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\begin{document}
\Title{Tip-based simulations of nanotribology of
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\begin{abstract}
While nanotribological
simulations are generally performed for two
opposing parallel surfaces,
the Atomic Force Microscopy (AFM) experiments to which they are often
compared
measure the interactions
between a curved probe tip and a sample. The parallel plate
geometry
cannot capture
many effects seen in experiments, including load-dependent
contact areas
and molecular
transfer of material from the substrate to the tip.
We present the results of true dynamical nanotribological simulations
of alkylsilane self-assembled monolayers (SAMs) with realistic
tip/substrate geometries.
Tips matching experimental dimensions (up to  $\sim 30$  nm radius
of curvature)
were cut
out of an amorphous silica substrate ( $\text{a-SiO}_2$ )
and either coated with SAMs or annealed for uncoated tips. The
adhesion
and friction of the tip in contact with a SAM-coated amorphous
 $\text{a-SiO}_2$ 
substrate were studied with massively parallel
molecular dynamics simulations. The effects of load-dependent
contact areas
are compared to previous simulations with flat plate geometries,
and to
AFM measurements. Conditions leading to tip fouling, and the

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effects on
nanotribological measurements will also be discussed.

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\end{abstract}
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