

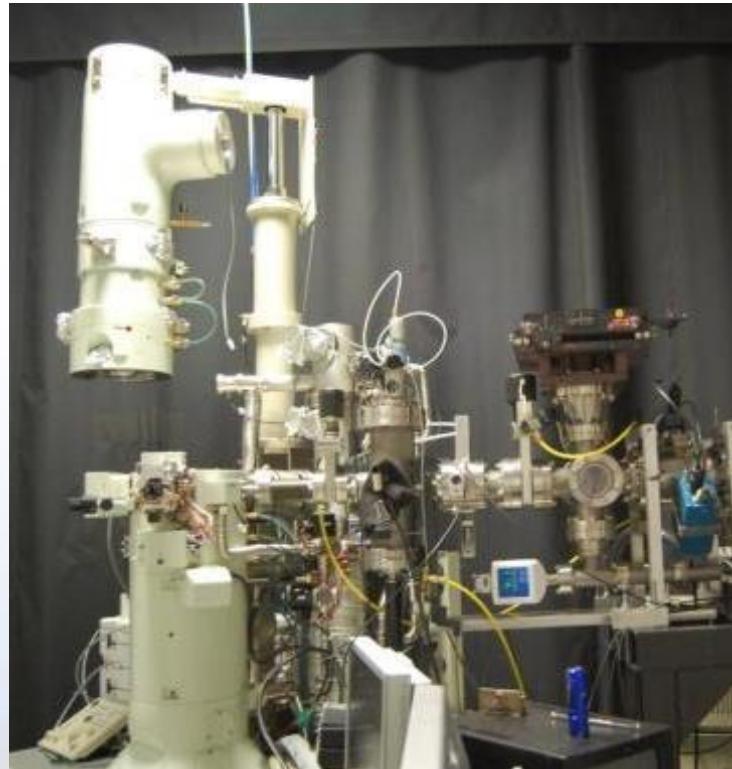
# Exploring the Radiation Tolerance of Ceramic Nanoparticles via In-situ Ion Irradiation TEM

SAND2017-5652C

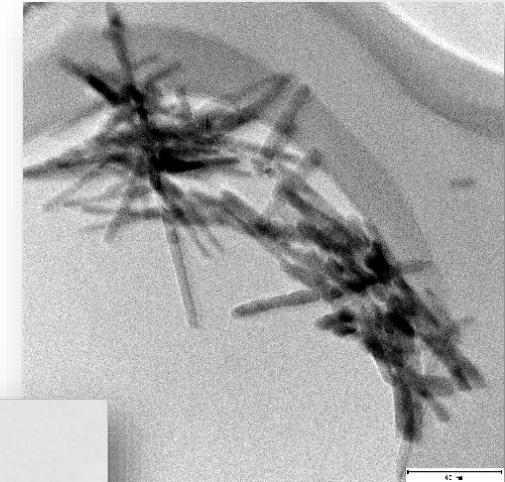
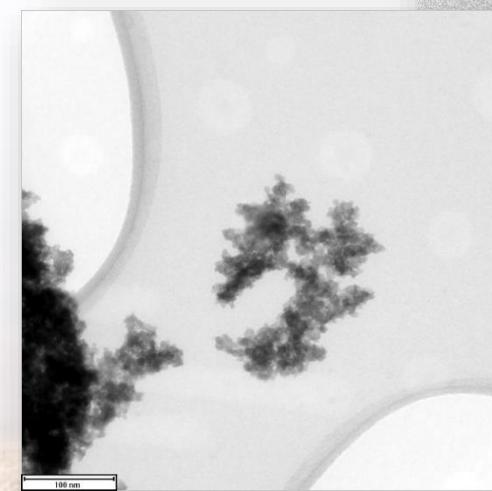
K. Hattar, C. Barr, B. Muntifering, C. Taylor, P. Price, J. Kolar, S. Pratt, B. A. Hernandez-Sanchez, T.J. Boyle

Sandia National Laboratories

May 23<sup>rd</sup>, 2017



*In situ* TEM microscopy  
has recently undergone  
significant growth providing  
capabilities to investigate the  
structural evolution that  
occurs due to various extreme  
environments and  
combinations thereof



This work was supported by the US Department of Energy, Office of Basic Energy Sciences.

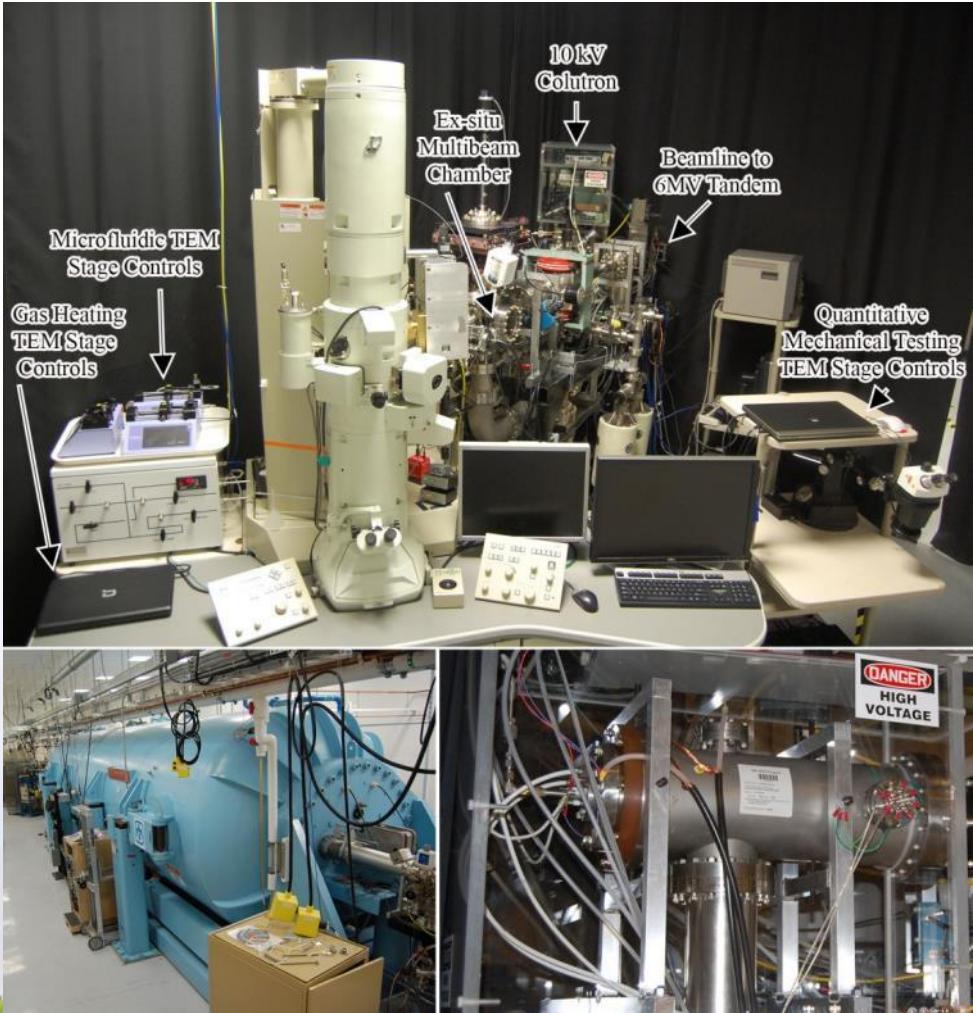
Sandia National Laboratories is a multi-program laboratory managed and operated by Sandia Corporation, a wholly owned subsidiary of Lockheed Martin Corporation, for the U.S. Department of Energy's National Nuclear Security Administration under contract DE-AC04-94AL85000.



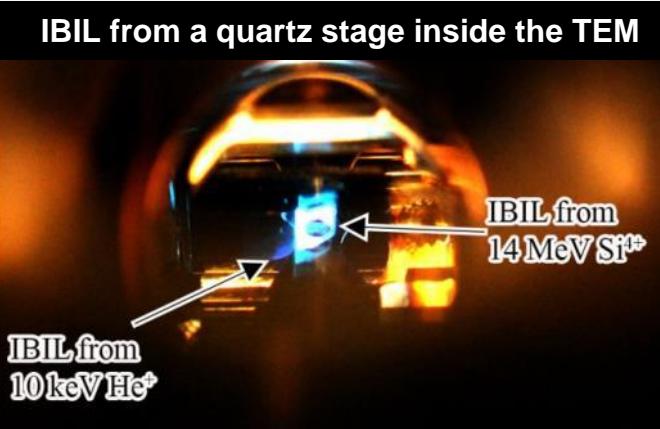
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# Sandia's Concurrent *In situ* Ion Irradiation TEM Facility

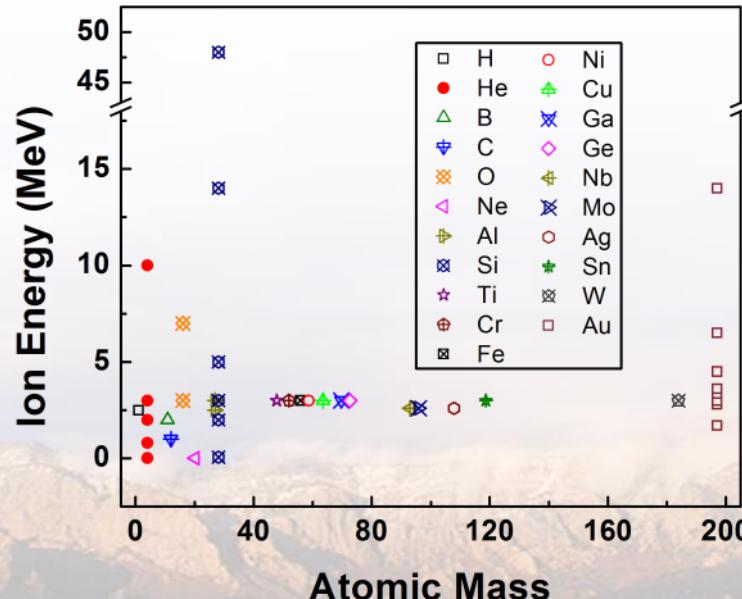
## 10 kV Colutron - 200 kV TEM - 6 MV Tandem



Direct real time observation  
of ion irradiation,  
ion implantation, or both  
with nanometer resolution



Ion species & energy introduced into the TEM

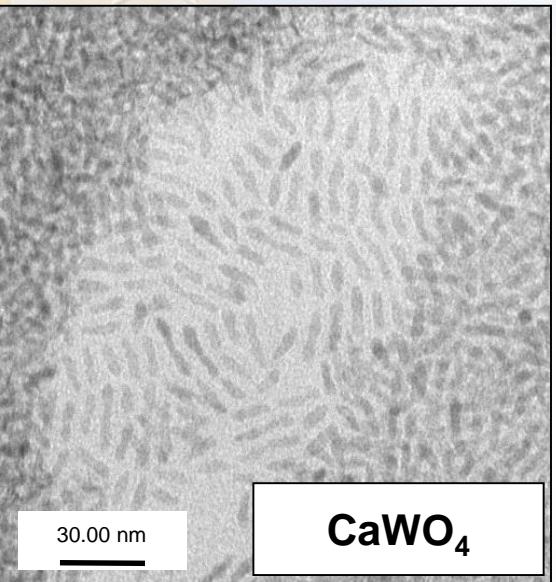


Hummingbird  
tomography stage

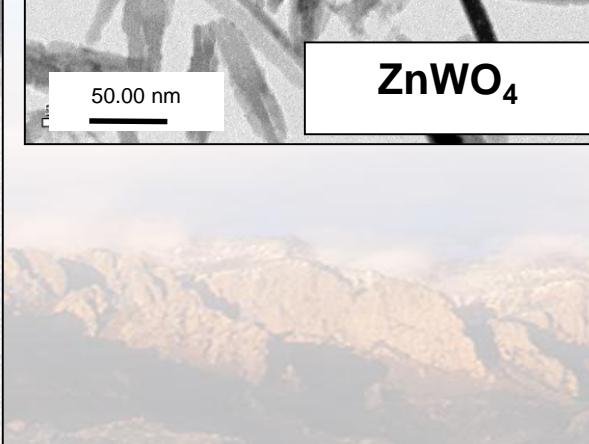
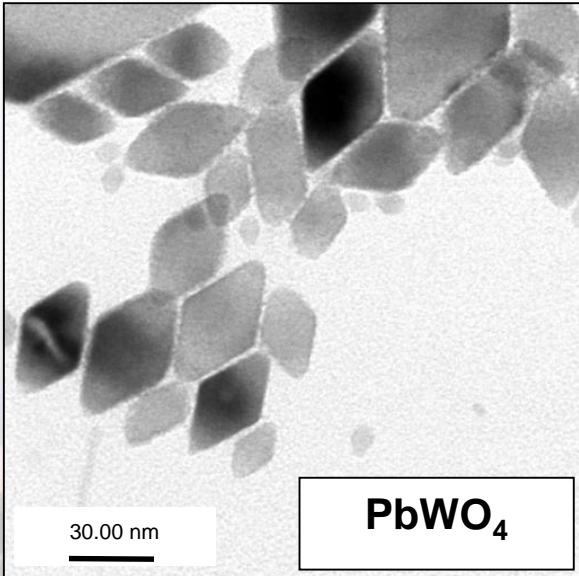
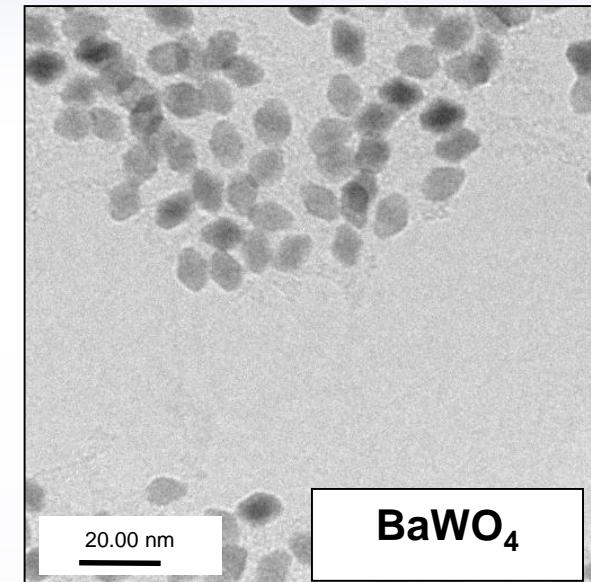
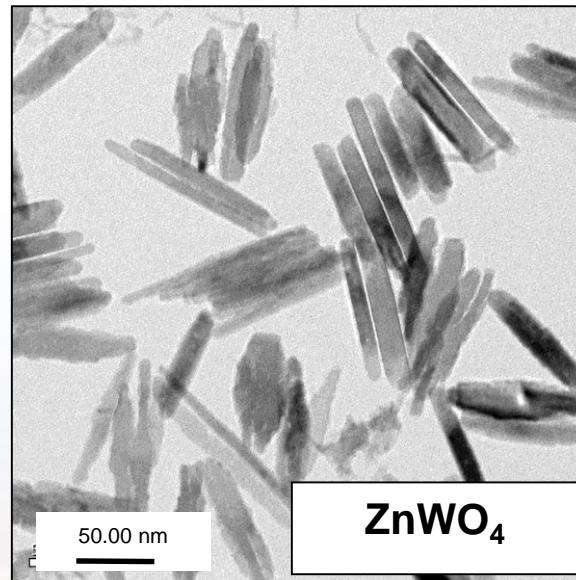


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# Synthesis Controlled Nanostructured Tungstates

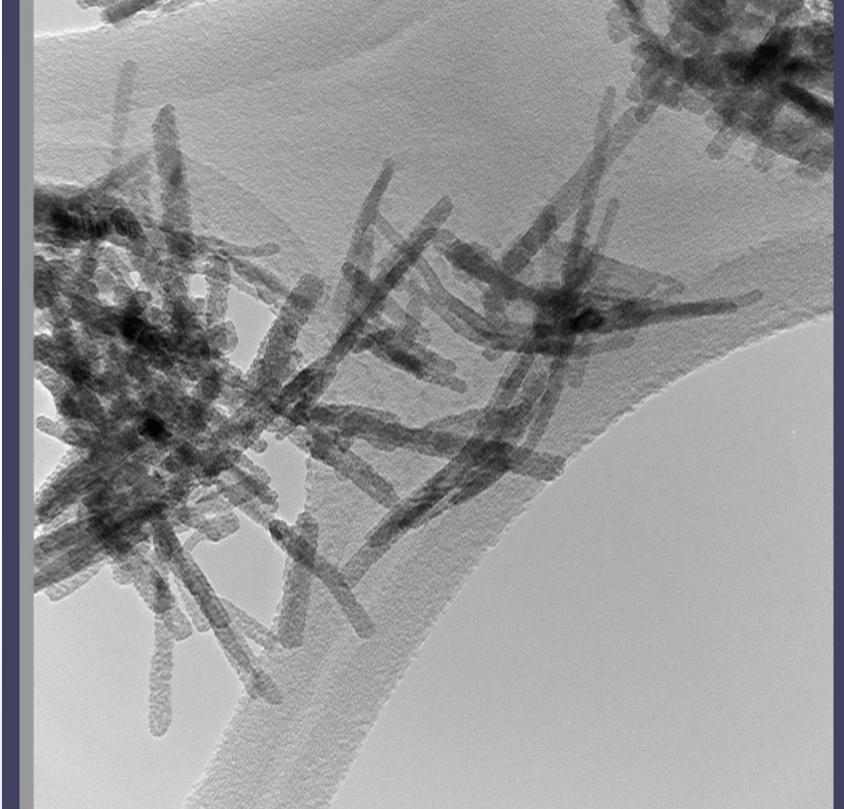


- Entire family of  $MWO_4$  materials synthesized:  
 $M = Ca, Cd, Pb, Sr, Ba, Zn, Na$
- Varying composition and synthesis methods  
result in a range of interesting morphologies





# Tomography of CdWO<sub>4</sub> irradiated with 30 nA of 3 MeV Cu<sup>3+</sup>



Aligned Tilt Series

Unirradiated  
Reconstruction

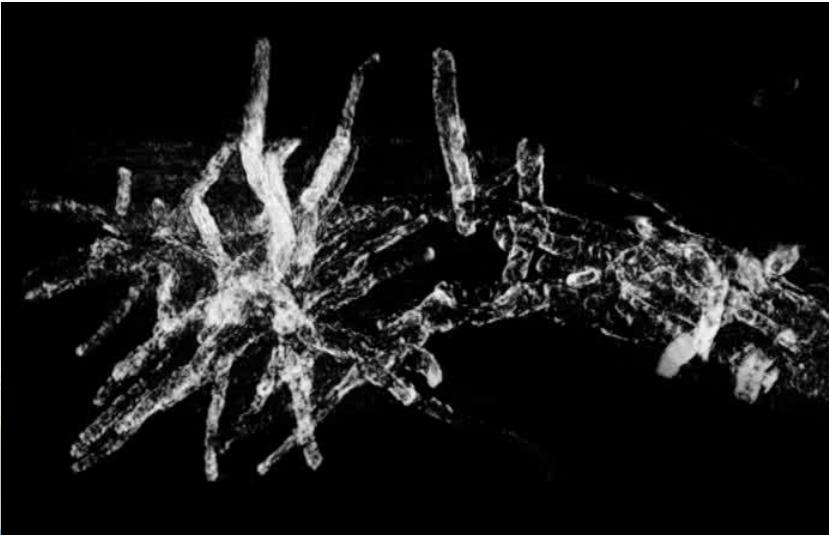
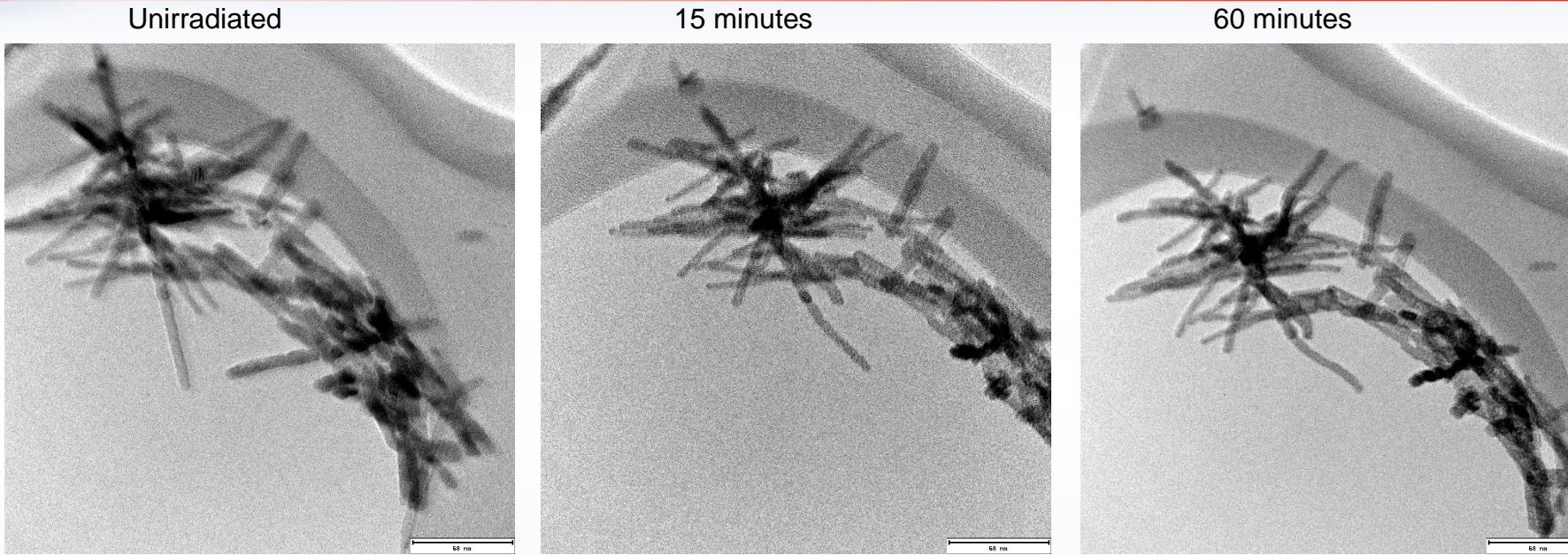


Irradiated 30 min  
Reconstruction



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# Current work: *In situ* Proton Irradiation as First Order Simulation of Neutrons



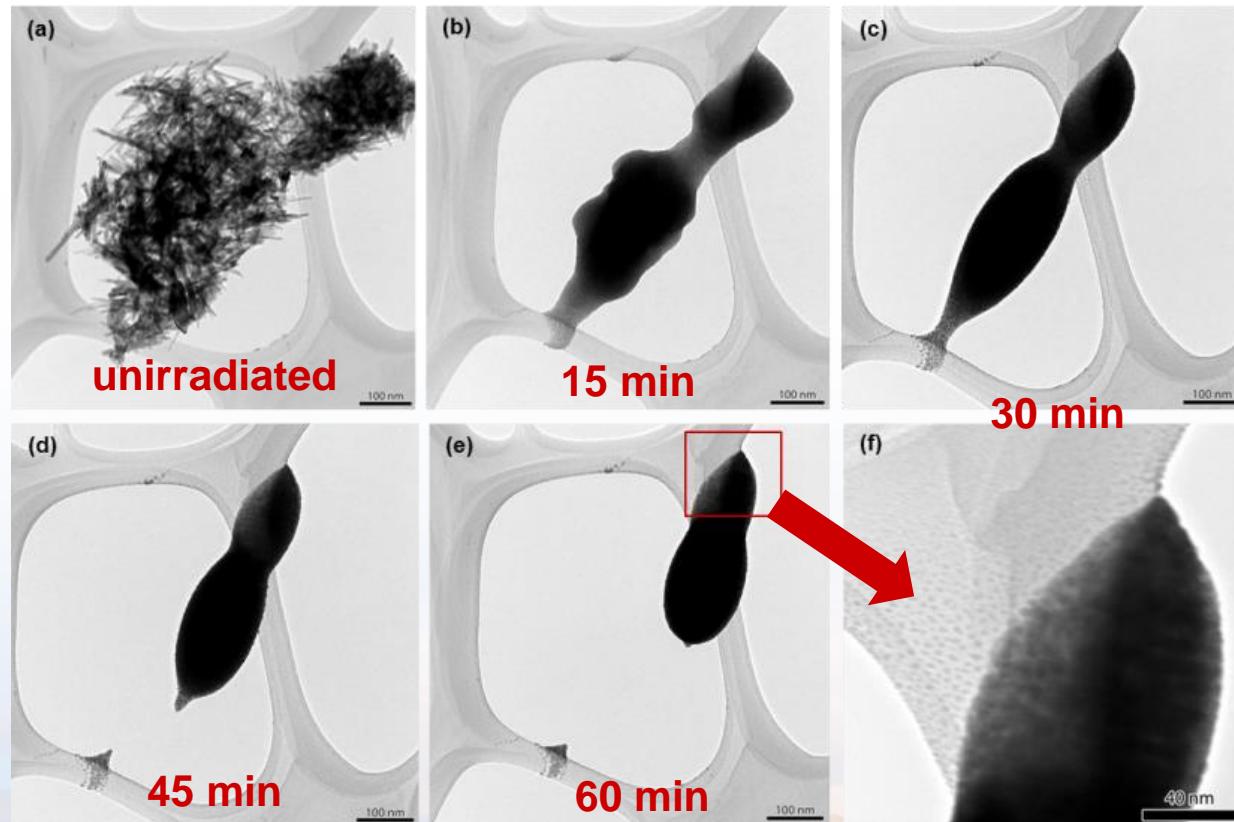
160 nA of 2.5 MeV  $H^+$  used to simulate neutron radiation shows less change. Results suggest good radiation hardness for tungstate nanorod-composite scintillators.



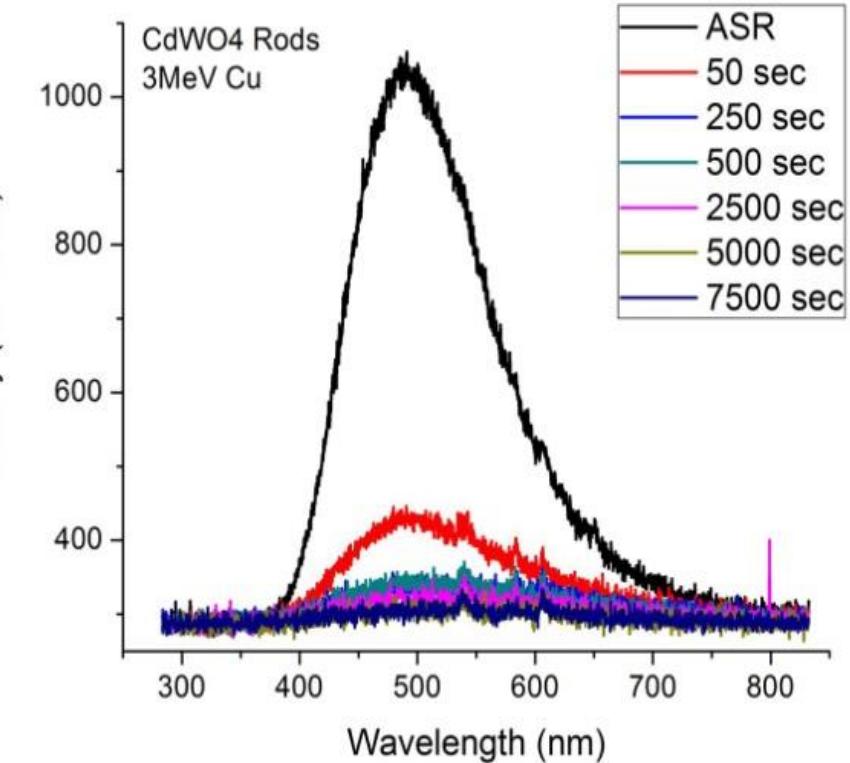
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# In-situ ion-irradiation and IBIL measurements of CdWO<sub>4</sub> nanorods

Region irradiated with 50 nA of 3 MeV Cu<sup>3+</sup>:



## Ex-situ IBIL

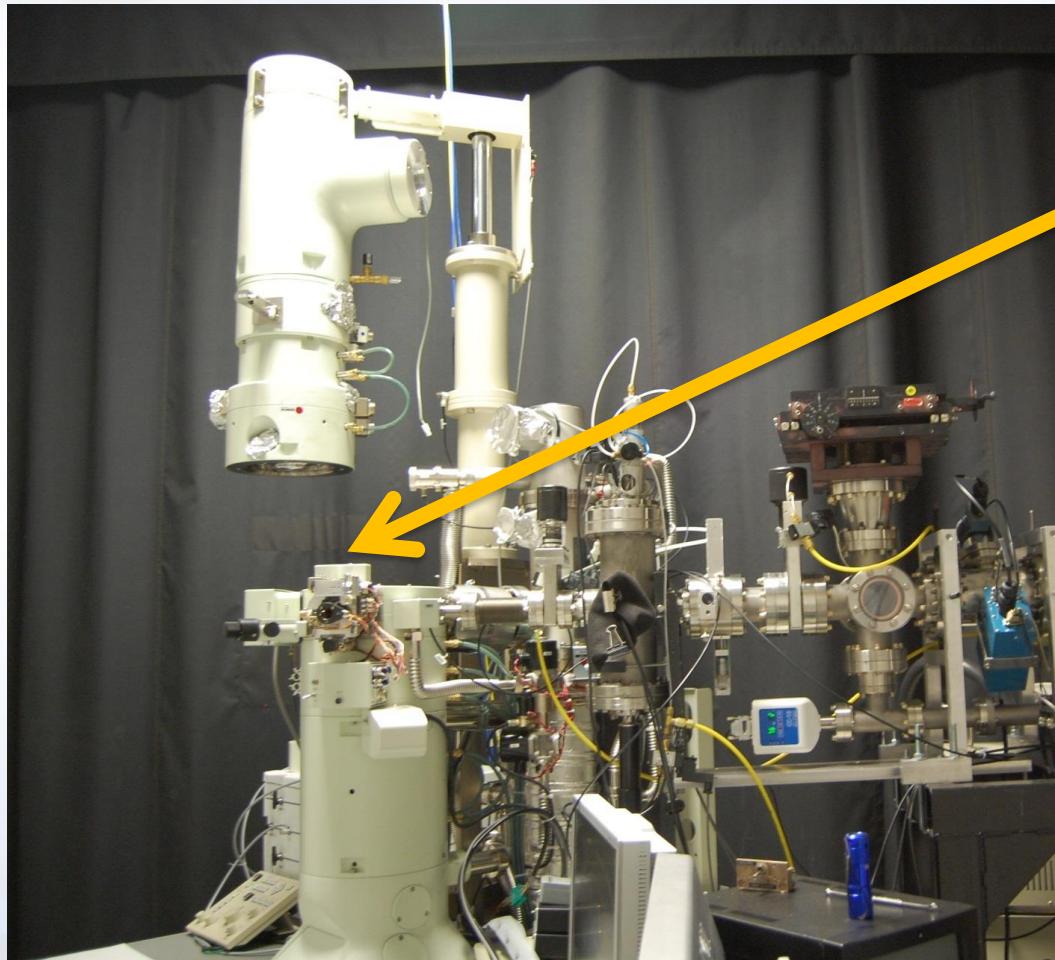


In-situ TEM combined with Ex-situ luminescence measurements: Decrease in IBIL peak intensity with loss of nanorod structure



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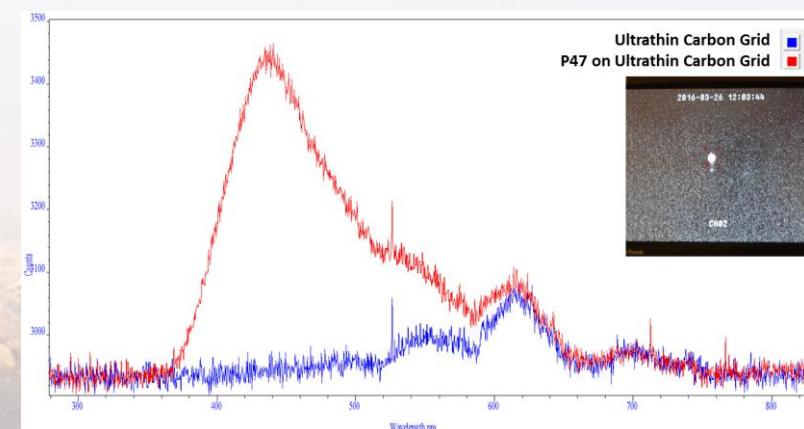
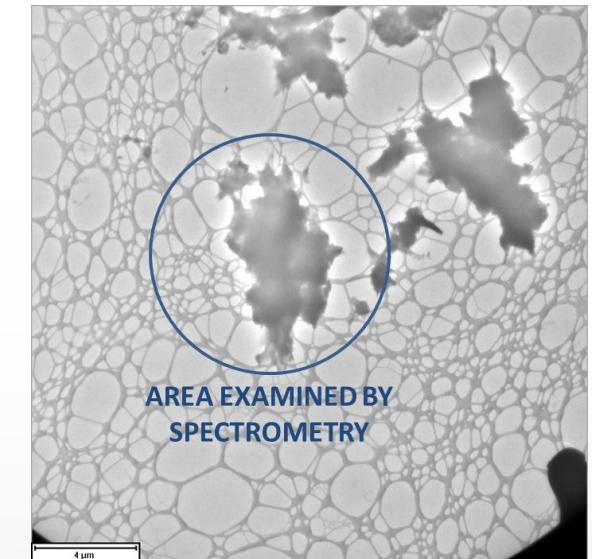
# Current work: *In situ* TEM Luminescence



## Optical Pathway in an I<sup>3</sup>TEM

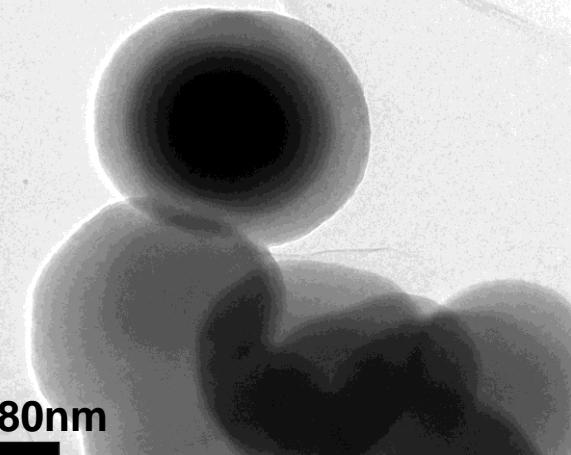
- Angled mirror with bore hole for the electron path was installed.
- Mirror is located on top of the objective polepiece “heart of the TEM”
- Port was constructed with thick leaded glass to permit light through, but not x-rays created by ion or electron beams.

Sample in-situ CL on quartz

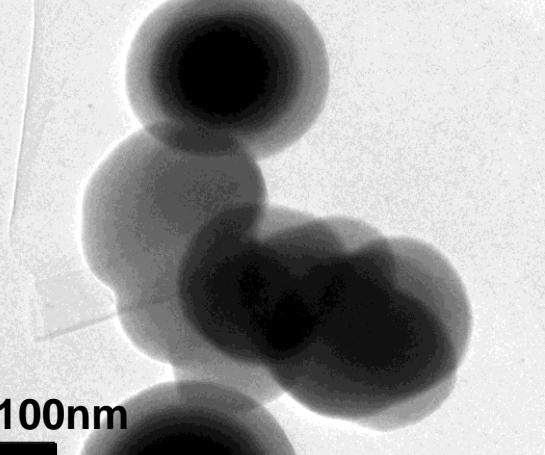


# Irradiation of Amorphous Hf Oxide Nanoparticles with 10 nA of 3 MeV Cu Resulted in No Obvious Changes

Before



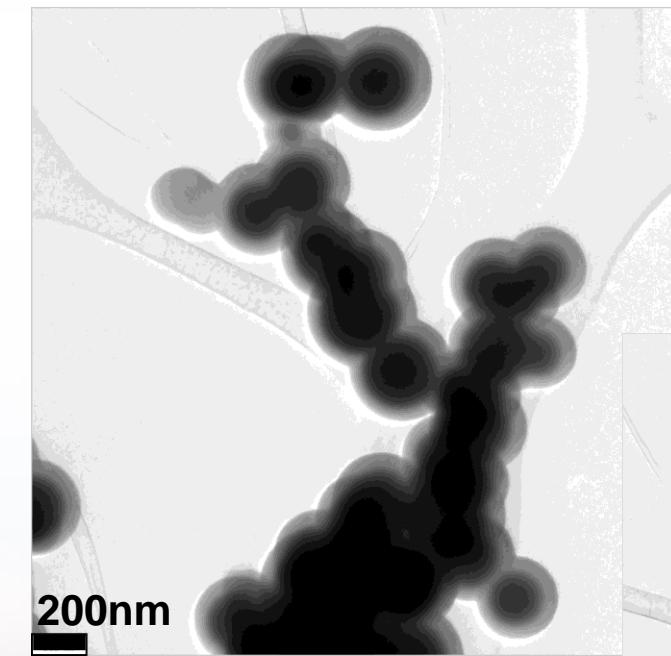
After



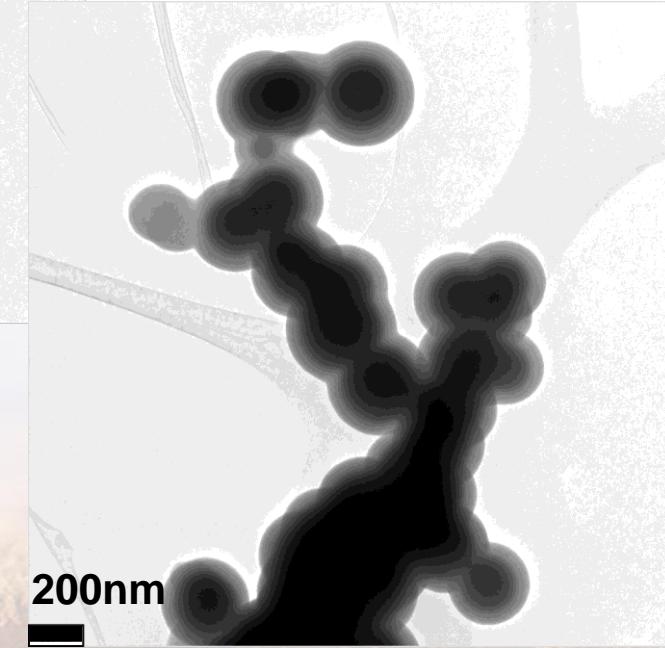
3 hour irradiation: no obvious changes.

100nm

80nm



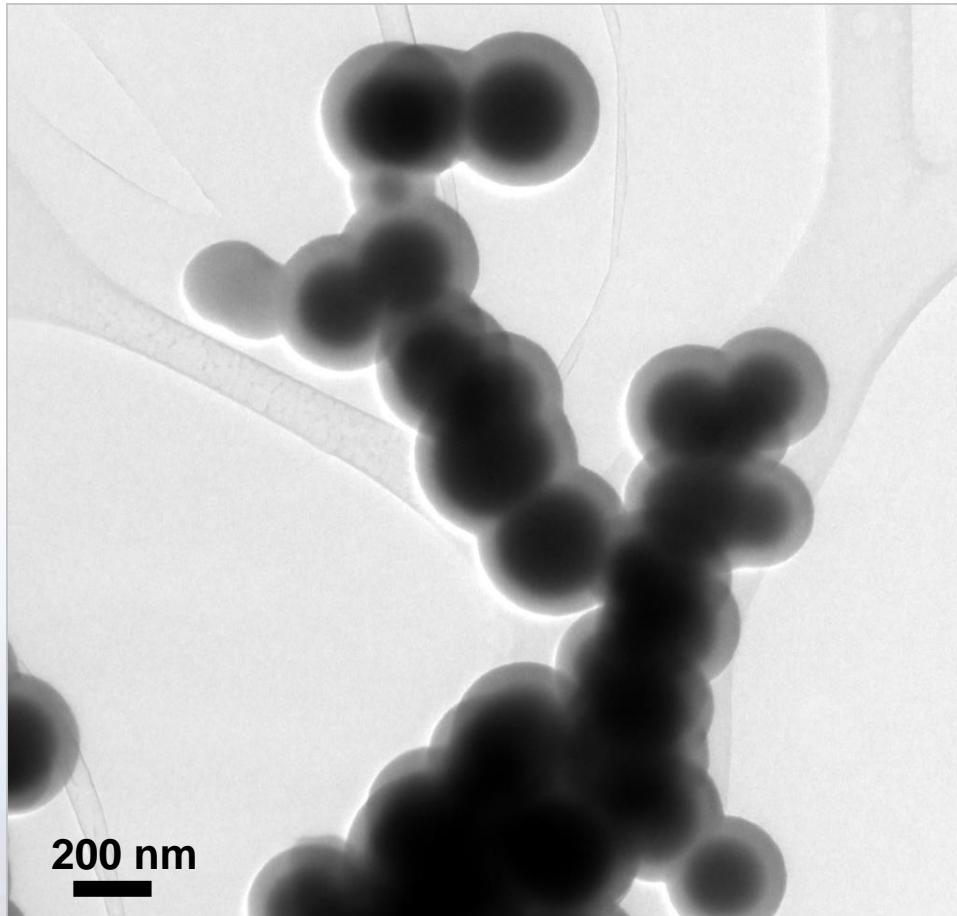
Sample was placed in tomography holder, tilted to 80°, and irradiated for an additional 2.5 h. No obvious changes.



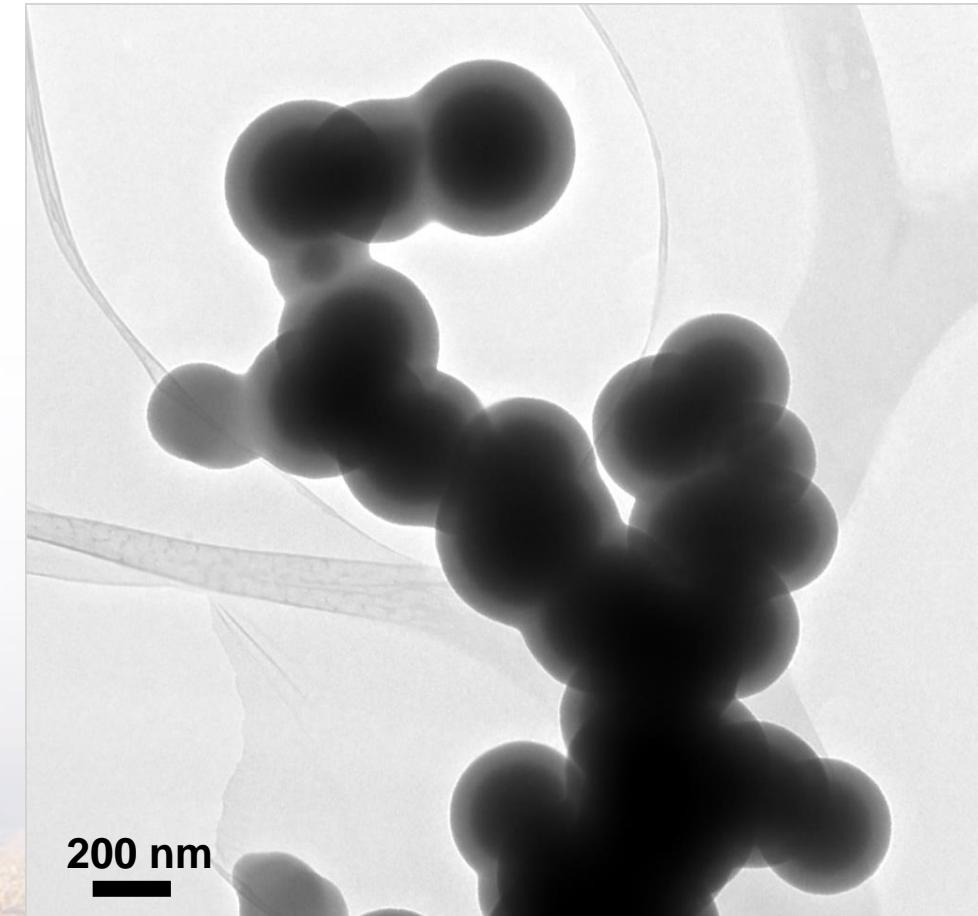
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# Additional Concurrent 3 MeV Cu/ 10 keV He Irradiation for 4.5 h Caused Significant Swelling of the Hf Oxide Nanoparticles

Nanoparticles after 5.5 h of 3 MeV Cu Irradiation



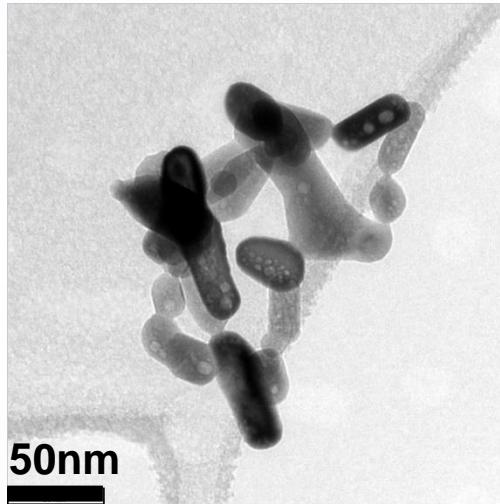
Nanoparticles after He + Cu Dual Beam Irradiation



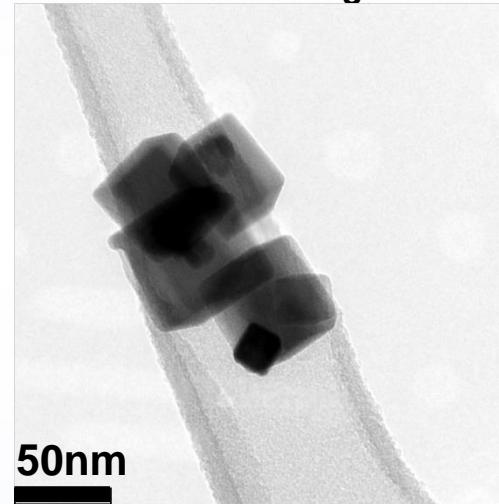
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# Similar to Tungstates, CeOx Nanoparticles were Synthesized into Various Shapes

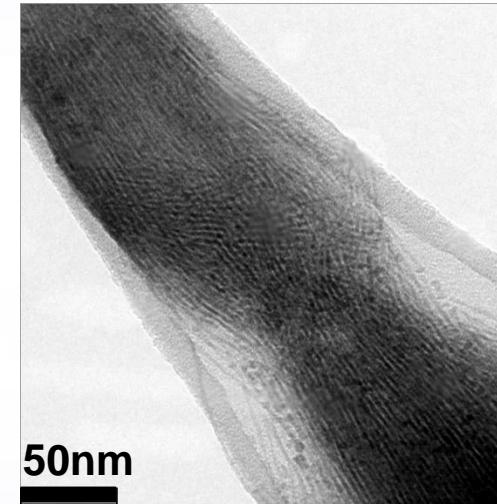
**CeCl**



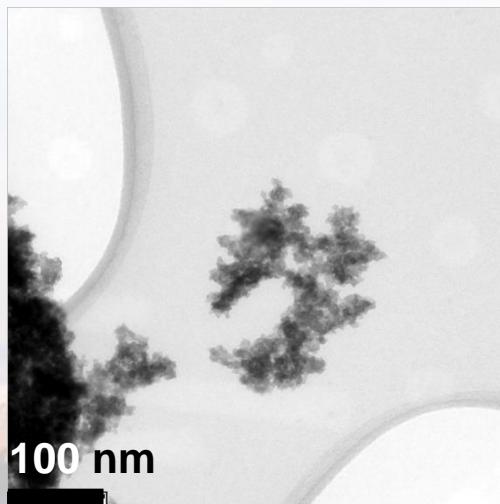
**CeNO<sub>3</sub>**



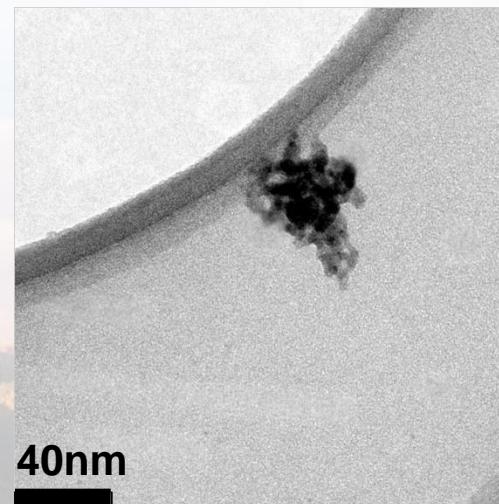
**CeNR**



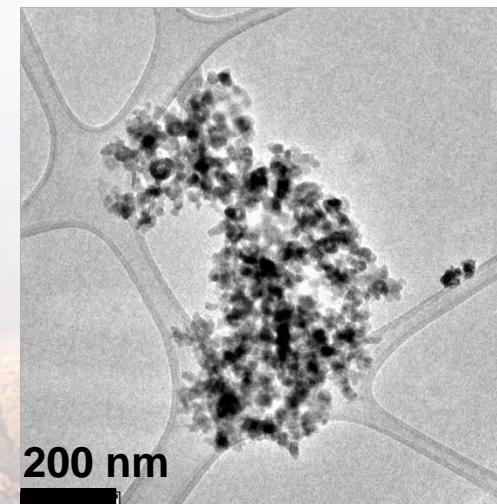
**CeDBP**



**CeDIP**

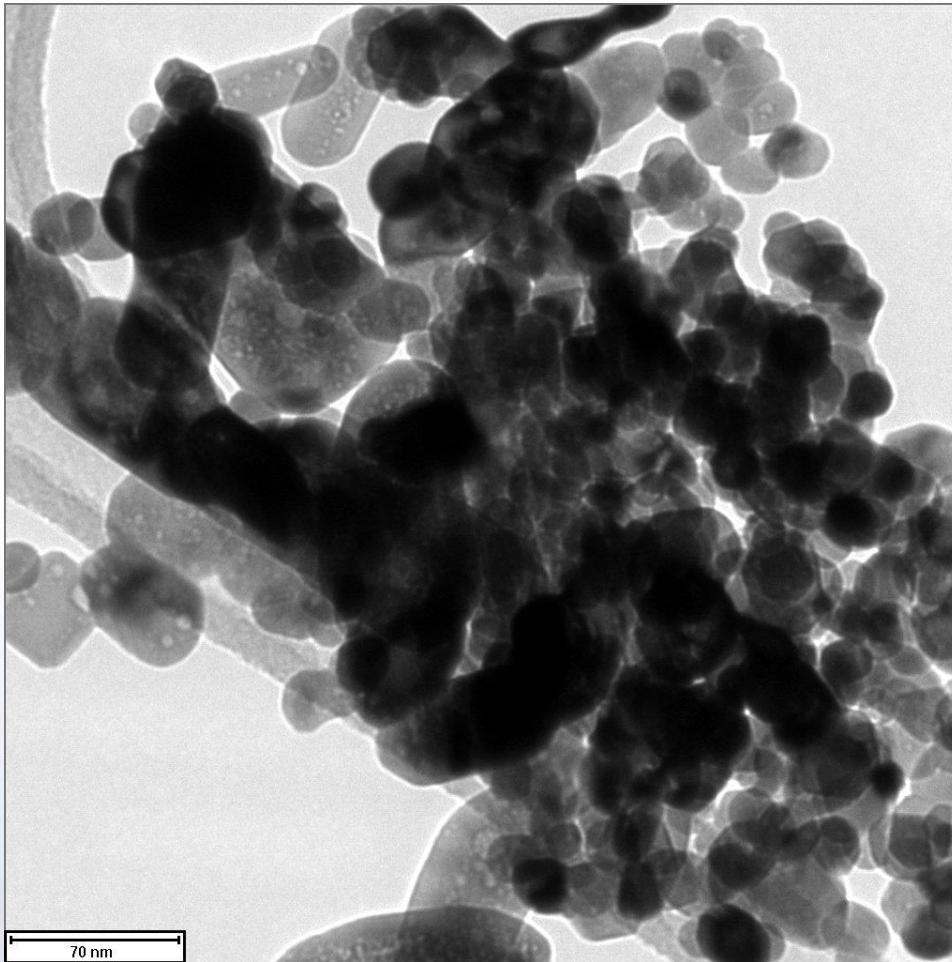


**CeONeP**

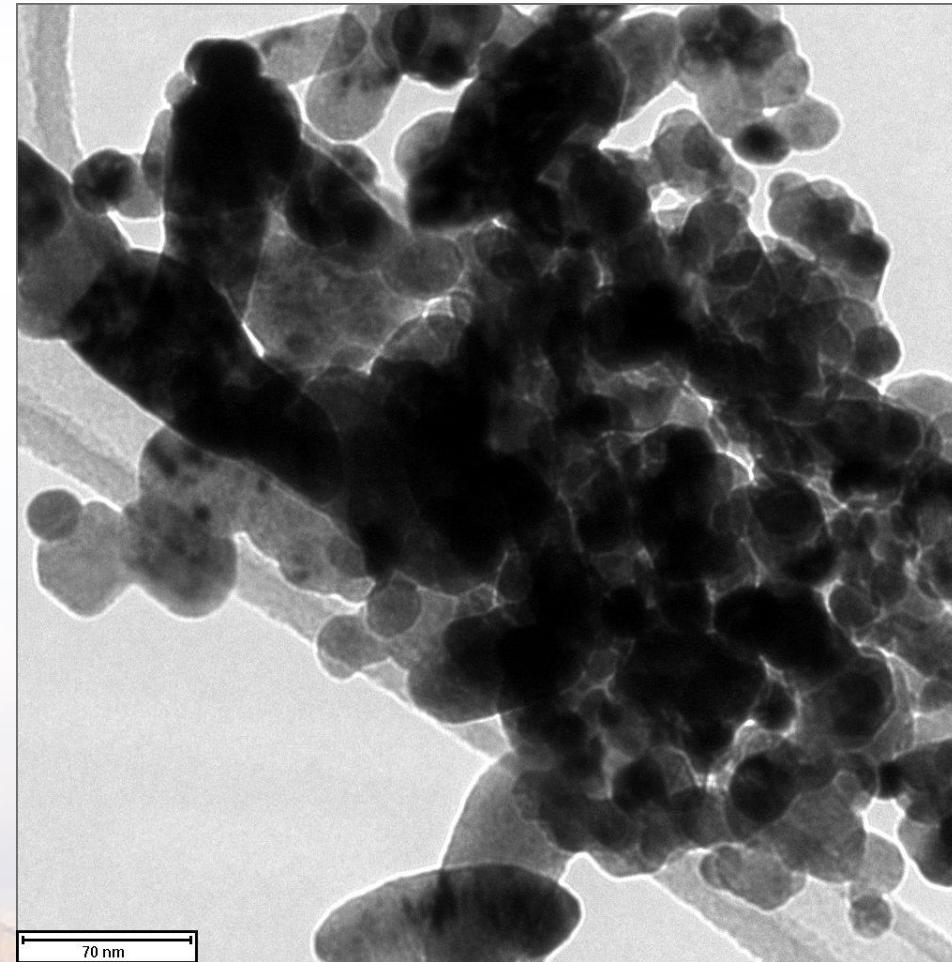


# CeO<sub>x</sub> Nanoparticles Showed Varying Irradiation Resistance Depending on Initial Structure when Irradiated to 10 dpa with 1.7 MeV Au

Before



After



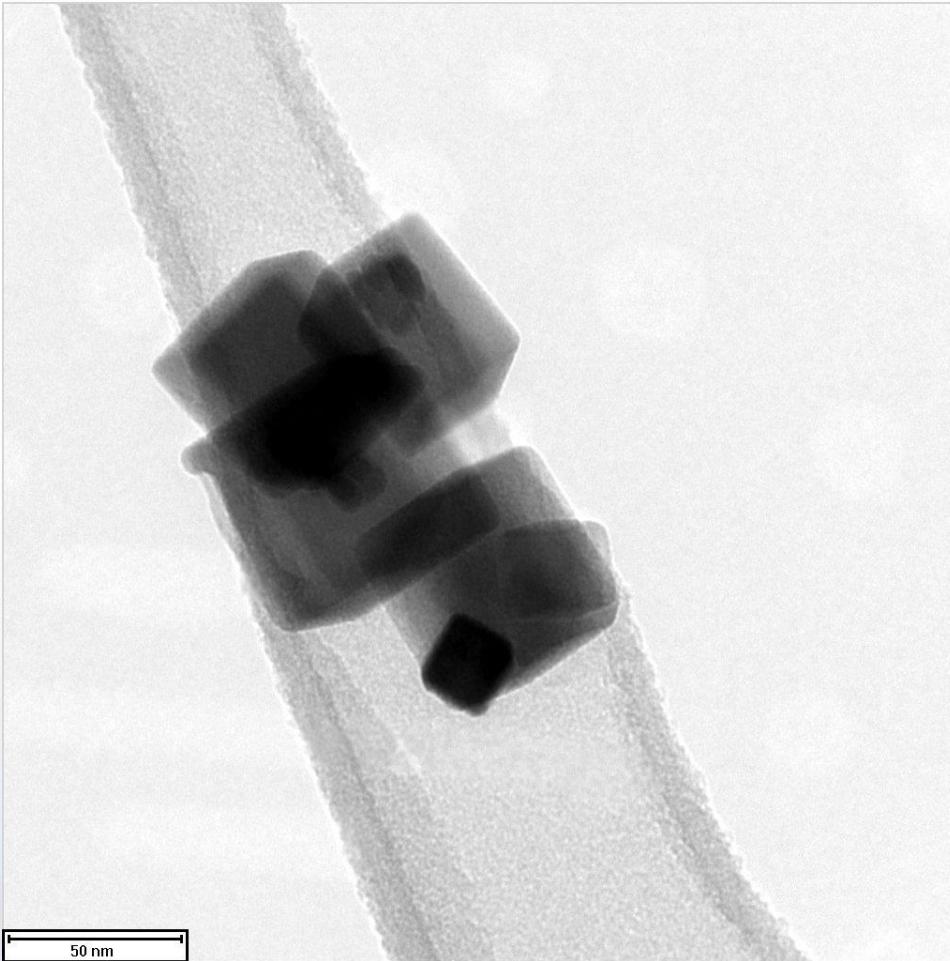
CeO<sub>x</sub> nanorods: no obvious changes after 10 dpa



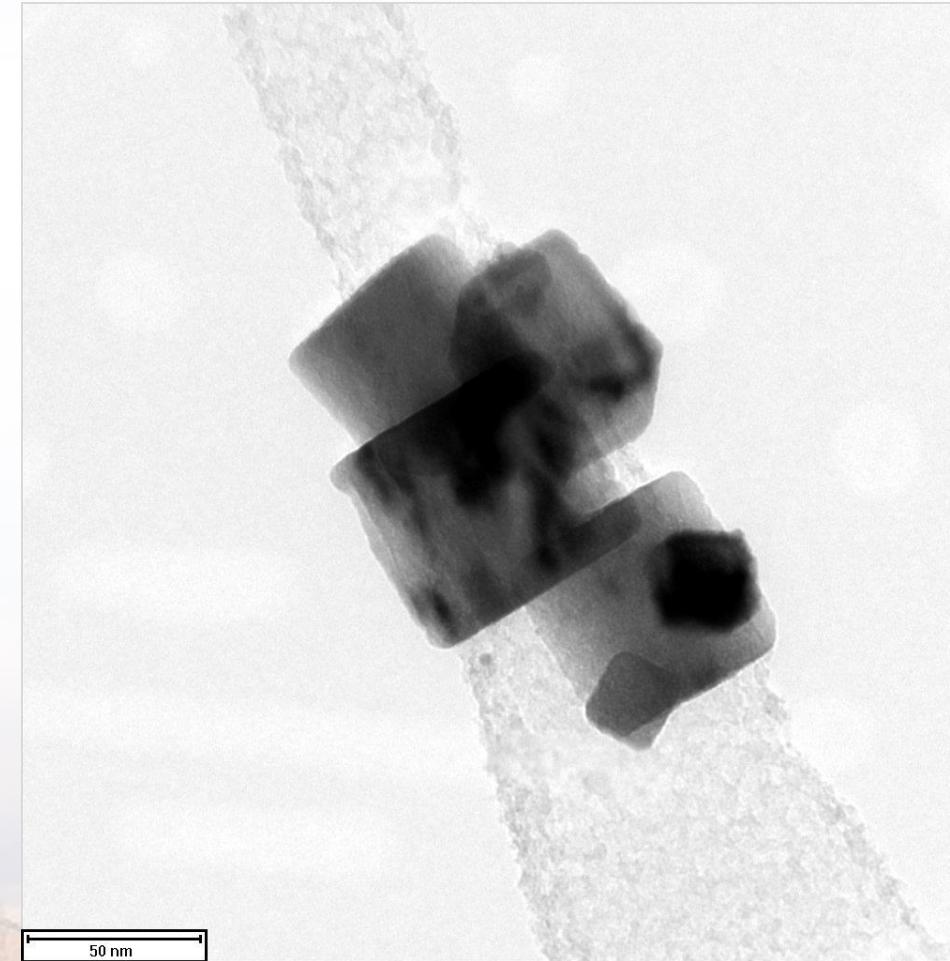
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# CeO<sub>x</sub> Nanoparticles Showed Varying Irradiation Resistance Depending on Initial Structure when Irradiated to 10 dpa with 1.7 MeV Au

Before



After



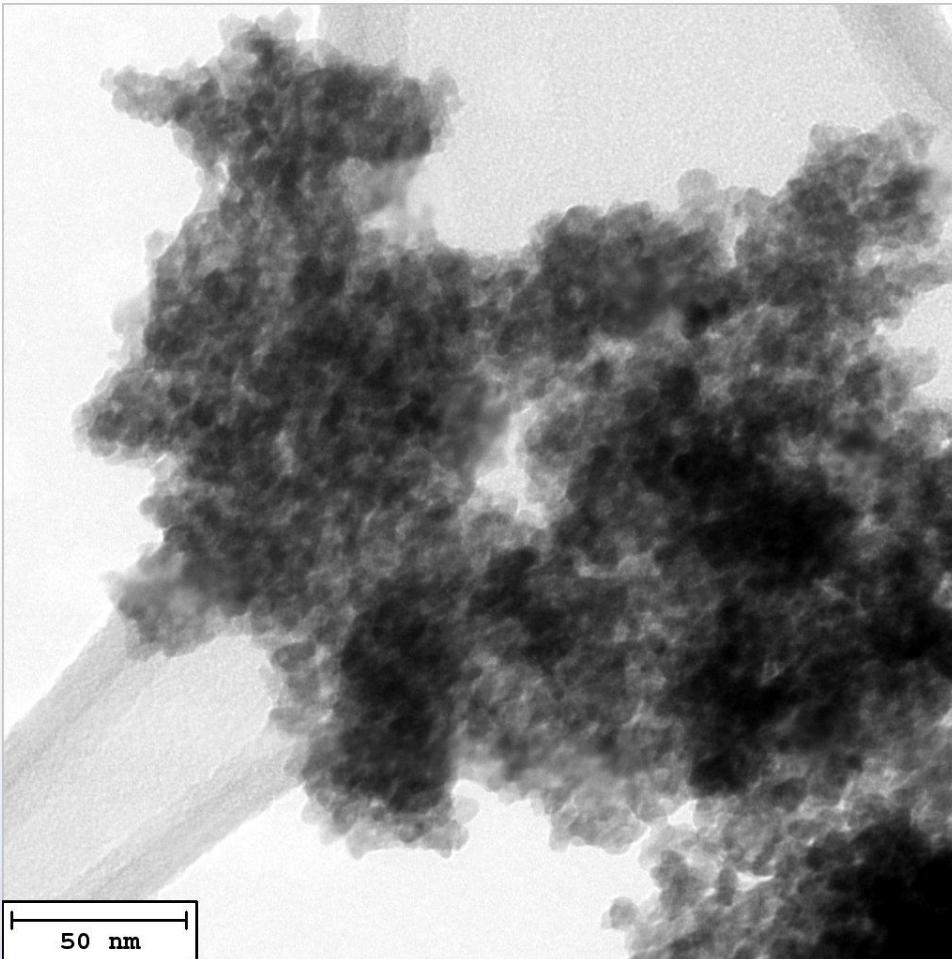
CeO<sub>x</sub> nanocubes: evidence of sputtering and possible swelling



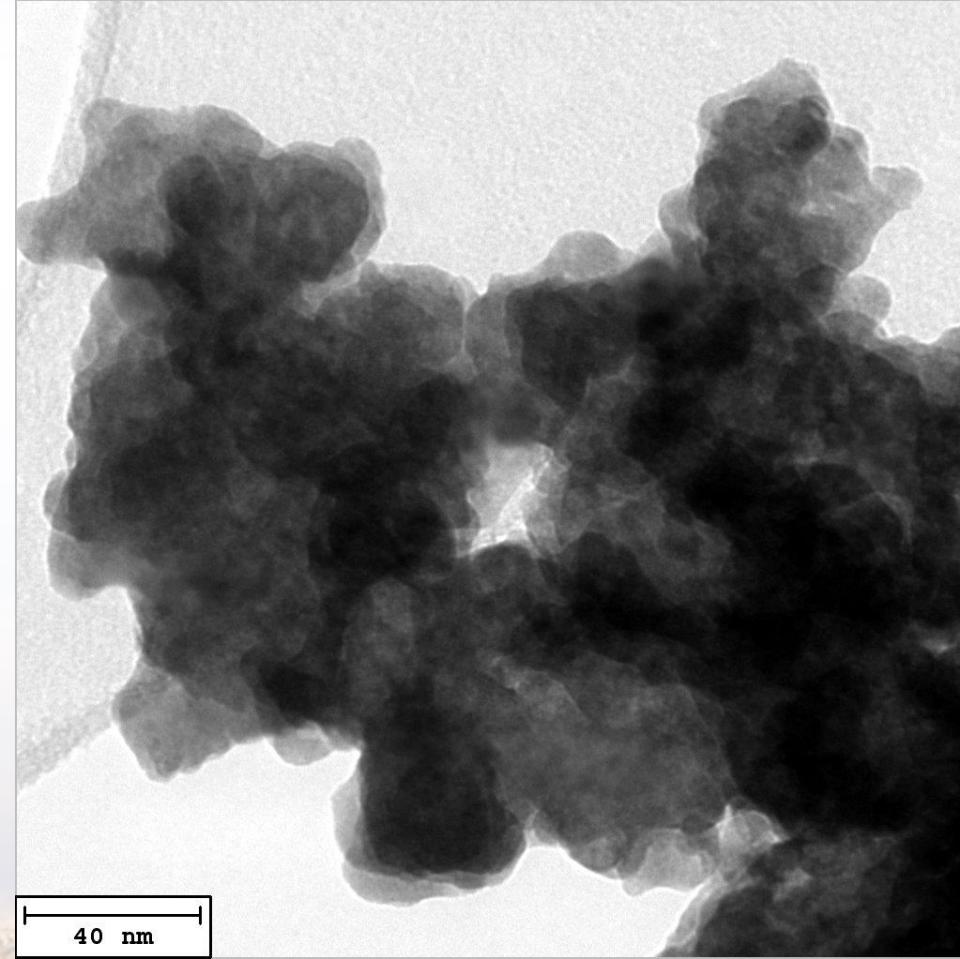
Sandia National Laboratories

# CeO<sub>x</sub> Nanoparticles Showed Varying Irradiation Resistance Depending on Initial Structure when Irradiated to 10 dpa with 1.7 MeV Au

Before



After



CeO<sub>x</sub> particles with no initial shape sintered to form larger particles



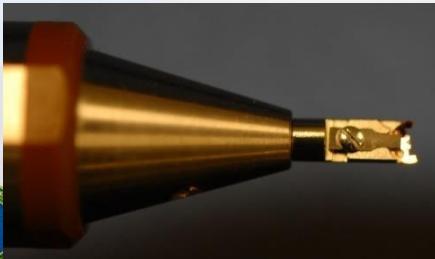
Idaho National Laboratories

# In-situ TEM was Utilized to Examine Irradiation Effects on Ceramic Nanoparticles

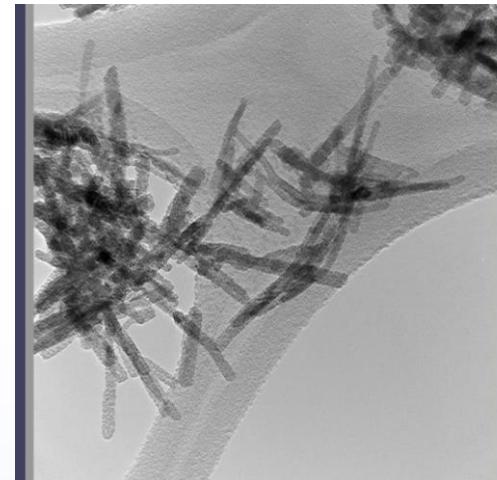
*In situ* Ion Irradiation TEM  
(I<sup>3</sup>TEM)



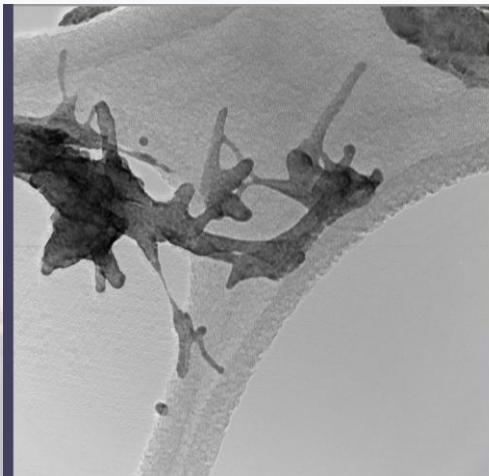
Hummingbird  
tomography stage



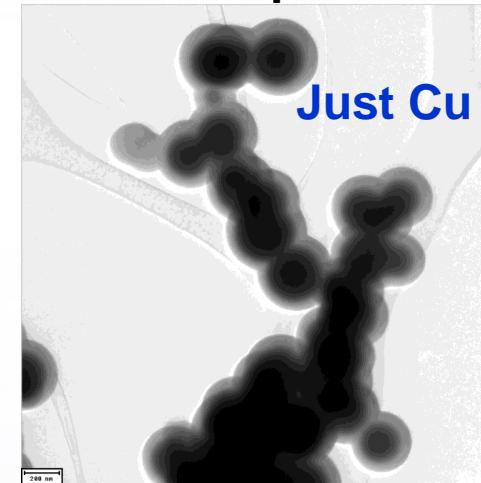
Aligned CdWO<sub>4</sub> tilt series  
Unirradiated



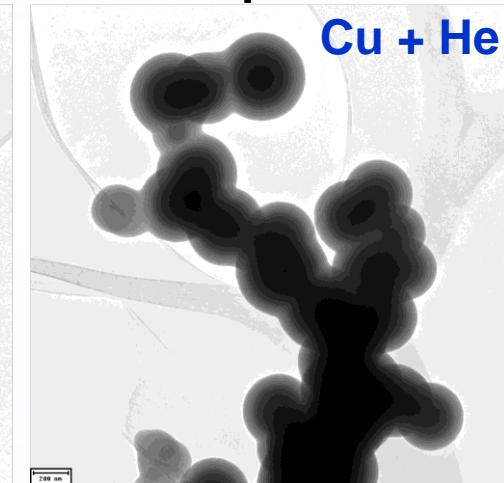
Irradiated



Swelling After Concurrent He+Cu Irradiation  
in Amorphous Hf Oxide Nanoparticles



Just Cu



Cu + He

Sputtering in CeOx

