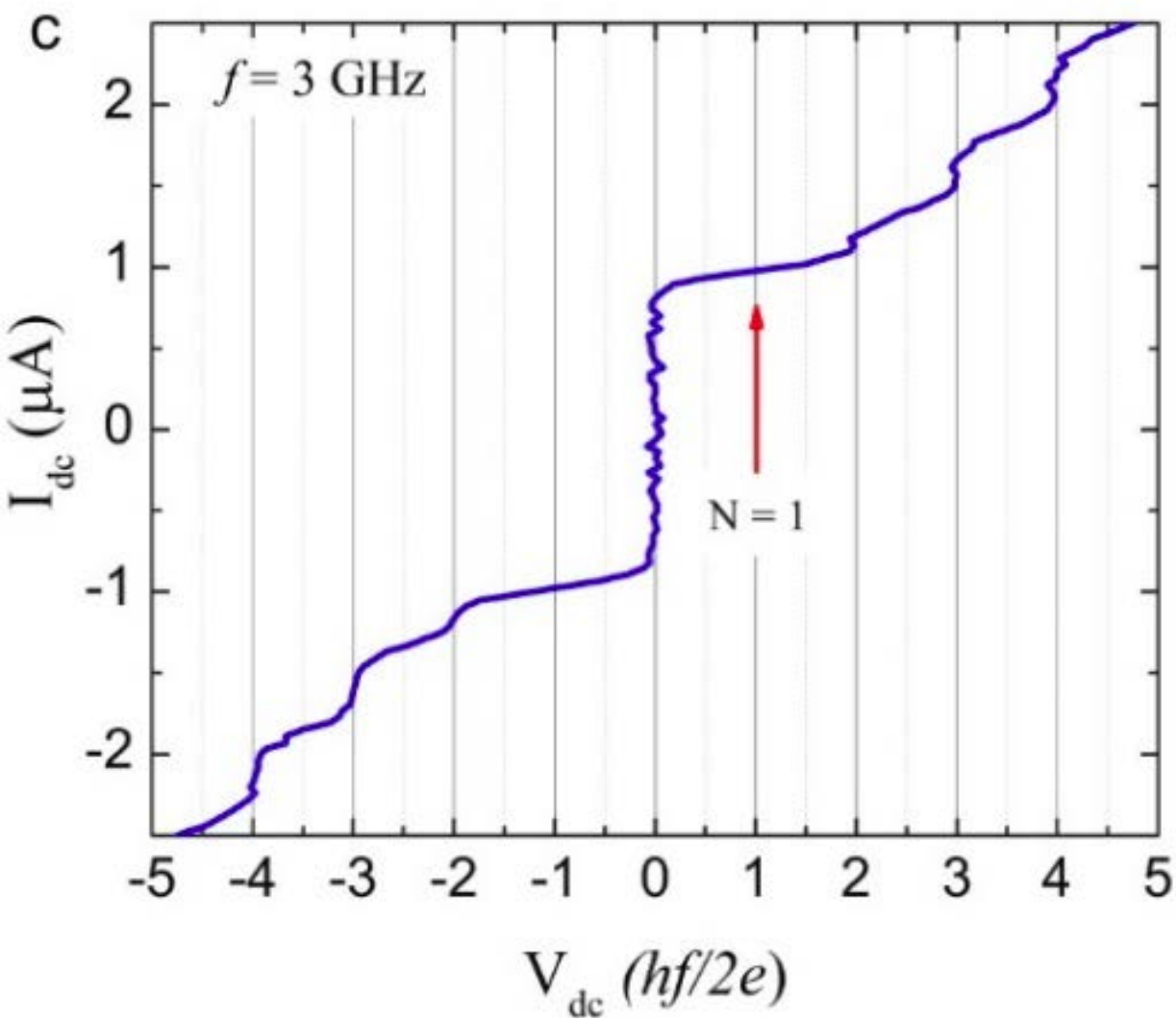
AC Measurements



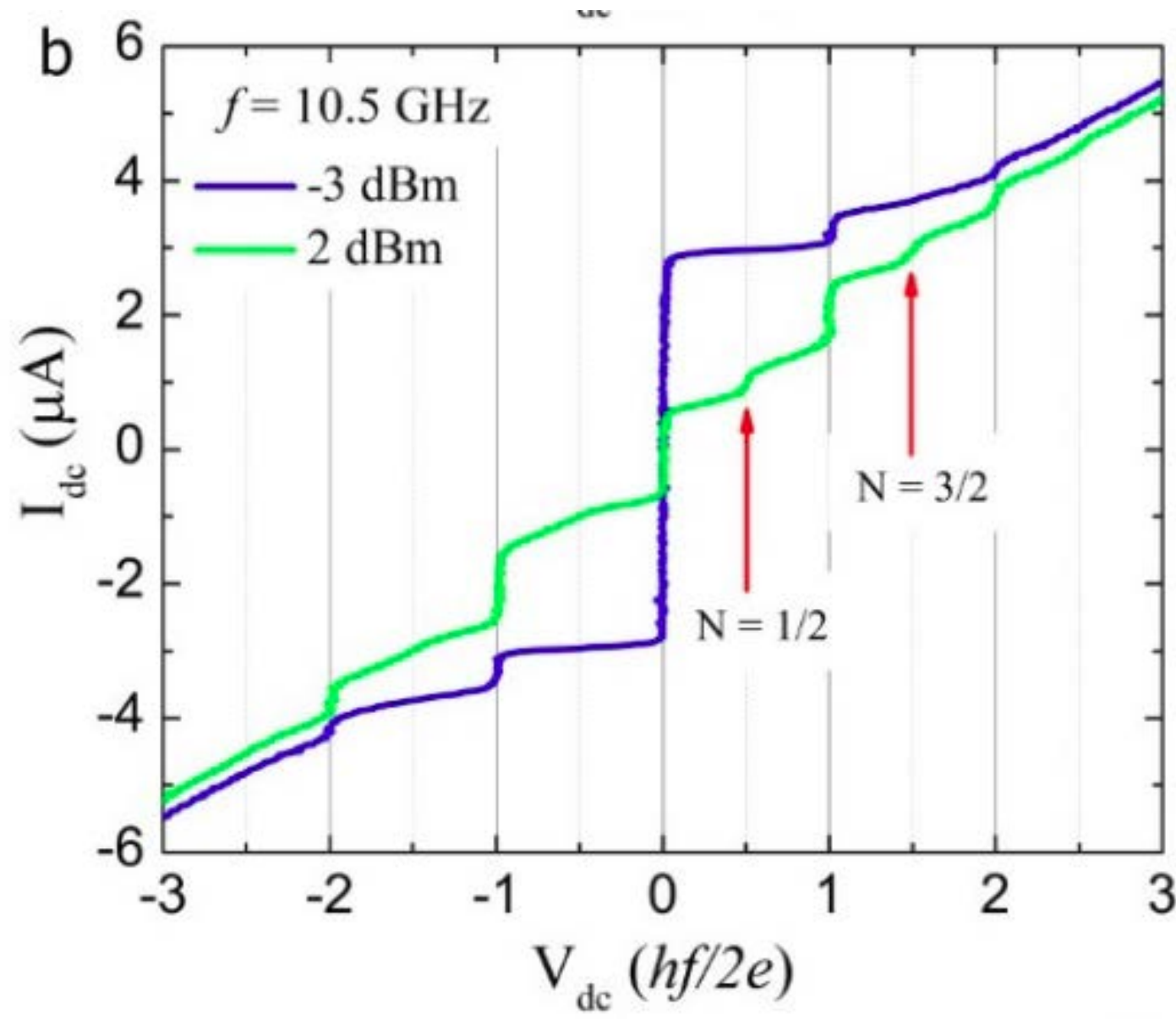
Shapiro steps:

$$V_n = nhf/2e$$

Missing the first Shapiro Steps



Half-Integer Shapiro Steps



Sandia team:

Steve Lee

Francois Leonard

Doug Medlin

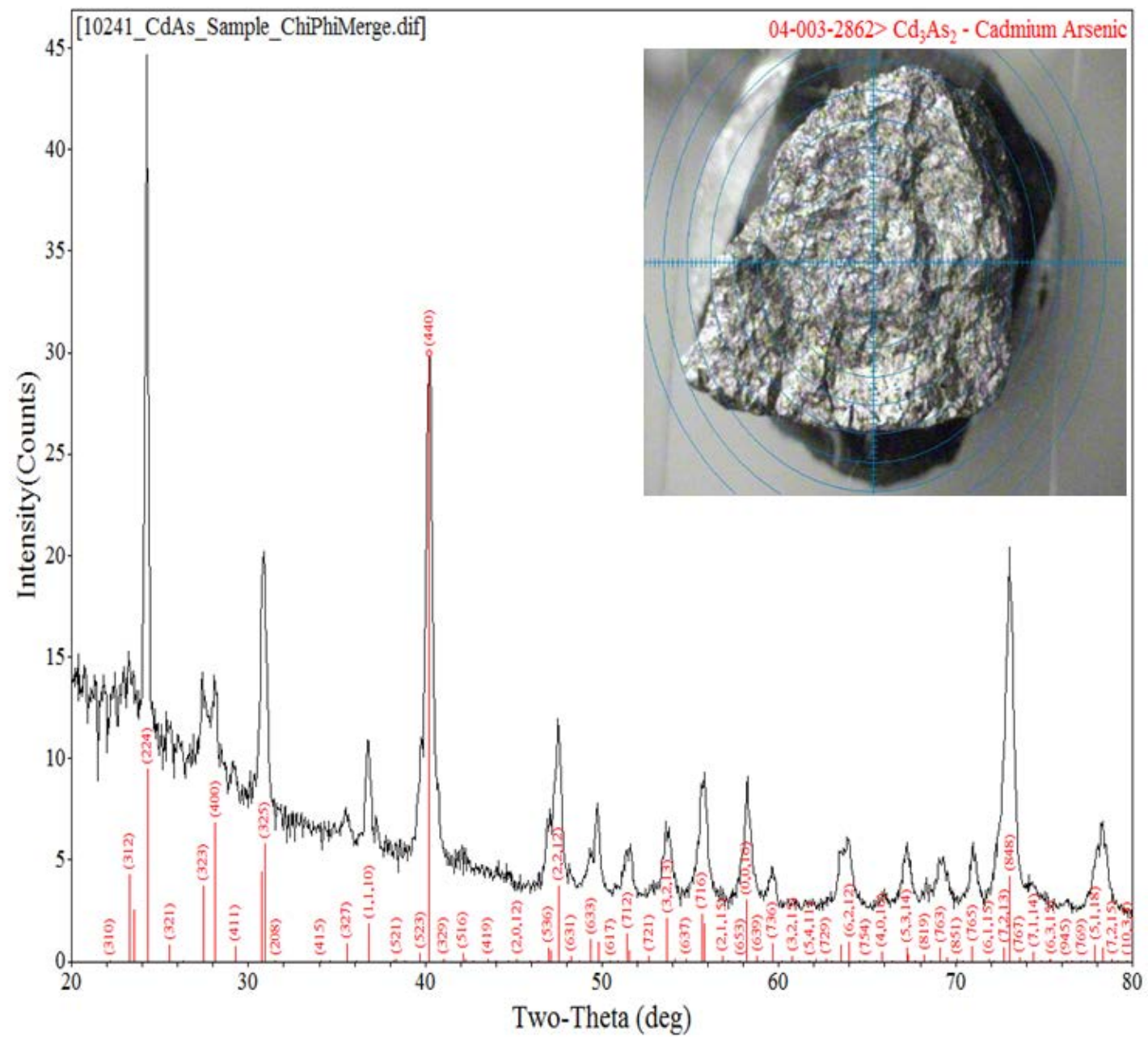
Normand Modine

Tina Nenoff

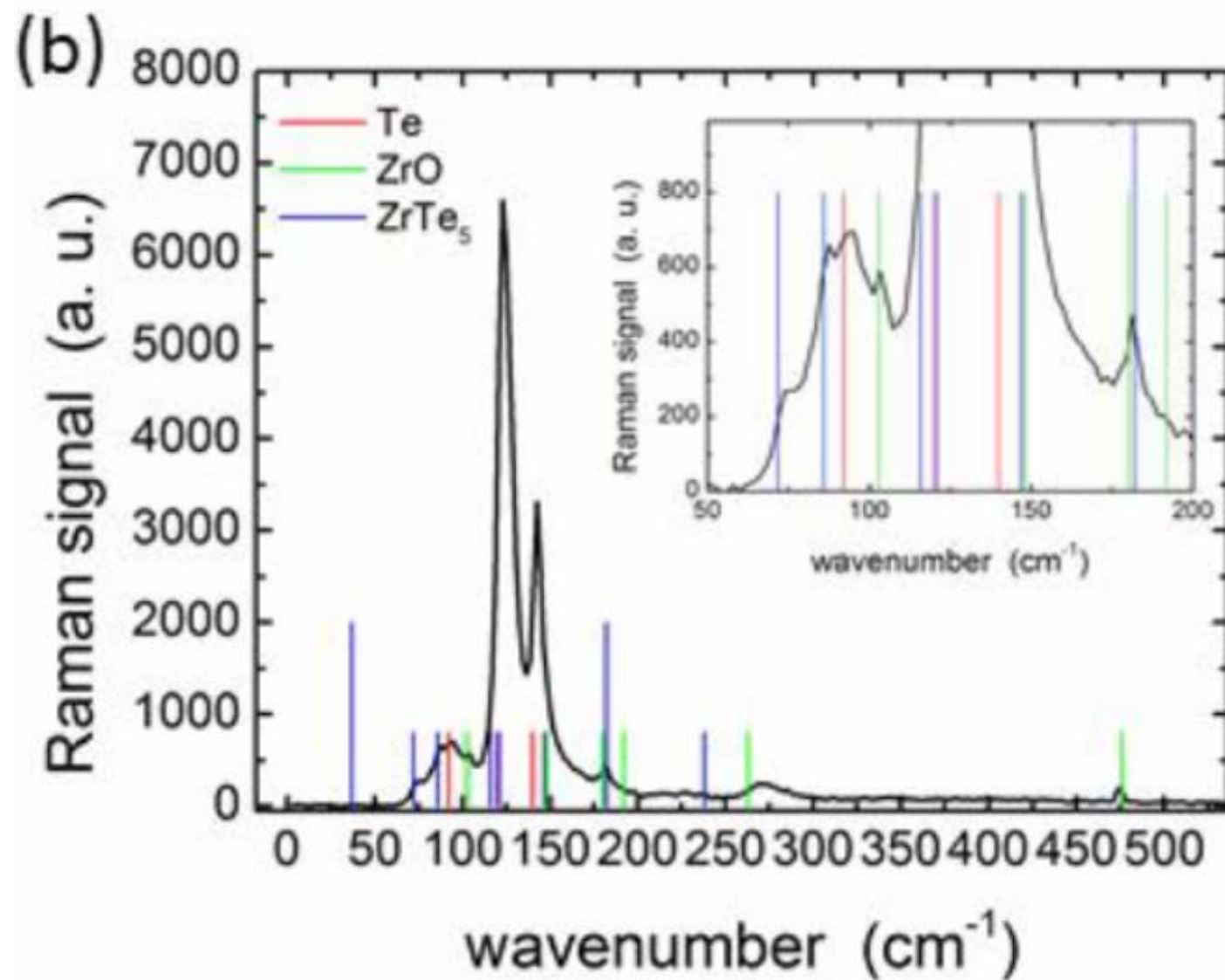
George Wang

Joel Wendt

Wenlong Yu



(Francois Leonard)



2GHz

