



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF  
**ENERGY**

**Nuclear Energy**

SAND2017-12631PE

## **Spent Fuel and Waste Science and Technology**

# **Review of Ongoing Thermal-Hydraulic Testing and Model Validation Efforts**

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**EPRI Extended Storage Collaboration Program**

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## ■ Phase 1: BWR Dry Cask Simulator (DCS)

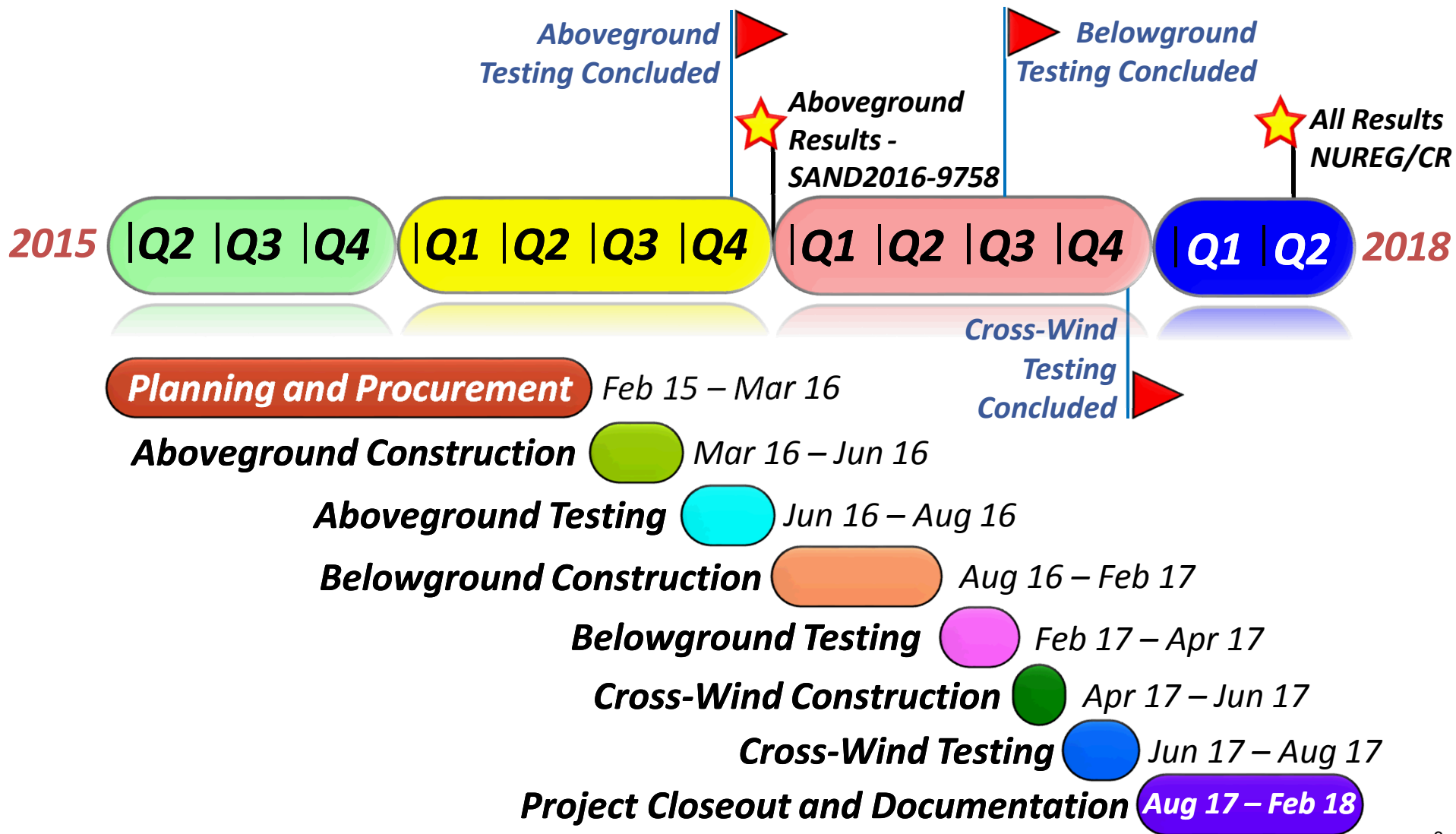
- Aboveground configuration
- Belowground configuration
  - *Cross-wind testing*

## ■ Phase 2: High Burnup Spent Fuel Data Project

- 2a: Calculations of the decay heat for the assemblies using different methods
- 2b: Thermal analyses of the Research Project Cask using ***best estimates and proprietary information***
- 2c: Sensitivity studies with a focus on mesh size variability and Grid Convergence Index (GCI)
- 2d: Thermal analyses of a ***generic cask***
  - *No proprietary information*

## ■ Phase 3 Potential experiments and validation exercises to extend thermal-hydraulic understanding of dry storage

# Phase 1: Dry Cask Simulator Testing



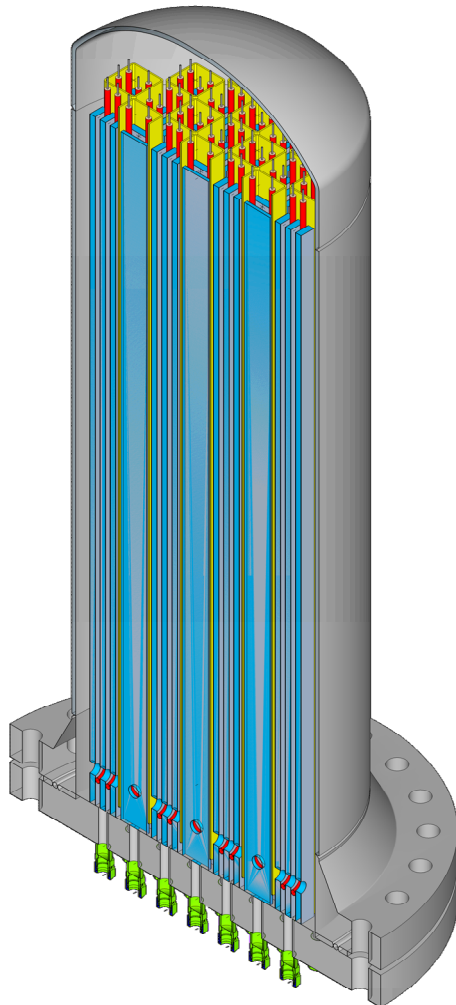
# Phase 1: Modeling Comparisons

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- **Dry Cask Simulator (DCS) Modeling Handbook in draft**
  - Contains geometry, material information, boundary conditions, and recommendations for DCS modeling activities
  - Only aboveground cask configuration currently considered
- **What is a reasonable timeline for modeling initiation, completion, and reporting?**
  - Limit decay heat and internal pressure to one (possibly two) cases
  - NRC to publish NUREG in 2018
  - PNNL to publish DOE report in September 2018
- **Which quantities should be used for comparison?**
  - Peak cladding temperature (PCT) and external air mass flow rate
  - Additional temperatures? Axial and transverse temperature comparisons throughout?

- **Cask loaded as of November 14, 2017**
- **Task 2b and 2c: Proprietary modeling completion date of March 2018**
  - Boundary and initial conditions (as loaded) due to participants by mid-December 2017
  - Participants: NRC, PNNL, and TN
  - DOE M3 (PNNL results) report due May 2018
  - EPRI report with compendium of limited-release test results and modeling in 2018
- **Path to generic modeling of TN-32 High Burnup Cask Demo (Task 2d) dependent on funding and interest**

## Phase 3: Potential Next Steps



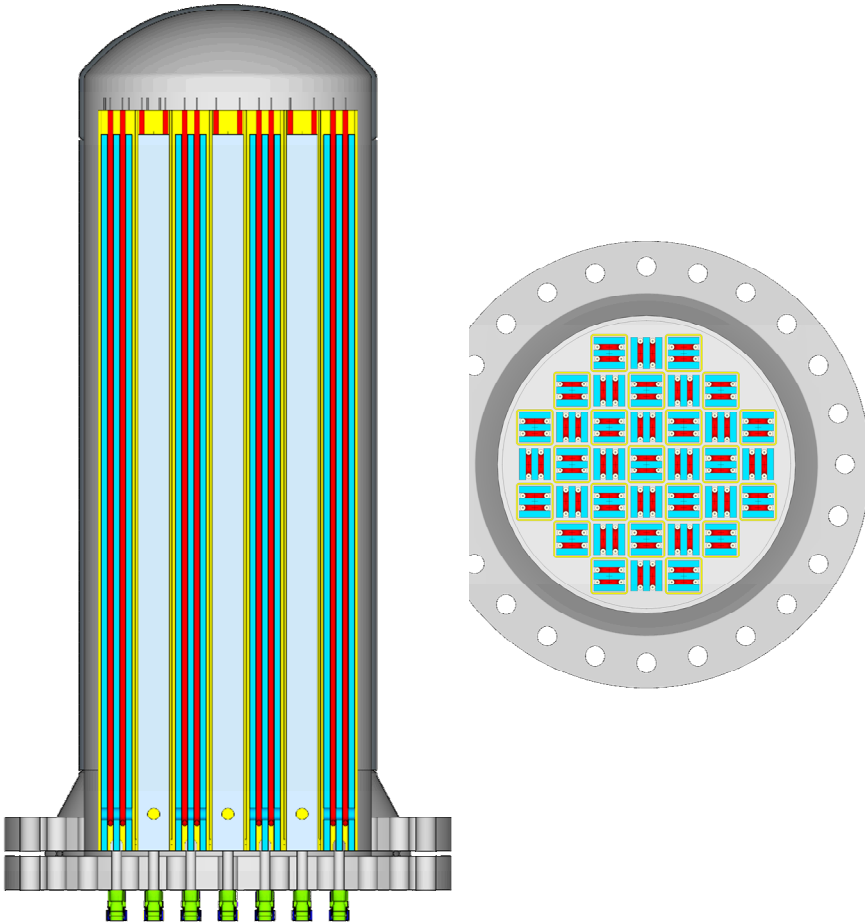
### ■ Additional validation data warranted

- Historical testing not appropriate for modern cask designs
  - *Not pressurized*
  - *Internals not optimized for heat transfer*
  - *Fewer assemblies*
- Recent DCS testing has known scaling distortions due to single assembly design
  - *Higher decay heats needed for prototypic PCT's*
  - *Higher coupling of fuel response to BC's*

### ■ Represent whole, modern cask?

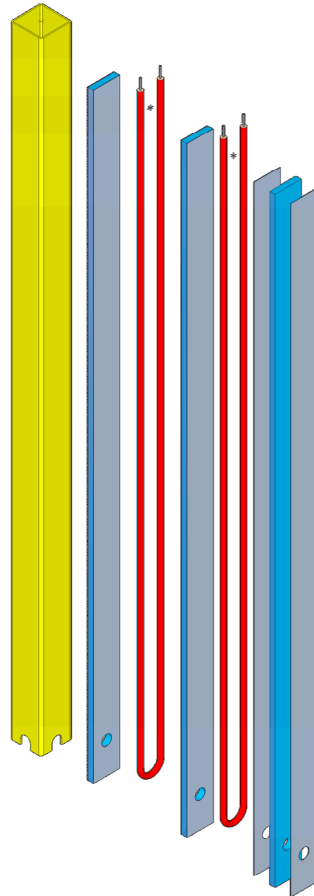
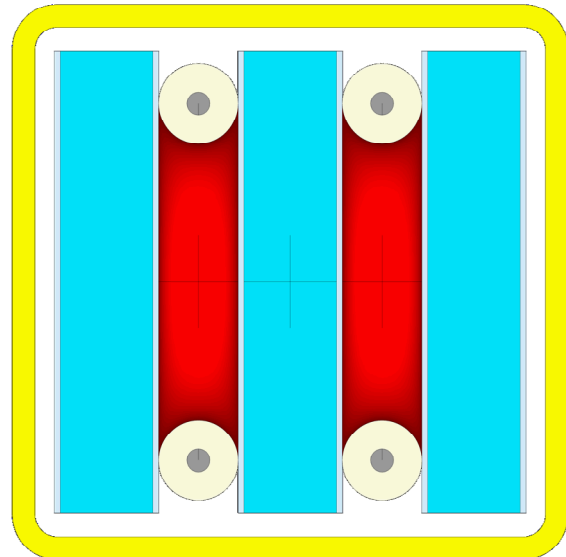
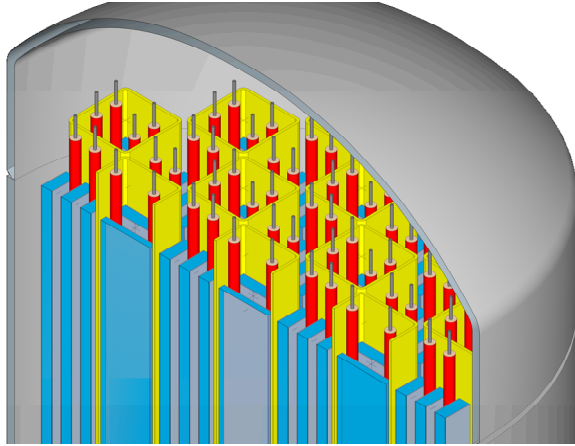
- Use informed scaling arguments
  - *Reduce capital equipment costs and construction complexity*
  - *Multiple dimensionless group matching*
    - Reduce scaling distortions

## Phase 3: Configurability



- **Accommodate wide parameter space and variable boundary conditions**
  - Modern basket designs
  - Convective and conductive systems?
  - Different fuel loading patterns
    - *Unique decay heats*
  - Different overpacks
  - Vertical and horizontal?
- **Drying operations?**
  - Compatible with water
  - Heated vacuum
  - Forced drying

## Phase 3: Potential Tradeoffs



- **Conceivably exchange fuel assembly simplification for whole cask representation**
- **Match key fuel parameters**
  - Scaled hydraulic diameter
  - Effective axial conductivity
  - Pressure drop
- **Interchangeable baskets**
  - Stainless steel
  - Aluminum