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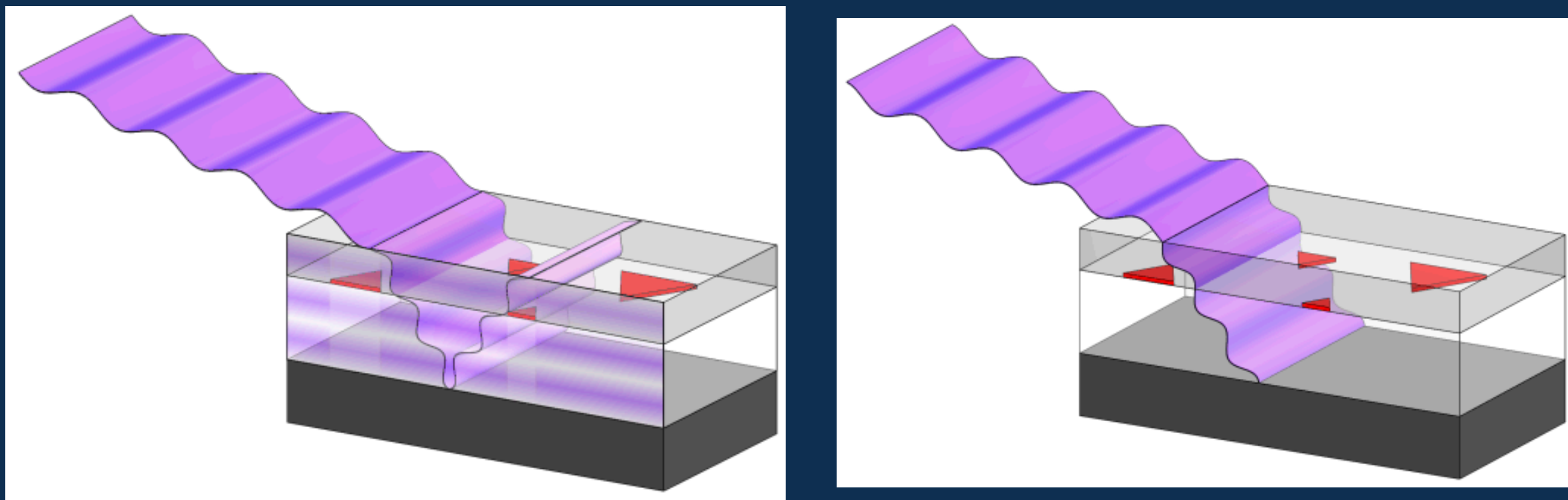


Standing-wave assisted sub-surface imaging using photoemission electron microscopy

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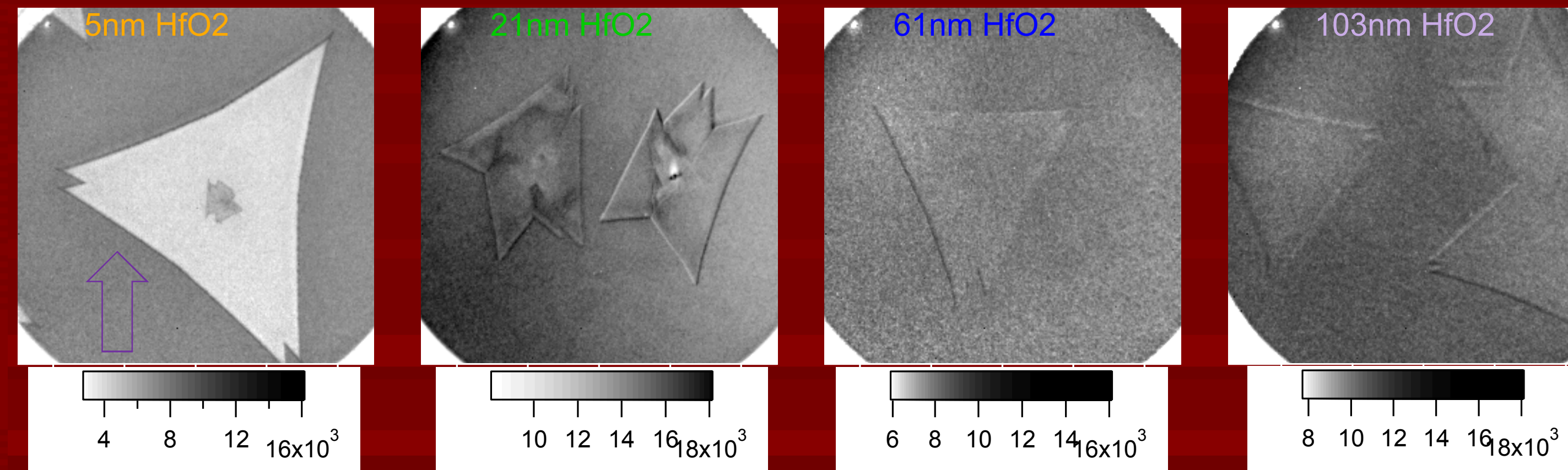
Introduction

A new electron microscopy approach to image the features buried under dielectric layers is presented. This sub-surface imaging exploits the optical standing waves formation in the dielectric layers modulating the local photoemission yield. The work presented here illustrates the examination of MoS₂ islands grown on SiO₂ substrates and buried beneath HfO₂ films. The spectra of the standing wave provide information on the dielectric environment of the buried structures.



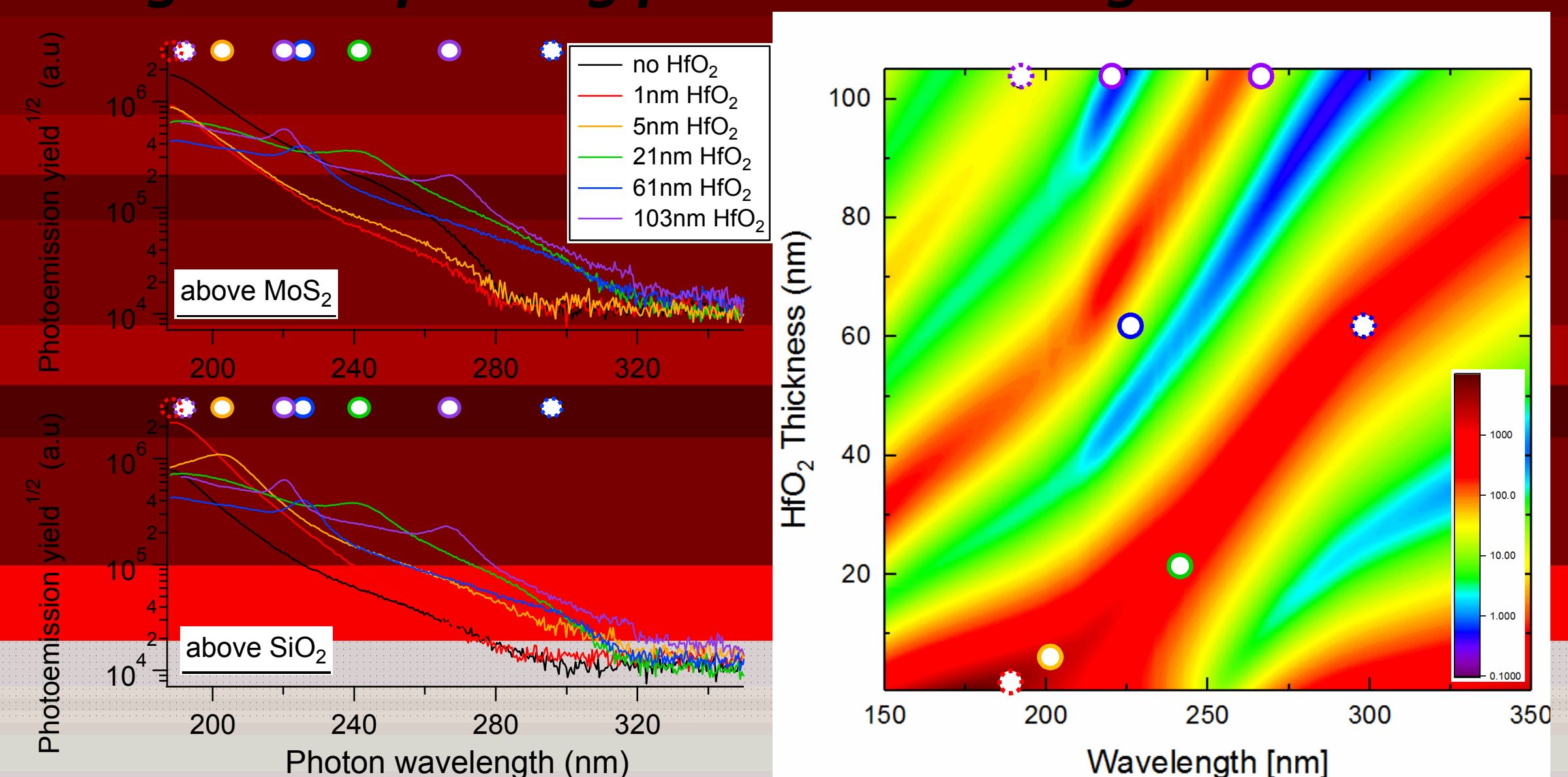
Accomplishments

MoS₂ islands are imaged through HfO₂ films



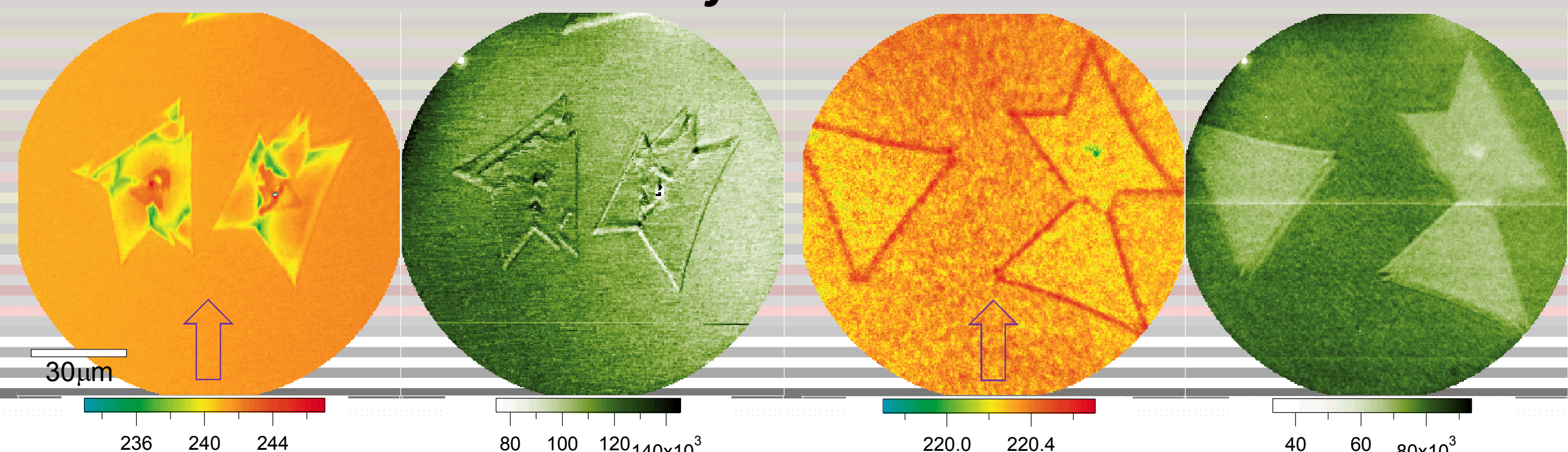
Sub-surface features are imaged using an electron microscopy with high spatial resolution

Standing waves are formed in dielectric layers depending on the probing photon wavelength



Takeaway: Depths of the buried structures can be deduced from the standing waves' peaks

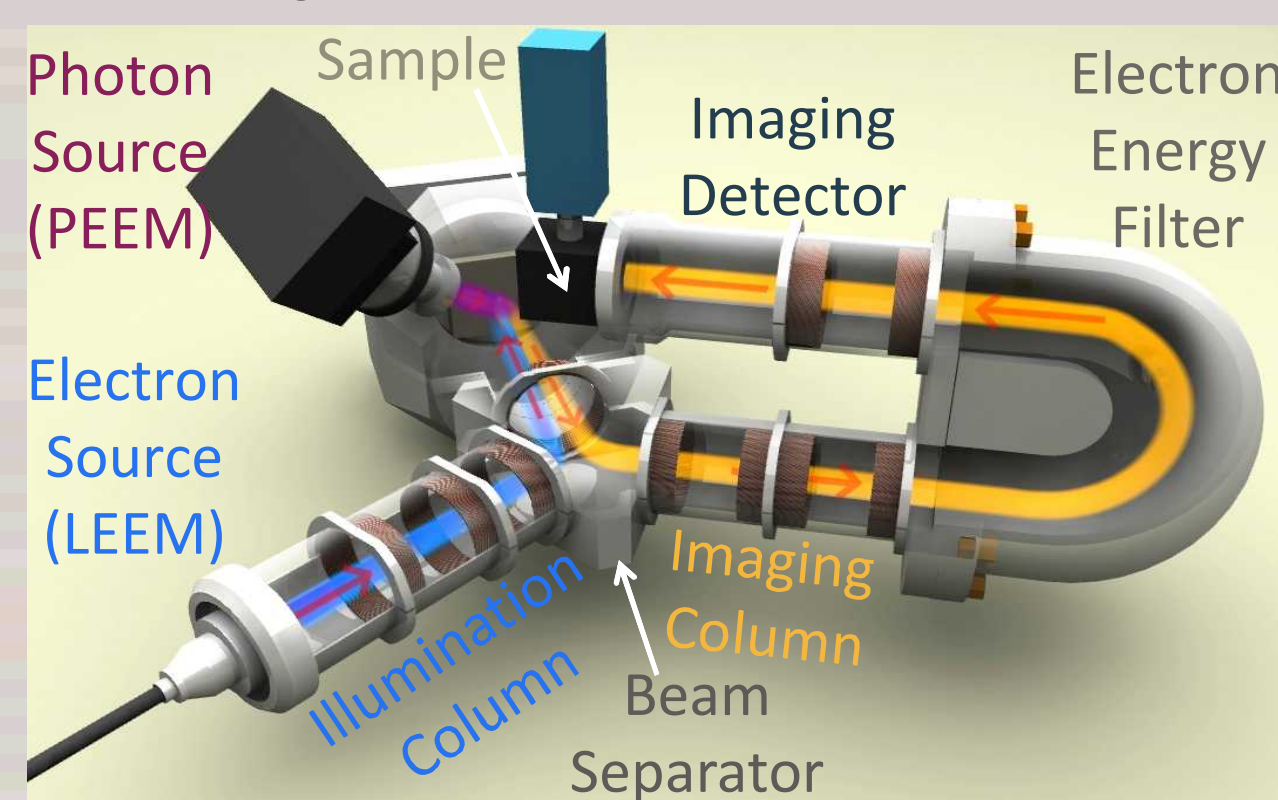
Item 3: Analyses of the standing waves provides information on the dielectric environment of the buried structures



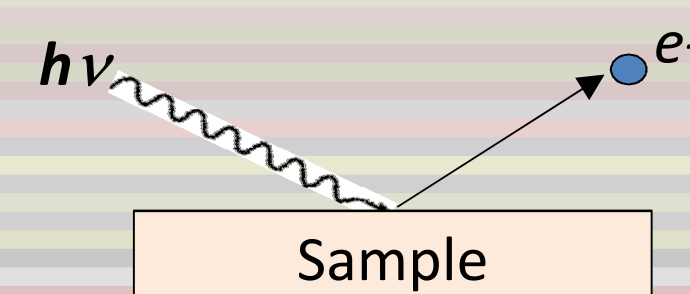
Methodology

Approach: Local photoemission measurement using Photoemission Electron Microscope (PEEM)

- Resolution
 - Spatial: 5 - 10 nm
 - Spectral: 50 meV
- Tunable ultraviolet light source for wavelength dependent photoemission measurement

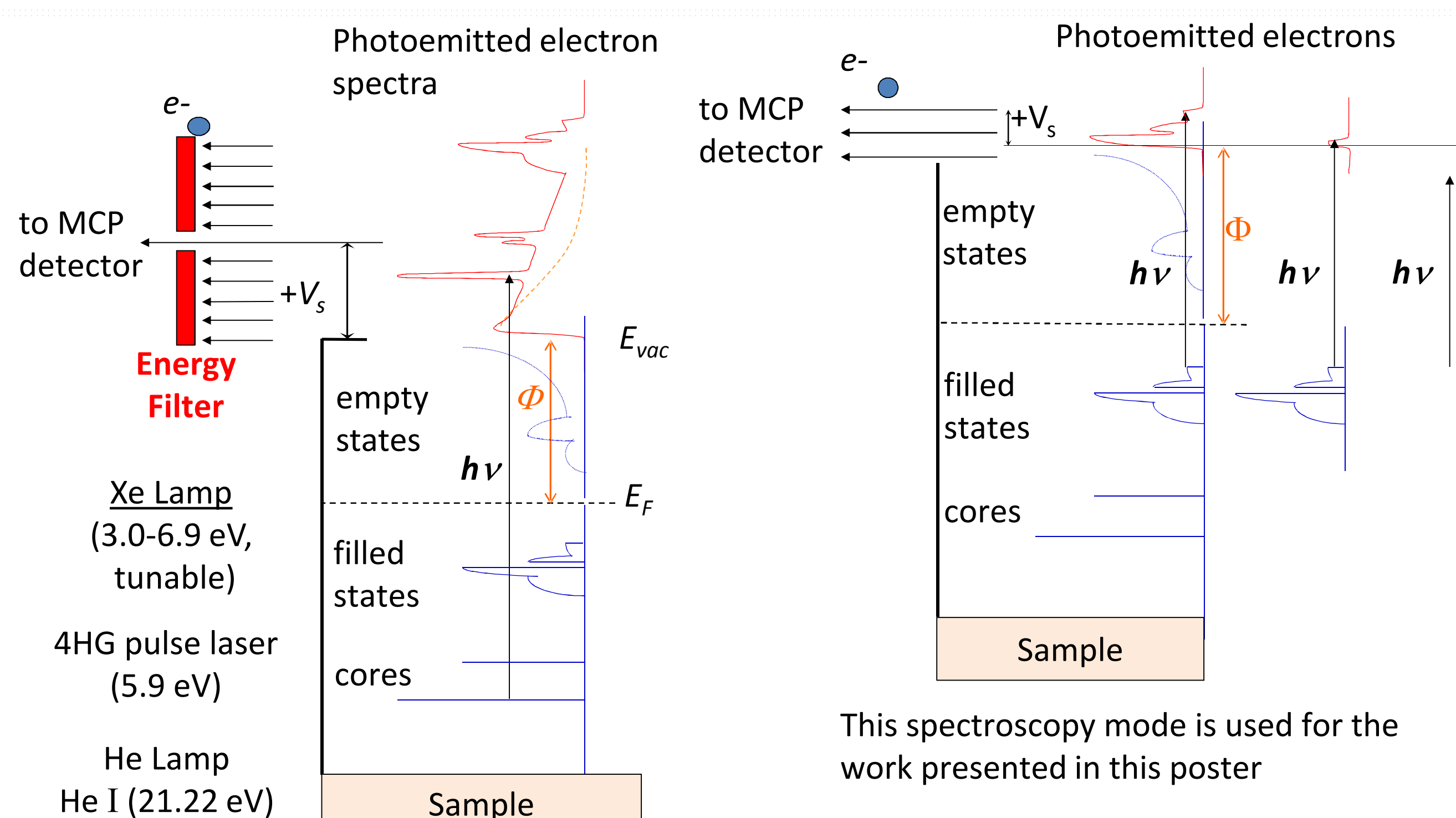


Path: Two spectroscopy modalities based on photoemission process



PES: Photoemission Spectra

PEY: Photoemission Yield



Future Directions

Big Point 1: Which dielectrics can we see through?

Explore the kind of dielectrics that this PEEM-base sub-surface imaging can be applied.

Big Point 2: How does the sub-surface image vary for illumination with different polarization?

Big Point 3: Can we learn about the properties of the buried materials or structures?